

something more than this, for instance, if you define it as the immaterial part of man in contradistinction to his material body, and ask me whether I believe in it, then I say, as I said just now in the case of matter, you are talking in terms of obsolete metaphysics. If matter is rightly defined as I defined it just now, it follows that we can know nothing which is not, at least in one aspect, material. I know nothing of this ultimate distinction between spirit and matter, and any argument based on it seems to me to lead from nowhere to nowhere.

Spirit or mind, as I have defined it, is plainly not peculiar to man. I know mind at first-hand in myself, and from your general resemblance to me, I judge that mind also exists in you. But by similar reasoning (and, believe me, I do not say this in a spirit of insult), I judge that mind exists in a monkey, a cat, a dog, or a horse. And if in beasts, then surely also in birds, insects, and other living things. In common with most educated people to-day, I am an evolutionist, and I should like to ask those of you who are also evolutionists where, if anywhere, they draw the line? Is it possible to put your finger on any point in the evolutionary process and to say "Here mind began"? I do not think so. In fact, a beginning to mind is to me so inconceivable that I go further than most evolutionists, and venture to think that even in what we usually call inanimate matter there is mind. Just as mind always has a material aspect, so matter always has a mental aspect. I do not mean to suggest that a table or a chair, taken as a whole, has a mind; but the above line of reasoning forces me to attribute some sort of mentality to each separate molecule and atom and electron-if electrons there be-in the table or chair, or whatever the object is. However, that is a little heresy of mine with which I, though some great thinkers also have held it, do not expect many to agree.

Let us, then, confine our attention to living things generally recognised as such. What I have said has a certain bearing on the question of survival of bodily death. On that question I am an agnostic. But assuming for the sake of argument that man survives bodily death, then I suggest that there would be very good grounds for thinking that monkeys, dogs, cats, flies, fleas and all living things survived it too. It is all very well to say that a flea has no "soul." How do you know ? As an evolutionist, I am unable to see at what point in the evolutionary process so great a break with the past can have occurred as that certain beings should have suddenly begun, for the first time, to survive bodily death. It does seem to me a case of either all living things surviving, or none. I agree with Professor J. W. A. Hickson that "there is no reason for postulating an immaterial essence to account for the life of man that does not equally apply to the living amoeba." I know some Spiritualists are also evolutionists, and I wish they would tell me how they relate Spiritualism to evolution.

I have said that I am an agnostic on the subject of survival. That is to say, while I do not wish to be dogmatic, I am unconvinced. I have no doubt that there exist what are called supernormal, and what I prefer to call abnormal, faculties in man. There seem to be good grounds for holding, for instance, that telepathy does occur, though it has never happened to me. I think, however, in view of recent developments in physics, that we shall live to see a physical explanation of telepathy. I have no doubt that if I attended a seance, I should observe very curious things. But phenomena are one thing ; the interpretation of phenomena is quite another. I do not think we know enough about the ultimate constitution of matter or the facts and laws of abnormal psychology-including telepathy-to warrant us in concluding that any phenomenon, however remarkable, is due, and can only be due, to the action of discarnate spirits, when we take into account the very close connection which we know exists between our consciousness and our brains. Moreover, let me remind you, even if you established the fact of urvival, you would be as far as ever from establishing immortality, that is to say, endless survival.

ASPIRATIONS.

I frankly confess that I am not as interested in the question of survival as some people are. This is not because I am in a hurry to be extinguished. On the contrary, I do FEBRUARY 21, 19

not want to die ; I want to live a long time yet. Bu I am only forty-three, and I do not consider I have he innings. In the event of my living to double my p age, I do not expect that my interest in life will be as at eighty-six as it is now. My experience of ver people is that they are not as interested in the questin future life as, being so near the grave, you might a them to be. The old do not look forward ; they look They do not want further adventures in this life or and they want rest. I believe that if we all lived to a gree age, interest in the question of survival would be fa than it actually is. We should feel that, while pain premature death was terrible, dying of old age was terrible—perhaps not even an evil.

Painful and premature deaths are brought abo three things-war, privation and disease. Hence intensely interested in the prevention and aboliti these three. While not insanely optimistic, I thin possibility of abolishing war by international act greater to-day than it has ever been in history. I privation could be prevented by a better economic sy and I have, in fact, been a convinced Socialist ever understood what Socialism meant. Finally, in the tinued discoveries of science I see hope of eventually a ing disease. In all these directions I naturally progress to be as rapid as possible. I recognise the of the proverb, " More haste, less speed "; but I regard that as an excuse for doing nothing at all, going slower than is necessary, and I have no use f outlook on the world which tends to make people gos than is necessary, either in science or in politics. brought up in the Anglican Church, and was conver Freethought at the age of sixteen. So know what enemy is.

Yet I do not regard the poor old dying Church d land as the principal enemy. Who would? The prienemies of Rationalism are the Roman Catholic C and the Fundamentalists. Against the Catholic C I hope I may consider you as allies, even if you is with every other word I have uttered. For rememmerely think you are mistaken on the evidence, w the Catholics, claiming to know far more about the world than you Spiritualists, definitely say that y your seances, are dealing with devils. I leave you to which is the worst libel—theirs or mine?

However differently I may feel if I live to eich over, I own that at present I should be glad to know be these causes in which I am interested will fare after dead—how the world will be progressing socially, P ally and scientifically in the year 2,000. I own Is like to come back and mix with it and take a hand

To live on earth again *might* be preferable to an tion. Even that would depend on the kind of reincar in store for one. But annihilation would be better th sort of boredom with which Mr. Vale Owen, for exthreatens us in the world to come.

As I am in a quoting humour, let me end with tw quotations which express my sentiments better is myself can. One is this from the great philosopher, S "The free man thinks of nothing so little as of deat his wisdom is a meditation, not of death, but of life other is from that powerful writer and courageous if William Kingdon Clifford : "Do I seem to say: " eat and drink, for to-morrow we die'? Far from the contrary I say: 'Let us take hands and help." day we are alive together.""

THE Field Road (Forest Gate) Spiritualist Society tained 29 of its members' children to tea on Wed Feb. 1st. Prizes were distributed during the even

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MOURNING OUT OF DATE.—That the custom of black as a sign of respect to the dead could be trace to times prior to the formation of the Christian fait contention of the Rev. T. B. Scrutton, Rector of Gr Middlesex. "The more truly religious we are the grieve at the death of one we love, being sure the life, so far from being ended, has entered on a more chapter," he said.

TO WHAT END?

THE PURPOSE OF SPIRITUALISM.

By TUDOR A. MORGAN.

THERE are many Spiritualists, with years of experience a the movement, whose hearts still flutter with exciteent at the prospect of another circle for physical pheomena. Ostensibly the circle is for the demonstration of sper-physical powers; actually, it is held to gratify the we of things occult. Similarly, all the old clairvoyants ash to the new clairvoyant "to see if she can get anything by me,". Why?

In every district clairvoyants spring up like mushons, but how far does their inner sight penetrate? The beosophist claims that our mediums see no further than a stral, and in the main he is right. The bulk of our arvoyants see no further than the lower strata of the orld of ectoplasm. The better developed may penetrate enginer regions of the spheres of thought, but to how many it given to see a real spiritual being actually resident at tetime in the spiritual world? Or rather, how few labour orase themselves to that degree of spiritual attainment? tet mediums either see "subjectively" (sic), or their better vision embraces animated thought forms and tits reduced to the comparative grossness of the ectosmic degree. The real seer is a rare bird.

Is dabbling in physical phenomena the all-important mose of Spiritualism? Has the movement come into ing to foster the development of a mediocre clairvoyance ed out with psychometry? The study and developent of psychic gifts have no moral value unless they inme a spiritual frame of mind. This attitude can be proued only by the application to the routine of everyday is of the laws provoking and surrounding the phenomena.

The task of raising for Spiritualism a watertight philsophy, and co-ordinating it with all branches of natural billosophy and religion, is not undertaken by the many, at the few. The articles from their pens are considered dry stuff," and skipped in favour of the surface interest the ghost story, the psychic coincidence, the seance rerts, the flowery script from dubious sources, but usually when the the terms of the surface interest.

This evasion is not permissible to the Spiritualist. He an enlightened person, and must go onward. If he does progress, his degeneration is the greater by virtue of his fee of enlightenment. As the movement is composed of cities of individuals, it is the duty of every member of Spiritualist movement to turn his mind and heart to improvement of conditions within his own Society, and face to the whole movement.

We are bound to do it. Already the philosophical side our subject is being discussed by go-ahead representaes of what we term the "effete" creeds. If we do not we in this direction faster and more decisively in the ure than in the past, we shall be left sitting round the les of our phenomena.

The rank and file of the movement must advance. ^{sy} must know their subject from A to Z, and apply it to w life. Every phase of our subject should come within e of well-attended and supported discussion classes. all range of Spiritualist publications should be taken, all the current articles dissected, criticised and thordiscussed. Dissent, or additional suggestions, and be given to the writers through the medium of the respondence columns of the journal in which the article eared. Discussion in that column would be taken up the discussion classes of other societies, and be producof new ideas and deeper understanding, as well as a ater demand and withdrawal from the Fountain of piration. Greater interest would be created within the eties, necessitating a higher type of platform worker, resulting in a growth of membership.

The function of Spiritualism is not merely to demonate super-physical phenomena, not only to prove survival the grave, but to instruct mankind how to become truly situal beings on earth, in personal contact with their God—the fountain of his life and inspiration. To accomplish this man must be taught to see the spiritual implication in every physical fact. The implication is there, and must be seen, so that the life of the world may be modelled accordingly. This way only may we realise the Utopia to which the politician aspires.

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MY FIRST SPIRITUALIST MEETING.

By M. H.

I HAD heard so much talk concerning the subject of Spiritualism that I was anxious to investigate its claims. Unfortunately, the majority of my most intimate freinds refused to discuss the subject, while the remaining few merely contented themselves by saying : "There must be something in it." Not being personally acquainted with anyone who professed to be a convinced Spiritualist, I concluded that the only way to make myself familiar with the subject was to attend one of its meetings. With this object in view I paid a visit to the local library, and scanned the advertisement columns of the papers published in the district. I found to my delight that a Spiritualist meeting was to be held in my own town that very night, and having made a note of the time and place, I went home for some tea.

I dare not tell the family of my intention to visit a Spiritualist meeting, for they were decidedly prejudiced against Spiritualism, and I found it rather difficult to conceal my excitement. I glanced at the clock in the hall, and it was now almost 7 o'clock, which would give me ample time to get to the meeting at 7-30 p.m.

Coming to the street named in the advertisement, I commenced to search for the hall where the meeting was to be held, and after wandering up and down for some five or ten minutes, I found I had passed the door two or three times. The exterior view of the building was not altogether pleasing, and I hoped the interior would prove more pleasant. With a thumping heart I commenced to climb the narrow wooden stairs, which reminded me very much of those one would expect to find in the house occupied by the "Crooked Man." Reaching the top, I encountered a closed door. I was hesitating whether to knock or go back, when door opened, and an elderly lady appeared. " Oh! come in," was her greeting, and I meekly obeyed. I found myself in a small stuffy room, in the centre of which were chairs set out in rows. Several people were already seated, but none so young as myself, and I immediately became conscious that all eyes were fixed upon me. I hurriedly made my way to a seat, but the lady at the door called me back and pointed to a gentleman seated at a small card-table, in the centre of which a small white basin was placed. Grasping the situation, I muttered, "How much?" 'Threepence, please," was the reply, and I dropped the required sum into the basin. I was then allowed to resume my seat, while some kind person offered me a hymn book. I looked at my watch, and as it was not quite 7-30 I had an opportunity of taking note of the room. In front of the chairs was a low platform, on which were placed two chairs, a table, and a piano. This, I thought, was not too bad, but the other part of the room was most dull. The cold bare walls made me shudder, and I fixed my eyes once again on the platform.

Suddenly the gossip which had been going on amongst the other guests ceased, and quietness reigned. The service was about to commence. The platform was now occupied by two women, one of whom announced the number of the opening hymn. But where was the planist? My question remained unanswered, and the plano stool also remained unoccupied. When the lady had reached the last line of the hymn, I found myself automatically rising with the others. I tried to join in with the singing, but oh! what a sorrowful tune. Was it necessary to be so doleful, I wondered. How I longed for the last verse. At the conclusion of the hymn a prayer was offered by the same lady. She then introduced the second lady, who would "display her wonderful psychic powers," and instantly there was animated applause. Silence having been restored, the lady came amongst the congregation and commenced her "display." I found that she required each person to produce some article, and by holding the same in her hand would diagnose some disease, tell of some future happening, allude to certain domestic differences, and so on.

Now it was my turn. I handed the lady a silk handkerchief I had taken out of my purse, and eagerly awaited results. After having been told what I considered a lot of rubbish, and that I possessed psychic powers, she passed on to my neighbour.

It was indeed interesting to hear what success or happiness one was going to have, but what had all this to do with the dead?

I was thankful when the display came to an end. The speaker announced another hymn, followed by a prayer. All was over! I hurriedly made my departure, and breathed a sigh of relief on arriving in the street. So that was a Spiritualist meeting! I was not favourably impressed.

Time, however, works many changes, and since that day I have lived to learn that the true value of Spiritualism is not always to be found at a Spiritualist meeting, but in one's own home circle. While those meetings which are well conducted are doing invaluable work, yet no good purpose is served by attending those which cater only for the material side of Spiritualism.

THE ROSEMARY SCRIPT (Second Series).

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Selected and Edited by F. H. WOOD, Mus. Doc.

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II.-THE LADY NONA, ROSEMARY'S CHIEF GUIDE.

MEDIUMSHIP is a great responsibility. Fortunately for her, Rosemary has a clear mind, free from unkind or evil thought, and therein lies her safeguard. Her first guide, Muriel, was replaced some months ago by the Lady Nona, as the other spirit people call her. The change was not made easily. We liked Muriel, and the medium herself was distressed when the change was proposed by those still higher guides who order these things. It was some little time before we became used to the new comer. She seemed so remote and aloof, and so different from the warmhearted Muriel. Time went on, however, and we began to understand the deep respect paid to her by other guides, and to share in it. Nona is a great soul.

Her earth-life belonged to the far-distant past when Egypt was a great independent nation. We know something of her life-story, but Nona has asked us not to publish it, and we shall respect her wish. " I have lived my life on your side," she told us, " and have no wish to have the past revived at all. So many of us here feel the same. It is one of the reasons why spirits refuse to come and communicate with you. People will insist on reviving all their earth-life, which they have put so far behind them." Nona's reluctance to speak of her earth experiences will, of course, be misconstrued by sceptics. Then there is the familiar argument that spirits who lived on earth before the Christian Era must have progressed far beyond this sphere by now. Assumptions of this sort do not carry us very far in psychic research, and even spirit-patience is limited. "We do not like to feel your doubts," said one of them, " any more than you like to feel that we are frauds."

Nona has proved herself a separate entity from Rosemary several times. She has often given advice directly opposed to the medium's own wishes. Her counsel has always proved to be the best. I know no reason, therefore, for disbelieving the account she has given us of her life in ancient Egypt, and until some better-informed student gives me one, I shall accept it. Very interesting, too, are her occasional references to Egypt, the Nile, and the people of those far-off days. "There were no dwellings on the banks of the Nile in my day. People gathered there to worship, and to bathe. The sand has covered up all that part of my country. The Sphinx stood right out of the sand, in my time was originally a monument, but the people worshipped is god. As for the Pyramids, there were thousands of slave the work of building, and where there are many hands, things can be done."

The descriptions of Nona, given by other guides worth quoting. Muriel compared her with "perfectly shining spring water." Another guide said, "She is the same build as our medium, whose hand I hold, bu much darker than she. The Lady Nona's face is thin, sharp features. Her long black hair is fastened under a dress of white and gold. She wears a long, white robe, g with a long string of what look like large blue beads. I her shoulders is a long cape, or cloak, of fine substance, envelopes her to her feet. This is coloured blue, like girdle. She is very quiet, and rarely speaks to any of us.

It is impossible in this short sketch to give more a few brief examples of Nona's writings. I choose a two of special interest :---

" Your material eyes see things in such a limited There is no such thing as that which you call solid. thing exists in a certain form merely because of its vibra a certain rhythym. Change the vibration, and it assu different form. On our side, we control our surrounding thought vibrations. Now you on earth are just as mu the spirit as we are. You are creating your thought-sur ings all the time, and it is these surroundings we see, wh come into contact with you, not the material ones, which quently we do not see at all. We can see those only by as effort on our part. It is as difficult for spirits who have a long time to focus your world, as it is for you to focu To perceive things as you perceive them, we have to mate -if it be music-the ear to listen with ; or, if not to mater to use the sense organs of someone still on the earth-" In the case of future events, we make a picture from b we know of, and the events we feel to be in process of b up. Then we flash that picture before the psychic eye who is mediumistic." These quotations from the scr given because they furnish data of a kind on which a science may ultimately work. Nona's philosophy is a clear : " How easy it seems, in life, when things go w blame God? How much better to realise one's own comings, conquer them, and so set oneself free to live. too rash in my earth-life ever to learn even by my experiences. Indeed, I blamed the gods, and bewai sad fate." "The whole secret of your journey thro earth-sphere is to learn this lesson of the perfect pattern and it can be learned just as well whatever your early tions. They who pass through many troubles find the in the scheme of life much more readily than those who rounded by material benefits. To gain the right pe of the infinitesimal part your earth-life plays in yo existence, is to become the possessor of your soul."

Like all students, we have our doubts at time such a time, Nona wrote :---

" Even I have doubts, Doctor ? Not about your but my'own. We are all imperfect, and though our f knowledge increase with the passing of ages, yet there i something ahead about which we wonder, and wonde doubt. If ever we lose these doubtings, it will be have reached the bosom of Almighty God." The cri will say that these eloquent messages of Nona are the sion of Rosemary's subliminal fancy, are welcome take that view. So may others take another vi Rosemary is. a "reincarnation" of Nona. We reject these fables, because spirit people we knew who have proved their identity to us, themselve Nona as a living personality. It was a great tribut medium that this high-souled Egyptian lady s chosen to succeed Muriel. Nona has accomplish in the short twelve months she has been with " imagine she and Rosemary will play a much more in part in the years that lie ahead.

Next Article : A Brother who Became a Gu

AFTER having completed its fifth volume, T^{b} Thinker, a South Indian progressive and libers journal, has decided to suspend publication.

THE TWO WORLDS

THE CANADIAN MOVEMENT.

TURNING VIRGIN SOIL.

(By OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.)

I HAVE just completed a very interesting and successful r of Western Canada in the interests of the Spiritualists' tional Union of Canada. The work was hard and exact-, but the results will, I believe, repay all the trouble and ergy expended. On my itinerary I visited Winnipeg, gina, Medicine Hat, Lethbridge, Calgary, Vancouver, toria, Nanaimo, Edmonton, Wynyard, Fortwilliam and rt Arthur. The distances between these towns vary from to 600 miles, and my path often led over prairies, exsive but unattractive at that time of the year. The most ectacular views were seen as I went through the Rocky untains, where the scenery in parts was indescribable. I cannot deal in detail with all the experiences I had th the various churches and people I met. There is a tinct need for a wider vision as to the possibilities of our rk in Canada, although the work of the spirit world is ng thwarted by the inability of many to see these vast sibilities. I met some, but not many, who work only for growth and expansion of the movement and for what od can be done. It is to these we look for the help re-ired to raise the standard of the work throughout this at deminion, and to give us larger views of our destiny possibilities for doing good.

I have always been an advocate of the need of educan, and this need in Canada is more apparent than ever. renergies must, however, also be directed to the gradual with and expansion of mediumistic faculties, for it is ough the development of these powers that the angel instrants can come and go on their errands of mercy kindness. We in Canada have realised this need, purely simply through the scarcity of good workers, and under auspices of our Union we have divided the work into o divisions, one to look after education of a normal aracter, while the other deals with the development of diums for public and private work.

I would respectfully direct the attention of my Canadian thren to these thoughts, and urge those in authority in various churches I have visited to work along the s, for it is only thus that we can meet the growing need the people who are knocking at our door for help.

I have just received a letter from a prominent worker the West that enables me to see that the leaven is working, that there is an awakening to the necessity of a clean more efficient Spiritualism. Let all the Spiritualists Canada awake to their responsibilities, and we shall rtly have a real, live spiritual movement.

When in Vancouver I had the pleasure of meeting some the colleagues of the late Mr. Geo. P. Young. He has wined himself round the hearts of these men and women in indissoluble bond of friendship, and his work in British ambia has done much to engender a more thoughtful itualism. That of organising the British Columbia ditualist Association will ever be a monument to his pative ability and wisdom. In our formation of Procial Councils in Canada we are using the by-laws of that becation as a foundation for the framing of by-laws ler which it will work in that capacity for the national by, as well as for the other provinces.

The work ahead is gigantic, but the spirit world is ind us in our efforts. Let us not fail them. Give of our and by thus co-operating we will find more of life's sant places and less of the unpleasant. The Lyceum an is "The Workers Win," and this is the only way we win.

Aggressive, progressive, earnest and steady working I am fully convinced, win Canada to Spiritualism, and ^b bring it alongside many of the other countries of the

"In life there are neither rewards nor punishments." are consequences."—FRANK SWINNERTON.

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SPIRITUALISM IN AYRSHIRE AND GALLOWAY.

By JOHN MCLENNAN BOYD.

SPIRITUALISM, in the real sense of the term, is a factor of neglible moment in Ayrshire and Galloway. There are no organised bodies for the purpose of research into psychic phenomena, nor does there appear to be a single professional medium in these counties. The vast majority of the inhabitants show little inclination to study the problems of life after death. and I venture to say that an interest in spiritual philosophy is an element rarely met with in the minds of the people of south-west Scotland. This, however, does not indicate that Ayrshire and Galloway are entirely outside the pale of supernormal phenomena. On the contrary, there are several partially developed mediums scattered throughout the towns and villages who do not seem to realise that they possess psychic powers. They may give clairvoyant descriptions or psychometric readings, fragmentary as a rule, but sometimes surprisingly accurate. They are, however, very much surprised if one tells them that they are "psychic." In southern Ayrshire any mention of psychic phenomena relegates these happenings to the realms of superstition in the mind of your hearer. If you tell him he is " mediumistic," he is by no means pleased, but, grudgingly admitting that he can "see" and "hear" things, expresses the opinion that these powers savour of the long dead witchcraft which the immortal Burns so frequently brought into his writings.

A few years ago I persuaded a number of friends in an Ayrshire village who evinced a desire to gain an insight into Spiritualism, to sit for table phenomena, but after three seances the powerful bias of superstition made them discontinue their investigations, and I now know of only two small circles which meet regularly.

There are several well-authenticated cases of haunting in Ayrshire, assosiated with both houses and roads, and a personal friend of my own, whose judgment I can vouch for, claims to have seen a "materialised" dog in a large and well-lit room. I have myself experienced curious impressions "not of this world" in certain localities, but, despite patient investigation, I have not yet been able to come into with " physical" phenomena of any kind.

A few years ago a well-known "trumpet medium" visited Stranraer, but her circle of sitters had little understanding of the sympathetic attitude so necessary for the production of convincing phenomena, and results therefore were poor.

The proprietor of one of the best known hotels in Galloway, who has done a fair amount of investigation into Spiritualism, and is a man of culture and learning, was subject to the severest and most hostile criticism on the part of the townspeople for giving expression to views of a sympathetic tenor regarding spirit messages.

It is, indeed, unfortunate that the great and illuminating truths emanating from the higher spheres should not yet have found open hearts and minds in this part of Scotland, but as one who has lived a great part of my life in Ayrshire and is well acquainted with Galloway, I think the day is not far distant when Spiritualism will bring its message of comfort to the two counties which mean so much to me.

In another column we publish an urgent appeal for funds to free the Head Temple of Light from debt. Mr. W. Harold Speer founded the first Temple nearly four and a half years ago, and has devoted practically the whole of his time to work, not only without remuneration, but has had to help from his own slender savings to keep the flag flying.

BARKING CHRISTIAN SPIRITUALIST CHURCH.—A very happy and social evening was held on Wednesday evening, Feb. 12th. The purpose of the social was to raise funds for the purchasing of new hymn books, and this was achieved in a very happy and sociable manner. Amidst a round of games, dances, and songs, old and young thoroughly enjoyed themselves.

OUR READERS' DIFFICULTIES.

CONDUCTED BY THE EDITOR.

NOTE.—The Editor is prepared to reply briefly to questions which present difficulties to his readers. Questions should be briefly and clearly stated. Expressions of opinion will not be considered questions.

"A. G." writes : "A new movement destined to attain universal acknowledgment must be conducted on new lines. Why is the Spiritualist movement not conducted on new lines ?"

ANSWER .- The questioner presents a point of view which will not meet with general agreement. It seems to us, too, that there seems to be some confusion of thought as between a new movement and the ascertainment of truth. It is quite possible for great truths to come into existence without new movements being initiated. It is not necessarily true that new lines are better than old ones in advocating truth. They may be better, but history does not show that they have been. It is a matter for free discussion as to whether the spirit world ever intended to establish a new movement, while there can be no doubt about the fact that it has been deliberately active in the endeavour to draw attention to an old truth and to establish it on a new basis : namely, that of scientific observation. It may well be argued that the Spiritualist movement is already conducted on lines which are certainly new or which have not been in operation for nearly 2,000 years. There can be no question that the modern Spiritualist movement is founded upon mediumship. That is distinctly an innovation in modern times. If it be true, then, that the Spiritualist movement is built upon mediumship. it is conducted on new lines, for the very fact of mediumship places the control of the movement with the spirit world. One of the difficulties with which Spiritualism has to contend to-day is the egotism of those individuals who imagine they are conducting the movement; and who are bringing into it pre-Spiritualistic theories, dogmas and conceptions. As long as the direction of the Spiritualist movement is in the hands of the spirit world it will progress as did the Early Christian churches up to about the year 300 A.D. The moment, however, the centre of control is transferred to earth it will crystallise as did the Early Churches, and become contaminated with all the pet theories of mortal man. In our opinion, what is wanted is more mediumship, with deeper development and special training, so that the message of the spirit world may be received with far greater purity than it is at present. Thereby the crude admixture which comes from men's preconceptions would be shut/out.

"CRITIC" asks: "Is it necessary for clairvoyants when giving descriptions from the platform, to hold audible conversations with their guides or with the spirit people?"

ANSWER.—That is a matter for the clairvoyant himself. It may be considered that a clairvoyant is indulging in a theatrical display. It may be that spirit manifestations do not always conform to standards which we on this side lay down. But it must not be forgotten that we are the recipients and not the givers of the phenomena. Any clairvoyant is justified in adopting any reasonable method of working which enables him to get the most satisfactory and evidential results from his mediumship; and since no two mediums work exactly alike, in our opinion it would be folly to attempt to adapt mediumship to man-made standards.

C. SEGRAVE: "How can I best get into communication with my friends on the other side? What is the easiest, simplest or best way?"

ANSWER.—This questioner has visited a few meetings, read a few books, and had conversations with a friend. May we suggest that the questioner get into contact with the officials of the Spiritualist Church in the town in which he happens to reside? The advice of experienced Spiritualists is always useful in investigation. Personal invesgation, however, may be conducted at home by following the instructions given in the circular, "How to Form S_{μ} Circles," which will be forwarded to anyone sending stamped addressed envelope.

MR. A. DOBSON: "What did Christ mean after haing, when he said, 'Go and sin no more '?"

ANSWER.—That is essentially a matter of opin It is by no means certain that we have a verbatim rep of any words Christ ever uttered. The Books of the y Testament were written some years after the Crucifix and had to be written from memory. Quite possibly, it were then recorded at second or third hand. While general terms, therefore, the Bible forms a useful rec we think it is sheer folly to pin oneself down to the lite meaning of the specific text.

MANCHESTER AND DISTRICT GROUP.

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THE Manchester and District Group of the Lancas District Council held its annual general meeting on Sat day, Feb. 8th, at the Manchester Central Spiritualist Chur Deansgate, presided over by Mr. W. N. Platt.

The proceedings opened with a hymn and invocat Minutes of last meeting were passed, and Mr. L. G. Ander elected as associate. The financial statement, showin loss of 9s. 3d. on the year's working, and a balance in h of £18 1s., was adopted after discussion. Creden officers' report showed an attendance of 52 persons, o sisting of 21 delegates from 18 churches, 21 associates E.C. members, and 2/credential officers.

The election of officers resulted as follows: Preside Mr. C. E. Timms; vice-president, Mr. W. N. Platt; h sec., Mr. W. E. Bentley, 37, Shakespeare Street, C-or-Manchester; hon. treasurer, Mr. R. F. Brewer; committ Messrs. John Jackson, T. Connor, F. Chandley, and M dames Ashton and Timms; auditors and credential office Messrs. Bacon and Shaw; representatives to L.D.C., President and Secretary.

The Group had arranged propaganda meetings at M Side Spiritualist Lyceum Church for Sunday, March 2 and the following Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Saturday. The Hospital Fund representative, Mr. E. Oaten, had been appointed to preach at St. Mary's Chun Hulme, on Hospital Sunday, Feb. 9th. Suggestions made that a chief steward should be appointed to fa tate the working of arrangements for the Good Fri Celebrations, and Mr. Ely was elected. A notice of mo re the forming of local Groups of churches for closer operation was accepted to be placed on the agenda for next meeting, and the Council instructed to take steps recognition of ministry of Spiritualists as religious visi in hospitals. Mr. John Jackson reported that the t value of the Britten Memorial Fund was now approximate £4,750, in addition to a valuable library of books, w was continually being added to from various sources.

Invitations for the holding of quarterly meetings extended by representatives of churches at Longs Macclesfield, Gorton, and, subject to confirmation, Ca hurst. Thanks to retiring officers and to the Manches Central Spiritualist Church for kind entertainment cluded a harmonious and happy session.—F. C.

SIR ARTHUR CONAN DOYLE.

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As a RESULT of consultations with one of the lead heart specialists, Sir Arthur Conan Doyle has been orde to bed for a month, and this must be followed by a perio quietude and rest, when it is hoped that the trouble is which he is suffering as a result of overwork will be viated. A correspondent suggests that Spiritualists believe in the power of thought and prayer should set as a few moments for concentration upon the invalid, with view of helping him to a complete recovery. We sus Sunday evening between 6 and 8 p.m. Concentrathought is of great value.

NEWSY NOTES.

AFTER DEATH-WHAT ? "

"Death," said Peter Pan, "must be an awfully fine trenture. Evidently this is the opinion of many of the aders of John Bull, for when he recently solicited replies the age-worn question, "After Death—What?" nearly 100 answers were received. They are both varied and treesting. We have an agnostic, who says: "My heart dis me the soul continues the journey; my reason, that the end of the street is the cul-de-sac of annihilation." have a Theosophist, who admits: "My faith wavers tween total extinction and reincarnation." We have a spehologist, who asks himself: "How does man become attend to claim a survival after death which he denies to he ant and the elephant?" Someone who signs himself Pagan" has an idea that "death is a long, dreamless kep, just like a nice Sunday morning in bed." A Coventry taker believes "this life would be a swindle if there were thereafter." An astronomer says that "when I look at e starry bodies that occupy space I cannot help but think at some day I shall know something about them and wet their occupants." Someone once said, "It is a mad wild, my masters." After reading these letters we are impted to agree.

HOSE TESTIMONY ?

We read in vain for a letter from a Spiritualist. Whose stimony should we accept for an after-life? John Bull is given us the opinions of the astronomer, the Theosohist, the agnostic, the psychologist, and the pagan: in it, everyone's but that of the man who is an authority. We wonder whether there were no letters from Spiritualists mongst the two thousand communications received, or are they been suppressed. Spiritualists are generally and of "investigating," and it is matters like these which specially need their investigation. They should not be lowed to go unnoticed.

ALF-HEARTED POLICY.

Of all movements, the Christian Scientists lead the ay in press campaigns. No one can libel Christian Science achings without receiving a candid communication from representative of the local body. No newspaper can include its practices without receiving a frank reply from " Committee on Publication." Such committees are attered all over the country, and each deals only with the "spapers within a given boundary. What is more "portant, their criticisms are so worded that they are "ally published. What of the Spiritualists ? It is only " the hands of the press or the public, and takes no mea-"s to retaliate. The disinterested newspaper reader " watches the treatment which Spiritualists receive is " to ask : " Have the Spiritualists no answer ?" If " have, why is it not stated ?

WEAK SPOT.

For our own part, we are continually receiving newsper cuttings of Spiritualistic "exposures," and, as far as in our power, answer them. Occasionally we write to papers in question, and in no case has a reply not been blished. Who can, however, estimate the value a Correspondent-at-large "would be to the movement terally? At the moment this is a weak spot in the weement, and certainly calls for attention.

B.C. BANS SPIRITUALISM.

The Liverpool Post states that there is likely to '.' a ely controversy over the British Broadcasting Corporan's refusal to broadcast an address by Sir Arthur Conan rile, entitled "Evidence of Survival After Death." The eon for the ban on the lecture is stated to have been that was considered a form of propaganda. We, however, that Viscountess Molesworth has announced her vision to refrain from renewing her wireless licence, as a stat against the B.B.C.'s attitude. Says the Liverpool at: "Lady Molesworth, it seems, now hopes that the Post Office will prosecute her for not having a licence, in order that the matter may be publicly ventilated." Lady Molesworth has pointed out that when Sir Arthur has been touring other countries he has always been *invited* to broadcast by the local wireless authorities. When interviewed on the matter, Lady Doyle emphasised the fact that there would be no ban but for the narrow-minded theologians who advise the B.B.C.

THE " EXPLANATION."

An "explanation" was given by a B.B.C. official. He said that Sir Arthur submitted "a sample" address, and this was put before their Advisory Committee. "We do not permit the microphone to be used for propagandist causes in the way Sir Arthur's address intended," he said. We think the B.B.C. will have considerable difficulty in defining what a propaganda address exactly is. Are not the Sunday wireless services propaganda for the various organisations under whose auspices they are held? We congratulate Viscountess Molesworth for her courage and insight, and are wondering what would really happen were other Spiritualistic wireless licence holders to follow her noble example.

A PRACTICAL "GHOST."

Reynolds' publishes a remarkably convincing "ghost" story, which is circulating round the South Wales coalfield district. Some time ago an elderly lady, who was reported to be considerably wealthy, passed out suddenly, and after her burial her next-of-kin-people in poor circumstancessearched in vain for her will. Eventually it was decided to put her house on sale, but shortly before this step was taken one of the relatives was startled by a repeated scratching on the walls of her home. After a time it occurred to him that he should follow the direction the sounds took, and, doing so, was led into the garden. Here the scratching became louder, until at last, with one final and pronounced knock, it stopped at an apple tree. The relative examined the tree, and found, to his surprise, a hole had been bored into it. Thrusting his hand inside, he discovered the hole to be full of silver coins and a number of valuable bracelets ! Their mission having thus been fulfilled, the knockings ceased. We publish the statement with all reserve, since full particulars are suppressed.

TABLE PHENOMENA.

Several stories of fascinating table phenomena were outlined by the *Manchester Evening Chronicle* readers in its issue of Feb. 10th. One, who asserts himself a "confirmed sceptic," states that while living in a remote Devon village he witnessed on one night six people clining to the carved sides of a heavy mabogany table. After rocking violently it careered across the room, through the open doorway, and commenced to mount a flight of stairs. "There is nothing supernatural in the thing," another correspondent states. "If a table made of dead wood be used nothing will happen!" This statement is, of course, utterly without foundation. It would be interesting to know what there is in a "live" piece of wood which gives it intelligence. OBSERVER.

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CHRISTIAN SCIENCE.—We see the "Sunday Dispatch" has been dealing with the claims of Christian Science, and Mr. Charles Tennant, of the Christian Science Publicity Department, has replied to a number of questions based on articles by Mr. H. A. L. Fisher. Amongst other things Mr. Tennant claims that Mrs. Mary Baker Eddy owes nothing to Mr. P. P. Quimby. The truth of such statements can easily be determined by any student who is sufficiently : terested to read the "Quimby Manuscripts," which has been published at 18s. Whether the Christian Science Publicity Department are familiar with the facts or merely speak in ignorance, is an open question, but reference to the "Quimby Manuscripts" will, at any rate, settle that point beyond dispute. The book is difficult to obtain, and undoubtedly has been suppressed and destroyed in quantities, but a few copies may still be obtained from the "Two Worlds" Publishing Company.



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The 1000 Wortas can be obtained of all trewsagenis,

The Editor will not undertake to be responsible for any rejected MS, nor to return any contribution unaccompanied by a stamped and directed envelope.

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 21, 1930.

THE RISING TIDE!

STEADILY and without the blare of trumpets the great movement of Modern Spiritualism still sweeps onward. There is probably no cause which has been more bitterly attacked or more spitefully slandered than the movement which has striven to confirm the eternal faith of man in the reality of a spiritual world. The materialist has sneered, the scientist has contemptuously rejected its evidences, while the religionist has attacked it with all the bitterness meted out to an unwanted rival. But its evidences have gradually overcome the opposition, until to-day all its opponents are compelled to treat it seriously, whether they will or no ; while the most advanced, whether in the realms of materialism, science, or religion, are beginning to flirt with it, or to pat it on the head and claim that it is "a most promising child."

It has introduced a new element into the realm of religion, for it has asserted that man's survival beyond death is not a matter merely for doubt or for acceptance, but a matter rather for deep and sustained *investigation*. In a word, a rational belief must be based on facts. Spiritualism has supplied a mass of facts, bewildering in their scope and tremendous in their volume. So tremendous, in fact, that a good deal of confusion was apparent when first they appeared. Gradually, however, they have been codified and classified, and steadily there is emerging a science of psychical investigation which is capable of coordinating physical science with the science of spiritual life.

Professor Richet recently published a volume in which he presented some evidence for existence of a " sixth sense ' within man. He claimed that there is a range of sense or senses which can give access to a realm of veridical facts, which could not be cognised by the normal five senses of the body. It is a field with which Spiritualists have been familiar for eighty years. There is no gainsaying the fact that the range of senses called psychic do relate us to phenomenal effects which otherwise we should not have access to. Spiritualism, then, differs from all other movements which attempt to deal with the spirit world in the one important particular, that it bases its findings upon evidences due to the activity of the psychic senses. Such activities are loosely termed mediumship, on the ground that the individual possessing such senses is a go-between, linking the investigator on earth with the communicator behind the veil.

At one time all mediumship was looked upon as doubtful, fraudulent, hallucinatory, or as having no real basis in fact. To-day the ground of argument has shifted. The scientist is no longer able to rule out psychic faculty as an imaginary thing, or even as a form of disease, degeneration, or a primitive survival. The existence of psychic faculty in men has taken its place as a recognised fact in the world. It has explained many of the phenomena which have been sporadically manifest amongst humanity through the ages ; FEBRUARY 21, 1930

the phenomena of inspiration, of trances, dreams, visions. It has explained something of the fire we exists within martyrs, missionaries, and reformers; promptings which come from a deep stimulus of a physical type. It has helped us to realise that the a the musician, and the poet, whose gems have added be to the world, have had the basis of their genius in a stim which came from causes deeper than those which origin in physical causes.

Just as there is a scientific incredulity which is dense to admit any new truth, so is there an overwhel credulity which accepts everything at its face value, a dear old Confucius said nearly three thousand years the doctrine of the middle way constitutes probably safest path. There is one thing of which the Spirit is sure, namely, that by the use of psychic faculty a tact with the spirit world has been established. The vidual whose psychic senses are open, sees, feels, heat in some other way contacts those of his fellows who passed through "the valley of the shadow" and ema into the larger light. There are more than a million p in this country who would be prepared to testify t fact that they have had veridical and evidential mes from those whom the world calls dead. . So much has established, and, despite our opponents, from that pos there can be no retreat.

But it must not be supposed that all psychic prompt are due to discarnate spirits. Given the existence faculty which is sensitive to vibrations of a higher than those which actuate our physical senses, it doe always follow that this faculty can only be acted upon a spiritual world; and there is a tendency to be credulous in accepting every message at its face value. medium is the individual who receives in myste fashion, sensations, visions, and messages, of whose he knows little. In a large number of cases there is dence within the messages and the visions of their outside the realm of physical life. In other cases the every reason to believe that the psychic faculties are m re-acting to a stimulus which may come from the phy plane alone. A number of cases could be quoted in " trance mediums have been controlled more or less by viduals on this earth who have determined the su matter which should come through their lips. A si thing happens in hypnosis. And in such cases W reminded that "man is a spirit" even while he live earth, and that in some men there are spiritual activ which are quite as great and quite as directive as sol the energies which come from discarnate souls. The need for a more intensive inquiry into this realm. weening credulity is always the enemy of truth, and it not necessarily follow that because a message comes the a psychic that that message must have had its origin spirit world. It may have done. But who can defin limits of the spirit world ? Who can determine its ab and its disabilities : its possibilities and its permutat Let us by all means affirm our great central truths, b us be careful that we postulate only those things while evidence justifies.

MESSRS. T. WERNER LAURIE are shortly publish useful work on telepathy, entitled "Mental Radio: It Work, and How?" with an introduction by Pro-W. McDougall, the eminent psychologist. The price be 8s. 6d., and it will be copiously illustrated, and s be of intensive value to students of telepathic phenome-

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MESSES. COLLINS, SONS & Co. are shortly public new book by the well-known author, Miss H. A. I entitled "Comrades on the Homeward Way." Dallas suggests that earth life is a pilgrimage, and the dwellers therein are comrades journeying towards eternal home. Her book will comprise a useful rep the evidence which psychical research has elicited, effect that we are companioned by a greater company this world recognises. The book will be published to the end of the month, and should appeal to those of tific bent. Price 21s.

CURRENT TOPICS.

THE ARCHBISHOPS

WE see that the Archbishops are raising the question of the value of the broadcast services which are inflicted on the AND THE B.B.C. public by the B.B.C. The question is raised as to whether they are of any real service to religion at all. We have pro-

tested many times against the folly which imagines that there is anything interesting in listening to stereotyped platitudes which everybody has heard thousands of times, and in which very few are interested. The B.B.C. make the claim that a large proportion of listeners have expressed their desire for the continuance and extension of such services, but the Broadcasting Corporation knows quite as well as anyone else that organised effort has been put forward to persuade creedalists to inundate the B.B.C. with letters. Speaking for ourselves, we attend our church regularly, and have occupied a good many pulpits for other denominations, but the class of talk eulogistically alluded to as " sermons ' which we have listened to over the wire, comprise chiefly a mass of self-evident copybook platitudes plus an element of special pleading, and a number of dogmatic statements which the speakers could not maintain in a village discussion class. It has been said for many generations that the pulpit is a "coward's castle," and there is certainly no more "cowardly castle" than that of the microphone. The latest arrangements of the B.B.C. waste the major portion of Sunday afternoon in a performance which would not be creditable to the infant schools connected with any church. In conversation with listeners in tram and train, we find without exception that the people who have powerful sets always tune in to the Continent, where a good type of music is generally available. The British Broadcasting Corporation are imposing upon the poor. The quicker there is an alternative programme, the better; but then we suppose we shall have two lots of sanctimonious tripe instead of one.

WHY CANNOT AMATEURS USE THE UNUSED Hours !

MONS AGAIN.

WE recently were in the West of England, where a local amateur puts on a programme of light and popular music every Sunday morning. There are no dreary announcements, no stage setting at all, but the air is filled with music, and

there is scarcely a listener in the area who is not tuning in on Sunday morning until after lunch, when the set is promptly turned off until 9 p.m. Listeners there prefer the amateur broadcast to the B.B.C. programmes. The American system of issuing licences to broadcast has many disdayantages, but we are not at all sure that for the entertainment of the general public a modification of such a system would not be far better than the packed Corporation which endeavours to spoon-feed the public with fads and fancies under the caricatured title of education, etc. We do not hesitate to say that there has been no improvement in the service rendered to the public since the British Broadcasting Corporation took the place of the old Broadcasting Company. The B.B.C. are drawing a tremendous revenue of well over half-a-million from the general public, but the public seem to be the last people to be considered. At any rate, people who have listened to the religious services provided, get so satiated that they are never likely to go to church. Thus the services are defeating the object aimed at.

WRITING in⁷ a New York paper, Colonel THE ANGELS OF Horzenwirth, who was formerly connected with the Imperial German Intelligence Service, claims that the Angels of

Mons, which so many men at the Front claimed to have seen, were due to motion pictures thrown upon cloudbanks in Flanders by cinema machines mounted in German aeroplanes. The Colonel states that the object aimed at was to produce panic amongst the allied troops, who it was thought would refuse to fight an enemy which appeared to enjoy supernatural protection. The Colonel believes that some of the English must have been aware of the mechanism of the trick, but concludes : "Had the British Command merely issued an army order unmasking our trickery

it would not have been half as effective as the method of turning it to their own advantage by claiming that St. George, in the case of the English, and Joan of Arc in the case of the French, were bringing legions to their aid." Colonel Horzenwirth claimed that on the Russian front the practice succeeded, as the Russians refused to fight an army which was protected by a figure of the Virgin thrown on the snow clouds by a cinema lantern. Whether the story is true we cannot hope to determine. Perhaps it deserves to be true. However, the theory is interesting to psychic students because it throws light upon the matter-offact way in which modern men regard what was considered supernatural in the years gone by.

THE RUSSIAN RELIGIOUS QUESTION.

THE publicity given to the Archbishop of Canterbury's criticism of the suppression of religious freedom in Russia has excited a reply which claims to come from the leader of the Russian Church,

who denies that religion is persecuted in Russia, and claims that only those who set themselves against the Government are oppressed, and that religion is only handicapped when it makes itself a political weapon. We cannot hope to assess the truth of the matter, as the reports which come from the Soviet-ridden country are conflicting and contradictory. There, however, can be no doubt that before the war Russia was priest ridden, and in the end a revolt was bound to come. It is worthy of note, too, that Spain and Italy and Mexico, which have suffered from the dominance of the priest, have had to come under a Dictatorship in order to break the fetters which were bound about them. Such a fact may be a coincidence, but we imagine it may. have relation to fact. Now that the Pope has taken it upon himself to denounce Russian methods, we can only recall the fact that there has never been any love lost between the Roman Church and the Greek Orthodox Church, which formerly had sway in Russia. "It is a pretty quarrel, my masters." While we are all in favour of freedom of thought and practice for all religions, it may be true that religions which make themselves oppressive and attempt to fetter the liberties of others have little cause to grumble when their oppressiveness is resented. The Russian reply to the Pope stresses the fact that it ill behoves the Roman Church, whose whole history is one long tale of persecution, to cast stones at others. Some day the world will have a real religion of spiritual worth, and then these things will cease.

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VALUABLE propaganda work was done by Mrs. J. M. Shaw during a recent visit to Burslem, and as a result of her efforts the local church, which is now unattached, is considering affiliation with the Spiritualists' National Union.

THERE are certain things in life about which we would prefer not to think. But they are really only the reflections of our own characters. We can gain nothing extra, nor know nothing more, than what is already inherent in our own make-ups.-L.

WE regret to hear that Mr. Aaron Wilkinson, the wellknown clairvoyant, has had to cancel his dates owing to a breakdown in health. Mr. Wilkinson has laboured on the platform for many years, and has now been ordered a period of rest. We trust that he will be speedily restored to his normal health.

MR. J. P. SKELTON, Secretary of the Spiritualists' National Union of Canada (formerly a member of the Council of the S.N.U., England) intends to visit this country in order to attend the S.N.U. Conference on July 6th and 7th, which will this year be held at Nottingham. Mr. Skelton hopes to be in England for some weeks, and it is hoped he will be enabled to take the platform for some of our Societies.

"THE peculiar form of bigotry developed by Sir John" Reith inevitably lacks the honesty that comes from courage. Sir A. Conan Doyle, for example, is not permitted to broadcast his fantastic conception of a future life because, says the B.B.C., it is propaganda. Meanwhile, all sorts of parsons are busy preaching their religion from B.B.C. stations, and we are asked to assume that that is not propaganda."-The Freethinker.

GOLDEN WEDDING.



CONGRATULATIONS to Mr. and Mrs. J. A. and Ellen Green, who celebrated their golden wedding on Feb. 18th, 1930. They write: "Fifty years of happy married life have been blessed with the sweet companionship of spirit friends, and the loving help of our faithful spirit guides. Our fifty years of public work at home and abraod in the glorious cause of Spiritualism has made our love for each other and for our fellows stronger and brighter with the years. We send our greetings to all our many friends."

Through good repute and ill Mr. and Mrs. Green have been faithful to the service of the spirit world, and we trust that they may yet have a useful period of peace and happiness prior to service in a larger life.

PORTHCAWL STRIKES A LEAD.

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THE story of the activity now being manifested in the South Wales area, particularly in the region of Porthcawl. is a very interesting one. On January 1st, 1928, there manifested in a circle of which Mr. J. Nicholls-Turner, of Porthcawl, was a member, a spirit who forecasted that he would be permitted to assist the latter to organise propaganda meetings in the district. Mr. Turner gave the matter very little attention at the time, but now, a year later, the prophecy has been fulfilled, and a second mass meeting has just been held in Porthcawl, with Miss Lily Thomas, of Swansea, as speaker. The local "Cosy Theatre " was very comfortably filled, and the audience listened with rapt attention to the youthful trance medium. Good work is certainly being achieved in the Porthcawl district, and to the local standard bearers we extend our congratulations. and see no reason why further success should not ensue.

ADMIRAL ARMSTRONG AT CHELTENHAM.

-30

CHELTENHAM TOWN HALL was taxed to its utmost capacity on Thursday evening, Feb. 13th, when Admiral J. G. Armstrong gave a fascinating address on "Can We Communicate with the Dead?" Viscountess Selbý presided over the meeting, and Mr. A. Punter, of Luton, was the clairvoyant. The meeting was held under the auspices of the Cheltenham Spiritualist Church.

Admiral Armstrong outlined many interesting psychical experiences which had occurred to him personally. "I now speak to my wife at every opportunity, and have talked to hundreds of the departed," he stated. "I have talked to my father on many occasions, and to one of my boys, and they show absolute characteristics."

Admiral Armstrong told the story of a Scotch Presbyterian minister who, prior to passing over, preached that there was no heaven without angels and no hell without a fire. When he came back he said, "For God's sake tell me whether I have strayed into the Roman Catholic purgatory !" When he was supplied with white clouds, music, etc., he thought it was something like heaven, but when he later became bored to death with the entertainment, be cried, "For God's sake, take me out of this hell."

Admiral Armstrong wanted people to know more of t_{k} conditions under which life continued hereafter. Only Spiritualism could supply this much-needed teaching.

Mr. Punter followed the address by giving twelve claim voyant descriptions. "Ten of these were claimed a recognised by persons in the hall," states the *Gloucesteshire Echo*, reporting the meeting. "The only one of the challenged who failed to admit the spirit hovering near him as a relative or a business associate was a well-known local jeweller."

HALIFAX ACTIVITY.

20-

SPEAKING at a Re-union held in connection with St. Paul's (Halifax) National Spiritualist Church, Mr. E. W. Oaten stated that forty years ago every window in the house was smashed when he held a seance. He had been pelted in the streets of Cardiff with fish that had been to long out of the sea, and vegetables which had been too long out of the ground. Conditions to-day were, however changed, and he had been preaching from a Church of England pulpit on a recent Sunday. They had won a great battle, but they must not forget that another generation was to follow them, and they must make life better for them. Mr. Burrows presided at the evening meeting, prior to which 160 persons sat down to tea. A short address by Mr. J Wilby, one of the oldest members, was given, whilst Miss G. G. Halliday addressed the new supporters. A very enjoyable entertainment concluded the evening.

SHEFFIELD DISTRICT COMMITTEE.

THE annual meeting was held in the Parkgate N.S.C. on Feb. 2nd, Mr. S. Webb presiding. 18 churches were represented, 1.S.D.L.C., 5 E.C., 6 associates, making a total a total of 30 present. Mr. F. Cook gave a very hearty welcome to the Committee. This was suitably replied to by Mr. Webb, who also extended a welcome to several new delegates.

The minutes of the last \blacktriangle .G.M. and correspondence were read and accepted. The Secretary's action in fixing the meeting at Parkgate instead of Barnsley (North Pavement) was endorsed, with thanks to the Parkgate friends. Messre T. Carnley and W. Guest were appointed scrutineers.

Notice was given of the passing of three church members, viz.: Mr. York (Darnall), Mrs. Cooper (Woodlands), and Miss Jenkinson (Centre). A standing vote of sympathy with the relatives was accorded.

The balance sheet and auditors' report were accepted as satisfactory. Income £47 1s. 11d., expenditure £37 17s. 10d., leaving a balance of £9 4s. 1d, with assets over lisbilities of £29 2s. 7d.

The President gave his address, and stressed several important points, viz., wayside pulpits, secretaries' rally, demonstration, speakers' list, etc. It was accepted with thanks.

The Secretary submitted the annual report, which showed 30 churches, with a membership of 785, as compared with 678 members in 1928, also 50 associate members (an increase of 1), although 11 had ceased to be members during the year.

The election of officers resulted as follows: President, Mr. S. Webb; vice-president, Mr. Johnson; treasurer, Mrs. Weller; secretary, Mr. Rawlinson; Y.D.C. representative, Mr. T. Walsher; delegate to S.D.L.C., Mr. Johnson. Mr. J. Oates was co-opted to the E.C. in an advisory capacity.

Mr. Johnson gave a report of the Literature Stall, which showed a slight profit, with stock in hand. Church reports were also given, and showed steady progress.

An open session of the Lyceum was held in the afternoon. In the evening Mr. Webb presided over a propaganda meeting, and addresses were given by Messrs. Rawlinson, Johnson, Smith, and an invocation by Mrs. Thickett, who also moved a vote of thanks for a very happy and useful day, contributed to by the splendid catering arrangements.

THE TWO WORLDS

CORRESPONDENCE.

SPIRITUALISTS' NATIONAL UNION LTD.

SIR,—The Healing Committee of the above Union are esirous of recording all authentic cases of healing, and wite detailed accounts of same, accompanied where posible by statements and signatures of witnesses who can estify to their genuineness.

CHAS. E. TIMMS, Hon. Sec. "Koseren," Searby Road, Gorton, Manchester.

"THE BODY OF JESUS."

SIR,—With reference to Mr. C. Grylls' letter, "The lody of Jesus," I think the following may be of interest.

At a meeting of the Christian Psychical Research ociety, Glasgow, we were discussing what happened to the ody of Jesus after the crucifixion, when a cross appeared in the wall of the room, extending from the floor to the eling. Jesus was nailed on the cross. He appeared to be lead, and His head hung down over His breast. After a ittle time the body slowly dropped to the ground, where it ay for a few minutes, then gradually disappeared, leaving mly the loin clothes, which also soon afterwards faded way.

Then a voice spoke through the medium, who was all he time in deep trance : "You were discussing what hapened to the body of Jesus after the crucifixion : we have lustrated it to you. The body of Jesus was so highly piritualised that it dissolved into the elements in a single ught, leaving behind only the loin cloth."

DUNCAN CAMPBELL.

PROGRESS AT CREWE.

SIR,—The members of the original Spiritualist Scoiety in Crewe have quite recently purchased a building near Edleston Road Bridge, Crewe, and arrangements are in hand for it to be opened as the Crewe National Spiritualist Church, at 3 p.m., on Saturday, Feb. 22nd, when all friends will be welcome. Tea will be provided at 1s. each.

The church, which will be dedicated by Mrs. H. Cocks, J.P., of Shrewsbury, is situated near the centre of the town, and is capable of seating 300 people.

In addition to purchasing the hall the members have gone to considerable expense in order to make it a really well-appointed church, well worthy of the great spiritual tuths which will be expounded in it.

Crewe has been a Mecca for some years to people in all parts of the world, and very many have received spiritual consolation in regard to the continuity of life, and the members appeal with confidence for donations to help them in this venture to establish Spiritualism as a definite religious force in the town.

It has been well said that Crewe is noted for the building of the steam engine and for its psychic manifestations, and that it is probable that it will be remembered for the latter when the steam engine has outlived its day. Any assistance will be gratefully acknowledged by

MR. C. GAWTHORNE, Hon. Sec.

9, Derrington Avenue, Crewe.

THE S.N.U. FUND OF BENEVOLENCE.

SIR,—I have pleasure in reporting the following income for January, viz. : A Friend, £20; Trustees, Regent Hall, Rochdale, Mrs. Clegg and Mr. Hudson, £1 10s.; Catherine Call, 5s.; Bournemouth Church, 2nd donation, £5; Mr. Thompson, South Africa, £2 7s. 8½d.; Rochdale, Regent Hall, £2; Mr. and Mrs. Ward, Hull, £5; Hebden Bridge, Q; Leicester, Rupert Street Church, propaganda donation, £1 1s.; Lewisham Church, donation from an evening of Psychometry, £1 1s.; Mr. T. H. Whitmarsh, anwanted expenses from Kenton and Pembridge Place Churches, 10s.; Barrow Psycho., four quarters' members' tax, 1929, £3 18s. Total, £43 12s. 8½d.

The Committee once more wish to express their grateful thanks for the generous response from personal subscribers,

particularly the donors who wish to remain anonymous. I would remind those churches who have not contributed that the Fund is still open, and a quarterly report will be given with the amount from each area. Only 194 churches have responded to the annual appeal, so there are still over 250 churches who might subscribe a little, and thus help the fund to carry on the good work of helping the sick and needy workers. Please keep your Secretary busy in acknowledging large or small donations, which will gladden the hearts of those who are truly in need.

MARY L. STAIR, Hon. Sec. 32B, North Street, Keighley, Yorks.

MASKELYNE AND SPIRITUALISM.

SIR,—Regarding the letter of J. Barrett, appearing in your issue of the 7th, there is not one word of truth in it, and I am able to substantiate this by the following copy of a letter sent by my grandfather to a correspondent on the medium Husk :—

St. George's Hall, W., March 23rd, 1906.

DEAR SIR,—Husk greatly misrepresents the facts. He came to me many years ago with an iron wire ring upon his wrist, which had evidently been bent square after it had been put on, consequently it could not be got over his hand in that shape, but I said that if I bent it into a pear shape I thought it would come off easily. He would not allow that.

I said there was no proof of supernatural power, even if the ring were too small to pass over his hand, because it might have been cold-welded whilst on the wrist.

I took dimensions of the ring, and made one exactly the same size, which my son got on his wrist without difficulty, and his hand was larger than Husk's. Yours very truly.

(Signed) J. N. MASKELYNE.

The original of this letter is still in the possession of the one to whom it was sent, and in itself confounds those who, like Mr. Barrett would claim my grandfather a Spiritualist. It is a voice from the dead. JASPER N. MASKELYNE.

TRANSITIONS.

-X-

MR. H. W. FIELD (BIRMINGHAM).

The transition occurred on Jan. 27th of Mr. H. W. Field, founder and minister of St. Paul's Christian Spiritualist Church, Birmingham. Mr. Field's physical abscence is deeply felt by the members of the church which he founded, and whom he now leaves behind.

MRS. JOSEPH BRIGGS (SOUTHPORT).

It is with regret that we announce the transition of Mrs. Joseph Briggs, of Southport, who passed behind the veil on Thursday, Jan. 30th. Mrs. Briggs had a slight stroke on Christmas Eve, from which she never completely recovered. The interment took place on Monday, Feb. 3rd. We have not yet received full particulars, but Mrs. Briggs will be remembered as one of the early workers in the cause at Huddersfield well over forty years ago. She was the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George Hepplestone, who were amongst the founders of the Huddersfield Church. She married Mr. Joseph Briggs, Mr. and Mrs. Briggs were active in the church for many years, and their home was well known to most of the popular mediums and speakers in the movement in those days. Some time ago the family removed to Southport, and though they have been less active than formerly in consequence of advancing years, their interest in the movement has never waned. We offer our sincere condolences to Mr. Briggs and family, and trust that the sense of Mrs. Briggs' presence may comfort and sustain them. x

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SOCIETY ADVERTISEMENTS.

Forest Hill Christian Spiritualist Church BEADNELL RD., FOREST HILL, S.E.23.

SUNDAY, FEB. 23RD, at 11-15, PUBLIC CIRCLE. At 3, LYCEUM. At 7, MRS. MELLOY. TUESDAY, at 3, MRS. PRINCE. At 7-30, HEALING CIRCLE. THURSDAY, at 8, PUBLIC CIRCLE. FRIDAY, at 8, SPECIAL GENERAL MEETING,

Hackney Spiritualist Church, 240a, Amhurst Road, N.

SUNDAY, FEB. 23RD, at 3. LYCEUM. At 7, MRS. B. STOCK. MONDAY, at 3, MRS. STOCKWELL. At 8, MRS. CHIPLIN. TUESDAY, at 8, MEMBERS ONLY. WEDNESDAY, at 8, HEALING CIRCLE. THURSDAY, at 8, OPEN CIRCLE. Silver Collection. FRIDAY, at 8, LYCEUM MEETING. SUNDAY, MAR. 2ND, MRS. M. CROWDER

Hackney Independent Lyceum Church 41, PEMBURY ROAD (Second Gateway on left in Downs Park Road).

SUNDAY, FEB. 23RD, at 3, LYCEUM. At 6-30, MR. WALTER KNIGHT, Address and Clairvoyance. OPEN CIRCLE after Service. THURSDAY, at 8, MR. D. SERGEANT.

SUNDAY, MAR. 2ND, MR. & MRS. BAIN.

Hanwell Spiritualist Church, 120, UXBRIDGE ROAD.

SUNDAY, FEB. 23RD. at 3, LYCEUM. At 7, Mrs. A. NUTLAND. WEDNESDAY, at 3, PSYCHOMETRY. THURSDAY, at S, SERVICE.

Harringay Christian Spiritualist Mission 1, SALISBURY PARADE, ST. ANN'S RD. (Side Door, Boot Shop).

SUNDAY, FEB. 23RD, at 11, SERVICE. At 7, MISS EVA CLARKE. TUESDAY, at 8, FREE HEALING CIRCLE MR. CUMINGS in attendance. WEDNESDAY, at 8, MRS. C. YOUNG.

Harrow Spiritualist Society, GREENHILL HALL, STATION ROAD, HARROW-ON-THE-HILL.

SUNDAY, FEB. 23RD, at 6-30, MR. PUNTER, Address and Clairvoy-

ance. WEDNESDAY, at 8, INVITATION EVENING for Members Only. SUNDAY, MAR. 2ND, ALDERMAN DAVIS.

Hendon and Golders Green National Spiritualist Fellowship, THE LIBERAL ROOM, 1, BELL TERRACE HENDON (Opposite " The Bell " bus stop).

SUNDAY, FEB. 23RD, at 6-45, MRS. BALMER, Address and Clairvoyance. At 8, HEALING CIRCLE.

Hounslow Spiritual Mission, Corner of DOUGLAS ROAD, HANWORTH RD. (opposite Congregational Church).

SUNDAY, FEB. 23RD, at 6-45, MISS MOORE, Speaker and Clairvoy't. WEDNESDAY, at 3, LADIES' GUILD, MRS. F. TYLER, Speaker and Clairvoyant; also at 8.

Kensington Spiritualist Church, Lindsay Hall, The Mall, Notting Hill Gate.

SUNDAY, FEB. 23RD, at 6-30, MISS L. THOMAS. MONDAY, at 8, in Small Hall, MISS GRACE COLLYNS. THURSDAY, at 8, in Small Hall, OPEN CIRCLE.

THE TWO WORLDS



llford Psychical Research Society, CLEMENTS ROAD, ILFORD.

SUNDAY, FEB. 23RD, at 7, MRS. A. E. CANNOCK.

THURSDAY, at 3, LADIES' MEETING, MRS. CALWAY. FRIDAY, at 8, MRS. LINES. SUNDAY, MAR. 2ND, MRS. E. NEVILLE.

Independent Spiritualist Church, 79, BEDFORD ROAD, CLAPHAM, N.

SUNDAY, FEB. 23RD, at 6-45, † MRS. FLORENCE LANE, Address and Clairvoyance. THURSDAY, at 7-45, OPEN CIRCLE. SUNDAY, MAR. 2ND, MRS. BYCROFT.

Kingston Spiritualist Church, VILLIERS ROAD, KINGSTON.

SUNDAY, FEB. 23RD, at 11, MR. B. LELLIOTT. At 3, LYCEUM. At 6-30, MR. BUCHAN FORD. WEDNESDAY, at 7-30, MRS. N. MELLOY. FRIDAY, at 8, MEMBERS' CIRCLE and HEALING.

Lewisham Spiritualist Church, LIMES HALL, LIMES GROVE, LEWISHAM Opposite Prince of Wales Playhouse).

SUNDAY, FEB. 23RD, at 11-15, CIRCLE. At 2-45, LYCEUM. At 6-30, MRS. E. ROBERTS, Address and Clairvoyance. MONDAY, at 3, LADIES' OWN, To be arranged. At 8, PUBLIC HEALING CIRCLE. TUESDAY, at 8, STUDY CLASS. WEDNESDAY, at 8, MRS. MAUNDER, Psychometry. FRIDAY, at 8, MEMBERS' DEVELOPING CIRCLE.

CIRCLE.

Little Ilford Christian Spiritualist Church. THIRD AVENUE, MANOR PARK, E.

SUNDAY, FEE. 23RD, at 7, MRS. PODMORE. MONDAY, at 3, LADIES' MEETING. TUESDAY, at 8, HEALING SERVICE. WEDNESDAY, at 8, MRS. MURRAY. THURSDAY, at 8, WHIST SOCIAL, 6d. SATURDAY, MAR. 1ST, at 7-30, "SLEEPING BEAUTY," by LYCEUM "FROLICS." Adults, 6d., Children, 3d. SUNDAY, MAR. 2ND, MISS M, MORETON.

London District Council of the S.N.U. Discussion Group. Meetings held at MINERVA ROOMS, 144, HIGH HOLBORN, W.C., at 8 p.m.

MONDAY, FEB. 24TH, at 8, MR. H. BODDINGTON (Dipl. S.N.U.) Subject, "Theosophic Assumption versus Facts." Everybody welcome. Discussion invited

Manor Park Spiritualist Church, Corner of SHREWSBURY ROAD and STRONE ROAD.

SUNDAY, FEB. 23RD, at 11. HEALING CIRCLE. At 3, LYCEUM. At 6-30, MR. NASH. THURSDAY, at 3 and 8, MRS. TIMMS. SUNDAY, MAR. 2ND, MR, TURPIN.

FEBRUARY 21, 1930

SOCIETY ADVERTISEMENTS. New Southgate National Spiritualit Church, Adult School Hall, Palmer's Roan SUNDAY, FEB. 23RD, at 7, MR. G. T. WYATT. SUNDAY, MAR. 2ND, MRS. C. YOUN Shepherd's Bush Spiritualist Society, 3, BECKLOW RD., ASKEW RD., W

SUNDAY, FEB. 23RD, at 11, OPEN CIRCL At 6-30, MR. W. D. WILDE, Address and Clairvoyance. THURSDAY, at 8, OPEN CIRCLE.

South London Spiritualist Mission, LAUSANNE HALL, LAUSANNE ROAD PECKHAM, S.E.15.

SUNDAY, FEB. 23RD, at 11-30, CIRCLE At 7, Mr. J. G. POLLARD, Address.

THURSDAY, at 8, MRS. B. STOCK, Address and Clairvoyance.

SUNDAY, MAR. 2ND, MRS. B. PETZ. Clairvoyant Artist.

LYCEUM Every SUNDAY at 3. HEALING CIRCLE, TUESDAYS at 8-15.

Streatham Spiritual Brotherhood, 10, MITCHAM LANE, adjoining Fire Str.

SUNDAY, FEB. 23RD, at 6-30, MR. J. ALLSUP, also at After-Circle THURSDAY, at 3, MRS. HENDERSON At 8, OPEN CIRCLE.

Streatham Christian Spiritualist Church TUDOR HALL, PINFOLD ROAD (Adjoining Streatham Library).

SUNDAY, FEB. 23RD, at 6-30, MRS. S. D. KENT. WEDNESDAY, at 3, MRS. MAUNDER, Address and Clairvoyance. At 8, MRS. B. STOCK, Address. SUNDAY, MAR. 2NP, MR. H. BODDING-TON.

Surbiton Christian Spiritualist Church MAPLE ROAD, SURBITON.

SUNDAY, FEB. 23RD, at 11-15, LYCEUM. At 3, Address and Psychometry. At 6-30, Mr. F. H. WALL, Address and Clairvoyance. WEDNESDAY, at 3 and 7-30, Mrs. FILL MORE, Address and Clairvoyance.

Tottenham Spiritualist Church, WARMINGTON HOUSE, 744, HIGH ROAD.

SUNDAY, FEB. 23RD, at 3, LYCEUM At 7, MRS. BUSSEY. SUNDAY, MAR. 2ND, MRS. YORK.

The Church of the Master Christ, ILFORD CHRISTIAN SPIRITUALIST CENTRE, DURBAN RD., SEVEN KINGS Trains : Liverpool St. to Seven Kings Trams and Buses to Seven Kings Str.

SUNDAY, MARCH 9TH, at 6-30, "ZODIAC," a Teacher in the Temple at the time of Our Lord. Medium : WINIFRED MOYES.

Wembley Spiritualist Society, UNION HALL, EALING RD., WEMBLEY

SUNDAY, FEB. 23RD, at 6-30, MRS. BODDINGTON.

Address and Clairvoyance.

ALL disease begins and ends in the mind. Consult ANDERTON HULME, Psy-chologist and Healer, 37, Upper Glow cester Place, London, N.W.1.

SOCIETY ADVERTISEMENTS.

The Church of the Spirit, 24A, CHURCH ROAD, CROYDON.

SUNDAY, FEB. 23RD, at 11, MR. PERCY O. SCHOLEY. At 6-30, REV. G. VALE OWEN. WEDNESDAY, at 8, MRS. V. REDFERN, Address and Clairvoyance.

West Ealing Spiritualist Church, HESSEL ROAD.

SUNDAY, FEB. 23RD, at 6-45, MR. WILKINSON, Address and Clairvoyance. WEDNESDAY, at 7-45, ADDRESS and CLAIRVOYANCE.

Wood Green Christian Spiritualist Church, BRADLEY HALL, BRADLEY ROAD, STATION ROAD.

SUNDAY, FEB. 23RD, at 11-15, SERVICE At 7, MRS. L. CORNWELL. WEDNESDAY, at 8, MADAME BISHOP ANDERSON. LYCEUM every SUNDAY at 3.

Jewish Spiritualist Centre,

GARDEN HALL, 140, HANBURY STREET E.I. (corner of Gt. Garden Street, Whitechapel and Hanbury Street, Commercial Street).

SUNDAY, FEB. 23RD, at 5-30, LECTURE by MR. M. BARBANELL (Dipl. S.N.U.). Clairvoyance by MR. S. ISTED.

Meetings held on Monday and Thursday Evenings at 75, Hanbury Street, Commercial Street, at 8-30.

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 WEDNESDAY, MAR. 12TH, "The Secret of Spiritual Healing" (with De-monstrations)

- Monstrations). WEDNESDAY, MAR. 19TH, "The Inward Meaning of Psychic Phemonena."

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CENTRAL LONDON SPIRITUALIST SOCIETY, Minerva Rooms Rooms, 144, High Holborn, W.C.I.—Hon. Sec., C. J. BROWN, LL.B., 60, Denbigh Street, Victoria, S.W.1.

COLLYHURST NATIONAL SPIRITUALIST CHURCH, Collyhurst Street, Manches-ter.—MR. H. TOMLINSON, 9, Irlam Street, Newton Heath, Manchester.

LIVERPOOL NATIONAL SPIRITUALIST CHURCH, DAULBY HALL, DAULBY ST. MRS. S. RAYMOND, "West Leigh," Morningside Road, Bootle, Liverpool.

PETERBOROUGH SPIRITUALIST SO-CIETY.—MRS. ABBOTT, 104, Welling-ton Street, Peterborough.

ROCHESTER SQUARE SPIRITUALIST TEMPLE, OFF CAMDEN ROAD, N.W.1.— Hon. Sec.: MR. CHAS. R. TIMS, 37, Ospringe Road, Kentish Town, N.W.5.

STRETFORD SPIRITUALIST CHURCH, WATSON STREET. — New Secretary : ME. CHAS. ED. ATKIN, 38, Coniston Road, Stretford, Manchester.

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- LESSON I.—Advent (B.S.L.U. Text Book summarises the beginning of Modern Spiritualism, with names, dates and facts relating to the murder of Charles B. Rosna.
- SON 2.—Andrew Jackson Davis. Birth, life, transition and medium-LESSON istic development. His spirit guides. Evidence that he was not an ordinary mesmeric subject. His biosticae to Lycoum teaching objections to Lyceum teaching.
- LESSON 3.—Seven Principles. How formed. Why adopted. Was Jesus a Theist? How the Spiritualist concept of God differs from orthodoxy. What is meant by Christ. Why Spiritualism is a religion of reform. How the doctrine of salvation by faith produces knaves and hypocrites
- LESSON 4.—Booklet by A. L. Ware-ham: "Ideas of God." Gods of all nations. A philosophic treatise on the attributes of God.
- LESSON 5.—Pioneers of Spiritualism— and the result. Origin of S.N.U. and B.S.L.U. Societary difficul-ties. A list of questions for Examination and Study Group Purposes is attached. Alfred Kitson's "Bible Studies" (1/1 post free) is recommended with this section this section.

Specimen leaves and all particulars on application to the Director :

H. BODDINGTON,

17, ASHMERE GROVE, LONDON,

S.W.2.

Miscellaneous Advertisements.

RONALD BRAILEY, Clairvoyant, Psychometrist. At Home, 3 to 7. Circles, Tuesdays and Fridays at 8.—90, Sunny Gardens, Hendon. Phone: Hendon 1888

CHARLES A. SIMPSON, the Healer (Control, "Dr. Lascelles"), receives Patients daily by appointment at 29, Queen's Gate, Kensington, S.W.7.

MARIAN MORETON. At Home, 1 to 5. Week-end excepted. Circles. Psycho-metry. Tuesday, 3. Friday, 6-30. Dis-cussion. Clairvoyance. Tuesday, 6-30. 64, Newman Street, Oxford Street, W.1.

MRS. E. A. CANNOCK, 56, Barrowgate Road, Chiswick, holds an At Home every Thursday at 3. Mornings re-served for Diagnosis and Treatment. Phone: Chiswick 1184.

MRS. B. HAMILTON holds Public De veloping Classes every Monday and Friday at 8. Saturdays at 8. Circle for Psychometry, Sundays at 7. Short ad-dress and Psychometry.—69, West-bourne Grove, Bayswater, London, W.2. (exactly opposite Post Office).

MRS. HUGHES holds Spiritual Services (Trance) Sundays at 7, Tuesdays and Fridays at 8.—311, King Street (side door), Hammersmith, nr. Ravens-court Park.

MRS. LILLY, the Gifted Healer, re-ceives patients daily for treatment. Trance diagnosis by spirit doctor. Clair-Trance diagnosis by spirit doctor. Clair-voyant and Clairaudient. Miraculous cures effected. Fees very moderate. Many successful absent treatment cases. Mrs. Lilly is holding a Free Heal-ing Clinic for children every Wednesday afternoon at 3. Write for appointment to 19, Stourcliffe Street, Edgware Road, W.2. (near Marble Arch).

MRS. MAYES, 7, Fairmile Avenue, Gleneagle Road, Streatham, holds Circles on Sundays and Tuesdays. At home after 5 p.m.

MRS. WILLIAM EDWARDS, Trance Speaker, Clairvoyante, Psychometriste, "At Home," Tuesdays and Fridays, 3 to 5.—15, Champion Grove, Denmark Hill, S.E.5.

ROBERT DAVIES, Dipl. S.N.U., holds "At Homes" every Tuesday at 8. Wed-nesdays at 3 and 8. Clairvoyance and Psychometry demonstrated at Beech House, 83, Cleveland Road, Higher Crumpsall, Manchester.

VERA MERVYN, Trance. Drawing Room Meeting, Sunday at 7, Thursday at 3-30. Classes : Tuesday and Friday at 8. "At Homes " attended.—52, Pen-nard Road, London, W.12.

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RHEUMATISM THE SAFETY VALVE RHEUMATISM THE SAFETY VALVE AGAINST CONSUMPTION AND CANCER. The Cause, Treatment and Cure of Rheumatism, Consumption and Cancer. Book by late Dispenser with Dr. Talbot (London), Specialist in Cancer, Con-sumption and Rheumatism, sent post free, six penny stamps.—Mr. MASON, 37, Winchester Street, South Shields.

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