

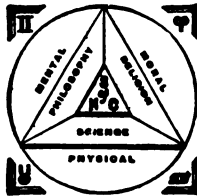
NATURAL THERAPEUTICS, VOL. VI

IRIDIAGNOSIS

AND OTHER

DIAGNOSTIC METHODS

HENRY LINDLAHR, M. D.

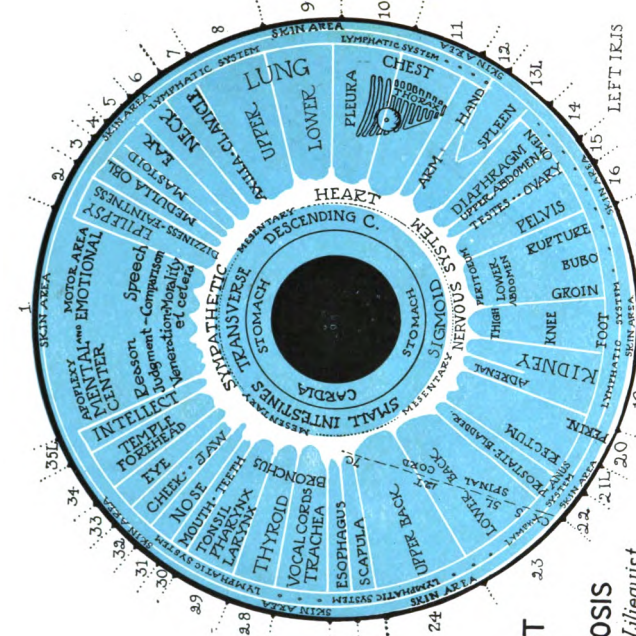
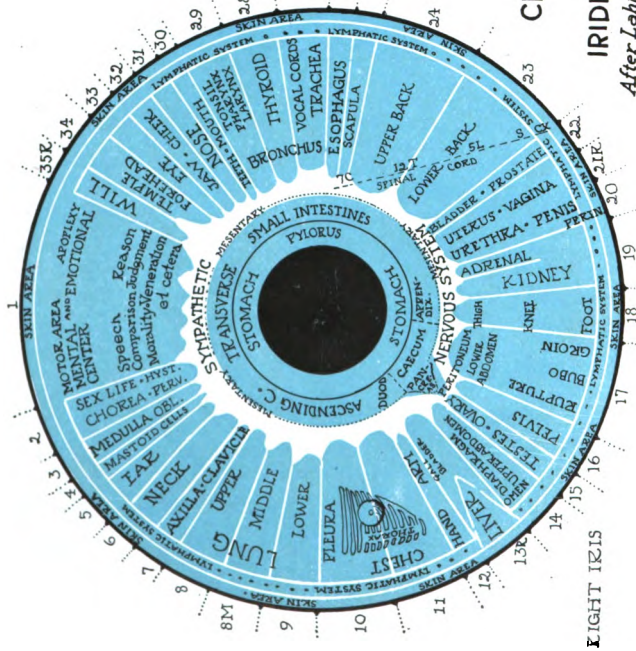


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CHART

to
IRIDIAGNOSIS

After Lehn and Liljequist

Revised by Henry Lindlahr, M.D.

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CHAPTER I

IRIDOLOGY

Correct diagnosis is the first essential to rational treatment. Every honest physician admits that the old school methods of diagnosis are, to say the least, unsatisfactory and uncertain, **especially in ascertaining the underlying causes of disease.**

Therefore we should welcome any and all methods of diagnosis which throw more light on the causes and the nature of disease conditions in the human organism.

Two valuable additions to diagnostic science are now offered to us in **Spinal Analysis** and in the **Diagnosis from the Iris of the Eye.**

Spinal analysis furnishes valuable information concerning the connection between disease conditions and misplacements of vertebrae and other bony structures, contractions or abnormal relaxation of connective tissues, and inflammation of nerves and nerve centers.

Men of high standing in the profession have many times admitted the uncertainty of medical diagnosis, but never has more enlightening information on this subject been furnished than by Dr. Cabot of Harvard University, one of the foremost diagnosticians in this country, and author of a standard work on diagnosis.

In a recent address before the American Medical Association he stated that postmortem examinations of one thousand cases which he had conducted disclosed the fact that the antemortem diagnoses were correct in only fifty-three percent of these cases. The following table com-

piled by Dr. Cabot gives the nature of the various diseases and the exact percentage of correct diagnoses in each:

Disease	Percent
Diabetes Mellitus	95
Typhoid	92
Aortic Regurg	84
Cancer of the Colon	74
Lobar Pneumonia	74
Chr. Glomeruloneph	74
Cerebral Tumor	72 $\frac{1}{2}$
Tb. Meningitis	72
Gastric Cancer	72
Mitral Stenosis	69
Brain Hemorrhage	67
Septic Meningitis	64
Aortic Stenosis	61
Phthisis, acute	59
Miliary Tb.	52
Chronic Interst. Neph.	50
Thoracic Aneurism	50
Hepatic Cirrhosis	39
Acute Endocard	39
Peptic Ulcer	36
Suppurative Neph.	35
Renal Tb.	33 $\frac{1}{2}$
Bronchopneumonia	33
Vertebral Tb.	23
Chron. Myocarditis	22
Hepatic Abscess	20
Ac. Pericarditis	20
Ac. Nephritis	16

Dr. Cabot's candid report surely gives food for serious thought. If his colleagues on the staff of the Massachu-

setts General Hospital, with excellent scientific equipment at their command, failed to render a correct diagnosis in about fifty per cent of one thousand cases, what may be expected of the average less skilled physician and surgeon in general practice?

Correct prescription, according to allopathic standards, can be based only on correct diagnosis. The old school of medicine recognizes hundreds of different diseases, each one an entity by itself arising from specific causes—mostly disease germs. From this it follows that each specific disease must be treated by specific drugs, vaccines, serums and antitoxins, or by specially devised operations.

It is evident that the wrong remedy applied in a given case will not only prove useless, but may cause serious injury; yet if fifty per cent of all the diagnoses rendered in our best equipped hospitals are erroneous, how can the doctors apply the right remedy? Will somebody please explain?

Compare with this extremely dangerous guess work the safe and sane methods of Natural Therapeutics. Perfectly harmless in themselves, when applied with a modicum of common sense they tend to correct in any case the three primary manifestations of disease, and must therefore produce satisfactory results no matter what the diagnosis. This, I have fully explained in Chapter XX, Vol. I, of this series. While the allopathic physician must postpone the administration of his specific remedies until he gets ready to make a guess—first at the nature of the disease, and then at the indicated remedy—the practitioner of Natural Therapeutics applies his natural remedies with absolute safety, and assurance of success if that is possible in the nature of the case, from the first appearance of abnormal symptoms. Thereby he frequently cures the disease before his allopathic colleague would get ready to

treat it. In many cases medical indecision and procrastination allows the disease processes to make such headway that they cannot be arrested by any means.

Dr. Cabot is not the only allopathic physician who admits an appalling discrepancy between clinical findings and the revelations of the postmortem examinations. According to a recently published report of a committee appointed to investigate New York hospitals, the autopsies of the famous Bellevue Hospital prove that out of every hundred diagnoses made by the physician in charge 47.7 per cent are absolutely wrong. These figures coincide very closely with those of Dr. Cabot.

This revelation of medical incompetency caused Dr. C. L. Wheeler, editor of the New York Journal of Medicine, to make the following sensational statement: "Every doctor in America is a quack—and he can't help it! This statement is amazing only to the layman. No doctor is surprised at it. Doctors know that all of us are more or less quacks; that many of our diagnoses are only guess work; and we all know what is far worse than this—that we cannot help it, because our hands are tied. Why is this? Because the public refuses medicine the right to become an exact science by objecting to the performance of an autopsy in every case of death."

Dr. Wheeler evidently has not learned the lesson taught by these autopsies, namely, that the allopathic conception of the nature of disease and its methods of diagnosis and prognosis as well as of treatment, are all wrong in the first place. He might just as well try to prove $100 \times 0 = 1$ as to establish an exact science of diagnosis by multiplying autopsies. The postmortem examination may reveal the final stages of destruction in vital organs, but medical science will continue to fail in diagnosis and prognosis as long as it does not understand and refuses to understand that such destruction is brought about through

wrong habits of living and through unnatural methods of treatment.

This is a serious accusation. Why should conscientious physicians refuse to investigate the true nature and causes of disease? The answer is: Because such knowledge comes from "unethical" sources; because from the viewpoint of medical ethics it is better to let a patient die in the "regular" way than to see him cured in the "irregular" way.

Not the opposition of the public to autopsies is responsible for the inadequacy of allopathic diagnosis and prognosis, but the fact that orthodox medicine is **not** an exact science because it bases its findings on the chaotic and contradictory teachings of medical authorities instead of studying and complying with the laws of Nature governing the processes of health, disease and cure.

This valuable knowledge is freely offered to the medical profession by the School of Natural Therapeutics. As long as they refuse to give fair consideration to this exact philosophy and science of disease and cure, the teachings of which are verified by the experience of millions of intelligent followers all over the earth and in the daily practice of tens of thousands of drugless healers in this country, they must stand convicted of wilful indifference and neglect.

Since prominent members of the medical profession admit the utter inadequacy of allopathic methods of diagnosis and prognosis, why should we hesitate to welcome such valuable aids to diagnostic science as Iridology, Spinal Analysis and Basic Diagnosis, when every one of these helps to elucidate, to correct or confirm the findings of other methods? Is it not a matter of common sense and of personal responsibility toward our patients that we should combine in diagnosis as well as in treatment all that is good and helpful?

In the light of these revelations, what reliance can we place on medical health certificates issued to candidates for marriage? What value can be attached to enforced medical examinations in our public schools? What right have medical practitioners to pronounce chronics and defectives incurable, to sterilize them, or to kill them by the refusal of medical aid or by the practice of euthanasia?

Is Iridiagnosis Sufficient to Diagnose Disease?

Iridology is as yet a new science, and much remains to be discovered and to be better explained. Many times we do not find a sign in the iris for the lesion or diseased condition which we know to exist in the body. At other times the records in the eyes indicate more serious conditions than can be ascertained by other methods. As regards this point, however, it is well to remember that old school physicians, notwithstanding their up-to-date scientific equipment, only too often see their diagnosis discredited by the postmortem findings.

Those who confine their examinations to the eye or the spine fall as far short of making a reliable diagnosis or prognosis as the old school country doctor with his limited equipment. In our work we do not confine ourselves to Iridiagnosis, but combine with it the diagnostic methods (physical diagnosis) of the allopathic school of medicine, spinal analysis, basic diagnosis, as well as laboratory tests and microscopic examinations.

Thus any one of these methods supplements and verifies all the others. In this way only is it possible to arrive at a thorough and definite understanding of the patient's condition.

The Story of a Great Discovery

Dr. Von Peckzely, of Budapest, Hungary, discovered Nature's records in the eye, quite by accident, when a boy ten years of age.

Playing one day in the garden at his home, he caught an owl. While struggling with the bird, he broke one of its limbs. Gazing straight into the owl's large, bright eyes, **he noticed, at the moment when the bone snapped, the appearance of a black spot in the lower central region of the iris**, which area he later found to correspond to the location of the broken leg.

The boy put a splint on the broken limb and kept the owl as a pet. As the fracture healed, he noticed that the black spot in the iris became overdrawn by a white film and surrounded by a white border (denoting the formation of scar tissues in the broken bone).

This incident made a lasting impression on the mind of the future doctor. It often recurred to him in later years. From further observations he gained the conviction that abnormal physical conditions are portrayed in the eyes.

As a student, Von Peckzely became involved in the revolutionary movement of 1848 and was put in prison as an agitator and ringleader. During his confinement he had plenty of time and leisure to pursue his favorite theory, and he became more and more convinced of the importance of his discovery. After his release he entered upon the study of medicine, in order to develop his important discoveries and to confirm them more fully in the operating and dissecting rooms. He had himself enrolled as an interne in the surgical wards of the college hospital. Here he had ample opportunity to observe the eyes of patients before and after accidents and operations, and in that manner he was enabled to elaborate the first accurate Chart of the Eye.

Since Von Peckzely gave his discoveries to the world, many well known scientists and conscientious observers in Austria, Germany, Sweden and in this country have devoted their lives to the perfection of this wonderful

science. Foremost among the followers of Von Peckzely in Europe was the Rev. Niels Liljequist, a Swedish clergyman, who, for many years, has made Iridology his life work. He perfected Peckzely's chart of the iris and was the first one to describe signs of drug poisoning. He had suffered terribly from most of the symptoms of quinin poisoning (chronic cinchonism) ever since he had taken large quantities of the drug in early life. After he became acquainted with iridiagnosis he discovered the connection between the yellow discoloration in his eyes and the chronic quinin poisoning. This led him to study the relationship of other color pigments to various forms of drug poisoning, such as iodism, mercurialism, bromism, arsenical poisoning, etc.

In Germany Dr. Thiel and Pastor Felke made valuable contributions to Iridology, and became famous diagnosticians and Nature Cure physicians.

In this country Henry Lahn, M. D., wrote the first book in the English language on this new and valuable method of diagnosis. Many years of personal acquaintance with this remarkable man and his work impels me to give him credit for being the ablest iridiagnostician now living. Anderchou in England published a few years ago a brief summary of the discoveries and teachings of the pioneers of Iridology.

The "regular" school of medicine, as a body, has ignored and will ignore this science, because it discloses the fallacy of their favorite theories and practices, and because it reveals unmistakably the direful results of chronic drug poisoning and ill advised operations.

Leaving out of consideration everything that is at present speculative and uncertain, we are justified in making the following statements, subject to the qualifications and limitations before described:

- (1) The eye is not only, as the ancients said, "the mir

ror of the soul", but it also frequently reveals abnormal conditions and changes in every part and organ of the body.

(2) Organs and parts of the body are represented in the iris of the eye in well defined areas. (Chart—Frontispiece.)

(3) The iris of the eye contains an immense number of minute nerve filaments, which through the optic nerves, the optic thalami and the spinal cord are connected with and receive impressions from every nerve in the body.

(4) The nerve filaments, muscle fibres and minute blood vessels in the different areas of the iris reproduce the changing conditions in the corresponding parts or organs.

(5) By means of various marks, signs, abnormal colors, or discolorations in the iris, Nature reveals transmitted disease taints and hereditary lesions.

(6) By signs, marks and discolorations, Nature also makes known acute and chronic inflammatory or catarrhal conditions, local lesions, destruction of tissues, various drug poisons, and changes in structures and tissues caused by accidental injury or by surgical mutilations. (Figs. 12, 28)

(7) The diagnosis from the iris of the eye positively confirms Hahnemann's theory that acute diseases have a constitutional background of hereditary or acquired disease taints or systemic encumbrances.

(8) This science enables the diagnostician to ascertain, from the appearance of the iris, many of the patient's inherited or acquired tendencies toward health and toward disease, his condition in general, and the state of various organs in particular. Reading Nature's records in the eye, he can predict many of the healing crises through which the patient will have to pass on the road to health.

(9) The iris frequently reveals dangerous changes in vital parts and organs from their inception, thus enabling

the patient to avert threatening disease by natural living and natural methods of treatment.

(10) Changes in the iris indicate plainly the gradual purification of the system, the elimination of morbid matter and poisons, and the readjustment of the organism to normal conditions under the regenerating influences of natural living and treatment.

How the Signs in the Iris Are Produced

The effects of surgical operations performed under anesthesia either do not show in the eyes at all, or only very faintly, though entire organs or large parts of the body may have been removed by the surgeon's knife. This is due to the fact that under anesthesia the sensory nerves are benumbed and paralyzed; for this reason we do not feel pain. This condition of temporary paralysis prevents the transmission of impulses to the iris and thereby the production of corresponding signs or lesions in the eye. For instance, the loss of a leg amputated under anesthesia may not show in the eyes, while the scar tissue caused by the bite of a dog, a wound received from a bullet, or other injury received in a waking, conscious condition, may show for life in the form of a closed lesion in the iris.

These facts prove that the lesions in the eyes are made through abnormal or pathological nerve impulses, which throw the nerve fibres and other structures in the surface layers of the iris out of their normal arrangement. Inflammatory processes incidental to the healing of wounds show temporarily as white signs.

Discolorations or color signs in the eyes are created by color pigments carried into and deposited in the surface layers of the iris through the capillary circulation.

The dark signs of subacute catarrhal and chronic catarrhal conditions and of loss of substance or death of tissues are created through atrophy and sloughing of nerve and

muscle fibres in the surface of the iris, or depressions and holes in the deeper layers.

I have frequently heard the question, "How is it possible that lesions in the body show in the iris on the same side, when all the afferent nerves cross to the opposite brain half? According to this, lesions in one side of the body should show in the opposite iris." The answer is,—the crossing of the optic nerves brings back the signs in the iris to the side of the body in which the corresponding lesion is located.

Exceptions to this are lesions in the brain. They cross over in the optic nerves, and show in the opposite iris. Thus lesions in right brain half show in the left iris and vice versa.

CHAPTER II

ANATOMY OF THE IRIS

Since this volume is intended for the use of the layman as well as of the practicing physician, I shall endeavor to make the anatomical description as brief and simple as possible. To go into detail would only serve to confuse

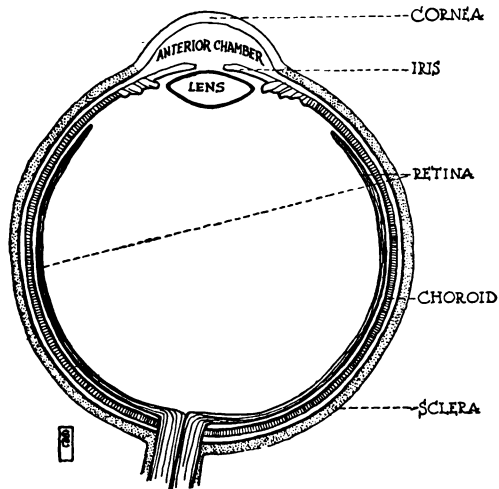


Fig. 1. Cross Section of Eyeball.

the layman and would not be of any special advantage to the trained scientist.

The eyeball is a hollow, elastic body, about one inch in diameter and nearly spherical in form. The segment of a smaller sphere projects in the front. The larger sphere is made up of three coats—the sclera, choroid and retina.

1. The sclera or sclerotic coat is a tough, opaque fibrous membrane which surrounds about five-sixths of the eyeball. It serves to protect the inner parts from injury and to preserve the spherical shape of the eye.

The cornea is a continuation of the sclera and covers the frontal part of the eye which encloses the anterior chamber containing the aqueous humor. The cornea is as transparent as glass, so as to admit the light unhindered into the interior of the eye.

2. The choroid, or middle coat, is made up of connective tissue, blood vessels and pigment cells. The purpose



Fig. 2. Cross Section of Iris.

of the choroid layer and the ciliary body is to supply nutriment to the whole eyeball.

The iris is a forward continuation of the choroid coat. It is a circular, mobile, colored curtain, suspended in the aqueous humor behind the cornea and in front of the crystalline lens. It is perforated a little toward the nasal side of its center by a circular aperture called the pupil. The iris receives its name (iris, irides,—a rainbow) from its varying color effects.

3. An inner coat, called the retina, which is an extension of the optic nerve, serves to receive impressions from the outside world and conveys them through the optic nerve to the center of vision in the occipital lobe of the cerebrum.

Structure of the Iris (Fig. 2, p. 17)

A. Surface endothelium. This is a single layer of flat endothelial cells continuous with the posterior lining of the cornea.

B. **Stroma**, a closely packed mesh-work of delicate radiating connective tissue fibres, enmeshing numerous nerve filaments, blood vessels, lymph vessels and large, irregularly branched connective tissue cells.

C. In the deeper layers of the stroma a band of involuntary muscle fibres, about 1 mm. in width, encircles the pupillary margin of the iris. Reflex contraction of this sphincter diminishes the size of the pupil.

Some authorities describe also radiating muscle fibres stretching from the border of the sphincter to the circumference of the iris. In all probability, however, these are elastic and not muscle fibres, the dilation of the pupil being accounted for by the relaxation of the sphincter muscle and the resulting automatic contraction of the elastic muscle fibres. The brighter the light, the more contracted the pupil, and vice versa. This mechanism aims to regulate the amount of light to be admitted to the retina.

D. **Basement membrane** consisting of strong connective tissue, which forms the support and innermost layer of the iris.

E. The pigment layer consists of two rows of epithelial cells of a **dark purple color**, which rest on the uneven surface of the basement membrane of the iris. This pigment layer serves to prevent the penetration of light through the iris into the inner dark chamber of the eyeball.

The Normal Colors of the Iris

As described in Chapter IV, there are only two normal iris colors,—light azure blue and light hazel brown.

I. The stroma of the blue iris is devoid of pigment, thus allowing the purple pigment layer to shimmer through as a uniform, clear sky blue.

II. In the normal brown iris the connective tissue cells of the stroma contain a brown pigment which totally ob-

scures the purple pigment layer, thus imparting a uniform, clear light brown color to the iris.

The albino iris contains no pigment either in the connective tissue cells of the stroma or in the pigment layer. The resulting transparency renders the blood vessels visible, hence the iris presents a delicate pink appearance.

For the sake of avoiding confusion we will henceforth consider only the Indo-Caucasian iris which is normally of a uniform brilliant azure color.

The Blood Supply of the Iris

(Fig. 3)

The long and short ciliary blood vessels form a complete ring around the peripheral border of the iris.

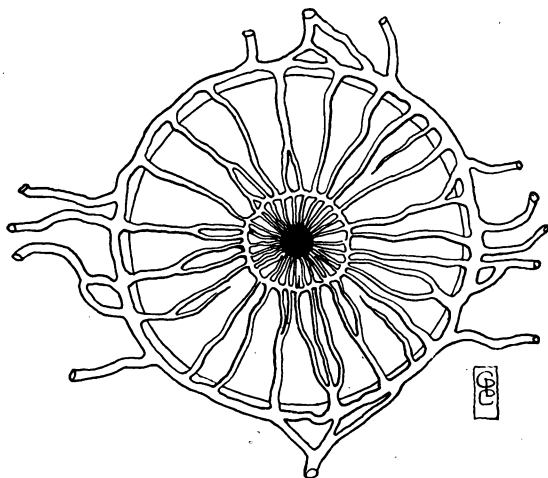


Fig. 3. Blood Supply to Iris.

From this **major** circle branches are given off which converge toward the pupil.

At a short distance from the outer border of the sphincter muscle they divide and anastomose to form a second ring.

From this **minor** circle branches continue their course to the pupillary border.

The Nerve Supply of the Iris

(Fig. 4)

The nerve supply of the iris deserves special attention. The circular muscle fibres are supplied by the **short** ciliary nerve branch of the motor oculi, or third cranial nerve, coming directly from the brain.

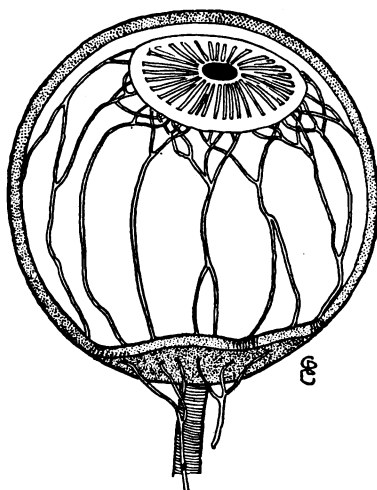


Fig. 4.

The other structures are supplied by the **long** ciliary nerve, which is in direct communication with the cervical ganglia of the sympathetic nervous system. These nerves travel forward to the iris through the choroid coat of the

eyeball. Along the attached margin of the iris they form a plexus from which nerve filaments are given off to the muscle fibres and other structures of the iris. **Some of these nerve filaments also go to form a complete network on the surface of the iris immediately underneath the surface endothelium.** These are arranged in triangles, the bases of which rest on the outer rim of the iris, and whose apices point toward the pupil. (Fig. 4a) **The**

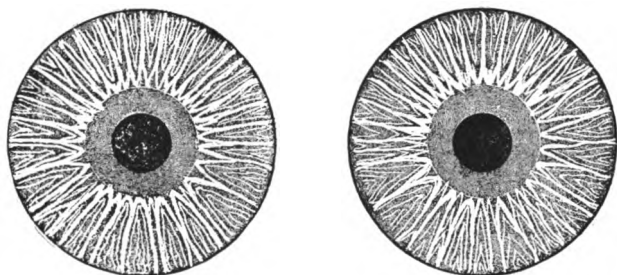


Fig. 4a. Triangles Formed by Nerves.

sides of these triangles coincide with the blood vessels, these with the sympathetic nerve supply, and these in turn with the borders of the organ areas.

The direct connection of the nerve filaments in the surface layers of the iris with the cervical ganglia of the sympathetic nervous system explains how impressions (vasomotor changes) from all over the body may be conveyed to the iris.

CHAPTER III

EXPLANATION OF THE KEY TO IRIDOLOGY

(See Chart, Frontispiece)

Every important part and organ in the body has its corresponding location in the iris in a well defined area, as outlined in the frontispiece.

As long as an organ is in normal condition, the corresponding area in the iris presents the normal color, either light blue or light brown, without any mark, sign or discoloration whatsoever.

When an organ or part of the body undergoes acute or chronic changes as a result of hereditary influences, systemic or drug poisoning, or from mechanical injury, then these pathological changes are recorded in the corresponding area in the iris. Pregnancy, though involving profound changes in the organism, is not indicated in the iris because it is a normal physiological process.

Surgical mutilations of the body performed under anesthesia do not show in the iris, or only very faintly, because anesthesia benumbs and paralyzes the sensory nerves and thereby prevents the transmission of nerve impulses to the iris.

Any substance congenial to the body, i. e., naturally belonging to it, does not show in the iris. All substances not congenial to the body, i. e., those which do not belong to it, such as minerals and earthy elements in the inorganic form, and all poisons, show in the iris in well defined signs and color changes in the areas corresponding to the parts or organs where these substances have accumulated.

The arrangement of the areas in the iris is symmetrical and somewhat in harmony with the location of the various parts and organs in the body. We find the area of the stomach directly around the pupil and the field of the intestines surrounding the region of the stomach. The outer border of the intestinal field, the "sympathetic wreath", corresponds to the sympathetic nervous system, and all other parts and organs of the body radiate from or run into this sympathetic wreath.

All this is in correspondence with conditions in the body. The stomach and intestines are centrally located; they are to the body what the fire-box is to boiler and engine. The entire organism is dependent upon the digestive organs for the elements of nutrition and fuel material.

Every cell and organ in the body depends upon the sympathetic nervous system for its supply of vital energy. All involuntary vital functions and activities are controlled and directed through the sympathetic nervous system. This is indicated in the iris by the fact that the areas of the various parts and organs start or radiate from the sympathetic wreath.

Thus the brain with its divisions, subdivisions and special centers is located in the upper regions of the iris, analogous to the location of the brain in the body. **The distinctly human intellectual faculties, capacities and powers are located, in right-handed people, in the left brain hemisphere, but reflected through crossing of the optic nerves into the right iris. In left-handed people the condition is the reverse. The reason for this has been fully explained in Vol. IV, "Eugenics".**

The area of the leg is located in the center of the lower half of the iris, etc. Those organs which are located on one side of the body appear only in the corresponding iris. The heart and spleen, for instance, are represented in the left iris. The corresponding halves of organs divided by

the median line of the body, such as the nose, mouth, bladder and genital organs, appear in both irides.

The symmetry of the divisions of the iris is much more real than is apparent on superficial examination. This becomes more clear as we study closely the interdependence of the various parts of the body.

The relation between the regions of the iris and the corresponding organs and parts of the body is further illustrated in Fig. 5, which is constructed by the following procedure:

Divide each iris of the regular key vertically through the center. Put the **outer** halves together and imagine

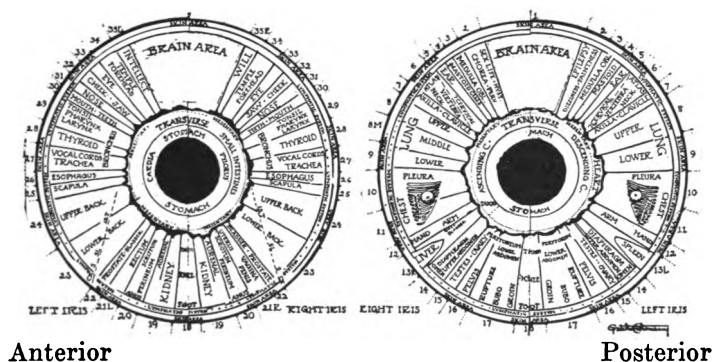


Fig. 5. Split Circles.

the resulting circle to be as large as the body. Then place the resulting large imaginary circle on the **anterior** aspect of the body in such a way that the pupil covers the umbilicus.

Similarly, the circle formed by the apposition of the **inner** halves is placed on the **posterior** aspect of the body.

By imagining these maps to be vertically and horizontally enlarged so as to cover the entire anterior and

posterior aspects of the body, the areas will be found to correspond closely to the different parts of the body.

This symmetrical correspondence of the organ areas in the iris to the location of the organs in the body is conclusive evidence that this arrangement is not accidental, but is in harmony with Nature's definite design and purpose, and thus amply justifies scientific inquiry into the mysterious cypher language of the iris.

CHAPTER IV

A UNIFORM DIVISION AND CLASSIFICATION OF DISEASE

Students of iridology frequently complain that this interesting science has not been sufficiently systematized for purposes of intelligent study. In order to overcome this difficulty and to facilitate the study, I have divided the successive stages in the development of diseases into four well defined "stages of encumbrance."

Such a uniform division and classification of disease conditions and of the corresponding records in the iris, once established, will greatly facilitate the study of Natural Therapeutics and of the diagnosis from the iris. It will also serve to establish a well defined phraseology intelligent to the layman and especially valuable to students and practitioners.

The Four Stages of Encumbrance

We distinguish in the development of chronic diseases the following four distinct stages of encumbrance:

First, hereditary and congenital stage;

Second, or acute and subacute inflammatory stage;

Third, or chronic stage;

Fourth, or chronic destructive stage, accompanied by loss of substance.

All chronic diseases (not caused by violence or conditions uncongenial to human life) that end fatally, pass through these four successive stages of encumbrance.

Chronic disease never develops suddenly in the human body. Nature always tries to prevent its gradual develop-

ment by acute and subacute healing efforts. If these, by any means whatever, are checked and suppressed, then they are followed either by fatal complications or chronic after effects, the mysterious "sequelae" of medical science.

Thus we find that the unity of disease as to causes and manifestations, applies to chronic as well as to acute diseases.

First, Hereditary and Congenital Stage of Disease

Iridiagnosis settles forever in the affirmative the question as to whether or not tendencies to disease are hereditary.

Inherited tendencies are recorded in the iris of the eye in three ways, by color, density and hereditary lesions.

(1) The color of the iris indicates whether the vital fluids and tissues are pure and normal or affected by disease taints and foreign substances.

(2) The density, that is, the woof or grain of the structures composing the iris, gives us information about the firmness, vitality and general tone of the tissues of the body.

(3) Hereditary and congenital lesions in the form of shady, grey, usually ovoid or spindle form spots in the iris of the offspring indicate weakness or disease in corresponding organs or parts of the bodies of the parents.

For instance, if the lungs of the mother were affected by tuberculosis during pregnancy this may show in the iris of the child in the form of grey or shady signs or lesions in the areas of the lungs. I say, may show, because heredity is subject to many modifying influences. This we shall study more fully in the fourth volume of this series, entitled "Eugenics, or Man-Building on the Physical, Mental and Moral Planes of Being."

Under natural management certain organs or entire bodies, no matter how badly affected by abnormal hered-

ity, may outgrow entirely the tendency to weakness and disease.

This is the message of great promise of Natural Therapeutics to those who fear to assume the responsibility of parenthood on account of weakness and ill health; provided, of course, that the parents properly prepare themselves, and that the offspring be treated prenatally and postnatally in accordance with the teachings of Natural Eugenics.

Color of the Iris

First let us consider the color of the iris. The question arises, is there a normal color of the iris, and if so, what is it, and what influences will change it and produce abnormal color effects?

The answer to this is as follows: There are two normal colors of the iris,—light brown and light blue. These are subject to change through various hereditary and acquired influences. In the previous chapter I have explained how the anatomical structure of the various layers of the iris accounts for the blue and brown color effects.

The influence of race heredity on the color of the hair and eyes is an intensely interesting subject, but I cannot discuss it in the confines of this volume. It will be treated more fully in the fourth volume of this series.

Concerning the subject of racial color I call attention here to only a few interesting facts. There really is no black color of the eyes. As before stated, brown and blue in various shades of lightness and darkness are the only two normal colors of the iris, and these were originally determined by race heredity.

According to esoteric history five great root races have come into existence so far on this planet. The third of these was the Lemurian root race which inhabited the continent of Lemuria or Pan, which occupied a large area

of what is now the Pacific Ocean. The similarity of geological formations, flora, fauna, and of ethnological characteristics observed on the many thousands of islands in the Pacific Ocean which are supposed to have been the mountain peaks of ancient Lemuria, offer strong evidence in favor of the existence of such a continent. The remarkable ruins on the Island of Madagascar, built of immense blocks of stone, are remains of the gigantic architecture of the Lemurian giants, who were probably the prototype of the Cyclopes of Greek mythology.

The fourth or Atlantean root race is the first one about which we possess authentic knowledge. Its early sub-races were the yellow—Chinese and Mongolian—the black skinned African, and the red and copper colored Atlantean or Turanian branches. All these offshoots of the fourth or Atlantean root race were brown eyed and black haired.

The fifth or Aryan root race developed from the latest and most perfect offshoots of the Atlantean race. The first three offshoots of the great Aryan race—the Hindoo, Arabian and Iranian or Persian subraces—underwent a gradual change from the copper color of the latest Atlantean races to the dusky brunette of the most highly developed products of the Hindoo, Arabian, Persian, Chaldean and Semitic types.

The last two subraces of the Aryan root race, the Keltic and Indo-Caucasian branches, completed the transition from the Asiatic brunette to the blonde type of the Keltic and Indo-Caucasian branches. The fourth or Keltic sub-race emigrated southwestward from the cradle of the Aryan race in what is now eastern Siberia, conquered the countries around the Mediterranean, and founded the ancient Greek, Latin and Iberian civilizations. From Spain Iberian tribes emigrated into Ireland and Great Britain.

The last or fifth subrace of the Aryan root race took its

course along the northern slopes of the Caucasus and tarried there for many thousands of years before it resumed its westward course into what is now called the continent of Europe. The offshoots of this subrace were the Germanic, Gallic, Gaelic, Anglo-Saxon and Scandinavian tribes, whose outstanding racial characteristics were tall stature, egg-shaped skull, fair skin, yellow hair and azure blue iris.

Mongrelization, the Principal Cause of Change in Racial Characteristics

If the founders of the Persian, Babylonian, Egyptian, Grecian, Roman and Iberian civilizations were of Aryan descent, why is it that their descendants have lost the ancient Aryan racial characteristics as regards physical and, to a certain extent, intellectual and moral traits? The answer to this is that in these countries there are left to-day few, if any, remnants of pure Aryan stock. Aryan blood and with it Aryan characteristics of body, mind and soul, have been adulterated and obliterated through mixing with fourth race peoples or with mongrelized descendants of earlier Aryan races.

Mongrelization, only, is the true key to the deterioration and degeneration of races and nations. There is not one exception in the history of mankind in the rise, decline and fall of nations and empires from the smallest and earliest to the latest and greatest. It is not so much the influence of climate, surroundings or any other local conditions that has changed the perfect contour of the Aryan skull or his physical characteristics and intellectual and moral standards into the lower, degenerate types of today. The principal agency in this process of deterioration and degeneration has been, and is now, the comingling of Aryan blood with that of older and inferior races and subraces. Nature everywhere places her mark

of disapproval upon the hybrid, half-breed and mongrel.

This is true in the animal kingdom, as well as in the human. **Darwin and all other students of flora, fauna and of the human species concur in the testimony that the hybrid and the mongrel are doomed to deterioration and extinction in nature unless they are gradually absorbed by a higher race and that the higher race can absorb them with impunity only by slow and gradual inbreeding.**

The mule, the offspring of the horse and donkey, may seem strong and vigorous, but he cannot propagate his kind. The mongrelization of domestic animals is no proof of failure of the law which ordains purity of the species to insure normal development and improvement. The artificially bred hybrids and mongrels among our domestic animals would become extinct within a short time if deprived of the fostering care of man. These artificial products of man's breeding and training are not stable types. All the so called high-bred animals will quickly revert to the common level if not interfered with by man.

It is only by the enforcement of racial purity that Nature can develop and improve her genera, species and families in certain well-defined directions. If she approved of and allowed promiscuous intercourse and fertilization among various species and races, specialization and constant improvement as we witness it in the development of genera, species, races and subraces of animals and men would be an impossibility. All would be a wild and chaotic jumble of nondescripts and monstrosities.

As before stated, this interesting subject of racial descent will be fully discussed in "Eugenics," the fourth volume of this series.

Iris Color and Mental Characteristics

Ancient history records that only a few thousand years ago, before the era of drug poisoning and hyper-civiliza-

tion, blue eyes and blond hair were still the rule among nations of Keltic and Indo-Caucasian descent. Homer describes his Hellenic heroes as blue eyed and blond haired. The victors in the Olympian games were often so described. Caesar speaks of his brave foes,—the Gauls, ancestors of the brown eyed French,—as blue eyed and blond haired. The blue eyes and golden hair of the captive northern maidens were the envy of the dark eyed Roman beauties. It became the fashion for wealthy Roman ladies to wear the yellow tresses of the Teuton women, while the “peroxide blonde” was not an uncommon spectacle in the streets of Rome.

Blue eyed Caucasian regiments today form the cream of the Sultan’s army. Circassian beauties are admired the world over for their abundant and luxuriant yellow hair and blue eyes. The regiment of giants collected from all over the world at great expense and trouble by Frederick William, the father of Frederick the Great, was composed of blue eyed men.

Observe closely first class companies of jugglers, circus performers, strong men, prize-fighters, animal trainers, singers and actors, and note how many brown eyed people you find among them. You will be astonished at the small percentage.

Visit an old people’s home and count the brown eyed above 60 years of age; you will not find twenty-five in a hundred.

The following clipping from “Physical Culture” in an article concerning baseball is of especial interest in this connection:

“The reason why the Jew is not more prominent in the greatest of American sports—baseball—is due partly to a **physical peculiarity** of his race. The first requisite of a good baseball player is that he shall be a **strong batsman**. One of the methods employed by a manager in selecting his players is **an examination of the eyes**, for

it is a singular fact, though little known, that the best batsmen are men with light-colored eyes. For some reason the dark eyed man has never been able to get his eye on the ball well enough to become a great and consistent batsman. As Jews, with comparatively few exceptions, are dark eyed, they cannot qualify in this important particular. The dark eyed man must have some remarkable special ability outside of batting to recommend him to the consideration of the baseball manager."

Observe school children in cold and stormy weather. You will find the blue eyed outside at play in spite of cold, rain, or storm, but the brown eyed will be in the house hugging the warm stove.

Our brown eyed patients, as a rule, shun the cold water treatment,—they have a perfect horror of it. Many would rather die than be cured by cold water, while the blue eyed usually take to it like ducks. Homeopathy says, "Sulphur patients shun the water." Now sulphur patients are usually psoric patients, and psoric individuals are usually brown eyed.

Let me conclude my discussion of iris color with a few quotations from the writings of Major Woodruff, M. D., of the United States Army, who spent many years in the tropics and devoted much effort to ethnological research,—the study of racial customs and characteristics.

As indicated in the following excerpts from his writings, he fully recognizes the superiority of the blond type. He says:

"The blond Aryan type must have flowed south and asserted its supremacy early, for all traditions from pre-history show the aristocracy and royalty to be of this type, even in lands densely brunette.

"Most of Poland's great men, such as Kosciuszko, have been of this type, but the mass of Poles are too inert for Aryan independencies. Louis Kossuth, the Hungarian patriot, was a blue eyed Aryan of the ruling aristocrats. His father was a lawyer 'of noble lineage and patriotic antecedents.' His struggle for Hungarian

independence was typically Aryan—'equal rights for every class, freedom for religious belief, trial by jury, free public instruction, and the annual meeting of the diet.'

"Investigations show the general tendency to the blond, tall, long headed type among the upper classes of Russia and Poland."

Royalty and nobility of Russia, capitalists and captains of industry, if not Jewish, are of the blond type and of Aryan descent.

Major Woodruff believes that the first men were undoubtedly brunettes from whom blonds have gradually evolved with the acquirement of their higher characters. This coincides with my history of the descent of the races in "Eugenics". The third and fourth race people and the early offshoots of the fifth root race were dark colored and brunette. The Keltic, Germanic and Scandinavian races were normally blue eyed and blond haired.

Major Woodruff further says:

"The blue eyed and rufous (reddish haired) type was chosen in the early centuries for pictures of Jesus Christ.

"Brunettes live in cities, **blonds live on the waters**. The brunette is a landlubber. The blond is now and always has been the best sailor. He takes to water like a duck, even after several generations have lived on land. He is the yachtsman of the world, the boat-builder, and rules the sea. For centuries the Mediterranean man has been building fleets for the Baltic man's pleasure to destroy. Moreover, Havelock Ellis' studies in the National Portrait gallery lead him to suppose that England's power rests in great part on her blond sons. He says that the small group of prominent people springing from the working classes is among the darkest of the group. He says it is clear that a high index of blondness or an excess of fairness prevails among the men of restless and ambitious temperament,—the sanguine, energetic men, the men who easily dominate their fellows, and who get on in life; the men who recruit the aristocracy and who doubtless spring largely from the plutocracy. It is significant, he further notes, that the group of low class men, artisans, peasants, and the men of religion, whose mission in life is to practice and preach resignation to a higher will, are both notably dark. While the men of action tend to be fair, the men

of thought show some tendency to be dark. (Author's note: Those with negative, psychic tendencies.)

"Blond Symbol of Aristocracy"

"In the royal family Mr. Ellis found an early tendency toward fairness, but by later Tudor times there was a tendency toward darkness, while the light mixed type of eye, usually blue-yellow, has remained persistent. It is from the fair elements he observes that the aristocracy is chiefly recruited, though in the course of a few generations there is a tendency to brunetteness in these families, probably from the tendency of the blond men to marry brunette women."

Major Woodruff Becomes "Mixed"

After thus acknowledging the physical and mental superiority of the blue eyed type, Major Woodruff becomes twisted in his deductions through not understanding how color of the eyes is influenced by mongrelization and by unnatural habits of living. He says "Blonds, despite their prowess, are a vanishing race," and he finds that Great Britain's brunettes are absorbing the blonds, that the blond type is less resistant and that there are fewer instances of long life among the blonds; also "they form an undue proportion of England's invalids and are prone to certain mortal maladies which are withstood by the brunettes."

He reasons from the increase of brunettes in the cities that they are the stronger and more resistant type. If he understood the laws as revealed by the diagnosis from the eye he would perceive that exactly the reverse is true, that the increase in the number of brunettes is due to the degenerating influences of city life, that the rapidly increasing numbers of brunettes are blue eyed people, or their descendants, turned dark eyed under the weakening, degenerating influences of mongrelization, food poisoning, foul air, confinement, over-strain, over-stimulation, luetic

diseases, drugging, vaccination, lymph, serum, and anti-toxin therapy. He would also understand that the preponderance of blue eyed invalids is due to the fact that they are the more resistant race and that they will survive adverse influences, such as dissipation, surgical operations, drug poisoning, etc., under which brown eyed people quickly succumb and die.

One reason why brown eyed persons sometimes outlive the blue eyed is because the latter are apt to squander their exuberant vital resources in dissipation and overwork. They feel and act as though there were no limit to their powers of endurance, while the brown eyed folk are usually well aware of their limited resistance and weakened powers of endurance and therefore instinctively husband their strength.

This explains why blond athletes and prize-fighters frequently fall victims to wasting diseases early in life. A recent example of this self destruction of a splendid Saxon specimen through overwork and dissipation is our genial, virile Jack London. In many of his novels he rhapsodizes over the excellent qualities of the blond superman. He was very well aware of the superiority of the type and portrays it in many of his characters.

We constantly find in our practice that as a rule the recuperative powers of the blond are much better than those of the brunette. The great men of history of Aryan descent, almost without exception, no matter to what nation they belong, have been and are now blue eyed. Statistics are being collected which confirm this fact in a surprising manner. As before stated, Columbus was a blue eyed Italian and Napoleon was a blue eyed Corsican.

Look at a map of Europe and note how, traveling from north to south, the size and strength of body as well as physical and mental vigor, positiveness and aggressiveness decrease with the increase of color in the eye. Compare,

for instance, the vigorous, blue eyed Canadian and North American with the languid Southerner, the brown eyed, lazy Mexican; and still lower in the scale, the dark eyed natives of the Brazilian tropics.

From this evidence, is it not clear that the blue eyed type of humanity, as a rule racially as well as individually, represents physically and mentally the vigorous, energetic, aggressive, sanguine, positive qualities of human nature, while the brown eyed exhibit in a marked degree the weaker, negative, subjective, sensitive and emotional characteristics?

However, do not despair, ye brown eyed folk, for in spite of the color of your eyes you may be better off physically and mentally than a great many of your blue eyed brothers and sisters, for as previously stated, three factors in the diagnosis from the eye determine health, strength and expectancy of life,—viz., color, density and hereditary lesions. An individual possessing dark eyes of good density may have much better chances for health and long life than a blue eyed person with an iris of poor density and with many hereditary and acquired lesions and signs of suppression and drug poisoning.

The Influence of Disease on the Color of the Iris

Another factor aside from race heredity which affects the color of the iris and which changes it from the natural light brown or blue color to darker tints and pigments, lies in encumbrance of the system with waste matter, disease taints and drug poisons and with gradual atrophy and death of tissues. The nature of these changes I have briefly explained in my comparison of inflammation to fermentation, in "The Making of a Chronic," and in other places.

As we have learned, the normal iris color of individuals

of pure Germanic, Anglo-Saxon, Keltic or Scandinavian origin is a light blue without any signs, marks or discolorations whatsoever. Darkening of the iris color into blackish blue, ashy grey or brown among descendants of these Aryan subraces is always an indication of impure blood due either to an admixture of blood of darker races or to unnatural habits of living and the unnatural treatment of disease.

If children of Indo-Caucasian or Keltic origin are born dark eyed, with eyes of blackish blue or brown color, we find that under the influence of natural management as to feeding, bathing, breathing and under the natural treatment of diseases, the color of the iris grows lighter and gradually returns to the original sky blue.

On the other hand, we find that under influence of unnatural management, after suppression of acute diseases (Nature's healing, cleansing efforts), and after vaccination, drug poisoning, antitoxin, lymph and serum treatment, the iris of the infant becomes darker and exhibits various signs, discolorations and pigmentations which we shall consider in detail later on.

To recapitulate,—darkening of the iris never takes place simultaneously with improvement, but always with deterioration of health. Lightening and clearing up of the iris color never takes place simultaneously with deterioration but always with improvement in health.

In seventeen years' practice and close daily observation of changes in the iris, I have never seen an exception to this rule. This is one of the revelations of Nature's records in the iris which make Iridology an exact science. The changes in color are the best indication whether or not the methods of living and of treating diseases are in harmony with Nature's laws.

If acute elimination takes place through certain parts and organs of the body, the corresponding areas in the

iris often show much lighter in color than the remaining parts of the eye, indicating that the eliminating parts and organs have become more alive and active and comparatively purer than the rest of the body.

Instances like the following are of common occurrence in our practice. A few years ago we diagnosed in our college class a brown eyed man who had been suffering from childhood with a psoric constitution and from drug poisoning. While the eyes were dark brown, the areas corresponding to the lungs were comparatively blue. I questioned the students about the meaning of this phenomenon, but failing to receive a satisfactory answer I asked the man whether it was not a fact that of late years he had been eliminating from lungs and bronchi a great deal of phlegm and mucus. This he confirmed and told us that his "chronic catarrh" had been a great annoyance to him. He did not understand that this "chronic catarrh" had probably saved his life, and that, thanks to this continuous elimination, the lungs had purified themselves more thoroughly than had other organs of the body. He was physically based. His weakest organs were the kidneys and intermediate organs, the lungs. Therefore the lungs, sustained by strong digestive organs, had saved the kidneys from destruction. This is explained more fully in "Basic Diagnosis", pages 296, 297.

Luckily for him he had been under homeopathic treatment, which did not interfere with this form of elimination. Under suppressive treatment by means of quinin, opiates, coal tar products, etc., this cleansing process would have been checked and suppressed. Drug poisons would have been added to disease taints and under such unnatural treatment all sorts of complications, or death, would have been the inevitable result. If he had survived, the areas of the lungs instead of being lighter would have been much darker, and would have shown the black signs

of chronic catarrh and of loss of substance (caverns in the lungs).

Iris Color and Climate

The question may be asked at this point, what has climate to do with changes in the color of the eyes and hair? It is quite generally believed that climatic influences have a powerful effect upon racial color, that sunlight and great heat tend to darken eyes and hair. This impression has arisen probably because brunette and dark races and nations predominate in the heated zones. As a matter of fact, however, climatic influences change racial characteristics only temporarily and to a slight degree. The descendants of the blue eyed Dutch retain their blond characteristics to this day in the hot African Veldt. Remnants of Vandal tribes in Northern Africa are still blue eyed. The Jew, after being acclimated for many centuries in northern Russia and Scandinavian countries, is brown eyed and black haired to this day, provided in his veins runs the pure Semitic blood.

CHAPTER V

DENSITY OF THE IRIS

(Fig. 6, p. 42)

While color of the iris is indicative of hereditary traits and of the degree of purity or impurity of blood and tissues, density is a measure of that which we call vitality, tone, power of resistance, recuperative power, etc.

Normal Density

Before proceeding with the study of this subject let me explain what is meant by density. When the structures composing the stroma and surface layer of the iris are normally developed and arranged in an orderly manner so that they lie in smooth, even layers, like the fibres in a perfectly woven fabric, and when the layer of endothelial cells covering the surface of the stroma is intact, then the iris is of normal density and presents a surface of crystalline clearness with the beautiful, glossy appearance of topaz or mother-of-pearl.

While such an iris is the rule among animals living in freedom, it is nowadays very rarely found in human beings.* It is sometimes seen in cats' eyes, but never in dogs', probably because the cat stubbornly adheres to its natural modes of living, while the dog readily adapts himself to the unnatural habits of living of his master and is, therefore, more prone to disease than any other animal

*"The surface endothelium is very perishable, being demonstrable only in fresh specimens obtained from young individuals, and usually with much greater difficulty in the human than in the animal iris." (From a standard work on anatomy.)

excepting man and the hog. Burton Hendricks, the cancer expert, claims that the lap dogs of Fifth Avenue are afflicted with cancer as frequently as are their luxury loving owners.

Defective Density

In an iris of defective density the nerve and muscle fibres in the surface layer and stroma are unevenly de-

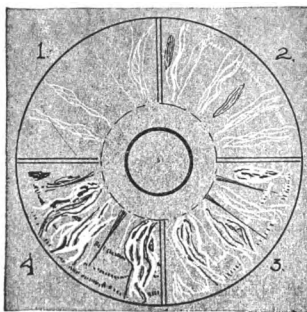


Fig. 6. The Four Densities.

veloped and arranged—some swollen, others shrunken or entirely obliterated, all crooked, warped and intermingled. In some areas the fibres are massed into bundles; in others, entirely displaced so that the darker underlying layers become revealed, giving the appearance of dark shadings and black spots.

In some instances the displacement is so deep that actual holes are formed exposing the dark pigment layer. This is often the case after serious wounds and fractures entailing great loss of tissues. Such a hole in the iris was the dark spot in the owl's eye which led the boy Peckzely to the discovery of this wonderful science of Iridology.

An iris of defective density presents in color, as well as in grain and texture, an uneven, mottled appearance. As every sign, mark or discoloration in the iris stands for

some abnormal condition in the body, it is clear why defective density indicates lowered vitality and weakened resistance.

We judge the firmness and textile strength of a piece of wood, metal or woven fabric by the fineness and smoothness of grain and fibre. Correspondingly, we recognize in coarseness, looseness and irregular arrangement of fibre the unmistakable marks of inferiority and lack of textile strength and stamina.

Oak and mahogany have a finer grain than poplar or willow; steel is finer and denser in texture than iron.

Similarly, a fine, dense iris indicates density and firmness of tissues in the body, and vice versa. In other words, the degree of density of the iris corresponds to the degree of vitality and to the general tone of the system. Since density refers only to the woof of the iris, the scurf rim, medicine signs, lymphatic rosary and itch spots are not taken into consideration in determining the degree of density.

Significance of Density

Since abnormal color pigments in the iris represent encumbrances of morbid and foreign matter in the system, and since density denotes the degree of integrity and tone of the tissues, color and density combined indicate the degree of—

- (a) Stamina and endurance;
- (b) Vital resistance to disease;
- (c) Recuperative power and response to treatment;
- (d) Expectancy of life.

We judge the quality of the constitution of an individual according to the absence or presence in the iris of the various hereditary and acquired taints, encumbrances and defects.

The life expectancy of an individual can be estimated

by the quality of his constitution as revealed in the iris. Frequently, however, individuals with frail constitutions carefully nurse their health and outlive those with vigorous constitutions who recklessly squander their vitality.

According to the showing in the iris of color, density and hereditary lesions, we distinguish four types of constitutions. The ideal, as before stated, we do not find in human beings. We therefore have not given it a place in the drawing (Fig. 6) which illustrates the four degrees of density.

Four Degrees of Density

(Fig. 6, p. 42)

Section 1. Good. We notice only a few straight, whitish lines. This iris is sometimes found in infants and young children, and in sailors and mountaineers.

Section 2. Common. The white lines are increased and more tangled. There are a few hereditary lesions and some dark lines indicating subacute, catarrhal conditions; also some nerve rings. Individuals exhibiting this degree of density may enjoy good health in the usual sense of the term.

Section 3. Poor. In this section white lines are more prominent and tangled. It contains several nerve rings. Signs of subacute and chronic conditions are more numerous. There are several closed defects. Individuals of this type are usually trying one "cure" after another.

Section 4. Very Poor. In this section signs of chronic and destructive chronic conditions predominate. The nerve rings are partially dark. Closed lesions as in Section 3. Prognosis not promising.

Hereditary and Congenital Lesions

The iris indicates abnormal heredity not only in a general way by darkened color and by defective density, but

also in a more definite way by portrayal of hereditary organic defects in the iris of the infant, as reproduced in Fig. 6, Sec. 2, p. 42. In this iris we notice in addition to the whitish lines of acute eliminative activity and nerve rings, signs of organic lesions in the form of ovoid or spindle form shadings. In this manner we have frequently seen weak organs and parts in parents indicated in the iris of the offspring.

My oldest son, born when I myself was in a very poor state of health, exhibited by these greyish signs or hereditary lesions almost every weak part in my own body. Thus the diagnosis from the iris of the eye assists in solving definitely one of the mooted questions of science—that of heredity. Orthodox science is decidedly uncertain and contradictory on the subject of heredity. All shades and grades of opinion prevail. Some authorities claim that there is nothing in heredity; others that weakened resistance only is hereditary; and still others maintain that organic weakness and defects of certain parts and organs may be transmitted to the offspring. That the latter are in the right is conclusively demonstrated by iridiagnosis.

Under natural management of Nature's acute eliminative efforts, such as skin eruptions, diarrheas, fevers, catarrhal conditions, etc., the signs of hereditary and congenital organic defects gradually disappear from the iris of the infant. Under adverse management, however, they deepen and darken into chronic signs.

The totality of these various hereditary, congenital, acute, chronic and destructive defects in the iris thus determine the degree of density and serve as a measure of the vitality and recuperative powers of the organism; for it stands to reason that the more seriously vital parts and organs are affected, the lower must be the recuperative power of the entire organism.

It now becomes clear what we meant by our words of solace to the dark eyed folk in the previous chapter. We see now that color alone does not determine the state of health, vitality or expectancy of life. Brown eyes by virtue of racial descent are normal and not indicative of disease.

A person dark eyed as a result of physical abnormality but with an iris of good or common density may enjoy much better health and have a much better expectancy of life than a blue eyed person with a density of the fourth grade, indicating serious catarrhal and destructive defects in vital parts and organs.

The question may be asked, "Is not this contradictory? You state that the color of the iris darkens with deterioration in health, and consequently people with defective iris density should always have dark colored eyes."

I would answer to this that under certain influences destruction of vital parts may proceed much faster than the darkening of the color, but the latter always to some extent accompanies the former.

Is it not a matter of common occurrence to see blue eyed athletes and prize-fighters endowed with magnificent physique and exuberant vitality fall victims to destructive wasting diseases in a few years' time under the influence of riotous living and destructive habits?

Color, density and hereditary defects together are, therefore, the indicators of hereditary, congenital and acquired tendencies toward health or disease.

The Signs of the Second, or Acute Inflammatory Stage of Encumbrance

(Fig. 14, p. 112, Series I, and Fig. 10, p. 95)

From the very commencement of individual life, Nature endeavors to purify the infant body of its hereditary dis-

ease taints and morbid encumbrances, through acute eliminative processes such as skin eruptions, purgings, acute catarrhal elimination in the form of coughs and mucous discharges from the nasal passages and other cavities of the body, and through various acute febrile diseases of childhood, such as measles, chickenpox, scarlet fever, etc.

The universality of these acute diseases of infancy indicates their hereditary origin. If these eliminative efforts of Nature are not suppressed but are encouraged through natural management and treatment, then the little body will purify itself in course of time from hereditary and acquired encumbrances. The length of time required to accomplish this depends upon the nature of the morbid encumbrances and upon the degree of vitality and power of reaction. It may continue from a few months to a few years, or in serious cases the final purifying and healing crises may not develop until the sixth—the first crisis year in the life of the child.

These eliminative processes show in the iris of the newborn infant and growing child in the form of a white star which proceeds from the pupil outward in all directions, especially in those organs where elimination is most active, as, for instance, in the digestive tract and respiratory organs. (Fig. 10, p. 95, John's case.)

The outer parts of the iris, outside of the white star, are usually of a dark violet, blackish blue or dark brown color, from which stands forth the white star around the pupil, which signifies acute forms of elimination, such as purging, skin eruptions, catarrhal discharges, febrile diseases, etc.

As the system becomes purified and more normal the iris will approach more and more to the normal light blue or light brown color, according to the racial descent of the individual. If, on the other hand, Nature's acute eliminative efforts are checked or suppressed by wrong

or, as we call it, unnatural treatment, then the iris assumes a still darker hue and condenses in the outer circumference, where the blue or brown borders on the white cornea, in a dark ring or wreath. This was called by the first Iridologists "the scurf rim", because it makes its appearance after the suppression of "milk scurf" and other forms of cutaneous elimination. The formation of the scurf rim marks the beginning of the third or chronic stage of encumbrance and will be described under that heading.

How the White Signs of Acute Inflammatory Lesions Are Formed in the Iris

As before stated, all acute inflammatory and febrile conditions of the body are portrayed in the iris by white lines, streaks and clouds. When the entire organism is in a feverish condition, the eyes present the whitish, glistening appearance commonly noticed in high fevers and in states of great mental or nervous strain. Such states of physical and mental excitement accelerate the circulation and produce in the affected parts congestion, swelling and pain.

Every acute inflammatory or febrile process is the result of a cleansing and healing effort of Nature. The white clouds in the eyes indicate where Nature's healing forces, the "*Vis Medicatrix Naturae*", are at work.

When acute inflammation runs its natural course through the five stages, then perfect absorption and reconstruction take place in the affected organ and the resulting condition is better than before the house cleaning. As the inflamed part or organ returns to normal, the white signs of inflammation disappear. (Fig. 14, p. 112, Series I, e.)

The white signs of acute inflammatory conditions are produced anatomically in the following manner:

Congestion in any organ or part of the body reflexly gives rise to similar vaso motor changes in the corresponding organ area in the iris. The congestion in the stroma of the affected area presses the top layers of the iris above the level of the surface. The nerve and muscle fibres thus protruding above the surface (being colorless) appear as white, wavy lines which when grouped closely together resemble white streaks or clouds. When the congestion and swelling in the middle layers of the iris subside the nerve and muscle fibres of the top layer fall back into their normal positions, and then the surface of the iris resumes its normal blue or brown appearance.

When, through injury or surgical treatment, muscular or other tissues have been torn, cut or broken crosswise, the corresponding lesions in the iris run diagonally or crosswise to the surface filaments of the iris, while lesions caused by internal inflammatory processes run parallel with the fibres of the iris. Lesions caused by various injuries are portrayed in Fig. 18 R, area 17, p. 216, and fig. 28 L, area 18, p. 232.

The Signs of Subacute Inflammation

(Fig. 14, Series II, page 112)

Suppose Nature's healing and cleansing efforts are checked or suppressed by various means, such as exposure to wet and cold, lowered vitality, nerve exhaustion, or by ice packs, drugs or surgical treatment, then the acute eliminative process enters upon the stages of subacute and chronic destruction of cells and tissues.

Let us take for example a case of acute catarrh of the bronchi and lungs which, under suppressive treatment, gradually enters upon the subacute and then upon the chronic stages of disease. All drugs which are usually the working principle in cough and catarrh remedies,

lower the fever and cure (?) the catarrh, because they are astringents, opiates and protoplasmic poisons; because they contract and throttle the secreting cells, benumb and kill the red corpuscles, paralyze the respiratory centers and heart action—in short, because they suppress Nature's acute healing efforts by lowering the vitality and paralyzing the vital functions. The pathological changes from the acute to the subacute stages are accompanied by atrophy and sloughing of cells and tissues, and these are portrayed in the iris by atrophy of structures in the corresponding organ areas. This produces the grey and dark shades of "subacute lesions".

The Signs of the Third and Fourth Stages of Encumbrance

(Fig. 14, page 112, Series III)

When by suppressive treatment above described, the secreting cells of the bronchi are hindered in their labors, the elimination of mucous and pus is suppressed and the debris resulting from Nature's purifying processes is retained in the cells and tissues of the lungs, drug poisons are added to the disease poisons and these morbid accumulations become a source of continuous irritation. While the previous (acute) violent coughing and expectoration has subsided, there is now a low, hacking cough; mucus accumulates in the bronchi during the night and is evacuated in the morning with great effort. Retention of morbid matter and lowered vitality gradually cause decay and destruction of lung tissue. These degenerative processes repeat themselves in slightly modified degrees in all chronic destructive diseases affecting other parts and organs.

Simultaneously with this destruction of tissue in the lungs, similar changes take place in the corresponding areas of the iris. In these fields of the iris the tissues lose

their vitality, dry, shrivel and turn dark. As a result of this the white clouds of acute inflammatory lesions become intermingled with dark shades and streaks, as represented in Fig. 14, Series III. When examined with a strong magnifying glass it will be noticed that these dark areas are more or less depressed. In the advanced stages of destruction they deepen into holes, sometimes down to the black pigment layer.

Closed Lesions

(Fig. 14, Series III, c and f, Series II, g, page 112)

If, under the adverse circumstances above described, Nature still succeeds, in an imperfect way, in healing the defects of the lungs or any other part of the body by the formation of scar tissue, the dark signs in the iris become circumscribed by and interwoven with white lines. The more perfect the healing, the more white lines are interwoven with the dark and the more solid the white enclosures.

These closed lesions correspond to the scar tissue in the body. At best they indicate weak spots in the system, which under certain provocations may at any time again open and become acute, subacute or chronic lesions.

The Signs of the Fourth or Chronic Destructive Stage of Disease

(Fig. 14, Series IV, p. 112)

The last destructive stages of disease are marked by increasing atrophy and destruction of cells and tissues. When these degenerative changes take place in vital organs the chances of recovery become more and more precarious. In the iris the dark shadings of the subacute and chronic stages become more intensified and change

into black shades or spots. Caverns in the lungs, for instance, appear frequently as small black dots in the lung areas of the iris (Fig. 27, area 9, left).

The Signs in the Iris of Acute, Subacute and Chronic Disease Processes

(Fig. 14, page 112)

Series 1 represents the signs of acute inflammatory processes in various stages and degrees of intensity. Acute disease in the stages of greatest intensity—aggravation and destruction—shows in the corresponding organ areas as represented in Figures a, d and f. As the inflammatory process declines under natural treatment during the stages of absorption and reconstruction, the protruding fibres which cause the white signs fall back into their normal positions (page 49) and the white lines or clouds gradually disappear, as presented in Figures g, e and b.

Figure c is a closed lesion in process of formation. We observe such lesions after pneumonia, pleurisy, nephritis or any other acute disease has been suppressed by ice or drugs. They stand for scar tissue. Under adverse conditions they may become acute again in a destructive way. Under natural living and treatment they may become acute (in healing crises) in a constructive way. Closed lesions of long standing and of a chronic nature show as represented in Series II Fig. g, and Series III Figs. c and f.

The Figures in **Series II** represent inflammatory processes in the subacute stages. These are transitory between the acute and chronic stages, as explained on page 49. Disease in the subacute stage yields readily to natural methods of living and of treatment. The figures from a to f portray lesions of increasing severity.

The Figures in **Series III** represent the signs of chronic catarrhal conditions. The preponderance of black over

the white indicates increasing destruction and sloughing of tissues.

The Figures a, b, d and e of **Series IV** represent the chronic inflammatory processes in the last destructive stages, entailing loss of substance. We meet with such signs only in people endowed with exceptionally robust constitutions. Most chronic patients succumb when the disease reaches the stages represented by the lesions shown in Series III.

Figures c and f in **Series IV** are signs of cancer in the last stage. Sign f showed very plainly in the iris of a woman dying with cancer of the stomach. The black spot was located near the pupil. The white streamers extended to the margin of the iris.

We found lesion c in the intestinal area of a patient suffering from cancer in the transverse colon.

The Lymphatic Rosary

(Color Plate, Fig. c, page 116, also Fig. 13, page 100, and Fig. 22, page 223)

One of the most interesting signs of the third and fourth stages of disease is the lymphatic or typhoid rosary. I have given it this name because the sign appears in the form of white flakes in the outer rim of the iris, resembling the beads of a rosary. This circular area is marked on the chart of the iris "Lymphatic system" (see chart—frontispiece). Wherever the white flakes appear in this area they indicate inflammation and an engorged condition of the lymph nodes in the corresponding parts of the lymphatic system or, in the later stages, an atrophic condition of the lymphatic glands. Frequently we find the flakes discolored with the characteristic pigments of drug poisons.

Distinction Between Lymphatic Rosary and the Sign of Arsenic

The lymphatic rosary is not, as Liljequist says, the sign of arsenic, but since arsenic has a special affinity for the spleen and lymphatic system, the engorged condition of the lymph nodes and atrophy of the lymphatic glands may be and undoubtedly is in many cases the result of arsenical poisoning. The poison itself shows in white flakes resembling the beaten white of egg or snow flakes in the outer margin of the iris, therefore they may be easily mistaken for the lymphatic rosary (color plate, fig. b, p. 116). The latter, however, appears only in the outermost rim of the iris, just inside of the scurf rim, in orderly arrangement like the beads of a rosary, while the white flakes of arsenic may appear singly or in irregular groups anywhere in the outer half of the iris.

We speak of the "typhoid" rosary because in many instances we find the sign in the eyes of people who have suffered from typhoid fever, which on account of suppressive treatment by drugs or ice was not allowed to run its natural course and left the glandular structures of the intestines and of the system in general in a more or less engorged and atrophic condition. This explains why we find the typhoid rosary usually associated with pronounced malassimilation, malnutrition and with the last stages of destructive, wasting diseases. Such patients never fully recover from the effects of the disease and only too often drift into tuberculosis, pernicious anemia or other slow but fatal wasting diseases. When under natural treatment the inflammation in the intestines runs its natural course, and when during the last stages of inflammation sufficient time is allowed for the reconstruction of the intestinal membranes and glandular structures, recovery

is rapid and complete and the typhoid rosary does not appear in the iris.

We find the rosary usually in the lower parts of the iris and as high up as the areas of lungs and neck (Figs. 13 and 22), less frequently in the fields of the sensory organs or in the brain region.

Radii Solaris

These signs in the iris must not be mistaken for lesions. They are straight brown or black lines tapering to a fine point, radiating from the pupil or the sympathetic wreath to the outer margin of the iris. We find them most frequently in brown eyes, only rarely in the blue. They are probably formed by a massing of dark color pigment on the surface of the iris. Iridologists have not been able to attach any special importance to these interesting signs. I have found in many instances that they disappeared with general improvement and the clearing up of the brown color of the iris. Radii solaris are visible in Fig. 6, Sections 3 and 4, p. 42. They are very plain in Fig. 9, p. 75, and Fig. 10, p. 95.

In this connection it may be well to call attention to other conditions in the iris which might be mistaken for signs of lesions. In brown eyes, sometimes the blue underground shows in places through the brown surface. This indicates a good condition of the corresponding organs. In other instances the underlying blue or light brown shows dark in contrast with surrounding light or yellowish discolorations, and may thus be mistaken for dark lesions.

CHAPTER VI

NERVE RINGS

(Figs. 7, p. 57, and 25, p. 226. Color plate, c-d-e-f, page 116)

In addition to the white signs, Nature also portrays acute healing activity by white nerve rings and by the appearance of the white sympathetic wreath.

Nerve rings are concentric rings shown in Fig. 7. They look in the iris as though they had been drawn with a white pencil.

According to anatomists who have made a special study of the structure of the iris, these rings originate in the following manner: "During the dilation of the pupil the anterior layers of the iris are disposed in folds, the depressions between which constitute the so called 'contraction grooves or furrows'. These grooves are deepened when the iris narrows and are almost entirely obliterated by being smoothed out as the iris broadens (pupil contracts)." Fig. 8 (B-B), p. 66, shows the contraction grooves as portrayed in standard works on anatomy.

While it may be true, as anatomy claims, that the grooves in the iris are caused by mechanical contractions and dilations of the iris curtain, we claim **that these fluctuations in the size of the pupil are also brought about by an over irritated nervous system, by pain, emotional states, etc. This explains why nerve rings appear and disappear in the iris in strict correspondence with pathological conditions in the nervous system.** At first they appear white (acute) on account of the fact that all pathological changes occur first in the acute form. (Color plate, e.)

White nerve rings indicate an irritated, over stimulated condition of the central nervous system or of certain parts of it. If they show in certain confined parts or organs only, they often indicate the approach or present activity of healing crises. When they appear in the brain region they indicate a disturbed, irritated or over stimulated condition of brain matter. This is usually accompanied by a nervous mental condition and insomnia. (Fig. 26.)

This nerve irritation, when long continued, produces a

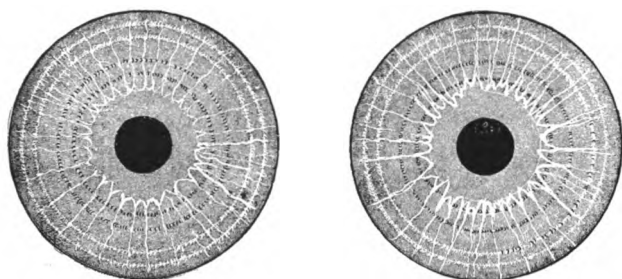


Fig. 7. Concentric Nerve Rings.

benumbed, semi-paralyzed condition of the nerves. These progressive atrophic conditions are portrayed in the iris by a gradual darkening and final blackening of the nerve rings. (Fig. 6, Secs. 3-4. Color plate, f, page 116.)

When the nerve rings appear dark grey or black it means that the corresponding portions of the nervous system have passed from the acute, over irritated condition to the atonic or semi-atrophic.

To illustrate—white nerve rings in bronchi and lungs might indicate acute bronchitis or pneumonia. White nerve rings in the brain might indicate hyperactivity, great irritability, hysteria and insomnia through irritation by systemic or drug poisons or by mental or emotional irritation. Black nerve rings in the same area would in-

dicating a benumbed or semi-paralyzed condition of brain matter, characterized by great weakness and prostration, loss of memory, numbness and partial paralysis of nervous and mental functions.

It is most interesting to observe the gradual change of the black nerve rings into white, and in time the entire disappearance of the white rings under natural methods of living and treatment. I have seen the black nerve rings in the iris of many people afflicted with chronic in-



Fig. 7a. The Zones as Determined by the Five Nerve Rings, the Sympathetic Wreath and the Division Between Stomach and Intestine.

somnia or with serious mental diseases. As such cases yielded to natural treatment the black nerve rings always changed into white and finally disappeared entirely from the brain region.

The Seven Zones of the Iris

Iridologists so far have, in the worst cases of nerve derangement, discovered only four fully developed nerve rings. (Fig. 7, p. 57)

These four nerve rings, from the pupil outward, form five consecutive zones.

Imagine the iris divided lengthwise and the nerve rings straightened out and you will have the five zones as in zone therapy for each half of the body.

If we count the areas of stomach and bowels as one zone each, and add them to the five outer zones, then we have again the mystical number seven. Furthermore we find that the various organs center in one or several of these zones; thus the stomach is located in the first zone when we count from the pupil outward, the intestines in the second zone, the pancreas, kidneys and heart in the third zone, the respiratory organs in the fourth zone, and so forth, as outlined in Fig. 7a, p. 58.

Sympathetic Wreath

(See Chart and Fig. 8, p. 66, fig. 11, p. 96, fig. 27, p. 231)

According to Jackson's Anatomy, "the surface radial ridges coming from the edge of the pupil and those radiating from the periphery of the iris, meet in a zig-zag elevated ridge concentric with the pupil called the 'corona irides'." (Fig. 8-D, page 66)

This elevated ridge is identical with the area of the sympathetic nervous system in the iris.

"Since these ridges correspond to the situation of the blood vessels of the stroma, the corona irides represents the location of the minor circle" (of blood vessels). (Fig. 3, page 19)

From the Nature Cure viewpoint, the manifestations of disease occur as vasomotor changes, which are controlled by the sympathetic nervous system. This explains why the blood vessels in the iris and the "sympathetic wreath" are identical in location.

Since the sympathetic wreath forms the outer boundary of the intestinal zone, its widening and branching corresponds to a flabby, flaccid, atonic, dilated condition of the intestines. Such a relaxed condition of the intestines results in constipation due to the fact that the musculature of the intestinal walls is too weak to contract on and to

propel the food residue (enfeebled peristalsis). (Fig. 19, p. 218)

From this it is plain that in such a condition enemas are particularly contra-indicated, because the habitual injection of warm water still further dilates the already weakened intestinal walls. The indicated spinal manipulation (aside from correcting specific lesions) is to treat the reflex center in the spine which **contracts** the intestines—i. e., the second lumbar.

On the other hand, a small, narrowed sympathetic wreath signifies a correspondingly spastic, over irritation of the intestines. This brings about spastic constipation with straining at the stool. The indicated spinal treatment in such a case is diametrically opposed to the treatment for the relaxed condition, i. e., stimulate the center (the eleventh dorsal), which **dilates** the intestinal musculature.

Osteopaths, chiropractors and naprapaths are sometimes at a loss to account for the fact that in some cases of constipation the patient may immediately respond to adjustment, whereas in other cases the patient apparently gets worse until the spinal lesion has been corrected.

To illustrate: Suppose in a case of flaccid constipation where the iris shows a widened sympathetic wreath and the physical examination a distended condition of the bowels with gas formation, the spinal lesion happens to be at the second lumbar (the reflex from which center contracts the intestines), adjustment will not only tend to correct the mechanical lesion but will also elicit nerve reflexes which contract the distended bowel wall. In such cases improvement is noticed long before the spinal lesion is corrected.

To illustrate the opposite condition: A patient with spastic constipation has a spinal lesion in the second lumbar. In this case adjustments on account of the reflexes of

contraction which they elicit **will temporarily aggravate the condition**—spastic constipation—until the lesion is corrected.

In order to prevent these temporary aggravations, adjustments in this case should be followed by treatment of the eleventh dorsal so as to dilate the intestines.

We find the contracted sympathetic wreath and "pin-head" pupil in many types of paralysis, while the distended, highly mobile pupil is indicative of nervous irritation and hyper-sensitiveness, as caused, for instance, by intestinal parasites in children.

The Significance of Black and White in the Eye

Symbolism has always identified white with the constructive principle in Nature and black with the destructive principle. White are the angels of light, black the demons of darkness. White is the emblem of youth, joy, peace and happiness; black symbolizes old age, war, death, destruction and mourning.

In her picture language in the iris, Nature confirms and upholds humanity's instinctive perceptions. She paints all constructive processes in white and destructive processes in black. In this way she confirms the fundamental law of cure—all acute conditions are the result of Nature's healing efforts.

White Signs the Heralds of Healing Crises

When chronic and destructive processes in the body have painted in the iris the dark shades and black signs of destruction or of loss of substance and the patient has been "given up" by allopathic practitioners as incurable, when as a last resort he has adopted natural methods of healing and is approaching the crisis periods,—then the white signs of acute activity in the dark regions of the iris are as welcome to the sight of the natural therapist

as the white flag of surrender on the fortress wall to the besieging army.

Thus the white signs in the iris, as well as the white nerve rings, are not only indicators of acute disease but in chronic cases they become the heralds of approaching healing crises.

Hippocrates, the father of medicine, said 2,000 years ago that it was "the duty of the physician to foresee these changes, to assist or not to hinder them," so that "the sick man might conquer the disease with the help of the physician". The times at which crises were to be expected were naturally looked for with anxiety; and it was a cardinal point in the Hippocratic system to foretell them with precision. With the limited knowledge of diagnostic science at the command of the disciples of Hippocrates this was an exceedingly difficult task.

Iridiagnosis not only proves the truth of the teachings of the great master of medicine, but also makes it comparatively easy to carry out his injunction, to foretell and describe the coming healing crises.

The manager of a great sanitarium in this country, scouting the idea of healing crises, says in one of his works that some "tyros" in the art of healing say a great deal about healing crises, but that the violent reactions which they produce are merely the results of harsh treatment.

I have treated and cured many patients who were discharged from this and other sanitariums during the first six weeks of improvement because the doctors in such institutions were under the mistaken impression that the first improvement was a cure, but in many instances these "cured" ones hardly reached home when healing crises made their appearance. Not understanding the meaning of these reactions, the patients were frightened back to the "flesh-pots of Egypt" and to the pills of Dr. Dopem.

I have found that others who remained in these insti-

tutions during the first improvement until the crisis period, not having been instructed or warned about the significance of these natural reactions, became greatly alarmed, packed their trunks and secretly left for home, believing more firmly than ever in the efficacy of drugs and the surgeon's knife. The following may serve as a typical example.

Some time ago an elderly woman visited a lodge sister, who was under our care and treatment. The visitor kindly volunteered the information that she had undergone "this kind of treatment, but that it had done her no good". When questioned about her experience she said that for many years she had suffered with "bowel trouble" and that her family physician had recommended an operation for appendicitis. Dreading the operation, she went instead to a renowned sanitarium supposed to be working along natural lines of healing. For a few months her improvement was remarkable, but then all at once the old pains and inflammations returned. She concluded that the "drugless treatment" was not the thing for her, returned to Chicago and at once had the offending appendix removed.

"Since that time," she added defiantly, "it has never troubled me any more."

Looking at her enlarged finger joints, I remarked: "Since the operation you have been badly constipated."

"Yes, that is so."

"Since that time you have also suffered a great deal with rheumatism." This she also confirmed.

I endeavored to explain to her that the removal of the appendix simply aggravated chronic constipation; that this in turn was the cause of rheumatism; that it would have been better for her if she had stayed in the sanitarium, weathered the crises and had then been cured permanently of her intestinal ailments. This would have

meant restoration of perfect function, normal action of the bowels and kidneys, and freedom from rheumatism.

These suggestions she vehemently resented. She knew her appendix was "cured" and the rheumatism had nothing to do with it. Her doctor had told her "the rheumatiz was caused by the damp Chicago climate".

An old proverb says, "Against stupidity even the gods battle in vain." I left her to enjoy in peace her chronic constipation and her "rheumatiz".

If the doctors in the great sanitarium had understood the laws of crises, they could have saved, in this one as well as in many other cases, the reputation of their institution and of natural treatment—as well as the appendix of the patient; and they could have spared her a great deal of chronic suffering.

It would have been impossible for me to hold one half of my chronic patients through the trying times of acute reaction if I had not been able, from the records in the iris, to foretell and to describe the future healing crises.

CHAPTER VII

THE SCURF RIM

(Fig. 8, page 66; fig. 18, page 216)

The name Scurf Rim was applied by the first Iridologists to the dark ring often visible in the outer iris of the eye, because it usually appears and is always intensified after suppression of milk crust, scurf, sycotic and other eczematous eruptions on the heads and bodies of infants and children.

The outer rim of the iris, where the iris color joins the white of the eyeball (sclera) corresponds in the body to the cutaneous surface, the skin. If the skin is normal, healthy and active, the rim of the iris shows no abnormal discolorations. If, however, the skin is weak, enervated, atonic, or in anemic and atrophic condition, there appears in the rim of the iris the dark scurf ring. Sometimes this dark ring is complete all around the iris (Fig. 18, p. 216), sometimes it appears only in certain portions or segments of it. (Fig. 9, p. 75)

Suppression of skin eruptions, mercurial inunctions, hot bathing, steam baths, heavy, dense clothing, coddling, or anything else which weakens skin action, tends to intensify the scurf rim.

Hereditary disease, as we have learned in former articles, is indicated in the iris of infants by a general darkening of color. Sometimes, however, in the offspring of scrofulous, psoric or mercurial parents the scurf rim also is, shortly after birth, more or less distinctly visible.

Nature endeavors to purify the tender, plastic body of

its hereditary taints and acquired morbid encumbrances, not only through the natural channels of elimination, but also by the various forms of acute infantile diseases, such as diarrheas, skin eruptions, colds, catarrhs, febrile diseases, etc.

Nature's favorite means of purifying the infant organism are skin eruptions on head and body. If these are

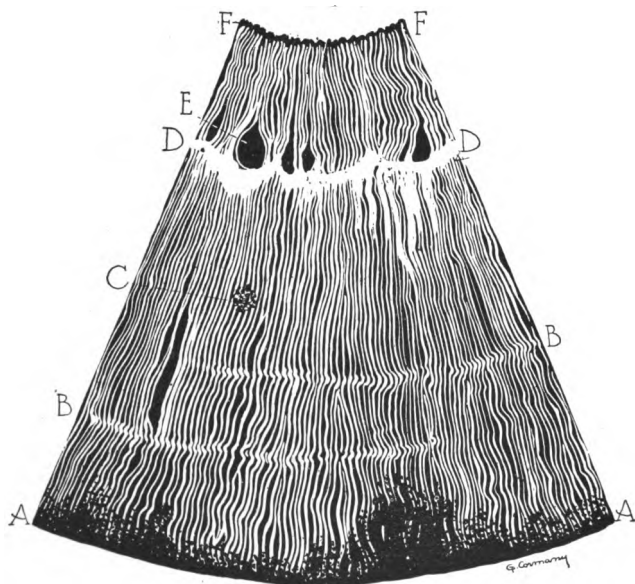


Fig. 8. Section of Iris.

suppressed by salves, drugs, drying powders, oils, creams, soaps, warm bathing, warm, dense clothing, and coddling, the scurf rim appears, or, if already present, becomes more prominent, indicating that skin action has been weakened and paralyzed by such unnatural treatment. (Fig. 18.)

It would probably be going too far to attribute the scurf rim always to suppression. As before intimated, the dark

rim may be the sign of a weak and inactive skin not virile enough to produce eruptions. Such an individual, however, has but few chances to survive in the battle of life, and usually succumbs to the first serious disease crisis.

On the other hand, it is very interesting to observe how the scurf rim diminishes and gradually disappears when, under influence of natural diet, air, sun and light baths, cold water treatment, massage, neurotherapy, etc., the cuticle becomes alive and active, and through skin eruptions, furuncles, carbuncles, etc., throws off the latent chronic taints.

The scurf rim is, therefore, a reliable indicator of the normal or abnormal condition of the skin. This becomes of eminent importance in diagnosis and prognosis when we consider how necessary is normal activity of the skin to the maintenance of health and to life itself.

This is due to the fact that the skin, besides containing the superficial organs of touch, has two very important functions—heat radiation and excretion. Our temperature constantly stands near 99 degrees F., no matter whether we are at the equator or in the polar regions; whether we swelter in the heat of summer or shiver in the cold of winter. Deviations of a few degrees either way from the normal heat are symptoms of severe illness. The body is able to maintain this equality of temperature only by the instrumentality of the lungs and of the skin. If the skin is clogged, sluggish, tense or atrophied, then inner blood pressure and temperature rise too high. If the skin is too weak or relaxed, then the loss by radiation is too great and as a consequence inner blood pressure and temperature sink too low. If heat radiation is interfered with, as in high fevers, through uric acid or pathogen poisoning, or through atrophy and clogging of the skin, there results in the interior organs a tendency to

congestion, high blood pressure, catarrhal, feverish and inflammatory conditions, which may cause coma and death.

It will be of interest here to study the elimination of morbid matter from the human body as it takes place through the organs of depuration. The principal waste product of carbohydrate metabolism is CO_2 —carbon-dioxide; of protein metabolism, $\text{CO}(\text{NH}_2)_2$ —urea. Imperfect oxidation of carbohydrates and protein matter may result in the formation of many kinds of acids and ptomains. These must be neutralized and eliminated in the form of salts. **The various organs eliminate normally only the following waste products:**

Kidneys	Lungs	Skin	Bowels
NaCO_3 Large amounts of urea, salts, water.	Large amounts of CO_2 . Trace of salts. Variable amounts of water. No urea.	Small amounts of CO_2 . No urea. Considerable amounts of salts—one-third of amount of salts eliminated through the kidneys. Considerable amounts of water.	Indigestible and undigested foods, and other waste and morbid products. The latter particularly through the various forms of diarrhea.

When the system is in an abnormal or diseased condition, encumbered with large amounts of waste and morbid matter, then the excretory organs will eliminate many other kinds of waste and morbid materials besides the normal products of excretion mentioned in the foregoing diagram—as, for instance, uric acid and indican in the urine, etc.

It will be noticed that, normally, the various excretory

products are few and simple in form. **It is the function of micro-organisms, including microzyma, bacteria and parasites, to reduce the highly complex acids, ptomaines, leukomains and xanthins of normal and abnormal metabolism into simple compounds suitable for elimination through the excretory organs.**

In this connection I refer the reader to the pathogenic theory of inflammation, Volume I, Chapter IX, according to which inflammation is an effort of Nature to reduce or oxidize through bacterial action highly complex albuminous waste (pathogen) into simpler forms more easily eliminated.

The healthy skin excretes considerable amounts of carbon dioxide and numerous other systemic poisons in the forms of gases and salts. It does, therefore, a large amount of vicarious work for lungs and kidneys. If the action of the skin is inhibited by sudden chilling, pathogenic obstruction or by other enervating, paralyzing influences, then the internal organs of elimination, in addition to their own, have to do the work of the skin and become congested and overworked, a condition which results in acute catarrhal elimination. That is, the internal membranous linings endeavor to eliminate the pathogenic materials in the form of mucous excretion. But the most important function of the skin, on which depends life itself, is that of heat radiation in connection with the heat regulating centers in the medulla and probably in the pituitary gland.

If by burns, scalds or by other causes one fourth of the cutaneous surface has become inactive or is destroyed, death is the inevitable result.

We can now understand why the scurf rim, in a measure, stands for what we call the scrofulous constitution because it betokens an inactive, weakened skin system, suppression of hereditary taints, weakened circulation, pathogenic encumbrances, cold extremities, pale, clammy

skin and therefore a tendency to chronic catarrhal conditions, all of which prepare the congenial soil for tuberculosis in later life.

This brings out in full relief the immense importance in the cure of diseases of the nude air, sun and light baths, cold water treatment, massage, neurotherapy, of porous or no underwear, light clothing, nude sleeping, out of door sleeping, etc.

Heavy, dense clothing alone is sufficient to enervate and suppress the natural eliminative activity of the skin, because it prevents free ventilation and keeps the body bathed day and night in its own poisonous exhalations. This causes and aggravates a multitude of catarrhal ailments and acid diseases.

Often we hear remarks like the following: "I cannot understand why my face is full of blotches, pimples and eruptions when my body is perfectly pure and clean."

There is no mystery to this very common phenomenon. The face in such cases has to do the work for the rest of the cutaneous surface because coming in contact with light, air, rain and cold, the face is covered by the only piece of skin on the body that is healthy and capable of active elimination.

If these blemished ones would expose their bodies as freely as their hands and face to the health-giving, stimulating influences of air, light and water, elimination would become normal and general all over the body, and the complexion would soon clear up and become as pure and beautiful as that of a child. This we constantly prove in our work. **Nature Cure is therefore the best and most rational of all cosmetics.**

As explained in a previous chapter on density—dark discolorations, signs and spots stand for lack of blood, sluggish circulation, chronic catarrhal conditions and destruction of tissues in the corresponding parts and organs

of the body; therefore the dark scurf rim is the sign of an enervated, vitiated skin, of poor surface circulation and of defective elimination.

Anatomists have observed the scurf rim and attribute it to a weak, relaxed and shrivelled condition of the outer rim of the iris and to actual perforations of the surface layer, but they fail to give the causes of this abnormal condition. Fig. 8, page 66, is copied from a standard work on anatomy. It shows the scurf rim (A), nerve rings (contraction grooves) (B), itch spots (C), sympathetic wreath (D) and chronic destructive lesions (E).

Pathogen and Skin Action

The question may be asked, how is it that persons without a scurf rim often suffer from defective skin action?

In my explanations of pathogen obstruction in the capillary circulation I have brought out the fact that elimination through the skin may be diminished and checked by precipitation of uric acid or pathogen in the surface capillaries, the result of which in extreme cases would be complete cessation of elimination through the skin, and cessation of heat radiation.

Weakening or suppression of the surface circulation by uric acid deposits in the capillaries (collema) may occur in people with otherwise good skin action as a result of faulty diet or disease of the kidneys. The degree of colloid or pathogen precipitation in the surface blood vessels may be accurately determined in the following manner by the reflux test:

Press a finger tip on the skin. If the white patch thus produced fills up with blood immediately, say in three or four half-seconds, then the circulation is active and normal. If, however, the reflux of blood into the white patch occupies from four to twenty half-seconds, then the circulation is impeded by colloid or mucoid precipitates.

The degree of occlusion can be estimated by the length of the reflux.

How to Efface the Scurf Rim

Massing of the scurf rim in certain segments of the outer iris is always a sign of weakness and morbid encumbrance in the corresponding part of the body. If the scurf rim is very marked in the lower half of the iris and if the upper part, especially in the region of the brain, shows the whitish signs and clouds of inflammatory conditions, this is an indication that the circulation in the cutaneous surface and in the extremities is weak and sluggish and that as a consequence the inner blood pressure, especially in heart, lungs and brain, is abnormally high. (Fig. 13, page 100)

This may mean cold extremities, sluggish circulation in the portal system (stomach, bowels, liver and spleen), swollen veins on the legs, hemorrhoids, neuralgias, toothaches, colds, and catarrhs of the throat, lung and nose, and high blood pressure or congestion in the heart, lungs and brain.

From this it is apparent that in order to cure these various ills it is necessary to re-establish the normal activity of the skin, and this is best accomplished by the nude air baths, cold water baths, light, porous or no underwear, massage, neurotherapy and by a low protein diet free from pathogenic materials.

"But," I hear you say, "I cannot stand cold water. I might just as well die. Mr. So-and-So may stand it, but it would certainly kill me. Unless I wear the warmest of clothing I freeze to death." Not so, Madam! Keeping warm is not a matter of piling on clothes, but of good skin action and reaction. We cannot make a weak arm strong by carrying it tied up in a sling. We must exercise it. We cannot make a weak, enervated skin strong and active

by coddling it and by burying it under piles of dense, heavy underwear and clothes. People come to us in the middle of summer wearing one or two thick suits of underwear, and then are shivering and catching cold in every passing breath of air.

A few weeks of cold water treatment, light, sun and air baths, massage and neurotherapy bring new life and blood into the surface, and the skin takes on the pink and rosy hue of life. Snakelike, these patients shed skin after skin of underwear, chest protectors, woolen stockings, gloves, overcoats, and the dead surface cuticle of their bodies, and then begin to enjoy contact with the life-giving elements. Like the Indian they can say, "My body all face." The cuticle of their bodies has become as active, alive and immune to heat and cold as that of their faces.

Many patients who came to us in such a weakened, sensitive condition are now taking regularly every day in the crisp January and February air nude air baths. They do this not because we advise them to do so, for we refrain from prescribing such heroic treatment, but because they enjoy the sport.

Regeneration of the skin under a natural regimen is accompanied by gradual decrease and often by a complete disappearance of the scurf rim. When the skin becomes active and alive, fine white lines become visible in the dark rim and these broaden out gradually into light patches.

Since the scurf rim usually results from suppressive treatment and weakening, enervating influences which produce chronic conditions, it belongs as a sign in the iris to the third stage of encumbrance.

CHAPTER VIII

ITCH OR PSORA SPOTS IN THE IRIS

(Fig. 9, p. 75, Color plate, a and b, page 116)

In civilized countries, especially in those bordering on the Mediterranean Sea, where suppression of itch and other skin eruptions is commonly practiced, about ten per cent of all eyes show in the iris sharply defined dark brown spots ranging in size from that of a pinhead to that of a buckshot. (Fig. 8, also Fig. 9, and Color plate, a) These spots Iridology designates as itch or psora spots, because they appear after the suppression of itchy eruptions or eczemata and of psoric parasites (pediculi capitis and pubis).

I have observed in many instances that suppression of psoric eruptions resulted in formation or enlargement of the scurf rim instead of in the appearance of itch spots. This is probably due to the weakening of the skin by suppressive agents, such as mercurial or other poisonous salves, etc.

The word "psora" was adopted by Hahnemann, the father of Homeopathy, from a Greek word signifying "itching", and he applied the name to certain skin diseases which are characterized by intolerable itching.

Probably no other question in medical science has given rise to so much controversy as Hahnemann's much disputed theory of psora. It is therefore very interesting to observe in how far the eye confirms this theory of hereditary and chronic disease and in how far it contradicts the same.

The Theory of Psora

For one hundred years "*Similia similibus curantur*", the fundamental law of homeopathy, has been the only fixed point in the chaos of constantly changing medical theories, and in a perverted form under the guise of vaccination, antitoxin, serum and organ therapy, this great law of cure has been adopted even by the allopathic school of medicine.

Comparatively few of his closest friends and followers accepted Hahnemann's theory of psora. This part of his

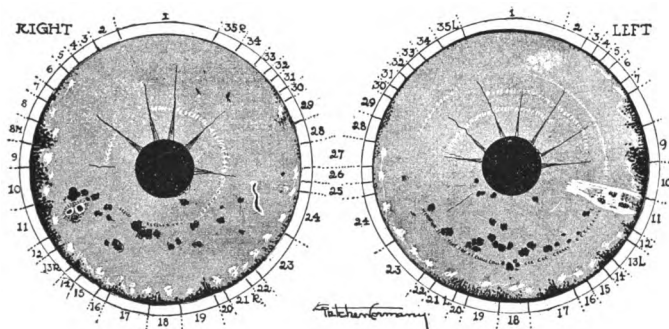


Fig. 9.

teachings was unmercifully ridiculed by his opponents and silently ignored even by those who were believers in and exponents of the law of "*Similia*".

Briefly stated, the psoric theory claims that age long persistent suppression of itchy, parasitic skin eruptions and of gonorrheal and syphilitic diseases has encumbered "civilized" humanity with three well defined hereditary taints or miasms. These were named by Hahnemann psora or itch, sycosis or gonorrhea, and syphilis. He further claimed that the greater part of chronic diseases had their origin in these hereditary miasms and that many acute diseases are merely external palliative manifestations of these internal latent, chronic taints.

Scurf Rim and Hereditary Psora

(Fig. 8A, page 66, scurf rim)

(Fig. 8C, psora or itch spots)

Darkening of the iris color and the scurf rim stand for those conditions which Hahnemann called "hereditary psora" and which are usually spoken of as hereditary scrofula. The name psora covers also those disease conditions which result later in life from the suppression of itchy eczema, hives, shingles, scabies (itch) and of other psoric parasites. The itch or psora spots are never seen in the eyes of the new born, but only later in life when psoric eruptions and parasites have been suppressed by means of sulphur, zinc or mercurial ointments, by hot water, steam or hot air bathing, or by any other agent or combination of methods.

To recapitulate: Darkening of the iris color and scurf rim stand for the long list of hereditary ailments which Hahnemann calls hereditary psora, commonly known as "scrofulous diathesis". The dark brown itch or psora spots and the scurf rim stand for the effects of suppressed itch and psoric parasites. I have observed that blue eyed parents suffering from suppressed itch, as shown by the itch spots in their eyes, usually have brown eyed or "scurf rimmed" children. These revelations of the iris confirm Hahnemann's statement that suppression of acute itch or scabies creates hereditary psora and chronic constitutional psora in the offspring.

Before we proceed in our study of the itch spots in the eye it will be instructive and interesting to quote a few passages from Hahnemann's "Chronic Diseases" and to learn just what he means by psora and suppression of psora. Our esteem and admiration for this wonderful man will be greatly increased when we reflect that he discovered, by keenness of intuition and by marvelous powers

of concentration and observation, what we today see so easily and plainly revealed by iridiagnosis.

QUOTATIONS FROM HAHNEMANN'S "CHRONIC DISEASES"

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"Thus this eruption, externally reduced in cultivated countries to a common itch, could be much more easily removed from the skin through various means, so that with the medical external treatment since introduced, especially in the middle and higher classes, through baths, washes and ointments of sulphur and lead, and by preparations of copper, zinc and mercury, the external manifestations of *Psora* on the skin were often so quickly suppressed, and are so now, that in most cases, either of children or of grown persons, the history of itch infection may remain undiscovered.

"But the state of mankind was not improved thereby; in many respects it grew far worse. For, although in ancient times the eruption of *Psora* appearing as leprosy was very troublesome to those suffering from it, owing to the lancinating pains in and the violent itching all around the tumors and scabs, the rest of the body enjoyed a fair share of general health. This was owing to the obstinately persistent eruption on the skin, which served as a substitute for the internal *Psora*.

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PSORA has thus become the *most infectious* and *most general* of all the chronic miasmas. For the miasm has usually been communicated to others before the one from whom it emanates has asked for or received any external repressive remedy against his itching eruption (lead-water, ointment of the white precipitate of mercury), and without confessing that he had an eruption of itch, often even without knowing it himself; yea, without even the physician's or surgeon's knowing the exact nature of the eruption, which has been repressed by the lotion of lead, etc. . . .

"Mankind, therefore, is worse off from the change in the external form of the *Psora*—from leprosy down to the eruption of itch—not only because this is less visible and more secret and therefore more frequently infectious, but also especially because the *Psora*, now mitigated externally into a mere itch and on that account more generally spread, nevertheless still retains unchanged its original dreadful nature. Now, after being more easily repressed, the disease grows all the more unperceived within, and so, in the last

three centuries, after the destruction of its chief symptom (the external skin eruption) it plays the sad rôle of causing innumerable secondary symptoms, i. e., it originates a legion of chronic diseases, the source of which physicians neither surmise nor unravel.

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"So great a flood of numberless nervous troubles, painful ailments, spasms, ulcers (cancers), adventitious formations, dyscrasias, paralyses, consumptions and crippings of soul, mind and body were never seen in ancient times when the *Psora* mostly confined itself to its dreadful cutaneous symptom, leprosy. Only during the last few centuries has mankind been flooded with these infirmities, owing to the causes just mentioned.

"It was thus that PSORA became the *most universal* mother of chronic diseases.

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"It is incredible to what an extent modern physicians of the common school have sinned against the welfare of humanity, since, with scarcely an exception, teachers of medicine and the more prominent modern physicians and medical writers have laid down the rule and taught it as an infallible theorem that: 'Every eruption of itch is merely a local ailment of the skin, in which ailment the remaining organism takes no part at all, so that it may and must be driven away from the skin at any time and without any scruple, through local applications of sulphur ointment or of the yet more active ointment of Jasser, through sulphur fumigations, by solutions of lead and zinc, but most quickly by the precipitates of mercury. If the eruption is once removed from the skin everything is well and the person is restored and the whole disease removed. Of course, if the eruption is neglected and allowed to spread upon the skin, then it may eventually turn out that the malignant matter may find opportunity to insinuate itself through the absorbent vessels into the mass of humors and thus corrupt the blood, the humors and the health. Then, indeed, man may finally be afflicted with ailments from these maglignant humors, though these might soon again be removed from the body by purgatives and ablutions; but through prompt removal of the eruption from the skin all sequelæ are prevented and the internal body remains entirely healthy.' "

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"These horrible untruths have not only been, and are still being taught, but they are also being carried out in practice. The conse-

quence is that at the present day the patients in all the most celebrated hospitals, even in those countries and cities that seem most enlightened, as well as the private itch patients of the lower and higher classes, the patients in all the penitentiaries and orphan asylums, in other civil and military hospitals, wherever such eruptions are found—in short, the innumerable multitude of patients, without exception, are treated, not only by physicians unknown to fame, but by all, even those *most celebrated*, with the above mentioned external remedies, using perhaps at the same time large doses of flowers of sulphur, and strong purgatives (to cleanse the body, as they say). These physicians think that the more quickly these eruptions are driven from the skin the better. Then they dismiss the patients from their treatment as cured, with brazen assurance and the declaration that everything is now all right, without regarding or being willing to notice the ailments which sooner or later are sure to follow; *i. e.*, the *Psora* which shows itself from within in a thousand different diseases. If the deceived wretches then sooner or later return with the malady following *unavoidably* on such a treatment; *e. g.*, with swellings, obstinate pains in one part or another, with hypochondriac or hysterical troubles, gout, consumption, tubercular phthisis, continual or spasmodic asthma, blindness, deafness, paralysis, caries of the bones, ulcers (cancer), spasms, hemorrhages, diseases of the mind and soul, etc., the physicians imagine that they have before them something entirely new and treat it again and again according to the old routine of their therapeutics in a useless and hurtful manner, directing their medicines against phantom diseases; *i. e.*, against causes invented by them for the ailments as they appear, until the patient, after many years' suffering continually aggravated, is at last freed from their hands by death, the end of all earthly maladies."

Is the Itch Disease Local and of Purely Parasitic Origin or Is It Constitutional?

When the microscope revealed a minute, ugly looking parasite as the apparent cause of itch eruptions, allopathy jubilantly declared that Hahnemann's theory of psora was thereby finally disposed of. The little mite which is blamed for this disagreeable disease has been named by science, the *acarus scabies*, or *sarkoptes hominis*.

Under the microscope the parasite presents a ferocious appearance, having a body somewhat resembling that of a tortoise with the legs of a spider. His body is studded with strong bristles by means of which he braces and supports himself in the flesh of his victim when burrowing his tunnels into the lower layers of the skin. It is the prick of these bristles in the flesh and the work of his voracious maw which causes the intolerable irritation peculiar to the disease. The insect is devoid of eyes and nervous system; it is all mouth, teeth and stomach. The male is the smaller and burrows in the surface layers of the skin, while the female is larger and digs its shafts deep down into the cutis vera, or true skin, where it taps and sucks the minute blood vessels.

Orthodox science says: "Itch is never found without the *acarus scabies*, therefore the latter must be the cause of the disease." Since the discovery of bacteria allopathy has extended this local and parasitic conception of disease so as to embrace almost every known pathological condition. As a natural corollary of this theory, germ killing has become the basis of modern medical science.

Iridology, however, conclusively proves that Hahnemann after all was right and that allopathy is in error when it claims that the killing of the itch microbe and of the vermin which infest head and pubis, effectually terminates these diseases.

For, after the killing of these parasites by means of sulphurous and mercurial ointments and other agents, sharply defined brown spots appear in certain parts of the iris and it has been conclusively proved that the areas in the iris displaying these psora spots correspond to the parts and organs of the body in which, after external suppression, the psoric poisons have concentrated.

We are often asked, "How can you prove that the scurf rim or brown spots in the iris have any relation to suppression of skin eruptions, itch parasites and vermin?"

Our answer to this is: "The diagnosis from the iris of the eye and the progress of chronic cases under natural methods of living and treatment conclusively prove these facts." Instances like the following come under our observation almost daily.

Clinical Proofs

A case of itch has been promptly cured with sulphur ointment and within a year there appears in the iris of this person, close to the pupil (area of the stomach), a sharply defined dark brown spot, and from that time on, the person is greatly troubled with chronic gastritis and later on with ulcers of the stomach.

A mother is horrified to find on the head of her little girl some lice. Within a few days the hair is full of nits and the vermin have increased to an alarming extent. The mother applies coal oil, or mercurial ointments, and the "nasty things" disappear from the surface—but not from the body. The psoric taints which Nature was trying to eliminate, now reinforced by drug poisons and by the deadly miasms contained in the bodies of the parasites themselves, recede into the interior and in place of being distributed throughout the entire body they now concentrate in some vital part or organ, and chronic headaches, epilepsy, chorea, asthma, nervousness, sexual perversion, etc., are often the result.

Several years ago a lady belonging to a wealthy and refined family came to us for a diagnosis of her case. The left iris displayed in the region of the cerebellum a light brown spot, and I remarked, "You have suffered for many years with chronic headaches, nervousness, twitchings in the limbs and the muscles, and with dizziness." All of this she confirmed and wanted to know the cause of her lifelong suffering.

"As a school girl," I continued, "you were troubled with head vermin and your mother treated them in the usual way."

"Yes," she answered, "I remember distinctly, I was affected that way several times, but what has that to do with my ailments?"

I explained to her that not external filth alone but internal uncleanness as well, favors the development of these parasites; that like bacteria they subsist on constitutional poisons and act as Nature's scavengers which purify the system of scrofulous and psoric miasms. I also informed her that in many instances natural treatment had reproduced the old suppressions and warned her to avoid suppressive treatment, if such a healing crisis should develop in her case.

One day, after three months of Natural Therapeutic treatment, she complained about intolerable itching of the scalp. A look into her eyes revealed that the brown psora spot was surrounded and interlaced by fine white lines, the signs of an approaching acute reaction. "You will have visitors very soon," I remarked.

"What visitors do you mean, doctor?"

"The same kind that your mother killed some 25 years ago."

Within a week after this conversation she entered my office and laughingly exclaimed, "Oh Doctor, not one visitor, but a million! I am just alive with them." "All right," I answered. "Be thankful they have come. This means the cure of your chronic ailments. Do not use anything now but a comb and cold water."

"How lucky, Doctor, that you told me about this in advance. Without your warning I would surely have rushed to a drug store and have done the same thing over again."

Her old friends remained with her about two weeks and then disappeared as they had come. From that time on

she was free from the "terrible periodical headaches" and other nervous ailments which had troubled her since childhood. Possibly this psoric crisis prevented the development of insanity in later years.

"Catching" in this case was absolutely out of the question, for she lived in the most refined surroundings and for three months cold water sprays and douches had been applied almost daily to head and body.

We are often asked the question: "Where do they come from—you do not believe that they come from the body itself?" We do not know, but we do know by frequent experience that when the body begins to eliminate scrofulous poisons we need not worry whence germs and microbes are to come. As carrion attracts vultures so the chronic miasms attract bacteria and parasites.

This was written ten years ago for the "Nature Cure Magazine," but I allow it to stand in order to show how I anticipated the solution of the problem furnished by the microzyma, as outlined in Volume I.

Occurrences like the one related answer the oft repeated question, "Why stir up these disease miasms—why not leave them where they are, if their elimination causes so much trouble?"

If allowed to remain their presence means much greater trouble in the future. Better a brief healing crisis than paresis, cancer or tuberculosis.

Cancer Grows in Psoric Soil

The psora spots in the eye solve to a large extent the mystery surrounding the nature and origin of malignant tumors and of tuberculosis. If we find a vital part or organ affected by suppressed itch we know that such a person is in great danger of developing cancer, sarcoma, tuberculosis or other malignant chronic diseases in the encumbered parts.

With two exceptions so far in our practice, all cases of cancer which we have cured have developed itchy, burning eruptions as healing crises. The two exceptions to the rule eliminated the psoric taints by means of furunculosis.

The almost certain appearance of itch eruptions as healing crises during the cure of cancer is of great significance. It throws new light upon the true causes of this dreaded disease and positively confirms Hahnemann's theory of psora. Knowing these facts, is it wise to avoid an insignificant healing crisis and to run chances of developing cancer in later life, or is it better to give the organism a thorough house cleaning in order to eliminate the morbid miasms and thus to preclude the possibility of malignant tumors and of other chronic destructive diseases?

Medical statistics prove that during the last fifty years, among the common causes of death, cancer shows an increase of over 400 percent. This confirms our opinion that the more refined the old school of medicine becomes in the suppression of acute diseases and the more it contaminates the blood of our people with smallpox, serums, antitoxin and other disease products, the greater will be the increase in chronic destructive diseases.

Following is the history of another typical psora case and of its development under natural treatment:

Mr. B., of Chicago, had been a chronic invalid ever since childhood, "doctoring" continually for all sorts of ailments and growing worse instead of better. Four years ago he had become so weak that he was obliged to give up his profession and the doctors declared his to be a hopeless case.

An examination of his eyes by a practitioner of Natural Therapeutics showed a large itch spot in the region of the small intestine. The doctor, after a superficial glance into his eyes, surprised him with the remark: "Early in

life you had the itch and it was suppressed. The poison then concentrated in the small intestine, causing chronic intestinal indigestion, irritation and occasional diarrheas. You are now in great danger of developing cancer in the affected parts."

Mr. B. at once admitted the correctness of the diagnosis. He stated that while the doctors had treated him for "stomach troubles", he had always felt and insisted that most of the difficulty was in the bowels. On closer inspection it was found that there were two separate and distinct itch spots, one overlying the other, indicating that the itch must have been suppressed twice. Mr. B. corroborated this also, saying he remembered distinctly having been twice "cured" of itch eruption with sulphur and mercurial ointments.

He was then informed that he could be cured easily and thoroughly by strict adherence to pure food diet and by systematic natural treatment, and that if the diagnosis was correct, itch eruptions would again manifest on the surface as healing crises. This, however, would not occur until his system had been sufficiently purified and strengthened by the natural regimen.

Mr. B., much impressed by this accurate diagnosis and prognosis of his case, entered with enthusiasm on the new plan of living and of treatment. His improvement from the beginning was remarkable. After the lapse of two months, having passed through the first healing crises he returned to work and for many years has not missed a day's labor.

A year afterward Mr. B. reported remarkable improvement in every respect. Both patient and doctor, however, were somewhat puzzled because so far there had been no manifestation of itchy skin eruptions and because the psora spots in the iris had not changed or diminished to any considerable extent.

So far no homeopathic remedies had been administered and I prescribed psorinum, Hahnemann's great anti-psoric remedy. The patient received one dose of psorinum C. M. Nine days after this he broke out on arms and body with typical itch eruptions. At the same time he developed a violent intestinal crisis manifesting as severe colic and diarrhea. One day he reported in alarm that his bowels were "passing away" from him. On inspection it was found that these "bowels" were the decayed casings of his diseased intestines.

This simultaneous external and internal crisis conclusively proved the relationship between suppressed itch, itch spot in the iris, chronic enteritis, itch eruption and internal crisis. The acute reactions lasted about fourteen days. The itchy eruptions then disappeared and the bowels resumed their normal activity. The treatment during this crisis consisted of fasting and the usual cold water applications, no medicines of any kind being given. After this thorough housecleaning the patient felt greatly improved in body and mind, and an examination of the iris revealed the fact that the uppermost layer of the itch spot had disappeared, but the lower and darker layer was still in evidence.

Six months afterward the patient, who had in the meantime continued in the right way of living and of treatment, received another dose of psorinum, partly in order to stir up the remaining psora and partly to prove whether or not the first results had been merely accidental. Six days after he received the remedy an acne-form eruption appeared on his body. This lasted about three weeks and was accompanied by a severe catarrhal condition of the nasal and respiratory passages. This crisis also left him much improved in general health.

At the present date the remnant of the itch spot in the iris is very small and has paled into a yellowish color.

Homeopathy a Branch of Natural Therapeutics

This remarkable case is instructive in many respects. It proves the correctness of the diagnosis from the iris of the eye, the efficacy of natural diet and treatment, the truths of Hahnemann's theory of psora and of his law of "**similia similibus curantur**".

This is only one of many cases which might be cited as positive proof of the laws and principles laid down and demonstrated in these pages.

After reading this history of a psoric case our friend Homeopath may be tempted to object—"Why bother with other forms of natural treatment? After all, the homeopathic remedy had to do the work."

No, brother Homeopath, psorinum alone did not do the work. It merely gave the final push and pull to the psora encumbered cells, which aroused them into acute activity. Natural treatment first had to purify and sensitize the organism before the homeopathic potency could act. We use the "similia" together with our other natural methods when indicated, but we find that in many cases where the vitality is low and the organism heavily encumbered with disease and drug poisons, the remedy alone is too weak to produce a reaction. When, however, the system has been sufficiently purified of its grosser encumbrances and when the entire body has been stimulated into vigorous activity, then a high potency of the similar remedy often accomplishes wonders.

Natural Therapeutics means a harmonious combination of all natural healing factors in accordance with the fundamental laws of cure and with the individual characteristics of the case. To treat serious chronic ailments with one "pathy" or one method when many others are at our service is too much like pulling a heavy load with one horse when others are idle in the stable.

The following narrative is another remarkable verifica-

tion of Hahnemann's theory of psora and of the signs of psora in the iris. About seven years ago four of our students, three men and one woman, left our institution to assume positions as nurses in a physical culture sanitarium. Each of them was there infected by a patient suffering with itchy eruptions (scabies). In spite of all natural treatment which that institution afforded, the eruptions persisted for several months. Miss M., one of the nurses, wrote me that she was suffering terribly from the eruptions with no sign of healing and that the others and herself had been given the alternative of submitting to mercurial treatment or leaving the institution.

Two of the men submitted to the mercurial treatment and suppression. The third, Mr. C., went into the country and allowed the infection to run its course, aided by natural living, nude air baths and cold water treatment. When Miss M. came back to us her appearance was such that she was obliged to seclude herself from public view. Inside of two months she had fully recovered and again took up her work as a nurse in our institution.

The significant results of this remarkable crisis were as follows: When she first came to us, three years before this occurrence, she was suffering from tuberculosis and in addition she had almost lost her eyesight. The iris showed a very heavy scurf rim, revealing a psoric or scrofulous constitution. Under natural living and treatment she recovered sufficiently to take up our institutional training, but when she left us the scurf rim was still visible and quite heavy. After the itch crisis had run its course the scurf rim entirely disappeared and since that time she has enjoyed better health than ever before.

When Mr. C. first came to us he had several itch spots in each eye. He suffered from many defects of a scrofulous constitution. This fact induced him to take up the study of Natural Therapeutics. He also had improved

greatly before he left our institution but the itch spots were still visible in his eyes.

When I saw him soon after his return to Chicago from life on the farm, the itch spots had entirely disappeared from his iris. He has enjoyed perfect health ever since this remarkable healing crisis.

Mr. R., who had subjected himself to mercurial treatment, came to me about six months after this drug suppression of the scabies. An earlier examination of the iris had shown good density, a light scurf rim and no itch spots. On the occasion of his last visit almost one-half of the iris was covered by a heavy black scurf rim. I do not know what has become of him since, but I am very certain that his condition was not improved by the suppressive mercurial treatment.

I could relate hundreds of similar equally interesting cases of psoric encumbrance and elimination, but space does not permit.

Isopathy

Isopathy, the forerunner of homeopathy by a few hundred years, was taught and practiced by Paracelsus, the mystic philosopher and physician, and his disciples. Isopathy administers the products, that is, the morbid excretions, of a disease in order to cure the same disease. Instead of the "similar" it is the "same" as the disease, which is the meaning of isopathy. During an epidemic of cholera in the sixteenth century particles of feces of the victims of the plague were given as medical remedies to cholera patients.

Homeopathy uses the isopathic remedies, such as psorinum, tuberculinum, siphilinum in highly triturated and potentized preparations. Allopathy (like the medieval quacks) administers the products of disease in the forms of serums, vaccines and antitoxins in crude, poisonous doses.

CHAPTER IX

COMPARISON OF FERMENTATION TO INFLAMMATION

There is a remarkable similarity between alcoholic fermentation and the processes of feverish and inflammatory diseases. Both are processes of oxidation or combustion, accompanied by increased chemical activity and temperature. Both run a natural, orderly course and when properly managed bring about certain normal, beneficial results. When not controlled or when suddenly arrested and suppressed, both may result in permanently abnormal and undesirable conditions.

Both processes depend on three essential factors:

Alcoholic Fermentation depends on—	Feverish and Inflammatory Diseases depend on—
(1) A watery solution corresponding to	(1) Living blood and tissues.
(2) Sugar, corresponding to	(2) Waste and morbid matter in the blood.
(3) Yeast, corresponding to	(3) Microzyma, bacteria and parasites in blood and tissues.

The following may serve as an explanation of the preceding diagram. Modern allopathic materia medica is founded largely on the assumption that bacteria and parasites of their own accord create disease conditions. From this they draw the natural conclusion that to kill the germs is equivalent to curing the disease. Almost their entire therapeutic efforts are directed to discovering, kill-

ing and eliminating by poisonous drugs, serums, antitoxins and by the surgeon's knife, the bacteria and parasites of disease.

The following demonstrations, however, will prove that the primary assumption of allopathy, as well as its resulting conclusions, are fallacious and that a practice built on these false foundations must of necessity be pregnant with disastrous results.

Comparison Between

Fermentation	Inflammation
Pure Water	Pure Blood and Tissues
Yeast grows and multiplies in a sugar solution only; thrown into pure water it lies dormant and inactive.	Microzyma develop into bacteria and parasites only in pathogenic materials. They remain quiescent in a body possessed of pure blood and tissues and of normal vitality.

First or Hereditary Stage of Disease

Fermentation	Inflammation
Water plus a sugar solution (grape juice) corresponds to	A body plus hereditary and acquired morbid matter.

Second or Acute Inflammatory Stage of Disease

Fermentation	Inflammation
Yeast lives on sugar plus some proteid. While feeding on these, the yeast germ digests or splits up the sugar into alcohol and carbonic acid gas.	Microzyma, while feeding on morbid matter, develop into bacteria or germs of putrefaction, and these in turn while feeding on pathogenic materials decompose them into simpler compounds suitable for neutralization and elimination. The
Disintegration of the sugar molecules is accompanied by the liberation of heat and by ac-	

celerated atomic motion. The temperature rises perceptibly, bubbles of carbonic acid gas and a scum consisting of dead and live yeast germs and of other debris rises to the surface. Processes of fermentation are in many respects identical with processes of digestion, combustion or oxidation. The entire fermenting fluid is in violent commotion.

If fermentation is allowed to run its natural course, within certain limitations of temperature, until all sugar in the fluid is consumed, the process ceases of its own accord, chemical activity and temperature subside, and the resulting product is a wine-like fluid of crystal clearness.

Alcohol, while itself the product of fermentation, as it accumulates in the fluid, checks fermentation.

resulting ashes or debris (see yeast scum) are eliminated through the natural channels of depuration and in the forms of pus, catarrhal and other morbid discharges. These processes of combustion and elimination of disease matter are usually termed fevers, inflammations, boils, abscesses, etc. Like fermentation they are accompanied by rise in temperature, accelerated (motion) pulse, elimination of effete matter, etc.

If the acute inflammatory processes in the body are allowed to run their natural course, within certain limitations of temperature until all morbid matter is consumed and eliminated, the result is a cleaner, healthier body. (Fever can be easily controlled within safe limits by cold water applications, fasting, etc.)

The products of bacterial activity tend to check bacterial growth and development.

From this it will be perceived that the processes of fermentation as well as of acute diseases are to a certain extent self-limited by their own effete products.

If the acute activities in the body run their natural course and terminate in normal conditions, then the whitish signs of inflammation in the iris gradually disappear and give way to the normal blue or brown.

The second or acute inflammatory stage of encumbrance as recorded in the iris of the eye is illustrated in Fig. 14, Series I, and Figs. 10-11.

Third or Chronic Stage of Disease

Fermentation

Yeast fermentation in a sugar solution may be promptly prevented or arrested by the addition of salicylic acid, formaldehyde or some other powerful antiseptic or germicide. Antiseptics are protoplasmic poisons, that is, they paralyze and destroy the protoplasm of living cells and inhibit their activity. Fermentation, suppressed by antiseptics, results in a turbid fluid containing unfermented sugar, dead yeast germs and poisonous antiseptics.

Prof. Béchamp proved that yeast fermentation thus arrested by antiseptics results in decomposition of the yeast cells and the appearance of bacteria in their stead. These experiments were conducted under conditions which made the invasion of bacteria from without an impossibility.

Inflammation

Acute inflammatory conditions in the body may be subdued or suppressed by protoplasmic poisons, such as antiseptics, antipyretics, opiates, sedatives, alteratives, or any other class of poisons which paralyze or destroy cell protoplasm and inhibit vital functions. All of these poisons not only paralyze and destroy bacteria and parasites of disease, but also paralyze and kill the healthy cells and tissues of the body. If the acute, feverish and inflammatory reactions of the second stage of encumbrance are suppressed by antiseptics and germicides, the combustion and elimination of morbid matter is hindered and suppressed, and drug poisons, which are much more harmful than disease poisons, are super-added to the old encumbrances of morbid matter.

These accumulations of effete and foreign matter become a source of continual irritation and obstruction, and form a luxuriant soil for the production or invasion of bacteria and parasites. In other words, Nature's acute cleansing and healing efforts are changed into chronic catarrhal diseases.

The chronic stage of encumbrance as recorded in the iris of the eye is illustrated in fig. 14, series III, p. 112.

Fourth or Chronic Destructive Stage of Disease

(Loss of Substance)

Fermentation

If the turbid fluid, created by the suppression of alcoholic fermentation, be exposed to air and warmth, its microzyma will develop into spurious germs and ferments and various forms of wild fermentation.

These spurious fermentations, in their turn, may be suppressed by more antiseptics and germicides, but as a result the fluid becomes totally unfit as a beverage and finally poisonous to human life.

Inflammation

The human organism, when it has reached the third stage of encumbrance, will arouse itself occasionally to feeble (chronic) efforts of elimination, but ever increasing accumulation of morbid matter, continual additions of drug poisons, surgical mutilations of vital parts and organs, all conspire to lower the vitality and to prevent the possibility of any decisive, acute reactions or healing crises.

The natural resistance and powers of reaction of the organism are in this manner slowly but surely undermined and weakened. Decay and destruction gradually proceed into the advanced stages of tuberculosis, malignant tumors, paralysis agitans, locomotor ataxia, paresis, pernicious anemia, chronic rheumatism, etc.

These destructive changes of the fourth stage of encumbrance, as recorded in the iris of the eye, are illustrated in fig. 14, series IV, page 112.

The Making of a "Chronic"

In order to illustrate the foregoing theoretical expositions of the development of acute and chronic diseases by a living example from every day experience, I shall describe a typical case of consumption, tracing it from its incipency in an hereditary scrofulous constitution through its various progressive stages to the fully developed tuber-

culosis, and thence to **health** under the regenerating influences of natural living and natural methods of cure.

"John" was born with eyes of dark violet blue, indicating that "the sins of the fathers," that is, unnatural modes of living and of healing for many generations past, had endowed him with the undesirable inheritance of a psoric or scrofulous constitution.

Nature, ever seeking to establish the perfect normal type, almost at birth began to eliminate the morbid inheri-

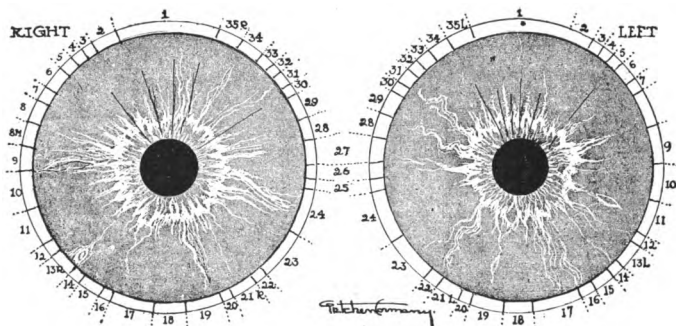


Fig. 10.

tance through the skin and the mucous membrane of the digestive and respiratory tracts. (Fig. 10.)

But these well meant cleansing and healing efforts of Nature were misunderstood by John's parents and the family doctor. When the scalp took up the work of scrofulous elimination in the form of milk scurf and eczematous eruptions, it was smothered in oils, unsalted butter, cream, or mercurial ointments, in order to suppress as quickly as possible the "dreadful looking scabs".

If mother, after this "successful cure", had looked closely into baby's eyes she would have noticed in the outer rim of the iris the appearance of a dark, broad ring

—the “seurf rim”—and also a slight darkening of the iris color in general. (Fig. 11, page 96)

Mother Nature, however, does not give up the fight so easily. Thwarted in one quarter she tries in another. Liver, kidneys, stomach and bowels next took up the work of purification. Johnny had attacks of gastritis, vomiting, colic and constipation alternating with diarrhea. The scrofulous poisons eliminating through the membranes of the intestinal tract bred worms of various descriptions.

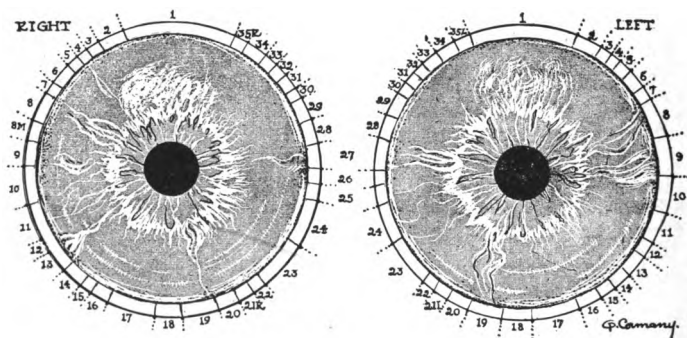


Fig. 11.

But doctor, grandma, auntie and the entire female neighborhood within a radius of several miles, contributed advice, teas, drugs and salves of all possible descriptions to “cure” the pains, colics, worms, constipation and diarrhea as fast as Mother Nature developed them. If mother had examined Johnny’s eyes as he passed through these periods of strenuous doctoring, she would have noticed around the pupil in the regions of stomach and bowels the development of a peculiar wreath full of black spokes and spots, denoting the localities in stomach and intestines where drugs and suppressed disease poisons had accomplished their work of destruction. (Fig. 11.) She would also have noticed various color marks indicating

the locations in which drug poisons had gradually accumulated. Fine, whitish nerve rings indicated that Johnny's nervous system, irritated and over-stimulated by disease and drug poisons, was badly out of balance.

As the encumbrances of Johnny's system grew more serious and more complicated, Nature's efforts at elimination became more drastic and severe. He was going to school now and mother was very indignant because "he was catching from the dirty children" every "infectious"

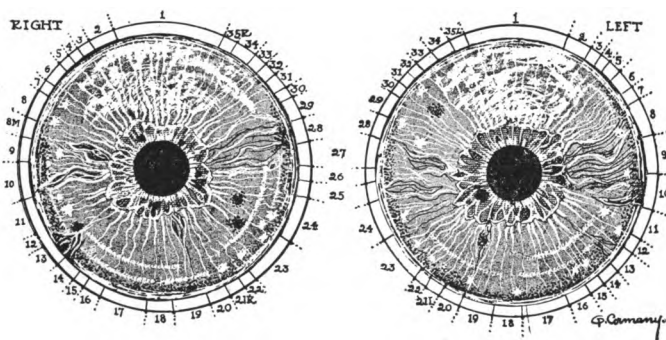


Fig. 12.

disease within hailing distance. Now he would be down with the measles, then with scarlet fever, another time he was infected with lice and itch and, to cap the climax, he was taken with smallpox.

Mother and doctor failed to see that these "infectious diseases" were various forms of psoric elimination. These "dreadful" diseases were also promptly "cured" by poisonous drugs and serums. That is, they were checked and suppressed before they had run their full and natural courses, and were thus made permanent in the form of defective hearing, liver and kidney diseases, indigestion and malnutrition. (Figs. 11-12, pp. 96-97.)

Though John, in his numerous tussels with allopathic

and home made remedies, did not contract and carry off all the defects and blemishes mentioned above, he entered upon young manhood sufficiently handicapped to make life a burden. Suppression of psoric diseases left "itch spots" in his eyes in the regions of the liver, kidneys and intestines, indicating where the psoric poisons had concentrated. (Figs. 12-13, pp. 97-100.)

The eyes revealed in many places the color marks of quinin, phenacetin, strychnin, iodine, arsenic and mercury, showing that these poisons had accumulated in the parts and organs indicated in the iris and were now interfering with the normal functions of assimilation and elimination. (Figs. 12-13.) As a consequence, elimination through the natural channels was seriously impeded, but waste matter and poisons had to be disposed of somehow. The mucous membranes of throat, bronchi and lungs undertook this work of vicarious elimination for kidneys and bowels, and it is not to be wondered that John was "catching cold" with every passing draft.

Doctor Pills, who had "cured" so many of his childhood ills, now furnished the cheerful information that the catarrh and cough were becoming chronic. John continued to lose ground little by little. One day he walked into Dr. P.'s office and remarked: "Well, Doctor, my feet got wet the other day and I caught another bad cold. I am coughing and expectorating terribly—it keeps me awake."

"All right, John," answered Dr. P., "here is some quinin sulph. that will down the fever; and here is some codein (opium) that will make you sleep and dry up that cough. Come back in a few days and let me know how you are getting on."

After a few weeks John came again. "Well, Doctor, your medicine worked like a charm. The fever was gone in twenty-four hours and the coughing and spitting has almost stopped now. Only I feel so weak in my limbs

and my back aches and I have such a depressing headache and then my bowels won't move at all." (Depressing effects of quinin and opium.)

"All right, John, we'll fix that up for you. Here is some phenacetin that will stop your aches, and here is a nice tonic (arsenic, strychnia and iron) that will give you a fine appetite. And then you eat a good big beefsteak twice a day, eggs and chicken, soups and beef tea. A little beer or good old brandy won't hurt you either."

"All right, Doctor, but what about the bowels?"

"Oh yes, I forgot about them—here are some pills. Take a few after each meal. They will keep you going like clockwork."

One month later; "Good morning, Doctor."

"Good morning, John, how are you?"

"Well, Doctor, it might be better. That cough you stopped seems to be getting a little worse again, and I eat and eat and eat, but I don't seem to grow any stronger—it feels like a big stone in my stomach. My bowels worked a little better for a while, but now they won't move at all. Then sometimes I have a bad pain in my chest, and I am growing quite short winded."

"All right, John, I see we have to give it to you a little stronger. Here are some calomel pills (mercury)—take a few every night and follow it up in the morning with a good dose of salts. That is bound to do the work. Your appetite will be better, you will eat more and that will give you more strength. I notice your heart and pulse are getting a little weak. I'll give you some digitalis, that will strengthen the heart. And here is some ipecac to loosen the mucus in your lungs and help to bring it up."

Another month went by and poor John was not quite well yet. Once in a while he had a time of feeling well, and then the doctor told him the medicine was doing splendidly; again, John was worse, and the doctor said

he must give him something stronger. By and by John became impatient. He thought "all that medicine" should have benefited him in some way. He did not like to leave his doctor, since Dr. P. now "knew his 'system' so well". He imagined that if he went to another doctor now, the latter would have to "study his system" for a year or so before understanding his multitudinous ailments.

Dr. P. himself grew somewhat tired of the case. It grated on his nerves to see poor John come again and again with the same old "tale of woe". He knew that

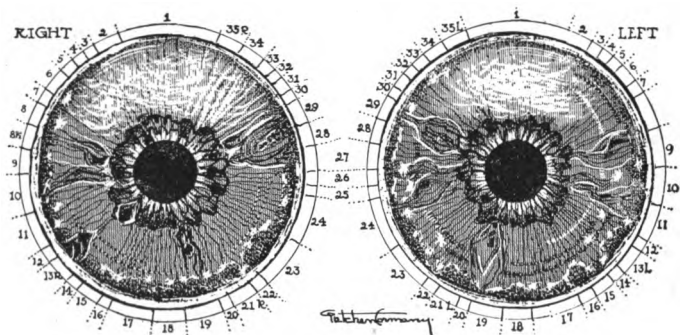


Fig. 13.

the patient could not last much longer and advised him to consult a celebrated lung and throat specialist. John's vitality had been more and more lowered by the long continued effects of stimulants and virulent poisons. Poisonous tonics had worn out his stomach and cathartics his bowels. Quinin, iodine, arsenic, etc., were racking his flesh and bones with neuralgic pains. Degeneration of the lungs had progressed far enough to form a luxuriant soil for the tubercle bacilli. The celebrated lung specialist examined the sputum and found the T. B.'s in great numbers. He then proceeded to kill the germs with coal tar products. (Fig. 13.)

But these poisons did not stop to pick out just the T.B.'s. On their way through the body they also destroyed red blood corpuscles and delicate tissues of vital organs.

So, between the germs and the germ killers, the tonics and the over feeding, the mercury, salts and other good old orthodox pills and potions, John in spite of (?) all that money and science could do for him, went rapidly from bad to worse.

The Resurrection

Finally the great lung specialist, recognizing the futility of his efforts, ordered John to pack his trunk as quickly as possible for El Paso or Phoenix, the paradise of "one lungers". Finding himself (thanks to long continued illness and expensive doctoring) short of the necessary funds required for an extended sojourn in the southern mecca of consumptives, John decided as a last and forlorn hope to obtain my opinion of his case.

Evidently having been informed about our way of doing things, he asked me to examine his eyes and give him a correct inventory and an estimate of his remaining anatomy. While I found some parts missing and others badly damaged, I did not consider his case entirely hopeless.

From the records in the iris I proceeded to unravel his history as outlined in the preceding sketch. When the diagnosis was finished he asked me whether I "got it" psychometrically or mediumistically. I assured him that I did not have to draw on any supernatural powers; that, on the contrary, my "reading" from the iris was based on very simple and strictly scientific facts and principles. By means of a magnifying mirror and a chart of the iris he was himself able to locate and to recognize the principal landmarks. He had to admit that the record in his eyes exactly tallied with his past history and present

symptoms, and he felt convinced there was "something in it".

I assured him that though his case was somewhat complicated and advanced, I by no means considered him incurable since he possessed youth, some hundred and thirty pounds of flesh and the odds and ends of an originally good constitution. Only an actual trial could determine the possibility of cure. If there was left in his organism sufficient vitality and if his kidneys, intestines and lungs were not damaged beyond repair, his system would soon respond to the purifying and invigorating influences of natural treatment.

Furthermore, it was explained to him that when properly assisted Nature always works her cures in a perfectly orderly manner, in harmony with certain well defined laws of crisis and periodicity. In conformity with these laws there would be about six weeks of general improvement especially noticeable in the digestive organs. First of all the bowels, which, "in spite" of laxatives and cathartics, had been sluggish and constipated for a lifetime, would begin to act normally and freely. Then, as his system became purified and invigorated, Nature would commence in earnest her work of elimination and repair. The latent chronic conditions would then become acute. Febrile diseases and skin eruptions long ago suppressed, as shown in the iris, would reappear and this time run their course in regular, natural order.

I also informed him that during these crisis periods he would experience various symptoms of acute poisoning such as are commonly produced by quinin, coal tar products, mercury, iodine, etc., because these drug poisons accumulated in the course of many years would be stirred up in their lairs and would be eliminated in due season each under its own peculiar symptom.

When I had proceeded thus far in my prognosis John

arose somewhat abruptly, grabbed his hat and started for the door, saying he would come back some other time—that he must now hasten to keep another important appointment.

Reading his thoughts, I assured him there was no cause for alarm; that healing crises come in mild form only, because they cannot materialize until the system is properly prepared, and in a healing crisis Nature always has the best of the fight. I also called his attention to the fact that he was rapidly wasting away in destructive disease crises and unless a speedy change was wrought in his condition he would soon be beyond the possibility of healing crises.

Reassured and encouraged by my explanation he decided to give Natural Therapeutics a fair trial.

I then proceeded to inquire into his daily habits and to offer suggestions for their correction. He was instructed that if he wished to eliminate old accumulations of disease and drug poisons he must stop taking in new ones in the form of meat, alcohol, tobacco, drugs, coffee or tea. The patient was put on a vegetarian, but withal positive, diet; everything in impure food and harmful drinks was promptly eliminated from his dietary. This greatly relieved his organs of elimination and gave them a chance to remove old encumbrances of morbid matter and poisons.

Cold water treatments, massage, spinal manipulation, simple health gymnastics, normal suggestion and the indicated homeopathic remedies, all contributed to increase in a natural and harmless manner the activity of skin, bowels, kidneys, mucous membranes and in fact of every cell in the body, and this increase of activity was brought about without introducing into his system any poisons whatsoever.

No condition can be called incurable until a combination of all these natural healing factors has been tried

and has failed. If there be vitality enough to react properly under such treatment and if the destruction of vital parts be not too great the system will soon respond. John's case, fortunately, was of this description. Under our treatment the worst symptoms of the patient rapidly abated, his appetite improved wonderfully, the bowels moved more freely than for many years past; he grew in strength physically and mentally.

He continued thus to improve for about two months, all the while watching with us for the predicted manifestations. Then he came to us and said: "Doctor, I do not believe your crises are going to materialize in my case—I suppose I was not sick enough to have any. Don't you think I might go home now?"

I smilingly answered: "Just wait a bit and see—you will whistle a different tune by and by."

A few days later our erstwhile too confident patient came to me in a different frame of mind—the picture of fright and despair. "Oh my, Doctor! I must have caught a terrible cold, but I cannot imagine where, unless it was that last cold water treatment. I told the attendant he was putting it on too long and too cold, but he only laughed at me,—and now I've got it. And those nuts I ate did not agree with me, either—I am always a little afraid of them. Oh, my stomach and bowels are in a terrible condition! I'm just as constipated and nauseated as I was six weeks ago. I have chills and fever and the cough and catarrh are worse than ever. I feel it is all up with me now. It's too bad, after having been so hopeful and confident of recovery. I suppose I was too far gone and my friend Jack was right. He told me this kind of cure was all right for rheumatism, but starvation diet and cold water would surely kill me."

Without wasting any sympathy on him I congratulated him on his good fortune, jokingly saying—"Well, well,

such a beautiful crisis! And just on time, too. Oh, these crises! They are so pleasant to talk and read about and they are really interesting when it's on the other fellow, but when they strike us we wish the doctor and his Natural Therapeutics in a warmer clime and feel like making a short cut for the drug store 'to have something done quickly'. Isn't that the way you feel, old man? Oh, yes, you thought you were not going to have any crisis; well, without any doubt *it* has you now. No, you will not die; don't worry—you are doing gloriously. If you don't feel like eating, fast until you are hungry. If you feel hot and feverish, take a cold sponge or a foot bath; or if you have the chills and cannot get warm, take a wet pack and a hot drink. This together with our regular treatment will be fully sufficient for any emergency, and Nature will do the rest."

My good humor and confidence, inspired by absolute knowledge of the law, were more effective than the pills and blisters of Dr. P. John had it out with his fever, coughed, expectorated, perspired and had a pretty tough time of it generally. Notwithstanding the seeming severity of the symptoms he was able to attend to his usual duties with remarkable ease and endurance. Nature had the best of it—she never undertakes a healing crisis unless the organism is in condition to conduct it to a successful termination.

After a few weeks of crises our patient began to improve, growing stronger day by day. He realized he had actually "gotten rid of something"—he felt remarkably light and energetic, in fact better than for many years. I warned him, however, not to be over elated and not to mistake the first period of real improvement for a permanent cure. For, while the eyes showed greatly improved conditions in lungs, bronchi and digestive organs, they still revealed plenty of work ahead for Nature's

healing forces. And subsequent events again confirmed the records in the iris.

After periods of "building up" and of splendid improvement, there would suddenly develop an inflammation of the kidneys, a "bilious spell", symptoms of acute quinin, iodine or mercurial poisoning. But the climax was capped by an acute attack of pneumonia.

His friends expected this to be the beginning of the end, but the inflammation in the lungs ran its course in less than two weeks and the patient began to improve, at first slowly and then more rapidly.

Today, three years after the great crisis, he is in good health and enjoying life in Europe.

The Moral of It

What lessons are to be learned from this remarkable and authentic case?

The diagnostic signs in the eyes of this patient were verified—(1) by his previous history; (2) by his "symptoms" which exactly correspond with the signs in the iris; (3) by his subsequent healing crises; (4) by the gradual disappearance of the signs and color marks in the iris after the occurrence of healing and cleansing crises.

The diagnosis from the iris as illustrated and confirmed by this and other cases, absolutely and conclusively proves the cumulative effect of drug poisons in the body. It demonstrates that everything which is foreign, congenial or injurious to life reveals its presence in the body by certain well defined color marks in the iris of the eye. It furthermore proves conclusively that certain elements which in the organic form are normally present in the human organism, will become abnormal and injurious to health when taken in large doses in the inorganic mineral form.

For instance, iron, sulphur, sodium, lime, phosphorus,

magnesium and manganese, in the live, organic form in fruits and vegetables may be taken continuously in large amounts without "showing" in the iris. The same elements, however, when taken in much smaller quantities in the inorganic form, soon accumulate in those parts of the body for which they exhibit a special affinity. These accumulations of foreign matter reveal their presence and location by well defined color marks in the corresponding areas in the iris of the eye.

Why is inorganic matter so injurious to living organisms? Nature never intended coarse inorganic minerals to serve as foods and medicines for human bodies. Evolution consists in ever accelerated vibratory activity, accompanied by an increasing refinement of matter and by greater complexity of structure. In accordance with this law of evolutionary development, each lower kingdom refines and prepares food materials for the next higher one.

The vegetable life principle draws, refines and organizes minerals of the soil into the living protoplasm of the vegetable cell and thus prepares them for animal and human food. The animal life principle refines and elaborates vegetable matter into the highly refined and complicated molecular structures of the animal cell. The vegetable lives on the mineral, and the animal on the vegetable. To introduce the coarse, inorganic forms of the mineral kingdom into the animal organism is contrary to Nature's plan.

This explains why Nature did not prepare animal and human organs of assimilation and elimination to cope with the coarse, heavy aggregations of the mineral kingdom; why animal and human organisms cannot mould these uncongenial elements into normal living tissues; and why the organs of depuration cannot eliminate them completely.

As a consequence, such foreign materials accumulate in parts of the organism for which they possess a special affinity, and ever afterwards, unless eliminated by powerful, natural methods of treatment, act as irritants and poisons, thus causing a large percentage of chronic diseases.

What does diagnosis from the iris teach with regard to the dogmas of Christian Science? If there is no disease why does God, or Nature, with marvelous exactitude, portray in the iris of the eye every passing or permanent condition which we are in the habit of calling disease? "Scientists" claim that diseases are only "errors of mortal mind". Mortal mind, however, until a few years ago never suspected the existence of these records in the eye. How then could it be instrumental in producing them? **If the teachings of Christian Science be true, we must necessarily conclude that the great Universal Intelligence which creates these wonderful records in the eyes afflicted with a badly "erring mortal mind".**

About a year ago I attended a gentleman, who, in addition to natural treatment, desired also the assistance of a Christian healer. One day at the bedside of our mutual patient I met the healer, a grand old man with the venerable head and features of a patriarch. In the course of our conversation he related to me the circumstances of his conversion and development as a faith healer. Two years before, while living in a small Texas town, he was stricken with typhoid fever. The local country doctors fed him as usual on calomel (mercury), quinin and salicin. But, in spite (?) of their faithful services he did not improve and they finally pronounced his inevitable death. In his last extremity he had recourse to the Bible. The promises and assurances of spiritual healing there aroused new hope and confidence, he "threw physic over the dogs" and put his sole and entire reliance in the Lord.

ing power of the Spirit. A powerful therapeutic faith, thus aroused, greatly invigorated and harmonized his mental vibrations and these in turn, by continuity, acted as a powerful tonic on the waning forces of the physical organism. Unhindered by poisonous drugs and stimulated by therapeutic faith, Nature's healing forces now gained the ascendancy and the disease crisis was transformed into a healing crisis. But, Brother C., as he assured me, attributed his marvelous recovery to a special intervention of the Lord.

Through twenty years he had undoubtedly done a great deal of good in fighting the darkness and despair of crass materialism by a living faith in a higher spiritual healing power. But through all these years he had failed to understand the *modus operandi* of this healing power of Nature and could not appreciate its limitations. Looking into his big blue eyes I saw the yellow color marks of chronic quinin poisoning and as a concomitant the signs of chronic catarrh in the regions of head, bronchi and lungs. After he finished his story I asked him the question: "Is it not a fact that you suffer from time to time with ringing in the ears, frontal headaches and nasal and bronchial catarrh?" To which he answered: "Yes, brother, that is true; though prayer has helped me these twenty years in every other ailment, the Lord has never cured me of this chronic catarrh."

Confessions like these I hear continually from the lips of healers and Scientists. If Brother C. had understood the laws of cure as explained in these writings, he would have seen nothing remarkable in his spontaneous recovery from typhoid or from any other acute ailment, because they are in themselves healing and cleansing efforts of Nature.

He would also have understood that even the Lord could not cure him of his chronic catarrh so long as quinin, the

primary cause and excitant of it, was not removed from his system; he would have known that it takes more than the buoyant and stimulating effect of therapeutic faith to eliminate such poisons from the system. With all respect for the holiness and effectiveness of prayer, it is still true that a four months' thorough course of water cure, manipulative, dietetic and homeopathic treatment would have accomplished a great deal more in diminishing the signs in the iris and the catarrh in the body than his twenty years of faithful prayer. After all, God helps those who help themselves, and the grandest and most efficient of all prayers is intelligent, well directed work.

CHAPTER X

SIGNS OF INORGANIC MINERALS IN THE IRIS OF THE EYE

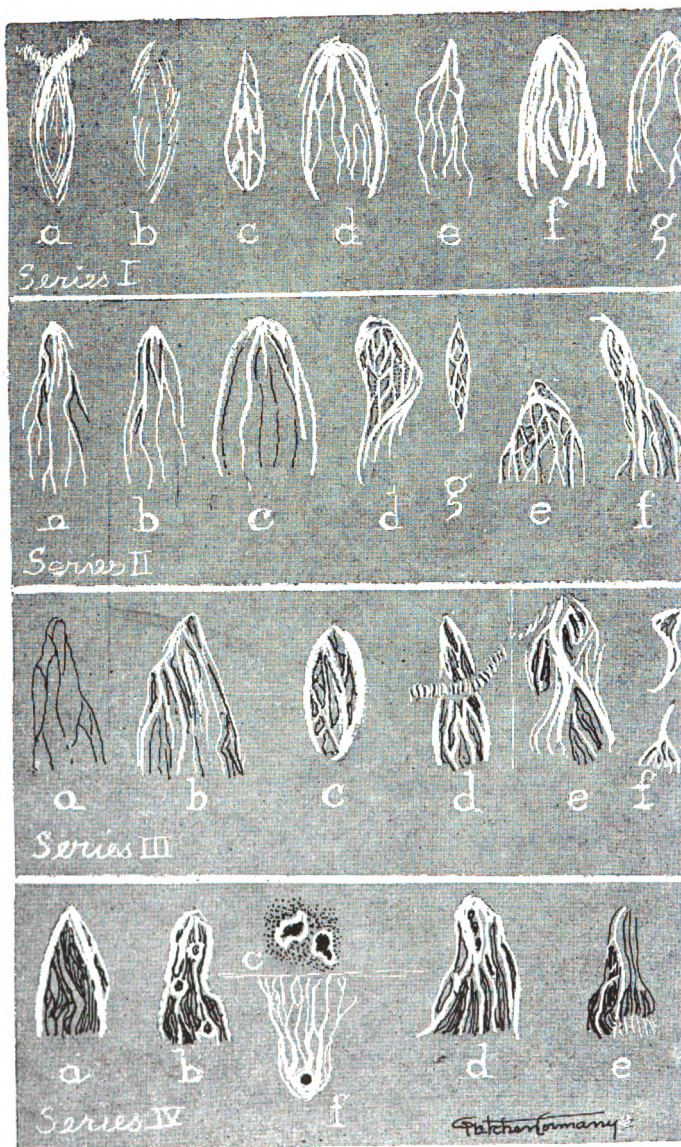
We are frequently asked, "Why do you presume to say what is **natural** to the system—how do you judge what is poisonous?"

Nature answers these much disputed questions, as she does so many others, in the iris of the eye. Substances congenial to the body, those which in quality and quantity normally belong to it, do not show in the iris. But all substances foreign or poisonous to the organism may reveal their presence and location by certain well defined signs and discolorations in the corresponding areas or fields of the iris.

For hundreds of years physicians and scientists have disputed as to the advisability of introducing into the human body in foods or medicines, mineral and earthy elements in the inorganic mineral form. Homeopaths, eclectics and physio-medical physicians seceded from the allopathic school of medicine because they condemned the use of inorganic minerals in physiological doses as medicines.

Nature Cure advocates, from the very beginning of the movement, strongly emphasized the fact that even those minerals and earthy elements which naturally belong to the human body must be taken as food or medicine only in the live, organic form in vegetable or animal protoplasm.

They claimed that iron, lime, sodium, potassium, magnesium, sulphur and phosphorus, though they are of the



greatest importance in the vital economy of the body, must not be taken in the inorganic, mineral form, lest they accumulate and concentrate in certain parts or organs of the body for which they exhibit a special affinity and there become harmful and dangerous to health and life. The student should carefully study Vol. I., Chap. XXIV., in which this subject is fully treated.

Previous to the discovery of Nature's records in the iris, the question as to whether inorganic minerals and earthy elements are beneficial or harmful to the human organism, was largely a matter of opinion and controversy. No positive proof in support of either position was available.

Iridology now proves beyond the shadow of a doubt that these substances, when taken in the inorganic form, accumulate in certain parts or organs for which they have a special affinity, as shown in color plate, page 116.

Color Plate

(Page 116)

Before beginning the description of the various color signs in the iris I must call your attention to the fact that the iris of perfectly normal human beings exhibits only one of two normal colors—a light azure blue for all pure blooded descendants of the Keltic and Indo-Caucasian races, and a pure light brown for the first three Aryan subraces and for the descendants of the fourth or Atlantean root race. (The subject of racial characteristics has been briefly treated in Chapter IV.)

From this it follows that any other color pigments or discolorations of the iris indicate either abnormalities, disease processes or the presence of foreign matter or poisons in the system. The Iridologist, therefore, carefully studies every color pigment in the iris and endeavors

to discover its significance. While in this way a great deal of positive knowledge has been acquired concerning disease processes and the presence and exact location of foreign and toxic materials in the system, much remains to be explained in this intensely interesting field of scientific research.

The effects upon the system of the various poisons prohibited in the iris are described elsewhere in this volume under the respective drug headings. The irides on the color plate represent right eyes only. It is interesting to note that the pigments in the iris closely resemble the natural color of the corresponding drugs.

Description

Fig. a.—Blue eye. This is a typical drug eye. The dark blue underground is covered with a whitish deposit produced by coal tar poisons, such as salicylic acid and creosote, and other poisons. The crescent in the upper margin of the iris is the arcus senilis or gerontoxon. In medical works it is described as an opacity of the upper margin of the iris. It is usually observed in people of advanced age, therefore the name—arch of the aged. It is supposed to be a sign of lowered vitality and resistance of the organism as a whole and the brain tissues in particular. We frequently notice similar encroachments on the cornea on other sections of the iris. They are indicative of a weak lymphatic condition of the tissues and low vitality. The arcus senilis must not be mistaken for certain drug signs which are described in this volume.

The inner margin of the arcus shows a yellowish discoloration caused by some drug poison, probably quinine. In the upper half of the iris, in the brain region, is displayed a broad white crescent, the sign of potassium bichromate and of other bromine combinations. The color of the crescent varies somewhat according to the various chemical

icals associated with bromin in medical prescriptions. Sometimes the crescent covers the upper border of the iris and is extended more or less around the outer margin. It then shows similarly to the sodium ring in the same iris picture.

The broad whitish deposit all around the outer margin of the iris was caused by the absorption of large quantities of sodium bicarbonate (common baking soda). A similar deposit is formed by various substances containing large amounts of sodium, such as sodium salicylate, sodium sulphate, sodium bromate, etc. The salts of lime, magnesium and potassium show in similar manner. The location of the "salt ring" indicates that these mineral elements tend to concentrate and locate in the outer muscular structures of the body and in the skin, also in the brain tissue where they may have a serious effect upon memory and mental processes.

The white wheel in the stomach region, directly around the pupil, indicates the presence of strychnin in this organ. The sign is easily recognized by its perfect circular outline resembling a wheel and the uniform structure of its tiny spokes. The strychnin wheel appears imperfectly in Fig. f, where it is overshadowed by the sign of atrophy of the digestive organs.

The area of the intestinal tract surrounding the strychnin sign shows the rust brown discoloration of iron. In many instances this characteristic iron rust pigment covers the entire gastro-intestinal area. Inorganic iron has an astringent, benumbing effect upon the tissues. Its sign therefore indicates a sluggish, atrophic condition of the digestive organs. We frequently observe the sign in the eyes of people who have long used drinking water heavily charged with iron.

The sharply defined brown spots in the lower half of the iris are the itch or psora spots. They are the signs

of suppressed scabies or of other itchy skin eruptions . eczemata as described in Chapter VIII. As time elaps after the suppression of psoric eruptions the itch spots grow darker in color until they become blackish brown.

Fig. b.—Blue eye. The bright red spots in this iris are the signs of iodine. We find them in a large percentage of human eyes (in civilized countries). They are of a brighter shade of red or brown than the psora spots, and their outlines are more diffuse.

The whitish "snowflakes", mostly visible in the lower half of this iris, are the signs of arsenical poisoning. Their presence in the spleen, as in this case, often signifies enlargement of the spleen and the serious symptoms that go with it. The white flakes of arsenic are easily distinguished from the lymphatic rosary in the outer margin of the iris, visible in the form of white flakes on the inner border of a portion of the scurf rim. The lymphatic or typhoid rosary is more plainly visible in Figures c and e.

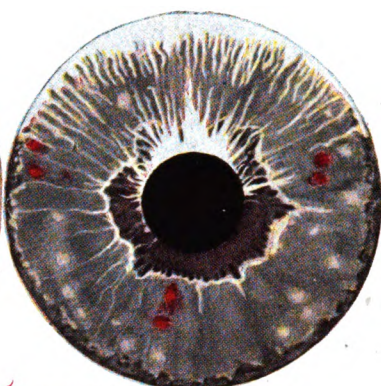
The scurf rim is the dark deposit on the outer margin of the iris, it being covered in the upper part by the white deposit. Where it extends all around the iris, as in this case, it dates back to infancy and indicates congenital scrofula or psora. If it appears only in parts of the iris in crescent form, it has been acquired later in life.

The white deposit in the upper half of the iris, particularly the brain region, indicates the destructive effect of mercury and coal tar poisons upon the brain tissues, aggravated by bromids and the salts of other metals. We observe such bad demarcation and frazzled appearance of the upper rim of the iris frequently in the eyes of people threatened with or affected by apoplexy, insanity or paresis.

The purple discoloration in the area of the digestive organs indicates lead poisoning. We frequently find this in the eyes of printers, painters and others who work with

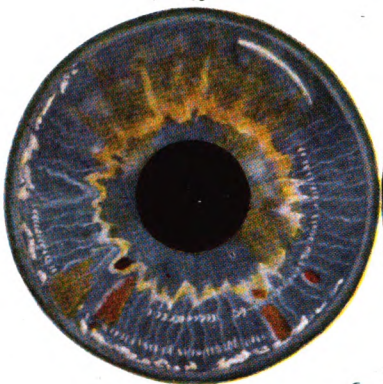


a

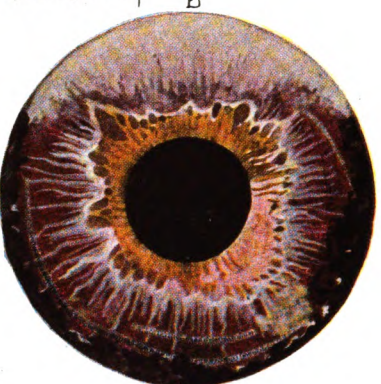


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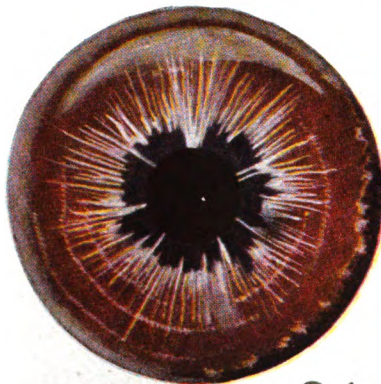
b



c



d



e



f

Color Plate

lead. The white rays extending from the upper margin of the pupil to the brain region are the sign of opium, cocaine or morphin poisoning. In the eyes of drug fiends the white rays extend from all around the iris, partly from the pupil, and partly from the sympathetic wreath.

The heavy, white sympathetic wreath surrounding the digestive area shows the effect of opiates and of powerful coal tar poisons, such as phenacetin and antipyrin, upon the sympathetic nervous system. In similar manner the sympathetic wreath may show the peculiar color pigments of other poisons, such as the yellow color of quinin, or the reddish color of iodine.

Fig. c.—Blue eye. This iris shows plainly the yellowish discoloration of quinin in the upper part of the iris, in the brain region, on the sympathetic wreath and in the region of the liver. The imposition of the yellow on the blue of the iris produces a greenish tint. This makes the “green” eye. While quinin has a special affinity for the brain and sympathetic system, we find its sign also in the areas of stomach, bowels, liver and spleen in the eyes of individuals who have taken considerable quantities of the drug for the treatment of malarial fevers, colds, hay fever and other forms of acute and chronic catarrh.

The outer rim of this iris shows the greenish ring of mercury. We found it difficult to reproduce this plainly. It requires some practice to distinguish it in the living eye. The small white crescent in the right upper margin of the iris indicates gummata—“softening of the brain”—the result of the destructive action of the mercury on the brain tissues. Individuals who plainly exhibit this sign usually suffer from some form of paralysis and are approaching the end of their suffering.

The lymphatic or typhoid rosary shows plainly in parts of the outer margin of the iris. The fields of diaphragm and sexual organs exhibit the brownish signs of ergot, in

this case administered for hemorrhage in childbirth. The triangle of the pancreas contains a psora spot. The person who exhibited this sign was in the last stages of diabetes.

An iodine spot shows in the lower back. It is partly surrounded by white, indicating that the poison is in process of elimination. The patient who exhibited the sign to us that during the eliminating crises he distinctly noted the iodine taste. Elimination took place largely through furuncles.

The lower part of the iris exhibits plainly several sections of white nerve rings.

Fig. d.—Brown eye. The greyish wash over the upper part of the iris indicates antikamnia poisoning. This is one of the coal tar products commonly used for the treatment of headaches, neuralgia, and neuritis of the head. Iridiagnosis plainly reveals the fact that the poison has a special affinity for the brain region, more so than other coal tar products. We have traced many cases of insanity to the effects of this drug on the brain.

The yellowish discoloration in the region of stomach and bowels may be caused by sulphur or by scrofulous elimination after the suppression of skin eruptions in childhood. It must not be confounded with the yellow color of quinine which appears only in spots and clouds.

The sympathetic wreath with its white rays shows somewhat similar to that of Fig. b; the explanation is the same.

The scurf rim is very broad and dark, indicating suppression of eczematous skin eruptions by metallic poisons.

The grey cloud in the region of kidney, bladder and genital organs is caused by turpentine. This substance has a special affinity for the kidneys. The nerve rings in the iris are turning dark indicating that nervous irritation is becoming chronic.

The lymphatic rosary is visible in places through the heavy scurf rim.

Fig. e.—Brown eye. About two-thirds of the outer margin of the iris exhibits a heavy salt ring; the inner one-third is covered by an “acquired” scurf rim.

The nerve rings show white, indicating acute nervous irritation. The lymphatic rosary shows on the inner margin of the scurf rim. The large crescent in the brain region indicates deposits of bromids and other metallic salts.

The black discoloration in the digestive area stands for a sluggish, atrophic condition of the membranous linings of stomach and bowels, produced most probably by the use of opiates and powerful cathartics from early youth in the form of paregoric, calomel, etc.

Fig. f.—Brown eye. This is a typical mercurial eye. The bluish rim in a brown eye indicates the presence of the poison in the system and its destructive effect upon the cuticle. The patient received many inunctions of mercurial ointments. The destructive effect of the poison on the brain tissues is revealed by the white crescent near the right upper margin of the iris.

The upper portion of the iris is covered with the greyish wash of coal tar products. The paralyzing effect of mercury and other poisons on the digestive tract is revealed by the black color in the corresponding area. Only the inner margin of the stomach region shows faintly the strychnin wheel. Much strychnin was given to overcome the paralyzing effect of the mercury and other drug poisons.

The white rays emanating from the digestive area indicate opiates taken to deaden the pains of locomotor ataxia. The red spots edged with white are typical of potassium iodid. We frequently find them in the spinal area of mercurial patients. This patient being in the last stages of

mercurial destruction, commonly called tertiary syphilis. The nerve rings show black, indicating the atrophic condition of the nervous system.

Greyish clouds in the region of the throat and in the lower margin show the presence of glycerin. The yellowish flakes in the lung region are caused by phosphorus which was administered in the form of nerve stimulant.

The Sign of Iron (Fe) Ferrum

(Color plate, Page 116, Fig. a)

We find that iron, after it has been taken in considerable quantities in the inorganic form, shows in the areas of the stomach and bowels as a rust brown discoloration which closely resembles the color of iron rust (Color plate, a). We have verified this sign in hundreds of cases in people who had absorbed iron in inorganic form in medicines or in water strongly impregnated with the mineral. Cases of the following have been of frequent occurrence:

Several years ago a lady came to one of our private clinics for diagnosis from the iris. The area around the pupil corresponding to the region of the stomach and intestines, showed a very heavy iron discoloration. I asked whether she had not taken the mineral in some form of drugs or patent medicines, but this she positively denied. Adroit quizzing finally brought out the fact that for several years she had used water from the iron spring at Lincoln Park. After forming this habit she had suffered much from constipation and indigestion.

I explained to her that these ailments were probably the result of the iron poisoning. Following my advice she adopted a pure food natural diet and began a course of eliminative natural treatment. Within six months the iron sign had disappeared from her eyes and the digestive organs were in normal condition.

Iron

Allopathic Uses:

1. Externally on mucous membranes and broken skin as constringent and striptic against diffuse hemorrhages, catarrhal discharges and other inflammatory exudates.
2. Internally the non-astringent preparations are used as hematinics together with such drugs as influence the diseased conditions on which the anemia or debility depend, for instance:
3. Iron arsenate in chronic skin affections, particularly lupus, lepra, psoriasis, eczema, scrofula and syphilitic lesions.
4. Iron sulphate in chronic diarrhea, dysentery and passive hemorrhages accompanied by marked relaxation.
5. Iron bromid or iodid as tonic-alterative in atonic amenorrhea and chlorosis in young women.
6. Iron glycerophosphate and iron of manganese during convalescence, asthenic nervous conditions and rickets.
7. Iron valerianate, in hysterical complaints complicated with chlorosis.
8. Iron and quinin in malarial cachixia, cardiac disease and nephritis.
9. Antidote in acute arsenical poisoning, repeatedly administered in form of dialysed iron.

Accidental Poisoning:

1. Mineral waters.
2. Proprietary blood tonics.

Toxicology:

1. Unabsorbed and excreted as iron sulphid, coloring stools black.
2. Dyspepsia. Stubborn constipation.
3. Abdominal pain relieved by pressure.

Sodium (Na) Natrium

Sodium shows in the eyes in the form of a white wrea in the outer margin of the iris. (See Color plate, 116, Figs. a and e)

Before I became acquainted with Nature Cure, my eyes were heavily marked with drug signs. Some of the have entirely disappeared. Others are still faintly visible. Fig. 15 is a reproduction of charts of my eyes drawn fourteen years ago by Dr. Henry Lane, author of "Iridology"

It will be noticed that there is in the outer rim of the

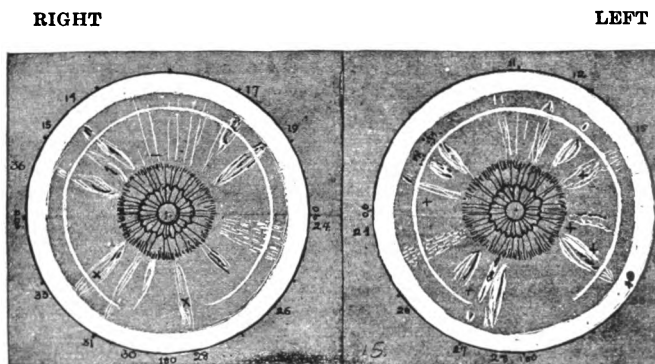


Fig. 15. Dr. Lane's Illustration Showing Appearance of Author's Eyes
teen Years Ago.

iris a broad white ring and a narrow inner ring. The signs were produced by inorganic sodium which for several years I had taken in large quantities to neutralize hyperacid condition of the stomach.

Today, as a result of natural living and treatment, the sodium rings as well as many other drug signs and disease signs have almost entirely disappeared, as shown in Fig. 16. The crosses in Fig. 15 indicate large iodine spots in the liver and right kidney as they appeared sixteen years ago.

When I was a child our family physician had con-

my neck at different times with iodine for the absorption of enlarged lymphatic glands. The poison had been absorbed through the skin and had accumulated in liver and kidney. This, together with decidedly unnatural habits of living, produced chronic ailments that incidentally led me into the work I am now doing.

Natural living and treatment have eliminated most of the sodium, as indicated in Fig. 16, but today, after forty-five years, the iodine spots are still faintly visible in several places, namely in left kidney, left lung and bronchi, and in right kidney and gall bladder. This proves that

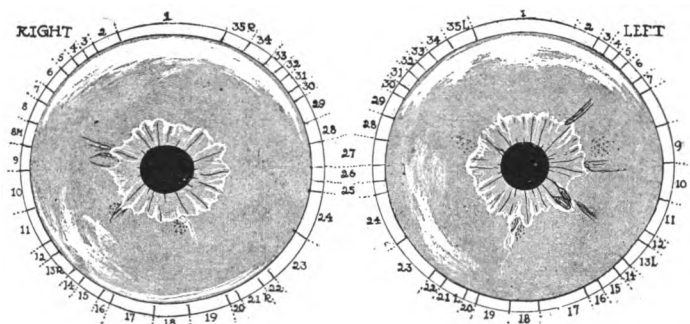


Fig. 16. The Author's Eyes at Present.

sodium and iodine, though congenial to the human body in the organic form, cannot be taken with impunity in the inorganic mineral form.

The history of my own case, as illustrated in these charts of the iris, shows that sodium is much more easily and quickly eliminated from the system than iodine. In this way iridology answers the question, "How long does it take to eliminate foreign matter and poisons from the system?"

We have observed that the symptoms of drug poisoning usually disappear much earlier than do the signs from the iris. This apparent contradiction can be accounted for

by the fact that under the influence of natural living and treatment the general constitutional conditions are so improved that, although some of the poison is still present, the stronger organs are now able to compensate for deficiency on the part of the weaker ones and therefore the effects of the drug poisoning are compensated for to some extent.* It may also be possible that drug poisons are more readily eliminated from vital organs than from the iris, on account of the more active metabolism in the former.

As regards signs of those minerals and earthy substances which are naturally present in the human body, we find that iron, sodium, lime, sulphur and magnesium disappear much more quickly from the iris than iodine and phosphorus, indicating that the latter are more destructive and more difficult to dislodge.

Potassium (Kalium, K), Lime (Calcium, Ca) and Magnesium (Mg)

Inorganic lime, magnesium and potassium show in the outer margin of the iris in the form of a grayish white wreath somewhat similar to sodium. (Color plate, p. 122, Figs. a and e.)

Only recently I examined a patient who came to us for diagnosis and treatment from far-away New Mexico. His iris exhibited very heavy sodium rings similar to my own as represented in Fig. 15, p. 122. Quizzing at first failed to reveal the source of the mineral accumulation in his system. Finally, however, it became apparent that the changes in the iris must have been produced by drinking for many years the water from the shallow wells of his native place, which was strongly impregnated with alkali. These signs gradually

* See Chapter XXIV, entitled "Basic Diagnosis".

disappear from the iris when the patient abstains from the use of mineral waters and adopts eliminative diet and treatment.

In the light of Nature's records in the iris, it is little less than criminal to give inorganic lime water, baking soda, iron, magnesium and table salt to little babes in artificial food mixtures when good cow's milk and fruit juices contain these minerals in great abundance in the live, organic (vitamine) form.

In the organic form in fruit juices and raw vegetable extracts, all these minerals may be taken continually in large quantities and will not show in the iris. An excess is easily eliminated from the system through the excretory organs, and we may safely say that the organism does not contain an excess of these positive mineral elements until a point is reached where the reaction of the urine is natural.

Thus Nature's records in the iris prove conclusively that she does not intend us to use these elements in the inorganic mineral form. The only apparent exception to this rule seems to be sodium chlorid, our common table salt. This might be explained by the fact that sodium chlorid is one of the ordinary products of kidney elimination, while other sodium combinations are not. There is no reason, however, why we should endanger health by using the table salt in such enormous quantities as is customary, since we can supply the demand of the system for sodium chlorid in the organic form by adding a liberal quantity of fruits and vegetables to our diet. There is no doubt whatever that table salt, when taken habitually and in considerable quantities, is very injurious to the system. The reasons for and against the use of salt have been fully discussed in the chapter entitled, "To Salt or Not to Salt", in the Nature Cure Cook Book, Vol. III of this series.

Sulphur (S)

(Color plate, page 116, Fig. d)

Sulphur, taken in the inorganic form, shows in the in the area of stomach and intestines in the yellow sulphur color. After absorption it has at first a stimulating effect upon these organs, but this is gradually followed by a sluggish, atrophic condition. Sometimes it is difficult to distinguish the sulphur color from the yellow color of quinin or the yellowish color of scrofulous elimination through the digestive organs.

CHAPTER XI

SIGNS OF POISONS IN THE EYE

The mineral elements discussed in the previous chapter are normally present in animal and human bodies and therefore are not poisonous in themselves unless ingested in the inorganic mineral form. There are, however, many inorganic and organic substances so inimical to health and life that Nature never designed either animal or human bodies to receive them as foods or medicine. They are always poisonous to the system, even when taken in small quantities, and have a strong tendency to accumulate in parts and organs for which they exhibit particular affinity. Their presence and location is shown in the iris by well defined signs and discolorations as presented in the color plate on page 116. In the following I shall describe some of the best known and most widely used of these poisons, their signs in the iris and their effects upon the system.

Difficulties the Iridologist Must Meet

In the majority of cases the iris plainly displays signs of poisonous substances. However, when the diagnostician describes these poison records in the iris, the patient frequently denies with vehemence ever having taken "anything of the kind". He is unmindful of the following facts:

First, that poisons are absorbed and thereafter remain indefinitely in certain parts of the system unless eliminated by radical methods.

Second, that in the treatment of some "trifling children's disease", frequently enough poisons are given affect the vital organs and the iris for life.

Third, that poisons may be absorbed not only from present medicines and remedies prescribed by physicians, but in various other ways, as lead from water pipes and glassware, from paints and printer's type; mercury in mine smelters, mirror factories and from cosmetics; arsenic from green colors, wall paper, stuffed animals, etc. Almost every known poison is now used extensively in the arts and industries and in the preparation of multitudinous foods and other articles for daily use.

Reports of government chemists in Washington, where it is their duty to examine food products for purity and quality, reveal astonishing conditions. They show that almost every kind of food for sale in grocery and market is contaminated or adulterated with deleterious substances such as organic minerals, anilin dyes and various sorts of chemicals and poisons.

Comments like the following by Dr. Wiley are common in magazines and the daily press, and are of interest in this connection:

"Professor Wiley's reference was particularly to the anilins derived from coal tar, which are used for coloring jellies, wines, as well as a great number of other food products and confectionables. Not long ago the Bureau of Chemistry dyed experimentally a number of pieces of white silk with chemical colors obtained from various liquors and articles of diet put up for commercial purposes."

"Preserved cherries, utilized in this manner, furnished a yellow pink silk; currant jam a yard of salmon silk; port wine a yellow purple silk; Burgundy wine a yard of magenta silk; tomato catsup a yard of light red silk, etc. The "rosaline" used for coloring corned beef and sausage gave a dye of a beautiful and brilliant red. But in this line nothing has been found so suggestive of the bow as soda water syrups, which, taken in a bunch, are a cheap polychrome.

"The cheap candies which the children buy are oftentimes

deleterious, containing clay, arsenic, sulphate of copper, and even prussic acid. Also, they are colored with the deadly anilin dyes. Many of the cheaper brands of chocolate on the market are composed mainly of starch and animal fat. They do not taste much like chocolate, but they easily pass for it, with the addition of oxid of iron—that is to say, iron rust—to give the requisite color.

“One plate of cheap ice cream analyzed at the Bureau of Chemistry was found to contain as much fusel oil as five glasses of bad whisky. Of strawberry flavor, or what passed for such, it was in truth a chemical compound.

“A medicinal dose of sulphate of copper is three grains. Eat three small, artificially greened pickles, and you will get an equal quantity of this dangerous chemical. The salts of copper and zinc are commonly employed to give a green color to peas, beans and other vegetables preserved for market in cans or glass jars.”

Reports like the foregoing explain how certain poison signs may appear in the iris, even when the victim is unaware of “ever having taken such things”.

Many people believe that the passage of the Pure Food Law has done away with wholesale food poisoning. They are seriously mistaken. **All that the Pure Food Law prohibits is the use of poisonous substances in quantities large enough to injure the human body immediately. The law does not take into consideration the fact that the destructive effects may be cumulative and remote.** In this respect the government falls into the same error as the medical profession. This is not to be wondered at since representatives of the allopathic school of medicine have assisted in framing these laws.

A single dose of a certain drug poison given as medicine or used as a food preservative may not be harmful, but these poisons, as proved by the records in the iris, have a tendency to accumulate in the system in certain parts or organs for which they exhibit a special affinity. Therefore many small consecutive doses of poisonous medicines or food preservatives or adulterants will in time produce the effect of a big dose. This explains the pres-

ence of the signs of boric acid salicylites, copper, zinc, coal tar poisons, etc., in the eyes of people who not know of ever having taken these things”.

Doctors Don't Believe in Giving Strong Medicines

Some time ago in a public clinic I detected in the eye of a young man the evidences of strychnin, iodine, and mercury. He strenuously denied having taken many poisons.

“My doctor,” said he, “does not believe in giving strong medicines, and I am sure I have never taken all that stuff.”

I asked him to bring to the next clinic some of his doctor's prescriptions. A few days later he complied with the request and brought two of the most recent prescriptions. Both contained three of the poisons which the diagnosis had revealed in the iris. Of course he had taken the drugs many years ago. Otherwise they would not have been shown in the iris at the time of the diagnosis.

Records in the Iris More Reliable Than Memory

The following incident illustrates that the records in the iris are frequently much more reliable than the memory of the patient. Several years ago an elderly woman came for diagnosis and treatment. The outer margin of her iris showed distinctly the whitish flakes of arsenic (Color plate, Fig. b, p. 116) and in the left cerebra a heavy red blotch of iodine. Referring to the signs in the iris, I said to her, “You suffer with severe pains in your body and your muscles are sensitive to touch.”

She acknowledged that “rheumatism” and neuritis had for many years been the curse of her life. Referring to the iodine spot in the left brain, I corrected my diagnosis: “You must have had severe chronic side headaches.”

This she also confirmed. For twenty years she had never been free from an excruciating headache; as she expressed it, "It often seemed my head would split in two."

Naturally she wished to learn the cause of her long continued suffering, but when I informed her that arsenic and iodine were responsible for her "rheumatism" and chronic headaches, she denied ever having taken these drugs.

"In my younger years," said she, "before these ailments developed, I was a strong, healthy girl and never took medicines of any kind. How could arsenic and iodine have caused these troubles?"

A few weeks later, however, in consultation she inadvertently remarked that her husband, who was a musician, employed his leisure hours by stuffing the skins of wild animals.

"Did he use arsenic in his taxidermic work?" I inquired.

"Oh, yes," she answered. "He often explained to me that his animals were so well preserved because he used large quantities of arsenic in their preparation."

"Did you have many of these animals around the house?"

"They were in the parlor, sitting room and in the bedrooms."

Noticing my smile, she added, "I see now where the arsenic and the 'rheumatism' came from."

I then continued, "Now, let us find out where the iodine came from."

Her interest in the diagnosis being thoroughly aroused, she cogitated a few moments over past experiences and then exclaimed, "How could I have forgotten? Twenty five years ago, when a servant in Berlin, I accidentally hurt my knee. A painful swelling followed. The cook told me to go into her room and take some medicine that

had cured her rheumatism and would be just the thing for my knee."

"Acting on the suggestion, I took a good swallow from the cook's bottle. That was the last I remembered several days. When I regained consciousness I was told that the medicine was a strong preparation of iodine for external use only."

Latin Names to Cover Ignorance

Prospective patients expect to hear from us the same old familiar Greek and Latin names which they have heard from other doctors, professors and specialists. If the diagnostician from the iris fails to employ the same familiar terms, they are skeptical of the diagnosis.

Suppose a doctor, listening to a patient who describes his changing aches and pains should say to him, "dear sir, you suffer with moving pains," the patient would answer indignantly, "I know that myself; I want to know what my **disease** is." If the doctor tells him he has "rheumatism", which (in English) means nothing more nor less than "moving pains", his client is perfectly satisfied, pays his fee and goes home well pleased that he knows what ails him. He has "rheumatism".

Several weeks ago a woman came to me for diagnosis. The iris revealed the greenish wreath of mercury in the region of brain and spinal cord. The areas of stomach, bowels and liver were dark brown. The following conversation took place:

"For many years you have been suffering from indigestion, chronic constipation and sluggishness of the liver. To better conditions, you have taken a great deal of calomel."

"It is the only way I can keep my bowels open and my liver active."

"Of late years you have had shooting pains in the liver."

the lower limbs and around the stomach. The calomel, which is mercury, is causing inflammation of the spinal cord."

The woman confirmed every symptom revealed by the records in the eyes, but did not return for treatment. Several days later a friend of hers informed me that she was not at all satisfied because I had failed to tell her she had rheumatism. "Every other doctor has told me I have rheumatism," she had complained, "and if the diagnosis from the iris cannot show that much it is not to be relied upon." As a matter of fact she is in the advanced stages of locomotor ataxia.

Not All Conditions in the Body Visible in the Iris

As before stated, not all poisons taken, injuries sustained, nor all pathological lesions show in the iris. Many times we are disappointed by not finding the lesions we are looking for. Drug poisons may be eliminated from the system in some cases more readily than in others. Individuals differ greatly in drug tolerance. That is, some eliminate certain poisons very readily and very thoroughly while others are permanently affected by even small doses.

Hahnemann, speaking of mercury, said, "Some people are so susceptible to this drug that even a few doses of it make them 'weather prophets' for life."

Iridology is a comparatively new science and many things about it remain to be discovered and to be explained. We do claim, however, that the well proven facts which we already possess are sufficient to make this new science of immense value to the diagnostician and physician.

Alteratives

Mercury, iodine and arsenic are the principal alteratives. The multitudinous preparations of these drugs are used

by the allopathic school principally in the treatment of syphilis. Should you ask a doctor how these drugs cure disease, if truthful he would have to answer, "We do not know." Sajous tries to explain the action of mercury and other alteratives by saying they stimulate the activity of the ductless glands. For this assertion, however, he cannot produce the slightest proof.

A medical dictionary which I have before me gives the following definition: "Alteratives are certain remedies that alter the course of morbid conditions in some way not yet understood, perhaps by promoting metabolism. We know, for instance, that mercury cures syphilitic sores or arsenic chronic skin diseases, but we do not know how or why."

The solution of the problem seems so obvious that it is hard to understand how and why it has baffled medical science so long. The fundamental law of cure will help to solve the mystery. According to this law all acute diseases are the result of Nature's efforts to expel innate latent morbid encumbrances. In other words, acute diseases represent increased and specialized activity of vital force.

When we introduce into the system, in the form of mercury, iodine or arsenic, a stronger and more dangerous enemy than the constitutional disease taint which Nature is trying to eliminate, then the healing forces, like good tacticians, leave the weaker foe for a time and turn to repel the new and more dangerous invader.

A man attacked by a child easily defends himself, when confronted by a powerful adult, turns from the weaker foe to the stronger. **Similarly the healing forces of the human organism turn from their fight against local or constitutional disease taint to defend themselves against the stronger drug poison.** The disease taints recede from the system, the surface symptoms disappear, the patient

thinks he is cured, but the doctor knows better because in medical college he has been taught "Never guarantee a cure".

After a while Nature may reassert herself and make another attempt to eliminate the disease poisons. Again and again her benevolent efforts are suppressed until the entire organism is saturated with mercury or other alteratives to the point where vital force, weakened and defeated in every quarter, can no longer react against the disease taints.

This process of progressive poisoning may have to be maintained for two or three years before vital force is effectually defeated and bound; then the patient is told he "may now safely marry".

What is the real state of affairs? The outward manifestations of healing activity, the scrofulous, syphilitic or tuberculous sores, the itch or eczema have disappeared from the surface, but these disorders are by no means cured. On their retreat into the interior, the danger from the disease taints is always great and it often happens that they invade and destroy vital parts and organs. The external discharge or ulcer may become internal tuberculosis or cancer.

CHAPTER XII

MERCURY, HYDRARGYRUM OR QUICKSILVER

(Color plate, Figs. c and f, Page 116)

These are the three names for the only liquid metallic element. It is used as medicine in more than a hundred different forms. The nitrates, oxids, chlorids and iodids are the salts most frequently employed in medicine. Other preparations commonly used are blue mass and calomel and in syphilis the bichlorid, the yellow iodid and the red iodid. Still other preparations are cyanid, the yellow sub sulphate, mercury and chalk, the plaster and the iodid of mercury and arsenic, yellow wash, black wash, corrosive sublimate, etc.

Effect of Drug from the Viewpoint of Natural Therapeutics

In the first few years, after the mercury has been absorbed by the organism, and while it is "wandering" in the circulation and in the tissues, it shows in the iris, especially in the upper half, as a whitish film. After five or more years it begins to condense into a greenish crescent of metallic luster on the uppermost margin of the brown region in the blue eye and of bluish color in the brown eye. In serious cases this greenish rim may extend all around the outer margin of the iris. The metal, on account of its deteriorating effect upon the skin, also greatly broadens and intensifies the scurf rim. (Color plate, Fig. d, p. 116)

It takes this treacherous, insidious poison from five to fifteen years to create its havoc in the brain and nervous

system. When this commences, unless radical measures are employed, it marks the beginning of the end—the development of locomotor ataxia, paralysis agitans, paresis, etc.

The first and secondary stages of syphilis mark Nature's efforts to expel the syphilitic virus; the tertiary stage is due to the destructive effects of mercury, iodine, potassium, salvarsan (arsenic), etc., on the brain, spinal cord and other vital organs.

"All wrong," exclaims the allopath, "these tertiary symptoms are due to syphilis, not to mercury."

To this we answer, "Not so; we have treated hundreds of cases of luetic diseases but not a single one has ever developed any tertiary symptoms."

Syphilitic cases under favorable circumstances recover under homeopathic or Christian Science treatment. If the highly diluted remedy or the metaphysical formula does not actually cure the disease, it at least does not interfere with Nature's cleansing, healing processes.

Treatment under our system usually lasts from three to six months and after this natural cure the patient's system is purer than before infection because the ulcers, discharges or skin eruptions have acted as fontanelles and the treatment has eliminated not only the venereal virus, but also other hereditary and acquired taints latent in the system.

On the other hand, we have in every case of locomotor ataxia, paralysis agitans or paresis, unraveled a history of some form of alterative treatment and usually found the corresponding signs of these poisons in the iris.

Says the allopath, "This talk does not amount to anything; it is unorthodox and unscientific; all our authorities contradict it."

Possibly; but the experience of thousands of patients, for twenty to thirty years slowly tortured to death, verifies

it. Not even the fanatical inquisition nor the imaginative brain of a cruel Indian has ever invented tortures more inhuman and devastating than those inflicted by the "alteratives". How much more merciful would it be to give these victims of medical malpractice in the beginning good big dose of an "alterative" and have done with it.

When you see vigorous, blue eyed manhood succumb in the prime of life to destructive diseases "which have never before been in the family"—think of the alterative.

When you see a young wife, once the embodiment of health, fading away after marriage, a victim of mysterious ailments—think of the alteratives! Medical authorities claim that over fifty per cent of all men in large cities have been treated for venereal diseases.

When you see the offspring of a healthy mother made defective by scrofula, chronic catarrh, decayed teeth, epilepsy or idiocy—think of the alteratives! Anemia, rickets and scrofulous constitutions in children are only too often due to the poisoned blood of their progenitors.

With every additional year of practice and observation my conviction is strengthened that drug poisoning is the most fruitful source of chronic and hereditary diseases. Nature tries to remedy the effects of wrong living and acute reactions of brief duration, but three fourths of the most dreadful cases of chronic disease coming to us for diagnosis and treatment are caused by the suppression of Nature's acute healing efforts and by the destructive effects of poisonous drugs, vaccines, serums, antitoxins and of uncalled for surgical operations.

Locomotor ataxia, paralysis agitans and paresis are made. Nature **never** punishes and curses her children in such a dreadful manner. All such suffering is the result of human ignorance, prejudice and indifference.

Lest these statements appear exaggerated and iconoclastic, I shall quote passages from various allopathic

thorities who consciously or unwittingly confirm my position.

A. Ross Diefendorf, M. D., is an authority on mental diseases in this country. He was formerly lecturer on Psychiatry at Yale University and a member of many medical societies.

His book "Clinical Psychiatry" is in common use as a text-book in many American colleges. It is interesting to note how unconsciously he confirms our claims that mercury and not syphilis is to blame for the entire train of so called syphilitic symptoms. On page 276 in the work before mentioned, Dr. Diefendorf says, in Chapter VI on Dementia Paralytica (Paresis):

"Dementia Paralytica, or general paresis of the insane, is a chronic psychosis of middle age, characterized by progressive mental deterioration with symptoms of excitation of the central nervous system, leading to absolute dementia and paralysis, and pathologically, by a fairly definite series of organic changes in the brain and spinal cord, probably the result of some toxin, in the origin of which syphilis is most often an important factor.

"**Etiology.**—The disease is unknown among the uncivilized nations and is most prevalent in western Europe and North America, hence, it seems to be a disease of modern civilization. In America, the disease comprises from five to eight per cent of the admissions to insane institutions, but in some European cities, notably Berlin and Munich, the paretics average thirty-six to forty-five per cent of the male admissions. The disease is somewhat more prevalent in large cities and manufacturing centers, while it is relatively rare in farming communities."

Uncivilized nations do not treat syphilis or other diseases with mercury; therefore, we find among them no Dementia Paralytica, locomotor ataxia or paralysis agitans. These diseases are found only in localities of the earth where drug stores flourish.

Therefore, paralytic diseases are more prevalent in large cities and manufacturing centers where syphilitic diseases

and consequent mercurial treatment are more prevalent
Page 277,

“Negresses show a striking tendency to the disease; in Connecticut the negress paretics are ten times more prevalent than female white paretics.”

If negroes are free from the disease in Africa, as medical authorities state, but “show a striking tendency” to it in civilized countries, how can this be explained except on the ground that the disease is the product of unnatural treatment and drug poisoning?

“Our average age of onset in 172 cases is forty-two years. Krapelin in 249 cases finds that it occurs preëminently in middle life, as eighty-one per cent of the cases occur between thirty and fifty years, the disease rarely appearing before twenty-five or after fifty-five years of age.”

Syphilitic diseases are usually contracted between ages of twenty and thirty and it takes from ten to twenty years for mercury to complete its work of destruction on brain and nerve matter.

“Recently a number of cases of **juvenile paresis** have been reported occurring between the ages of ten to twenty years, in which hereditary paresis, syphilis and alcoholism are prominent factors. Clinically, the juvenile form is characterized by simple deterioration of three to four years’ duration with numerous paralytic attacks, choreic disturbances, and paralyses.”

Frequently young children are subjected to prolonged mercurial treatment on the mere suspicion that they have hereditary syphilis, or for curing eczematous lesions.

Scenes like the following are of almost daily occurrence in medical clinics. A mother enters the clinic with a child whose body is covered with skin eruptions. The professor says the disease is of a scrofulous nature, another calls it eczema, another hereditary syphilis. The mother denies that the latter disease has ever been in

family. The professor tells the students: "You can never believe syphilitics, they always lie." "We can easily find out," he continues, "whether this eruption is of a syphilitic nature or not. Put the patient for six months under mercurial treatment and if the eruptions permanently disappear, then the case is syphilitic."

Thus hundreds and thousands of people in civilized countries are innocently subjected to the horrible suffering incidental to mercurial poisoning without ever having contracted venereal diseases.

Another large percentage of paralytic and paretic patients have accumulated the mercury in the guise of liver and bowel tonics (calomel) and antiseptics.

On page 278, Dr. Diefendorf says:

"The disease afflicts chiefly the unmarried, and among the women especially prostitutes; in our experience prostitutes are fortyfive per cent more prone to the disease than other women.

"Among the causes of the disease, syphilis is statistically the most prominent. Its prevalence varies, according to various authors, from one and six tenths per cent to ninetythree per cent, but most observers place it between thirtyfour and sixtyfive per cent. In our experience it existed in fiftytwo per cent."

On page 288, he says:

"The character of the toxin and the sources from which it arises are questions still in doubt. Syphilis cannot be the sole cause of paresis, as long as it does not exist in more than thirtyfour to sixtyfive per cent of the cases. Furthermore, paresis, anatomically, is not a simple syphilitic process. Again the late manifestations of syphilis arise within a comparatively short time after primary symptoms, while paresis does not develop until ten or more years have elapsed after the initial lesion."

No, syphilis is not the sole cause of paralytic and paretic diseases and the character of the toxin from which they arise is not in doubt—it is mercury or some other alterative.

This is exactly what I have always claimed. Syphilis, an acute infectious disease, which under right treatment runs its natural course within a comparatively short time, never to appear again unless a new infection has taken place.

On the other hand, the history of people who never had syphilis, but who were poisoned by mercury in mining factory, proves that it takes from ten to fifteen years before the poison exhibits its worst effects.

Professor E. A. Farrington of Philadelphia, one of the most celebrated homeopathic physicians of the nineteenth century, says concerning the destructive after effects of mercury, of which homeopaths have made careful study ("Clinical Materia Medica", third edition, pages 558-561):

"The more remote symptoms of mercurial poisoning are the following. You will find that the blood becomes impoverished. The albumen and fibrin of that fluid are affected. They are diminished, and in their place a certain fatty substance, the composition of which I do not exactly know. Consequently, as a prominent symptom, the body wastes and emaciates. The patient suffers from fever, which is rather hectic in its character. The periosteum becomes affected, and you then have a characteristic group of mercurial pains, bone pains worse in changes of the weather, worse at the warmth of the bed, and chilliness with and after stool. The skin becomes rather of a brownish hue; ulcers form, particularly on the legs; they are stubborn and will not heal. The patient is troubled with sleeplessness and ebullitions of blood at night; he is restless and cannot sleep; he is thrown quickly into a perspiration, where perspiration gives him no relief.

"The entire system suffers also, and you have here two series of symptoms. At first the patient becomes anxious and restless; he cannot remain quiet; he changes his position; he moves about from place to place; he seems to have a great deal of anxiety at the heart, praecordial anguish, as it is termed, particularly at night.

"Then, in another series of symptoms, there are jerking of the limbs, making the patient appear as though he were attacked with St. Vitus' dance. Or, you may notice what is more common, a trembling of the hands, this tremor being altogether beyond

control of the patient and gradually spreading over the entire body, giving you a resemblance to paralysis agitans or shaking palsy.

"Finally, the patient becomes paralyzed, cannot move his limbs, his mind becomes lost, and he presents a perfect picture of imbecility. He does all sorts of queer things. He sits in the corner with an idiotic smile on his face, playing with straws; he is forgetful, cannot remember even the most ordinary events. He becomes disgustingly filthy and eats his own excrement. In fact, he is a perfect idiot.

"Be careful how you give mercury; it is a treacherous medicine. It seems often indicated. You give it and relieve; but your patient is worse again in a few weeks, and then you give it again with relief. By and by, it fails you. Now, if I want to make a permanent cure, for instance, in a scrofulous child, I will very seldom give him mercury; should I do so, it will be at least only as an intercurrent remedy."

Dr. Hermann, of Vienna, has written several books in which he proves that syphilis is not a constitutional disease, that under proper hygienic living and treatment it is self limited, that it runs its regular natural course and when properly treated never produces any tertiary symptoms.

This I, myself, have proved in hundreds of cases. It is impossible to quote a better authority for these facts than Dr. Hermann. For thirty years he was superintendent of the syphilitic wards in the Hospital Wieden, near Vienna, one of the greatest institutions in the world for the treatment of luetic ailments.

He claims that during the thirty years of his incumbency he treated sixty thousand cases of syphilitic diseases without the use of mercury and that not in a single case thus treated and cured did he observe a spontaneous recurrence, an exhibition of tertiary symptoms or hereditary transmission. His work was done in a municipal institution to which the doctors and students of Vienna had free access, and thus was constantly under the closest scrutiny of the great medical schools of Vienna.

I take the liberty of translating some interesting sages from his book. "Es giebt keine constitution syphilis"—"Syphilis is not a constitutional disease."

"Syphilis is as old as humanity. Its peculiar symptoms are described in the Third Book of Moses; the disease well known to Hippocrates and Celsus and is minutely described by Tremelius and Beza as well as by many of the writers of subsequent centuries.

"After the discovery of America, diseases of this kind were found, in exactly the same form as we know them today, among the Indians. At the end of the fifteenth century they appeared as discharge or ulcer, with or without following figwarts (Condyloma), inflammation of the glands and skin eruptions. These always appear in direct organic connection with one of the original lesions.

"Until then, syphilis was looked upon as a simple local disease which ran its natural course without affecting the organism as a whole. It was thoroughly cured by hygienic, natural methods of treatment. There were no tertiary symptoms nor transmission to offspring. All old physicians held this opinion; this is proved by the fact that up to the end of the fifteenth century *constitutional syphilis* is nowhere mentioned or described.

"In 1786 Hunter first spoke of its local and constitutional forms. He described the hard chancre as a symptom of the malignant form and originated the idea of constitutional syphilis.

"Ulcers of the mucous membranes, skin eruptions, inflammations of the iris and of the bones were classed by him as secondary symptoms. The later affections of the inner organs, of the liver, kidneys, heart, lungs, brain, nerves and blood vessels, hair and nails were looked upon as tertiary and quaternary forms.

"In view of these teachings of the regular school, the question arises: is the syphilis of former centuries and

disease than the one we know? Is modern syphilis a new disease, unknown to the ancients, or were they lacking in diagnostic ability, since they did not suspect the existence of the constitutional disease?

"The ancient physicians were right. Syphilis, originating in the human organism, is undoubtedly the same disease now as then. It has not changed its origin and has always run its natural course without transgressing natural limits.

"The physicians of antiquity observed conscientiously and with understanding the course of the disease and treated it rationally, as a local ailment which never affected the organism as a whole."

These expositions of Dr. Hermann I can fully confirm. Of the hundreds of cases of syphilis and gonorrhea which have been treated by us from their inception (before any form of suppressive treatment had been applied), not a single one has developed constitutional symptoms or hereditary tendencies. Our natural methods of treatment purify the system from within, allow the disease to run its natural course, unhindered and unchecked. When under such treatment discharges, ulcers, inflammations and eruptions disappear, the organism is as pure as before infection, if not more pure. We say this advisedly; the natural process of elimination removes not only the disease virus but other hereditary and acquired taints as well.

On page 47 of his book, Dr. Hermann continues: "The disease conditions usually diagnosed as constitutional syphilis are the results of mercurial treatment or of other disease taints in the body.

"This I prove, first by clinical observation of the natural course of the disease, and second by the positive chemical proof of the presence of mercury in the system."

We have found the mercury in the ashes of the bones of mercurial patients. A patient is coming to us now who

went through a course of mercurial treatment two years ago. The gold rings on his fingers turn black under the effect of the mercury which his system is now eliminating.

Page 48: "Among the thousands ofluetics whom thirty years I observed in the Hospital Wieden in Vienna and who were treated without mercury, not a single one developed symptoms of constitutional syphilis.

"Cases of so called constitutional syphilis that came to us suffering with ulcerations of the palate, mouth, nose, with bone pains, gummata of the brain and inflammations of the nerves, all had histories of mercurial treatment. Hundreds of electrolytical analyses of urine, sputum, perspiration, blood and other body materials revealed the presence of mercury, while a comparatively small percentage exhibited scrofulous or tuberculous symptoms.

"Thus it became clear to me that the entire chain of symptoms which are commonly diagnosed as constitutional syphilis are nothing but the effects of mercury in the human body.

"Workers salivated in the mercury mines in Idria, and never suffered with syphilis, exhibit all the symptoms of so called secondary and tertiary syphilis. In the blood and urine of these patients I also found mercury. In fact, in the various forms of mercurialism everywhere occur among people who continually come in contact with mercury and thus absorb it; no age, no sex is immune. This is verified by physicians practicing among quick-silver miners, mirror, thermometer and barometer makers etc.

"For these reasons chronic mercurialism is always prevalent in localities where, by physicians and laymen, syphilis is treated by mercury. Mercurialism is very common on the coast of the Adriatic, the Ost and North Sea and the Mediterranean, because in these countries quicksilver

in its various forms is in common use as a universal home remedy.

“In large inland cities and sea ports, chronic mercurialism is much more prevalent than in country districts, because, in the former, syphilis and its mercurial treatment are much more common than in the latter. . . .

“The question naturally arises why, in spite of strictly scientific proof and of extraordinary practical results, these very teachings are not generally accepted and why the regular school has not examined officially my theory and treatment. The answer is evident. Ancient systems of medicine with all their errors, assumptions, superstitions and prejudices, are deeply rooted in medical science. The schools, blindly worshipping authority, have strenuously opposed strictly scientific investigations. The natural treatment of syphilis brings light into the dark labyrinth of the old system, destroys the nimbus of old school wisdom and the idol worship of quicksilver treatment.

“The world resents nothing so deeply and punishes nothing so harshly as the uprooting of dear old superstitions; therefore the bitter opposition of the regular school to my teaching and my practice.

“What wonder that my enemies, in fanatical zeal, tried to oust me from my stronghold in the Hospital Wieden, when Dr. Hebra, according to his own confession, wished: ‘That the hospital might be blown into the air.’

“In 1867, by means of unjust accusations, my enemies succeeded in procuring a government investigation of my work and my institution. In 1868, however, their machinations met with miserable defeat, for Dr. Hebra, the head of the commission appointed to investigate my methods, had to admit in his official report: ‘That the government could sustain no objection against the anti-mercurial treatment of syphilis in the Hospital Wieden.’ In justi-

fication of their own methods he added: 'Syphilis is curable without mercury but we give it because it cures the disease quicker and because it is harmless.' "

On page 83, Dr. Hermann continues: "Finally I am tired, firmly hoping that for some time at least my method of treatment, eminently successful for thirty years, would be maintained. But this last and fervent desire of my declining days was not to be fulfilled. In the holy place where, for a life time, I battled bravely against the abuses of mercurialism are now restored the altars devoted to the fetich quicksilver. . . .

. . . "The quacks and charlatans will again exploit the blind, foolish and superstitious masses and will again endanger and destroy the public health; syphilis will reappear in the horrible forms so common thirty years ago.

"The people themselves, realizing the terrible effects of mercurialism, must energetically oppose the false teachings of the schools, must bear witness to the truth and protect their bodies against contamination with the venereal poison. In recognition of the fact that the mercurial treatment practiced by the schools endangers not only the individual but society at large, through its weakening and degenerating influences on our people, and especially on the younger generation, it is the duty of the government, legally to exclude mercury from medical practice.

Thus wrote Dr. Hermann, a graduate of the great medical schools in Vienna, but the work of mercurial poisoning goes merrily on until the insane asylums and hospitals for incurables can no longer take care of the harvest.

Poisonous drugs destroy brain and nerve matter and alcohol is made the scapegoat. Look closer, gentlemen, and you will find that in many cases alcoholism is the effect rather than a cause.

The diagnosis from the eye fully confirms our estimate of the true nature of the different stages of syphilis.

If syphilis in itself were a chronic constitutional disease, like scrofula or psora, it would exhibit its presence in the body by a special sign, but it appears in the iris only under the common signs of acute and chronic catarrhal conditions.

On the other hand, cases diagnosed and treated by the regular profession as secondary or tertiary syphilis exhibit the signs of mercury, iodine, potassium and arsenic (salvarsan).

A few years ago salvarsan was heralded as a positive cure for syphilis. Now, already (1918), medical authorities admit that the poison is not coming up to expectations, for everywhere they now combine the ancient mercurial and potassium iodide treatment with the salvarsan. The principal difference between salvarsan and mercury is that the former is more quickly destructive. Neither is curative.

A Typical Case

A few years ago a man about forty years of age came to us in a pitiable condition afflicted with locomotor ataxia. Every doctor he had consulted was positive that he was suffering from tertiary syphilis. The Wasserman and Noguchi tests always proved "positive". Still the patient, as well as his mother and wife, denied strenuously that he was ever infected with venereal disease. The doctors of course were convinced that it was another case of "syphilitic liar". (Color plate, fig. f, p. 116.)

On examination I found in the iris well defined signs of mercury and I tried to find where and in what form Mr. K. had absorbed the poison. The mother admitted that she had been in the habit of giving calomel to her children, but I could hardly believe that this alone accounted for his terrible condition. Several months after I had made

my first examination the wife of the patient came to and said:

"Doctor, we know now where my husband got the mercury. When he was fourteen years of age his mother put him to work in the Pullman car shops. He was given employment in the mirror department and there he polished mirrors for two years."

The "silver" on mirrors consists largely of quicksilver. The lad undoubtedly absorbed the mercury through his skin and through inhalation. The poison began to show its destructive effects when he was about twenty five years of age. At forty he was in the advanced stages of locomotor ataxia.

This case, like many others, also proves that the Wassermann and Noguchi tests show "positive" in mercurial as well as in other forms of mineral poisoning as well as in syphilis. Many patients are thus wrongly accused of being syphilitic because the doctors do not know how to differentiate between venereal diseases and drug poisoning. Such unjust accusations have frequently caused great humiliation, domestic troubles and divorce proceedings. The unfortunate victim of medical malpractice is thus robbed not only of his health but also of his moral reputation.

The Treatment of Mercurialism

Mercurialism is easily curable while the poison is diffuse in the system, but its elimination becomes more difficult when it has concentrated in the brain and spinal cord as indicated by the corresponding signs in the (Color plate, figs. e and f, p. 116.) But many such cases, even well advanced in locomotor ataxia and paralysis agitans, have yielded to our natural treatment. One such patient had had locomotor ataxia fully developed for six years. When he came to us he had to take, according to his statement, a few dozen doses a day of some powerful

cotic in order to subdue the "lightning" and "girdle" pains. After five months' treatment the pains had disappeared and he felt well enough to quit treatment.

One of my first patients, Mr. S., was also a case of locomotor ataxia, fully developed for seven years. He was past the painful and in the paralytic stage. He could walk only with the aid of a crutch and a stick. The sphincters of the bladder and anus were partially paralyzed so that at times he could not control the movements of the bowels and of the bladder. After seven months' treatment he was able to work at the bench in a violin factory, and after eighteen months he worked as carpenter in the Pullman car shops. When I met him a few years afterward he told me that he continued to work during hot summer weather when most of the employees laid off on account of the unbearable heat. Such cases of course require thorough systematic natural treatment by all methods at our disposal. The curability of such a case frequently can be determined only by giving these methods a fair trial.

Deception Taught in Medical Schools

In medical schools students are warned not to use the word "calomel" in their prescriptions, "because people are afraid of it". They are instructed to write instead "hydrargyrum", which is the Greek word for mercury.

When the mother pleads, "Doctor, I do not want you to give calomel to baby," she is shown that calomel does not appear on the prescription; she does not suspect that "hydrargyrum"—Hg—is the same thing.

Why this deception? Because people look for instantaneous results. The doctor who cannot produce them loses his bread and butter. Homeopathy and other natural methods of treatment are not popular because they are regarded as "too slow". "Something must be done

at once." The one who can most quickly move the bowels and the bowels, run down the fever, suppress skin eruptions, ulcers and catarrhal discharges is the best doctor. In their anxiety for the loved one people will insist on "quick results".

Sometimes when sorely pressed in acute crises, those who thoroughly understand the teachings of Natural Therapeutics succumb to fear and resort once more to drugs in order to produce temporary relief.

"I know you are right, Doctor. I do not doubt in the least the teachings of Natural Therapeutics, but I cannot endure to look any longer on this suffering. We will take the drugs just once more, and then stick to natural remedies all the closer in order to eliminate the after effects."

It is the old story—"I will sin just once more, and I will be good."

But the "once more" is frequently once too often. When Nature, under the influence of natural living treatment has worked up to a healing crisis, suppression is dangerous and often fatal.

The climax of a healing crisis marks Nature's supreme effort to overcome a diseased condition, and if at a critical moment she is thwarted again, the healing efforts of the system are not strong enough to overcome the suppression, and a relapse into chronic disease or death itself are the usual results.

It is the anxiety for immediate relief which keeps the drug curse and which has turned true homeopathy into "mongrelism".

I once attended a clinic presided over by a homeopathic physician. One of the subjects was a young man suffering from a venereal disease. After the diagnosis and usual discussion of the case one of the students was ordered by the professor to give the man a thorough curial inunction.

I asked the doctor: "Is this homeopathic treatment?"

Smilingly he replied: "I suppose not; but these people want quick results. If we do not produce them they will go to the man on the next corner." This is also the excuse of the saloon-keeper for remaining in his line of business.

Information from Allopathic Sources

The following description of mercury, as well as those of all other drugs in this compilation, their uses and their chronic effects upon the system, were compiled by our Dr. Jean du Plessis from the latest standard works on materia medica in the John Crerear Library. These data from allopathic sources prove that the destructive effects of these so called medicines are well known to the medical profession.

Mercury

Allopathic Uses:

1. Caustic against luetic lesions and small skin growths.
2. Antiseptic dressing for wounds and ulcers.
3. Ringworm and other parasitic skin diseases.
4. Lues and chronic internal inflammations.
5. Alterative or intercurrent remedy.
6. Popular purgative in the form of calomel.

Accidental Poisoning:

1. Workmen handling mercury in mines, in the manufacture of thermometers, mirrors, etc.
2. Blue ointment. Grey salve.
3. Blue pills and other patent remedies for costiveness.
4. Amalgam tooth fillings.

Toxicology:

Circulates as oxyalbuminate of mercury, impoverishing both plasma and corpuscles.

Soon leaves blood stream to enter tissues, where it remain indefinitely.

Symptoms of Hydrargyris or Chronic Mercurial Poisoning:

1. Salivation. Swelling and tenderness of gums.
2. Loose teeth—extraction followed by ulceration of sockets.
3. Mercurial teeth of Hutchinson found in child suffering from congenital syphilis, or according to Nat Therapeutics, from congenital mercurialism.
4. Dyspepsia. Diarrhea alternating with stubborn constipation—stools contain sulphid of mercury.
5. Mercurial eczema.
6. Ulcerations of mucous membranes and skin.
7. Softening of the bones, and pains in same.
8. Peripheral neuritis—girdle pains radiating to limbs.
9. Anesthetic patches.
10. Descending tremor progressing from intermittent with excitement and exertion, to continuous during waking hours only.
11. Impaired reflexes followed by various forms of paralysis such as locomotor ataxia, paralysis agitans, and paresis.

Elimination of Drug in Healing Crises:

Takes place through skin eruptions, furuncles, ulcers, abscesses, various forms of feverish and catarrhal diseases, open sores and hemorrhoidal discharges.

Ordinary symptoms of "salivation" and metallic taste in mouth are frequent symptoms.

Dizziness, nervous and mental disturbances are of common occurrence.

Signs in Iris:

While in the circulation it shows especially in the upper half of the iris as a whitish film. This, after five years or more, begins to condense into a greenish crescent of metallic lustre in the blue eye (Color plate, **c**) and of bluish color in the brown eye (Color plate, **f**). This greenish or bluish crescent in serious cases may extend all around the outer margin of the iris. The scurf rim becomes broader and darker in color.

How Dentists Contract Mercurial Poisoning

A few days previous to penning these lines I examined the eyes of a patient which revealed the typical "mercurial iris" covered all over with a heavy whitish "felt-like" film. The outer margin of the iris was bordered by a heavy, black scurf rim. The scurf rim in turn was surrounded by the transparent bluish, greenish mercurial ring which encroaches upon the white (sclera) of the eyeball. The brain region showed the fine white crescent of destruction of brain matter, indicating paresis.

The patient denied having taken mercury in any form. After much quizzing he finally admitted that as a dentist he had for twenty-five years mixed the amalgam for tooth fillings in his bare hands. He is in advanced stages of paresis. This morning he tried to kill his wife.

CHAPTER XIII

CINCHONA—QUININ

(Color plate, Fig. c, Page 116)

Cinchona or Peruvian bark was introduced into Europe as a medicinal remedy about the year 1820. Its known alkaloid is quinin.

Probably no drug has been more popular, both to the medical profession and the laity, than quinin. In many sections of the country especially those affected with catarrhal diseases or malarial fevers, the drug is taken freely and regularly as an ordinary condiment. People are surprised when told that it is a powerful poison, that when taken continuously, even in small doses, it produces a variety of serious chronic ailments, such as indigestion, constipation, rheumatism and neuralgia, deafness, color blindness and total blindness, irritability, prostration and insanity.

In consultation with the doctor, patients are told the drug is harmless, while the lecturer in classroom materia medica, describes in detail the cumulative effects of this and other poisonous agents. They picture with terrible realism the symptoms of chronic mercurialism, iodism, bromism, cinchonism, the cocaine, chloral and morphin habits, and then continue prescribing these as though they were as innocent as bonbons.

The diagnosis from the iris brings proof positive of the cumulative and destructive effects of these agents. We have previously called attention to the fact that quinin, a substance poisonous to the human organism, if taken repeatedly or in sufficient quantity, manifests in the i

peculiar signs and colors easily recognized by the trained eye. These signs and colors diminish and disappear when the corresponding poisons are eliminated from the system, accompanied by their own peculiar crisis manifestations. This is proof positive that these poisonous drugs are not eliminated as quickly and thoroughly as the allopathic physician tries to make himself believe.

Next to iodine, the presence of quinin in the body is more readily recognized in the iris than that of any other poisonous substance. It shows as a yellowish discoloration, sometimes whitish and sometimes approaching in hue a reddish brown, according to the chemical combinations it has entered into. It shows particularly and most prominently in the brain, eyes, ears, stomach and bowels, indicating that it has a strong affinity for these parts and organs. In old malarial cases it also shows in the areas of liver and spleen. (Color plate, fig. c, page 116.)

When we see the signs of the drug in the iris of a patient we need only take any materia medica and read the typical symptoms of cinchonism or chronic quinin poisoning and the patient will confess to most of them. Let us take, for instance, "The Materia Medica and Therapeutics", by J. Mitchell Bruce, published by W. T. Keener and Co., Chicago.

On page 315 he says:

"The obvious phenomena produced by a full dose (15 to 30 gr.) of quinin are not by any means its most important effects. It acts most strikingly upon the nervous centers, and causes confusion of the mental faculties, noises in the ears and deafness, disorders of vision (color blindness), headache, giddiness, vomiting, and possibly prostration from involvement of the cord and circulation. . . ."

Page 316:

"Quinin appears to reduce the amount of nitrogenous excretions, of urea and uric acid, and probably also of carbonic acid, as determined both in healthy and febrile animals, and in man.

“These two sets of effects, taken together, point to a powerful action of quinin in **reducing the metabolism of the body**, of which heat and excretions are the two most measurable products. . . . (Author’s note: This confirms my claim that all antipyretics and antiseptics are protoplasmic poisons.) . . . We may, therefore conclude that the effect of quinin in the body is to check metabolism by interfering with the oxidation of protoplasm generally, with oxygenation, and with the associated actions of ferments. Thus the fall of temperature produced by quinin is due to the diminished production of heat in the body, not to increased loss of heat.”

Fever heat contracts the surface capillaries, tightens and closes the skin and its organs, and thus prevents heat radiation. Therefore we have in fevers a dry, hot surface. The drug, by “reducing the metabolism”, which means a paralysis of the vital functions, suppresses the heat that is burning up the morbid matter in the system. The cold wet packs and cold ablutions do not interfere with internal heat production. They cool and relax the skin, its pores and capillaries, thereby facilitating heat radiation and the elimination of impurities from the blood. The following quotations from “Essentials of Materia Medica and Therapeutics”, by H. Norris, M. D. (Allopath), are very significant, revealing in every paragraph the law of double effect* in the immediate and remote effects of quinin on the human organism. It must be remembered that the drugs taken in small doses accumulate in the system and concentrate in certain parts for which they exhibit a special affinity and then **constantly exert the influence of large doses**.

The notes in parenthesis in the following paragraphs are by myself.

“**Locally**, cinchona and its alkaloids are irritant and antiseptic, destroying minute organisms or inhibiting their movements.

“**Internally** it acts on the alimentary canal as a simple bismuth in small doses increasing the appetite and digestion; if long continued, producing indigestion and gastric catarrh. (Note do

*See Vol. I, Chapter VII, Laws of Cure—Law of double effect.

effect. In ordinary doses cinchona constipates. In large doses cinchona or its alkaloids irritate the mucous membrane and cause vomiting and diarrhea followed by chronic constipation.)

“**Nutrition** is stimulated and the excretion of waste products increased by small doses; large doses, however, diminish the amount of urea and uric and phosphoric acids in the urine. In malarial fever the products of waste tissue are much decreased. (Thus interfering with elimination.)

“**In the blood** it interferes with the oxygen-carrying function of the red corpuscles, and diminishes their number, inhibits the movements and prevents the migration of the white corpuscles, both in health and disease. (If the allopath believes in the theory of phagocytosis, why prevent the migration of the leukocytes?)

“**Circulation:** in small doses the cardiac action is increased; large doses, by acting on the cardiac motor ganglia, depress the heart, sometimes causing it to intermit, and finally arrest it in diastole; the blood pressure is lowered. (This means death.)

“**The temperature** in health is very slightly influenced, if at all; in fevers a rapid decline takes place, due to the depressive action on the blood and circulation.

“**Nervous system:** small doses stimulate the cerebral functions, large doses cause cinchonism, i. e., a constricted feeling in the forehead, giddiness and tinnitus aurium (ringing in the ears), with impairment of hearing and sometimes of vision: after toxic doses these symptoms are aggravated and delirium, weak pulse, coma, sometimes convulsions, and in rare cases death, supervene. It probably reduces the reflex excitability of the spinal cord.

“**Cutaneous eruptions**, as erythema, urticaria or herpes, are produced in some subjects by even small doses of cinchona or its alkaloids.” (These eruptions appear when the drug is eliminated under natural methods, in healing crises.)

From these various quotations it plainly appears that quinin is an antiseptic, germ killer and anti-fever remedy because it is a protoplasmic poison; it benumbs, paralyzes and kills the red corpuscles, depresses the heart and the respiratory centers, and in brief, reduces the fever symptoms because it retards all the vital functions. It “cures” catarrh because it acts as an astringent on the mucous membranes—that is, it contracts and paralyzes the cells

and glandular structures of these membranes so that cannot throw off the morbid matter which Nature is ing to eliminate.

Medical students in our colleges are constantly wa not to give quinin in large or continued doses to rail men, because it may cause color blindness and deaf. They are told this might cause a misunderstanding color signals and thereby produce railroad accide **Whether or not other people become color blind and does not seem to be a matter of importance to the me practitioner.**

Not long ago there appeared before our public c a woman about forty years of age who asked for a d nosis from the eye. Both eyes were yellow with the ical quinin color (see color plate, fig. c, p. 116) the regions of throat, lungs and bronchi displayed dark signs of chronic and destructive catarrhal co tions.

We told her at once, without a word of informa from her, that she was thoroughly poisoned by quinin that in consequence she was suffering with bad chr catarrhal conditions, bordering on tuberculosis.

"Yes," she said, "I have been coughing and expecto ing for a year and the doctors tell me that I have c sumption. Two years ago I was a perfectly well wor and strong as a man. My husband died with consu tion and I, after reading some medical books, began fear that he had infected me with the disease. The bo told me that quinin was a good preventive agai catarrhs, coughs and tuberculosis. Although there v nothing the matter with me at the time, I took large do of it without a doctor's prescription, and kept on tak it until one day I dropped, senseless, on the floor. A d tor was called and after hearing my story told me I h taken too much quinin; that I was suffering from

chronic after effects of the drug. I then began to cough and have grown worse ever since."

In this case, without doubt, the drug which was taken to prevent the disease produced it in its most terrible reality.

The perfection of the microscope and the discovery of microorganisms of disease gave a new and great impetus to allopathic science. In the germ theory of disease was found the solution of all therapeutic riddles, proof positive of the fallacy of the teachings of Hahnemann and a perfect justification of allopathic symptomatic and surgical treatment of disease. One of the favorite bits of evidence always produced in favor of these theories is the specific action of quinin in malarial diseases. "The *Plasmodium Malariae* is found in the blood of malaria patients, quinin kills the *Plasmodium* and the fever symptoms abate (temporarily); therefore is the *Plasmodium* the cause of the malaria and quinin the cure for it."

In like manner, other specific germs are supposed to be the causes of the diseases after which they are named; hence the formula, "Find chemicals or serums to kill the bacteria, and cure the disease."

Let us see if this reasoning is true in the case of malaria and quinin. The allopathic theory is supported by the fact that almost all Northerners who go to certain hot and moist lowland districts in tropical countries are affected by this and other tropical fevers. This seems to be sufficient proof that the cause of the disease lies entirely in certain parasitic germs, peculiar to these districts, and in the presence of mosquitoes which convey these germs into human blood.

The diagnosis from the eye, as repeatedly stated, reveals the fact that the majority of human beings are more or less affected and encumbered with inherited and acquired disease taints and morbid matter. These chronic

encumbrances are more pronounced in the inhabitan colder zones, because the colder temperature re acute elimination and because the greater consum of meat, pork, coffee, tea and liquors, and the al entire absence of eliminating fruits from the daily die favor the accumulation of waste and morbid matter, v forms a luxuriant soil for all sorts of disease germs.

When such persons arrive in the hot, moist, mal lowlands of tropical climates, the malarial parasites other disease germs find congenial soil in the m matter of their systems and produce the peculiar ferr ative processes of yellow fever, cholera, malaria, et

That these germs grow and thrive in morbid blood has been proved by hundreds of European vegeta who have emigrated to tropical countries. They liv localities known as the worst fever districts in the w in perfect immunity from tropical disorders, while meat-eating, liquor-and-coffee-drinking, tobacco-smo and quinin-eating countrymen fall an easy prey to tropical diseases and usually within a few years re to Europe ruined in health physically and mentally.

Viewpoint of Natural Therapeutics Verified by a Allopathic Teacher

When I was a student in medical college Dr. C. one of our professors on *Materia Medica*. He was an experienced physician and in theory and practice a ough allopath, but he never employed quinin in the t ment of malaria.

How he learned to prevent and to cure this dis without drugs was one of his favorite stories. "In younger days," he said, "before I took up the stud medicine, I traveled with a government exploring exp tion through some of the worst malarial districts of Mexico and South America. One day I befriended a

tive and in return for some kindness I had shown him, he taught me how to avoid the malaria and other tropical fevers. He told me to keep my bowels open by avoiding meat and by eating plenty of fruit, and to guard against chilling at night by keeping myself well covered with woolen blankets. I followed his advice, ate plenty of fruit, kept myself well covered, so that all through the night my body was in a state of semi-perspiration, and I never contracted the fever or took a single dose of quinin. My companions would lie naked in the heated part of the tropical night, fall asleep and expose their bodies to the early morning chills. This suppressed the excretions of the skin and brought on the ague."

His experience certainly proved that the malaria parasites grow in morbid blood only. As long as he kept skin and bowels active, the germs found nothing to feed on. He always added that since he began the practice of medicine, many of his patients had prevented and cured malaria by following the same simple directions.

After telling his story, however, the same good doctor would turn around and give a baby, two years old, a dose of quinin for a simple cold.

A medical student who heard me repeat this story tried to explain the doctor's experience as follows: "The particular kind of mosquito which carries the malaria germ is active only during the night. Keeping the body covered while asleep prevented infection." This argument does not hold good, because the little pests are awake and busy during the evening hours and in the early morning as well as during the night.

Neurasthenia Caused by Quinin

Some years ago I happened to attend a clinic in a neighboring college. One of the patients was a young man about thirty years of age, a cigar maker by trade. Exam-

ination brought out an imposing array of nervous symptoms. The unanimous verdict of the assembled doctors and students was "neurasthenia". The professor in charge of the clinic asked for a definition of "neurasthenia".

Having listened to a long recital of nervous and mental symptoms he said, "In my last paper before the — County Medical Association I described this mysterious modern nervous derangement as follows:

"A patient suffers from a multitude of nervous symptoms: headaches, backaches, neuro-muscular weakness, the feeling of weight on the brain, mental irritability, ringing in the ears, insomnia, etc. You cannot find any local or constitutional diseases to account for the nervous symptoms; in fact you do not know what ails the patient **that is neurasthenia.**"

In the meantime I, myself, examined the eyes of the subject and the professor asked me for my diagnosis of the case. I gave it as my opinion that the man was suffering from chronic cinchonism, or quinin poisoning. Asked what made me think so, I replied that the patient showed very prominently the yellow color of quinin in the regions of stomach, intestines, liver and spleen. The last named organs also showed signs of inflammation and enlargement, which usually go with chronic quinin poisoning. To corroborate the diagnosis I asked the patient if he had suffered from malaria. "Oh, yes," he answered, "I lived in the South and suffered with malaria for many years, and had to come north on account of it."

"Did you take much quinin?"

"Yes, almost daily, for four years."

I then asked him for other symptoms of chronic cinchonism as given in standard materia medica; he admitted that he suffered from practically all of them. Having finished my examination, I remarked to the professor

the history of the patient, as well as his symptoms, seemed to justify my diagnosis.

The professor dismissed the subject with the curt reply: "That was orthodox treatment; it has nothing to do with our diagnosis."

It may seem harsh to "tell tales out of school", but this happened in open clinic, within the hearing of the patient. What about the hundreds and thousands of other patients who must suffer all their lives on account of that sort of diagnosis and treatment?

Paresis Caused by Quinin

Three years ago a lady brought her husband to us for examination. His mind was in a weakened condition so that he could not act for himself. The best physicians in her home city in Wisconsin, and two of the great nerve specialists in Chicago had examined the patient and told her that his mental breakdown was caused by overwork. The Chicago "specialists" had charged her fifty dollars apiece for looking at him and making this profound diagnosis. Nowadays "the strenuous life" is made the scape-goat for a good many troubles that are beyond the ken of the "expert" and "specialist".

On examining the iris I found the yellow color of quinin in the areas of brain, liver and spleen; also to some extent in the stomach and bowels, indicating heavy quinin poisoning. When I informed the lady that her husband was suffering from chronic quinin poisoning, she answered, "This may be possible, because during the last few years he has taken quinin almost daily to cure his hay fever. A doctor gave him a quinin prescription for this purpose and after that he kept on taking it of his own accord." This left no doubt about the correctness of the records in the iris.

The case proved to be beyond redemption. Before

death liberated him from his earthly suffering he had to pass for a year through the revolting conditions which characterize the gradual breaking down of the brain tissues, labeled "paresis" by the medical profession. The man came from an exceptionally healthy family. He himself had never been sick in his life until he began to suffer from hay fever. His habits of living had been very temperate and he was known as one of the best all-around college athletes in his state. Surely the work of a cashier in a small town bank was not sufficient to cause physical and mental breakdown in a man of that type.

Quinin

Allopathic Uses:*

1. Appetizer and bitter tonic during convalescence, general debility, and while taking depressing remedies like mercury, lead, etc.
2. Against all febrile diseases, especially malaria and all conditions resulting from same. "Of unquestionable value if freely administered."
3. Against splenic leukemia.
4. Local anesthetic, injected with urea hydrochloride for minor surgical operations—used instead of cocaine.
5. Rectal injection against amoebic dysentery.
6. Against painful nervous conditions. "Shows very marked effects, acting as cardiac and central nervous depressant."
7. Menstrual stimulant and abortive.

Accidental Poisoning:

Malarial preventatives.

Patent tonics. Hair tonics.

*Europe annually imports 500,000 lbs. of Cinchona bark.

Toxicology:

“Converted in the stomach into quinin hydrochlorid, a readily diffusible salt which enters the blood stream within a few minutes after ingestion. Decreases functional activity of all forms of protoplasm. Reduces number of leukocytes. (Hence its suppressive action on inflammatory processes.) Binds oxygen more firmly to hemoglobin thus interfering with proper oxygenation and decreasing the nitrogenous output.”

Clearly therefore, quinin reduces temperature by suppressing the production and not by facilitating the liberation of heat.

The most important symptoms of Cinchonism (chronic quinin poisoning) are the following:

1. Congested frontal headaches.
2. Sensation of fullness or pressure at top of head.
3. Ringing in ears.
4. Disturbances of vision (dilatation of pupils with imperfect response to accommodative effect). Color-blindness.
5. Gastro-intestinal and renal irritation oft accompanied by hemoglobinuria.
6. Itchy skin eruptions.
7. Restless, unfreshing sleep, dizziness, drowsiness and debility.
8. Nervousness, neurasthenia and insanity.

Note the similarity between cinchonism and neurasthenia.

Elimination of Drug in Healing Crises:

1. Through the skin causing itchy eruptions resembling scarlatina or measles.
2. Through the kidneys as amorphous alkaloid which irritates urinary passages, often causing hematuria.

Elimination of drug in healing crises is frequently accompanied by taste of the drug in the mouth.

3. Through acute catarrhal elimination, purging and hemorrhoidal discharges.

Signs in Iris:

The drug shows most prominently in the brain region in yellow pigments ranging from whitish to reddish tint variation probably due to chemical admixtures. In severe poisoning the yellowish discolorations show also in stomach, intestines, liver and spleen, in the latter organs especially in cases of chronic malaria. (Color plate, fig. c, page 116.)

CHAPTER XIV

IODIN

(Color plate, Figs. b and c, Page 116)

The most prominent alterative next to mercury is iodine. Judging from the records in the iris, it must be one of the most popular drugs used by the regular school of medicine, for we find the iodine spots in the eyes of about one-fourth of all the subjects we examine. No other poisonous drug shows more plainly in the iris, but the signs differ according to the mode of absorption. If taken internally, the poison shows in the iris as bright red, reddish brown, pink or orange colored spots or blotches. (Color plate, b and c, p. 116.)

These spots are frequently transparent so that the underlying tissues of the iris can be discovered. Sometimes they are surrounded by white borders indicating that the poison is causing irritation and inflammation or that it is in process of elimination in a healing crisis.

Where the iodine has been applied externally and has been absorbed through the skin, the signs in the iris are of a pinkish hue and appear in the form of streaks, broom-like markings or reddish clouds. It is understood that these signs are visible in the areas of the iris corresponding to those parts of the body in which the poison has accumulated.

The signs of iodine which has been taken internally are often similar to itch spots, still with a little practice they can be distinguished readily enough.

The iodine spots are usually of a brighter red and more

diffuse than the itch or psora spots. Sometimes the history of the patient also helps to clear up the doubt.

While other drugs exhibit a well defined affinity for certain portions of the body, we find iodin spots almost everywhere, frequently in the areas of liver, kidneys stomach and bowels, lungs, pancreas and the brain.

Iodin as Described in Allopathic Materia Medica

Iodin (Iodum) is a solid non-metallic element. It is obtained from native iodids and iodads and from the ashes of sea weeds. Its principal preparations are potassium iodid, sodium iodid, the tincture of iodin, iodin liniment and iodin ointment. Its actions and uses are thus described in "Materia Medica and Therapeutics", by J Mitchel Bruce, used as a text-book in leading allopathic medical colleges in England and America :

"Externally applied, iodin is a powerful irritant and vesicant decomposing organic molecules, and entering into loose chemical combination with the albuminous constituents of the parts. At the same time it stains the epidermis a deep brown; causes considerable pain; and is absorbed into the blood, partly by the skin and partly by the air of respiration in the form of vapor. It is also a very powerful antiseptic and disinfectant."

This description of the action of the iodin again confirms our claim that all antiseptics, antipyretics, germicides and antitoxins are powerful protoplasmic poisons and that their medicinal action depends upon their life destroying qualities.

"The tincture, strong solution, and ointment of iodin are extensively used as stimulants and disinfectants to foul callous ulcers much like silver nitrate; as vegetable parasitocides in ringworm and as counter irritants in subacute or chronic inflammation of joints, periosteum, lymphatic glands, the pleura and the lungs, for which purpose the ointments of lead iodid and of mercuric iodid are also applied. In these instances the chief effect is doubtless stimulation. . . ."

Iodin acts as a counter irritant and stimulant because it is a protoplasmic poison. All poisons have a stimulating and irritating effect on the tissues of the body, because the organism as a whole, its organs, cells and living molecules, and the vital forces animating them, are aroused to intense activity by the effort to repel the hostile invader. Temporary benefit from irritation or stimulation is counterbalanced by the inevitable reaction and "the decomposition of organic molecules".

"But a certain amount of the iodine is absorbed, and acts specifically as will be presently described. Iodine in solution is injected into cysts, goiters, hydroceles, etc., with much success. . . ."

The specific action of iodine referred to, consists in the "drying up" of glandular structures. This may destroy them as effectually as extirpation with the surgeon's knife. I fail to understand how this can be called "a cure". Later, I shall give some instances of the chronic after effects of such "absorbent" treatment.

"Compounds of iodine with creosote and various soothing volatile substances, such as chloroform and ether, are used as continuous inhalations in the so called 'antiseptic' treatment of phthisis, bronchitis and other forms of chronic pulmonary disease."

It is hard to tell whether these antiseptics will more quickly and effectually destroy the lung tissues or the disease germs. (See first quotation.)

"In the stomach and bowels, although it is gradually converted into sodium iodide, the irritant effects of free iodine are continued, with abdominal pain, sickness and diarrhea as the result. . . . In the blood the element is at first found combined with sodium; but this salt appears to be decomposed and the iodine for a time set free, for some of the red corpuscles are broken down (if the amount of iodine is large), and bloody effusions and bloody urine make their appearance. Such results are to be carefully avoided in practice. . . ."

This, too, indicates the destructive effect of the drug.

“Specific Actions and Uses”

“The *lymphatic glands* are reduced in size by iodine, which extensively used for scrofulous and other chronic enlargements the glands, whether applied locally as iodine, or administered internally as the iodids.”

Explained above.

“The excretion of iodine by the mucous membrane of the respiratory tract is of most interest to the therapist. In certain subjects and probably when potassium iodide contains free iodine an impurity, its exhibition produces a series of unpleasant symptoms known as ‘iodism’, consisting of coryza, the watery discharge from the nose being sometimes profuse; sneezing; severe pain of a bursting character over the frontal sinuses, commonly called ‘headache’; swelling and redness of the gums, hard and soft palate and fauces; foulness of the tongue, and increase of the mucus in the mouth; cough and frothy expectoration and a sense of heat and rawness in the trachea and chest. . . .

“In escaping by the skin the liberated iodine produces in certain individuals peculiar eruptions; papular, acneiform, vascular pustular, rarely purpuric. . . . Potassium iodide is said to be an *antigalactagogue* (milk suppressant).

The symptoms just described frequently manifest themselves in the elimination of the drug in healing crises. The worst effects, because deep seated and obscure, are mentioned. Here I may briefly state that in many cases we have found iodine to give rise to Bright’s disease, diabetes, paresis, ulcers of the stomach and bowels, and diseases of pancreas, spleen and lungs. Some specific cases I shall describe later on.

Does Iodine Eliminate Mercury?

“Certain *poisons* which have intimately associated themselves with the albuminous structures, are disengaged from these combinations by iodine. Lead and mercury may be swept out of the tissues with the assistance of potassium iodide, administered in the treatment of leadism and hydrargyria respectively.

“The principal application, however, of iodine is in the treatment of

of syphilis. Either the virus of this disease is thus eliminated from the system, or iodine hastens the life and disappearance of the small-celled growth by which syphilis is characterized. It is especially valuable in the tertiary forms of syphilis, when mercury cannot always be given with advantage; and nodes and other superficial enlargements, gummata in the viscera, and certain forms of skin disease may be very successfully treated with the potassium salt. The same precautions must be observed with respect to the general health, and especially the preservation of digestion, in the case of iodine, as are laid down under the head of mercury (page 106)."

Various preparations of iodine are administered to counteract the effects of mercury, which are usually labeled tertiary syphilis. Old school materia medica assumes that iodine neutralizes and eliminates the mercury. When the latter has been taken to the point of saturation and exudes from the body through ulcers, abscesses, hemorrhoids, etc., iodine arrests the acute activity aroused by the mercury and paralyzes Nature's effort to throw it off. Both poisons recede into the organism and continue their work of destruction. That this is true is proved by the signs of the poisons in the iris and the accompanying symptoms in the organs affected.

It is again Beelzebub against the devil.

The so called tertiary syphilitic usually suffers as much from iodine poisoning as from mercury. It counteracts the mercurial sores and ulcerations because it is a protoplasmic poison. It "dries up" and "absorbs" healthy tissues as well as diseased ones.

Dr. A. Farrington says, in his "Clinical Materia Medica", page 477, of the destructive chronic after effects of iodine:

"*Iodine* is an absorbent; it has the property of causing absorption, particularly of glandular structures. Its absorbent properties extend to other tissues, involving, finally, even nervous structures. We find, for instance, in persons who are poisoned with *iodine*, great emaciation. With the female, the mammary glands become atro-

phied and the ovaries, too, no doubt. With the male, the testicles suffer inevitable progressive loss of sexual power. The skin becomes dark yellow and tawny, dry from deficient action, the conjunctiva (of the eyes) become yellow, yellow spots appear on the skin and also on the body. There is excessive appetite; he is anorectic and faint if he does not get his food. He is relieved while eating and yet he emaciates despite the amount of food he eats. Sometime or later the nervous system becomes involved and he is afflicted with tremor. He becomes nervous and excitable; every little annoyance which would be unnoticed in his normal condition causes him to tremble. He has a longing for the open air, as if the cold air gave him more breath. This gives a fair idea of the condition to which the patient is reduced by the overuse of *iodin*."

In the following I shall describe several cases of iriditis explained by the diagnosis from the iris.

A lady was sent to us by a physician for diagnosis. After looking into her eyes, I at once laid my hand on her right temple and said, "There is serious trouble here; you must suffer from chronic headaches."

This she at once admitted, saying, "It is that trouble which brought me here. No one has been able to detect the cause of the trouble. Since you have discovered the locality, can you also tell me the cause?"

"Certainly," I replied. "It is *iodin*, applied externally and absorbed through the skin. The left frontal area in the iris displays a large reddish streak. I can remember when and for what the *iodin* was applied."

After some effort she remembered that when she was about six years of age, her neck had been repeatedly painted with *iodin* for "swollen glands". On further inquiry she admitted that soon afterwards the hemorrhoids had made their appearance and had never left her as she knew, for a single waking hour. In order to relieve the headache, she took quantities of bromids, coal tar preparations and other brain and nerve paralyzers with the result, of course, aggravated and complicated her chronic condition.

My Own Experience with Iodin

Iodin was the cause of my undertaking the study and practice of Natural Therapeutics. About twenty years ago I was in very poor health. After giving up all hope of being cured by drugs, I went to Europe seeking relief in Nature Cure sanitariums. I was greatly surprised when one of the physicians in charge, after looking at my eyes, immediately told me the cause of all my troubles. He said, "Your right kidney and liver are ruined by iodine."

I remembered that our family physician had swabbed my throat internally with iodine and painted it externally when I was a lad, twelve years old. But I never suspected that those long forgotten applications of this drug could have anything to do with the tendency to diabetes. In my case the elimination of these and other poisons took the form of furuncles. There were at one time over twenty on my body. I allowed them to run their course without being lanced or treated with antiseptics. This proved to be the great healing crisis in my case for, after that vigorous housecleaning, I felt like one new-born. I seemed to be in perfect health and since that time have not been sick in bed for one day. Most of the spots disappeared, but some are still faintly visible, as shown in Fig. 16, p. 123.

A patient asked me if I could explain why she had an abundance of milk for her first baby, while she was unable to nurse any one of the three following. I examined the iris and found in the region of the right chest and breast a broad yellowish-red streak of iodine. There were also closed lesions in the pleura and the lower lobe of the lung. I said to her, "After the birth of your first child and before the next was born, you had a severe attack of pneumonia and pleurisy and your breast was painted with iodine". This she confirmed. When her first child was sixteen months old she contracted pneumonia and pleurisy

and the entire right side was painted heavily with iod

Undoubtedly, the drug had been absorbed and had dr up the mammary glands. **This accounted for her inability to nurse the other children.**

In several cases I have traced sexual impotence to action of iodine on the sex organs.

Iodin

Allopathic Uses:*

1. Antiseptic dressing for wounds.
2. Stimulant and disinfectant on foul ulcers.
3. Injected into cysts, goiters, hydroceles, etc., "much success".
4. Counter irritant in chronic inflammations of joint periosteum, pleura, lungs and tubercular lymph nodes.
5. Metabolic stimulant for disintegrating and eliminating drugs such as mercury, lead, etc., which have been combined with the albuminous constituents of the body.
6. Stimulating expectorant in bronchial catarrh pneumonia if consolidation threatens to persist.
7. Antispasmodic in asthma and emphysema.
8. Antigalactagogue. Dries up mammary gland.
9. For aneurisms as K. I. (Potassium lowers blood pressure while iodine stimulates metabolism and coagulates the tissues.)
10. Used chiefly against tertiary syphilis—either to hasten the elimination of the spirocheta or hastens the final disappearance of the small-celled growth characteristic of the disease.

Accidental Poisoning:

Workmen handling iodine.

Patent "goiter cures".

*The world annually produces 11,000 tons of iodine for many purposes. Is it any wonder that we find it so frequently in the

Toxicology:

Iodin is freely absorbed into the circulation where it resolves the red corpuscles.

It rapidly passes to all tissues especially the excretory organs and lymph nodes.

Symptoms of Iodism:

1. Inflamed gums, palates and fauces.
2. Coryza with bursting pain over frontal sinuses.
3. Cough and frothy expectoration.
4. Acneform eruptions.
5. Abdominal pain, nausea, diarrhea.
6. Glandular atrophy, especially testes, ovaries and mammae.
7. Anemia, emaciation and general debility.

Elimination of Drug in Healing Crises:

Catarrhal discharges from nose, sneezing, severe pain over the frontal sinuses; intense headaches; swelling and redness of the gums, hard and soft palates; foulness of the tongue; increase of mucus in the mouth; cough and frothy expectorations; papular, acneform, vascular or pustular eruptions; open sores, hemorrhoidal discharges and other symptoms according to location of the poison in the system.

Signs in Iris:

Have been described in introductory paragraph of this chapter.

CHAPTER XV

LEAD

(Color plate, Fig. b, Page 116)

The drug shows in the iris in the form of lead blue or bluish grey discoloration in the region of stomach and bowels. I have found the dark blue or bluish grey of lead many times in the eyes of painters, plumbers and other workers in lead, suffering from poisoning or lead colic. The sign in the iris indicates that the drug has a strong affinity for the stomach, and also affects the nerves in the upper region of the spinal cord, causing the symptoms of wrist-drop and shivering palsy or paralysis agitans. (Mercury shows a strong affinity for the lower sections of the spinal cord, frequently giving rise to the symptoms of locomotor ataxia.) One of the plainest diagnostic symptoms of lead poisoning is a blue line along the edge of the gums.

I have met with many cases of lead poisoning caused through drug taking or accidental absorption of the metal.

Several years ago a patient came to me for consultation who suffered intensely from ulcers of the stomach. The eyes revealed plainly the sign of lead in the stomach area. I was unable to locate the source of the lead poisoning until I learned from the patient that for several years he had been employed in a carriage factory, and that his work consisted in scraping old varnish and paint from vehicles. In this way he had inhaled and swallowed large quantities of the metal contained in the paint and varnishes. Under natural treatment he made a complete recovery.

Another patient who had suffered for years with severe indigestion, neuralgia and "rheumatic pains" also showed plainly the lead sign in the region of the stomach. In this case it developed that the patient several years before had worked on the ore wharves in Cleveland, Ohio. He had been in the habit of drinking water from a spring which trickled out from under a large pile of metal bearing rocks. He became violently ill, and was taken to a hospital where the doctors diagnosed his case as metallic poisoning. While he recovered from the acute attack, he was never well afterward and was treated for several years for indigestion, muscular rheumatism and neuralgia. The eyes revealed the true nature of his acute and chronic ailments. He also made a perfect recovery under natural treatment.

Lead and mercury produce the most stubborn forms of chronic constipation. The intestinal tract in the iris of such patients frequently has a black appearance. (Color plate, e and f, p. 116) Many such cases we have had to treat for six months or longer before the first white lines appeared in the black area of the stomach and intestines indicating the return of life into the paralyzed organs.

Lead

Allopathic Uses:

1. Externally as astringent and sedative in bruises, itches, ulcers and inflamed surfaces in general.
2. As injection against chronic inflammatory discharges from vagina, urethra, ear, etc.
3. Sprains (lead water and opium).
4. Hemostat for internal hemorrhage.
5. Powerful ecbolic. (Producing abortion.)

Accidental Poisoning:

1. Workmen handling lead, type, paint, tinfoil, etc.
2. Lead water pipes.

3. Action of acid preservers on solder in canned goods.
4. Lead coated pottery.
5. Candy and cake colors (chromate).
6. Hair dyes (sulphid).
7. Glassware.

Toxicology:

Enters through skin, respiratory and alimentary tract.
Circulates as albuminate of lead, reducing red corpuscles and salts.

Is soon taken up by tissues and obstinately retained.

Symptoms of Plumbism:

1. Blue line along edge of gums.
2. Malnutrition.
3. Profound anemia. Icterus saturius.
4. Lead colic. Stubborn constipation.
5. Neuromuscular pain and rigidity often mistaken for rheumatism.
6. Paralysis saturia (lead palsy, wrist-drop, arm drop). Symmetrical, starting as feebleness and stiffness. Paralysis agitans.
7. Retinitis secondary to arteriosclerosis and interstitial nephritis.
8. Vertigo and delirium in severe cases.

Elimination of the Drug in Healing Crises:

Severe gastritis, hemorrhages from stomach, hemorrhoidal discharges; skin eruptions and ulcers (similar to mercury), sores in the mouth; bleeding of gums; severe nervous symptoms.

Signs in Iris:

Have been described in introductory paragraph in chapter.

CHAPTER XVI

ARSENIC

(Color plate, Fig. b, Page 116)

Several cases of accidental arsenical poisoning have already been cited on page 130. Another similar case was that of a farmer who came to us suffering from great enlargement of the spleen and from pernicious leukemia. His eyes showed the signs of arsenic very plainly, but for several weeks we were unable to trace the source of the poisoning, until I mentioned paris green. He then told me that for many years he had sprayed his potato vines with a preparation containing large amounts of paris green. He remembered that frequently the wind had driven the spray into his face. This solved the mystery. He came too late, however, and succumbed to the effects of the arsenical poisoning.

Several years ago it was discovered that arsenical poisoning was frequently due to the inhalation of poisonous emanations from wall paper that owed its green color to paris green. Since then the use of paris green in the manufacture of wall paper has been prohibited by law. If arsenical poisoning can occur by inhaling the poisonous emanations from wall paper, what about taking arsenic in large quantities in Fowler's solution, salvarsan and other medical preparations? While the first effect of the drug seems to be tonic and stimulating, this is soon followed by greater weakness and collapse.

A well known trick of dishonest horse dealers consists in giving to more or less decrepit horses large doses of

arsenic. This acts as a powerful stimulant on the animal. His coat becomes glossy, the eyes sparkle with the fire of youth and he prances about in high spirits. But the wary purchaser finds to his astonishment within a few days that the animal has lost its youthful vigor and appearance.

The effect of the poison on human beings suffering from anemia is not one whit better. Whenever the drug is continued, the anemic symptoms reappear in worse form than before. Many people contract a habit for the drug which is very difficult to overcome.

Some of the worst cases of chronic multiple or peripheral neuritis that have come under my observation were caused by prolonged medication with arsenical preparations.

The notorious salvarsan is a powerful preparation of arsenicum. The formula is $C_{12} H_{12} O_2 N_2 As_2$. This concoction has never cured a single case of blood poisoning. At the best it has only temporarily suppressed symptoms. Many patients have come under our care and treatment who were completely ruined by it. A year ago we had under our care two cases who were made blind by its use. One of these patients had enjoyed good eyesight until he received four salvarsan injections. After each treatment his eyesight became weaker. After the fourth he could only dimly distinguish objects. Too late it dawned on him that salvarsan was destroying his eyesight.

The other patient had a similar experience. Her eyesight improved greatly under natural treatment. A Bohemian saloon-keeper, had not the necessary intelligence to understand Nature Cure, and went on to poison treatment. I do not know what became of him, but I am certain that he has not regained his eyesight.

Another case treated with salvarsan in one of the Chicago hospitals, went insane. The doctors in charge of his case said it was paresis, due to syphilis in early

They pronounced the case incurable and sent him to the State Asylum for the Insane at Elgin. Later his friends consulted me about the case and on my advice had him paroled and brought to our institution for treatment. He improved rapidly, as the "606" was eliminated from his system, and three months after coming to us he failed to return from his daily walk. One of our attendants went to his house to see if he was there and found him working at his jeweler's bench. He has never had a relapse since.

I could relate dozens of instances where the "606" worked similar havoc in different ways, but space does not permit. On the other hand I have never come across a single case of so called chronic blood poisoning that has been permanently cured by this concoction. It was sprung on humanity and immediately accepted by the medical profession and the laity in all civilized countries simply on account of the reputation of Dr. Ehrlich as a great light of science.

November 21, 1917, the following news item appeared in the Chicago Daily Tribune:

"Doctors Cheer at Discovery of New Cures"

"Announcement of two discoveries of world wide importance in the cure of tetanus and syphilis were made today at the annual fall meeting of the National Academy of Science, held at the University of Pennsylvania.

"Discovery of the new drug, known as A-189, was made at the Rockefeller institute after experiments dating from the outbreak of the world war. It means virtually the medical independence of America from Germany.

"The new drug, an organic arsenical compound, can be prepared in this country at a nominal cost of five cents a dose wholesale, whereas the wholesale price of salvarsan is now \$3.50 a dose.

"But the most important feature of the new invention is the fact that it develops greater resistance for the spirochaetal infections without doing as much damage to the cells of the body."

In the last paragraph of this report it is admitted that the old preparation of salvarsan did much damage to the system. New preparations of old poisons are usually introduced to the profession with similar phrases, i. e., "old preparations of this drug were known to have serious effects upon the system, but this new product our laboratory produces all the good effects of the old without any of its destructive after effects." (This nouncement holds good until a new preparation is covered.—Author.)

Arsenic

Allopathic Uses:

1. Externally as caustic (with iodine) against leukoderma and new growth of skin (does not act absorbed).
2. Internally against chronic skin eruptions (sulphur).
3. Lues as salvarsan (606) neosalvarsan (914) sodium cacodylate.
4. Hay fever, asthma.
5. Popular tonic hematinic used with iron for leucopenic pernicious anemia and symptomatic anemia resulting from tuberculosis, malaria, gout, rheumatism, etc.
6. General tonic and alterative in all cases of perverted metabolism. "5 gtt. Fowler's Solution t. i. d. In 1 gtt. daily until eyelids become oedematous or until darting pains are felt in abdomen. Reduce dose and continue until the above symptoms reappear. Reduce and repeat."

Accidental Poisoning:

1. Paris green, "Rough on Rats," naphthalene and other insect and vermin exterminators.
2. Cloth dyes. Wool in manufacture is treated with arsenic.

arsenic as a preservative. Glazed and wall papers.

3. "Cancer cures." Condition powders.
4. Taxidermists and furriers.
5. Sprays for parasites and insects on vegetables and trees.
6. Cosmetics.

Toxicology:

Readily diffusible, producing excessive oxidation and combustion.

Toxic only to organisms with a central nervous system.

Symptoms of Chronic Arsenical Poisoning:

1. Waxy complexion with loose, brittle hair and nails.
2. Arsenical eczema.
3. Puffed eyelids. Conjunctival injection. Photophobia. Lachrymation.
4. Catarrhal discharges from all mucous surfaces.
5. Cold drizzling sensation over back.
6. Numbness and tingling in extremities.
7. Neuralgia and peripheral neuritis.
8. Progressive muscular atrophy.
9. Engorgement of liver, spleen and lymphatic glands.

Elimination of Drug in Healing Crises:

1. Kidneys, bowels, liver.
 2. Skin, in form of arsenical eczema, boils, running sores, dandruff and shedding of hair.
 3. Catarrhal discharges from all mucous surfaces.
- Retained longest in bones, ligaments and other hard tissues.

Signs in the Iris:

Arsenic, the third drug in the group of alteratives, shows in the outer margin of the iris in white flakes resembling

snowflakes or beaten white of egg. We find these si
in the eyes of many people who have taken the poison
medicines and tonics or who have absorbed it accidenta
(Color plate, b, page 116.)

CHAPTER XVII

BROMIDS

(Color plate, Figs. a, e, Page 116)

The salts of bromin most commonly used are potassium, ammonium and sodium bromid. These salts act as depressants and narcotics, particularly to the brain and nervous system. They lessen the sensitiveness of the nerves and their conductivity and are also powerful depressants on the heart and sex organs, often causing loss of sex power.

Bromids show in the iris as white or yellowish white discolorations. They appear in the form of a crescent in the upper regions of the iris, indicating that the drug exhibits a special affinity for the brain and sympathetic nervous system. (Color plate, a-e, p. 116.) The more strongly marked this sign in the iris the more symptoms of chronic bromism will be exhibited by the patient. A very noticeable symptom of chronic bromid poisoning is a peculiar acne form rash.

The eruptions on the face and neck may turn into abscesses and ulcers. Frequently the victims of bromism exhibit erythema and copper colored blotches. They also suffer from digestive disturbances. Mental symptoms are very prominent, there being a distinct action on the blood vessels of the brain; these blood vessels contract causing anemia and atrophy of tissues, weakening and loss of memory, defective coördination of muscular activity, difficulty in walking and tremor of the limbs.

J. Mitchell Bruce, M. D., in his "Materia Medica and Therapeutics", says:

“The great vital centers of the medulla are depressed by bromids; respiration becomes weaker and slow whence, possibly, part of the value of the drug in whooping cough. The heart is also slowed and weakened in action. . . . The spinal centers, nerves and muscles are all depressed by bromids, the latter so much so that the convulsions of strychnin poisoning cannot be induced.”

This confirms my assertion that all sedatives, hypnotics and narcotics are merely brain and nerve paralyzers.

The salts of bromin, in addition to serving as painkillers and sleep producers, are the great epileptic remedies of the old school of medicine. It matters not where the epileptic seeks relief from his terrible malady—whether he consults the doctor on the next corner or the high priced “specialist”; whether he buys nostrums of an advertising quack or visits the great sanitariums for epileptics in Europe; the treatment is the same—bromids in some form or other. This treatment may be varied sometimes by the use of other brain paralyzing agents, such as chloroform, cannabis indica, etc., but these, like the bromids, only give temporary, fictitious relief; they never cure the disease. Professors in medical colleges acknowledge this freely to their students.

The bromids are given primarily to suppress the epileptic convulsions. Unfortunately, however, they become and paralyze not only the centers of the brain affected by the convulsions, but the entire organ, some parts suffering more than others. This explains the gradual loss of memory, mental decline, progressive paralysis and final death of the victims of bromism. These chronic complications are due not to the disease itself, but to the paralytic effect of the drug.

Medical science has failed to discover the “epileptic center”, that is, the locality of the brain especially affected in the epileptic convulsions. The discovery

made through the diagnosis from the iris, in the following way, by Rev. N. Liljequist, a Swedish clergyman, who has devoted his life to the study of this interesting science and who has written a most instructive book on the subject.

Liljequist one day examined a man suffering from epilepsy. The disease had been caused by an accident in a saw-mill. A saw burst, a piece of it striking the man behind the left ear, burying itself deeply in the bones of the skull. The epileptic convulsions dated from that time. Evidently the condition was due to pressure on the brain, caused by the piece of steel, which had penetrated the skull. Liljequist looked into the iris for a sign of the wound in the head and found a well defined open lesion in the left iris. Afterwards, when examining the eyes of epileptics he always looked for signs of the disease in this area of the iris and seldom failed to discover indications of abnormal conditions in that locality.

My experience has been the same. In almost every case of epilepsy I find the signs of drug poisons, of nerve rings, or of acute and chronic lesions in the iris area of the left cerebellum. (See chart, frontispiece, area 3.)

Ten years ago Mr. L. came to me for examination. His left iris showed a marked lesion in area 3. It was apparently the sign of an injury, and when I examined the skull I found behind the left ear deep scars radiating from the depression. The location of the lesion in the iris and the scars behind the ear made me think at once of epilepsy, and I asked him whether he was not affected by the malady.

He answered, "This is the trouble about which I have come to consult you; when I was four years old I had a fall and crushed in the bones of the skull behind the left ear. Immediately following the accident I went into spasms and convulsions and have suffered with epilepsy ever since."

The findings in this case fully confirmed the disease of Liljequist. It will be seen that the epileptic area is in close proximity to the ear.

Physiology teaches us that one of the functions of the internal mechanism of the ear is to aid in the maintenance of equilibrium. These centers, therefore, must be affected in epileptic convulsions, for muscular coordination and the sense of equilibrium are instantly and completely inhibited in such attacks as evidenced by the sudden fall and violent spasms.

Iridology has been of incalculable value, not only in discovering the location of the epileptic center, but also in throwing new light on the causes of the dread disease. Undoubtedly, in the instance of Mr. L., whose disease was caused by pressure on the indented bones, and therefore seemed to be a case for a surgical operation. Fortunately for him, he was not operated upon. I say fortunately, because trephining of the skull has proved to be anything but a blessing. For a time the operation was popular in the hospitals of Vienna, but it was found that most of the "successful" operations were, in the course of years, followed by serious brain diseases. It has been practically abandoned as a cure for epilepsy except in cases of dental injury to the bony structure of the skull similar to the one above described.

In many instances the removal of the pieces of bone pressing on the brain has undoubtedly cured epilepsy, insanity and other mental disorders, and the effects of trephining, on the whole, have been very desirable.

In many cases of this kind adhesions are formed which draw the brain tissues out of their proper alignment and interfere with circulation and nutrition. The results in Mr. L.'s case proved that, at least in

stances, epilepsy caused by injury to the skull can be cured by natural methods of treatment applied to the organism as a whole. When he came to us for treatment his condition was serious. The attacks displayed especial severity at night. An attendant had to be with him constantly. Aside from the typical brief spasms, he exhibited a peculiar form of convulsions, which I have not observed in any other case.

For hours at a time he would be tossing about in spasms, in a dazed, semi-conscious condition. Within six months, however, the convulsions ceased entirely. He remained with us nine months longer, undergoing the regular regimen without experiencing a recurrence of the old trouble.

In many instances we have, by means of Iridology, traced the exciting cause of the disorder to abnormal conditions in the digestive organs. Several cases resulted from irritation by worms, others from certain forms of indigestion. The latter patients were invariably addicted to voracious over eating.

A certain form of indigestion, due to an abnormal condition of the stomach, and to over eating, affects the solar plexus, and from there the impulse to convulsions is transmitted to the epileptic brain center. In such cases we found fasting to be of great benefit in overcoming the abnormal appetite, as well as in curing the digestive disturbance.

In patients of this type we have observed that the convulsions begin with the undulatory movements in the stomach region and thence travel upward to the brain.

It is a fact that epilepsy often comes and goes with rheumatic conditions and no doubt many cases are due to excess of either phosphoric or uric acid in the organism. These acids are powerful stimulants and irritants of nerve and brain tissues and their activity must be held in check

by sodium and sulphur. Proteid foods abound in acid producing elements, phosphorus and nitrogen, are lacking entirely in the acid binding alkaline elements. We can readily see why a one sided meat-and-egg-w-bread-potato-coffee-and-pie diet may produce nervousness, such as epilepsy, St. Vitus' dance, hysteria, nervous excitability and sexual over stimulation.

Naturally the cure of such abnormal excitability of nerve and brain tissues lies in a reduction of the acid producing proteids and carbohydrates and in an increase of use of fruits and vegetables, which are rich in the acid binding and eliminating organic salts.

Years ago, when my professional shingle was at one of the old mansions on sooty, gasoline scented Michigan Boulevard, a Southern lady came to me with her son who was about twenty-two years of age. His blue eyes displayed a heavy scurf rim. The dark pigmentation especially marked in the areas of feet and legs, protruded like a "V" into the field of the left cerebellum. In this area were visible also segments of several rings. The upper iris displayed very distinctly the very half-moons of bromids.

The stomach and intestines exhibited the light yellowish discoloration peculiar to scrofulous elimination of these organs. (This discoloration of the intestines is often mistaken for the yellowish signs of quinine and sulphur.) This data given, the rest was easy.

I addressed the young man as follows: "You have always suffered from poor circulation, cold, clammy, and sweaty hands and feet."

"Yes, that is so."

"You suppressed the foot-sweat."

"Yes, that is so. I was playing with a football and perspiration of the feet troubled me very much. I used drying powders and cured it."

"Soon after that you had attacks of dizziness and fainting spells and then regular epileptic fits."

"Yes, that is true."

"Since then you have taken bromids in large quantities but, instead of curing the disease, it has grown worse. Lately your memory has been very much weakened. There is a lack of concentration and at times a great physical lassitude and mental stupor."

"It is worse than that," answered his mother; "of late he has frequently left home for his office and landed in a different part of the city without knowing how he came there. Once, in that dazed condition, he was nearly killed by a street car. It seems that nothing can be done for him. I have been traveling with him now for three years from one specialist to another, but without avail."

"All this is very plain, Madam," I replied. "As long as you adhere to allopathy, it matters not how many authorities you consult, the treatment is bromids and bromids and nothing but bromids. These so called sedatives are in reality brain paralyzers. They are given with the idea of paralyzing the brain centers in which the epileptic convulsions arise, but unfortunately these agents do not confine their benumbing influence to the left back brain, which is the seat of these disturbances. You notice that these white half-moons in his eyes extend more or less over the entire brain region. (Color plate, a-e, p. 116.) Bromism paralyzes the speech center in one, memory in another, the center for 'locality' in another, according to where the poison happens to concentrate. These signs in the eye also explain why the consumers of these drugs are slowly but surely turned into idiots and paralytics."

"Then you think there is no hope for him," sadly interrupted his mother.

"There is no hope for him, Madam," I replied, "by the

bromid route; but under natural treatment his conditions of recovery are very good indeed. Suppression of foot-sweat threw the scrofulous taints, in process of elimination through the feet, into the cerebellum and causes the periodical irritation of the 'epileptic condition.' Natural methods of living and of treatment will eliminate these systemic poisons and thus remove the cause of trouble."

Deeply impressed by the diagnosis and by my explanation of the natural methods of treatment, she consented to leave the young man under our care. I then explained the law of crises and told them to look for five or six days of steady improvement, then for a temporary return to the old conditions, for convulsions, gastric disturbance, nose bleed, perspiration of hands and feet, nervous depression, homesickness, etc., etc.

After the mother's departure there arrived in due season a letter from the father, which ran as follows:

"Dear Son: Dr. X., our family physician, after consulting with your mother's report, informs me that your condition and his Nature Cure are a humbug and a fake. You are to return home without delay."

In reply to this Mr. B., Jr., wrote to his father: "I have obeyed you in everything, but in this case, which concerns me so deeply, I am going to follow my own judgment. Our family physician is entirely ignorant of this system, while Dr. L. has studied allopathy as well as Nature Cure in addition to his Natural Therapeutics. Dr. X. does not know what he is talking about and is not competent to judge."

The preliminary improvement made in his condition was marked and rapid. The bromid eruptions and the stupid expression of the face cleared and in six days the patient looked the picture of health. Convulsions decreased from two or three daily to about one

In the latter part of the sixth week the iris area corresponding to the intestines became covered with a white film. I informed the patient that a bowel crisis was approaching, and within twentyfour hours my prediction was verified by the development of a lively diarrhea. This lasted several days and subsided without interference on our part.

I gave the patient one dose of homeopathic sulphur in a high potency. The convulsions now came thick and fast and with great severity. One morning his pillow was covered with blood from the nose-bleed. At times his hands and feet were dripping wet. The perspiration was of a disagreeable, sweetish odor, peculiar to these epileptic crises.

At this time he felt very much depressed, discouraged and homesick, and if it had not been for my accurate prediction and description of almost every crisis symptom, he would have followed his father's advice and taken the next train home. But by means of a magnifying mirror he himself saw the black patches in the areas of the left cerebellum and feet interwoven with white lines, indicating the active elimination of scrofulous encumbrances.

For about four weeks more these acute manifestations continued and then subsided never to return.

At the end of the fifth month he left for home in perfect health.

Bromids and Loss of Identity

Frequently we read in the daily papers about people who have wandered away from home and lost all recollection of their identity, their home and former occupation. Some of these patients recover, others remain permanently affected.

The majority of these cases are caused by bromids, coal tar poisons or other brain paralyzing drugs. The only

possibility of cure in such cases lies in thorough, systematic natural treatment.

Idiocy and Paralysis Caused by Bromids

Some of the most pitiable wrecks of humanity in youth are to be found among the victims of bromids. We have known young men and women still in their prime who walked with a tottering gait and presented the emaciated and withered features of people seventy years old, stunted in body and stunted in mind, the stare of idiocy in their eyes, typical defectives created by the bromids or brain and nerve paralyzing drugs.

Bromin

Allopathic Uses:

1. Externally, elementary bromin is used occasionally as an escharotic.
2. Internally the bromids are used as sedatives, hypnotics and antispasmodics in acute specific fevers, alcoholism, mania, hysteria, infantile convulsions, whooping cough, hypochondriasis, general nervousness, and over excitement, gastro-intestinal disorders of reflex character and "with great success" in **epilepsy**.

Toxicology:

Is rapidly absorbed from broken skin and mucous surfaces. Circulates as sodium bromid. Appears in the excretions a few minutes after ingestion, yet its total elimination stretches over a long period of time, so that repeated doses the patient is kept continuously under influence.

Its sedative effect is due partly to depression of sensory and motor nerves, but chiefly to reduced activity of the centers in brain and cord. (This confirms our claim

bromids and other sedatives and hypnotics benumb and paralyze brain and nerve matter.—Author.)

Symptoms of Bromism:

1. Brom-acne, so common in drugged epileptics—is in turn treated with arsenic.
2. Yellowish discoloration of skin with formation of blisters.
3. Catarrh. Salivation.
4. Headache, dizziness and general depression.
5. Impotence.
6. Diminished reflex excitability.
7. Neuro-muscular weakness, especially of lower extremities.
8. Premature senility, paralysis, insanity, loss of self consciousness.

Elimination of Drug in Healing Crises:

1. Kidneys (mainly). Increased urination.
2. Salivary glands, mucoid accumulations in the mouth.
3. Mucous membranes, acute catarrhal elimination.
4. Skin in form of brom-acne, so familiar in drugged epileptics—in turn treated with arsenic.
5. Abnormal perspiration, nose bleed, diarrhea.

Signs in the Iris:

White crescent in region of brain and white wreath in outer margin of iris. (Color plate, a-e, p. 116.)

CHAPTER XVIII

COAL TAR PRODUCTS

(Color plate, Figs. d and f, Page 116)

Signs in the Iris:

Antikamnia produces in the upper part of the iris a greyish white veil which looks like a thin coat of wash. (Color plate, figs. d and f.) Antifebrin, antipyrin and phenacetin produce a pigmentation proceeding from the sympathetic wreath outward, in color ranging from gray to light yellow.

Creosote and guaiacol, which are used extensively as germ killers in tuberculosis and other germ diseases, produce a greyish or ashen veil over the entire iris. (Color plate, Figs. a and b.) In Europe the utter uselessness of these agents and their destructive effects have been recognized and they have been practically abandoned in this country, however, these poisons are still widely used. The same holds true of antitoxin and tuberculin. These serums also have been practically abandoned by the advanced European physicians, while here they are rapidly gaining in popularity with the medical profession.

Even "harmless" germ killers, if such there be, never prove a cure for tuberculosis, because the tubercle bacillus is the product of the disease, not its cause, and grows in morbid and decayed lung tissue only.

The only way to prevent the growth and multiplication of the dreaded bacilli or their microzyma is to remove from the system the morbid and scrofulous soil in which they thrive. Elimination, not "germ killing", is the only cure. Every germ killer is a protoplasmic poison, and that

weakens and kills the protoplasm of bacteria and parasites also weakens and kills the protoplasm of the normal cells of the human body.

During the last thirty years coal tar preparations have become very popular as pain-killers and hypnotics. Antipyrin, antifebrin, phenacetin, antikamnia, triazol and dozens of other preparations are obtained by the distillation of coal tar. All of these agents are highly poisonous and have a depressing and paralyzing effect on the brain, heart and respiratory centers. The use of these agents in the form of doctor's prescriptions, headache powders, nerve soothers, and hypnotics accounts for the increase in heart disease and insanity much more than does the "strenuous life". The stimulating and soothing effect of many of the popular soft drinks, such as coca cola and bromo seltzer, is due to poisonous stimulants, hypnotics or narcotics.

A few years ago Dr. Wiley, the government chemist, exhibited at the St. Louis exposition a flag of the United States which had been colored by anilin dyes extracted from canned goods. His investigations and laboratory experiments proved that most of the foods sold in grocery stores were adulterated not only with cheap ingredients, but also with poisonous coloring materials and antiseptics, most of which were found to be coal tar preparations.

In our modern artificial life people absorb poisons in many ways which they never suspect.

Insanity and Paralysis Caused by Antikamnia

Ten years ago a patient called me up on the telephone and asked me to come to her house immediately. On arriving there I was asked to examine a woman who was sitting in a chair before us. The upper part of the iris in both eyes was covered with a greyish veil looking somewhat like whitewash. (Color plate, Fig. f, page 116.)

I said to Mrs. A., who had summoned me, that she must be suffering from coal tar poisoning, probably kamnia or creosote, and that this must be severe enough to affect her mind. Mrs. A. answered that this was correct, that the patient was mentally unbalanced and also blind and dumb. Then she explained that the woman had been doing her cleaning and laundry work, but of late had shown signs of mental aberration, and that during the few days the condition had become acute. A doctor was called to examine the patient. His diagnosis was "insanity from worry over business matters". The friends of the patient had told him that Bessie had lost \$1,400 by loaning it to dishonest acquaintances. From this the doctor concluded that worry over money matters was the cause of her insanity. He recommended that she be committed to an insane asylum.

Mrs. A. called on the people with whom Bessie had lived and while searching her room they found a quantity of empty antikamnia boxes. Then both Mrs. A. and the landlady remembered that Bessie had been in the habit of taking medicine for her headaches and neuralgia. She explained the source of the coal tar sign in the urine.

With the aid of Mrs. A. the patient was placed in our care and treatment. For several months she was sometimes violently insane. Then she began to improve after passing through the regular healing crises and cleared up to such an extent that in the fifth month we entrusted her with the care of our baby. Speech and hearing, however, while somewhat improved, remained this day very defective. Ever since her recovery on the natural treatment she has been able to make a living as domestic servant in private families.

Worry over money matters might have unbalanced her mind but surely would not have caused loss of speech and hearing. This could be caused only by some

paralyzing agent. In this case also the diagnosis from the eye proved more reliable than the testimony of the expert alienist. If she had been committed to an insane asylum it would have been for life.

Coal Tar Products

Acetanilid, Antipyrin, Creosote, Phenacetin, Antikamnia, etc.

Allopathic Uses:

1. Powerful antipyretics acting within one hour.
2. General nervous sedatives, anodyns and hypnotics, "giving complete and prompt relief in nervous headache, neuralgia, ataxia pains, gout, rheumatism, dysmenorrhea, etc."

Accidental Poisoning:

1. Patent fever remedies, and headache powders.
2. Antikamnia and other proprietary anodyns.

Toxicology:

1. Reduction of blood alkalinity and red corpuscles. (This decrease in the oxygen carrying power of the blood accounts for the antipyretic action.)
2. Depression of all vital functions with a special tendency to cardiac failure (due to anilin).

Symptoms of Coal Tar Poisoning:

1. Undue readiness to fatigue.
2. Despondency and loss of memory.
3. Renal irritation.
4. Nervousness, neuarasthenia, paralysis, insanity.

Elimination of Drug in Healing Crises:

1. Excessive perspiration and erythematous eruptions.
2. Catarrhal discharges.
3. Excessive urination.
4. Nervous and mental disturbances.

CHAPTER XIX

MISCELLANEOUS DRUGS

Salicylic Acid

Signs in the Iris:

Salicylic acid shows in the iris as a whitish grey or veil, spreading unevenly over the outer margin of iris, being more pronounced in the upper region. It resembles a whitewash and if abundant, tends to efface the peripheral border of the iris like glycerin. It is frequently associated with the sodium ring. (Color plates a and f, page 116.)

The drug has a corroding effect upon the membrane linings of the digestive organs. The continued use leaves these structures in an atrophic condition which results in malassimilation, malnutrition and delayed elimination. These conditions show in the iris by evening and gradual browning or blackening of the periphery of the stomach and intestines. People thus affected are liable to the worst forms of wasting diseases.

Allopathic Uses:

1. Antiseptic surgical dressings.
2. For softening and removing horny skin growths.
3. Perspiring feet and night sweats.
4. Gastric and intestinal fermentation and constipation.
5. Popular antipyretic but requires larger dose than antipyrin.
6. Chronic cystitis associated with foul alkaline and phosphatic deposits.

7. "Specific" against acute inflammatory rheumatism (used in form of salicylate of sodium or lithium; of late administered hypodermically to avoid gastro-intestinal irritation). "Administer large doses until ringing in the ears indicates physiological saturation. Discontinue until this symptom subsides, then repeat."

Accidental Poisoning:

1. Food and drink preservatives (1 percent checks enzyme action).
2. Oil of wintergreen, gaultheria and sweet birch.
3. Aspirin, novaspirin and other "cold remedies": Salol. Salophen. Salipyrin.

Toxicology:

The "specific" action of sodium salicylate against acute inflammatory rheumatism is ascribed to the following factors:

1. "It reduces the painful swelling and inflammation" (by suppressing oxidization like all coal tar products).
2. "It acts as a germicide against possible rheumatism micro organisms" (subsequently causes renal irritation).
3. "It increases the output of such nitrogenous wastes as urea, uric acid, urates, etc." (by creating new nitrogenous wastes through irritation, and not by facilitating the elimination of already existing waste acids through the neutralizing action of sodium, which shows in the iris as a "sodium ring").

Symptoms of Chronic Poisoning:

In addition to the symptoms produced by the other coal tar products, salicylic acid also gives rise to:

1. Dullness of hearing. Dimness of vision.
2. Nausea. Diarrhea alternating with constipation.

Elimination of the Drug in Healing Crises:

1. Severe indigestion—cramps in stomach and nausea and vomiting.
2. Acne form and pustular skin eruption.
3. Acute catarrhal elimination.

Strychnin

(Color plate, Fig. a, Page 116)

An alkaloid prepared from *nux vomica*, a white line, odorless powder of intensely bitter taste.

Allopathic uses: A cardiac and general nerve.

Acute symptoms: Tetanic convulsions; eyeballs prominent, pupils dilated, respiration impeded, pulse frequent and rapid.

Symptoms of chronic strychnin poisoning: Failure of the heart; sluggish circulation, low blood pressure, various forms of paralysis; indigestion; spastic contraction in the pit of the stomach.

Sign in the Iris: The sign of strychnin is well discerned in the iris. It shows as a white wheel-like proportion around the pupil in the region of the iris indicating that the poison has a special affinity for that organ. On closer inspection it will be seen that it is made up of fine white lines or spokes radiating from the pupil.

With the strychnin sign in the iris we find associated an atonic or atrophic condition of the stomach: hypochlorhydria, indigestion, fermentation and gas formation. When given as powerful stimulants, the first tonic effects of the drug on the digestive organs and the heart are followed by weakness and progressive atrophy and paralysis. When a stomachic the drug is given in the form of nuxvomica. It is one of the favorite heart stimulants of the old school of medicine.

Phosphorus

(Color plate, Fig. f, Page 116)

Sign in the Iris:

Phosphorus shows in the iris in whitish, greyish and faded yellow flakes and clouds in the areas of stomach, intestines, brain and limbs. (Color plate, f, in lungs and throat.) It was used in allopathic prescriptions more extensively in former years. I have frequently found the sign of phosphorus in people who had been treated with the drug for mumps, for nervous and mental troubles and for sexual weakness. These patients suffered from severe chronic headaches, neuro-muscular pains, variously diagnosed as neuritis, multiple neuritis and chronic rheumatism. They also suffered from stubborn chronic indigestion. During the first year after absorption of the drug, the patients suffer with chronic diarrhea, which gradually changes into stubborn constipation.

I have frequently seen the sign of phosphorus in the eyes of people who became poisoned with phosphorus in match factories and in chemical laboratories. Next to mercury it is the worst form of vocational poisoning.

Allopathic Uses:

1. Rickets, osteomalacia, ununited fractures.
2. Nervous disorders, like neuralgia, mania, melancholia, sexual exhaustion, etc.
3. Chronic pulmonary diseases.
4. Some skin diseases such as psoriasis, lupus, etc.

Accidental Poisoning:

1. Workmen handling white phosphorus.
2. Vermin poisons, matches, etc.

Toxicology:

Circulates mostly in unchanged form but is pal-
dized at the expense of hemoglobin into phospho-
phosphorous acid.

Symptoms of "Lucifer Disease" are the follow-

1. Ulceration of gums and necrosis of jaws sta-
carious teeth.
2. General weakness due to fatty degeneratio
tissues.
3. Hectic fever. Anemia. Purpura.
4. Gastro-intestinal irritation; diarrhea; ter
over liver.
5. Various forms of paralysis.
6. Death from general nerve exhaustion.

Elimination of Drug in Healing Crises:

1. Deep reaching ulcers, chiefly in mouth.
2. Itchy eruptions on skin.
3. Hemorrhagic form of jaundice resembling
4. Intestinal tract, diarrheas.

Turpentine

(Color plate, Fig. d, Page 116)

It shows in the form of dense, grey clouds, m
the areas of the kidneys, sexual organs and bladder

Glycerin

(Color plate, Fig. f, Page 116)

Large white clouds in the areas of skin, kidn
lungs. They may efface the peripheral border of t
(Color plate, areas 18-20-28.)

Ergot

(Color plate, Fig. c, Page 116)

Ergot is a parasite or "smut" of rye; it was son
found in rye flour of poor quality. Improved grain

ing machinery has made cases of poisoning from this cause of rare occurrence.

This poison is sometimes used by women in attempts to induce criminal abortion. (Color plate, c, areas 14-20)

Acute and Chronic Symptoms of Ergot Poisoning (Ergotism)

The drug causes spasmodic contraction of the arteries and sclerosis of the posterior columns of the spinal cord.

The early symptoms are those of digestive derangement; later symptoms are gangrene of the fingers and toes, or painful spasmodic clinching of the hands and hyperextension of the feet.

Signs in the Iris:

Rust brown spots in various parts of the body. (Color plate, fig. c, areas 14-18)

A few days ago an allopathic physician who is a good friend of mine told me about a lady whom he was treating for a fibroid tumor on the womb. He remarked that he was getting good results by the administration of ergot, that it was "starving the tumor" by constricting the blood vessels and cutting off the blood supply. Since I knew that he was not open to the philosophy of Natural Therapeutics I refrained from disputing his argument. Being a trained scientist, how could he overlook the fact that the ergot surely would not confine its constricting and starving effects to the tumor, but that it would have the same effects upon the normal tissues and organs of the body.

Opiates and Narcotics

Every time these drugs are used they weaken, benumb and paralyze brain and nerve matter and thereby inter-

fere with and suppress Nature's acute healing process and produce or aggravate chronic conditions. Recovery in many critical cases is made impossible through the depressive and paralyzing effects of these poisons.

Opium

(Color plate, Figs. b, d and e, Page 116)

Opium is the oldest and most widely used anodyne and hypnotic. It is prepared from the juice of the white poppy. The drug is used in the pure form, and from it are prepared several alkaloids of which the principal ones are morphine and codeine. Opium shows in the iris in the form of white, straight lines radiating in the form of a star from the pupil, or from the sympathetic wreath, especially in the upper part of the iris. (Color plate, figs. b, d and e.)

In allopathic doses opium acts at first as a stimulant, then as a sedative, diaphoretic (i. e., sweat-producing), anodyne and hypnotic. It belongs to the most powerful remedies of the old school of medicine. Therefore we frequently see the sign of the drug in the iris. When taken in sufficient quantities it creates around the stomach in the area of the stomach and intestines, a grayish star. The poison seems to have a special and permanent affinity for the stomach and bowels and sympathetic nervous system, and is one of the causes of chronic constipation in children who have been dosed with opium. Many cases of lifelong chronic constipation and in some cases of insanity we have traced back to paregoric and other opium soothers used in infancy and early childhood.

Laudanum

Laudanum is a tincture of opium. It contains 4 grains of opium per ounce. It shows in the iris similar to

Paregoric

Paregoric is a mixture of opium, camphor, glycerin, annis seed, benzoic acid and alcohol. One half ounce of paregoric contains one grain of opium.*

Morphin

Morphin is the principal alkaloid of opium, and its action is similar to that of the mother drug. It is used frequently as a sedative in heart disease, nervous disorders, asthma, coughs, catarrhs and mental diseases. It acts more promptly when injected subcutaneously.

Helpless indeed would be the modern physician without the morphin syringe. How often must it serve as a deceptive substitute for real relief and cure! How grateful are the patient and his friends for the prompt relief from pain! But they do not realize the destructive after effects. They do not realize that momentary relief has been bought at the expense of the fighting power of the organism and that only too often the seductive and exalting effect of the poison makes a "dope fiend" for life.

Though morphin is closely related to opium, its signs in the iris differ somewhat from those of the latter. It creates in the iris fine white lines, which seem to lie on the surface and radiate from the pupil outward, especially into the upper part of the iris, or brain region. The signs, according to the severity of the chronic poisoning, vary from a few white lines to a thick white covering radiating from the pupil towards the upper rim of the iris. (Color plate, figs. b and e, page 116.)

Cocain

Cocain is an alkaloid obtained from coca leaves. The signs of this drug in the iris are very similar to those of

* A prominent Chicago physician uses this preparation to kill defective babies. He induces the mothers of the babes to administer the deadly poison.

morphin. Cocain produces local anesthesia and anemia paralyzing the sensory nerves and contracting the blood vessels.

When given internally in allopathic doses, cocain acts at first as a stimulant, tonic and restorative. It enables persons who chew the leaf to undergo great muscular exertion with little or no fatigue. If the use of the drug and its various preparations is continued, it has by the law of action and reaction, a paralyzing effect upon the brain and spinal cord.

I need not dilate further upon the subject of narcotics. Probably everyone of my readers has come in contact with victims of these dreadful poisons, which destroy not only the body but mind and soul as well.

Anodyns and Analgesics (Pain Killers) Sedatives and Hypnotics (Sleep Producers)

Anodyns are medicines that give relief from pain. The chief anodyn is opium, or its alkaloid, morphin. Others are cannabis indica, belladonna, hyoscyamus, stramonium, conium, potassium bromid, chloral hydrate, chloroform, ether, camphor, cocain and coal tar products.

Analgesics are remedies that relieve pain, either by direct depression of the centers of perception and sensation in the cerebrum, or by impairing the conductivity of the sensory nerve fibres. Antipyrin, antifebrin, phenacetin, exalgin and cocain are powerful analgesics.

Hypnotics are medicines which produce sleep. The remedies of this group are bromids, paraldehyd, sulfitonal, tetranol, chloral hydrate, opium, morphin, hyoscyamus, hyoscin, ether, chloroform and alcohol.

All of these agents reduce pain and produce sleep because they are poisonous paralyzers. They do not contribute anything toward removing the causes of the pain and insomnia; they merely benumb and paralyze the

and spinal centers of perception and sensation and reduce the sensitiveness and conductivity of the nerve fibres.

Natural Methods Versus "Dope"

The advocates of poisonous pain killers, nerve soothers and sleep (?) producers have not even the excuse of lessening human suffering. Natural methods, where it is impossible to save life, insure at least an easy decline and painless transition. This we have proved in hundreds of cases that came to us in the last stages of cancer and of other diseases that are usually accompanied by great suffering.

Though we have taken care of a great many cases of cancer of the breast, stomach, liver, intestines, etc., that came as "lost hopes" and passed away under our care, we have administered only a few doses of opiates to such patients within the last seventeen years.

While ordinarily under regular treatment such sufferers are kept constantly under the influence of opiates, and in spite of these have to endure excruciating pain, those whom we have treated passed through the last stages of decline without great suffering. They all reported that their pains were easily bearable, and, with two exceptions, none ever asked for an opiate.

The pain killers only temporarily paralyze the sensory nerves, then the pains return with increased force. We cannot cheat nature in that or any other way. **Pains suppressed are but pains deferred.** This is proved by the reactions that are sure to come after the administration of pain killers and by the terrible tortures of the drug fiend when the "dope" is withheld from him.

Do those who administer these agents realize that they are making drug fiends of their patients before they pass from this life? We have good reason to believe that the destructive effects of these poisons continue after death.

Everything in the physical world has its counterpart in the spiritual. Is it not possible that the spiritual counterpart of the drug affects the spiritual counterpart of the physical body—that which St. Paul calls the “spiritual body”? Therefore, the sufferings of the drug fiend may not be ended with physical death. Every physician knows that the “dope” affects not only the physical body, but also the mental, emotional and moral characteristics; they know that the dope fiend is invariably a liar, irresponsible and unmoral.

Why should a patient be exposed to such mental and psychological destruction which may be of infinitely greater detriment to the permanent personality, the spiritual man than mere physical disease, when the natural methods of treatment render the suffering easily bearable even in the most dreadful forms of chronic, destructive diseases?

In view of the fact that these poisons undoubtedly shorten the course of human life, there is another question of grave import connected with the giving of opiates. In many instances where all available vital force is needed to battle the disease, a dose of morphin or chloral may be sufficient to suppress Nature's healing efforts and to bring about a fatal termination, thus robbing the patient of his last chance of recovery. Only too often the patient succumbs, not to the disease, but to the morphin syringe and other deadening hypnotics and sedatives, administered through impatience on the part of attendants and sometimes through worse motives.

The last days, or even the last hours of one ready for death may be the most important of his life. Have we the right to deprive him of his last opportunity for reflection and for balancing his account with the higher powers? The following incident brought this home to me forcibly:

Several years ago, in one of the palatial homes

lake shore front, I treated an old man who had amassed a great fortune, possibly not in ways exactly in harmony with the Golden Rule. He was slowly dying with cancer of the liver. His wife, forty-five years his junior, had been his faithful and sympathetic nurse for several years. When the end was near she consulted a lawyer as to the advisability of having the husband make a will in her favor. She was informed by the legal adviser that she would be better off if no will were made, since she was entitled to a liberal share of the fortune as her widow's dower, and that a will might only cause trouble and complications with the many children of the testator.

From that moment on, her patience and seeming sympathy vanished. Every word and action betrayed eagerness to see him go. When the patient groaned with pain—or seeming pain—she insisted that opiates be administered. Being convinced that under the natural treatment his physical suffering was not great and that an opiate would shorten his life, I informed her that I had entered upon my life work not to take life, but to preserve life, and that if morphin injections were to be given some other physician must do it. The more I objected the more strongly she insisted. The patient in the meantime kept on groaning and calling for help at the top of his voice. For hours he yelled, “I am suffering terribly; something must be done for me”.

Finally, at her behest, I called in a physician who professed to be willing to administer the drug. The patient was informed to this effect, and the doctor, ready to apply the needle, remained within call. From that time on until he passed away, twenty-four hours later, the patient never uttered another word of complaint or a groan. He knew it would mean the morphin syringe, and that this would shorten his life. Life was so precious to him, or possibly the dread of the future so great, that he preferred

to endure what pain there was rather than take chances on the opiate. His behavior proved, as I had surmised, that his suffering was more of a mental and spiritual than of a physical nature.

Is it not possible that the last twenty-four hours were of greater importance to this man, as far as his spiritual welfare was concerned, than many years of selfish grabbing and hoarding?

CHAPTER XX

DISEASES OF THE VITAL ORGANS—THEIR SIGNS IN THE IRIS

Stomach and Bowels

The area of the stomach is located directly around the pupil (A), that of the intestines surrounds the stomach (B) and the border of the intestinal field represents the

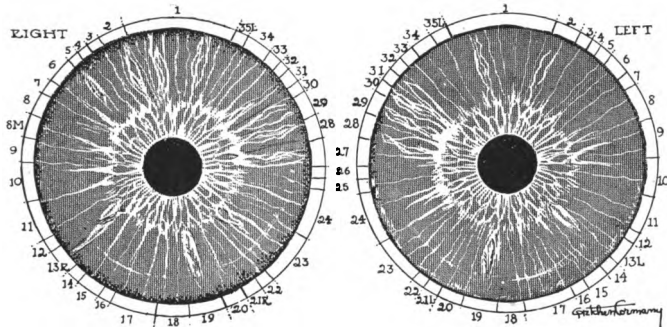


Fig. 17.

sympathetic nervous system (C). See Chart, Frontispiece.

Acute conditions of these organs show white in the iris (fig. 17), while chronic conditions, accompanied by gradual atrophy of the membranes of these organs, create dark grey, brown and black discolorations. (Color plate, figs. e and f.)

Acute catarrhal conditions of the stomach are usually accompanied by excessive secretion of hydrochloric acid as well as by systemic accumulations of uric and other

acids (Fig. 17), while the chronic condition, accompanied by more or less atrophy of the membranous lining of the stomach, is responsible for deficient secretion of hydrochloric acid and pepsin (Fig. 18).

In order to find out whether the contents of the stomach are hyperacid or hypoacid, physicians of the regular school introduce rubber tubes into the stomach and take samples of its contents for examination in the laboratory.

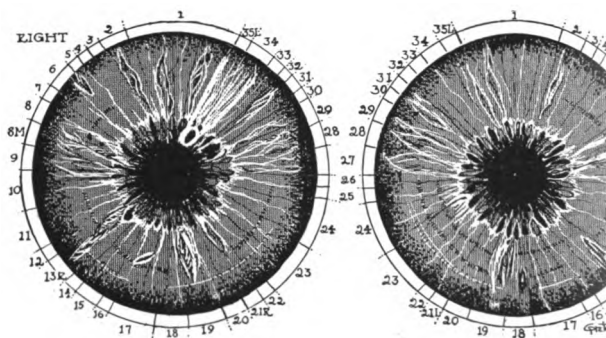


Fig. 18.

The iridologist does not have to resort to this unscientific and injurious practice. The showing in the iris indicates whether the subject is suffering from hyperacidity or hypoacidity. If the stomach area in the iris shows white, it is a sign of acute inflammatory and hyperacid condition, while dark discoloration indicates a sluggish, atrophic condition of the membranous linings and is therefore a deficiency of hydrochloric acid and pepsin. As a result of deficient secretion the foods remain undigested, enter into morbid fermentation and create noxious and other pathogenic materials.

If the stomach, through long continued digestive processes, is in a condition of chronic inflammation,

ulceration, the inner edge around the pupil shows dark and ragged. (Fig. 17, p. 215.)

As the disease processes in the stomach proceed from the acute and subacute to the chronic and destructive stages, we observe in the iris the appearance, first, of greyish or brownish spokes. These gradually darken until in the destructive stages they become quite heavy in appearance and black in color. (Fig. 18, p. 216.)

A weakened and relaxed condition of the digestive tract, resulting in enlargement and prolapsus of the organs is indicated in the iris by the distention of the areas of the stomach and bowels (Fig. 19, p. 218). This is true in a more pronounced degree of the intestinal tract, which is frequently greatly distended in the areas of the cecum, ascending colon, descending colon, sigmoid flexure and rectum, these parts of the intestinal tract being frequently enlarged on account of accumulation of food materials and feces.

Drug Poisons in the Digestive Organs

What has been said about signs of acute and chronic conditions in the stomach is also true of the intestines. Frequently the stomach area appears whitish, greyish or light brown, while the intestinal area is enormously distended and shows the black spokes of chronic conditions. In such cases stomach digestion may be fairly active while the intestinal tract is in an atonic condition. (Fig. 19.)

In many cases of mercurial poisoning the intestinal area shows deep black, indicating the paralyzing effect of the poison on the intestinal membranes. The liver in such cases also shows chronic signs. The intestinal area frequently shows the signs of quinin, iron, sulphur, opium and its derivatives. We also find in the intestines the signs of iodine but not of strychnine. (Fig. 26, p. 227.)

Itch spots, the signs of suppression of psoric eruptions,

we find quite often in the fields of the stomach and intestines. These always indicate a tendency to ulcer, benign and malignant tumors (Fig. 20). Cancer in organs shows usually as a small black spot surrounded by white. (Fig. 14, Series IV, c.)

(Fig. 20, p. 219.) I examined this patient six years ago and found several large itch spots in the intestines. She was the husband of the lady that these itch spots indicated a strong tendency to cancer, but she did not come for treatment. Four years afterward he brought her

RIGHT

LEFT

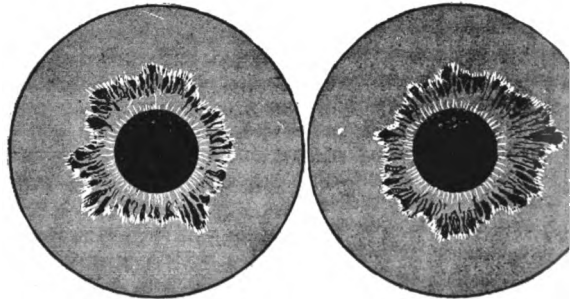


Fig. 19.

to us in the last stages of cancer of the intestines. It was too late for recovery.

(Fig. 21, p. 220.) About the same time that I made this diagnosis I examined another lady whose left breast was slightly inflamed around the nipple. Her iris showed several itch spots in the left breast. I warned her of the possibility of cancer. She took treatment for two years, but then her husband, who did not believe in Natural Therapeutics, forced her to abandon the treatment and return to her home in a western city. When he brought her back three years later, the left breast was a sore of cancer. This case also had advanced beyond

sibility of improvement. Itch spots showed also in the left groin and liver. Mrs. S. remembered distinctly that in her childhood she had suffered with eczematous eruptions which were treated with "medicine and salves". Undoubtedly these remedies accounted for the heavy scurf rim in her eyes, and for the arsenical flakes.

If these cancer patients and their relatives had understood the nature of psora and its hidden danger, both lives could have been saved.

Diseases of the Liver and Spleen

I prefer to describe these organs together because they are companion organs and we find that when one of them

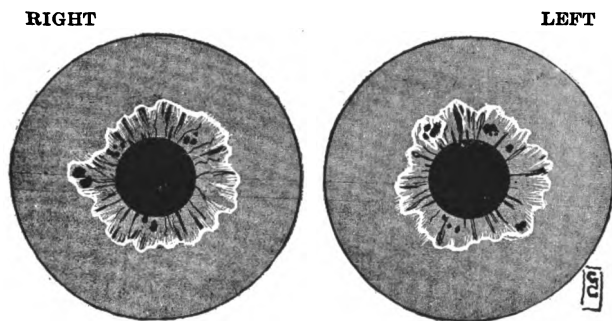


Fig. 20.

is seriously diseased the other also is more or less affected.

These organs are the refineries of the body. The liver refines the end products of starchy and protein metabolism and discharges the waste materials thus extracted, partly in the form of bile, into the gall bladder and from there into the intestines, and partly in the form of urea which is excreted through the kidneys.

It has been known to medical science that, in addition to serving as a burial ground for dead red corpuscles, the

spleen has much to do with the purification of the blood but it was not clear just how this purification took place. Many theories have been advanced which have not withstood the tests of scientific research and clinical experience.

The new science of Natural Therapeutics for the first time gives a rational explanation of the true function of the spleen and of the lymph nodes in the lymphatic system. This new theory has been fully explained in

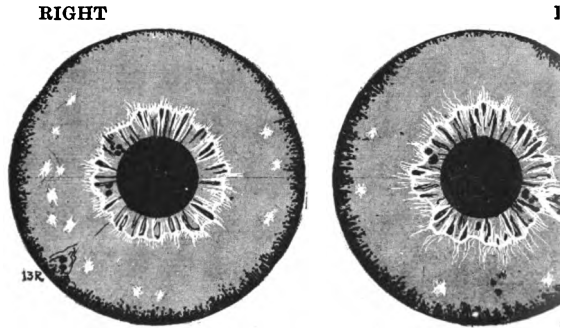


Fig. 21.

IX, "Inflammation", Vol. 1, and also in connection with the study of various diseases.

According to the new version the spleen and lymph nodes serve to filter the mucoid pathogenic material from the blood stream and to condense them into compact bodies, the so called leukocytes or phagocytes. These have been mistaken for live, germ killing cells.

The purpose of this condensation of pathogenic material, where explained, is to render the blood serum more viscous and thus to facilitate its penetration into the intercellular spaces (osmosis) and thereby the nourishment of the cells by arterial blood and their drainage by way of the lymphatic and venous systems.

One of the principal reasons why Metchnikoff assumed that the leukocytes were germ killers was because they increased in numbers with the beginning of inflammation in any part of the system. He believed that they increased because more germ killers or phagocytes were needed to overcome the inflammation creating bacteria. The new science of healing proves that inflammation takes place on account of the increase in pathogen and leukocytes, which causes obstruction in the capillary circulation.

A number of serious diseases did not confirm the Metchnikoff theory. In miliary tuberculosis, malaria, typhoid fever, influenza and pernicious anemia the leukocytes are greatly reduced in numbers while the spleen and lymph nodes, the capillary circulation and the intercellular spaces are blocked with leukocytes and colloid (pathogenic) materials. (Fig. 12, p. 97, note lymphatic rosary.)

The following explains this phenomenon also: In these diseases the amount of pathogen in the circulation is so great that the trabeculae of the spleen and of the lymph nodes become so engorged with mucoid materials that they cannot any longer continue the pathogen condensing and filtering process. The failure of the spleen and lymph nodes to continue their normal functions explains the decrease of leukocytes in the circulation and the corresponding increase of colloid materials.

The enlarged spleen and swollen lymph glands in quick consumption, malaria, typhoid fever, influenza and pernicious anemia are in the same condition as a sieve that has become so clogged that it cannot any longer sift the solids from the fluids.

This crowding of the lymph nodes in the neck with colloid matter can be frequently observed after the extirpation of the tonsils and adenoids, which means suppression of colloid elimination. When the lymph nodes are thus engorged with pathogenic materials the surgeon

knows no better than to cut them out. The principle of Natural Therapeutics promotes the elimination of pathogenic materials from the circulation thus relieves the engorged spleen and lymph nodes.

The foregoing explains why in serious anemia and the other diseases before mentioned we always find the signs of acute and subacute activity in the spleen and usually also in the liver, because the diseases of the liver also originate in lymphatic engorgement. (Page 112, Series I.)

When the colloid or mucoid obstruction in the lymphatics continues, the acute and subacute stages are followed by chronic and finally chronic destructive stages. This is readily explained by the fact that constant obstruction interferes with nourishment and death of the cells and thereby brings about deterioration and gradual destruction of the cells and the affected parts. (Page 112, Series III and IV, 12-13, right and left.)

Practically all diseases affecting a vital organ, whether it be the liver, spleen, kidneys, lungs, stomach or intestines, run the same course. Pathogenic obstruction causes reaction by acute inflammatory processes which succeed in clearing the tissues of morbid material and thus follows recovery and normal function. (Page 112, I, B—E.)

If, however, the pathogenic encumbrances in the lymphatics become permanent, then the system is no longer able to remove the obstructions by acute inflammation and the result is chronic degeneration and destruction. (Page 114, Series III, IV.) This again confirms the principle of Natural Therapeutics, according to which the system is constructive or curative in tendency while the chronic stages are characterized by atrophy and death of the tissues.

The color of the lesions in the iris, whether they be white or greyish, brown or black, indicates what stage of pathogenic development the disease has reached.

That the ancients understood the connection between diseases of the liver and spleen and emotional conditions is proved by the fact that the word "melancholia" means "black gall". Obstruction of the gall duct is frequently caused by the accumulation of colloid materials in the form of black, tarry accretions in the gall bladder. This interferes with the flow of the bile through the gall duct

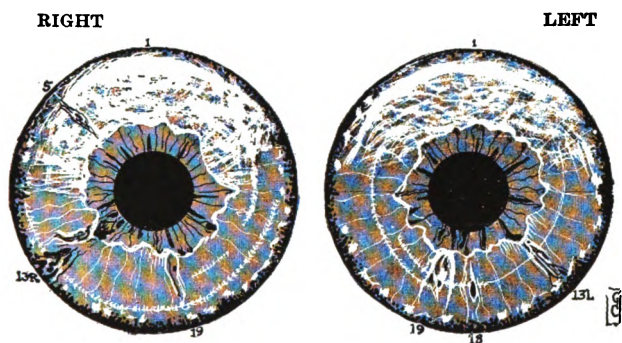


Fig. 22.

into the intestine, which in turn causes the surging back of the bile into the blood stream. The absence of bile in the intestines results in constipation. Bile in the blood stream irritates brain and nerve matter, causing mental depression, melancholia or hysteria. (Fig. 17 R, p. 215.)

I have been told on good authority that in over half the operations for gall stones no stones are found, but in place of them the black tarry substances before described—the "black gall" of the ancients. Such catarrhal obstruction of the gall duct may cause distention, painful symptoms and a bilious condition of the system, similar to that caused by obstruction by stones.

Engorgement of the spleen and of the lymph nodes results in excess of pathogenic materials in the circulation. These benumb brain and nerve matter, causing physical and mental lassitude, melancholia, insanity or, in severe cases, mental depression, coma and death. (Hering, p. 216.)

Cases of Chronic Quinin Poisoning

I examined Mr. L. shortly before he died of pernicious anemia. His eyes revealed an extraordinary combination of serious lesions and signs of drug poisons, as shown in Fig. 22. Lesions in the respective organs reveal a

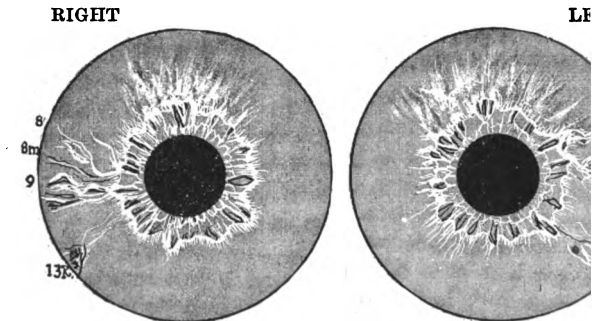


Fig. 23.

chronic destructive condition of the **liver and gall** bladder, accompanied by a collemic, engorged condition of the **spleen**. The brain region, as well as the areas of the spleen, show distinctly the color of quinin. In this case, he had suffered for several years with malaria, and was treated with quinin in the orthodox way. Since he had been affected by melancholia, indigestion, constipation, neurasthenia and many other troubles, making his life a continual torture until death relieved him at the age of forty-two. His eyes also showed lesions in the kidneys, several segments of ne

a chronic lesion in the right ear and a closed lesion in the left knee. The pancreas area shows a large psora spot.

The brain region also revealed the presence of bromids and coal tar products which had been administered to suppress the headaches and insomnia caused by quinin poisoning.

Fig. 23 shows a severe lesion in the spleen and a chronic catarrhal condition of the lungs. The patient had contracted "swamp fever" in South America. After he returned to the United States this was suppressed with

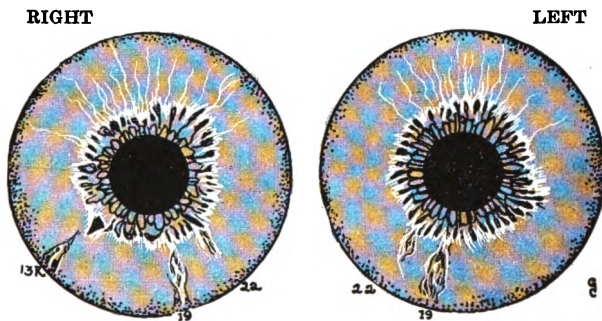


Fig. 24.

quinin and **arsenic**. The pathogenic condition of the blood caused by the diseased spleen and liver was followed by incipient tuberculosis of the lungs.

Allopathic physicians admit that tuberculosis is much more dangerous when accompanied by spleen disease. Our theory of leukocytosis explains why this is so. When the circulation is saturated with excessive amounts of pathogen this will engorge and obstruct the tissues of the lungs and thus prepare the soil for tubercular processes. This patient made a perfect recovery under natural living and treatment.

In practically all cases where patients told me that since they had the grippe they were troubled more or less

with headaches, nervous irritability, insomnia, indigestion, bone aches, neuritis, physical and mental weakness. I found in the iris the signs of quinin, indicating that chronic after effects of influenza are not due to the disease itself but to its suppression by quinin and other poisons. This is also proved by the fact that in places where influenza is treated by natural methods such as hygienic living, after effects never develop. Quinin shows plainly in the brain region.

Diseases of the Kidneys

The kidneys are especially prone to disease because they are the filters of the system, whose function is to

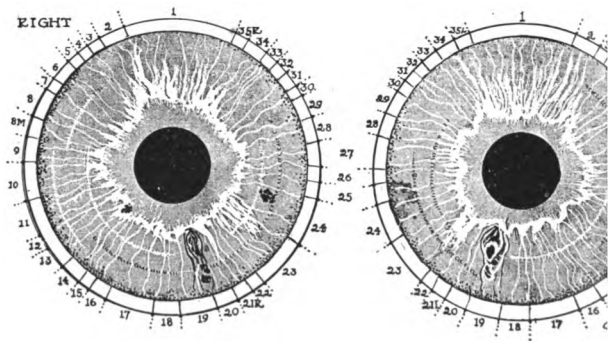


Fig. 25.

it is to eliminate from the blood stream all sorts of waste and morbid materials. As long as the system is in good condition and the kidneys have nothing to do but the normal forms of waste matter such as urea and salts, they will remain in a healthy condition, but whenever they are forced to eliminate large amounts of foreign or toxic materials, earthy matter, uric acid and phosphoric salts, etc., the tender tissues of these organs become irritated and inflamed. This leads to morbid

which in time render them incapable of performing their functions.

When acute and subacute irritation by poisonous excretions continues for too long a time, the tissues of the kidneys undergo degenerative changes. Microscopic examination of the urine then reveals kidney cells, tubules, casts, leukocytes, red blood corpuscles, pus cells and other debris of inflammatory breakdown.

Fig. 24 shows both kidneys in a subacute condition. That this was not primary disease is shown by the serious

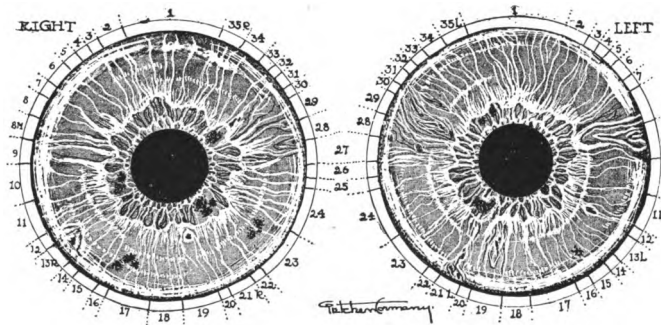


Fig. 26.

lesions in the pancreas and liver which were associated with diabetes in the advanced stages. There also showed in both eyes the signs of acute inflammation in the bladder. The stomach and bowel region revealed the dark signs of chronic catarrh, indicating an atrophic condition of the membranes of stomach and intestines, which resulted in malnutrition and systemic poisoning.

The history of the patient revealed that he had been suffering since early youth with malnutrition and constipation, which I traced to the use of paregoric and cathartics. The mother of the patient told me that she had been in the habit of giving her children those wonderful "sooth-

ing syrups" and "innocent laxatives" so as not disturbed at night or when engaged in her household duties. In the meantime the laudanum in the paracetic acid and the calomel was benumbing and paralyzing the live intestinal membranes of her children. At the age of twelve the patient developed diabetes. This was treated with the ordinary allopathic remedies, but instead of curing the disease the poison treatment resulted in chronic inflammation and finally in breakdown of the kidney accompanied by the discharge of albumen in addition to sugar. The patient died at the age of thirtythree, shortly after I had made the diagnosis from the iris of the

Fig. 25 shows chronic, destructive **kidney lesion in both eyes**. In the right kidney region as well as in the right back we notice large itch spots. There is a similar lesion in the left kidney and an iodine sign in the pancreas. The brain region shows the signs of acute inflammation.

The patient, when I examined her, was in the last stages of Bright's disease. The cause of the trouble is revealed by the itch spots. She remembered distinctly that she had had the itch several times in her youth and that it had been suppressed with the usual remedies—sulphur and mercuric and blue ointment (mercury). She had suffered from weakness of the kidneys and bladder ever since. The iodine sign in the pancreas accounts for the presence of sugar.

The white lines all through the iris and the heavy rings indicate irritation of the nervous system through uric acid and other pathogenic materials. In this case the concentration of the psoric taint in the kidneys was the result of the suppression of scabies ("seven itch") was undoubtedly responsible for the gradual breakdown of these organs.

Stones in the Kidneys

(Fig. 26.) These eyes indicate plainly a uric acid diathesis. The irritation caused by this systemic poison throughout the entire system is indicated by the white lines all over the iris, giving it a grey appearance. Irritation of the nervous system by uric acid and other systemic poisons is also indicated by the many prominent nerve rings. Uric acid in this case resulted in the forming of a stone in the left kidney. This was removed by a surgical operation four years before the patient came to us for treatment. Two years after the operation another stone had formed in the right kidney. Mr. S. told me that the new stone in the right kidney was giving him much more trouble than the previous one in the left kidney; that for two years he had traveled from one hospital or sanitarium to another, his ailments growing worse all the time.

When one of a pair of organs is affected by constitutional disease and is removed by the surgeon's knife, the disease soon after manifests in the companion organ. This is of such common occurrence that anyone who runs may read, but the surgeons cannot or do not want to see that constitutional disease is never cured by the mutilation or extirpation of an affected organ. Common sense reasoning would tell us that the only way to meet the problem is to cure the constitutional disease back of the trouble—in the case under discussion, the uric acid diathesis. This can easily be accomplished by the natural methods of living and of treatment.

Before this patient came to us he developed at intervals of two weeks a violent inflammation of the affected kidney. This was accompanied by high fever and excruciating pains. The attacks, which were undoubtedly precipitated by irritation due to the stone in the kidney, would

last about a week and then subside, to be followed by another interval of two weeks by another attack.

After he came under our care and treatment he had only one of these violent colicky attacks. After that he experienced only a few slight aggravations and improved rapidly. He left our institution five months after his arrival and, according to last reports, had not experienced another attack of kidney inflammation, but I learned from his friends that since that time he has been troubled a great deal with acute inflammatory rheumatism, which is to be accounted for by the fact that he was not at all strict in his adherence to the natural regimen of living. Two X-ray pictures which were taken just before his arrival at our institution and the time of his departure showed that the stone had actually diminished one eighth of an inch in diameter in various directions.

The acute inflammatory attacks subsided so quickly that a raw food diet and fasting reduced the hyperacidity of his system very rapidly, thus lessening the irritation caused by the stone and the pathogenic condition of the blood. The fact that the stone considerably diminished in size in five months' time proves that these calculi dissolve only in blood highly charged with acid materials and that they gradually dissolve under a normal alkaline condition of the vital fluids and eliminative treatment.

The digestive organs reveal a chronic catarrhal condition, also signs of iodine; in the outer margin of the bronchi deposits of salts of sodium and magnesium; subacute catarrhal signs in bronchi, throat and nasal passages. A chronic lesion in the rectum stands for hemorrhoids.

Respiratory Organs

(Fig. 27, p. 231)

These are the eyes of a young lady who died from pneumonia of the lungs at the age of twentyfour. I examine

eyes three months before her death, when it had become too late to save her life. The eyes showed the following lesions and other abnormalities.

One of the most prominent features is a very heavy dark scurf rim which extends nearly uniformly all around the iris. This type of all-around-the-iris scurf rim has been called by iridologists the hereditary scurf rim because it forms early in childhood in the iris of infants who

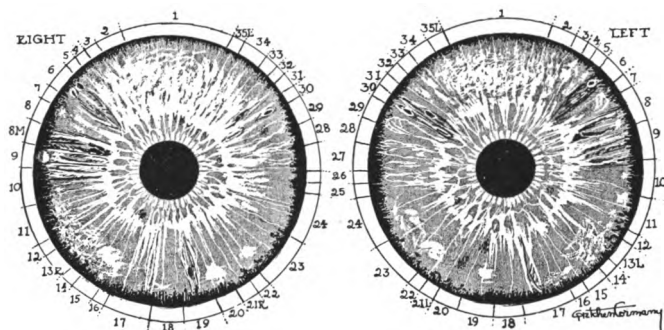


Fig. 27.

were heavily encumbered from birth and who were subjected to suppressive treatment for skin eruptions and other acute infantile ailments. The application of mercurial and other metallic ointments also results in the appearance of a broad black scurf rim all around the iris because these metallic poisons effectually deaden the organic structures of the cuticle.

The "acquired" scurf rim is one which forms from infancy on as a result of hot bathing, coddling, dense, heavy clothing, suppressive treatment of skin eruptions. The acquired scurf rim does not appear uniformly all around the iris but shows mainly in the form of half-moons in the outer segments of the iris. (Fig. 13, p. 100.)

The inactive, atrophic condition of the skin indicated

by the heavy scurf rim predisposed the child to catarrhal conditions which manifested as whooping cough, frequent colds, profuse catarrhal elimination from the nasal passages, chronic tonsilitis and enlargement of the adenoids. At the age of four the tonsils and adenoids were removed.

Suppression of scrofulous elimination through the nasal channels intensified elimination through the nasal passages. The nasal membranes became congested, the turbinated bones soft and swollen, this obstructed the nasal passages and the child became a mouth breather.

The nasal passages were treated with antiseptic solutions, polypi were removed and the turbinated bones reduced with the knife. This treatment resulted in destroying the nasal membranes, which suppressed the local catarrhal conditions but drove the impurities in process of elimination deeper into the system. Next the lymphatic glands of the neck became engorged with pathogenic material. Years after removal of the tonsils the lymphatic glands of both sides of the neck were extirpated.

About the same time the child was vaccinated and entered public school. This was followed by eczema and sores which persisted for several months and were not cured (?) by ointments and internal medication. This served to intensify the scurf rim.

From that time the child was never well and remained pale, anemic, weakly and listless, unable to run and play like other children—easily tired in school, and backward in her studies. The treatment for this condition was “good nourishing” food—that is, food of meat, soups, eggs and other heavy protein and fatty foods, which only served to increase the pathological conditions in her system. The principal medical treatments were arsenic (Fowler’s solution), strychnin and iron.

Nature next tried to eliminate the pathogenic

branches through the bowels, which gave rise to periodic diarrheas. These were suppressed with laudanum and other opiates. In this fashion the child worried through the years of childhood and early youth, the parents in the meantime trying many specialists and "cures". Defective skin action and excess of protein and starchy foods intensified the pathogenic obstruction in the tissues and resulted in carbon dioxide poisoning. This prevented the entrance of oxygen into the tissues, which meant constantly increasing oxygen starvation. This, together with pathogenic obstruction in the lung tissues, brought on constant catarrhal elimination in the form of coughing and copious expectoration. These persisted in spite of suppressive treatment by means of opiates and coal tar products, resulting gradually in the breaking down and caseous degeneration of the lung tissues, which in turn prepared a luxuriant soil for the tubercle bacilli. She was then sent to a tuberculosis camp, but the effects of the outdoor life were spoiled by the stuffing with large amounts of eggs, milk and other pathogen producing foods. Death brought relief from her great suffering in her twenty-fourth year.

The eyes of this patient revealed a complete record of her progressive ailments. The areas of nose and throat showed chronic catarrhal signs and a few small closed lesions which indicated the destructive and suppressive treatment of the acute catarrhal conditions in the nose, throat, tonsils and adenoids. The neck revealed the effects of extirpation of the lymph glands. The fields of stomach and bowels to the last showed white, indicating acute catarrhal activity of these organs characterized by constant, severe diarrhea.

The areas of the lungs also show the white signs of acute and subacute inflammation and several dark spots indicating caverns in the upper lobes of the lungs. It

must be remembered that in such cases it is not only actual destruction of tissues which brings about a termination but also the pathogenic obstruction in still active parts of the lungs.

The white flakes of arsenic are plainly visible in the outer portions of the iris and in the brain region the grey veil of coal tar products. There are also iodine spots. This poison had been applied to the eye in a vain endeavor to "dry up" the swollen lymphatic glands. One of these spots was located in the right eye which showed signs of subacute inflammation.

CHAPTER XXI

CHRONIC DISEASES—THEIR SIGNS IN THE IRIS A Case of Chronic Asthma

(Fig. 29, p. 237)

Mrs. V. was brought to us five years ago, in a dying condition. She had been troubled for twenty years with asthma, digestive disorders and many other ailments.

When she came to us the mucoid discharges from her throat were so copious and she was so emaciated that she presented the appearance of one laboring in the last stages of consumption.

For several months it seemed that the fatal crisis might come any day. The microscope showed some tubercle bacilli in the sputum, but not enough to make it a tubercular case.

After several months of natural treatment improvement came slowly but steadily. The healing crisis took the form of acute catarrhal elimination accompanied by low fever.

After seven months treatment she left for home in good condition. She felt fairly well for eight months; then overwork brought on another breakdown, and she returned to us for treatment.

The asthmatic attacks were very distressing, and she suffered greatly from an atrophic condition of the intestines—indigestion and malnutrition. For three months she could take very little food—not more than a few spoonfuls of milk or soft boiled egg with juicy fruit and fruit juices a day.

When conditions in the alimentary tract had greatly

improved a serious crisis came in the form of an attack of pneumonia and pleurisy. In her already ened condition this developed into a battle royal but, as in all true healing crises, the healing force out victorious and from that time on she improved r

After this last inflammatory crisis in the resp organs the asthma disappeared entirely.

Mrs. V. told us that her troubles had started in hood with stubborn constipation, indigestion and trition. For this she had received allopathic trea

She remembered that she was given considerable for the liver and bowels, and strychnin and ars tonics to aid digestion.

When I first examined the patient her eyes di showed the strychnin wheel in the stomach and senic flakes in the outer iris, especially in the lung

These poisons, together with autointoxication a nutrition due to her digestive troubles, probably l on the asthmatic condition which followed in the v the medical treatment.

At the beginning of the asthmatic symptoms tried to relieve the respiratory organs from the encumbrances by a vigorous attack of pneumon pleurisy. This condition also was treated in the way with drugs and ice packs. From that time asthmatic attacks increased in frequency and seve

In spite of, or probably as a result of, the co medical treatment by the best specialists in Cana the United States, her condition grew worse from year until life became a continual torture.

The sequence of healing crises, as well as her and the records in the iris, revealed the causal of her case. While undergoing regeneration under rual treatment she had to retrace the old acute di the ailments that had been maltreated and suppr

the past. The chronic conditions in the digestive organs, lungs and pleura had to become acute and run their natural courses before they could be permanently eradicated. For the last few years she has been practically free from the old complaints.

When I first examined her the areas of stomach and bowels were dark brown with many black spokes indicating an atrophic condition of the membranes and considerable destruction. The stomach revealed the strychnin wheel, while the intestines showed several iodine spots.

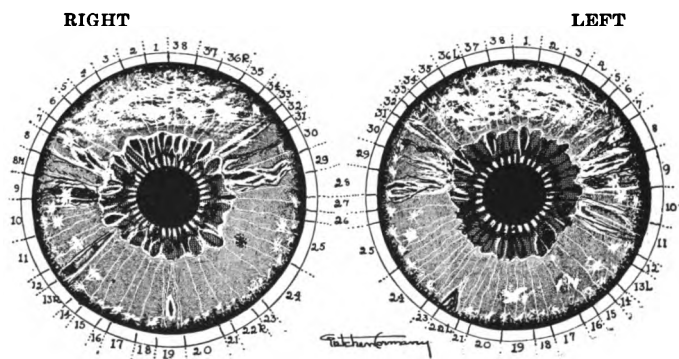


Fig. 29.

She had been painted with iodine during the attack of pleurisy.

The bronchi, lungs and pleura showed chronic signs of the third and fourth stages. The brain region displayed the grey, mercurial crescent; the outer margin of the iris, the whitish flakes of arsenic. The entire iris was over-spread with the greyish film of coal tar products. The scurf rim was heavy and continuous all around the iris; the lymphatic rosary also was very heavy, indicating the engorged and inactive condition of the lymphatic glands.

The iris pictures on this page show the appearance of her eyes when she first came to us five years ago.

The right iris shows a lesion in the region of the knee. In her girlhood the knee was injured by a fall on the right knee. The right liver area shows the sign of subacute infection. The chronic signs in anus and rectum, left eye for external and internal hemorrhoids.

At the time of writing this most of the signs described have disappeared and the iris presents a blue appearance. Of the drug signs only traces of mercury and iodine are visible.

A Typical Case of Psora

(Fig. 28, page 239)

When I first met Mr. B. three years ago he had a tumor on the left side of his throat the size of a large walnut. It had a soft, red spot in the center which seemed to be open. Several surgeons had diagnosed the case as cancer and recommended immediate surgical removal.

The eyes of this patient at the time of my first examination, though apparently brown, showed on close inspection a blue background. The brown, heavy region of stomach and intestines, was superimposed on the blue.

When I mentioned this, he answered his father had told him that in infancy his eyes were blue, but they had darkened and become brown when he was five years old.

The sclerotic rim was heavy and dark except in the inner region. The darkening of the eyes and the form of the sclerotic rim must have been caused through the compressive treatment of skin eruptions, but this he could not remember and, his mother being dead, it was impossible to get more information on this point.

At the age of seven he suffered with inflammation of the throat. This was treated by an allopathic physician who remembered that he was confined to bed for

months and that he did not fully recover from the attack for six months.

Two years later he was again prostrated with the same trouble and this time also he was not able to attend school for over six months. Since then he had been troubled periodically with rheumatism.

The treatment always consisted mainly in the administration of **salicylates**. This accounted for the heavy white ring in the outer margin of the iris, which stands for salts

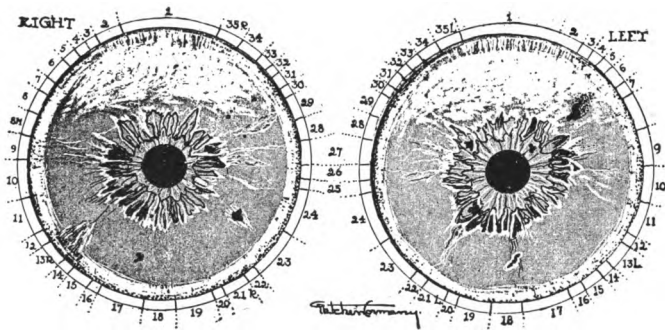


Fig. 28.

of sodium, magnesium, potassium and bromin, the bromin being more confined to the brain region.

We always find that people who have taken **salicylates** repeatedly and in considerable quantities exhibit in the digestive area of the iris the brown and blackish discolorations indicating atrophy of the membranes of the gastrointestinal tract. This patient was no exception to the rule.

On being questioned he admitted that since the first attack of rheumatism he had suffered from constipation and indigestion. These conditions had grown worse after the second attack and had become more chronic with advancing years. He reported that for many years he had

never had a movement of the bowels without resorting to laxatives or enemas.

At the age of eleven he "caught the seven year itch" as he called it. This received the regular sulphur molasses and blue ointment treatment. It proved a stubborn case and persisted in spite of drastic treatment about six weeks.

Suppression of the scabies showed in the iris by several large itch spots, one in the right groin and one in the region of left neck, and another in right lower back. Several smaller itch spots showed in the intestinal tract.

During his childhood he was vaccinated a few times and received several antitoxin injections for immunity. This addition of disease matter to his system undoubtedly added to the vitiated condition of his vital fluids and helped to darken and discolor the iris.

From childhood up he was troubled, as before, with stubborn constipation, indigestion and malnutrition due to the atonic condition of the intestinal membrane. Catarrhal elimination through the membranous lining of the nasal passages, throat and bronchi endeavored to relieve the morbid condition of his system, but he failed the best to prevent this by the use of cold and catarrhal remedies.

After his thirtieth year the rheumatism gradually came more chronic. Pathogenic obstruction in the chest together with the effects of the salicylates on the heart weakened that organ and caused it to dilate, which resulted in leakage of the mitral valve (Fig. 28, p. 28).

At the age of fortyone a swelling appeared on the side of the neck. It was treated first with iodine but several doctors pronounced it incipient cancer and recommended immediate surgical treatment. The patient refused at this for some time. When the further development of the growth left no doubt about its being of a malignant nature, he came to me for consultation and examination.

The first look in the iris revealed the large itch spot in the region of the left neck (Fig. 28). I explained to him what it meant—that the psoric taint together with general autointoxication of his system was undoubtedly responsible for the tumor. After a complete tracing of his ailments by the records in the iris from infancy on, he at once grasped the reasonableness of my explanation and submitted to thorough natural treatment.

A description of the many crises he passed through and their significance would fill a good sized volume. Suffice it to say that within two months after the commencement of treatment his bowels acted freely, and the skin and kidneys had become more alive and active.

The first crisis came in the form of acute catarrhal elimination, which lasted four weeks. The thirteenth week, the second crisis period, brought a severe attack of acute rheumatism. This lasted for about three weeks and was followed in the fourth month by fiery, itchy eruptions all over the body. Several eczematous patches appeared on the abdomen and discharged an acrid, watery fluid. The patient one day exhibited these ugly looking sores to a visiting physician who was interested in our work. The doctor could not understand why the patient seemed to be so much elated over his affliction until I explained to him that I had predicted the appearance of itchy eruptions as a form of healing crisis.

I also explained the significance of the itch spots; that they stood for suppressed psora and that this constitutional taint would have to work out through acute elimination before a reduction of the malignant growth could be expected.

It is now three years since the patient ceased taking treatment. The itchy eruptions appeared and disappeared periodically, extending over a period of six months. In the meantime the tumor in the neck softened and dimin-

ished in size slowly but steadily. As the vital fluid came pure and normal the food was taken away from parasitic growth and pure blood and lymph gradually absorbed its pathogenic materials.

During the crisis periods the patient underwent fasts of seven days, two weeks, and four weeks respectively. These, together with strict raw food and a dry food diet, aided greatly in purifying the system of its pathogenic encumbrances.

Fig. 28 shows the records in his eyes as they appeared when I first examined him. Note the heavy secretion partly covered by the salt ring, the dark brown discoloration and black spokes in the gastro-intestinal area, indicating for the atonic condition of the membranous organs of these organs caused by salicylates. The liver also dark, indicating a sluggish condition. The itching groin, neck and intestines are plainly visible. The dark brown in color, indicating that the suppression taken place many years previously. The broad ring in the outer iris stands for deposits of salicylate heart lesion is plainly visible close to the symphysis wreath in the left eye. (Area 10.)

The upper part of the iris in the brain region shows a greyish veil of coal tar products. Iodin is visible in the throat. The left leg had been crushed in a railroad accident, which is indicated by a diagonal closed lesion.

Diabetes Mellitus

(Figs. 13-18-22-24.)

The causes and rational treatment of diabetes will be described in Vol. V of this series. In the following I shall confine myself to a description of the signs of the disease in the iris.

From the viewpoint of Natural Therapeutics v

guish two forms of diabetes—the functional and the organic. The functional form of the disease is caused by pathogenic (mucoid) obstruction in the tissues of the body. Pathogenic obstruction prevents absorption of sugar by the cells in the muscular tissues and its combustion incidental to the performance of muscular labor.

Under consumption causes excessive accumulation of sugar in the circulation, and excretion through the kidneys. If this continues for a considerable length of time, it results in the degeneration of these organs through overwork and irritation by the sugar and poisonous by-products of glycosuria such as indican, acetone, diacetic acid, ptomaines, leukomains and other pathogenic substances. From this we see that affections of the kidneys in diabetes are, as a rule, of a secondary nature, not primary. It explains why the most serious chronic lesions appear in the pancreas, liver, stomach and intestines, while the kidneys in the initial stages of the disease exhibit signs of acute irritation.

When the tendency to sugar excretion is due to pathogenic (mucoid) obstruction in the tissues of the body, then the lower half of the iris usually appears darkened while the upper half shows whitish. This indicates that the circulation is impeded in the surface, extremities and muscular tissues of the body, while congestion exists in the larger internal arterial blood vessels in the brain, lungs and heart, giving rise to high blood pressure. In the advanced stages of the disease this is followed by weakness of the heart muscles or atony of the cardiac and vasomotor centers resulting in low blood pressure. The intestinal area is usually very much distended and shows dark discolorations.

The organic form of the disease is due in most cases to disease of the pancreas. The liver is the sugar refinery and sugar storage house of the body. During periods of

excessive production and under consumption it stores sugar in the form of glycogen and releases it when needed as fuel material for the production of heat and muscular energy. The sugar liberating activity of the liver is regulated and retarded by certain as yet obscure secretions of the pancreas; in other words, the pancreas in this respect acts as a brake on the liver. If the brake or regulator goes out of order the liver issues more sugar than needed. The excess accumulates in the circulation and gives rise to glycosuria or diabetes mellitus.

Abnormal conditions of the pancreas are plainly visible in the iris in a triangular projection from duodenum and cecum. If the organ is normal there is nothing to be seen in the corresponding region of the iris. If it is abnormal we notice a triangular bulge of the intestinal wall projecting into areas 13 and 14, right eye. The typical appearance of this sign is illustrated in Figs. 13-18-22-24.

In this triangle we find portrayed the various signs of pancreatic diseases. In many cases I have observed the signs of acute or chronic inflammation; in others, the signs of suppressed itch. (Color plate, page 116, fig. c.) In some instances drug poisoning or suppression of psoriasis or skin diseases dated back to early infancy. Frequently such patients strenuously deny having had itchy eruptions or eczematous lesions or having taken the drug shown in the iris, but careful inquiry from relatives or the family physician elicits the fact that the drug had been administered for some infantile ailment, or the skin eruptions had been suppressed during the first years of life. It takes but very little poison to affect the tender organism of an infant. In many instances a few doses may be sufficient to affect an individual for life.

The diagnosis from the iris is especially valuable for detecting diseases of the pancreas. Though frequently diseased, it is hardly ever mentioned in allopathic and

osteopathic diagnoses. The pancreas is overlapped by the stomach and intestines, therefore if it gives any subjective symptoms of discomfort or pain, these are usually attributed to affections of the stomach or of the intestines, while the signs in the pancreatic triangle in the iris reveal the true nature of the trouble.

Bright's Disease

Albuminuria as well as diabetes is primarily not a kidney disease. Both ailments may be caused by degenerative changes in the kidneys, the filter organs, resulting in leakage of sugar and albumen from the blood stream. But in the majority of cases the trouble is due to abnormal constitutional conditions. As explained under diabetes these may be functional or organic.

The initial stages of Bright's disease are usually caused by pathogenic obstruction of the capillary circulation and intercellular spaces. This interferes with the osmotic processes of nutrition and drainage. It prevents the consumption of proteid food materials and causes their accumulation in the blood stream, necessitating their discharge through the kidneys.

Pathogenic obstruction is gradually followed by degeneration and decomposition of the proteid constituents of cells and tissues and their absorption by the blood and lymph streams. The destruction of cellular protoplasm is undoubtedly hastened by systemic acids and by drug poisons, and as it proceeds the functional stages of the disease change into the organic or destructive stages involving also the kidneys.

Pathogenic obstruction is indicated in the iris by general darkening of the color, heavy scurf rim, white signs of acute inflammatory processes, darkening of the digestive area, nerve rings, etc. Organic destruction of tissues and organs caused by pathogenic obstruction and by the

action of systemic and drug poisons is indicated by signs of the third and fourth stages of disease.

Fig. 25, p. 226, shows chronic deterioration in both kidneys in a case of albuminuria in the advanced stages.

Diseases of the Sexual Organs

The female sex organs are much more complicated and therefore more prone to disease than the male organs. Most of the ordinary diseases of the female sex organs have been described in Chapter XVII, entitled "Woman's Suffering", in Vol. I of this series. In this chapter I shall confine myself to describing those diseases of the sex organs which are directly or indirectly due to venereal or gonorrheal infection.*

The allopathic school teaches that these diseases are themselves of a chronic, destructive nature, and that their progress must be stopped as soon as possible by local and constitutional treatment, by means of drugs, cauterization, surgical operations, etc. These teachings and practices are erroneous and destructive. We have proved in many hundreds of cases that these diseases are, in themselves, of the acute inflammatory type, that when naturally treated they run a normal course through the five stages of inflammation as described in Vol. I, and then leave the system in a cleaner and more normal condition than it was before the infection.

Not a single one of these cases treated by us (before suppuration had taken place) during the last seventeen years has exhibited secondary or tertiary symptoms. As I have explained many times, it is the suppression of these diseases during the acute and subacute stages by the allopathic treatment that creates the chronic stages and loads the system with destructive drug poisons which are responsible

*This subject has been treated more fully by the author in a booklet entitled "The Black Stork".

for the so called tertiary stages of syphilis and the worst kinds of other chronic destructive diseases.

Allopathy looks upon syphilis as more serious in its after effects than gonorrhea. Practical experience teaches us that the reverse is true. The average gonorrheal case exhibits much more painful symptoms and is more dangerous to the neighboring organs, as well as more destructive in its chronic after effects than syphilis. The only reason why syphilis is followed after a lapse of years by locomotor ataxia, paralysis agitans, paresis, and a multitude of other so called tertiary diseases is, that slow acting but powerful, insidious poisons are used for its suppression.

The gonorrheal acute catarrh of the membranous linings of the urethra and the syphilitic ulcer are slightly differing manifestations of the same venereal disease. This was acknowledged by Dr. Frankel, an allopathic specialist and writer on sexual diseases. He wrote: "The nature of the contagious poison is of minor importance. Everything depends on the more or less favorable soil the poison finds for development in the body."

It happens that a gonorrheal infection causes syphilitic symptoms or what is called a mixed infection of both gonorrheal and syphilitic symptoms and vice versa. Nature Cure physicians claim that persons with good skin action (light scurf rim) are more prone to the gonorrheal form of the disease, while those with low vitality, poor skin action and of psoric constitution tend to the syphilitic form of the disease. This I have been able to verify in many instances.

In "The Black Stork" I quote at length from the writings of Dr. Joseph Hermann, who has proved, not only theoretically but by thirty years of actual practice in one of the greatest hospitals for venereal diseases in the world, that neither gonorrhea nor syphilis are constitutional diseases; that they are easily curable in the acute stages by

natural methods of living and treatment; and that chronic and congenital after effects can be wholly avoided.

Fig. 30 illustrates a typical case of gonorrhea suppressed by injections of metallic poisons and internal medication. Area 20, urethra, and area 22, prostate gland, show the signs of subacute and chronic inflammation. In many other cases of gonorrheal suppression the patient is now suffering from chronic prostatitis, and the urethra has to be removed by catheters. His allopathic adviser

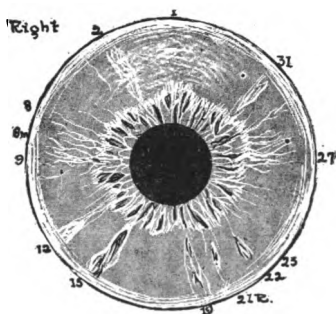


Fig. 30.

sisted upon immediate operation. This would have resulted in greater suffering and the beginning of the end.

The suppression drove the disease taints and poisons into the bladder and kidneys; as a result the urine shows pus and albumen. Ever since the disease entered upon the subacute and chronic stages the patient has been impotent. This is indicated by the chronic changes in area 15, testes. During the subacute stages the right wrist became affected with gonorrheal arthritis; this was suppressed and left the joint in an ankylosed position (area 12). It is a peculiarity of gonorrheal disease that it affects only one joint at a time. The gonorrheal taint in the system will aggravate any tendency to

matism and make it more malignant. This type we call gonorrheal rheumatism.

Suppression of the acute catarrhal elimination from the urethra resulted in chronic catarrh of the nasal passages and the bronchi. This, in turn, was treated and suppressed for years with coal tar poisons. As a result of long continued drug poisoning, especially by salicylates administered for rheumatism and arthritis, the area of stomach and bowels shows chronic catarrhal signs, indi-

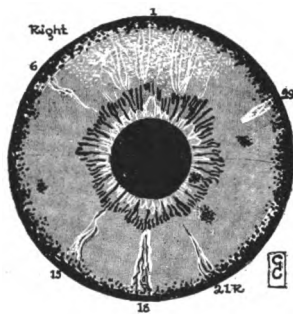


Fig. 31.

cating indigestion, chronic constipation, gas formation and malnutrition. Of special interest in this case is the quinin sign in the brain region especially prominent in area 2, right cerebellum, which is the seat of sex life, the emotional nature, etc. The patient confided to me that from early youth he had suffered with excessive excitation of the sex impulse. Undoubtedly this was caused by quinin taken in considerable quantities for chills and fever during his sixth and seventh years.

Fig. 31 illustrates the right eye of a woman fifty years old, who, at the age of twenty-five, contracted a syphilitic infection from her husband. The doctor who treated her, in order to shield the husband, did not inform her of the

true nature of the disease. Not until she studied new methods of healing and became a drugless healer did she find out the true nature of her ailments. When she came to me for treatment she exhibited a hole in the palate as large as a dime, which communicated with the nasal passages. She could not speak, nor could she swallow solid food because it entered the nasal passages. The lesion did not develop until many years after the syphilis ulcer had been suppressed with mercury and potassium iodid. The inguinal glands and ovaries had been affected at the time by swellings (bubo) and inflammation. I examined her, both areas (15, 18) in the iris showed chronic signs and a large iodine spot in the right blue. The patient informed me that after the suppression of the original acute condition she had lost sexual sensibility. The fields of the lower extremities reveal the signs of chronic acute inflammation. This was treated for years as rheumatism with salicylates and painkillers (narcotics and opiates). Subsequent developments showed that the supposed sciatic rheumatism marked the first stage of locomotor ataxia caused by the action of mercuric potassium iodid on the lower spinal cord. The upper part of the iris shows distinctly the greenish crescent of mercury. Iodine is visible in areas 28, 23, 10. Area 29 shows signs of subacute inflammation due to enlargement and inflammation of the lymphatic glands.

The brain region exhibits acute signs in cerebrum and cerebellum. The accompanying symptoms are frequent headaches and dizziness. The patient under natural treatment experienced great improvement. The hole in the palate healed over perfectly within four months. Her general condition improved sufficiently within a few months that she was able to resume her work as a dental practitioner.

CHAPTER XXII

THE DUCTLESS GLANDS AND THEIR SECRETIONS

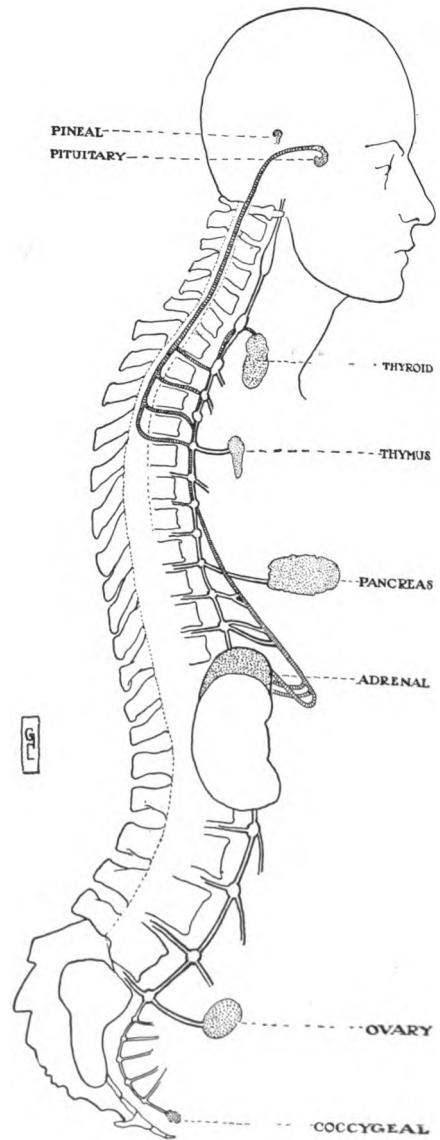
(Fig. 33, p. 252)

The secretions of the ductless glands are called internal secretions because they are not carried to the exterior by an open duct, but are poured directly into the blood or lymph.

Certain glands with ducts have also internal secretions, as for instance, the pancreas. In fact, it is claimed by some authorities that every specialized tissue in the body produces secretions which in some way influence the vital activities. From this it becomes apparent that internal secretion is one of Nature's methods of coordinating the activities of the various parts of a complex organism. The more easily understood coordination, by means of the nervous system, is of later development in the evolutionary process.

In the following paragraphs I shall briefly describe the locations and functions of the ductless glands, and follow this with a summary of the teachings of Dr. Charles E. de Sajous concerning the coordination and function of these interesting organs.

1. **Pineal Gland.** This is a small body projecting from the roof of the third ventricle at the base of the brain, beneath the corpus callosum. It is glandular in structure, reaching maximum development at about the seventh year. After this period and particularly after puberty it degenerates into fibrous tissue. It contains a few atrophied nerve cells without axons.

**Fig. 33.**

Occultists claim that all through life this gland is in active communication with the pituitary glands; that, in fact, the life impulses pass from the pineal gland into the pituitary bodies and from these and the nervous system, all through the organism.

Disease of this gland results in a too rapid development of the reproductive organs, accompanied by mental precocity and excessive growth of the bony structures. From this it appears that the gland has a restraining influence upon the development of the reproductive organs and upon the growth of the skeleton.

The pineal gland is better developed in the hatteria (lizards) and lamprey (fishes) than in man. In these lower animals it is often found in duplicate organs. One of these organs then corresponds to the gland proper, while the other develops into an eye-like structure connected by nerve fibers to the habenular ganglia. This third eye is situated centrally on the upper surface of the head but is covered with skin. An ancient myth tells about human beings who possessed a third eye at the back of the head.

2. **Pituitary Gland.** This glandular structure is situated in the sella turcica of the sphenoid bone, at the base of the brain. It consists of three parts which are structurally and functionally different:

- (1) Anterior lobe;
- (2) Pars intermedia. This corresponds to the "test organ" of Sajous;
- (3) Posterior lobe, developed from the floor of the third ventricle. In adults it consists mainly of neuroglia.

Hypertrophy of the anterior lobe results in acromegaly or enlargement of the bones of the face and limbs. Partial removal causes increase of adipose tissue and atrophy of the sexual organs (sex infantilism).

3. **Thyroid Gland.** This ductless gland consists of two

oval lobes lying one on each side of the windpipe, just below the Adam's apple, and connected by an isthmus or middle lobe. Absence or atrophy of the gland in children causes cretinism (idiocy).

Removal or atrophy of the gland in adults causes edema. The organ secretes iodothyron which contains 10 percent iodine by dry weight. Since perverted nitrogen metabolism invariably follows complete removal of the thyroid gland, it is evident that this gland must regulate the system with some principle which enables it to replace nitrogen for repair and to oxidize nitrogenous products prior to their elimination.

4. Parathyroids. These structures consist of four small bodies, two on each side of the thyroid gland, from which they differ in structure and function. Complete removal results in acute toxic symptoms which develop within a few days. The most prominent is muscular tetany.

5. Adrenals. The adrenal glands are situated on top of the kidneys. Adrenalin ($C_9 H_{13} NO_3$) is the hormone substance in the secretions of these organs. The secretions of these glands are increased in a marked degree during rage or other emotional excitement. The injection of adrenalin produces general vaso-constriction of the blood vessels. Degeneration or atrophy of the adrenal glands causes Addison's disease, dark pigmentation of the skin, muscular weakness, low blood pressure, mental apathy and general wasting.

6. The Reproductive Glands. These are the testes in the male and the ovaries of the female. In the male they are located, in addition to the sex cells, the cells of the seminal tubules.

Complete castration in young males arrests sexual development. Transplantation of testes to some other part of the body in animals is followed by normal development of sexual desire and potency. Substitution of

testes in young males arrests development of male genitals and the animal finally acquires all the instincts and characteristics of the female.

The internal secretions of the sex glands are important not only as regards the so called secondary sexual characteristics, but also have a very marked stimulating effect upon all processes of oxidation in the system.

7. **Thymus Glands.** This organ is situated behind the upper part of the sternum at the base of the neck. It was formerly supposed to reach maximum development at birth and subsequently to atrophy. Recent observers claim, however, that it continues to increase in size after birth until the appearance of puberty, and that it may persist throughout life.

Castration results in the persistent growth of the thymus gland. Removal of the thymus hastens the development of testes or ovaries. Thymus fed to dogs stimulates the growth of the body but results in mental deterioration. Thymus fed to young tadpoles hastens growth but retards metamorphosis to the frog state, thus producing giant tadpoles. Thyroid gland fed to young tadpoles retards bodily growth but hastens metamorphosis, thereby producing dwarf frogs.

It is claimed that thymus extract prevents excessive accumulation of acids, particularly of the acid of phosphorus, which it neutralizes into nucleic compounds.

Thymus, therefore, seems to stimulate physical growth and to retard mental growth.

8. **Coccygeal Gland.** This small gland lies in front of the tip of the coccyx. Its exact functions are as yet unknown. Its removal is followed by serious nervous disturbance.

9. **Carotid Gland.** This gland is located at the bifurcation of the common carotid arteries. The exact functions of this gland are also unknown as yet, but both the coccy-

geal and carotid glands seem to act as neutralizer systematic poisons.

The Relationship of the Ductless Glands

Until a few years ago little or nothing was known of the functions of the ductless glands in animal and human bodies. Probably physiologists and physicians would be describing these structures as "atrophied organs" relics of a previous and now utterly changed anatomy. man during some period of his evolutionary development had not some surgeons, regarding these organs as atrophied and useless relics of the past, extirpated them and that people thus deprived of these "useless relics" variably developed serious chronic diseases of body, mind, or died. Now, certain branches of advanced medical science jump to the other extreme and attribute all disease to the abnormal functioning of small and seemingly insignificant organs.

Sajous has probably done the most advanced work in these lines of physiological and medical research. The substance of his "theory and practice", as presented in the "Internal Secretions and Principles of Medicine" may be summarized as follows:

"The pituitary body or gland (Fig. 33), acting in connection with the sympathetic and central nervous systems and the thyroid and adrenal glands, controls all the vital processes of the body."

Thus modern materialistic science meets and challenges ancient esoteric science, which taught, in the past, that the pineal and pituitary glands were the organs of the soul through which the life forces act on the body.

Concerning the relationship and various functions of these organs, Sajous says:

"The pituitary body is the general and governing center of the spinal system, which includes the gray substance at the base of the brain, the pons and spinal cord, and the nerves derived from any of these structures, cranial and spinal.

"The pituitary body is the governing center of all vegetable functions, i. e., of the somatic brain.

"The pituitary gland is divided into an anterior and posterior body. The anterior is a lymphoid organ which, through the posterior body and a nerve path in the spinal cord, governs the functional activity of the adrenals.

"Since the secretions of the adrenal glands control all the oxidation processes of the body, this control is exercised originally from and through the anterior pituitary body. In like manner the anterior pituitary body governs, by means of the posterior body and certain nerve tracts, the activity of the thyroid gland.

"The pituitary body, the adrenals and the thyroid gland are thus functionally united, forming the adrenal system.

"The posterior pituitary body is the seat of the highly specialized centers which govern all the vegetable or somatic functions of the body, or of each organ individually.

"The posterior pituitary body receives all the sensory impressions belonging to the field of common sensibility; pain, touch, muscular sense, etc., initiated in any organ, including the mucous membrane of skin and brain." (According to this the pituitary bodies must be the organs through which the consciousness receives impressions from without and within.)

"The sympathetic nervous system is also governed by a highly sensitive center likewise located in the posterior pituitary body. The 'sympathetic center' in the posterior pituitary body through the sympathetic system governs the caliber of all arterioles and regulates the volume of

blood admitted into the capillaries of any organ, including those of the brain and nervous system. The caliber of the larger blood vessels is governed through the vasomotor center."

The Test Organ

"Between the two lobes of the pituitary body is located an organ which has for its purpose the protection of the individual against morbid and poisonous material which may be present in the circulation.

"This test organ reacts to the influence of any morbid stimulus capable of exciting it. It reacts to such morbid and poisonous stimuli by increasing the functional activity of the thyroid and the adrenal glands. By increasing the functions of the adrenals it enhances the antitoxic functions of the blood and of the phagocytes.

"The secretions of the thyroid and parathyroids form the obsonin and glutinin of the blood." (Sajous) which serve to devitalize disease producing bacteria.

From the foregoing it follows that the adrenal system, composed of the pituitary body, the adrenals and the thyroid apparatus, constitutes the detoxifying and vitalizing mechanism of the body.

Inasmuch as the adrenal system has for its purpose the protection of the body against disease, it is by increasing the functional activity of the adrenal system that the body overcomes disease. The "*vis medicatrix naturae*" is due to the presence of auto-antitoxin, i. e., obsonin and antibodies, in the circulation.

As to the normal functions of the adrenals (the adrenals) during health, Sajous says:

"The adrenals supply an internal secretion which absorbs the oxygen of the air and carries it to the tissues.

This secretion of the adrenals he calls "*adrenalin*". On this oxidase depends pulmonary and tissue metabolism.

The red blood corpuscles are storage cells for adrenoxidase.

The adrenal secretion is the one ferment which imparts to all other body ferments their particular properties.

All these propositions seem to be well proven. Extensive experimentation and clinical experiences seem to prove the main facts herein described. But when Sajous comes to the therapeutic part of his philosophy of disease and cure he cannot get away from the orthodox allopathic idea of poison treatment. All through his therapeutic deductions and suggestions he tries to fit in the allopathic materia medica and artificial antitoxin treatment with the wonderful activities of the pituitary center and the ductless glands.

He endeavors to show that mercury, iodine, quinine and the host of other poisonous drugs exert a curative action by stimulating the pituitary bodies and, through these, the other ductless glands.

He claims that through the stimulating effect of these poisons the secretions of thyroid and adrenals are gradually increased and that thereby the auto-antitoxin in the circulation becomes more abundant and more active.

From this we see that his idea of treatment is still symptomatic. Although he recognizes that the processes of inflammation and fever are constructive, his treatment is symptomatic in so far as he ignores the pathogenic substances in the system which in the first place benumb the adrenal system—the protective mechanism of the body.

If he would concentrate his therapeutic efforts upon preventing the creation of these toxic pathogenic substances and upon their elimination from the system by harmless natural methods, then the protective mechanism of the body—the pituitary and other ductless glands—would revive spontaneously and become more alive and active.

Instead, he has nothing to say about the prevention of

pathogenic processes nor about the elimination of disease-producing materials through natural methods of treatment. The sum and substance of his treatment, as before stated, consists either in stimulating the ductless glands into greater activity by the most virulent and destructive poisons on earth, or in administering substitutes for glandular secretions in the form of glandular extracts from animal bodies. What the drug poisons do to the system later on is not his concern. The fact that they create the most destructive chronic diseases has not dawned upon his "scientific mind".

These recent discoveries of the importance of the pituitary bodies, which practically reveal them as the seat of the life force which intelligently controls the many vital processes, are an interesting corroboration of the teachings of esoteric science, which describes the pineal and pituitary glands as the organs through which spiritual and psychical forces act upon the body and control the various planes of consciousness in man.

The pineal gland is that which occultists call "Divine Eye", the "Divine Eye". It is the chief organ of spirituality in the human brain, the seat of genius, the mystic sesame for the purifying of the mystic, that which opens all the avenues of truth for him who knows how to use them. According to these teachings, the pineal gland during life, connected with the pituitary body, and through these with the physical material organism.

Organo Therapy

When the old school of medicine began to realize the importance of the secretions of the ductless glands and other organs and membranes in the vital processes of the body, they attempted to supply these secretions in the diseases of the ductless glands by administering corresponding glandular organs, or extracts of these

from animal bodies. Thus they extracted pepsin, the digestive principle of gastric juice, from the stomachs of animals. In like manner they prepared extracts of the pituitary glands, thymus and thyroid glands, adrenals, pancreas, portions of the intestines and of other organs and membranes, and administered them as substitutes for the like tissues or secretions in the human body.

Until a few years ago pepsin was held to be a certain and sure remedy for indigestion, but in all my experience I have yet to come across a single patient who has been cured of digestive troubles by this preparation. It is true that these animal extracts, in many cases, act as palliatives; but I have never found them curative. The reason for this is obvious. We cannot strengthen a feeble arm by carrying it in a sling. Crutches do not cure the paralyzed limb nor do glasses always cure weak eyes. The great law of use ordains that any faculty, capacity or power—physical, mental or moral—which we do not constantly use and exercise, weakens and atrophies.

Animal extracts, and all other kinds of crutches favoring and substituting certain organs and functions of the human organism, do not strengthen these nor re-establish lost functions, but through taking away the natural stimuli and preventing natural use and exercise, the organs thus favored become more lazy, benumbed and atrophied.

Natural Therapeutics follows the opposite plan. In the first place, it corrects the primary causes of disease which were responsible for the weakening and degeneration of the secreting glands and membranes; then it makes these more active and alive through hydrotherapy, massage, neurotherapy and magnetic treatment, through curative gymnastic exercises, sun baths and other natural methods of treatment. I do not remember a single case of soft goiter that we have not cured without the use of thyroid extract. In like manner we have cured other so called

chronic, incurable diseases supposed to be caused by deficiency of glandular secretions.

At best the correct selection and administration of the preparations is very difficult and even dangerous. This is admitted by the best medical authorities. Why should we resort to these uncertain agents when natural methods of treatment do the work without risk? I can imagine cases of extreme urgency where the administration of such preparations may be advisable as a temporary palliative and substitute until the natural secretions can be made to flow. But it is certain that continued administration of these substitutes will delay or prevent the natural production of the secretions. The best proof of this is that the great majority of patients coming to us for the treatment of goiter, of digestive troubles or disease of the adrenals, have taken the animal extracts for years without attaining permanent, satisfactory results.

Each told the same story. At first the glandular extracts seemed to bring about great improvement, but this was soon followed by relapse into the former chronic condition. How can it be otherwise? The beneficial effects of animal extracts are soon offset by the progress of the disease which caused the atrophy of the ductless gland-secreting membranes in the first place.

For instance, the membranous linings of a stomach have been ruined by hyperacidity and general toxicity of the system. The pepsin cells have become impaired, causing indigestion. Animal pepsin, administered as a substitute, for a time brings improvement, but the conditions continue to grow worse and weaken not only the stomach but other organs as well. In this case the temporary improvement brought about by the pepsin is gradually offset and overcome by the general decay of the system.

CHAPTER XXIII

DISEASES OF THE DUCTLESS GLANDS— THEIR SIGNS IN THE IRIS

Hyper-Thyroidism or Goiter

(Fig. 32, p. 264)

The thyroid gland is a double lobed gland, connected by a narrow bridge, situated in front of and on both sides of the trachea at the base of the neck. It is now proved that the secretion from this gland has much to do with the oxidation and absorption of protein food materials. It provides the blood with a substance which enables the body to assimilate nitrogenous food elements and to oxidize and eliminate protein waste and morbid materials.

Goiter is an ailment characterized by permanent enlargement of the thyroid gland. This is usually accompanied by accelerated and irregular heart action and by more or less pronounced and serious nervous symptoms. The secretions of the thyroid are tonic in their action and act as a strong stimulant when present in large quantities. The gland has an abundant blood supply and becomes enlarged very readily when unduly irritated by systemic or drug poisons.

The disease is very common in Switzerland and certain other parts of Europe. It has been attributed to excessive amounts of lime in the drinking water, but this does not hold true in all cases. Heredity and excess of protein in the diet are undoubtedly prominent factors.

Soft Goiter

(Fig. 32, Area 28, right)

In the first stages of this disease the enlargement is soft and spongy, but in time it becomes tough and harder until it appears to the touch like hard rubber. The enlargement in the soft stages is due to some kind of irritation and over stimulation. When the source of this

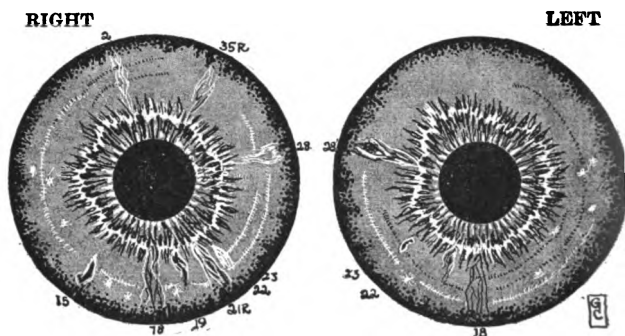


Fig. 32.

tation or over stimulation is removed through natural living and treatment, the enlargement is readily absorbed and disappears entirely within a few months' time.

Hard Goiter

(Fig. 32, Area 28, left)

Long continued irritation, over stimulation, acute or subacute inflammation are always followed in time by atrophy of the affected organs and by the formation of connective or scar tissue. This occurs in the thyroid gland after prolonged irritation and over stimulation. The enlargement then gradually turns into hard connective tissue similar to a fibrous tumor. After this has been in existence for some time even strict adherence to nat

methods of living and of treatment may not succeed in dissolving and absorbing these hard formations. In such cases, however, natural treatment will result in purifying the body, adjusting mechanical lesions and in improving the vital processes, thus restoring the system as a whole to as good condition as is possible under the circumstances.

Ever since I began to teach the principles of natural healing I have claimed that enlargement of the thyroid gland was caused in most cases through irritation of the organ by systemic or drug poisons. When the circulation becomes overcharged with nitrogenous waste and systemic poisons the gland enlarges and its secretions become more profuse. Excessive secretion over stimulates the nervous system and heart action and causes increased oxidation (destruction) of protein waste and also of protein tissues and food substances. This, in turn, produces loss of flesh and weight.

The succeeding gradual atrophy of the glandular tissues tends to inhibit hyperactivity of the organ and is followed in time by the opposite condition of deficient secretion. While the natural dietetic treatment is very much the same in both extremes of soft and hard goiter, the manipulative treatment must be entirely different. In the first soft and hyperactive stages the nerve and blood supply of the gland should be inhibited. In the atrophic stages the treatment must be stimulative in its effects.

Over stimulation of the thyroid gland frequently occurs through toxins produced by some septic disease, but in such cases the increased secretions from the gland may be needed to neutralize the toxic materials generated by the inflammatory processes; in other words, the hyperactivity of the thyroid is protective and will diminish as the disease subsides.

Irritation and over stimulation of the gland may also be caused through spinal lesions. Luxated bones, strained

muscles or ligaments may irritate the nerves which supply the thyroid and thus cause hyperactivity of the organ. We have cured many soft goiters by removing such mechanical irritation by neurotherapy treatment.

Exophthalmic Goiter or Grave's Disease

(Fig. 32, Area 28, right, p. 264)

This is an aggravated form of goiter, accompanied by an increased rate of heartbeat, muscular tremors, etc. It derives its name from a characteristic symptom—protrusion of the eyeballs. This as well as the peculiar stare which it produces is caused by excessive nerve and blood pressure from within.

The disease is more common in women between the ages of fifteen and thirty, and in men between thirty and fifty. Nervous shock, grief, fright and over taxation of the nerves are exciting and contributing causes.

The pulse beat is sometimes as high as 200 per minute. The patient is very often anemic, the heart becomes hypertrophied as a result of its rapid and violent action, which is very often followed by dilatation, inducing leakage through improper closing of the valves. Palpitation of the heart is a frequent symptom, as also is the staring look caused by the protrusion of the eyeballs, which may be accompanied by other ocular disturbances, such as paralysis of the lids, or paralysis of one or more of the nerves controlling action of the eyeballs. The thyroid gland itself is moderately enlarged at first and rather soft and elastic, but it becomes harder and firmer as a result of the proliferation of connective tissue.

Muscular tremor is common and may affect the whole body or only the limbs. Other symptoms may be present, such as digestive disturbances, kidney involvement in the form of excessive formation of urine or showing the pres-

of sugar or albumin in the urine, occasional fever, skin eruptions, mental depression, melancholia or mania.

In all cases of goiter we find that the urine contains excessive amounts of indican, skatol, indol and phenol, and other forms of ptomains and leukomains created through putrefactive changes in the intestines and other parts of the body. This indicates the source of the trouble, namely, excessive production of poisonous acids and alkaloids of putrefaction resulting from unbalanced diet and defective elimination through clogging and atrophy of the skin, bowels and kidneys. Pathogenic materials and drug poisons over stimulate the thyroid and other ductless glands.

Continued hyperactivity and increase of secretions from the thyroid and adrenals not only results in excessive oxidation of protein food materials, but also in destruction of fleshy tissues of the body. This, in turn, increases nitrogenous waste and alkaloids of putrefaction, and these will cause complete prostration and death unless the destructive processes are arrested. The toxic condition of the system and increase of thyroid secretion over stimulates the nervous system and heart action, causing high frequency of pulse.

Treatment.—The individual should be treated upon the appearance of the first symptoms. The increased function of the thyroid gland in this disease may be caused by insufficiency of the internal secretions on the part of the suprarenals, ovaries, testes or pituitary gland. Consequently it requires general treatment for the purpose of toning up the entire body. The cardiac symptoms, when they are severe, can be relieved by careful manipulative treatment of the spine. Fresh air, moderate exercise and rest, are required to make a good recovery. No attempt should be made to suppress the activity of the thyroid gland itself by painting with iodine or by the use of ice bags, X-ray or other powerful suppressive agents. The diet

at first should be directed toward increasing elimination and consequently should consist largely of fruits and vegetables, and later may be extended to include a reasonable amount of protein (grains, nuts, milk and, occasionally, eggs).

Massage and Swedish movements must make the process of elimination more active and alive. The spine must be corrected through neurotherapy treatment. Fresh air exercise, sun and air baths, constructive attitude of mind and soul, all must combine to produce normal conditions, physically and mentally. As this is being accomplished, the thyroid gland as well as all other parts of the body will gradually become normal in structural function.

Allopathic Treatment

Allopathy, in accordance with its general theory and practice, attributes these diseases of the thyroid gland to infection from other foci of inflammation such as diseased tonsils, adenoids, abscesses in the ovaries or other parts of the body. The "Hastings Therapy", edited by the American Medical Association, says under "Hyper-Thyroidism": "The etiology of hyperthyroidism is not yet determined. . . . Numerous reports in the literature of cases of hyperthyroidism (goiter) following acute or chronic infectious diseases such as tonsillitis, sinusitis, arthritis and salpingitis, make it seem likely that the disease is due to infection of the thyroid gland." (Infection transmitted from some other foci of inflammation.) The treatment of hyper-thyroidism is based on two factors: First, alleviation of symptoms; and second, removal of the foci of infection which may be responsible.

This means, of course, that the symptomatic and healing efforts—must be suppressed, and the

fection in other parts of the body must be removed through suppressive antiseptic, germicidal or surgical treatment.

Natural living and treatment will remove the foci of infection in the teeth, tonsils, ovaries, appendix, or wherever they may exist, in exactly the same rational and efficient manner in which it cures all other ailments of the body. Bromids and coal tar poisons for the excited brain and nerves, cathartics for the sluggish bowels, and paralyzing sedatives for the rapid heart may be good "symptomatic" treatment, but they do not touch the underlying causes of the trouble.

More destructive than the symptomatic drug and serum treatments are the more radical iodine, surgical and Roentgen Ray treatments. These are positively destructive in their effects upon the system. We have learned from our study of iodine in Chapter XIV that this poison atrophies glandular structures all through the body. This explains the action of the poison in the treatment of goiter. Painted on the throat, it is absorbed and atrophies the glandular structures of the thyroid. Iridiagnosis proves, however, that the poison applied to the throat usually locates in other parts or organs,—a lucky thing for the thyroid. Fig. 31 illustrates this fact. It shows the iodine in the lower back and chest as well as in the thyroid.

Understanding the importance of this little organ in the vital functions, what a dangerous procedure this is. As already stated, the iodine absorbed into the circulation may affect other organs or glandular structure in the system such as mammary glands, the adrenals, ovaries, testes, etc., and destroy their functions.

Later on, the red spots of iodine clearly reveal in the iris of the eye where the poison has accumulated in the body. In my own case, as I have related elsewhere in this volume, the iodine rubbed into my throat in order to reduce enlarged lymphatic glands happened to concentrate in

liver and kidneys, thus laying the foundation for disease of these organs. Incidentally, it was the poisoning that helped to bring me into this work.

Surgery for Goiter

The surgical treatment consists in snipping off the enlarged organ, I suppose with the idea of its hyperactivity. I can find only one fitting adjective describing such unnatural treatment, and that is "criminal". Such wilful destruction can never be compensated. If total extirpation of the organ is followed by death within a few days, why destroy it? We know positively that natural living and treatment restore the little organ to a normal condition (information has not too far advanced), but it cannot be restored which has been destroyed by the surgeon's knife. I had occasion to observe a number of cases that had been operated on and all of them developed, sooner or later, serious chronic constitutional diseases. Some developed tuberculosis, others developed malignant tumors from malassimilation and malnutrition, still others developed serious nervous conditions, several became

Several years ago a patient of mine tried to persuade his friend to have natural treatment for exophthalmos instead of submitting to an operation. But the friend and her friends had more confidence in their "specialist" than in Nature Cure. The ends of the thyroid were snipped off and within twenty-four hours the lady was completely paralyzed on one side and ended her sufferings about two years after the operation.

Thyroid Deficiency

(Fig. 32, Area 28, left, p. 264)

The opposite of the conditions described under exophthalmos and thyroidism we find in cases where for some

another the thyroid gland fails to produce a sufficiency of secretions. Where this condition is caused by defective development of the gland from birth, it results in cretinism. This word is derived from the French word "cretin", meaning "dwarf". Cretinism therefore signifies backward development both physically and mentally.

The child is dwarfed and very ugly. The tongue is too large for the mouth, and the voice is harsh and squeaky. The hair is coarse, the abdomen prominent, hernia is common. The sexual organs remain undeveloped, so do also the mental functions, and the vocabulary is very limited. A few cases reach adult life, but the majority die in childhood. The regular medical treatment consists in the administration of thyroid extract daily throughout life.

Better and more permanent results are obtained by thorough, all round Natural Therapeutic treatment. The diet must be carefully regulated. The little patient must receive a generous supply of the positive mineral elements. Careful massage and neurotherapy treatment, consisting largely in stimulation of the nerve centers which supply the thyroid gland, has a wonderfully vivifying effect in such cases. Magnetic treatment also is very beneficial in this as well as in all other forms of thyroid disease. Cold water treatment, sun and air baths, and the indicated homeopathic remedies all help to make the dormant organ more alive and active. I always find that the plastic, sensitive organisms of children and infants respond much more readily to the natural influences than the coarser and more heavily encumbered bodies of adults.

Thyroid deficiency in adults may result from many different causes. Pathogenic matter may clog or gradually benumb and paralyze the glandular structures. Poisonous drugs may produce similar results more quickly. The nerve supply of the gland may be greatly interfered with by luxated spinal vertebrae or through pressure on the

nerves by contracted or strained muscles, ligaments or connective tissue growth.

While hyperactivity of the gland often results in great emaciation, deficiency of thyroid secretion tends to cause the opposite condition, namely, obesity or excessive flesh and fat formation. This in itself proves that the secretion of the thyroid promotes the processes of oxidation. One of the principal causes of excessive fat formation lies in defective oxidation of protein, starchy and fatty materials. In such cases small doses of thyroid extract, carefully regulated, help to reduce excessive fat formation.

This treatment is at best only palliative, the underlying causes of the ailment must be overcome by natural living and treatment. Natural diet and treatment must bring about greater activity of the organ and improve the processes of digestion and elimination.

Symptoms Peculiar to Diseases of the Thyroid Gland

Many people suffer more or less all their lives with severe headaches which defy all sorts of treatment. A great deal of this lifelong torture is due to either temporary or constant inactivity of the thyroid gland. Deficiency of thyroid elements in the circulation interferes with the oxidation of food materials as well as of syphilis poisons, causing, on the one hand, nerve starvation and on the other hand, brain and nerve poisoning. See rings, Fig. 32, left and right.

We have cured many such cases in individuals who have suffered all their lives either at intervals or continually with headaches resulting from such causes. The excretion in the system of nitrogenous waste due to deficient activity of the thyroid also becomes frequent. One of the contributing factors in asthma and in other diseases of the respiratory organs. The pathologic

terials in the circulation are not oxidized and eliminated from the system on account of the deficiency of thyroid and adrenal secretions in the blood. Therefore they accumulate in the circulation and clog and benumb the tiny air passages, capillaries and nerve filaments in the bronchi and lungs. This results in all kinds of acute and chronic diseases of the respiratory organs and intensifies oxygen starvation. Here, as in many similar instances, we observe the see sawing between cause and effect. A disease producing cause sets up a certain ailment. This in turn aggravates and intensifies the primary cause and both together create new troubles, until the entire organism becomes disordered and incapacitated.

Myxodema. This ailment is due to more or less complete inactivity of the thyroid gland. The disease is much more frequent in women than in men, mostly in those women who have borne children. The disease is characterized by the accumulation of colloid materials in the circulation. This causes capillary obstruction and dropsical swelling. Frequently the hair and eyebrows fall out, the nails and teeth loosen and drop out, while the skin takes on a very peculiar texture and appearance resembling leather. After extirpation, or complete inactivity of the gland through other causes, death follows usually within a week from the manifestation of the first symptoms of myxodema.

Chlorosis, eclampsia, eczema, epilepsy, hysteria and other forms of diseases are undoubtedly more or less aggravated by either hyperactivity or inactivity of the thyroid gland. We of the school of Natural Therapeutics have the satisfaction of knowing that even when we do not understand the exact causes and multiform effects and complications of these and other disorders, we can always apply the best treatment possible under the circumstances by overcoming with our natural methods of living and of

treatment the three primary manifestations of all phsyic disease. (Vol. I, Chap. V.)

Addison's Disease. Synonyms: melasma, suprarena "the bronzed skin disease". (Fig. 32, Area 19, right.)

Allopathic definition and description: A constitutio disease characterized by degenerative changes in the sup renal capsules or semilunar ganglia, accompanied by mentation of the skin. Causes unknown. There is to be some connection between Addison's Disease tuberculosis. Pathological changes are found also in semi-lunar ganglia and branches of the sympathetic n The skin assumes a peculiar bronze or blackish pigm tion. The backs of the hands, for instance, look as as those of a negro, while the inner surface looks pal white.

Duration about two years. Prognosis, incurable.

The treatment (as in all cases of chronic disease) be symptomatic.

Natural Therapeutic Description and Treatment adrenals are two little bodies situated one above kidney. Their function is to supply to the blood substances which produce, as we have learned (pag profound effects upon the vital economy of the bod tirpation or total inactivity of these tiny organs, as of the thyroid gland, is followed by rapid dec death. The secretions of the adrenals have a p effect upon all the processes of oxidation in tl They are to the body what the igniter is to the bile. As the latter ignites and explodes the gas in chine, so the secretions of the adrenals in the ci make possible the combustion of food materia morbid waste in the body.

The symptoms following the sudden or gradu tion of the adrenal glands have been named Disease. The onset is gradual and the patient

feeling of weakness and languor. This is followed by extreme muscular prostration. The pulse becomes weak and irregular, with feebleness of the heart's action. Lowered blood pressure is due to the depression of the nerve centers which control the compression of the blood vessels and the heart action. There may be gastro-intestinal disturbances resulting in nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. The skin becomes bronzed or blackish in appearance. Temperature subnormal.

This ailment is rather rare and occurs mostly in men between twenty and forty years of age. Pressure upon the semi-lunar ganglia, due to connective tissue adhesions, is a possible cause by creating interference with the blood supply to the suprarenal bodies. Postmortem examinations have shown that frequently the degeneration of the suprarenal bodies is of a tuberculous nature.

When the destructive changes in these ductless glands are too far advanced, even the most thorough natural treatment may fail to arrest the degenerative processes. If, however, the patient is placed under natural treatment during the initial stages of the disease, improvement and cure are sure to follow. We have proved this to be true in many cases. Several patients of this type that came under my observation exhibited drug signs in the iris in the area of the kidneys. The degenerative processes may also be caused or aggravated by interference with the nerve or blood supply through impingement by mechanical lesions or contraction of connective tissues.

Thorough systematic natural treatment by all approved methods will meet and overcome the causes of the disease whatever they may be, if this is at all possible in the nature of the case. If systemic toxins or poisonous drugs are paralyzing or destroying the glandular structures, natural diet and all methods which promote elimination of morbid matter and poisons will bring about the desired improve-

ment. Mechanical lesions and interference with blood and nerve supply must be corrected by manipulative treatment.

It will be found in such cases that a diet low in protein and rich in mineral salts is more advisable than fasting because the disease itself produces great weakness and emaciation.

Signs of Glandular Lesions in the Iris

(Fig. 32, page 264)

The chronic signs in Fig. 32, right, areas 21 and 15, respectively, showed in the eyes of a man forty-five years old. He had contracted several gonorrheal infections which were suppressed in the usual manner. The sign 15, right, testes, shows that the disease and drug poison caused atrophy of the sex glands. This explains why he became impotent within a year after the disease was cured (?). He also has suffered since that time : chronic rheumatism of the arthritic type, especially in the lower extremities. This is indicated by the chronic in area 18, right and left.

In many instances of suppressed gonorrhea and syphilis I have noticed that the patients were sterile (unable to produce offspring) while still capable of performing sexual acts. Many of these cases showed lesions in area 18, right or left.

The sign of an acute lesion in area 23, right, Fig. 32, was observed in a patient who had sustained a severe fall striking the end of the spine and bending the coccyx forward. This caused irritation of the coccygeal glands, resulting in inflammation of the tiny sympathetic ganglia. This in turn caused excruciating pains, contraction of the sphincter ani, stubborn constipation and hemorrhoids. Allopathic physicians had recommended surgical removal of the gland. The coccygeal lesion was improved by

lative treatment and the tension relieved by dilatation of the sphincter ani. This overcame the constipation and cured the hemorrhoids.

The chronic lesion in area 23, left, Fig. 32, was visible in the iris of a patient who had suffered for many years with paralysis agitans, the result of mercurial treatment for syphilis early in life. In this case the sphincters of the anus and the bladder were so relaxed that feces and urine were discharged involuntarily.

CHAPTER XXIV

BASIC DIAGNOSIS

Introduction

One of the fundamental principles of the philosophy of Natural Therapeutics is the unity of disease. This means that all the various forms of disease arise from a few primary manifestations, namely, lowered vitality, abnormal composition of vital fluids and accumulations of morbid waste and systemic poisons in the organism. It remains for us to explain why it is possible that in the same kind of an organism a great variety of diseases can arise from a few primary abnormal conditions. To this we answer: **it is the organism which is infinitely complex, not the disease. Man, not his disorders, is the great study.**

Since a few primary causes or manifestations of disease may produce an infinite multitude of symptoms, it is not possible to accurately diagnose the underlying disease from external symptoms. **Therefore, basic diagnosis does not attempt the diagnosis of symptoms, but aims at a diagnosis of the patient.**

When we understand the organism, the function and interdependence of its parts and organs, disease is not but a simple problem.

All men are not alike. All men do not function alike. They are alike only in general anatomical structure and in crude form or mould. Man is not altogether a machine operating on mechanical principles. **Closely allied to the mechanical structure, and controlling it, are the physical or psychical and the mental or intellectual principles.**

The numerous functions of the human body may conveniently be classified under three main groups, namely, respiration, alimentation and generation.

Respiration is that function which takes care of the oxygenation of the blood and the elimination of burned carbonaceous materials through the lungs. As explained in Vol. II of this series, in the chapter dealing with correct breathing, respiration is the function on which depends the inflow of the dynamic force or life force necessary to maintain the vital activities within the body.

Alimentation is that function which enables the body to digest and assimilate the proper quantity and quality of food, and which removes the residue of such processes from the body.

Generation is that function which assures perpetuity to the human race by means of reproduction. The secretions of the ductless glands of the generative organs are necessary to the maintenance of the vital activities of the organism.

Back of these three basic functions of the human organism lie three corresponding life principles—the physical material principle, the mental or intellectual principle, and the psychical or moral principle.

The material principle stands for substance, solidity, physique, and is closely allied to the terrestrial plane. This principle is in sympathy with physical nature, and its nerve mechanism—the great sympathetic—is the instrument through which the life force controls animal functions.

The one who possesses a large proportion of this principle is hardier, stronger and more robust than those individuals in whom either the mental or psychical principle predominates.

The psychical or moral principle connects us with the Psyche or Soul of the universe. Through the psychic

principle the individual consciousness receives an influx of intuitive intelligence and creative will from the great universal creative Intelligence which some call God or Nature, others Cosmic Intelligence, Creative Will, Over-soul, Brahm, and by many other names. The psychic "wireless" is therefore the source of inspiration and illumination; it makes possible the apprehension of abstract truth,—of time and space, of right and wrong. It is "light that lighteth every man that cometh into world".

Consciousness is the passive capacity of the individual intelligence, soul or ego. It receives impressions and pulses from two sources—from the physical material surroundings through the sensory organs, and from the material psychical world of laws and causes through psychic principle. Through the psychic wireless it receives an influx of intuitive intelligence and creative will. The innate intelligence senses, observes and compares the sensory impressions and sensations, and discriminates between them. It classifies the contents of consciousness and therefrom draws conclusions and judgments. Thus originates and grows the reasoning mind. From this it will be seen that the mind is that principle which stands between and connects the physical and psychical principles, and through which we create it ourselves.

The mind has been likened to a circle, the center of which is the ego and the circumference of which is anywhere in the universe. In the new born infant the idiot its diameter is exceedingly limited, while in the great scientist or philosopher it may fathom the secrets of the starry heavens. It does not reach full completion until it embraces all there is to be known in the sidereal universe.

Its expansion depends upon the number and variety of sensory impressions and impulses received from

ical or spiritual (material) surroundings and upon the amount of thinking, reasoning and philosophizing brought to bear upon the contents of consciousness. These psychological phonographic and photographic films constitute memory and the subconscious mind of the psychologists and occultists.

Sensory impressions and impulses from without and the thinking and reasoning from within, give rise to sensations, emotions, impulses and desires which, in turn, call forth the activity of the will. The will in action is volition.

What nerve specialists and psychologists call the reflex are consists of this twofold function of receiving and giving, which underlies all the activities of human life. The balancing of receiving and giving constitutes physical health as well as intellectual, moral and social health.

Violations of Nature's laws in all domains of life and action involve the violation of this basic principle of giving and receiving which is the law of compensation in operation. On it depends the preservation of energy; it is the basis of civil as well as of ethical and moral law. Only by complying with its demands can we solve the social problem.

Reason and common sense should tell us that the relationships of human life must be under the control of natural law as well as the relationships of numbers, of atoms of matter and the harmonics of sound. This is true notwithstanding the assertion of materialistic philosophy that there is nothing innately settled and permanent about ethics and morals, that they are subject to change and custom like fashions in hats, frocks and walking canes.

From the foregoing it becomes apparent that the mental or intellectual principle comprises the faculties which constitute the reasoning or objective mind, such as observation, discrimination, calculation, deduction and logic. It harbors the executive qualities and prompts voluntary

action. It is a thinking apparatus and, in itself, calculating and exact. It is the seat of judgment from sentiment and feeling, and moderates the question of sympathy and mercy.

The reasoning or objective mind deals only with facts and data gathered from observation and experience. It is in agreement with materialistic and monistic science and philosophy; but these systems leave out of consideration that which makes thinking, reasoning and philosophizing a possibility, namely, the psychic principle. It is studying and explaining the phenomena of life, tending to exclude life itself from the scheme of things.

In the limited space of this treatise I can deal only briefly with the relationships between the intellectual and psychic principles and the brain and nervous system. I have elaborated this in detail in Vol. IV of this series dealing with natural eugenics.

In the following we shall trace the relationships of the three basic principles to the physical organism. The three basic principles of the human entity herein described obtain a definite relationship to the three principal divisions of the great brain or cerebrum, and through the three basic functions of the organism already described. It should be understood that these corresponding relationships have nothing to do with the local or phrenological centers. Long continued careful observation and practical experience have revealed that the three main divisions of the cerebrum and their basic functions of alimentation, respiration and circulation are closely allied and interdependent.

The Great Brain

By Dr. W. F. Havard.

The cerebrum is divided into two hemispheres, occupying the greater part of the cranial cavity which

by the union of the bones of the skull. Each hemisphere is divided by deep fissures into three separate portions called lobes. They are named according to their location in reference to the bones of the skull which form their outer protection, as follows: the occipito-temporal lobes, the parietal lobes and the frontal lobes. The occipito-temporal lobes are the seat of the material or the physical principle; the parietal lobes are the seat of the psychical or moral principle, and the frontal lobes are the seat of the mental or intellectual functions. The following illustration will serve to show these different areas of the brain.

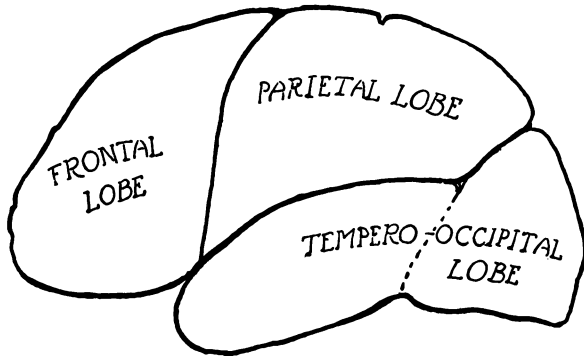
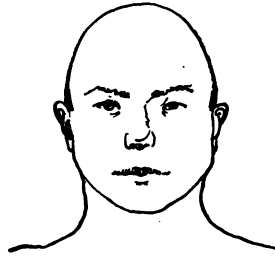


Fig. 1. Side view of cerebrum, showing lobes and fissures.

The degree of development in the various brain areas will determine the relative strength of the three basic principles in any one individual. For instance, an individual possessing the greatest brain development in the occipito-temporal lobes of the brain is of the physical type, while an individual with a high, straight, prominent forehead with the greatest brain development in the frontal lobes, is placed in the intellectual class. The individual who has his greatest and best brain development in the parietal

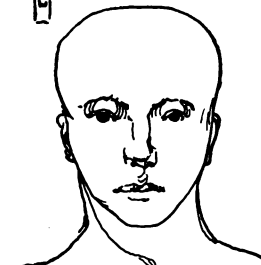
PHYSICAL BASE



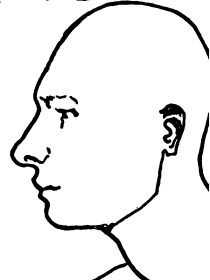
Full Temples

Well developed
occipital lobe

MORAL BASE

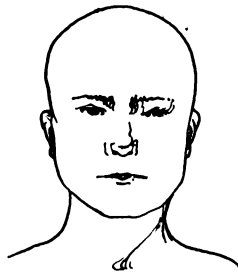


Hollow Temples

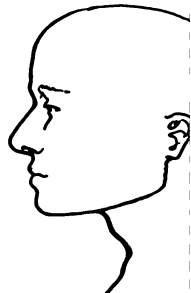


High top of head

MENTAL BASE



High square forehead



Straight forehead

Fig. 2.

region, or at the topmost portion of the head, belongs to the moral class.

The classification of individuals in this manner makes it possible to determine the relative strength of the various organ systems. The three main organ systems are the digestive, respiratory and generative, and there is a direct correspondence between the brain development and the strength of the three basic physiological functions.

Good development in the physical brain region (occipito-temporal lobes) establishes the fact that the individual possesses strong digestive action. The development of the moral portion of the brain (parietal lobes) determines the strength of generative action, while the degree of development in the mental portion of the brain (frontal lobes) will determine the strength of the respiratory action.

The ideal human being, of course, would be the one in whom these three principles were balanced; or in other words, in whom the mental, moral and physical portions of the brain were equally developed. Such individuals, however, are of rare occurrence. The more nearly equal these three principles are in development and vitality in any one individual, the more perfect he is—mentally, morally and physically.

No person today could be totally lacking in any one of these principles without being marked as a defective. If the physical principle is very weak he will not survive infancy. If the intellect, or the frontal lobes, are only slightly developed he will be an idiot. If the psychical or moral area is undeveloped the individual lacks intuition and imagination, and is therefore limited in inventive and creative ability. Such an individual is lacking in the intuitive perception of moral, ethical and religious principles. If, on the other hand, the psychical principle greatly predominates over the intellectual the individual tends to emotionalism, is negative and subjective to outside influ-

ences and becomes an easy prey to hypnotic and med-
ic control.

Every individual must possess the three basic qua-
lities to some degree, and the proportion of them determine
only the individual's habits and characteristics, his
likes and dislikes, and his general temperament, but all
are susceptible to abnormalities and diseases of one
or another.

That portion of the brain which shows the greatest
development in any one individual is called the "first"
while the other two weaker areas are called the "second"
and "third", the stronger being the "first" and the weaker
the "second" inclination.

The greater the development of the inclination, the
more difficult it becomes to determine the base. There
is there, however, and is the foundation on which the in-
dividual is built. The base has a definite value, and the
inclinations are relative to it. The latter may be
very weak or they may both be strong, or one may be
strong and the other weak. All degrees of development
occur; no two individuals are exactly alike. When the
inclinations are of a low degree of development, the
contrast is more pronounced by contrast.

As we have shown, each principle has its own
correlated group of organs and functions in the body.
These are known as the fundamental organs, and each
which corresponds to the individual's basic principle.
For example, if an individual is physically based, his
basic organ is the liver, which is the principal organ of
the digestive system. The liver is the strongest organ in
his body, one on which he depends to the largest degree
for support.

In a morally based individual the generative
principle is the strongest; while in a mentally based in-
dividual the intellect is the strongest.

lungs are the organs upon which that individual depends for his main support.

There is no limit to the combinations that can be made with these three principles, any more than there is a limit to the number of shades that can be derived through the mixture of the three basic colors, red, blue and yellow. By determining as nearly as possible the base of an individual and the relative strength of his inclinations, we are able to gauge his individual index.

By individual index we mean the relative degree of activity on the part of the three principal organ systems under normal conditions. So, for example, the individual who is **materially based** with a first moral inclination and a second intellectual inclination, is strongest in the digestive organs. His greatest weakness lies in the lungs, while the generative organs are intermediate.

From this it follows that disease processes will manifest first in the weakest organ or group of organs which belong to the second inclination. Next to succumb will be the organs of first inclination. The chances for recovery are good as long as the basic organ and its aids are in fair condition and able to compensate for the weakness and deficiencies of the organs of first and second inclinations. When, however, the organism becomes weakened and diseased at its base or foundation, then the superstructure will soon give way and succumb to nature's destructive processes.

Thus basic diagnosis aids the physician to locate the organs of least resistance and thereby the seat of disease, as well as to estimate the chances for recovery. For instance, as long as a person with a strong physical base is endowed with good digestive power and assimilation, disorders of the respiratory and generative organs will be easily overcome, but when the liver, stomach and intestines of such a person become seriously affected by de-

generative processes, then destruction in the lun kidneys will soon result in fatal termination.

Thus basic diagnosis enables the physician to exp more accurate opinion as to whether the case will im or whether the individual will continue to decline. enables him to determine which organ system nee greatest attention from a therapeutic standpoint.

Application of Basic Diagnosis

Correspondences Between Brain Areas and Organic tions:

Occipito-temporal lobes (lower portion of cereb digestive system.

Parietal lobes (top portion of cerebrum)—ge system.

Frontal lobes (front portion of cerebrum)—res system.

It is only in rare cases and in exceptionally we oped individuals that we find all three brain reg; consequently all three organ systems develope equal degree and capable of exercising the sam of function. In the vast majority of individuals one of these organ systems is markedly weaker other two. When disease begins to affect such vidual it is this weaker group of organs which fi to manifest changes in function and ultimately ture. To describe all the changes as they occu manner in which a disease process progresses, and why it is reflected from one part of the or another, would require the writing of a special this subject alone. To prove these facts woul tate the recitation of the life histories of a long l; from which these statements have been verified has been given to enable the physician and the

layman to continue the study of this interesting subject and to profit by its practical application.

To recapitulate: As a disease process develops, the resistance of the weaker organs is broken down first and the condition is then carried to the next stronger group of organs, and finally to the strongest or basic organ. When the disease process reaches the basic organ, the individual has entered upon the last stages of pathological change. If the disease process continues unchecked the individual will finally succumb as disease destroys his stronghold.

In the following illustrations only the general types of individuals will be considered. There are six general

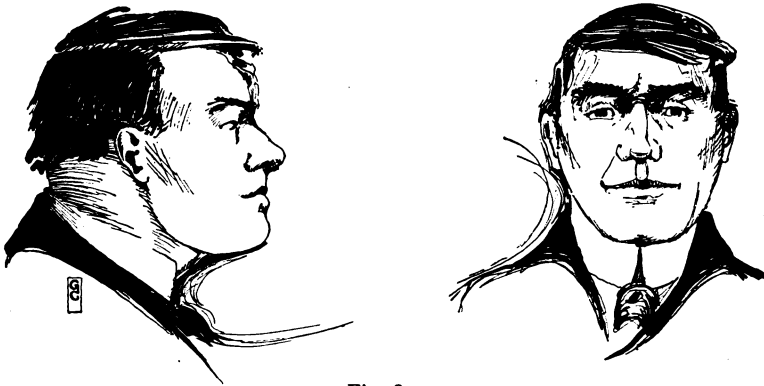


Fig. 3.

types classified according to their base and inclinations. The base represents the strongest system; the first inclination, the system of intermediate strength; the second inclination, the weakest organ system.

1. General physical type. (Fig. 3.)

(A) **Base**, physical; first inclination, moral; second inclination, mental.

Strongest organs, digestive; basic organ, liver.

Intermediate organs, reproductive (generative and system of ductless glands).

Weakest organs, lungs.

Prominent symptoms and preliminary healing Those emanating from the generative organs and ductless glands (thyroid, suprarenals, pituitary) in which the disease changes have not yet reached the organ.

Diseases likely to prove fatal if not checked in time if improperly treated, are those producing destructive changes in the digestive organs, and in the liver, diabetes, cancer of the liver, cirrhosis of the liver, advanced Bright's disease.

Early symptoms of failure of the liver manifest themselves in the form of rheumatism, which may be referred to the heart.

Prognosis: Good, in cases where destructive changes have not yet occurred in the liver. In other words, if the principal symptoms are in the intermediate organs, the liver is still capable of compensating for the failure of other organs, this individual still has time to retrace his steps and recover his health under treatment. In this case the liver, in its endeavor to compensate, may increase its activity to such a degree that symptoms will arise. These symptoms, however, are functional and should not be considered alarming. When the liver's function begins to fail, due to destructive changes in that organ, that the prognosis becomes grave.

Treatment. General natural therapeutic treatment such natural methods as can be directed especially to the liver for the purpose of relieving it of work or increasing its functional activity, the first purpose being to obtain compensation in the basic organ. The most essential part of such treatment consists of

rational fasting, interspersed with periods of strict eliminative diet until the liver has had opportunity to cleanse the blood stream of surplus waste products.

(B) (Fig. 4.) **Base**, physical; first inclination, mental; second inclination, moral.

Strongest organs, digestive; basic organ, liver.

Intermediate organs, lungs.

Weakest organs, reproductive and system of ductless glands.

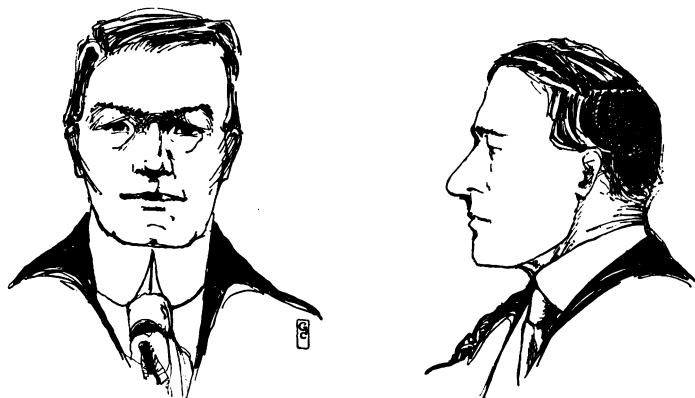


Fig. 4.

Prominent symptoms and healing crises: Those emanating from the respiratory organs, in cases where the disease changes have not yet reached the liver.

Diseases likely to prove fatal. Same as Type 1 A.

Prognosis, same as Type 1 A.

Treatment, same as Type 1 A.

2. General moral type.

(A) (Fig. 5) **Base**, moral; first inclination, physical; second inclination, mental.

Strongest organs, ductless glands; basic organs, generative or reproductive.

Intermediate organs, digestive.

Weakest organs, lungs.

Prominent symptoms and preliminary healing c
Those emanating from the digestive organs and liv

Diseases likely to prove fatal: Those producin
structive changes in the generative organs, which
in degenerative changes in the system.

Prognosis: Good, unless destructive changes ha
curred in the generative glands.

In individuals of the moral type, functional sym

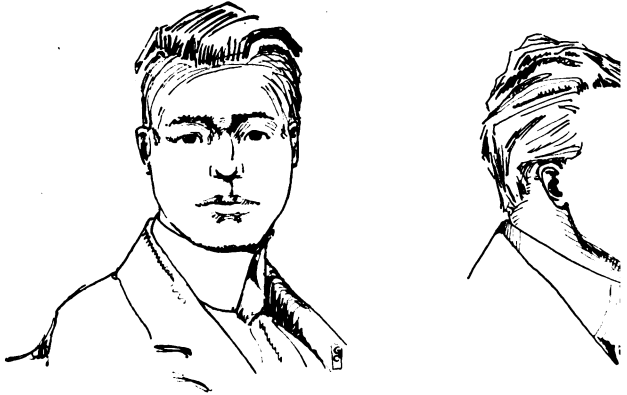


Fig. 5.

manifest themselves in the nervous system as a
increased activity in the ductless glands. This i
due to the endeavor of these structures to compe
deficiencies in the intermediate and weakest or
is when this compensatory action begins to fail
structive changes are noticeable in the nervou
that the outlook becomes grave.

Treatment. General natural treatment directe
larly to the generative organs for the purpose
taining compensation. A strict eliminative diet

adhered to and occasional fasts of from three to seven days' duration. Sun baths should be employed with the sun's rays directed to the pelvic region. The remainder of the body should be protected during this specific treatment. Such a sun bath should not be prolonged above fifteen minutes. The vital fluids of patients of this type must

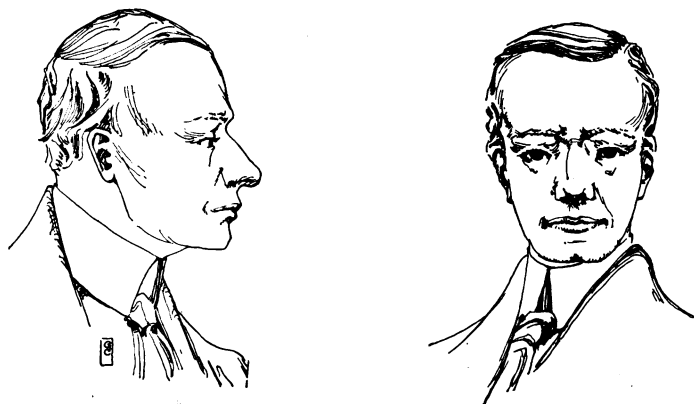


Fig. 6.

be conserved, consequently there must be total abstinence from sexual intercourse during the period of their cure.

(B) (Fig. 6.) **Base**, moral; first inclination, mental; second inclination, physical.

Strongest organs, ductless glands; basic organs, generative.

Intermediate organs, respiratory.

Weakest organs, digestive.

Prominent symptoms and preliminary healing crises: Those emanating from the respiratory organs, in cases where the disease changes have not yet reached the ductless glands and the nervous system.

Diseases likely to prove fatal, same as Type 2 A.

Prognosis, same as Type 2 A.

Treatment, same as Type 2 A.

3. General mental type.

(A) (Fig. 7) **Base**, mental; first inclination, physical; second inclination, moral.

Strongest organs, lungs; basic organ, upper lobes

Intermediate organs, digestive.

Weakest organs, ductless glands.

Prominent symptoms and preliminary healing

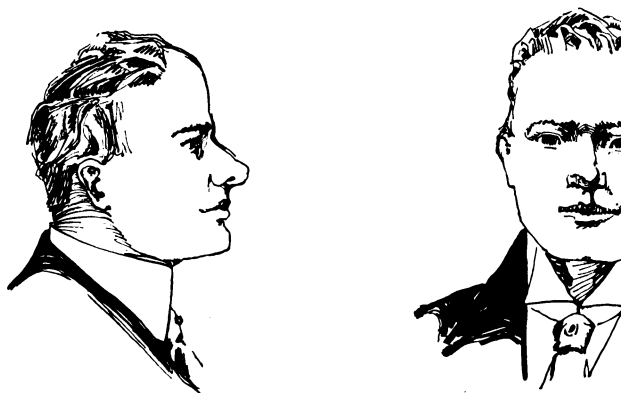


Fig. 7.

Those emanating from the digestive organs, in case destructive changes have not yet occurred in the lungs.

Diseases likely to prove fatal if improperly treated, those producing destructive changes in the lungs, of which is tuberculosis.

Prognosis: Good, in cases where destructive changes have not occurred in the lungs.

Treatment. General natural treatment with eliminative diet and frequent fasts of short duration and outdoor exercises are necessary for individuals of this type, particularly such as will increase the respiratory

and maintain sufficient compensation through the lungs, so as to enable the intermediate and weakest organs to recover their tone and return to a higher state of function.

(B) (Fig. 8) **Base**, mental; first inclination, moral; second inclination, physical.

Strongest organs, lungs; basic organ, upper lobes.

Intermediate organs, ductless glands.

Weakest organs, digestive.

Prominent symptoms and preliminary healing crises:
Those emanating from the ductless glands and nervous

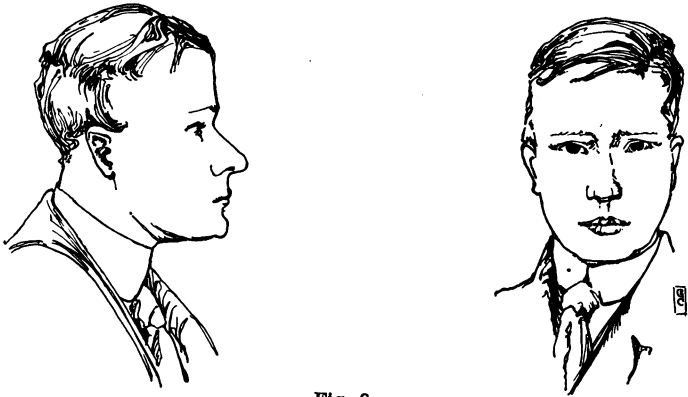


Fig. 8.

system, in cases where destructive changes have not yet occurred in the lungs.

Diseases likely to prove fatal, same as Type 3 A.

Prognosis, same as Type 3 A.

Treatment, same as Type 3 A.

From the foregoing outline it will be seen that the prominent symptoms occur in the organs of the first inclination. This needs a slight explanation. During the growing and developing years of an individual—the years before eighteen—symptomatic conditions are likely to

arise from the organs of the second inclination, the second depending upon the strength of these organs or the degree of resistance. Crisis conditions frequently manifest themselves through these organs during this period of life. If they are very weak, however, and the individual is living under unfavorable or unhygienic conditions, symptoms will begin to appear in the organs of the second inclination about the age of puberty. It is through the organs of the first or stronger inclination that we expect a crisis to occur during the process of evolution. The production of a crisis not only requires resistance in the part selected for this activity, but it also requires that some other part shall maintain sufficient strength to carry on the necessary compensation. Where the crisis occurs through the organs of the stronger inclination, the basic organ carries the compensation. If the process actually reaches the basic organ, having progressed through the weakest and intermediate organs, a crisis cannot take place in the basic organ, because there is nothing left to take up the compensatory activity.

In order to arrive at a correct basic diagnosis, we first of all determine in which of the three brain regions the greatest development lies. It becomes necessary for us to make a general study of heads. If from a frontal view of the individual we gather the information that the temples are well developed and full, and the line of the head from the angle of the orbit over the ears and to the occiput or base of the brain shows the greatest development of any part of the head, we place that individual in the physical class. Once the base is determined, the frontal region then receives our attention. The higher and straighter the forehead, the more development exists in the frontal region of the brain, the more mentality is possessed by the individual. If the forehead, then, contains greater development than the topmost portion of the head (p

gion), then the individual's first inclination is mental, and his second inclination moral. If, on the other hand, the parietal region contains a more marked development, is larger and better proportioned, then the individual's first inclination is moral, and his second inclination mental.

Let us take another example: Looking at the individual from the front, his temples appear to be hollow, and the line around the base of the head appears to be constricted. Immediately we know that the individual cannot be physically based; he must then be either morally or mentally based. We now take a profile view and we find that the forehead recedes slightly, consequently he cannot be mentally based. The parietal region, however, is well developed and therefore he belongs to the moral type.

Coming back to the front view, we find a high, well developed forehead, which impresses us as having a greater value than the development existing over the temples and at the base of the brain; so we pronounce his first inclination to be mental, and his second inclination is then physical.

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APPENDIX

THE LINDLAHR SYSTEM OF NATURAL THERAPEUTICS

The Lindlahr Institutions were established, first, for the purpose of providing suitable environment and facilities for the care and treatment of patients desiring to be cured of acute and chronic ailments; second, to train young men and women in the arts of natural healing, to turn them out as qualified nurses and physicians; third, to publish and distribute literature for the purpose of educating the public in the proper care of body and mind, thus promoting the ideas of natural living; fourth, to establish centers throughout the country to further the work of education.

The Lindlahr Institutes are essentially educational in character and bear the stamp of liberality in thought, consistent with the highest ideals of the age.

The work is divided into departments which are controlled by men and women of superior ability and broad vision. All departments are personally supervised by Dr. Lindlahr.

THE SANITARIUMS

In the Sanitariums facilities are provided for the thorough, conscientious treatment of those who are unable to undertake their treatment at home. There are no serious conditions which require supervision and treatment by experienced physicians and nurses. The Sanitariums provide the proper facilities and ideal environment.

NATURAL THERAPEUTICS

ment for carrying out the natural regimen and for administering the various methods of natural treatment.

Diagnosis. To begin with, a careful analysis is made of every patient's condition to determine the exact nature of his ailments and the degree of his vitality and recuperative powers. For this purpose advantage is taken of all the latest and best methods of diagnosis. These include:

1. **Physical Diagnosis.** Each patient is subjected to a thorough physical examination.

2. **Laboratory Analysis.** Examinations are made of the patients' blood, sputum and urine and, if necessary, also of stomach contents and of feces. Records are kept and comparisons made from time to time with previous analyses in order to determine the degree of improvement.

3. **Diagnosis from the Eye.** The iris of the eye holds records of many abnormal changes in structure and function as they occur in the body. Upon the patient's entrance to our institution the records in the iris are carefully noted, and signs of improvement are recorded during the course of treatment.

4. **Spinal Analysis,** according to the various systems of manipulative treatment, offers a valuable addition to diagnostic science. It reveals mechanical interference with the circulation of vital fluids and of nerve currents and points out the best methods of correction.

5. **Basic Diagnosis.** In this we possess a valuable method for determining the general constitutional tendencies toward health or disease and for prognosing the chances of recovery in any given case. The findings are based on the relative strength and activity of the three principal organ systems of the body, viz., the digestive, respiratory and reproductive systems.

6. **X-Ray Diagnosis.** Wherever necessary the X-Ray is employed to show abnormalities of structure.

APPENDIX

NATURAL THERAPEUTICS

The essential element in curative treatment is a natural environment in which the patient is provided with proper food and subjected to the beneficial influences of the great natural curative forces found in sunlight, air and intimate contact with mother earth. But these regenerative influences are not sufficient to bring about marked improvement or recovery in serious chronic cases. "Chronic" means that the system can no longer help itself, that the cells and organs have become so enfeebled and weakened by pathogenic conditions that they cannot arouse themselves to acute curative effort. In such cases the purifying and tonic influences of the various methods of natural treatment are absolutely necessary to bring about the desired results. In many instances one kind or several kinds of treatment are sufficient. The cure requires "the whole bill of fare" and then it is difficult and tedious enough to try to uttermost both physician and patient.

For these reasons Natural Therapeutics selects and combines everything that is good in dietetic treatment, hydrotherapy, massage, osteopathy, chiropractic, naturopathy, neurotherapy, Swedish movements, curative gymnastics, breathing exercises, and in magnetic and mesmeric therapeutics.

Thus everything is done to overcome the primary manifestations of disease, viz., lowered vitality, abnormal composition of vital fluid, accumulation of pathogenic materials, mechanical lesions and destructive mental and emotional activities. In this way only can we secure a more copious inflow of the Life Force, which is health, Force, and through this perfect health, happiness and greater efficiency.

NATURAL THERAPEUTICS

EXTENSION DEPARTMENT

This department has been established for the benefit of those who are not sick enough to need institutional treatment or those who for some reason are not able to take advantage of it. These patients may receive advice and special instructions by mail or telegraph. Dr. Lindlahr takes entire charge of this work and daily dictates letters and telegrams to sufferers all over the country who are relying on his advice to make them whole again. Details regarding this department will be mailed on request.

Transient Treatment Department. Both in Elmhurst and in Chicago a department is maintained for transient patients. Besides their treatments these patients receive instructions in diet, home treatment and natural living.

COLLEGE DEPARTMENT

Exceptional opportunities are offered to young men and women desiring a vocational training.

The college department is maintained at the expense of the institution for the education of physicians, nurses and teachers.

For this purpose a number of courses of instruction have been arranged to meet the ever growing demand.

COLLEGE PREPARATORY COURSE

This course prepares students for college and at the same time they are given exceptional opportunities for earning their way.

THREE YEAR NURSES' TRAINING COURSE

Our sanitariums are open to young women who desire training in nursing. This is a wonderful chance to acquire a liberal education and vocational training while at the

APPENDIX

same time earning fair wages and in many instances higher wages on the commission plan.

FOUR MONTHS' PRACTICAL TRAINING COURSE

This course makes it possible for every young man and woman to secure a practical knowledge of the laws and principles underlying the science of eugenics and the art of natural living and healing. This constitutes the best preparation for the responsibilities and duties of marriage and of parenthood. It is an ideal course for parents or for others upon whom depends the care of a family.

FOUR YEAR PHYSICIANS' COURSE

Young men and women about to enter college in preparation for their life's work should carefully consider the new profession of Natural Therapeutics. This is the only college in the country offering a thorough course in all branches of drugless and bloodless therapy and natural healing. The minimum of time required for this course according to the provisions of the Medical Practice Act is forty months.

RESIDENCE POSTGRADUATE COURSES

To the graduates of other schools we offer finishing courses in all branches of Natural Therapeutics, ranging from a few weeks to four months.

POSTGRADUATE EXTENSION COURSES

For practicing physicians of all schools who are unable to take our Residence Postgraduate Course there has been instituted an Extension Course in which all the subjects of diagnosis and treatment are taught by correspondence. Many valuable books and charts are given free to students.

NATURAL THERAPEUTICS

subscribing to this course. Without the payment of an additional tuition fee these students are allowed to attend our Postgraduate Residence Course.

PUBLISHING DEPARTMENT

This department is maintained for the purpose of spreading the New Gospel of Natural Living and Healing. Yearly thousands of tracts, booklets and other forms of literature are published and distributed to bring light to the ignorant and hope to the sufferer. Dr. Henry Lindlahr is now completing six most valuable volumes whose contents will cover the entire field of Natural Therapeutics.

The first book written by Dr. Lindlahr was entitled "Nature Cure Philosophy and Practice." It was a monumental work which gave for the first time a correct and scientific exposition of Nature Cure philosophy and practice in the English language. The subject matter of the first publication has been thoroughly revised and enlarged to such an extent as to make two volumes, one devoted entirely to philosophy and principles, and the other to treatment. The third volume of the series will be a revision of the Nature Cure Cook Book. Volume IV will be "Eugenics, or Man Building on the Physical, Mental and Moral Planes of Being", based on the principles of Natural Therapeutics. Volume V will present the nature and treatment of special diseases from the allopathic viewpoint and according to the principles of Natural Therapeutics. Volume VI will be an extensive treatise of Iridiagnosis and other methods of diagnosis and prognosis.

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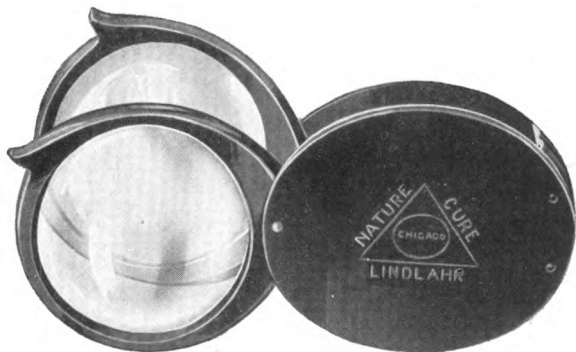
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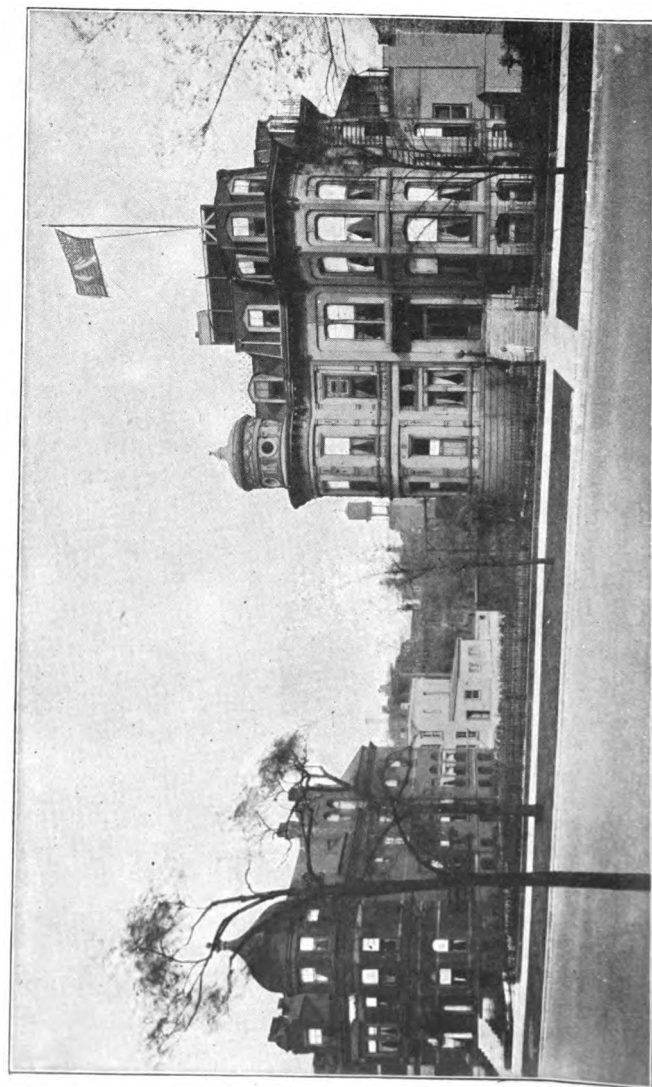
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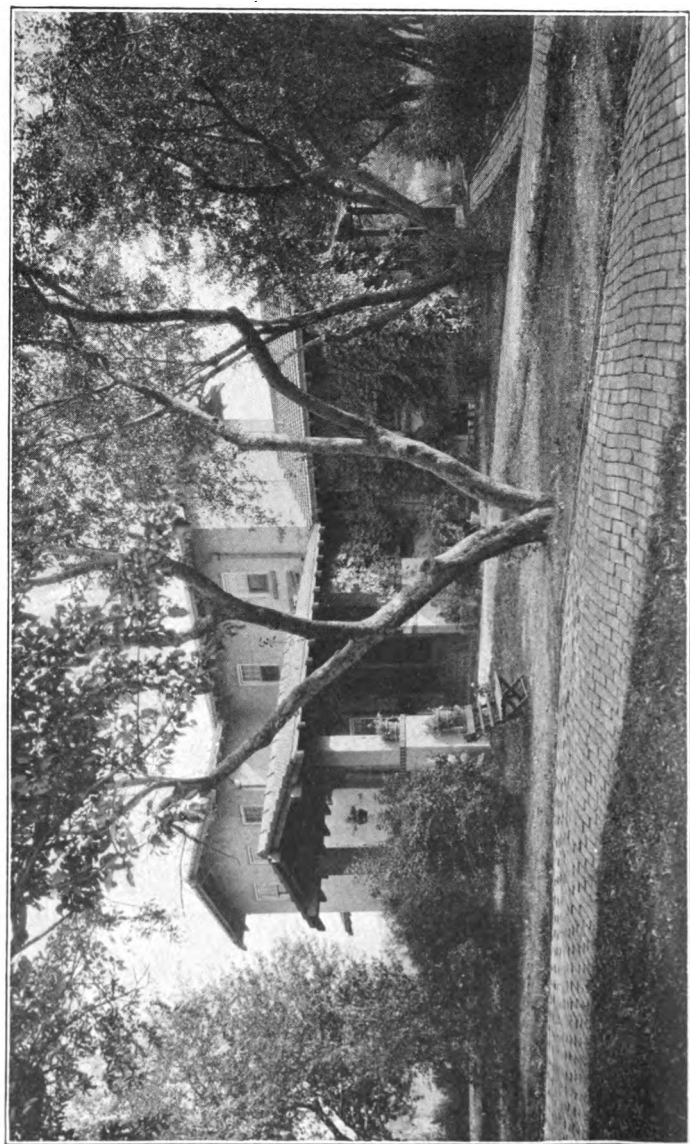
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