



THE TWO WORLDS, JUNE 27, 1930

The Two Morlds

An Exponent of the Spiritual Philosophy of the Present Century.

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FRIDAY, JUNE 27, 1930

PRICE TWOPENCE

Original Poetry.

BEYOND THE YEARS.

BEYOND our years, and after Youth's high immortal dreams, There lies a land of laughter And love's prismatic beams: For long, for long I sought it, This happy Sunshine Land; We met—and oh ! you brought it So yory near to hend ! very near to hand !

At fall of dusk you left me— We met, alas ! to part : And night of joy bereft me, In taking you, dear heart ; Life's road of care and sadness I tread in bitter pain— To that far land, whose gladness Must make us one again !

Mine eyes are tired with weeping : Mine eyes are tired with weeping: I hunger for the day— The upward path goes creeping Into the Far Away! And yet I know, heart's dearest, With arms and lips still fond, And voice of love the clearest You wait for me—Beyond! igeria. J. M. STUART-YOUNG. Onitsha, Nigeria.

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ON COWARDICE.

By W. H. EVANS.

It needs courage for a man to admit he is afraid. When a person shrinks from doing certain things we are apt call him a coward. Courage and cowardice are relative ms. We are all subject to strange and secret inhibitions, ad we all have our secret fears and misgivings, and peraps the worst of all is the fear of being a coward.

Fear is an illusion ; we only discover it to be so when remnstances force us to do something we had hitherto afraid to do; we then discover there was nothing of thick to be afraid. Fear has played a great part in the mution of the race, and has created all kinds of taboos, hich become inhibitions, and limit the powers of the soul. e create a bogey called Mrs. Grundy, and everyone bows om and does obeisance to her. She is not so much in "dence to-day, but she still exists, and we are all more or as secretly afraid of her, and of being thought different our neighbours. / Nevertheless, public opinion of the sort is a mighty factor for good. We obey the herd mplex, and shout with the crowd ; dress like the crowd ; alk as the crowd walks ; admire what the crowd says we admire, and condemn all those things which the and says we should condemn. If anyone dares to be self, and dress as it pleases him, and think as he wishes, give utterance to his thoughts, he is dubbed "singular" eccentric," and the crowd puts its finger to its forein a distinctly suggestive manner. The crowd praises d blames, and will commit murder without turning a hair,

eling a twinge of conscience. A howling mob is a beast the jungle. In another mood it insists that everything be done decently, even hanging a man. He must iron a specially-constructed scaffold by a qualified the behind closed doors, very discreetly, but very The crowd is a funny animal, and we are all araid of it.

This mass force of public opinion which we all help to create is a wonderful thing. It is potent for good or ill. Anything can happen in the right mental atmosphere. All our civilisation on the mental side expresses this force. Every public worker has on occasions come up against this. It is no pleasant experience to find oneself facing a hostile crowd, and have to beat it down by sheer mental power; to compel it to come round to one's point of view. I don't say there is any great merit in it, when one cannot turn and run he has to face it out, and fight it out, too. A passively hostile crowd is perhaps worse than one that is vocal. The mass force of its thought is a barrier which takes some power to overcome. All reformers have felt this, for reforms start by someone condemning what public opinion considers to be right. Nearly two thousand years ago a prophet arose in Palestine, and talked about the kingdom of heaven, and man's immortal soul. He spoke as an independent thinker, so the leaders of the crowd said, " This man is dangerous ; let us get him out of the way." So they removed him by nailing him to a cross. As usual, the crowd acted like a materialist. It thought, "Well, he's dead. We shan't hear any more about him." And that is where the crowd went wrong. They continued to hear a great deal about him. So much, in fact, that a new public opinion was created, and just as crowds have done all their history, they made a hero and a god of him. Now crowds go to church, and listen to sermons about him and his teaching, butand here is the queer thing about it-the crowd is afraid to put his teachings into practice. It says, "Oh, they are splendid sentiments, but quite impracticable, you know. It's nice to feel you are on the right side, to say the Lord's

of Christ into social action, it can't be done, my dear fellows." And the dear fellows shrug their shoulders and go out for a round of golf. Meanwhile the world is going to pieces because we are afraid of putting Christ's teaching to the test of practical experiment. We are all cowards in this.

Prayer, and all that, but as for translating the teachings

Everyone is a coward, and everyone is a hero too. There are different degress of heroism. One man is quite unperturbed in the midst of physical danger, but trembles like a leaf about carrying out some simple moral issue demanding moral courage. Another man will carry out moral issues demanding fine courage without turning a hair, but if in physical danger would be in a state of funk. We all know these things, and we shrink from facing them. I find it a very salutary practice to look at my faultsand God knows they are legion, so that I sometimes despair of overcoming them-and just confessing them to my Heavenly Father, and at the same time looking frankly at them, and seeing how hideous they are. Sometimes I find they are poor, shrunken, anæmic caricatures of virtues which have been masquerading as fine qualities of soul. It is a very salutary practice, and I can recommend it for its cleansing power. We are the stronger for acknowledging our faults, and one of the great values of confession is that it acts as a soul-cleaner. It may be open to abuse in the hands of interested priests, but I believe it has a distinct psychological value, and if we refuse its use simply because it is abused by some, are we not acting cowardly? We are. In matters of this kind it may be urged that the abuses outweigh the value supposed to accrue. Yet we go to a psycho-analyst and make him our priest, do we not? That is scientific, and has a vogue. Religion is not fashionable.__But let us face the thing itself, and acknowledge its virtue, and not lose ourselves in any abuses it may be subject to. Have we not commonsense ?

Perhaps one of the truest tests of courage is how we act towards our friends. In all friendships there are bound to be trials and testing times. They weed out the unfit friends. We learn the worth and value of friendship through trial. There comes a time when we find we cannot agree with our friend. He is so imbued with set ideas that he feels he is right, and naturally looks to us for support. We happen to see differently. Now what is one to do? There are two courses open : one to speak and act in a non-committal manner, as Mr. Facing-Both-Ways would ; or to frankly point out where we think our friend is wrong. The latter needs courage, but is an act which friendship demands; to act as the former is to be a hypocrite. So we act as a true friend, and say what we think. How our friend receives it will reveal the depth and value of his friendship. If he casts us off, we have discovered he was only a "friend for his own occasion," as the prophet said. A real friend will remain such, no matter what differences arise. He will argue it out, and see whether he might be wrong, or whether his friend might be mistaken in his point of view ; and if they cannot agree, he says, " Well, we must agree to differ, and wait until events prove one or the other wrong." Yes, it needs courage to tell a friend he has made a mistake, but we should never shrink from doing so. True friendship is based upon frankness. He will find out one day the worth of honest opininon honestly expressed.

But we are not really cowards-no one is reallythough circumstances may arise which may reveal us in that unpleasant light. I find the proof of our courage in the fact that we are always ready to applaud a brave action without feeling envy. As I write, Miss Amy Johnson is battling her way by aeroplane to Australia. We follow her in thought, and mentally shout our bravos! and feel a thrill of pride in the achievement. Why? Because we are made of similar stuff. Circumstances have revealed it in one of our race, and we feel elated and joyous about it. We are all heroes. It but needs the right circumstances to bring out the heroic within us. And is there no pluck in living as so many have to do to-day? Are not the millions of the world's workless, heroes in their patient suffering ? The hero of the battlefield is the hero of the peace field acting under different conditions. Yes, the world is full of heroes, and we have only to look into the patient eyes of our neighbours to know it.

Yet we are afraid. We pile up armaments as a monument to our fears. We fear other nations, they fear us. This breeds mistrust and in the end war. And the fear is an illusion, the most colossal lie ever assented to. We may slay this fear and liberate ourselves from its bondage and the weight of taxation it imposes upon us. We can do it if we will create the public opinion which will and can destroy the war mind, with its ridiculous fears and silly inhibitions. Brotherhood is a fact. Shall the illusion of fear slay it? The answer is yours to give, my brethren.

THE HONOURS LIST.

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WE note that the Honours list published to commemorate the King's Birthday, contains the name of Captain E. N. Bennett, M.P. for Cardiff, who is awarded a knighthood. Captain Bennett is well known in the ranks of psychical research, and has devoted a good deal of time and attention to the position of mediums under the law. He has been very helpful to the Parliamentary Committee of the S.N.U.

The list also contains the name of Major-General Henry Thuillier, who has been made a K.C.B. Major-General Thuillier was until recently a member of the Glasgow Association of Spiritualists, when, on his retirement from the Command of the 52nd Division of the Territorial Army, he came to reside south of the border.

When you have finished with this copy of "our paper," kindly hand it to a friend.

THROUGH AMERICA.

By HORACE LEAF, F.R.G.S.

THE rule of Americans is to run everything on a mag making basis. If anything does not pay, scrap it, is principle, no matter how necessary it may be for put convenience. In this respect the United States is been European countries, most of which have long realised is the object of Governments should be to serve the peop There are a large number of public services out of with some countries make no cash profit, but they are may tained because of their indirect benefit. Their convenies is justification for their existence.

Matters are not regarded thus in Port Huron, and unimportant city about fifty miles from Detroit, from whi it is cut off in some very important respects the great part of each day. It is not difficult to appreciate a print railway company deciding to run only one train a day in Port Huron to Detroit, but it is difficult to feel grateful the local authorities for stopping the street cars been they did not "pay." The result was almost disastrous me, and doubtless more than one individual has been han sed in a similar way. I had to make Cincinnati in time conduct a meeting in the evening. This necessitated getting to Detroit in time to catch the train. There we two ways only by which I could do this : either by him a private automobile, or by motor bus. To do this wa press me pretty close, but I took the risk, and after work out the muddle occasioned by variation of time while characterises the clocks in different cities and State, succeeded in arriving just in time for my lecture.

Cincinnati branch of the American Society for is chical Research is one of the most alive and progressive that organisation. I lectured and demonstrated for it 1928, and was pleased to return. There is something we refreshing in being able to depart from the routine impose on the itinerant lecturer whose main services are common to Spiritualist churches. This calls for propaganda is tures, and in time threatens to make the most devoted is stale. There is so much to learn and speak about in Spiri ualism and psychic science that it is imperative that a should be given the chance to deal with the more abstra aspect of the subject. Nothing offers a better opportuni than American branches of the S.P.R. They are more more progressive than the English S.P.R., and are not afraid to express their convictions, even when Spiritualist

The second evening of my stay gave me the opportunity of meeting the more influential members of the Society at the dinner they gave in honour of Mrs. Leaf as myself, and during the debate which followed my remarks many interesting points were discussed.

Before leaving Cincinnati I lectured on "The Psych logy and Development of Mediumship," afterwards give demonstrations of psychometry. An unusual feature this meeting was the presence of three boys of not more than fifteen years of age. It is seldom youngsters are sufficient interested in psychic subjects to stay to a rather abstra discourse on mediumship. It is wise that we should a attempt to press the matter on the attention of the grown mind. Let boys and girls approach the study of their or free will. Too many of us have suffered from the ill-effe of the habit of encouraging young people to decide the religious beliefs before they are mentally developed as experienced enough to form a correct opinion. There nothing to be proud of in making a boy or a girl religion through threats or through an appeal to their sympaths

No doubt the object of Christians in trying to persist children to accept their belief is sincere, but sincerity is proof of truth. The same motive inspires every other conventional religionist. The fear that if children are no compelled to accept a Specific religious belief they will go up with a defective moral sense, has no justification; with to make the fear of hell the driving force is reprehensible.

Christianity never was very intelligent on psychologia matters. Few religions can have been farther from a or rect understanding of human nature. Among its tend

the belief that boys and girls are so inherently sinful that er must be coerced into the path of righteousness by initual threats. History has shown that firm adherence religion has not made believers over-honest and over-just. ndeed, progress has been much more rapid as mankind has mome less religious in the orthodox sense. Progress is minly indebted to secularism ; religion will long be rememred for its deleterious influence on the advancement of the we. Spiritualists are in an enviable position, since they re without fear of the consequences of unbelief. That addren do not believe in spirit return is no guarantee that ber will suffer in the hereafter any form of punishment.

"A MONUMENT AGAINST WAR."

Except for two meetings in New York, my work in ISA, on this visit had drawn to a close when Mrs. Leaf dI said farewell to Cincinnati. Our desire to see as much the country as we could determined that we should see Tsshington, and we took an unusual route for the purpose, using through Kentucky, West Virginia, and Virginia. mery we had seen in an altogether wonderful country. Te potentialities of America are incalculable. One wonas what will happen when all the various races which now impose its population become assimilated, and there brelops a real nation !

Washington we found as beautiful as we had been led repect. The Capitol will long live in our memories for s magnificence and for the intense interest Americans ite in it. It was a veritable hive of sightseers, among m being thousands of High School children.

Arlington Cemetery is a monument against war. It ald be a splendid thing if every country had such an initution showing the ravages of war. He must be very mensitive who can gaze without sorrow upon those serried the last resting place of heroes the have fallen for their country. All was so severe, mple and silent. Thousands of unpretentious, unwritten the start of the saying mutely that here lies hundreds in the Civil War, and here hundreds that are their all in the Spanish War, and thousands that gave his in the Great War. One wonders what might have

We paid homage to the great Lincoln by admiring the readerful monument a grateful nation has erected to his readerful monument a grateful nation has erected to his remove. Especially gratifying was it to us when we remembered that he knew of and believed in spirit return. I will never be known how much America owes to Spirit-alism through Lincoln. It is fitting that his memorial less that of Washington, the father of the country. Multiple of the problem meeting was in the Hotel Astor,

My last Sunday public meeting was in the Hotel Astor, with spiritual and Ethical Society, an organisation that have now worked often with and among its members and many dear friends. Mrs. Helen Wells is erecting for self a splendid memorial by making this society one "the best in all America. No finish to nine months' missioning could have been the statisfactory than mine. I ended it by lecturing and anostrating for "The Annette Levy Memorial Spirit-tist Center," Brooklyn, New York. In the words of the speedus, this center "has been organised for the purpose spreading the facts of Spiritualism, and the progress ade in psychical research. The Center is non-sectarian, the main object is to reach the Jewish people."

I had something to do with bringing Mr. and Mrs. Levy, iounders of this institution, to the realisation of the of Spiritualism. I remember Mrs. Levy, a brokenated mother, whose bairn, a fine, beautiful girl of eigha, full of the joy of life and zest of living, had been strica by a fell and mysterious disease for which medicine had "emedy. The mother and father saw her pass inevitably whither? Religion had no adequate answer, and in Spiritualism they would still have been crying to the of for their beloved child.

Through Spiritualism she came back to them, and, as and any others, healed the wound as far as that could be the second seco the spirit of this girl iterally smiled through, the result was to bring back happiness to sorrowing

As a token of their appreciation of the Cause that hearts. did them so much good, Mr. and Mrs. Levy have established their Center, taking the glad tidings to all who are interested.

One feature of this Center is its scientific attitude. The object of the promoters is to show the people that there is science as well as ethics and religion in Spiritualism, thus combining something of psychical research with Spiritualism. In the end this is an inevitable combination. May the good work go on !

PSYCHIC STUDIES.

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CONSOLATION.

BY DOROTHY AGNES.

THE curtains were drawn closely, and a glowing fire lit up the room. We sat silently, waiting for our loved one to come near to us, and the atmosphere was of peaceful calmness. A gentle knock sounded upon the deep stillness, yet it vibrated with an undefined power. We knew the one for whom we were waiting had got through from the higher realms of Summerland.

A misty luminance appeared in a far corner nearest to the curtained window, at first transparent, then becoming more opaque. The ether became a living essence of joy, permeating everywhere. Material things which for ever weigh us down were entirely forgotten, and we were uplifted for a time to a greater realisation of the wonders that exist in our midst.

The misty luminance gradually spread in rays of light towards us, and a form became visible. It was such a vision of loveliness and angelic beauty that our hearts throbbed quickly with inexpressible bliss. A soft scented breeze blew lightly around us, and music sounded faintly as though from a far distance.

Slowly the outlined graceful form faded, and only left a dim halo of light, but we were conscious that a message had been left of love and consolation from this fair angel of happiness which will live in our memories for ever.

ON MEDIUMSH'P.

IT HAS been said that the "Bible is like a sea in v hich a lion may drown, and in which a lamb may swim.'

This quotation is also applicable to the development of mediumship. Once within the sacred walls of Spiri palism, there comes a great love of truth, with its emotional and enthralling sense of contact with the c her side ; t eeling of protection; the knowledge of promptings fr-3pirit helpers; the power it gives to love, t. e thought thers. Having accepted this high ideal, there comes insumctively the desire to help propagate and hand down to posterity a knowledge of the fact of survival, to encourage others; to get into personal touch with loved ones whom, under the influence of orthodoxy, they thought were sleeping until the last trump.

Naturally, one turns to the development of mediumship. Everyone possesses some mediumistic phase to ɛ greater or less degree. Clairvoyance, clairaudience, heal ing, inspiration, trance, and so on.

To develop these gifts it is wise to join a circle, and to sit for the highest and best. If we cultivate patience and perseverance the spirit helpers will never fail us. The process may often be long, but great compensation and joy await in the communionship of spirit friends.

The potentialities of mediumship are incalculable. Let us not get impatient. Let us not despair or think we can be of little use to the movement. Quite suddenly there may be felt the touch of a vanished hand, the whisper of a loved one's voice, the inspiration to speak some sacred truth. Or we may receive psychic impressions, as Mr. Horace Leaf has explained in his book, "The Psychology and Development of Mediumship." Time, effort, and confidence are always valuable qualities, and in most cases lead to success.-MRS. BLACK HILL.

HANDS ACROSS THE SEA ! REV. W. J. ERWOOD'S VISIT TO EUROPE.

By HORACE LEAF, F.R.G.S.



THE Rev. W. J. Erwood's forthcoming visit to Europe has already assumed international importance. The Spiritualists' National Union has undertaken to invite him to labour under its auspices, and special arrangements for this are in progress, while invitations have come in from Denmark and Sweden.

This is a fitting development, in view of the importance of our distinguished co-worker, who is one of the best and most experienced of American Spiritualists. In addition to being a splendid public and private medium, Mr. Erwood has a real message for European Spiritualists, which he is able to deliver with all the conviction and charm of an experienced lecturer and cultured gentleman. He will do much to draw our American cousins towards us and towards our Continental friends.

The Rev. W. J. Erwood is a Union man, with the backing of one of the most powerful Spiritualist organisations in the world behind him, one which is loath to release him for even a few months from the tremendous territory in which he, as "Missionary at Large" for the National Spiritualist Association of the United States of America, works.

The President of the National Spiritualist Association, U.S.A., has kindly forwarded the following communication as a recommendation of his old friend, who has stood side by side with him in a most gallant fight for Spiritualism during the last thirty years.

MY DEAR MR. LEAF.

This letter is written for the purpose of introducing more intimately the Rev. W. J. Erwood, whom you had the pleasure of meeting at the recent mid-Winter Mass Meeting of the State Spiritualist Association of Minnesota.

Rev. Erwood is an ordained minister of the National Spiritualist Association of U.S.A., and for several years has been appointed General Missionary for that organisation. He is well versed in the philosophy and religion of Spiritualism, and is well qualified to teach both of them as accepted by the National Spiritualist Association.

He is a most pleasing speaker, logical and convincing. It is a pleasure to state that his psychic demonstrations are clear, evidential, and convincing, such as will attract the favourable attention of the critical mind.

In addition to the above, Mr. Erwood has received the degree of Doctor of Neuropathy, having held the Chair of Psychology and Mental Therapeutics in the American College of Neuropathy in the City of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. He has also received the title of Doctor of Oratory from Neff College, P. delphia. It is with pleasure that I recommend gentleman, as we are assured that he will do ful tice to our most valued Cause of Spiritualism, re ever called upon to champion it.

Most sincerely and cordially yours,

Jos. P. WHITWEL President, National Spiritualist Association, U.S. This high recommendation is in strict harmony with own opinion, after I had heard the Rev. W. J. Err lecture and demonstrate several times before large audia

As I am acting as Honorary Secretary for Mr. Even the S.N.U. have left all appointments outside of the options of that body to me. I shall, therefore, be please deal with any communications concerning the Rev. wood's visit, which should be addressed to me at 41. We bourne Gardens, Bayswater, London, W.2.

Mr. Erwood is due to arrive in England on Jan 1st, 1931.

"NOT A SPIRITUALIST."

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OUR readers will be familiar with the name of the C. F. Spurr in association with Spiritualism. He is vestigated the subject, and been completely satisfied the conclusions of Spiritualism are correct.

Writing in the May "Harbinger of Light" (Auta the Editor says : "He seldom writes or speaks on the ject without, quite unnecessarily, going out of his we explain—'I AM NOT A SPIRITUALIST.' The remark im that to be a Spiritualist is to be something of which should feel ashamed. And it is because of that implies that we resent it. What, after all, is a Spiritualist? I cisely defined, it means one who believes in the exist of a spiritual world and the possibility, under certain scribed conditions, of communicating with the denizes that world. In a pamphlet entitled 'Spiritualism—S Straight Questions and Some Direct Answers,' Sir Aft Conan Doyle gives the definition :

" Question : What is a Spiritualist?

"Answer: One who believes that death make change in personality, and that communication under per conditions is still possible.

"Why this never-failing disclaimer of Mr. Sput adds the Editor. "Is it not tantamount to saying: believe in the Christ and His miracles, you know am not a Christian."

THE PROSECUTION OF MEDIUMS.

MUCH excitement was created in Chicago when Pr dent C. A. Burgess appeared in the Desplaines Street (of to protest against the arrest of accredited mediums, so the "Progressive Thinker" (America).

President Burgess called attention to the section of Act relating to Fortune-Telling, which reads as follows

"Provided : That the provisions of this Act shall be construed to include, prohibit or interfere with the action of the spiritual functions or offices of any priest, minior accredited representative of any religion ; and provfurther the provisions of this Act shall not be construinclude or refer to the practice of the belief known as Spialism or to any attempted communication with the spiworld by or through so-called mediums."

The result of the strong protest made by Press Burgess was that the hearing of the cases was put of m May 27th, for the purpose of testing the validity of statute.

The contention is that no medium has a right to cha for sittings. This is absurd. Priests who administer and and counsel take money for services as do ministers of religion. All Illinois accredited mediums are sponsored the Chicago Spiritualist League and the Illinois as Spiritualist Association, and the executive boards of will back the mediums to the hilt. Mediums are accreding as associate ministers under the Constitution and Brid of the various State Associations and the N.S.A.

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TIONAL SPIRITUALIST COLLEGE & NATIONAL INTEDUCATION SCHEME-GRADUATE SECTION.

sults of Examinations held in March, 1930, by the S.N.U. Austion Committee (in Alphabetical Order of "Towns").

INTERMEDIATE GRADE.

Candidate	Town	Total	Class
Forge Searle	Clapham	198	First
hn M. Stewart		242	Hons.
enry Barnes		273	Dist.
Storey Paling		293	Dist.
ly May Paling		222	First
Wah Hiscock		226	Hons.
alter Wilkins	Reading	233	Hons.
wim E. Phillips	" The	243	Hons.
brothy M. Howe	Spiritualist	235	Hons.
hius H. Bates	Students'	226	Hons.
, Leslie Mickels	Alliance "	215	First
ictor Orchard	Toronto	235	Hons.
nancis Day	Winnington	246	Hons.
lbert Phillips		236	Hons.
liward Saunders		193	First
TRI			

The above have passed, and are now eligible for the Isidiary Grade.

Entered, 24. Sat, 19. Passed, 15. Failed, 4. SUBSIDIARY GRADE.

and a construction	- CILCULAR AND		
lia M. Shaw	Bradford	219	First
whd. Reynolds	Gateshead	247	Hons.
rdney E. Allen	Hucknall	237	Hons.
argaret M. Barber	Little Ilford	204	First
aleigh W. Marks	Newton Hth	233	Hons.
award Nellist	Middlesbro'	262	Hons.
illiam E. Webb	Plaistow	218	First
dwin J. Raven	Plaistow	186	First
enry C. Guy	Southampton	248	Hons.
The above have passed,	and are now e	ligibl	e for the
mal Granda		-	

Entered, 10. Sat, 10. Passed, 9. Failed, 1.

FINAL GRADE.

garet E. Lawton Barrow	271	Dist.
abeth F. Lawton Barrow	271	Dist.
ay unifiths Barrow	189	First
uel Uriffiths Barrow	185	First
Tancaster	235	Hons.
Mall G. Giles Plaistow	207	First
Botherham	272	Dist.
Yaun Partington Stretford	184	First
The above have passed and all who o	gained	Honours
Distinction are eligible to apply for	the	Graduate

S.C.) Degree of the College.

Entered, 8. Sat, 8. Passed, 8. Failed, 0.

ELEANOR PALING, S.N.U. Education Sec.

All enquiries concerning the S.N.U. Education Scheme dist Examinations to be sent to the Secretary, Mrs. E. ding, "Lucknow," Muriel Road, Beeston, Notts. Please ad a stamped addressed envelope (large enough to hold that you ask for) for reply.

All enquiries concerning the National Spiritualist Colto be sent to the College Secretary, Mr. A. T. Connor, Claremont Road, Forest Gate, London, E.7.

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A New CHURCH.—The "Herne Bay Press" devotes siderable publicity to the recent opening of a local situalist church which is situated in Beltinge Road. Miss a Clark was the speaker on the occasion, and the crowded all lowed her with deep interest. Her subsequent clairtance is very sympathetically described, and although a of those who attended the meeting knew nothing aver of Spiritualism, the reporter gives the impression at the new society is already assured of success, and will betate long firmly established in the district.

"BEYOND PHYSICS."*

SIR OLIVER LODGE'S NEW BOOK.

This is a work that takes quite a new stand relative to the nature of life and mind, and the great problem of their survival beyond the dissolution of the material body. It is a little volume packed with weighty considerations both as to the constitution of the material universe itself and as to the immanent higher states of being which control and yet extend beyond what physicists generally regard as Nature.

It is well known how thoroughly Sir Oliver has investigated psychical phenomena and that with the consequence of satisfying himself both as to the reality of the phenomena and also as to the validity of the evidence which they present on the great question of survival.

In this work he ventures into the sacred realm of the physicists themselves, and engages to discover in the mathematics of Relativity itself a basis on which to rest inferences of high importance where he endeavours to prove that life and mind are not dependent for existence on material organisms, but only for their manifestation in space and time, especially in space.

Physicists themselves have revolutionised our ideas as to the nature of space. Space is not a void or mere emptiness, but is replete as the storehouse of energy; and matter is revealed by common consent to be nothing more than one of the many forms of energy, and these in all their aspects are but modes of positive and negative electricity. Sir Oliver, with masterly simplicity, displays for the ordinary reader the latest achievements of mathematical or metrical researchers of the world. Leaving on one side biological researches for the time being, as well as philosophical and theological considerations, but considering only the mathematical, he finds a new basis for life and mind as essentials independent of their vehicles in organised matter.

He confines the word MATTER not merely to something of which we are aware by virtue of the organs of the body, but always as the product of protons and electrons constituting atoms; whilst the electrons and the protons themselves and all other energies found independently in space he calls "physical." He thus agrees with pretty well all physicists in regarding space as the "storehouse" of energy. The living body itself really is something more physical than material.

It is instructive to note the different stand he takes as compared with Eddington. Eddington admits that the discovery of the quantum has upset the old materialistic idea of strict causality of the older school of physicists. There is something like "mind stuff" in the composition of the atom; and he makes a handsome present of this to the theologians and the free willists. Eddington also goes so far as to credit the human consciousness as possessing other departments than those subject to mere mathematical examination, and that these su generis are things on which philosophy, and even theology, can be erected. But he strenuously demurs from taking these into account from · the point of view of strict science. In fact, he warns philosophers and theologians from taking into account the metrical investigations of himself and others, and that if they do they do so, at their own risk.

The reader should take notice of Sir Oliver's quotations from Eddington, and also those from Whitehead, C. S. Myers, Waterson, and others, where he finds ground for differing from Eddington's position.

Moreover, he shows how Eddington seems to cherish dislike to psychical research and supernormal phenomena generally.

On the strength of these phenomena Sir Oliver deliberately takes the risk, and, in fact, the whole of this wonderful little volume consists in taking that risk.

Now my difficulty as a reviewer begins, and that is to state in a few words the wonderful position that this

*" Beyond Physics, or the Idealisation of Physics." By Sir Oliver Lodge. Geo. Allen & Unwin. 5/-. ION. PRINCE LONDON, S.W.7 M.

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brave iv tigator tar s. He endeavours to prove on the very j d of the rathematical deductions of men like Bohr, i' rodinger, L Broglie, G. P. Thomson, and his father, 7. J. Thomson, and others have discovered, namely, that there is in the ether or space (call it what you will), not merely the velocity of light, called "c," and the "u" velocity, or the speed of group waves producing energy slower than light (shown at various rates from 0 towards 90 d ees in his illuminating diagram on page 142), which const ite and form matter; but there are also "form waves" symbolised y "v," which are the inherent elements of motion in the ether.

These "v" waves are the velocity "quicker than light" discoverable in an electric field. These he calls "form waves," and they emit no energy, but they control; yet they form the "group waves" which constitute the electron. In themselves as essential whirligigs in the ether, although they possess inconceivable energy, yet they emit no energy until they group into an electron, and as such they are the cause of all the energies of the physical universe.

Now, these "form waves" control the "group waves" of the electron, and possess an internal energy which may be considered the essence of space or ether, and possess a speed in themselves comparable to thought or mind activity. We know nothing of them through the senses, or what might be termed matter; but inwardly in our own deeps we are aware of them as mind, or thought activity.

On p. 103 Sir Oliver mentions Eddington on what is called "entropy," what might be called dissipation of heat form of energy which has relation to time. When heat passes from one body to another there is an irrecoverable loss unless intelligence or mind steps in and saves some of it in time. "By suitable devices entropy can be kept constant, and in that case the operation is reversible." Mind is the only power that makes these "suitable devices." In the face of entropy, mind is the only builder, but a perverted mind destroys. Here we have the element of control commg in, and the function of mind in the universe is to build or destroy, or to allow entropy to do its work of oozing into unavailable forms of energy. I am sorry I cannot enlarge on this, as it seems to sum up the real function of mind that creates a cosmos out of chaos wherein we find the significance of effort and of real moral values.-REV. GEORGE COLE, D.N.U.

"THE DRAMA OF EUROPE."*

REVIEWED BY SIR ARTHUR CONAN DOYLE.

I CAN remember in the days of my youth being deeply affect. d by a book, " The Martydom of Man," by Winwood Reade. In this volume the author takes a broad birdseye view of human history, and then focusses it all upon some articular point which he desires to illustrate. The effect Ps very great, and something of the same effect is produced iby Stanley De Brath's "Drama of Europe." The author is clearly a man of wide knowledge, as conversant with modern science as with ancient history, and his sweeping glance takes in the whole range of human activities, concentrating the lesson to be drawn from them upon the one all-important question as to what our destiny upon this planet may be. He traces the rise and fall of great empires, showing how, in every case, moral causes were at the root of the disaster, and he then applies the whole accumulated force of his statement to the contemplation of the state of Europe day. It is a tremendous argument with a vital conclusion, and no book of our time is more deserving of consideration. The command of detail which the author possesses, and with which he adorns and illustrates his broader conclusions is very remarkable.

The general thesis emerges that man's intellectual and inventive powers have far outgrown his moral sense and that some entirely new religious impulse is needed in order redress the balance. So long as the human mind is deenough to invent lethal contrivances, including the madeadly poisons, and so long as human morality is a sufficiently strong to restrain the use of such contrivanthen just so long Europe, and the world generally, is deadly danger. The unbalanced ingenuity of man will to the utter destruction of civilis tion, which has alway been badly shaken by the last outburst of unrestrain destructive invention. The precipice gapes in front mankind. A few more steps and he is lost.

Mr. De Brath shows that the spirit which gives a to the world uses an invariable law to weed out those an munities which place themselves in opposition to his metia. If man would see that every act in the European dramathe inevitable consequence of the preceding moral situation we might hope for a new outlook directing us upon ske paths. No book of recent years has borne a more cose message.

State.

NEWSY NOTES.

" MARGERY "IN LONDON.

Readers will remember the remarkable interest arous in December last when "Margery," the famous physic medium, visited England for a brief sojourn. Her anim following closely upon that of Rudi Schneider, caused se sensation in the press, and various offers were made "Margery" to conduct newspaper seances. She was wisely refused. In the June "Psychic Research," p lished by the American S.P.R., details are, however, ! corded by Dr. L. R. G. Crandon of the phenomena while occurred at several private test seances which " Marger held when in London. Many noted investigators w present, and some startling phenomena occurred. I Crandon refers to the seances as "elementary," although he adds "The London experiments were satisfactory the 'Margery' Group. They were carried out been strangers in a strange country. Neither these condition nor the alleged austerity of the S.P.R. Laboratory seems to suppress the phenomena or the elf-like and sometime rough humour of the Canadian, 'Walter.'" "Walte is "Margery's " guide, whilst the seances were held at the S.P.R. headquarters.

COGNITIONS AND LEVITATIONS.

The first sitting evidenced plenty of "Walter's lively and pointed humour. "Margery" quickly wa under control, and after "Walter" had originated a lime ick concerning Lord Charles Hope, one of the sitters, a has ket was passed round in the dark, in which personal object were placed. When it was put on the table "Walte correctly described the different contents. All of the present agreed that no one could have recognised the jects in the basket by the only illumination-a faint relight on the stenographer's table. Levitation was also evidence, a luminous doughnut which had been placed the table, being brought down to the floor and up to is level of the table again. This was repeated several im-Dr. Crandon describing its movements as similar to the " Margery " was thoroughly searche of " a crazy firefly." before the seance, and whilst the circle was in progress securely bound, whilst Dr. Crandon was also kept mak close observation.

THUMB PRINTS.

A second sitting was held on the following day, when "Walter" suggested that they should try to obtain som finger prints. According to the report of this seare "Walter" worked strenuously throughout, and ender voured, in addition to presenting two of his own them prints, to produce one of a lady who had recently pase over. "There will be found," he said, " a print which is been taken before the death of this lady, to compare and the print which I promise to provide, and the knowledge this will come through a subjective medium." A part

^{* &}quot;The Drama of Europe." By S. De Brath, M.Inst.C.E. Stockwell (London). 7/6.

inal attempt to secure this thumb print was subseently made, without success. At the next sitting, howre, the experiment, under strict test conditions, was ried out with great success, an entirely new print being Mained. Up to date "Margery" has obtained 124 imesions of the same identical thumb, in addition to 17 ther "strange" prints. Reviewing the experiments, Dr. andon says, "The occurrence and supernormal quality the physical phenomena are established. No other since with so many data has ever waited so long without nattempt at evaluation. Seven years in the "Margery " rcle, with its constant progress, makes further repetition felementary experiments, such as those at the S.P.R., re reported, unnecessary." The sittings may, however, regarded as having been, under the circumstances, minently successful, and must have surprised several of hose who took part.

MORE PYHSICAL PHENOMENA.

Some moths ago I described the phenomena reported be taking place through the instrumentality of Nino ecoraro, an Italian medium. "The Psychic World" Philadelphia) to hand states that more progress has been rade, and reviews a remarkable seance which was held with e medium in Philadelphia in May. After having been earched, and adorned in clothes furnished by a committee sected from those present, Pecoraro's hands were secured asthick pair of fingerless gloves, which were pinned to the eves of his shirt. His ankles, wrists, and body were tied ba chair, the cords being secured by surgical tape, and saled. Pecoraro was then placed in a wire mesh cage, thich completely covered him, and all of those who were meent at this particular sitting agreed that it was phyally impossible for the medium to effect his own release. whilst the cage ruled out the possibility of any coperation with a confederate. Finally, a black curtain was spread over the cage, covering it in its entirety.

POWERFUL MANIFESTATIONS.

About a foot away from the cage a piano stool, weighgabout seven pounds, was placed by the sitters. On this ere placed various objects for possible manipulation. The trumpet was knocked from the stool three or four times, and the stool was itself twice violently upset. A toy bugle ad bell were brought inside the cage, and later accompanied the music. One of the sitters requested the controlling entity to shake hands with him, and after some singing he adaimed, "I feel a distinct solid pressure upon my hand." Other sitters also shook hands with the spirit, and all aimed to have observed the materialisation, some seeing is far as the wrist, and a few stating that they have even en the elbow. One sitter said, " The hand was much bigger an Pecoraro's, and was bloodlessly white." Two pieces blank paper had been placed upon the stool prior to the mmencement of the circle, and these in turn left their aces and crept up the curtain in front of the cage, and, aring reached the top, fell again to the floor. The toy , which had found its way into the cage, later came atting out again, despite the fact that the opening in the shes of the cage was one inch in diameter, whilst the toy asured three. It is interesting to note that the control Pecoraro purports to be Eusapia Palladino, also an alian, who whilst on earth was a much-discussed phycal medium.

MGLAND IS FORTUNATE!

It is not generally known that physical phenomena, imparing favourably with those described above, are at the sament being obtained by a London medium, one of whose saces was recently reported in this paper. At this circle between than eight spirits manifested, three of whom were ally materialised. Two illuminated trumpets were at one beind in the air together, different spirits using them and beaking to the sitters. I think that before long we shall ave a return to the physical phenomena obtained in the didays, as even now it appears to be again on the increase. Their importance never seems to be adequately realised by the average Spiritualist, though they constitute the greatest scientific discoveries within recent years. It is phenomena of this type which leave doubt about the reality of survival entirely out of the question. They have done more than anything else in bringing scientific minds to our side.

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"AN UNPALATABLE FACT."

I see that Mr. John Monger, in our last issue, took me to task on a paragraph which appeared in a former number and which was headed " An Unpalatable Fact." Mr. Monger says : "' Observer' tells us in your issue of May 23rd that "Wholesale propaganda has brought thousands into Spiritualism, but many have tasted all its fruits freely, only to pass back through its portals and carry the new truths home to revive their dying creeds.' This, by some mental astigmatism, appears to him as 'an unpalatable fact.' If true, I should speak of it as glorious. . . ' Mr. Monger appears to have misunderstood the sequence of the paragraph, for I quite agree that one of Spiritualism's greatest works has been its vital contribution to other religious systems. What I did refer to as "unpalatable" was the fact that "There are more Spiritualists to-day than ever there were before in history, but many of them do not know of the existence of a national organisation, and therefore do nothing to support it." This is not only "unpalatable," but, as one opposing reader has gone out of his way to cynically suggest, is "very difficult to swallow." It speaks of great weakness somewhere, which, in the interests of the Spiritualist movement, constitutes the purest channel for spirit communication, and therefore in the interests of the other side itself, should be immediately remedied. Consolidation makes for progress, but isolation can only spell decay. OBSERVER.

YORKSHIRE DISTRICT COUNCIL.

THE quarterly conference was held on Saturday, June 14th, at the N. S. Church, Highfield Road, Idle, Bradford. Mr. Wilson took the chair at 3-30 prompt, and there were present 4 officers, 4 E.C., 22 delegates, and 6 associates, making a total of 36. The proceedings opened with invocation by Mr. Gush, followed by ten minutes' spirit communion, during which several recognised descriptions of spirit friends were given. Mrs. Marshall, of the Idle Church, and Mr. Williamson, on behalf of Bradford district, gave the Council a cordial welcome, and Mr. Wilson suitably replied. Silent tribute was paid to the following arisen friends : Mr. Mitchell (Parkgate), Mrs. Copley (Sowerby Bridge), and Mrs. Baker (Idle). The minutes of the last meeting having been accepted as a true record, we proceeded to deal with correspondence, and arising out of this there was discussed the Bradford district objection to the removal of S.N.U. officers to London, law governing whist drives in churches, S.N.U. Diaries, that the D.C.'s send their orders for same through the Y.D.C. secretary. In the report stage there was the S.D.C. rally, E.C. recommendations, and S.N.U. E.C. report given by Mr. Williamson. In open business the S.N.U. notices of motion, etc., for forthcoming annual conference were discussed and decided upon. About 40 partook of tea, and at the close of the conference at 8-30 the President thanked the friends of the Idle Church for their kindness.

AN INTERESTING BOOK.—Messrs. Ernest Benn Ltd. announce the publication at an early date of "My Memoirs," by Sir Frank Benson, which will be looked forward to with eagerness by the many admirers of the great Shakespearian actor. Sir Frank has made Shakespeares dramas familiar to thousands of playgoers, and has trained many of our leading actors and actresses. He is an engaging writer, and a thorough Spiritualist, and we shall look forward to his volume of memoirs, for they are sure to be found highly interesting.

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FOUNDED NOVEMBER 18th, 1887.



The Editor will not undertake to be responsible for any rejected MS., nor to return any contribution unaccompanied by a stamped and directed envelope.

FRIDAY, JUNE 27, 1930.

THAT QUESTION OF PERSONALITY !

A GREAT DEAL of obfuscation still clusters round the idea of God, and our correspondence bag shows that a recent article by Mr. W. H. Evans appears to have merely added to the confusion. Careful reading of such a work as Grant Allen's "Evolution of the Idea of God " could clear much of the ground, for it must not be forgotten that we are the inheritors of the ideas of the ages; and because man has had many conceptions (sometimes apparently contradictory) there is a tendency to mix these conceptions, and take no note of the racial experience upon which they have been founded. Mr. Evans suggests, for instance, that in accepting the principle of the Fatherhood of God men declare their acceptance of anthropomorphism. We think the statement quite untrue. The acceptance of such a principle does not NECESSARLY imply a conception of an anthropomorphic God at all, though it MAY do in the case of people with limited vision. In order to gain some understanding of the universe, and our relation to it, it becomes essential to postulate an Ultimate or an Absolute, but to make such a postulate does not imply that we know anything about it. For instance, it is generally accepted to-day that there is such a thing as progressive development. If there is progress there must be progress towards something and away from something, and if man has no idea as to the ultimate destination of the individual who is progressing, then in order to define progress at all it becomes necessary to compute a goal from the direction of the progress. This does not at all imply that we know anything about such destination. The theory of evolution is generally accepted by all thinking men to-day. We have evolved from something. No one knows what. We are evolving to some-thing. No one knows what, but in order to express evolution in terms at all it is necessary to create hypothesis concerning the backward and forward aspects of evolution.

The difficulty and the danger with systems of religion in the past is that it has presumed that it knows something of God. In other words, it has made God in its own image. To put it in other terms, it has made its postulate of what God may be into a concrete reality. Now, if Deity is absolute and infinite as a postulate, then it is perfectly clear that man who endeavours to understand him is neither infinite nor absolute, and we are face to face with the age-old problem that conceptions of infinitude cannot be fitted into the compass of the finite mind. Thus, on the face of it, philosophy shows that God in any full, complete, or absolute state cannot be understood, and it is even doubtful as to how far the presence of Deity can be cognised at all. Modern investigation (and particularly psychic investigation) is throwing more light on the problem than has ever previously been thrown. Let us consider man, with whom we CAN be brought into contact, and whom we may presumably hope to understand. The personality and conscious-

ness of man is that part of a potential whole or unity whi has emerged and come into manifestation. A. J. Dat wisely, and we think truly, says: "The child is the repertory of infinite possibilities." We know that part of child which has manifested, but we know nothing of f infinitude of the possibilities which have not yet manif ted. We know, for instance, that the child may present manifest as a father, but that is not the only potential of the child. Neither is it the final manifestation of the child. Every man has a variety of aspects. If I meet M Jones in business, I know him as a business man, and allude to him as Mr. Jones, the business man. His chi dren allude to him as father : their special aspect is the fatherhood of Mr. Jones, but he does not cease to become business man because someone sees him in the aspect of a father. Someone else meets him on the cricket field or the football field, and knows him as Mr. Jones, the athlete, but that does not prevent others from knowing him as a busines man or as a father, and so one may argue ad infinitum.

The difficulty which Mr. Evans is dealing with is that he talks about the Fatherhood of God as though it was definition of God, when really it is intended to be nothing more than a term of the relationship which exists between God and us (as the creatures of His Providence). The infinite must be infinite in an infinite number of ways. W might say that no one knows the possibilities or potential ties of a single individual we meet on this earth. Partd us manifests as personality, but because we know mens persons that is no reason why they are not something mot than persons, or even something other than persons. Speak ing personally, we believe that the present stage of human personality is but a temporary phase of man's development and by no means a stabilised and final attainment of man F. W. H. Myers, Sir Oliver Lodge, and others have put for ward the idea that the whole of the consciousness which is manifesting as "me" is but a FRAGMENT of my real self. That fragment might manifest as a father, as a business man, as an athlete, as a statesman, or in a thousand different forms, but to concentrate upon any one of these forms does not cancel out the remainder. Therefore, if an individual speaks of "the Fatherhood of God " he surely does not intend to imply that the only manifestation of Deity is Fatherhood. He really means that it is that fragmentary partial, and almost infinitesimal manifestation of God which most appeals to him. One might even divide personality into passions and attributes, as primitive man continuously did. He saw God, not as a loving father, but as a vengeful tyrant who visited "the sins of the parents upon the children "-a phase of His manifestation which still continues despite the idea held by some people that it is unjust Hence, the primitive man had an idea of a vengeful God Pastoral and agricultural nations conceived God as the God of crops and herds (the God of Cain and Abel, for instance) while others might conceive him in the terms of Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob, as the God who favoured a certain race But surely God is all these things, if one may judge by the manifestation of phenomena which we see operating through all life.

If Deity is absolute and fills the whole universe, then everything which is in the universe is a manifestion of Him and since as the result of the operation of law, personality has come into being, it must be true that God is personality, or, to put it more correctly, personality is contained within God. We cannot see any difficulty in the matter at all If Deity is infinite, Deity contains all things, and may make Himself manifest in any particular phase of his content. it be admitted that the infinite cannot be understood by the finite, then the position is that it may be possible to APPREHEND the existence of God, even while we do not COMPREHEND the fullness of God. Just as a man maj apprehend that a motor car is approaching, while not have ing the slightest idea of its mechanism or the mechanic involved. As soon, however, as we remember that all thing are included in the infinite, and that the infinite may be apprehended in part, then we are led to the conclusion that the individual man apprehends only that part of the infinite to which he is adjusted to respond. In a word, we only see that which we are fitted to see, and the fullness of

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the infinite may be increasingly appreciated in proportior as we expand our own consciousness and ability to respond to its existence. Light does not exist to a blind man. The rery air we breathe is emptiness to our ordinary vision. It isonly when the chemist gets to work that we find that every square inch of what we call air is substantial and real, and is filled with life, but the primitive savage had no idea of any such thing. Invisible gases may steal away man's senses. Gases which can neither be heard nor felt, nor seen, nor smelt: but the chemist reveals their existence, while to the ordinary man they are not apprehended.

So we think it must be with Deity. There are certain phases of Deity which are within the compass of our apprehension, but there must be greater phases of Deity which we know nothing of. We should, however, be quite unwise if we dethroned the idea we CAN conceive because of our inability to conceive the whole.

Speaking again personally, we are quite prepared to accept the personality of God. We are quite prepared to exercise our power of appeal to that God, and our course of action is justified by the fact that we do get a response. Hence, it can be said of the idea of the Fatherhood of God "that it works." That is all that is necessary as verification, but we also conceive with equal clarity and equal tenacity that God is greater than fatherhood, and greater than personality, and our acceptance of the greater idea does not at all nullify our belief in the lesser aspect. Personality at most is really a mask which exhibits an outer manifestation, whilst hiding the internal reality. If there are men. and we agree there are, who are incapable of seeing behind the mask of personality, to the greater cosmic power hidden therein, then who are we to grumble at their aceptance of That they can see, and feel, and respond to. Our only complaint is when they strive to make their limitations absoute, and thereby fetter the freedom of those with larger vision than themselves. It is always true that every man is onscious of only that which his mind can receive, and that which his mind cannot receive is infinitely greater than that which is received. We are simply the victims of the ancient radition that man can know what God is. Philosophically it is true that man can apprehend the phases of manifestaion of the infinite, but of the infinite as a whole he can have to conception. It is just the struggle between absolutism and relativism, both of which are eternally true, and will main eternally true, despite apparent contradictions. let it not be forgotten that he who is the greatest ideal of Western nations was not only able to say, "I and my ather are one," but was also able to say, " My father is stater than I." Both statements are eternally true, and to not involve any contradiction.

CURRENT TOPICS.

WAFFER ON JENACY. Mr. Hannen Swaffer continues his series of interesting articles in "Everybody's Weekly." We are pleased to see that he

takes up the defence of Spiritualists ag the familiar lines of attack. Mr. Swaffer says : "Spiritis causes lunacy, clergymen and doctors sometimes mare. They make that statement now they can no deny the phenomena. The real answer to that is t of all professions, clergymen contribute a larger protion of lunatics than any other calling, while doctors the second on the list. Cases of lunacy caused by Spirit-Isn are almost unknown, as far as the official figures are reemed. Yet religious mania caused by over-zealousness athe part of orthodox Christians, is common. Spiritual-"is an antidote to that." Mr. Swaffer's points have been the many times, but they cannot be too often reiterated. Northinately, people get hold of mis-statements, and, The to see the contradiction offered, keep ignorantly sting them.

ET FEAR

Mr. Swaffer says: "Thousands of clergymen all over England know that Spiritualism is true. Many are afraid of coming out in the open about it. They go to seances surreptitiously. They do not understand that churches would receive a great and new inspiration if each of them had attached to its staff what the early Christian churches all had-psychic healers, trance speakers, clair-voyants, mediums of every kind." "There are between five hundred and six hundred Spiritualist churches in England," says Mr. Swaffer. "Their membership is not increasing. Spiritualism is a clearing-house for new thought. People come to it, get their evidence, go back to their churches with the news, not being satisfied with what they consider the crudeness of Spiritualist services. So where Spiritualism should be a benefactor, it is often merely a disturber." That is very largely true. It was true in the time of Jesus of Nazareth. People came and heard the Gospel, but it was not sufficiently respectable for them to cast in their lot with the crude Apostles, and the even cruder Disciples. That they " should give up all and follow Me " was not a palatable teaching, and it was only the more fearless amongst them who did so. They largely went back to their churches in those days. They are doing the same to-day. But it was the new wine that moved the worldnot the old bottles.

THE CHOSEN

That is an interesting point of Mr. Swaffer's that the churches should have attached to them healers, clairvoyants, trance speakers, and mediums of every

kind, but the great difficulty which the church has to fight against, and which the clergyman is not slow to see, is that if there are such attachments, the mediums would become the mouthpiece of a higher life. In a word, they would be the channels of revelation, and therefore in a sense the "God-chosen" priesthood, as against the "man-selected" priesthood which we have to-day. It has always been true throughout history that the chosen of God are not the chosen of men, but the great teachers and leaders of the world have not often been the college-trained professors. While training is essential for the natural prophet, all the training in the world will never make a prophet. If the mediums attached to the churches became the instruments of the revelation from on high, the clergyman would have to take second place. This fight between two factions fills the Old Testament. The clergy recognise it as clearly as anyone else. The same is true in the medical profession. There are certain individuals who are naturally endowed with healing powers, with the healing gift, and with the intuitional ability to diagnose complex causes of disease. They are few, but where they have, in addition to their natural ability, a medical training, they become the eminent physicians of the race. The difficulty appears to arise from the fact that men are generally chosen for professions because their parents are able to educate them for such professions; because there is a tradition in the family; or because such professions offer a fair opportunity of livelihood or promotion. Far too little attention is devoted to the question of whether the individual possesses a natural aptitude for the trade or profession which is chosen for him. The eminent men in nearly every department of life are the men who have stepped out of the ranks because of a natural aptitude which they possessed. Some time humanity will be wise enough to try and discover that natural aptitude in the child, and the period of approaching adolescence or early adolescence will then be used in order to fit and train him for the trade or profession for which he is naturally fitted. When that period arrives we shall hear less of the question of the unemployed, and less of men being failures at the particular business to which they have put their hands. Instead of asking the nation to sort them out, they will sort themselves out. There will be fewer square pegs in round holes, and consequently less leakgae.

WE MUST GIVE SPECIAL TRAINING TO NATURAL APTITUDE. The question is an economic one as well as a spiritual one. How can we discover the natural aptitudes of the child and give them opportunity to unfold in natural, progressive, and pleasing form? The answer to this question, too, lies in the realm of psychic investigation.

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It is not difficult to show that the trained psychic can sense the potentialities of the child in much the same way as the dowser can sense or detect the existence of a stream hidden many feet below the surface of the soil. There are natural streams of ability within every person. How can they be located ? How can they be tapped ? Quite apart from the value of psychic faculty in relating us to a spiritual world, it has a tremendous field of usefulness in this physical world, and its recognition as a means to the improvement of the race, and the fitting of each individual to the task for which he is naturally fitted would overcome many of the difficulties which disturb the body politic ; for, of course, it is true that Spiritualism is a practical and essential thing for the guidance of human life on this earth as in any other.

OUR READERS' DIFFICULTIES.

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CONDUCTED BY THE EDITOR.

NOTE.—The Editor is prepared to reply briefly to questions which present difficulties to his readers. Questions should be briefly and clearly stated. Expressions of opinion will not be considered questions.

MR. J. H. JONES: "Assuming that a person possesses psychic suceptibility, can you suggest any outline or book for development without sitting in circles?"

ANSWER : The most useful book upon the subject is " A Guide to Mediumship," by E. W. and M. H. Wallis (6/6). Its value consists in the fact that it pays attention to the difficulties and dangers as well as to the advantages of psychic development. Such development is generally slow when conducted alone, but, given time and patience, it may attain just as high a standard as development in circles. In fact, in our experience we have found that those who are developing mediumship in the circle will strengthen and improve their mediumship considerably if, in addition to attending their circle, they sit alone in their own homes. The advantage of a circle is that one has a pool of psychic power to draw upon, which gives strength, while the advantage of sitting alone is that it gives self-control and the power of guidance over one's gifts. It further assists an individual to discriminate between the psychic conditions of other sitters and his own power when isolated. When sitting alone, however, entrancement should be avoided, though it is our belief that the best type of development and the most educational value of mediumship can be obtained through a foundation of entrancement. Another useful book on the subject is Mr. Horace Leaf's "Psychology and Development of Mediumship."

MR. N. K. WOOD: "I understand that human bodies can be levitated. Does this take place at a seance, or may it happen at home when one is by onesself?"

ANSWER: Psychic phenomena usually happen in the seance room, but we think we should be right in saying that there are no phenomena which have happened in the seance room that are not recorded as having also occurred spontaneously under general conditions. One recalls the case of Philip, who, it is asserted, was carried from Gaza to Azotus. Similar cases are recorded of St. Francis of Assissi and other medieval saints. The value of such phenomena in the seance room, however, is that it is expected, and can be critically observed and examined by a number of witnesses, and therefore does not depend upon delusion or hallucintion or individual testimony.

QUESTION : "Why does the Church persist in saying that no matter how bad a life one has lived, he has only to repent at the last moment, and all will be well?"

ANSWER: The best answer to the question is that there are very few men in the Church to-day who ever make such statements. The old theological conception that repentance ensures immediate entrance to spiritual life is not made by the intelligent clergy of to-day. It is none the less true that if an individual has been walking the wrong path, there is a psychological importance attached to the moment when he turns round ("Metanoya," which is the meaning of the word repentance), and begins to walk in the opposite direction. We believe it true that every step of his downward path must be retraced, and the period of retracement is often as long as the period of his downward tendency. The old conception that one had but to confess to gain forgiveness and complete absolution is not held by intelligent mento-day, except; perhaps, in the Roman Church.

QUESTION: "Have you had any communication from the spirit world describing the actual sensations of passing from the body at the moment of death? If so, perhaps, you can tell us something of the conditions of passing over?"

ANSWER: There have been hundreds of such communications, which lead to the conclusion that the sense tions vary with the individual. In the vast majority of cases, however, it is true that people are unconscious during the process. At the end of a serious illness the senses be come too numb to record pain, and painful deaths are comparatively few. This numbress is generally continued into spirit life. Where death succeeds a long illness, and the individual becomes weak, the unconscious sleep may be continued for a very lengthy period. The persons who thus pass away are generally met and cared for by someone who loves them, often by someone who has had a direct interest in them. When they presently awake from sleep they are seldom conscious of death at all. It is only when they find themselves surrounded with the forms of those who had gone before them that they begin to realise what has hap pened, and it is sometimes necessary to use a great deald tact in informing them of the change. In the case of an individual who meets with an accident in the street, and who is killed instantly, all he does is to get up and continue on his way. He does not even know that he has left his body behind. Again, it is only when he begins to find that his usual physical surroundings are growing somewhat misty, and realises that the friends amongst whom he moves do not respond to his voice or touch, that he begins to understand that a change has taken place. In the moment of his bewilderment he is approached by someone on the other side of life who is interested in him, and heis generally taken away for rest and recuperation. The suddenness of the change is often a great shock to the spirit body, but this only comes with realization. In the case of a Spiritualist who knows something of psychic conditions, and who realises beforehand that death is approaching, it is sometimes possible to preserve consciousness throughout the whole process, and to watch the spirit body disentangling itself from the physical one. Several friends have des cribed to us the sense of beauty and exaltation which accom panies this process, which, tar from being painful, may be one of the most delightful sensations of one's life. There have been many books or spirit communication which have alluded to the phenomena of death.

BRADFORD DISTRICT COMMITTEE.

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A SMALL NUMBER of the members and committee travelled to Skipton for the conference, and were ampli repaid for their visit. Business commenced at 1-30 pm Mr. R. England (the President) being in the chair. usual opening exercises preceded the business. Mrs Summersgill, of Skipton, gave an earnest welcome in a fer words. Roll call was responded to by Bankfoot, Otler Road, Ossett and Horbury, Saltaire, Skipton, and Britter Church, Bradford, making a total of six churches, with seven delegates, two associates, and three officers. The resignation of Mr. Clarke owing to ill-helath was accepted with regret. Mr. Mayes, of Saltaire, was elected to fill the office. Report of visit to Batley Church was given and favourably received. The financial statement was accepted ted. A propaganda meeting was held in the evening, R. England occupying the chair. Mrs. Whitley, The Hodgson, Mr. Williamson, and Mr. Leng supported. usual vote of thanks to the local friends brought the day activities to a close .- F. LENG.

CORRESPONDENCE.

THE DARLINGTON CONTROVERSY.

SIR,—The correspondence in the "Northern Echo" certainly was amusing, exhibiting as it did the profound ignorance of the opponents of modern psychic facts. I think I effectively disposed of the ridiculous statement made by one of the principals to the effect that "the only genuine Spiritualism was that shown when a medium was entranced by a living spirit from hell," by pointing out that Jesus entranced Paul in the Temple (Acts xxiii. 17,18), and that the great prophet Ezekiel was controlled and "entered into" by a spirit (Ezekiel iii. 24), and asking whether these spirits were "lying spirits from hell."

I don't know about the tests used by others, but these certainly turned the tables on the opposition, and were manswerable.

One good result was the application to me for nearly 100 copies of my pamphlet, "Present-Day Spirit Phenomena and the Churches," the best fighting and propaganda pamphlet obtainable, and which I will send to anyone on receipt of two stamps. These will certainly leave their mark whereever read, and I know have done so already in the district mentioned. CHARLES L. TWEEDALE.

WHY THIS DISGUISE ?

SR,—It would appear that Spiritualism is somewhat defective in its teaching, or, at all events, that something must be wrong with it. I always understood that it stood for "truth," and because of its truth, "freedom." If, then, we are likely to be made free because we have the truth, should we not stand boldly in proclaiming it, and meither be ashamed nor afraid ?

For some time past, and again quite recently, I have read of speakers on Spiritualist platforms who speak under a "nom de guerre," and that not once, but many times. Perhaps one is permitted to ask why this is so! If we are ashamed of our beliefs, then we become static. Is this the reason for anonymity? F. J. VERNON.

HEAVENLY BLISS.

SIR,—The glad tidings that a knowledge of Spirit alism has brought to me has led me into such amazing happiness that I feel as if I should be betraying my friends "over there" if I did not impart some of it to others, notwithstanding that it is somewhat personal and private.

I find that intimate communion with my affinities in the spirit world, especially with one who is my counterpart, and whom I knew a little as a young girl some sixty years ago, fills me with a joy and happiness I would not have thought possible before experiencing it. But as already hinted, it is too private to be much enlarged upon. It is almost unbelievable ! I wonder if others have had

^a similar experience. Just after writing the foregoing I ame across the following passage in a paper I was reading :

"The proof of real love is very important for the world," as many people do not believe there is such a thing. What the inture holds for man is certainly unimaginably grand ad brilliant, far beyond our comprehension, especially for the good and spiritually developed ones; and for the sapid, selfish evil-doers, perhaps correspondingly disarceable and bitter and painful mentally. There is no physical pain there ! A. K. VENNING.

THE PENNY BIRTHDAY FUND.

Sn,—As previously mentioned ,this was not my suggesten, but I was requested to write to The Two Worklos randing it. Since it is an obvious fact that everyone who as been privileged to receive the message of Spiritualism is addited to those who, at the cost of much self-sacrifice and stalittle misunderstanding and opposition, bravely carried in message, and chough many of those old pioneers have allered the larger life, a number still remain, and they should be fared for in their need. Therefore, the one who made is suggestion of a Penny Birthday Fund felt that here was a means by which everyone could take a part in subscribing to the F.O.B., and the pennies of the many would be welcomed as testifying to their willingness to take their part. Also, since it is reported that a large number of our societies do not contribute to the Fund of Benevolence, this method of contribution should assist them to fall into line. I do not know the name of the writer of the following lines, but the sentiment expressed should be taken to heart by all of us when faced with doubt and difficulty :—

"Somebody said that it couldn't be done,

- But he, with a chuckle, replied That maybe it couldn't, but he would be one
- Who wouldn't say so till he'd tried. So he buckled right in with the trace of a grin On his face, if he worried he hid it.
- He started to sing as he tackled the thing
- That couldn't be done, AND HE DID IT."

JOHN G. WOOD.

S.N.U. FUND OF BENEVOLENCE.

SIR,-I have the pleasure to report the following income for May, viz.: Various Members of Rippon Hall National Church, North Shields, £2 2s.; Hendon and Golders Green Fellowship, Collection at Memorial Service for Mrs. Annie Boddington, £1 15s.; Cheltenham Church, Miss H. Wright's Healing Mission, 14s. 1d.; Donation, Miss E. M. Bubb, £1 5s. 10d.; Marylebone Association, Mrs. Meurig Morris's Fee, 10s.; A Friend, £1 1s.; Miss Mary Mills, 7s. 6d.; Mr. A. Scott, 10s.; P. W. Oversby, 3s.; Mrs. M. H. Wallis, 10s.; Miss A. Wright, 2s. 6d.; Walthamstow Lyceum Church, 6s.; Mrs. M. Morris's fee, Marylebone Association, 7s. 6d.; Mrs. McLauchlan, 10s.; Miss Gibbs, per Mr. H. A. Bentley, £1; Mrs. M. Morris's fee, Kingston Church, 7s. 6d.; Proceeds of Special Social Bowes Park Society, £1 10s.; Sutton Spiritual Mission, 7s.; Manor Park, donation in lieu of fee. 15s.; Manchester and District Group, Good Friday collections and donations, £16 16s.; A. H. P., £40. Total, £71.

The committee are truly grateful for the very generous gifts to the fund this month, which creates a record for this season of the year.

To the various friends who are generously giving their platform fees we express our thanks, as also to all who assisted at the Manchester Good Friday demonstrations to collect the record amount of £16 16s., and to the gentleman who wishes to remain anoymous we can only express our heartfelt thanks. These amounts will help us to carry on the good work, which means so much to the old folks every month. I wish also to express my thanks to Mrs. Tarrant, who has sent two shoulder shawls to be given to the needy pensioners, along with a small postal order for each. Truly, every little helps, and the work still goes on. The Secretary is open to acknowledge further donations, and wishes to remain gratefully and sincerely yours,

MARY L. STAIR, Hon. Sec. 32B, North Street, Keighley, Yorks.

THE MARVELS OF PSYCHIC SCIENCE.—Mr. Horace Leaf has returned from his American tour, and taken up his work again in the home country. On July 4th Mr. Leaf will deliver a lantern lecture on "The Marvels of Psychic Science" in Kenton Hall, Kenton, Middlesex, and is sure of a hearty reception.

"EVERY living thing is working out a part of the Divine Plan. Human beings are living for a purpose vastly more important than they can conceive of. They brood in matter, whereas they should spring onward to develop the inner faculties whereby they would come to an understanding of realities."—MARGARET V. UNDERHILL.

FROM OUR READERS.—One reader writes : "I am not a Spiritualist, but I have known and read your paper (THE TWO WORLDS) for some years, and your last number has struck me as particularly interesting. Mr. Leaf's articles have been most instructive and interesting, and I agree with another writer that we should have more meetings where we gather together, not to criticise or even to speak or listen, but to be with one accord in one place." 0

SOCIETY ADVERTISEMENTS.

South Manchester National Spiritualist Church and Lyceum, PRINCESS HALL, PRINCESS ROAD, MOSS SIDE, MANCHESTER.

SUNDAY, JUNE 29TH, at 2-33, LYCEUM. At 6-30 and 8-15, MISS BARTON. MONDAY, at 3, MRS. LANGFORD. At 8-15, MEMBERS' CLASS. TUESDAY, at 8, OPEN CIRCLE. THURSDAY, at 3 and 8, MRS. PITT. FRIDAY, at 8, WHIST DRIVE, 1/- each. SUNDAY, JULY 6TH, MISS ASHWORTH.

Manchester Central Spiritualist Church, 5, PARSONAGE, BLACKFRIARS STREET.

SUNDAY, JUNE 29TH, at 11 and 6-30. also MONDAY. JUNE 30TH. at 8, MES. E. LINNEY.

SUNDAY, JULY 6TH, MISS BUTCHER.

Manchester Society of Spiritualists, 38, MASKELL STREET.

SUNDAY, JUNE 29TH, at 10-30, LYCEUM At 3, OPEN CIRCLE. At 6-30, SERVICE-MONDAY, at 8, MRS. PITT. TUESDAY, at 7-30, WHIST DRIVE, 6d.

WEDNESDAY, at 3 and 8, MRS. KELLY. SUNDAY, JULY 6TH, MRS. LANGFORD.

Collyhurst National Spiritualist Church COLLYHURST ST., MANCHESTER.

SUNDAY, JUNE 29TH, at 10-30, LYCEUM. At 3, 6-30 and 8, MRS. JACKSON. MONDAY, at 3 & 8, MRS. BROADHURST. TUESDAY, at 8, WHIST DRIVE, 1/-. WEDNESDAY, at 3 and 8, SERVICES.

Longsight National Spiritualist Society SHEPLEY STREET (opposite Pit HEPLEY STREET (opposite 1 Entrance, King's Theatre).

SUNDAY, JUNE 29TH, at 2-30, LYCEUM. At 6-45 and 8, MR. J. CHAMBERLAIN MONDAY, at 8, OPEN CIRCLE for HEALING and CLAIRVOYANCE. TUESDAY, at 8, MRS. PITT. THURSDAY, at 8, MR. ENTWISTLE. SATURDAY, at 8, OPEN CIRCLE. SUNDAY, JULY 6TH, MRS. ROYLE.

Miles Platting Progressive S. Church Coglan Street, Lodge Street.

SUNDAY, JUNE 297H, at 6-30 and 8, MRS. GRAYSON. MONDAY, at 3 and 8, MRS. BOARDMAN. WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY, at 8, PUBLIC CIRCLES. THURSDAY, at 3 and 8, MR. HALLAS. SUNDAY, JULY 6TH, MR. ROWSON

Moss Side Progressive Lyceum Church Above 64A, GT. WESTERN STREET.

SUNDAY, JUNE 20TH, at 2-45, LYCEUM. At 6-30 and 8-15, MR. W. H. PEEL (Dipl. S.N.U.). TUESDAY, at 8, OPEN CIRCLE. THURSDAY, at 3 and 8-15, MISS A. A. BARTON (Dipl. S.N.U.). SUNDAY, JÚLY 6TH, OPEN SESSIONS. At 8-15, MRS. SPENCER.

Pendleton Spiritualist Church, 94, HIGHFIELD CHAMBERS, BROAD ST.

SUNDAY, JUNE 20TH, at 6-30 and 8, MR. TINKER. MONDAY, at 3, OPEN CIRCLE. WEDNESDAY, at 3, MRS. WHALLEY. At 7-30, HEALING CLASS, MR. JENKIN-SON. At 8-30, OPEN CIRCLE. THURSDAY, at 8, MR. C. CORBYN. FRIDAY, at 8, OPEN CIRCLE, MRS. WOOLFENDEN. LYCEUM every SUNDAY at 2-30.

SCARBOROUGH NATIONAL SPIRITU-ALIST FELLOWSHIP.—Anyone visiting Scarborough willing to take services for fee only please apply to the Secre-tary, Mrs. PYKE, 93, Murchison Street. All visitors are welcome.

THE TWO WORLDS

SOCIETY ADVERTISEMENTS.

Moston Spiritualist Church and Lyceum CHURCH LANE, MOSTON.

SUNDAY, JUNE 29TH, at 10-30, LYCEUM At 3, OPEN CIRCLE. At 6-30, MR. ERIC COTT.

WEDNESDAY, at 8, MRS. WILSON. Salford Central Spiritualist Church,

ST. PHILIP'S PLACE, CHAPEL STREET.

SUNDAY, JUNE 29TH, at 2, LYCEUM. At 3-15, CIRCLE, MR. BOLD. At 6-30 and 8, MR. TONGE.

MONDAY, at 3 and 8, MRS. WILMOTT. TUESDAY, at 8, CIRCLE, MR., MINNERY. WEDNESDAY, at 3 and 8, SERVICES. THURSDAY, at 8, MEMBERS' CLASS, Conducted by Mrs. LEE.

Every SATURDAY, at 7-30, SOCIAL, 1/-, Refreshments included.

Hyde Spiritualist Church, GEORGE STREET.

SUNDAY, JUNE 29TH, at 2-45 and 6-30, MR. JOE DICKINSON, of Stockport, Clairvovant.

Soloist · MISS JENKINS, of Dukinfield. Organist: MR. MEALE.

All Are Welcome.

Blackpool National Spiritualist Church and Lyceum, ALBERT ROAD.

SERVICES-SUNDAYS: LYCEUM, 9-30. PUBLIC CIRCLE, 11. SERVICE, 3, 6-30.

JUNE 29.—MR. & MRS. HARRIS. JULY 6.—MR. JOHN NURSE. JULY 13.—MRS. PICKLES.

St. Annes-on-Sea National Spiritualist Church, Co-Operative Hall, ST. Alban's Rd.

Services: SUNDAYS at 3, 6-30 and 8.

JUNE 29.-MR. ROY MORGAN. JULY 6.—MRS. YATES. JUNY 13.—MR. CAVANAGH. JULY 20.—MRS. PICKLES.

Bournemouth Spiritualist Mission, CHARMINSTER RD. (opposite Richmond Wood Road), BOURNEMOUTH.

SUNDAYS at 11 and 6-30, ADDRESS and CLAIRVOYANCE. TUESDAYS at 7-30 & THURSDAYS at 3, CLA RVOYANCE and SPIRIT MESSAGES. THURSDAYS, at 7-30, ADDRESS and CLAIRVOYANCE. Local Clairvoyant: MRS. W. G. HAYTER

Brighton Central Spiritualist Church, CENTRAL HALL, 147, NORTH STREET (Facing Ship Street).

SUNDAY, JUNE 29TH, at 11-15 and MISS L. THOMAS, Address and Clairvoyance. MONDAY, at 8, HEALING CIRCLE. THURSDAY, at 8, ADDRESS and CLAIRVOYANCE. 11-15 and 7,

National Spiritualist Church, Brighton. MIGHELL STREET HALL.

SUNDAY, JUNE 29TH, at 11-15 and 7, DR. W. J. VANSTONE, Address and Clairvoyance. MONDAY, at 7-45, PUBLIC HEALING

CIRCLE. WEDNESDAY, at 8, PUBLIC MEETING.

JUNE 27, 1930

SOCIETY ADVERTISEMENTS.

Bournemouth Spiritualist Church, (Affiliated to the S.N.U.) 16, BATH ROAD.

Resident Minister, Mr. FRANK T.BLAKE

SUNDAY SERVICES at 11 and 6-30. TUESDAY, at 8, PHENOMENA. THURSDAY, at 3, PHENOMENA. At 8, EDUCATIVE LECTURE and DISCUSSION. FRIDAY, at 6, HEALING. Guild in at

FRIDAY, at 6, HEALING. tendance to give treatment to sufferers

Dover Spiritualist Church, CANNON HALL (entrance Market St.).

SATURDAY, JUNE 28TH, at 7-30, and SUNDAY, JUNE 29TH, at 11 and 6-30, MRS. TUFFNELL, Address and Clairvovance.

> Eastbourne Spiritualist Society, DICKENS FELLOWSHIP HALL, UPPERTON ROAD.

SUNDAY, JUNE 29TH, at 3-30 and 6-30, MRS. A. GOLDS. After-Circle at 8.

Kenton Spiritualist Church, NORTHWICK PARK HALL. Stations: Northwick Park (Met.) and Kenton (Bakerloo).

SUNDAY, JUNE 29TH, at 6-30, MRS. D. C.WILLIAMS, Trance Address THURSDAY at 8, MR. H. LEAF, Address and Clairvoyance. SUNDAY, JULY 6TH, MRS. J. MENZIES.

Ramsgate National Spiritualist Church CHATHAM STREET, RAMSGATE.

SATURDAY, JUNE 28TH, at 7, and SUNDAY, JUNE 29TH, at 3 and 6-30, MR. E. SPENCER.

Richmond Spiritualist Church, (THE FREE CHURCH) ORMOND ROAD, RICHMOND, SURREY.

SUNDAY, JUNE 29TH, at 7, MRS. FLORENCE LANE, Address and Clairvoyance. WEDNESDAY, at 7-30, MISS HERBERT, Psychometry.

Isie of Wight. Ryde National Spiritualist Church, BELVEDERE HALL, BELVEDERE ST. RYDE, I.O.W.

SUNDAY, JUNE 29TH, at 3, LYCEUR At 6-30, MR. FOOT (Southampton), Address and Clairvoyance. THURSDAY, at 8, MRS. BOND (Gosport).

Ryde Christian Spiritualist Church, Isle of Wight. NEWPORT STREET, OFF HIGH STREET

Services : SUNDAY at 6-30. Enquiry Class : THURSDAY, at 7-30.

SUNDAY, JUNE 29TH, MISS J. COOKE (London), Address and Clairvoyance. SUNDAY, JULY 6TH, MRS. B. STOCK (London), Trance Address and Clair VOVANCE. voyance.

Southend Spiritualist Church, Corner of HILDAVILLE DRIVE and WESTBOROUGH ROAD, WESTCHIFF (near Chalkwell Park).

SUNDAY, JUNE 29TH, at 11 and 6-30, MR. NICKELS, of Luton. THURSDAY, at 8, MRS. V. CROXFORD.

Life and Destiny. By LEON DENIST Translated from the French by Elia WhEELER WILCOX. Cloth, 6/4, post tree.

JUNE 27, 1930

SOCIETY ADVERTISENEMTS.

Sutton Spiritualist Society, CO-OPERATIVE HALL, BENHILL STREET

SUNDAY, JUNE 29TH, at 6-30, MR. VOUT PETERS, Address and Clairvovance.

Worthing Spiritualist Church, GRAFTON ROAD.

SUNDAY, JUNE 29TH, at 11 and 6-30, MR. G. PRIOR.

THURSDAY, at 3, MEMBERS ONLY. At 6-30, for Public, MRS. DAVIS.

Barking Christian Spiritualist Church MUNICIPAL RESTAURANT, EAST ST., BARKING.

SUNDAY, JUNE 29TH, at 6-30, Ins. NELLIE HARRINGTON, Address and Clairvoyance. CIRCLE follows Service. anday, at 3, LADIES' OWN, MRS. MRS.

Monday, at 3, LADIES' OWN, MRS. HARDINGHAM. WEDNESDAY, at 8, MRS. FILLMORE.

Barnsbury Spiritual Church, 78, Roman RD. (opposite Caledonian RD. TUBE STATION), N.7.

SUNDAY, JUNE 29TH, at 7, MR. F. H. WALL, Address and Clairvoyance. At 3, OPEN HEALING CIRCLE. WEDNESDAY, at 8, OPEN DEVELOPING CIRCLÉ. SUNDAY, JULY 6TH, MR. J. WAITE.

Battersea Spiritualist Church, BENNERLEY HALL, BENNERLEY ROAD. NORTHCOTN ROAD, BATTERSEA (Affiliated to S.N.U.).

SUNDAY, JUNE 29TH, at 11, MRS. TYLER, Address and Clairvoyance. At 3, LYCEUM. At 6-30, MR. WHITE, Address. MRS. TREADGOLD, Clairvoyance. MONDAY, at 3, MEMBERS' MEETING, MRS. TREADGOLD. THURSDAY, at 8, MRS. B. STOCKS, Address and Clairvoyance.

MONDAY, JULY 7TH, at 8, MONDAY, JULY ITH, at S, MRS. EDITH CLEMENTS will lecture on "Mediumship and Its Development." Silver Collection to defray expenses.

Battersea Christian Spiritualist Church, UNITY HALL, FALCON GROVE, Near CLAPHAM JUNCTION, S.W.

SUNDAY, JUNE 29TH, at 11, CIRCLE. At 6-30, MISS NEALE, Address and Clairvoyance. MONDAY, at 2-30, LADIES' MEETING. SATURDAY, at 7-30, HEALING CIRCLE and PSYCHOMETRY.

Bounds Green Christian Spiritualist Church Canning Hall, Canning Crescent, High Road, Wood Green.

SUNDAY, JUNE 29TH, at 7, MISS BRADBEER.

Brixton Psycho. Society, RDALE VILLAS, MOSTYN ROAD. 2. ESKDALE

SUNDAY, JUNE 29TH, at 6-45, MR. A. M. RICHARDS. SUNDAY, JULY 6TH, MR. J. ALLSUP. TUESDAY, at 8, HEALING CIRCLE.

Central London Spiritualist Society, 102, GREAT RUSSELL ST., W.C.1. (Note New Address.)

FRIDAY, JUNE 27TH, at 8, MRS. V. CROXFORD. SUNDAY, JUNE 29TH, at 7, MRS. A. NUTLAND. MES. A. NUTLAND.

THE TWO WORLDS

SOCIETY ADVERTISEMENTS.

Bowes Park and Palmer's Green Spiritualist Church, SHAFTESBURY HALL, BOWES PARK.

SUNDAY, JUNE 29TH, at 11, MISS E. CANON. At 7, MRS. REDFERN. WEDNESDAY, at 8, USUAL SERVICE at Shaftesbury Hall, adjoining Bowes Park Station. LYCEUM every SUNDAY at 3.

Brixton Spiritual Brotherhood Church, STOCKWELL PARK RD., BRIXTON, SW9.

SUNDAY, JUNE 29TH, at 11-15, SERVICE At 3, LYCEUM, At 3, LYCEUM, At 7, Mr. W. ROBERTS, Address. Mrs. F. W. BROWN, Clairvoyance. Monday, at 7-30, LADIES' PUBLIC CIRCLE.

TUESDAY, at 8, MEMBERS. THURSDAY, at 8-15, PUBLIC CIRCLE. SUNDAY, JULY 6TH, MRS. N. MELLOY.

Chiswick Christian Spiritualist Church HARVARD TOWERS, 56, HARVARD RD. (off Wellesley Road, in rear of Gunnersbury Station).

SUNDAY, JUNE 29TH, at 11 and 6-45, USUAL SERVICES. WEDNESDAY, at 8, USUAL SERVICE.

Clapham Spiritualist Church, Opposite CLAPHAM NORTH STATION, BEDFORD ROAD, CLAPHAM, S.W.4.

SUNDAY, JUNE 29TH, at 11, OPEN CIRCLE. At 3, LYCEUM. At 6-45 for 7, ADDRESS and CLAIRVOY-

MONDAY, at 3, LADIES' MEETING, Psychometry. At 8, HEALING CIRCLE (Colour Healing)

THURSDAY, at 8, OPEN DISCUSSION GROUP. Subject, "Will Power." FRIDAY, at 8, PSYCHOMETRY.
SUNDAY, JULY 6TH, MRS. M. CROWDER

Crouch End Spiritualist Society, FELIX HALL, FELIX AVENUE, CROUCH END.

SUNDAY, JUNE 29TH, at 7, MRS. CARRIE YOUNG. THURSDAY, at 3, SOCIAL. At 8, MRS. MAUNDER.

Cricklewood Christian Spiritualist Soc., D HALL, 41, ASHFORD ROAD, CRICKLEWOOD, N.W.2.

SUNDAY, JUNE 29TH, at 6-30, MISS MARIAN MORETON, Address and Clairvoyance. WEDNESDAY, at 3, CIRCLE. At 8, MISS JOAN PROUD.

Croydon National Spiritualist Church, BROAD GREEN HALL, HANDCROFT RD-near junct. London Rd., West Croydon

SUNDAY, JUNE 29TH, at 6-30, MR. & MRS. BILLETTE, Address and Clairvoyance. TUESDAY, at 3, LADIES' MEETING. WEDNESDAY, at 7-45, MRS. CLEMPSON, Clairvoyance.

Ealing Spiritualist Church, 8, Bakers Lane, BROADWAY, Ealing

SUNDAY, JUNE 29TH, at 11-15, MR. LEWSON. At 3, LYCEUM. At 7, MRS. BUSSEY. WÉDNESDAY, at 8, MRS. H. V. PRIOR. SUNDAY, JULY 6TH, MISS D. MOORE.

Fulham Spiritualist Society, 12, LETTICE STREET, PARSON'S GREEN.

SUNDAY, JUNE 297H, at 11-30, CIRCLE. At 3, LYCEUM. At 7, MISS M. MILLS. THURSDAY, at 8, MR. OSBORNE. SUNDAY, JULY 67H, MRS. H. V. PRIOR

SOCIETY ADVERTISEMENTS.

The Spiritualist Fellowship (KENTISH TOWN), "THIRTEEN, MOI TIMER TERRACE, HIGHGATE ROAD. MOR-Cars 7, 15, 25, Gordon House Stop.

Sundays at 7, Thursdays at 3 and 8.

SUNDAY, JUNE 29TH, and THURSDAY,

JULY 3RD, MISS R. GOLDSMITH. SUNDAY, JULY 6TH, "THE TEACHER.

Finchley Spiritual Mission, FERN BANK HALL, GRAVEL HILL, HENDON LANE, CHURCH END, N.3. (Trams & Buses to "Queen's Head.")

SUNDAY, JUNE 29TH, at 7, MRS. MARSON, Address and Clairvoyance. THURSDAY, at 8, MRS. V. REDFERN, Address and Clairvoyance.

Forest Hill Christian Spiritualist Church BEADNELL ROAD, FOREST HILL, S.E.23

SUNDAY, JUNE 297H, at 11-15, PUBLIC CIRCLE. At 3, LYCEUM. At 7, MRS. PODMORE. TUESDAY, at 3, MRS. PRINCE. At 7-30, HEALING CIRCLE. THURSDAY, at 8, PUBLIC CIRCLE.

Hackney Independent Lyceum Church PEMBURY HALL, 41, PEMBURY ROAD (First Gateway on left in Downs Park Road).

SUNDAY, JUNE 29TH, at 3, LYCEUM. At 6-30, MR. G. BARKER, Address and Clairvoyance.

OPEN CRCLE after Service. WEDNESDAY, at 8, OPEN-AIR MEETING on Public Meeting Ground, Hackney

Downs. THURSDAY, at 8. SUNDAY, JULY 6TH, MRS. SOONES.

Hackney Spiritualist Church, 240A, AMHURST ROAD, N.16

SUNDAY, JUNE 29TH, at 3, LYCEUM. At 7, MISS MADDISON. MONDAY, at 8, MRS. CHIPLIN. TUESDAY, at 8, MEMBERS ONLY. WEDNESDAY, at 8, FREE HEALING. THURSDAY, at 8, OPEN CIRCLE. Silver Collection. FRIDAY, at 8, LYCEUM MEETING. SUNDAY, JULY 6TH, MRS. S. D. KENT.

Harringay Christian Spiritualist Mission 1, SALISBURY PARADE, ST. ANN'S RD. (Side Door, Boot Shop).

SUNDAY, JUNE 29TH, at 11, SERVICE. At 7, MISS EVA CLARKE. TUESDAY, at 8, FREE HEALING CIRCLE, MR. CUMINGS in attendance. WEDNESDAY, at 8, MISS BRADBEER.

Hanwell Spiritualist Church, 120, UXBRIDGE ROAD.

SUNDAY, JUNE 29TH, at 7, SERVICE WEDNESDAY, at 3 and 8, SERVICE' THURSDAY, at 8, SERVICE.

Harrow Spiritualist Society, GREENHILL HALL, STATION ROAD, HARROW-ON-THE-HILL.

SUNDAY, JUNE 29TH, at 6-30, MRS. E. CLEMENTS, Address and Clairvoyance. WEDNESDAY, at 8, MR. ERNEST HUNT, Address.

SUNDAY, JULY 6TH, MR. HAROLD CARPENTER.

STOKE SPIRITUAL CHURCH, COVEN-TRY.—Will Speakers who have book-ings for 1930 please send along dates and particulars of same to MR. J. GOULDEN, President, 7, Lansdowne Street, Coventry.

JUNE 27, 1930 TWO WORLDS THE 416 Yorkshire District Council of the S.N.U.-Speakers' Plan for July. Secretary : HERBERT H. GALE, 114, Myrtle Road, Sheffield. BRADFORD DISTRICT COMMITTEE-Hon. Sec. : F. LENG, 5, Tichborne Road, West Bowling, Bradford. July 20 July 27 July 6 July 13 Batley Carr, Carr Street.... Birstal, Railway Terrace... Bradford, Bankfoot, 813, Manchester Road.... Bradford, Milton, Belle Vue Ghambers, Manningham Ln. Bradford, 165, Otley Road.. Bradford, 165, Otley Road.. Bradford, Ripley Street Cleckheaton Dewsbury, Wellington Road Heckmondwyke, Walkley Ln. Idle, Highfield Road Morley, Queen Street Ossett and Horbury Saltaire, Victoria Road.... Skipton Yeadon, Harper Terrace Mr. Cockell Mrs. Williams Mrs. Holt Mrs. Shaw Mrs. Sheard Miss Holt Mrs. Wilkinson Mr. Gush, F.N.S.C Mr. & Miss Evans Mrs. Fleming Mr. Warner Mrs. Smith Mrs. Allured Miss Barlow Mrs. Shaw Mrs. Playforth Lyceum Sunday Mrs. Benson Mrs. Ledgard F. Leng Mr. Firth Mrs. Wrather Mrs. Darlow Mrs. Newton Lyceum Day Mrs. F. Taylor Miss Farrow Mrs. Wilkinson Mrs. Whitley Mrs. Turner B. D.*C. Mrs. Astin Yeadon, Harper Terrace ... HALIFAX DISTRICT COMMITTEE-Hon. Sec. : T. ELLIS, 104, Firth Street, Huddersfield. Brighouse, Commercial St. . Brighouse, Martin Street Brighouse, Commercial St. . a Brighouse, Martin Street ... Elland, Westgate a Halifax, St. Paul's, Alma St. a Halifax, Queen's Road a Hebden Bridge, Hope Street Huddersfield, Kirkburton ... a Huddersfield, Quarmby Huddersfield, Ramsden St. . Huddersfield, St. Peter's St. a Keighley, Heber Street Marsden, Beaconsfield Place a Slaithwaite, Hollins Glen ... a Sowerby Bridge, Hollins Lane West Vale, Tram Terminus. Mrs. Burley R. Stewart Miss Holt Miss M. A. Daw Mr. Gawthorpe F. Hepworth Mr. Bostock Holidays Mrs. Ramsden B. Carter Mr. McCorquodale Mrs. Spencer G. F. Berry, S.N.U. Mrs. Linney Mrs. Wrather Mrs. H. Shaw Mrs. Alhured Open Sessions Mrs. Ackroyd Mrs. Wainwright Miss Fleming Mr. Couthogr Mrs. D. Wrather Mrs. J. Greenwood Mrs. Holt Mrs. Jowett Miss N. Stott Mrs. Playforth Mrs. Liley Mrs. E. Green Miss Hessledene G. F. Berry, S.N.U. Mrs. Bennion Mrs. Woodcock Mrs. Holt Mrs. D. Wrather A. Whyman Holidays Mrs. Kelly Mrs. Lillie Mr. Gawthorp Mr. Warner Alderman Brewer Mrs. Smith LEEDS DISTRICT COMMITTEE-Hon. Sec. : Mr. A. SMITH, Cross Hill, Kippax, near Leeds. Castleford, Lower Oxford St. Featherstone, Mafeking St. Horstorth, 67, Victoria Grdns Hemsworth, Grove Lane... Leeds, Brunswick Place... aLeeds, Easy Road aLeeds, Easy Road aLeeds, Gathorne Street ... Morley, Gross Church St... Normanton, Watson Street ... Normanton, Queen Street ... Pontefract, Star Yd.Beast Fair aSouth Elmsall South Elmsall Wakefield, over Boot Stores, Kirkgate Mrs. Hurley Mr. Martin Mr. Gawthorpe Mr. Crabtree Mrs, Dixon Miss Holt Mrs. Playforth Mr. Harding Mr. Sturton Mrs. Berry Ladies' Effort Mrs. Benson Mr. Moore Mrs. Jacques Mr. Smith Miss Holt Mr. Brogden Mrs. Schofield Mr. Fenton Mr. & Mrs. Jowett Leeds D. C. Mrs. Fenton Mr. Evans Mrs. Stott Mrs. Dixon Mrs. Hurley Kirkgate York, Spen Lane Mrs. Gardener Mrs. Todd Miss Taylor Mr. Gush SHEFFIELD DISTRICT COMMITTEE-Hon. Sec. : WALTER RAWLINSON, 4, William Street, Wath-on-Dearne. aBarnsley, North Pavement Barnsley, Grace Street ... Bentley Dinnington Mr. Rawlinson Mrs. Bennion Mrs. Steele Mr. Harding Mrs. Maltby Mr. Orr Lyceum Anniv'sy Mr. Rawlinson Doncaster, Gatherine Street. aDoncaster, Baker St. 5dlington, Bungalows. Goldthorpe Central, Co-opHali Goldthorpe, 1, Main Street. Mrs. Ellis Mr. Porter Mrs. Garret Mrs. Hobson Mr. Cragg Mr. Mason Mrs. Oxley Mrs. Dixon Mr. Longcake Mrs. Marcroft Mrs. Thwaites Mrs. Mills Lyceum Anniver'sy Miss Barton Mrs. Hill Mrs. Briggs Goldthorpe, 1, Main Street . Maltby Mexboro, West Street Parkgate, Ashwood Road ... Rossington aRotherham, Percy Street ... Sheffield, Attercliffe, Brad-ford Street Sheffield Centre, Figtree Lane Sheffield Centre, Figtree Lane Sheffield, Darnall Sheffield, Woodseats, Heeley. aSheffield Heeley, Gifford Rd. Stainforth Mrs. Thickett* Mr. Longcake Mr. Gale Mr. Ockleford Mr. Clay Lyceum Service Mrs. Steele Lyceum Anniv'sy Mrs. Oxley Mr. Minchin Mrs. Briggs J. Annable Mrs. Harvey M. Hancock Mrs. Oates Mrs. Carrington Anniv'sy Repeated Mr. Gale Mrs. Hill Open Lyceum Anniv'sy Mr. Orr Mr. Mason Mrs. Hempsall Mrs. Shaw Mr. Hughes Mrs. Maywall Mrs. Shaw Mr. Hossell Lyceum Day Mrs. Fenton Mr. Hughes Mr. Mottershaw Mrs. Cottam Mr. West Mr. Evans Mr. Bower Mrs. Steele Mr. Stewart Mr. Carnley Mrs. Thickett* Mr. Mason Stainforth a West Melton, Vicar Road a Wombwell, Melville Street. Worksop Mrs. Dixon Mr. Hossell Mr. Walster Mrs. Cottam Mrs. Clarke a "The Two Worlds " on sale. For times of Services and Lyceums, see Platform Guide. *D.N.U.

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