



The Two Morlds

An Exponent of the Spiritual Philosophy of the Present Century.

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ist and Anti-Christ : Their Relation to Spiritualism.

Alfred Kitson.

THERE is much misconception in the mind of the in reader as to the meaning of the term "Christ," meral impression being that it is a surname. Perhaps fror has arisen through the early impressions made receptive mind of the child in its Sunday school ing, where it is taught to believe in the Lord Jesus as being the saviour of mankind. These early issions are confirmed by the preachers, who in their mis invariably use the phrase, "Our Lord and Saviour, "Christ."

The ranks of Spiritualists are being continually augad by those who have been trained in the Christian who naturally retain, with a feeling of reverential heir early impressions of phrases and terms used in disistian Sunday schools and churches. Thus they naturally a bias or leaning to their use in the services a Spiritualists' churches, and often are shocked at absence from the addresses, and the articles that arin the Spiritualistic press. Such people are apt to an "Oh, you don't believe in Jesus Christ, you never in his name."

Christian Sunday school teachers would pause to to their scholars, and the preachers to their congrethat the term "Christian" has reference to a certain it religious enthusiasts who, because of anointing lyes, or using oil, were, for that habit, first called dans" at Antioch (Acts xi. 26), and that term was igainst them as a term of derision, or mockery, to them in the estimation of the people, this error in the been made. This is something similar reopponents of Spiritualism calling the pioneers of talism "table rappers, spirit rappers," etc., as an to ridicule them in the eyes of the public.

The term "Christ" is the untranslated and contracted word "Christos," meaning anointed (the equivalent word is "Christus"). By dropping the "os," the lators led the unlettered Christians to give it a false misleading value, in so far as they were led to look it is being specially applicable to Jesus, and to him The translators treated the Greek term "Angelos" is ame way. 'They dropped the last two letters and he word untranslated, thus leading the devout Christo assume that the term angel referred to an order of ally oreated spiritual beings, whereas the term how means "a messenger," applicable to all spirits purvey or communicate messages to earth people.

here is another Christian term relating to anointing, "chrism," derived from the Greek word "chrio," ig "to anoint." The oil used for this purpose is obd "consecrated" (or blessed) by the Bishop, and is in the Boman Catholic and Greek churches on the istation of baptism, confirmation and "extreme "." The term "unction" is derived from the Latin "untio," and means "to anoint," and "extreme " simply means the using of the consecrated oil asick person just before that person dies, or in cases there," necessity. This term is a survival of the another and is used as a priestly phrase to impressudent the ignorant worshippers with a we and wonderthe mystery of the sacrament.

ring in mind that the word 'Christos,' from which in Thrist is derived, simply means anointed, the ill be surprised to learn there are many "anointed"

or "christos" mentioned in the Old Testament. Saul was "christos" the first King of Israel by the prophet Samuel by the express direction of Jehovah, or Yahveh, the tribal god of the Israelites (I. Sam. ix. 9 and x. 1).

Perhaps this incident of anointing Saul the first King of Israel by the command of Yahveh has led to the kings and queens of Christendom being regarded as holy and consecrated to the service of God, and holding their kingship by divine right, for we learn that even when King Saul was in disfavour with Yahveh, and David had been chosen to rule in his place (which naturally led to strife between them, so that Saul sought to slay David on several occasions), and when David was about to secretly cut off the slirt of Saul, which would belittle him in the estimation of his people, he felt that it would be a great wrong, for. "He said unto his men, Jehoyah forbid that I should do this thing unto my lord, Jehovah's anointed'' (I. Sam, xxvi. 6, American Revised Version). And again, when the young man who found Saul leaning on his spear to put an end to his life, and could not, was commanded by Saul to draw his sword and put an end to his anguish, on reporting the incident to David, David ordered that the young man should be slain for having despatched the wounded king. "And David said unto him, Thy blood be upon thy head, for thy mouth hath testified against thee, saying, I have slain Jehovah's anointed," that is "christos" (II. Sam. i. 14).

The custom of using consecrated oil is still practised by the Archbishops of the Christian Church at all coronation ceremonics, and the kings and queens so anointed are "christos." But does this apply to Jesus as the "christos"? There is no record of him having been officially anointed. The incident given in Matthew, where the woman who poured the contents of an alabaster box of ointment on the head of Jesus, did not do it to consecrate him at the commencement of his mission, "she did it to prepare me for my burial," said Jesus (Matt. xxvi. 12).

Luke describes the woman as a "sinner," who wet the feet of Jesus with her tears, and wined them with her hair, and then anointed them with ointment from an alabaster cruse (vii. 37-38).

St. John's account agrees with that of Luke in that the ointment was poured on the FEET of Jesus, but he says that the woman who performed this act of admiration of Jesus was Mary, the sister of Lazarus (xii. 3).

Thus we see that, taking the most favourable account of the anointing of Jesus, that of Matthew, it was not to consecrate him for his life's mission as the saviour of mankind, but it was avowedly "to prepare him for burial."

The one other incident on which the claim is based is to be found in Luke iv. 18 and 19. In the context we are told that Jesus paid a visit to Nazareth, where he had been brought up, and on the Sabbath he entered the Synagogue and stood to read, when the book of Isaiah was handed to him, and he read from lxi. 1 and 2: "The spirit of the Lord is upon me, because he anointed me to preach good tidings to the poor; he hath sent me to proclaim release to the captive, and recovery of sight to the blind i to set at liberty them that are bruised, to proclaim the acceptable year of the Lord." On ending the reading he said to them, "To-day hath this scripture been fulfilled in your cars" (verse 21). Here we have Jesus represented as claiming that the statement made by Isaiah more than 700 years before Jesus was born, referred to himself.

It will also be noticed that neither Isaiah nor Jesus' were "christos" (anointed). Isaiah's claim to be anointed was by the spirit of the Lord Jehovah being upon him. In other words, he was inspired "to preach good tidings unto the weak; to blid up the broken-hearted, to proclaim, liberty to the captive, and to open the prison doors to them that are bound.

On reference to Smith's Biblical Dictionary, under this head he says, "Anointing, in Holy Scripture, is either first, material with oil, or second, spiritual with the Holy Ghost (spirit power)." In I. Chron. xvi. 8-36, and Psalms cv. 15, the priests are called "the anointed" or "christos." Now, it is quite evident from the above evidence that Jesus was only "christos" (anointed) in a spiritual sense, and the descent of the spirit power was not when he read the brief extract from Isaiah's writings, as recorded in Luke, but at his baptism in the river Jordan in the form of a dove, symbolical of peace, goodwill and harmony. In Acts x. 38, Peter tells "how God anointed him (Jesus) with the holy spirit, and with power" (A.R.V.).

In I. Corinthians x. 1-4, Paul refers to the manifesta-tions, of the spirit as a "christos" manifestation. He says, "For I would not, brethren, have you ignorant that our fathers were all under a cloud, and all passed through the sea, and were all baptised unto Moses in the cloud and in the sea; and all did eat the same spiritual food; and all did drink the same spiritual drink; for they drank of the spiritual rock that followed them, and the rock was Christ'' (A.R.V.).

Now, it is self-evident that the "rock" that followed the Children of Israel cannot be meant to be taken literally, but esoterically, in which sense it signifies Truth. And that truth was "christos" of spirit power, guidance and inspiration. This spirit power and guidance appeared unto them as a pillar of cloud by day, which led them through the wilderness, going before them when it desired them to march, and moved to the rear of their camp at night and appeared as a pillar of fire to protect them from attack. 'This is, also, the "christos" of Jesus, which was not to be specially confined to him but to be shared among his disciples; and he promised it to others, for he said, "Verily, verily, I say unto you, he that believeth on me, the works that I do shall he do also; and greater works than these shall he do, because I go unto the Father" (John xiv. 12).

The working of the spirit power among his disciples was powerfully manifested on the day of Pentecost when "suddenly there came from heaven the sound as the rushing of a mighty wind, and it filled all the house where they were sitting. And there appeared unto them tongues parting asunder, like as of fire; and it sat upon each one of them. And they were all filled with the Holy Ghost (spirit power), and began to speak with other tongues as the spirit gave them utterance" (Acts ii. 2-4).

Thus we see that the term Christ is not a proper name, but is a contraction of "christos," meaning "anointed," of ther with consecrated oil or consecrated by spirit power to bless, instruct and comfort suffering humanity.

"Christ" not being a proper name, it is not correct for Christians or Spiritualists to say Jesus Christ, which is equivalent to saying "Jesus Anointed," they should say Tesus the Christ, or Jesus the Anointed, he having been spiritually anointed when the spirit power descended on him in the symbolical form of a dove when he was baptised. If Christians and Spiritualists will correct their habit of saying "Jesus Ohrist," and instead say "Jesus the Christ," saying "Jesus Unrist," and instead say "Jesus the Christ," much misunderstanding and annoyance will be saved the Christians, who will realise that they themselves erred when they charged the Spiritualists, with not believing in Jesus Christ." They do believe that he was "christos," or spiritually anointed and dedicated to bless humanity.

This term "christos" is as applicable to-day in its spiritual significance to all those devoted men and women who have received spirit power as it was on the day of Pantecost, for they speak with other tongues. They preach glad tidings of great joy to the mourner, bind up the broken hearted, and give messages from the beloved ones, whom the Church has taught is to believe were dead. This spiritual "christos" is in operation in the world to day. and is known as Modern Spiritualism, to distinguish it from Ancient Spiritualism, so fully recorded in the Bible.

ANTI-CHRIST

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Theyare Who are the anti-Christ or anti-christos? who deny Modern Spiritualism. For what does the term mean other than they who are AGAINST the anointed and dowered with spirit power, and by it conse the service of humanity? So anti-Christ to-da Spiritualism, as has been so often proclaimed tians, but is that system of teaching which is opp the development and use of those spiritual gifts forth by Paul in I. Corinthians xii, and in his adv the orderly conducting of spiritual meetings as set chapter xiv. of the same book. Everyone who opp denounces spiritual manifestations is an anti-Christ in the Church of England or any of the various di churches.

If there were less PREACHING and more TEACHING the meaning and spiritual value of many of the wo phrases commonly used in the pulpits, Christians not be led to make errors as they now do, and muc understanding in relation to Spiritualism would be

Oil Found in a Dream. Guided by a Ghost. G. C. Porter.

[The following article appeared in the 'Calgary Herald," of Canada. The writer, Mr. G. C. Porta at one time editor of a daily newspaper in Winnip taken a deep interest in psychical matters for many and is well-known and highly respected in Winniper

PSYCHIC force is a factor in the development Southern Alberta oil field. If you believe in d here's your chance, that is, if you don't object drilling operations being guided by a ghost ! This joke, it is real romance in the oil industry--the gamble in the realm of speculation.

Holy writ is authority for the inspiration that men shall see visions and old men dream dreams old Hebrew prophet's assertion is taken very literally least one instance here, for not only does T. J. Ja base the organisation of a \$600,000 oil company advice of a ghost that appeared to him in a dream, but all investors who buy his stock shall understand the hazard he incorporated under the name of the D field Oil Co."

Mr. Jamieson broadcasts his dream by the feature of his prospects, describing h spirit of his father, a pioneer minister of Ontario, to him while sleeping and informed him of a spot in § Alberta where a drill would pierce a vast pool of wraith of his father used names of towns his son h heard of and gave him such topographical info that he could not be mistaken. Then in his dream a vision that fixed clearly in his mind the scene that when he visited the spot he recognised it inst

Listen-the very spot where the drill must be was marked by the ghost of Mr. Jamieson's father mound of earth was built up by another spiri appeared in the dream party. The ghost of the old told his son : "Drill here ; hurry, you will find oil Mr. Jamieson went to the scene as pictured in the found the names of post offices and landmarks of had never heard before that night, precisely as d He did not act with sufficient speed to satisfy guide, and again the vision appeared and warned to speed up if he would reap a golden reward.

So the Dreamfield Oil Company, Ltd., filed registrar of joint stock companies at Edmonton, can existence. It is in no spirit of levity that the entern commonly referred to in oil circles as "Jamieson company," for the rough and ready characters whe the fortunes of oil and herd where the smell of p rises over the landscape like a poisonous pall, take short-cut in words as well as action.

And they are not facetious in their grim ne superstition is very general among those virile than who do the rough work of the oil country. They be in occult manifestations, for have they not seen mo one gusher located with "divining rods," triangulars ments of green twigs held in the mouth of some with character or vagabond?

TWO WORLDS

T 11, 1922

THE TWO WORLDS

Lanyway, they don't laugh in the Sweetgrass the name of the Dreamfield Oil Company. by should they, when several thousand dollars en placed in the venture, two holes drilled and, va \$1,500 pump is being brought in by the comto force oil seapage out of the sands which the drill metrated. The place indicated to Jamieson is Lethbridge and the Pakowki lakes, Eastward, and selakes the Imperial and other interests have acquired An examination by a geologist rather verified the message and improved the possibilities of organising Midicate. T. J. Jamieson, of Lethbridge, is President; m Porter, of Lethbridge, vice-president; Frank dington, of Lethbridge, secretary-treasurer; and A. Brownlee, Lucky Strike, S. G. Jamieson, Bow id. directors.

This is not a stock-selling syndicate. They may be by a ghost, but the men who have placed their faith in each are not in the oil industry to "sell certificates.", stock is held among themselves and a few friends. that forty thousand dollars has been expended thus and President Jamieson has made a vow, in the presence afather's spirit, that he will devote all the money he is from the business to the hospital for the care of children. So this is a serious ghost story."

Here is the dream that is responsible for the venture even behind the Dreamfield Company. It is a part the prospectus and is signed by T. J. Jamieson, the ident: --

During the early winter of 1917, I was visited by my er, Hugh Jamieson, who was one of the early pioneers bewest and spoken of by all who knew him as a thorough stan gentleman. He passed away some fifteen years breastern Saskatchewan. Since that time I have had sonal visits from him during my sleep. In every case were him plainly and heard his voice quite as naturally then he talked to me in life herc.

Never has he told me anything that has not proved key true. Since he was a man who would have any misleading statement during his lifetime here, whimkable to me that there should be any doubts as statement, given in this instance.

Soming to my bedside, he said : 'Come into the southi will show you the oil deposit of Southern Alberta.' i we were in a strange part of the country, when a party appeared and began a circuit of a large area, is words that at that time meant nothing to me. completing the circuit, he, the third party, plainly to me, measured certain distances, which I underand kneeling down made a small mound with his This I was informed was the place to plant my W this juncture my father raised his hand, and I decawake.

immediately insured my memory by writing an of what had occurred, together with the words On looking up a map of the country I found each be the name of a post office, and later on, visiting net, I went directly to the spot where I was told This was the first time in my life that I had ever arther south in Alberta than Medicine Hat, I having imparative stranger to Southern Alberta at the Further than seeing the field at this time I did nothing months, when my father again came and chided delay, telling me that I now knew the location and the responsibility was mine for its development. this time he unmistakably identified the first referring to it and reminding me that the spot man marked was the place to drill and telling o the colour of the soil and concluded by saying et anything discourage you and stick to the spot. oil there in vast quantities. Now, I want you to

It is a significant fact that, while I had never heard a district before, I should find every post office in order as the names were given to me in the dream, here wonderful still that I should recognise the disand discover that this particular district had for many been regarded by the geological profession as one of ast promising oil prospects in Southern Alberta.

ld to this fact that already two companies haveimpressed with its possibilities that the had drilled but a few miles distant, and while not securing a commercial well, they have unmistakably proven the existence of oil in this part of the country."

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Mr. Jamicson is a devoutly religious man, and talks of his father's visits to him since his death in a most matter of fact way. In his mind there is no doubt that he has been guided in important affairs by this parental spirit for fifteen years. He insists that frequently the manifestation has appeared to him and given him information that has proven correct and valuable. He is not a Spiritualist and does not pretend to have studied the occult or to know anything about psychic influences.

The men associated with him in the Dreamfield Oil Company take the matter seriously, and while having no particular faith in ghosts and spirits, believe that there is something in the inspiration of President Jamieson. And it is worth noting that many experienced oil men are not scoffing at the venture, for, they say, "oil is where you find it."

Let Us Stand Together.

SPIRITUALISTS have the same decisions to make all over the world. The question of the necessity of affirming our Spiritualistic principles was decided by an over-whelming majority at the recent Conference. At about the same time Mrs. E. Harlow Goetz was writing in the question column of the "National Spiritualist," U.S.A., on the same subject, and we find her expressing the view endorsed by our conference in the following words :--

"QUESTION.—Are Spiritualists required, and should they be required to subscribe publicly and unequivocally to an acceptance of the Declaration of Principles of the N.S.A. before becoming members of any Auxiliary of the N.S.A., and if so, why?

"ANSWER.—Yes, people joining the local churches are asked to subscribe to the N.S.A. Declaration of Principles, and that publicly.

"It is no more than right. The N.S.A. Principles are the recognised standard of our belief and knowledge on the fundamental question of our Cause. If one cannot subscribe to them he is not ready to be a member of our churches, for just adding the fact of spirit communion to one's beliefs already held does not constitute a Spiritualist. And the time is here when persons coming to us from other churches as speakers should be obliged to publicly announce their beliefs and understanding of these Principles.

"I think the time is here when a By-Law should be enacted requiring this, for people to come among us as speakers and teachers and then denounce or ignore our standard does much harm. It confuses and distracts the public. They could not go into any other church and ignore or denounce its fundamental standard and be tolerated for one minute, and why should we endure such things?

"If one cannot subscribe to our Principles, then they should not ask to be recognised by us as one of our leaders in even the smallest society. The purpose of all this is to present the Truth we have at its best. It must be done by organisation; we must have standards. Those who represent us must be representative of our standards.

"We have been too careless and let people go unchallenged among us and it weakens and divides our following into factions. What we need more than any other one thing is SOLIDARITY, and this can only come by a united stand on a common basis of Declaration to the world of large."

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DEVONPORT SPIRITUALIST CHURCH, KER ST. — A bazaar and social celebrated our first anniversary. The hall was most beautifully decorated, and the stalls were filled to overflowing. The bazaar was opened at 3 p.m. by Mrs. Percy Yapp, who was presented, by two of the Lyceum children, with a bouquet given by the workers and the children of the Lyceum. A splendid programme followed, with special dances by the children, songs and recitations. On Sunday Mrs. Haywood carried out our services for the anniversary. Her addresses and clairvoyance were very much enjoyed. The Exceunists also took part in the service. Their singing was well appreciated.

August 11,

The Ineffectiveness of Materialism.

IF Spiritualism is true we can truthfully say that it is the most alluring doctrine that was ever presented to the mind of man. No other proposition can be conceived that would be as attractive as this.

To know that our loved ones do not cease to exist at death, but are still alive in a better world than this, waiting for us to join them, is a thought so comforting that beside it every other consideration pales to nothingness in comparison. A quotation from Robert G. Ingersoll, the great apostle of Liberalism, is the most beautiful thing I ever remember to have read on the subject. In a lecture on the Devil which he delivered at Chicago just a while before he died, and which was the very last lecture that fell from his eloquent tongue, and which/was the deepest^{*} expression of his brave and beautiful nature, Mr. Ingersoll said :--

"What ecstacy it would be to know that God really exists, that he is our father and that he loves and cares for the children of men; that all the tears that grief sheds here will some otherwhere be the pearls of joy; to know that all the paths that human beings travel, turn and wind as they may, whether in the mire of crime or on the heights of honour, lead at last to the gates of stainless peace. How the heart would thrill and throb to know that Christ was in fact the conqueror of death, that at his grave the alldevouring monster was beaten and baffled forever; to know that from that moment the tomb became the door that opens on eternal life.

"To know this would change all sorrow into gladness! Poverty, failure, disaster, defeat, power, place and wealth would become meaningless sounds! To know this would be all that the heart could bear. Beyond this joy could not go. Beyond this there would be no place for hope!"

ALL SHARE SENTIMENT.

Those beautiful words express a sentiment that is shared by all of us. In Mr. Ingersoll's heart was a love for his wife and daughters so pure and beautiful that he could not think of having it destroyed by the icy hand of death without intolerable pain and grief. And we, too, cannot abide the thought of saying an eternal farewell to those we love so well. If I were just my own lonely self in this universe, if there was no human being anywhere who had a place in my heart, I might be willing to lie down to an eternal slumber in the dust.

But as long as the memory of a mother's love is printed in fadeless colours on the tablets of my heart, I shall be hungry to see her again. As long as I can feel, sometimes in the dreams of the night, the tender pressure of my faithful wife's head upon my bosom, I shall want to live and love with her forever. If it were not for love we might consent to the coming of an eternal night, but the tie of love cries out for eternal life. A deathless love asks for a deathless life. As the poet has written :--

"O, not with life's precarious fire, Immortal ties of nature shall expire. These shall resist the triumph of decay, When time is o'er and worlds have passed away. Cold in the dust this perished heart may lie, But that which warmed it once can never die. That spark, unburied in its mortal frame, With living light intending and the same, Shall beam through joy's eternal years, Undimmed by night and unassuaged by tears."

The doctrine of Materialism may satisfy the mind, but it cannot satisfy the heart. Nobody accepts the doctrine of annihilation except as dreadful alternative. If given a choice the most dogmatic Materialist will say he would rather have another life beyond the grave. To be no more, to vanish into oblivion, is a prospect from which the human soul instinctively recoils.

The soul cries out for immortality; for an existence bat shall span the cternities with conscious delight. If sould all and the sould time all worlds and suits and ars should be plotted out of existence and black and fills. tion swallow up the universe, I should want to be witness the tragedy.

If all else were to cease in the titunic struggled tence, and nowhere in the mighty void of space we a single atom of matter, the human spirit would still to continue its existence and to walk triumphantly the paths of oblivion and eternal duration.

Materialism may possibly wipe out the hope of a tality, but it can never destroy the desire for immore

CANNOT BE DENIED.

The fact that a great many people do not yet a Spiritualism as a fact does not show that it is not p The turning of the earth on its axis and around the was proven by Galileo long before it was accepted truth by the masses, and even yet there are a few b ignoramuses who think the earth is flat. A man denies the truth of Spiritualism is almost as benigh the fellow who thinks the earth is flat.

Professor Hyslop said, in an article in the " American Review," January, 1921, "I regard the Spin hypothesis so well established that I consider any who denies it as either ignorant or prejudiced."

Professor W. J. Crawford, of the Technical Int Belfast, 'Ireland, in his book entitled "The Real Psychic Phenomena," says of the phenomena of ualism, "In order that there may be no misapprehlet me say explicitly that I am personally satisfied are the spirits of human beings who have passed in beyond."

The "Sunday School Times," the most imp publication of its kind in the United States, said issue of May 20th, 1922, when commenting on Sir Doyle's lectures, "Sir Arthur Conan Coyle did pr evidence of supernatural communication with the world. Sir Oliver Lodge did the same. Countless me have done the same thing, and no scientific man can ignore or deny it."

Precipitated Perfumes.

MR. JOHN PRYKE, of Woodside-road, Plaistow us as follows :--- "During the last ten months repeatedly had the scent of violets deposited on m tie. The first occasion was at a public circle, lady clairvoyant saw and described my spirit siste me a bunch of violets. I was then conscious perfume. On 23 separate occasions since then, after alone in my room at a small table, the phenome been repeated. I have both seen and felt the p falling like drops of water from the ends of my There was no perfume of any kind in the room. on several occasions called in friends to verify my of tions. I am personally satisfied that this pleasing menon is given me as a token of the continued low dear wife, who passed away some years ago. She how fond I was of violets, and I receive messages fro to that effect. She tells me that just as we extract fume from earthly flowers, so they are able to e spiritual essences from spiritual flowers, and as my ps senses are not well developed, they materialise the a liquid state. Such ministrations afford me much com

IF you do not know you have done your best yo begun to do your worst.-H. KAUFMAN.

CAERAU. OUr anniversary services were had Sunday and Monday, July 30th and 31st, when Mr. A Kitson (adviser to the B.S.L.U.) took the platform, as by Mr. J. Connolly (resident pastor). Despite the state of the coal industry in South Wales, our church crowded to its entirety, showing that a larger build necessary. Mr. Jones introduced Mr. Kitson, who to his subject "Religion in Spiritualism." After an elfa and powerful, address Mr. Connelly just corroborate words of Mr. Kitson, making everyone feel very much better for coming, We wish Mr. Kitson, every much success, and that his health will hold a long white order that feelmay be of service to our Capies. Mis Thomas gave a recitation entitled LWomen and war

THE ŤWÓ WORLDS

A Leaf from My Spiritualistic Diary.

Harvey Metcalfe.

"It is a shameful thing to be weary of inquiry when hat we search for is excellent."---(CICERO).

It would be a wise proceeding for every Spiritualist and psychic researcher to record in their diary the little messages that mean so much. The following is an extract from my psychic diary dated December 29th, 1921.

To-day spirit communion brought home very vividly the tragic side of our earthly life, unfolding the drama of life with such human pathos that would move the most hardened heart.

The setting of the stage was in a little French village, the time 15 years ago, the principal actors being three French youths, two of whose names I mercifully withhold. It is interesting to note that the two whose names I do not record here were musical students, one being madly jealous of the other's success. The undeveloped nature of this youth eventually dominated, the jealous spirit being nursed in the very lap of envy until it became so intensely hot in its hatred towards the more successful student that a quarrel was the inevitable result. (And so, dear diary, I record again to you a case where jealousy was the evil destined to ruin lives that should have been happy.)

The quarrel between the two youths proved to be the climax. Thoughts filled with passionate hatred were centred upon the youth who worked hard and well for his life's career and ambition, until a day later the less successful musician determined to murder the one of whom he was so madly envious. Intoxicated by his mad desire, he waited in darkness to carry out his intention, but wounded, in mistake for his intended victim, a youth named Homme Desaily.

I have ascertained the facts from the mother and sisters of Homme Desaily, who died an hour later in his mother's arms, after being carried into his own home. He seemed to understand he was lying, and eagerly looked into the faces of his loved ones. Before inhaling his last preath in the body he uttered the words, "God-night, everybody-good-night!"

The guilty youth was convicted of the murder and entenced to imprisonment for life. He served several gears in a French prison, but was released at the outbreak of war to fight for France. During the war he made the supreme sacrifice while in the front line of the trenches. And so the material side of the story ends, and we hid "au revoir" to one who had made up somewhat for his rash life here, the debt probably wiped out by the second sacrifice, but the words of the murdered boy's mother still ring in my ears as she would lisp the words of her faith, "Pray for the soul of Homme Desaily."

To day the story is brought back again to mind by the return of the spirit of the unfortunate youth who, in anger, descended to the tactics of a savage. After all hese years his return in our midst shows the moral necessity of Spiritualism. Fate (if such it can be called) had brought me in touch with the sisters of the murdered youth, Mlle, Esther and Edmée Desaily. The latter, now a sister-inaw, to-day attended a seance a few miles away from my home in England. Here under the conditions so familiar o the Spiritualist and psychic researcher, the spirit of the infortunate youth controlled the medium, begging forveness from the sister of the murdered youth. He poke of the darkness he had passed through, his striving owards the light and eventually his opportunity to plead forgiveness, which was readily granted.

Critics may ask, What is the use of Spiritualism ? people in England could have been aware of the ragic side of the lives I mention here, certainly not the edium, who was a complete stranger, and who "gave off" se facts which were unknown to the other sitters.

I record here but one of the many links in the chain spirit communion that is eternal, commenting only on manner, of the test which disproves all theories of And we wonder dear diary, why these facts way to find expression in your pages

failure and Isnece

romance. Possibly to help us on in the work that humanity may need so much. And to that youth who bade his friends "Good-night" we hope to say in another climate "Good morning! all's well."

Spiritualism: Potentially a World Redeemer.

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C. Veden

TRINKERS cannot but admire the very laudable attempts of the leaders and officials of Spiritualist Unions and Associations in their effort to do something for the amelioration of many conditions prevailing upon our earth; plane to-day. But they also see the difficulties that lie in the path of all such attempts. The task of these, endeavouring to bind together in unison individuals striving for freedom, seeing in their belief a potential redeemer, unshackled by dogmatic laws, is an arduous one, and needs the support of every individual Spiritualist to ensure its success.

We live in a world of unrest, a world aching for liberation against itself. Can Spiritualism be that liberator? It can. I feel sure it will, be that, if all members go forward in unity and in the bond of peace.

Spiritualism as a religion is growing, the air is preg nant with meaning, the churches are uneasy, and the followers of no religion are looking on with interest. W are, doubtless, on the eve of big events; religious history is in the making, and self-sacrifice will be necessary for many of us when the time comes.

The open vision, gloriously strong in its power of emancipation, and undimmed by restriction placed before it by man, obtains results, the outcome of desire, innate faculties of mind and experiences that have been passed through. It is obvious that laws cannot be laid down regulating ideas, hence there are bickerings, misunder standings and excesses of controversial expression, seems very necessary, therefore, that we should bear with each other in what we often consider (because of our own minds being focussed in another direction) extravagance of thought.

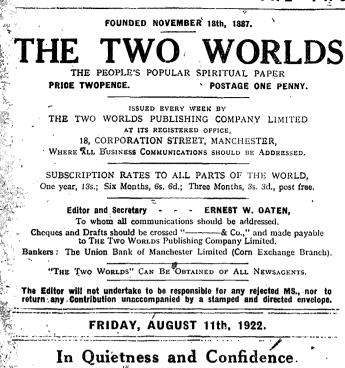
Spiritualism means that the spirit of things is to be dealt with, and the aim is to spiritualise materialism and, not to materialise Spiritualism. The scene behind /the enveloped eye of understanding is alive with scientific facts, relentless as regards causation, but hopeful with golden possibilities. The more we realise this, the more we see the necessity of carrying into Societics and churches purity of thought and desire, immune from materialism The perfectly natural "cultivating of the open visions (development) demands that the churches be kept in harmonious condition. Let them be such that we may enter therein to burnish our faith and have our hopes renewed-a place where love ever abideth. The shabby hat of a sister or the threadbare coat of a brother should not be able to blot the fair landscape on which the mind eye is feasting.

The awakened soul of the convict is of more servi in the evolutionary plan than the ideas of all the colle professors put together if their souls still slumber. This of the pioneers of old, ignorant as regards the knowledge by which those of the social world "place" each other, but educated through the higher powers and having reache the path of beauty, they walked thereon, realising that all things, all knowledge, should be theirs in God's good time. Let us feel, then, our responsibility as individuals and help to present before our brothers and sisters that by which they may glorify the Fatherhood, bring about the much-desired brotherhood, and find comfort for the soul.

SURVIVAL of bodily death is not dependent on any particular creed: It is a property inherent in human nature, as the result of God's creative act. This is proved by the evidences of the return of the spirits of the departed of all nationalities, of varying religious beliefs.

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CHAS, L. TWEEDALE.



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THESE are stormy days for Spiritualism. Increasing strength is attracting increased attention, and this is a goodly sign. The time is not long past when the whole world could safely ignore us, and we were dismissed with a gesture of contempt. Gradually, however, the rising tide of psychic experience flooded the minds of more and more of the people, and included in its embrace were many of the astutest intellects of Europe and America. The world is gradually awaking to the fact that Spiritualism is an expanding force which is winning the adherence of the multitude.

We are opposed on every side by those who imagine that their little brooms can sweep back the rising tide of truth, and from time to time we hear the cries of the alarmist, whose zeal is counterbalanced by his fears. The tribe of Jeremiah is not yet extinct. The power of the Romanist, the intellectual rapier of the materialist-cumrationalist, the cunning of the professor of legerdemain, and the relentless analysis of the psychical researcher with a series of pet theories, many of which are explanations more fearful than the facts to be explained)- these are the positive forces which are being arrayed against us. and which are awakening the fears of those who, whilst quite certain of their facts, are nonetheless fearful lest truth should suffer at the hands of the assailer.

The position is reminiscent of the crude evangelist who imagines that God will suffer if he fails to defend His almightiness.

"Come, let us reason together." To a large number of people a set of opinions become important only because they happen to be held by themselves, and this is always an evidence of an ill-proportioned outlook. In the words of brave Gerald Massey, "Truth is that which the Universe, through its laws, is continuously corroborating." No man's opinions are of any great permanent value unless they stand based upon the solid rock of ascertained truth, and truth has a reliable habit of vindicating itself. Half truths, too, have their place in the scheme of things, since in a world where the forces of evolution are operative they often pave the way to truth's fulness. In these days of stress we need the "spirit" of Spiritualism as well as its facts in fact, the vindication of such facts wets upon our maintaining the right atmosphere. Spirit ph :10. which offer evidence of spirit action cannot be proved or produced by Spiritualists! Let us get hold of that fact. The evidence of discarnate existence must come from those who are discarnate. We Spiritualists are powerless to demonstrate our position without the activity. of the spirit people behind in a the Spiritualist who imagines that the continut well being of the Movement rests on his effort does not understand the position. Un-doubtedly he has a part to play, but it is a different part to that which obtains in most of the affairs of life.

WORLDS

August 11, 1922

The introduction of Modern Spiritualism to this work was the result of discarnate activity. The evidence for spirit action must rest upon the efforts of spirit people In a word, amidst all the opposition, criticism and confusion which is directed against us, let us remember that THE ONUS OF PROOF RESTS WITH THE SPIRIT PEOPLE. THE MUST PROVE THEMSELVES. Thus, if a spirit photograp or levitation, or materialisation is to be produced which shall be evidence of spirit activity, then it must be produce by the spirit people. The crucial court of judgment by which our Cause is to be judged must be the seance room rather than the forum.

If we see this clearly we are then in a position to determine the part we ourselves must play. The best conditions for the evocation of spirit phenomena are those of harmony, confidence and peace. Tens of thousands of us know from personal and actual experience in the seance room that spirit communication is a fact. Nothing ca shake the verified and corroborated evidence of our own experience. Avalanches of suspicion concerning professional mediums or of virulent criticism cannot snow it under. Mountains of allegations about trickery, etc. cannot bury it. The facts of our experience are positive facts. We know! and knowing we cannot be moved If that is the position then, let us realise that the

conditions under which we obtained our evidences were those of calmness, peace and harmony. If the spirit people are to give conclusive evidence to the world at large they must have these necessary conditions, and it is the place and duty of Spiritualists to provide it. Was it the psalmist who said, "In quietness and confidence shall b your strength"? That is the key to the position.

In the cockpit of controversy which is raging around the subject of Spiritualism at the present time there i little opportunity for the peace and harmony necessary fo the production of spirit phenomena. Many of our oppon ents and critics know it. With our knowledge of psychic matters we would guarantee to break up any seance and negative all results in about fifteen minutes or less. Case have been known where so-called psychical researchers have wilfully excited or quarrelled with the medium before the seance, knowing that this would negative all result Such an attitude is an admission of the truth of our post tion, but the failure to secure results was used to argue against our position.

Spiritualists, let us see the position clearly. In the present whirlpool of controversy let us keep our head The spirit people are quite able to vindicate themselves there are enough of us to present the calm and placed conditions necessary for their purposes.

Let us remembér it in our /Society work. Whereve quarrelling and bickering exist you are shutting out the spirit people. Our Societies ought to be the little quiet placid pools bathed in the sunlight of confidence and warmth of harmony, where the spiritual beings of a high life would delight to meet and fraternise with us, and we would help them we must maintain the quiet confidence in their power which has been evidenced in our experience

Be it ours then to maintain the atmosphere formerly designated "faith" which will enable the spirit people to come into the lives of men and vindicate their existence and powerful influence. We commend again the words of Dr. Geo. Warne at the International Conference: "Do not pay too much attention to the psychical researcher, he will find his own way. Take all the positive evidences he offers you with gratitude, but do not expect him to do your work. Keep on with your own job." And the same attitude can be safely adopted towards others!

Forward !- Don't be distracted from your wor The future is yours if you are but faithful.

WHAT you do when you have nothing to do really shows what you are.

CAN YOU HELP "THE TWO WORLDS" ? We are now issuing a weekly contents bill, and shall be glad to supply same to any Society of newsagent who will exhibit If the contents bill is well displayed, it will help you and oue circulation.

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Merpretations.

Roads.

CURRENT TOPICS.

THE second report of the Prayer Book Revision Committee of the National Assembly recently published is curious reading. Mr. Athelstan Riley in his Minority Report maintains "that the

high of England is in a state of absolute confusion and station is almost inevitable." In his view the present actic condition of the Church is sufficient ground for sponing revision." The report discusses questions of hal vestments, the Sacraments, baptism, and even the construction of the Carlon. Apparently there are divites of opinion on all these matters, and the ecclesiastical aborties are at their wits' ends to know who is right and bis wrong. They are anxious to do right, but they have court of appeal, and we imagine no confidence in the retive power of the "Holy Spirit," since the said "Holy and" appears to direct different men differently.

> WE believe that this arises from the subjective nature of the phenomenon. A given spiritual impetus is differently interpreted by the recipients by reason

the varying degrees of lucidity or obtuseness. Impulses a pt to interpret themselves in accordance with the bit of thought of their receivers. We find this so with dumship, and herein is the value of the recognition of whic phenomena, since the objective phenomena can directed to modify or corroborate the subjective.

THE Church can only get beyond its ppeal to present difficulties by appeal to higher authority. That, authority can be found her Althority. by spirit communion. The Church claims to believe that the saints in aren commune with their brethren on earth. The ist leaders of the Church are on the other side of life, the difficulties she would be wise to recognise modern nical facts, and by the establishment of the scance, into actual and personal contact with those she is d of calling the sainted dead. The high court of is open, but we fear the last thing the Church would ould be to place confidence in anything outside its Preconceptions.

WE noticed in a recent number of the Calls "Catholic Herald" an article which indulges in sarcastic comment on the ttle., proposed revision of the Prayer Book. withis, of course, Parliament would have to pass a special of Faith, and our contemporary makes the remark in England "the principle of religion is decided as the on tea and sugar is decided, by a majority of votes." it calls this "an amazing spectacle !" This is conted with the Romish position, in which "Catholics the doctrines . . . on the anthority of an allible church." Really, we cannot see much between That the British Parliament lays no claim to e two. allibility is a tribute to it's humility, whilst the claim of allibility on the part of the Romish Church mercly hibits a piece of egotism and conceit which history shows be unwarranted. But Rome learns nothing and alters hing.

ayers for e Dead, and ugatory. THE jubilation of the "Herald" is due to the fact that there is gradually creeping back into Protestant circles the practice of prayers for the dead and the recognition that there is a probationary

Approgressive plane to which men pass at death, whilst wild idea of a fixed and unchanging hell is being disried if it ntight, of course, be thought a victory forouthism that these principles are becoming established the bloughts of men, but it is a poor reflection on the man Church that it has been left to an outside and speed body (the Spiritualists) to produce the evidence.

Six of One, Half-a-Dozen of the Other. IT is further true that the very circumstances which are rehabilitating prayers for the dead and a probationary state beyond death are also destroying or modifying such ideas as transubstan-

tiation, the efficacy of masses by payment, and the Infallibility of the Roman or any other Church, and hence we have no doubt that the Protestant could throw as many stones as the Catholic. Independent of both, embodying the candid critic and fraternal friend, Spiritualism stands for the higher standard. Not who is wrong, or who is right is the main consideration, but WHAT IS TRUE.

Reason or Autocracy ?

A COUNCIL for determining the standard of faith may have its weakness. Standards may be determined by vote, with the necessity of subsequent revision, but

the system is at least that of appeal to the combined reasonings of many men, whilst Roman merely represents the authority and autocracy of the slave driver, beyond whom there is no appeal. The former may be driven to palliatives, but the latter, for the best part of a thousand years, drenched Europe in blood and fire because inability to appeal to men's reason necessitated a so-called infallible church appealing to brute force as its final court.

The Appeal to an Outside Authority.

WHETHER the appeal is to the Bible or the Church there are bound to be different opinion, whilst men's minds are differently adjusted, and the sweet reasonableness of Modern Spiritualism lies

ableness of Modern Spiritualism lies in the fact that it is enabled to say, "A plague on both your houses." Our appeal is to an outside and independent arbitrator who is not troubled about conformity or nonconformity, viz., to the spirit people themselves. They know what happens to those who pass the tomb, and that is what matters.

Theological Guessing Competitions.

IT appears to the Spiritualist that both sections have held guessing competitions (commonly called councils and committees). Rome guessed right on some matters, whilst Protestantism²

guessed right on others. That each may have obtained some guidance from the unseen is quite true, but a perfect revelation demands both a perfect vehicle and perfect recipient, and the measure of human frailty is the margin of error. It is the old story that both are right and both are wrong.

Farewell to Mrs. Mary Gordon.

MRS. MARY GORDON, who has been a prominent worker, in the Spiritualist Movement for twenty years, and has held important offices, was entertained at a farewell social and dance at Mortimer Hall, London, on Monday; July 31st. A large number of friends were present, and the gathering proved highly successful in every way. At this time of the year, when so many people are out of town, it was a remarkable restimony to the regard in which Mrs, Mary Gordon is held to find so many present.

Letters were received from all parts of England from, friends on holiday expressing their appreciation of Mrs. Gordon and regret at unavoidable absence. Many of these sent contributions towards expenses. Among the apologies received were those from Dr. Abraham Wallace, Mr. Ernest W. Oaten (Editor of THE TWO WORLDS), Mrs. Oaten, Mr. John Lewis (Editor of "The International Psychic Gazette"), Mr. and Mrs. A. Vout Peters, Mrs. Neville, Mrs. Osborne Leonard, Mrs. Ensor, Miss Dorothea Walenn, Miss Emmeline Brook, Mrs. Wesley Adams, Mr. Ernest W. Beard, Mr. and Mrs. George Craze, Mr. and Mrs. Marriott, Miss McCreadie, Mrs. Clare O. Hadley, Mrs. Cannock. Miss Constance Holmes, Mr. Henry Blackwell, Mrs. Stuart (Bowes Park Spiritualist Society), Major and Mrs. Claude Scott, Mr. Harold Carpenter, Mr. Ernest Hunt, Dr. W. J. Vanstone, Captain F. C. Dimmick (Hon. Organist, Marylebone Association), Mr. Staveley Bulford, Mr. Tayler Gwinn, Mr. Ernest Meads, Mr. and Mrs. Brittain, Professor

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and Mrs. Dicksee, Miss Violet Burton, Colonel and Mrs. Cowley, Mr. Harrison Hill, Mrs. Grenville Byam, Mrs. David Gow, Mr. Neil Gow.

During the evening short speeches were delivered by Mr. Leslie Curnow (chairman), Miss Estelle Stead, Miss Felicia R. Scatcherd, Mr. H. W. Engholm, and Mrs. Barnard (conductor, Clapham Lyceum), who presented Mrs. Gordon with a beautiful handbag, a gift from her Lyceum friends.

Mrs. Gordon thanked the speakers for their appreciative remarks, and, in the course of a moving little address, spoke of her association with the Spiritualist Movement and her plans in her coming American lecturing tour. She received a tremendous ovation, and throughout the evening had many expressions of good wishes for her journey. She also received many beautiful bouquets of flowers.

The Mystic Sleeper.

W. Geo. Wheeler.

ARCHIBALD THORN was a youth of good average ability, with an extraordinary power of hearing. From a child he had not only possessed a remarkable desire to know, but a very marked tendency to discover what he wanted to know. He always kept his cars well open. He did not want to know everything, he was not intellectually ambitious, he did not possess great talent. What he really possessed was a sort of abnormal inquisitiveness. He delighted to have his cars and his nose in somebody else's affairs.

When Archibald became a junior salesman in a house of business this curious curiosity attended him. He would listen at the keyhole of the private office so as to get any official news beforehand; he knew, outside the door, what salary the chief Director had fixed for Jones, what reproof he had administered to Brown, and how long he had given Robertson to retire. He knew almost before Jones, Brown and Robertson themselves.

Archibald was keen. His nose was in 'a private manuscript of the firm's before they could get a look in themselves. Archie was a devil for smelling out secrets. All his senses seemed to be acute.

Archibald slept in the business house with a number of other fellows. It happened on one occasion that a miserly fellow named Drakeson, a shop-walker, who had a room to himself at the other end of the building, was reported to keep a lot of money on his person, counting it over in the night. Most fellows thought it only a yarn, and no one but Archibald Thorn troubled anything about it.

Archibald wanted to know. He got up in the middle of the night, crept along the landing and through a passage to Drakeson's room. He listened and heard nothing. In matter of fact Drakeson was sleeping out that night. Archie, however, had been spyed on himself, and the following night a trap was laid for him. How the inquisitive one discovered the plot it, was impossible to say, but instead of passing that night through the passage, he waited until five o'clock in the morning, quietly opened a window, slipped down a fain water pipe, passed round the house, climbed another pipe, and got his face close up to Drakeson's window. He had not only baffied the plotters, but actually seen the man counting his money.

When Archibald slept in a room with two others he fell into bad company. His room mates were dishonest. They contrived a method of robbing the firm without, they thought, the slightest possibility of detection. They were new men, and did not know Archibald's peculiarities. These two fellows came in one night, looked at Archibald, and found him sound asleep; they therefore found it safe to whisper treason under their breath. They had various things to do, and kept their eyes well on the sleeper. He was evidently in profoundest slumber; it would take much to awake him.

Strange to say those two fellows were detected in the act of robbing their employers, and Archibald Thorn res the third winess against them. Waking or sleeping, and ar on archite Archib's carsaver over onen. He was a Archibald married a bright, happy woman own station of life, and had three children. He, of did not now live in the business house. The secon a boy, had a curious eccentricity. This child was to sleep-walking, and on such occasions would ear against any stray keyhole and wander about as seeking to hear something.

Archibald met with an accident, which prove but manifested the same curious desire to know people's business right up to the end. The was n less subconscious. He heard what the doctors sai if the nurse did not.

Archibald Thorn died in⁶ his bed and the r man certified his death. Yet a curious thing hap The body had been propared for its last resting p soft conversation passed between two friends in bes the final duty, his wife being also present. A hand to her—it was Archic's hand.

"It's quite alright," he said, "the character sur was good. Fare thee well."

Archie had heard the friends' remarks resp himself. Then he passed beyond.

Who Shall Answer?

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Wm. Marsh

"There are more things in heaven and earth, Ho than are dreamt of in your philosophy."—SHAKESPE

TO-DAY we have many Horatios as, no doubt, were many in the period of Shakespeare's play, and, throughout the two thousand years of the Christian yea. probably thousands of years prior to the Christian era.

In everyday life the Spiritualist often meets Ho who in his ignorance retorts, "This of which you sp not so !" That life to Horatio is a mystery is ad yet in his perverse way he will deny any explanation does not fit his orthodox views. The phrase "orthodox views." views" is really a misnomer. Should we not rath his mental growth has been stunted and his views, as they are, grafted on his mind by his "mentors" but the leaders of his own sect advance theories, pla and unsound though they may be, on life and its p and he will not say, "This is not so." Oh, no ! consider them, and his prepared mind will absorb it can do no other. As with the circular toy railway the engine in motion and the train will arrive at and the station and bridges and signals as often and so los there is power enough to drive it-it can do no other with - Horatio. Poor, blinded man! But deep him he has a dim perception of something, beyon mental grasp, something which at times wells up muddles his poor brain, something which is ever cryin to be freed from its prison-his own soul. The m of Life speaks and he cannot hear.

As with Horatio, so with every man and woman. The are times when to every human being, however debathey may be, there comes that mysterious voice ast "Whence? Whither? Why?"

Who is to answer the cry? The creedalist with creed and his profession of blind faith? No. The material ist with his self-centred pseudo-science of life physical at the end annihilation? No. Who then?

They who know and can give definite proof of a knowledge of Life and its purpose. They who have so and have discovered something of the mystery of l have seen beyond the Veil and can tell of the "thinks heaven and earth" undreamt of in the philosophy di average man. They who with enlarged vision realisthe very vastness of God's universe their fown ignora and insignificance. These—pot the theologian, not materialist—are they who can lead human souls who seeking the Pathway; who can lead human souls who seeking the Pathway; who can beint out that the He must be of their cwn making; who can help them the themselves, and can show them how to lift them own from the bondage of creedalism and materialistication August 11, 1922

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And above these are the unseen ones translated to the Higher Life through the gateway of Death, waiting, eagerly waiting, for them to realise they are still living; anxious to lead them in their blinduess and help them to regain their sight, to dispel all ignorance and doubt, and to show them the wealth of Love showered on all by the great Creator.

These shall answer ! Who else could ?

New Books.

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IN "Some New Evidence for Human Survival" (Collins Sons & Co., 10/6 net), Mr. C. Drayton Thomas, a clergyman connected with the Wesleyan movement, gives details of a large number of experiments covering a period of some three years with a lady possessing mediumistic powers, through whose instrumentality some remarkable results were obtained. These experiments were on different lines to the usual run of spiritistic 'communications.' and consisted of what the author calls "book-tests"—the medium indicating (usually with extraordinary accuracy) what information would be obtained on referring to given pages of closed books, to which she could have had no access. The books selected were usually those in Mr. Drayton Thomas' house, while the seances were held at the home of the medium in order to put any suggestion of trickery out of question.

Numerous messages of the following nature were obtained: "In your study, close to the door, lowest shelf, take the sixth book from the left, and page 149; three-quarters down is a word conveying the meaning of falling back or stumbling."

In this case reference to the book resulted in the words "an insuperable stumbling block" being found at the place indicated, and a large number of other references were similarly verified. At a later stage of the experiments communications were received giving names which would appear in the following day's "Times," and stating the line and column where they would be found, and in certain of these cases it is shown that the message was received at a time previous to the setting up of the type in the "Times" offices—evidence which tends to refute the theory that the communications might have had a telepathic basis.

Mr. Thomas treats the matter fairly, giving records of failures as well as successes, and goes carefully into the question of the different hypotheses which might be adduced to explain the phenomena which he himself attributes to the angecy of his late father, the Rev. J. D. Thomas, who died in 1903.

Sir William F. Barrett, F.R.S., contributes an introduction in which he discusses the evidential value of the results of the experiments.

"THE PLANET MARS AND ITS INHABITANTS." By "Iros Urides" (a Martian). Written down and edited by J. L. Kennon. 112 pages, paper cover. J. McKean, San Francisco. 1 dollar.

Communications purporting to come from the planet Mars have been numerous. The majority have been selfcondemnatory. In the little volume under review, nowever, we have a fascinating story, and an acceptable piece of literature received through a trance medium. It sets out to portray the physical features of the surface of the planet—its geography, topography and meteorology—a history of its people and their economic system, and further relates the circumstances of the visit of Christ to the planet in thousand years ago. It is claimed that the medium nows nothing of astronomy; and has read nothing conming Mars, and the messages were taken in shorthand as poken Whilst not claiming in any way to be a scientific eatise, interest is given to the volume by an appendix tailing the conclusions of Prof. Lowell, the American tronomer, most of whose findings are supported by the minunicator.

"The existence of a system of canals for the distribun of water from the polar ice-caps is affirmed, and a ture is laid before us of an ideal civilisation, where encernes attained for miches efficiency dent on each. Concerning our attempts to signal to Mars, we are told "Your methods are inadequate. Your apparatus is not fine enough to receive our waves, but success will come to you in another decade." We gather, however, that the Martians have a knowledge of earth and the life of its inhabitants. We are told, too, that our flying machines are clumsy and noisy compared with those of our Martian neighbours, which are propelled by tapping "the universal reservoir of cosmic power." The book presents us with an ideal civilisation many centuries advanced beyond outs ⁱ The scientific value of the work may be questioned, but as an ideal to be aimed at, and because of its deeply religious message, it is well worth reading.

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"THE GREAT REVEILLE," a chapter of the "Book of Revelations," by D. S. Thomas, is a sixpenny pamphlet written in Apocalyptic style. It implies the continuity of revelation and the present-day ministry of angels as in ancient Hebrew history, and forecasts the near approach of the millenium. It claims to be a series of inspired visions and messages which decry materialistic philosophy and out-of-date theology in equal terms, and there is certainly a class of mind to which it has a strong appeal;

A Layman on the Church.

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WE accept Dr. Wilfred T. Grenfell's definition of the Church as "All who, consciously or unconsciously, are forwarding God's Kingdom on earth." As he says, Un the broad definition of the Master it means 'all those who are not against us." The worthy Dr. is worth quoting fully, but space forbids. "The way in which men associate for worship, or in which they consider it most remunerative to invest their efforts to forward the Kingdom, gives them no right to arrogate to themselves the title of God's Church Any body of men saying 'We are the Church' seems to mesridiculous. If they try to exclude at the same time those who approach their Maker, or who are endeavouring to do faithfully the things Christ would approve, only in some other way, then they become offensive also." Welldone, Doctor !

By "the Church" I mean the church invisible—known only to God's Holy Spirit. That is a statement Spiritualists can appreciate and understand. Further, "The offence of the visible churches to-day, that tells most against them to-day, is their inability to shake off their untenable position as judges of others." Splendid, sur

He reminds his readers of one tremendous fact, fin the "Church" in Jesus' day judged him unfit to live for the working man, to my mind, if he doesn't join visible church to-day, it is simply because he doesn't any good in it. The teachings of the Church's master st appeal to him, but the Church to him does not standifor the He has seen the visible churches, organised to perpetua Christ's teaching, striving for centuries only after privile patronage and political power."

We admire this writer, the doctor and missioners has made Labrador so well known, because he has the n and courage to say what is true, unpalatable though t

Shall we, as Spiritualists, profit by this Truth are "the Church"? It is well when a man knows where to It is also well when a man knows where NOT to go. WALTERS.

Most people find it easier to criticise than to constr

THE outpouring of the spiritual gifts and the variant psychic manifestations described in Acts ii. 2-6 was in Au probability preceded by "the breaking of bread and the prayers" (Acts ii. 42)—i.e., by a celebration of the Holy, Communion—termed the Agapse or Love Feast by the Early Church, a service above all things conducive to HARMONY and SYMPATHY between all those who were assembled together, and so calculated to be peculiarly helpfular bringing about those harmonious conditions needed for psychic manifestations. I have not hitherto seen on aspect of the Lordts Supper commented upon, built is on which was evidently understood and reactions in Harly Church —Riv. Chas. 1: Twisting to

WEDDING AT WALSALL.

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WEDDING AT WALSALL. An interesting wedding took place at the Unitarian Church, Walsall, on Saturday, July 29th. The contracting parties were Miss Rose Elinor Taylor, daughter of Mrs. Taylor-Woodall, of Walsall, and Mr. Frederick Herbert Southey, also of Walsall. Many friends, both adherents and non-adherents of our Cause, assembled in the neat little church. The service was conducted by Mr. P. Walshaw, of Walsall, ably assisted by Mr. S. Wiggin, of Bloxwich. Im-pressively rendered, the words con-tained in the service found hearty rapionse in the minds of all, and were of a character deep in their thought and expression, noble in their sim-plicity, practicable in their application, and voiced the deep sentiments of the assembly in wishing them God-speed and happiness in the days now to be shared/together. The singing of another beautiful 'hymn, ''Now, Lord, This Wedded Pair Inspire,'' and benedic-tion, brought the caremony to a close with a feeling that the holy bonds of these five had been sealed midst ideal conditions, and fraternalisation. Mr. Kriby presided at the organ and rendered, in pleasing manner the 'Bridal March'' as the couple left the church: The reception was held at the bride's me. where usual concratentiations and

"Bridal March" as the couple left the church Thereception was held at the bride's home, where usual congratulations and festivities, were indulged in, after which saw the departure of Mr. and Mrs. Southey to Wolverhampton and Miss. Southey to Wolverhampton by ingtor; there to entrain for Colwyn Bay, their honeymoon destination. As our own place of worship is still in other hands, we had recourse to our friends, the Unitarians, and our thanks are due for their ready response in placing their church at our disposal. Truly an example of the Brotherhood of Man.

MEETINGS HELD ON SUNDAY, AUG. 8th, 1922. BRISTOL, United. — Mrs. Piper vanst of Mountain Ash, was the teaker and demonstrator. Mr. Martin resided.

ker and demonstrator. In . marchinded) can a structure of the platform, and arby, occupied the platform, and arby, occupied the platform, and arby, ishall we know each other regreat beyond ?'' Clairvoyance. avoncourt Progressive — Mr. damy, gave a trance address on many nable "' Clairvoyance by H. Pearce, the Dresident. Mrs. hillips favoured us with a solo.

Frumaly nature :: Clairvoyance by Mr. H. Pearce, the President. Mrs.
F. Phillips favoured us with a solo. Torobox :: Hounslow: Mr. Percy Mills gave has address on "The occult maning of colours".
Revisham: Morning oircle, Mr. Coulant. Evening: Mr. Maskell gave and dress for 'The man Jesus, of Notabeth. Tollowed by alairvoyance. London Spiritual Mission: Morn-ing Di Vanstone spoke on 'The mar Jesus on Prophetic inspira-tion'. Hwening, Mr. Vout Peters gave an alress on Prophets and priesters. 'Lavertreoon, Daulby 'Hall ... Plat-oum accupied at both services by Mr. News, Tirth, of Halitax. In the even of the spoke on 'The human aura,' tavertreoon, Daulby 'Hall ... Plat-oum accupied at both services by Mr. News, Tirth, of Halitax. In the even of the spoke on 'The human aura,' tavertreo rigwing a few brief antic alings. Mr. J. J. Pair presided.
M. Soloure, Mereley st. ... Mr. Johns son alings. Mrs. Cook gave clair-avence.
Stenshouse: Meeting conducted by the Anold. Soloust, Miss' Coloman, and Soloure. The indires of the spoke of the acting.' Clairworance by Mr. Anold. Soloust, Miss' Coloman, and Soloure. Remain ... Mes B. 0.

mula. — Mrs B holiday trom

THETWOWORLDS

U.S.A., paid a visit and started a week's mission by giving addresses and clairvoyance.

SOCIETY ADVERTISEMENTS. South Manchester Spiritualist Church PRINCESS HALL, MOSS SIDE. SUNDAY, AUG. 13TH, at 2-30. LYCEUM. At 6-30, MRS. ELLEN GREEN. At 8-15, MRS. CROMPTON. MONDAY, at 8-15, Members' Develop- TUESDAY, at S. Mrs. EASTWOOD.
 TUESDAY, at S. Public Developing Circle, Mrs. FORREST.
 THURSDAY, 3 & 8-15, Miss SANDIFORD. EASTWOOD. blic Developing Manchester Central Spiritualist Church, ONWARD HALL, 207, DEANSGATE. SUNDAY, at 6-30.

Aug. 13.—Circle for Members only. , 20.—MR. AARON WILKINSON , 27.—Circle for Members only. SEPT. 3.—F.O.B., MR. E. W. OATEN. Manchester Society of Spiritualists,

38, MASKELL STREET, ARDWICK.

SUNDAY, AUG. 13TH, at 10-30, LYCEUM. At 6-30, MISS BARTON. Monday, at 8, MIS. ELLIS. WEDNESDAY, at 3 & 8, MIS. RICHARDS.

Cheetham Hill Spiritualist Society, ·CRESCENT ROAD.

SPECIAL ENGAGEMENT OF THE WELL-KNOWN EXPONENT, MR. ROBERT DAVIES, on TUESDAY, AUGUST 15TH, at 18, in aid of the Building Fund. Silver collection.

Longsight Spiritualist Society, SHEPLEY ST., OPPOSITE PIT ENTRANCE, KING'S THEATRE.

SUNDAY, AUG. 13TH, at 6-30 and 8-15, MR. W. H. WOQD. TUESDAY, at 8-15, Mrs. WORTHINGTON. THURSDAY, at 8-15, Miss COTTERILL. SATURDAY, 5 OPEN CRICLE.

Pendleton Spiritualist Church, FORD LANE.

SUNDAY, AUG. 13TH, at 2-30, LYCEUM. At 6-30 and 8, MISS MAUDSLEY. WEDNESDAY, at 3, Mrs. CHARNLEY. THURSDAY, at 8, Mrs. ANDERSON. SUNDAY, AUG. 20TH, Miss SANDIFORD.

Moston Spiritualist Lyceum Ghurch, CO-OP. HALL, AMOS STREET.

SUNDAY, AUG. 13TH, at 3 and 6-30, LYCEUM OPEN SESSION. Specially arranged music. Every WEDNESDAY, at 8, OPEN CIRCLE. SUNDAY, AUG. 20TH, Mr. KAY.

Salford Spiritualist Society, WEST HIGH STREET.

SUNDAY, AUG. 13TH, at 10-80 and 1-45, LIYCEUM. At 3, CINCLE. At 6-30 and 8, MRS. S. A. OLEGG. MONDAY, at 3, MrS. BULL. WEDNESDAY, at 8, MrS. SHEARSMITH.

NEW SHAW ST., WEST CRAVEN ST., REGENT ROAD.

SUNDAY, AUG. 13TH, at 3, 6-30 and 8. •MR. BACON.

MONDAY, at 3 and 8; Mr. J. MASSEY. WEDNESDAY, at 3 and 8, Mrs. CASTLE.

SPIRITUALISM IN SCARBOROUGH,

CENTRAL MISSION, RUTLAND ROOMS NORTH STREET.

SUNDAY SERVICES AT 3 AND 6-30 Visitors welcome.

SUNDAYS : Lyceum at 9-15. Public Circle at 11. Services at 3 and 6-30 SPEAKERS : AUG. 13.-MR. TYRER. .. 20.-MR. LEWIS FIRTH. . 27.—MR. A. WILKINSON. SEPT. 3.—MRS. GREENWOOD. Brighton Spiritualist Church, ATHENÆUM HALL, NORTH ST. (Affiliated to S.N.U.) SUNDAY, AUG. 13TH, at 11-15 and 7 MRS. E. MARRIOTT. At 3, LYCEUM At 3, LYCEUM DAY, at 8, HEALING CIR WEDNESDAY. Mr. S. W. ROE. HEALING MONDAY. Worthing Spiritualist Mission, 17. WARWICE STREET, WORTHING SUNDAY, AUGUST 13TH, at 6-30; MRS. B. C. HAILS. WEDNESDAY, Mrs. HARVEY. SUNDAY, AUG. 20TH, Mr. H. J. OSBORN Gillingham Spiritualist Society. ODDFELLOWS' HALL, VICARAGE ROAD SUNDAY, AUGUST 13TH, at 7, MR. H. J. OSBORN. AUGUST 20TH, Mrs. A. BODDINGTON Bowes Park Spiritualist Society, SHAFTSBURY HALL, Adjoining BOWES PARK STATION, N.2 SUNDAY, AUG. 13TH, at 7, MRS. GRADDON KENT. SUNDAY, AUG. 20TH, Mr. GEO. BROWN Church of the Spirit, Camberwell, GUARDIANS' OFFICE (HAVIL STREET ENTRANCE), CAMBERWELL TOWN HALL SUNDAY, AUG. 13TH, at 11, SERVICE. At 6-30, Mrs. C. O. HADLEY, Clapham Spiritualist Church, Adjoining REFORM CLUB, ST. LUKE Rd., HIGH ST., CLAPHAM, S.W.

AUGUST 11, 1922

SOCIETY ADVERTISEMENTS.

and Lyceum,

Blackpool National Spiritualist Chur

71. ALBERT RD. (Nr. CENTRAL STATION

SUNDAY, AUG. 13TH, at 11, CIRCLE At 3, LYCEUM. At 7, MRS. CLEMPSON SUNDAY, FRIDAY, at 8, MEETING FOR ENQUIRE SUNDAY, AUG. 20TH, Mr. NICKER

Church of the Spirit, Groydon, HAREWOOD HALL, 96, HIGH STREE

SUNDAY, AUG. 13TH, at 14, MR. PERCY SCHOLEY. At 6-30, MRS. JULIE SCHOLEY

Eltham Spiritualist Church, WELL HALL, CO-OPERATIVE HALL

SUNDAY, AUGUST 13TH, at 7, HALF-YEARLY MEMBERS' MEETING, WEDNESDAY, at 8, Mrs. EDBY Address and Clairvoyance.

Romford Christian Spiritualist Society BROADWAY CHAMBERS, SOUTH STREET

SUNDAY, AUQUST 13TH, at 6-30. SERVICE AS USUAL. MONDAY, at 3, LADIES' MEETING THURSDAY, aU 7-30, LIBRARY AL FRED: LECTORE Wisitois Heartily welcome.



- AUGUST 11, 1922



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phenomena. Full particulars on appli-cation.—Address, "Lyndale," Berwick-road, South Shore, Blackpool.

NOTICE.

THE HAUNTED HOUSE, HASTINGS.

MR. and MRS. CURTIS regret that they are unable to reply to the many letters to hand, or to receive callers. No public meetings are now held at the Haunted House.

A well-known lady of wealth and title has (at her own cost) recently opened a new and beautiful church close by St. Leonard's Pier. There are also two other Spiritualist centres in the term

No further accommodation is avail-able for visitors at the Haunted House (Castle Down Manor) until the end of

JESUS OF NAZARETH

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