

"THE AGITATION OF THOUGHT IS THE BEGINNING OF WISDOM."

CHARLES PARTRIDGE, PUBLISHER, 390 BROADWAY .- TIRMS, TWO DOLLARS PER ANNUM, IN ADVANCE; SINGLE COPIES, FIVE CENTS.

VOL. VII.-NO. 1.

# NEW YORK, SATURDAY, MAY 1, 1858.

WHOLE NO. 313.

### THE SPIRITUAL TELEGRAPH.

PRICE:
One Year, strictly in advance, [if registered at the risk of publisher] \$2 00

To City Subscribers, if delivered,

Advertisements inserted at 12% cents per line.

The business of the FELE FRAME is so systems used that the midling clerk is expected to notify our patrons when the term of the randscription expires, and if money is not received, the paper is discontinued, without the knowledge of the proprietor, or any discrimination whatever.

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# SPIRITUAL PHENOMENA AND THEIR SIGNIFICANCE.

### TRANSMUTATION OF METALS BY SPIRITS.

PHILADELPHIA, April 18, 1858.

MR. EDITOR—Being in this city on a visit from the State of spiritual manifestations, which are now taking place in the festations that are taking place before the analytic mind of Dr. determined not to believe, for the very reason that, under the platinum inside of the two hermetically sealed glass tubes. circumstances, it is impossible for mortal man to do them. I me have taken place within a short time past.

A common manifestation, or one that is frequently made the good will I have for my fellow man. before Dr. Hare, is the changing a copper cent in a few minutes time, into a piece of gold. The Doctor has quite a number of pieces of gold, all of which have been made by the Spirits from copper cents. He showed me a solution of Russia C. PARTRIDGE: platinum, made from the ore by the Spirits. Also a piece of into a fluid state by the Spirits, and then changed back to the me to bear witness to a FACT. original solid mass. He placed at one time a number of coins an empty wooden box, which was then also closed. In three informed me that she had been entranced about five hours.

the same number and kinds of coin he had put in.

still taking place, in the Doctor's laboratory, and have been wit- ment to dine next day. nessed by others.

I will now state what I saw myself. Dr. Hare, the medium, M. Aug. Ruggles (a young man, 18 or 19 years of age, to whom I was an entire stranger when I entered the laboratory), and myself, were all who were present. The medium seated posite side, and near the table. After a few minutes, the Spirits said, through the spiritoscope, "Let Dr. S. A. Peters put two glass tubes and two pieces of Russia ore in the box." Dr. Hare length, and about half an inch in diameter, hermetically scaled at the ends, and also two pieces of Russia platinum, each about the size of a common bullet. The box into which I was to put Missouri, I embraced the opportunity to call on Professor the shape of a writing desk, two feet or more in length, and a Hare, to see what new developments or discoveries he was foot and a half in breadth, and from four to eight inches in box I placed the two glass tubes and two pieces of platinum-Professor's laboratory, I have no doubt he will in due time nothing else being in the box—and closed it. Dr. Hare and make known to the public. My main object in writing this myself then took the seats we had occupied before, and the meletter is to state what I was witness to myself. The mani- dium (M. Ruggels), continued to remain at the spiritoscope. After waiting lifty-five minutes the Spirit said, through the spirand of a kind the world has never seen or leard of, which the box and get it." I then went to the box, which was only a will force conviction upon the minds of those who are even few feet from me, opened it, and found the two pieces of Russia "He had a good heart, and his name is Robert."

I shall offer no comment upon the above. What I was witwill, however, state some of the manifestations the Doctor told ness to I considered it my duty to make known to the world. I have no interest to subserve in the above statement, farther than S. A. PETERS.

### A SPIRIT IDENTIFIED AND AIDED.

ALMOND, N. Y., April 2, 1858.

Sir-I know nothing of Spiritualism, always having chimed pure silver, weighing 3,980 grains, which had been converted in with the not unpopular cry of "humbug." therefore, permit

Calling at Fargo & Co.'s, 447 Greenwich-street, New York, of different kinds-gold, silver and copper-into a glass jar, one evening last week, I found a small party engaged with Miss minutes-the Doctor standing by with his watch in hand-it was a stranger to many there, yet on entering the room the had examined it, and placed it again in the jar, and then in do, Van? Glad to meet you were We used to have good bright argol came; and yet I can not go to her beautiful home, the box, in five minutes it was converted into the same kind times here together. Wouldn't you like a horn of brandy and

placed a number of coins of different kinds, in like manner, in like old times." Turning to Fargo: "Can't you give us a a jar, and had them converted into a solid mass in a few min- 'horn "" "Who are you?" asked Fargo. "I am Robert, utes. The Spirits then changed this solid mass of metal into your old friend," and started toward the etagere, when Fargo gave some brandy and water, and received for an answer, that Many other extraordinary manifestations have taken, and are it was "d-n good." A familiar chat ended with an engage-

Accordingly, as per agreement, I called, and notwithstanding the medium resisted and left the room about ten minutes before the time, saying that we " must have our fun alone," when the clock pointed the hour, Robert had possession of the medium, and said: "I was to meet Van here to dinner." I then came himself before the spiritoscope, which was upon the table in the in from an ante-room, when he arose, and taking my hand, said: center of the room, Dr. Hare and myself being seated on the op- "Van, I see you are very punctual." Fargo soon began to ask about his present condition, and was answered that he was "in the dark, lonely and unhappy." Many questions were given and answered, in which we were told that if some Spirit-friend would then left his seat and got me two glass tubes about six inches in come and "teach him," he could advance to the light. I told him that I had a Spirit-friend that was a lovely girl of sixteen; that was beautiful, and good as beautiful, that would gladly assist him, and do all that could be done to relieve his dreary them I examined. It was on the table before me. It was in condition. We then asked him to call on my Spirit-friend, Mary Jane, and she, for our sake, would help our friend. He said that "he could not go where she was, for it was too light there; making in Spiritualism. A history of these most astounding depth, having a sloping lid, with hinges and a clasp. In this that her home was too bright for him to approach; that she could come to him if she would; that he would leave the medium, and leave an influence for her to come, and then we could point out her mission and errand of mercy for his relief. Mary Jane, taking possession of the medium, said: "I came so soon, my friend, because an influence has drawn me here. What Hare, in his laboratory, are certainly the most extraordinary, itoscope, "We have a present for Dr. S. A. P.; let him go to can I do for you?" We answered: "We have a friend who is miserable indeed." "What made him so?" Answer: "Drink!"

She soon began by saying, "Robert, come : come, Robert. Yonder is my home (pointing upward); come—come, Robert :"" and there was a nervous carnestness, evincing an important struggle to do good by bringing a fellow-spirit to the light. At length the sound died away in the distance, and raising her hand and pointing upward, she smiled, and remained transfixed for some fifteen minutes, when she arose and said, "I have taken Robert to the light, and he desired me to come and tell you that he was happy. I will go after him," she continued, "that he may tell you."

In a moment he threw himself (the medium) into our arms, saying: "I am so happy; how beautiful and how good was that dear angel you sent to be my guide, my light, my teacher, and my companion! She says that she will keep me with her, closely corked, and then put the jar containing the coins, into Julia E. Lounsbury, a clairvoyant and spiritual medium. They and give light as much as my strength will bear. How can I repay you for being so mindful of me? What time I have lost in dreary darkness! What good I might have done! How was changed into a two-and-a-half dollar gold coin. After he medium arose, and taking me by the liand, said : "How do you differently I should have lived! Oh! I knew it not till this

and number of coins he had put in. On another occasion, he water? I used to take a 'horn,' you know; and it would seem memory, or the sound of that sweet voice not familiar to my ear.

drink, for I can now drink from the fountain of light, and will minds; but unless these fragmentary evidences of a power not yet go about doing good. Oh! what time I have lost! What proved to be wholly mundane, and certainly demonstrative of an good I might have done !"

joy and gratitude than is often the lot of mortals here to wit vestigate the mole hill until it has grown to a mountain against

After that we had many vidts from Mary Jane and Robert, and a handred more evidences of the truth of these remarks, the mysterious phenomena of pyschometry. - I am, Dear Mr. than could here be written, have been given us

I profess myself a novice in toto in regard to these spiritual phenomena, and until the density of my ignorance shall have cleared away, I will not attempt to colighten believers.

There is developing in this medium one of the most remarkable features, I believe, in the whole range of Spiritualism; that is, Mary Jane and Robert take her on visits to the future world and show her as much as she can bear; and give her the power and language to relate it to us in her normal state.

place, and can be tested on any subject matter of the future world, or can be consulted as a clairroyant or healing medium. being controlled in the latter by an Indian doctor, and other eminent Spirit-physicians whose names I am not at liberty to Yours truly, mention.

#### PSYCHOMETRY.

DEAR MR. EDITOR:

The presence among us of the mysterious power of psychometry, while it is regarded with simple curiosity, does it not call for some more searching investigation than a casual observation of its test facts? If these are successful in slight experiments, in a more extended degree, realize the prophecy that the bidden things should be brought into light, and what is spoken in the closet, should be proclaimed on the house-top? My own experience furnishes me daily with evidences of the existence of this power, although fettered (as much of the Spirit-phenomena is) by conditions which I do not understand the law of. This power is erratic, not under my own control, and as yet seem- scarcely applicable to general purposes of utility. Still it exists, demonstrating clearly that there is an untrodden field, which the plough of investigation might prepare for a glorious crop of knowledge.

Permit me to offer you a very slight, but very significant, testfact pertinent to this subject. Being somewhat unsettled in my mission. The examinations of the previous evening were removements, I have caused my letters to be intrusted to the care of my friend, Mrs. E. J. French, at 8 Fourth-avenue. On Thursday evening last I called there, and received an unopened letter carefully sealed, with a post-mark so faint that it would the envelope, written in pencil, purported to contain the sub- the manifestations were capable of any other solution. stance of the letter, some of the sentences, together with its address, namely, Wayneborough, Augusta Co., Va. Mr. Culbertson then informed me (before I had time to open the letter) that Mrs. French had had the letter brought to her some time during the day by the servant. She did not even touch it, but mother, and every way characteristic of her; and from others of perceiving, as the servant held it, that it was for me, desired it tea with her family, she remarked, "there is a letter for Emma none of the family ever knew on earth. in the next room; bring it here." When her request was com plied with, she proceeded, without touching or even glancing at the outside of the letter, to repeat its contents, which Mr. Culbertson transcribed in pencil on the outside of the envelope. On opening it about an hour afterward, when it was handed to me with the above statement, I found the contents to correspond accurately with the pencil-writing on the outside, as spoken by Mrs. French.

were it not one which is suggestive of a power far too vast to be stuffed with pillows and various other articles, to make images, included in the category of merephenomena. Insignificant as the whole affair may appear to be, it rises into the majesty of a scientific problem, when the question is considered, "where did rooms, as a sort of scenery, repeatedly; and very frequently the intelligence enabling Mrs. French to read that letter indopendent of her organs of sight or touch, come from?

If not intelligence, what was it? What is the law of this phenomenon, and may it not be applied on other and more or less momentous occasions?

Whatever solution of these points my own Spirit-guides may At other times it was raised from the floor by an invisible agency. scattering."

it is too bright there for me now, but I will have more strength offer me, is of course no evidence to other minds, unless it be unexplained law comewhere, be too petty to arrest the attention During all this time he had us by the hands, expressing more of the philosopher, or unless the man of science scorns to inwhich human secretiveness will inevitably break its head, the eager searchers after "something new," may find an Eureka in EMMA HARDINGE. Editor, Yours for Truth.

8 FOURTH AVENUE, NEW YORK, April 14.

## SPIRITS MOVE PONDERABLE BODIES,

RAP, WAITS, AND APEAR WITH METHODISTS.

We copy the following from the Republican, published at Hamilton. N. Y., under date of April 1. If there are any lingering suspicious of collusion among Spiritualists, or that the remarkable wonders are exaggerated by them, this statement, coming as it does from the bosom of the Methodist Church, and through the secular press, all naturally I understand this extraordinary medium will remain at this opposed to Spiritualism, ought to correct such mi takes and projudices. We hope the friends who have witnessed these phenomena will give us their full history for publication.- En.

> Messas. Eurors-Having heard, some time since, of certain remarkable phenomena occurring at the house of a Mr. Adin Ely, in the town of Marshall, Oneida county, I visited the place a few days since, to ascertain the truth of the matter. As some of your renders may be interested by an account of the circumstances, I will give a brief relation of the facts that have come to my knowledge.

Mr. Ely is a farmer, apparently in comfortable circumstances. living about two miles from Deansville. He and some other members of his family have been members of the Methodist Church, and if they are not so now, it is on account of their maintaining an opinion of their own in regard to the origin of are they not the phenomenal evidences of a still mightier power the manifestations at their house. They are said, by those who lingering behind them, which might, if understood and applied know them, to be persons of excellent character, and upon whose word implicit reliance can be placed. I saw none of the phenomena, and was unable, from circumstances which it is needless to detail, to spend more than an hour and a half or so there.

They told me that the first they knew of the phenomena oc-curred two years ago last August. Three ladies—two sisters of Mrs. Ely, and a daughter of hers by a former marriage-occupied a room on the second floor of the house. After retiring to rest one night, they were startled by noises in the room, as though hard substances were being thrown about. They com-menced making inquiries of each other, but without eliciting unything satisfactory, after which they arose and lighted candles. The noises ceased, and they failed to discover their cause. On extinguishing the light, they again commenced, but finally ceased for the night. The next night the demonstrations were renewed; this time, however, in the form of raps, as of persons seeking adnewed, and with a similar result. Mr. and Mrs. Ely were then called, and they failed to discover a cause for the mysterious sounds. Questions were then asked, and were responded to by the raps, which claimed to have a spiritual origin, and to be made by the Spirits of deceased friends of the family. Tests of be impossible to detect it. A memorandum on the outside of unequivocal character were given, and it seemed impossible that

These things continued for some time. A daughter of Mr. Ely by a former marriage, who had been spending some time away from home, returned, and she commenced communicating with the mysterious agency by means of the alphabet. Long messages were spelled out, purporting to come from her deceased their deceased friends they received equally satisfactory proofs of identity. These things have continued until the present time, to be laid aside till I called. Shortly after this, while sitting at and there seems sometimes to be present many others whom

About the time of the occurrence of the circumstances above narrated, physical demonstrations of an extraordinary character commenced, and also speaking with an audible voice. On one occasion, as a demonstration of the fact that these things were beyond the control of the family, a green cheese, weighing up-wards of thirty pounds, was taken, just after it was removed from the prem, and carried a distance of forty or fifty feet, into another room, and placed upon a bed; and what is not less singular, newspapers were found carefully spread on the bed, to prevent injury to the bedding. On several occasions, clothing This fact is very simple, and perhaps hardly worth detailing, belonging to different members of the family, has been found and so artistically has this been done, that it has been difficult to tell, at a little distance, that it was not really a living being. Clothes and pieces of cloth have been taken and hung up around members of the family find letters directed to them, and purporting to come from their deceased friends, pinned to their clothing, or lying in conspicuous situations. On many occasions, various articles have been moved and thrown about the room before their eyes, and without mortal contact. Once, after the family had sat down to dinner, the table was turned completely round

These manifestations seem to have been given them for the soon. I will not use any more bad words, nor desire any more susceptible of demonstration perfectly satisfactory to those other purpose of demonstrating the reality and authenticity of the communications, and to afford them an opportunity of communicating again with such of their friends as have passed beyond this sphere. They have exhibited the peculiar characteristice of the persons from whom they purport to come, and have answered every test that in the nature of the case it was possible to give. The narration of even a small part of the circumstances would extend this letter to an inconvenient length; therefore I shall not attempt it. Although the physical demonstration have been so numerous and violent, not the slightest injury has been done to the furniture, or any other articles in the house. They came unsought by the family, and were received with doubt and disbelief at first-but the overwhelming array of evidence they furnished, drove away the last misgivings from their minds,

The family showed me every courtesy while I was there, and in their narrative of the facts showed every appearance of candor and honesty. They seemed to be people of intelligence and character, and to have no ends to serve but the dissemination of the truth. Their accounts would seem incredible were it not well known that similar occurrences, well attested, had taken place in different localities, all over the country.

Yours, etc., March 27, 1858.

ALVIN STURTEVANT.

#### NELLY'S BIRTHDAY IN HEAVEN.

BY A. W. HOM WICK.

The Morn upon the heavenly hills Awakes and sheds her brightness 'round; With floods of holy light she fills The blooming bowers, all glory crowned-Unfolds her brooding wings and smites Above the fair and radiant isles.

Soft is the gale that floats among The soothing shades and groves of palm; And voices from the fields of song Come laden with the breath of balm; And living streams, of purest theen Flow, murmuring, through those groves of green.

Beneath-amid the waving trees, And all beside the wandering streams-Their garments rustling in the breeze, And faces bathed with angel beams-The shining ones-a gentle band-Go allently, with hand in hand.

And oftentimes, as gathering there, Musing on days and friends of old, They lift their carnest eyes in prayer, And ask to have the stone offroited Of Superstition, Doubt and Gloom, That rests upon our living tomb.

ONE - ONE, I know, in robes of white-Walks forth-the dew upon her feet-To ball the new created light, And with her eager lips to greet The earliest glow-that tells of one-The first her eyes e'er looked upon.

It seems as 'twere but yesterday Since she was fondling by my side; A smile of hope to cheer my way-A girl in years, yet with the pride Of woman in her deep, deep eye, Whose hue was borrowed from the sky.

It seems as 'twere but yesterday Since first I marked the crimson glow That stole her very life away ; And watched the shadow come and go That stretched beyond the surging wave And rested on her green roofed grave.

It seems as if my trusht feet Were sometimes near the glistening strand, s As if I almost heard the best Of waters from the fur-off land; As if I saw one little spark Of light across the sea of dark.

And now, it reems, I walk with her-And listen to her matin lay-Through paths of bloom and fields of myrrh, On this, of all, her holicat day, And know, us whilst I hear her sing, That DEATH is but the BLOSSOMING.

DECADERCH OF LAWRENCE, MASS. The Manchester (N. H.) American says: A resident of some years in this neighboring city, writes us that the stagnation of business and dearth of employment are greater here than in any manufacturing town of New England. Twelve months ago the population was reckoned at 15,000. By the first of May it will not exceed 10,000. The writer adds: "Hundreds are leaving for California, and as many more for Minnesota and the West. Yet there are many hundreds who are too poor to emigrate anywhere. Huch are now suffering from want, and must get away into our farming towns next month. They can not stay here. The Irish population are rapidly

### SPIRITUAL LYCEUM AND CONFERENCE.

#### NEW YORK CONFERENCE.

HEROTON OF AP 11, 20,

The handful of water-proof mortals assembled in that "upper room," to enact the 20th of April session of the New York Conference. took anctuary from a shower of rain that formed the point of exacerbatton to a twenty four hours perpetual drizzle, eminently qualified to house all mundanc genius, and to call back the wandering fancy from aerial flights, and hold it spell-hound, to the discomforts of the time.

To add to our utilictions, the jaulter, whether in the recklessness which despair and melancholy sometimes engender, or from the natural conclusion that all minor miseries would be so effectually awamped in the prevailing flood as to render us callous to the additional inconvenience of change, put us into a " strange garret," which those who have been obliged to take possession of for the first time, on a wet night. will appreciate as not well calculated to soothe the feelings and aharpen the imagination. Mr. Phenix was obliged to yield himself to the lively exercise of a fog-engendered tic-douloureux which twisted and writhed his besovolent frontispiese to the extent of preventing the excape of anything through it except grouns. A heroic Canadian, on the loan of a mackintosh, volunteered to descend to terra firma, and fish the new arrivals from the accumulating waters, and bid them God speed to this classic apartment, where the plaster features of our immortal Franklin vis-a-vis with the bust of a modern preparer of animal caticle for the use of the votaries of St. Crispin, smiled blandly from their wooden murble pedestals on either side of the "speaker's chair," upon a dismal row of weather-beaten beaches, which appeared under the Illumination of two gas-burners, and the expiring efforts of a third, as if the proprietor might have recovered them under the ancient statues of Flotsam and Jetsam, from the debris of Nonli's ark.

Our benevolent'y-disposed Canadian, having returned in triumph from the resous of three bewildered follow-creatures from the storm without and uncertainty within as to the exact locale of the Confer- | dead; to the law and to the testimony; if they speak not according to ence, proceeded at once, on the principle of general utility, to remove this word, it is because there is no light in them." What is this but from the imitation marble pillars which flanked the rostrum, the illustrious plaster-of Paris representations of intellectual benignity wherewith they were crowned, and to place them with plous hands in two separate windows, with their venerable backs turned to the vulgar gize. Modern Spiritualism, that impressions are from all sources, should make Whether he was prompted to this act by a spiritual impression that a rigid application of this rule. the placid features of the aforesald plaster were a personal satire upon the hall they adorned, or whether it was considered in the light of a special mission which he had been rent here to fulfil, the reporter is not in a condition to state positively. He is disposed however, to the reason why we mistranslate our impressions. embrace the latter hypothesis, inasmuch as the author of the act gravely informed us that by direction of Spirits he was now en route what they desire. He had heard an accedute of Mr. Koons which if for Paris, having left his home a little over thirteen months ago for lustrates it. A pair of impressionals once paid him a visit, who made that gay and worldly-minded capital, and by the blessing of a kind and havor with his eggs and bacon, which he bore like a martyr for Providence had gotten thus far safely on his journey, when, after a several days, when it occurred to him that it would not greatly increase brief tarry in our Gotham of one year and a day, he had received a the consumption of these edibles (inasmuch as they already devoured second bulletin from the same source, directing him to return to the all they could get) if they should devote a portion of their spare time to place of beginning, and take a new start, which, the mission of the the removal o a pile of logs, then lying a few rolls distant from the dinbu-ts being now happily concluded, it is to be presumed he will proceed forthwith to obey

Be that as it may, this is certain, from the necessary relation between cause and effect, that the sembre atmosphere, weather-beaten convonlences, and reversed efficies, led inevitably through the "science of correspondence" to a colloquial discussion of some of the crabbedest, most dingy, and incomprehensible features of Jewish seership and experience. During this delectable search after Hebrew meanings, the rain poured and Mr. Phenix mouned. Finally, Doctor Orton appeared as a sort of Noah's dove, with an olive branch in his mouth, wreathed Into an inquiry, as to whether the effect of yielding implicitly to Spirit dictation has been on the whole, good or bad.

Dr. GRAY said : A fruitful source of fallney is where the prophet or medium undertakes to give a form to the inspiration, when he often unconsciously mingles his own speculations with it, to the perversion of Its original intent and true meaning. He thinks the case of Abraham is an example of this mistake, and that the true spiritual presence in that case is seen in the physical interfrence with the self-imposed duty, which was leading to the commission of a sad tragedy.

Mr. BAUNARD was of the opinion that Abraham was conscious of loving his son better than he loved God, and hence, that he must somehow get him out of the way. This psychological state naturally suggested the butcher knife, and the sacisce by sire. The voice that spake to Abraham, biding him to that act, came from out the cloud of Oriental oustom, and not from beyond it. He agrees with Dr. Gray, that the true manifestation, originating from above the cloud, was that which stopped the bum in enerifice.

Mr. Surru dosired to know whether God does not deal with all man kin ; individually, on the same principle that he is represented in Scripture to have dealt with Abraham, that is to say, does he not test the faithfuluess of every man, not for his own glory, of course, but for man's good? Nobody volunteering to inform him how that matter really stood,

Dr. Ouron dropped his reporterial pencil, and arose to say, that he did not object to obedience to sudden impressions, such as sometimes arrest the attention by their self-mandatory character, and, as it were, impol us to obey; but what he refers to, is the too frequent practice of Jielding to what is claimed, whether rightfully or otherwise, as a spirit Impression. He once had business relations with a medium very highly developed and untwisted in his own estimation, who never succeed or to communicate with you. I trust in God, and hope through his spir-

one occasion for their place of budness, after making more zig-zags tives in the Spirit-land. Will you be so kind and obliging to me, a than occur in the "Life and Opinious of Trictram Shandy," he was poor mortal, as to answer these lines, and inform me of your state of obliged to abunden him to his fate, and proceed to the office alone, log, your joys and your sorrows, and the prospects that surround where he arrived at a late hour, spent with the day's exercise. Procording thus, after the similitude of Commodore Trunton and his man-Pipes, who heat up to the church under a head wind, where the bride expectant had been long and anxiously lamenting their unlucky detention by stress of weather, could not be practiced from day to day in the crowded thoroughfares of a populous city, without attracting a dicum of attention. Accordingly, one day a natual friend, who was take great pleasure in improving it! I wish to shape my course in the well aware of the assinine gravity with which this medium would obey an impression, seeing them be ring down for the office under easy sail, concluded to change the Commodore's course by a heavenly revelation. Of a sudden, he parted company with his consort; and before the Doctor had time to thish the sentence which was upon his lips, he had a vision of a pair of legs and a long coat-tail vanishing amid the medley of vehicles which throng Broadway, whence they re appeared on the i trust mainly in obtaining an answer from you for guidance in this opposite side of the street, at the imminent risk of their owner's neck, he having made the perilous passage under the firm conviction of having been summoned thither by the angel Gabriel, at least. He once held for this great end may I ever pray, and strive, and finally succeed. serious conversation with two worthies of this class from Philadelphia, who had started on a mission around the world, via New Jersey, and by way of beginning rightly, had made a heave-offering of all the money in t eir possession, to such odd fish in the Delaware as might be on hand to receive it, between the wharves at Philadelphia and Camden. He is happy to know that they floully obeyed an impression from him to return home and go to work, where it is to be devoutly hoped they still remain. Another highly scientific gentleman of this school has but recently returned from an arduous, impression-prompted travel, performed with a bottle of lard oil in his pocket, wherewith to anoint the faithful. His conclusion from the result of these and kindred endeavors is, that it is beneath the dignity of a man, either in a correspondential or literal sense, to be led by the ear.

Dr. Guer and : The rule had down by hards- Parthe living to the the law, and the testimony of nature to the cternal verities of justice. mercy, and truth? if they speak not according to these, they are unworthy our attention. We who have learned through the facts of

Mr Bansand thought the way to secure right or truthful impressions is, to be right ourselves. This is why Christ was never led astray. But man, at the present day, is born wrong and lives wrong, and that is

Mr. Congarnid: Many are prone to think themselves inspired to do ner-table. On proposing the exercise, they complied with the suggestion and went to work, until suddenly arrested by a weighter impression than any log they had yet encountered, and which they were spiritunlly impelled to lay at once before Mr. Koons. It resulted in a drawn battle. Their guardian Spirits had impressed them, that muscular exercise was inimical to mediumistic development: whereupon Johnny King immediately drummed it into the noddle of brother Koons, that they gould have no more of his eggs and bacon.

Mr PARTHIOGE would make the utility measure of value everywhere. He thinks many make a trade of their impressions. He had been ordered to go here and there, but he nicets all such commands th the demand-What use !

Dr Grav recited some interesting facts which occurred on Monday evening last, through Mr. Conklin, which must be omitted for want of R T. H.LLOCK. Adjourned.

#### PURPORTED SPIRIT-CORRESPONDENCE.

OSHKOSH, Wis., April 18, 1858.

MR. PARTRIDOR-Inclosed I forward to your address a perfect copy of a letter writte , by Thomas J. Carter, M. D., of this city, to a Spirit sister. The letter was inclosed in two envelopes, and secured with wafer and wax, in addition to the usual mode of securing envelopes The package was then taken by a friend into the State of Connecticut, and from there sent to J. V. Mansaeld, 3 Winter-street, were no directions given as to where or to whom the answer should be sent, if one were obtained. Strange to say, however, Mr. Carter received an answer a few days since, mailed at Boston, of which I also send you a copy. The pickage from Boston was opened at a sitting, in the presonce of eight or ten persons, myself one of the number. The letter of Mr. Carter was returned in the prokage unopened. The wax, with Mr. Carter's private seal, was unbroken, and the wax and wafers had been used so freely by M . C. in making up his puckage, that the knife was necessary in getting it out. Mr. Carter, in writing to his sister, inquires after his little son Forister, three years old, who died this teen years sluce. All the rest will be explained in reading the correspond-Very respectfully,

Oshkosu. Wia. February 20, 1858.

My Dean Sisten - I am yet in the land of the living and am anxious

crossed the street but by direction of Spirits. Starting with him on litual intercourse to communicate with you and others of my dear relayou in your new home? Will you tell me whether you know anything of our dear mother and father, or the dear brothers who have left the form, and of their welfare? I wish to be informed of my dear boy Forlster, and of his state; in what sphere he dwells, and if he is progressing? Oh, my dear sister, if there is a Spirit-communication through which I can be permitted to approach you, be assured I shall earth that I may enjoy the society of the good and virtuous in that land of Spirits. My mind has been more auxious to learn of mother and Forister (my son), and yourself. I shall wait for an answer with great anxiety, and hope to be gratified soon.

I wish to know if the doctrine of spiritual intercourse with mortals in true or faire? If I can be benefited by its influences and teachings? matter. I feel that soon I may be in that Spirit land, and I wish to be guided aright, and finally enter the abode of the good; and wholly

> THOMAS J. CARTER. I remain, as over, your loving brother,

#### ANAMER THROUGH MR. MANSFIELD.

My Dear Father-You have called for aunty to communicate, but she is not able to control the source through which I come. She has made many trials to do so, but has failed in every instance; therefore I have undertaken to communicate, by way of responding to some of the ques lone noted in yours. You say you are yet in the bonds of a mortal existence, and hope for a communication from your dear departed. Well, dear father, I am happy to say we do come to you (I mean aunty, grandfather, grandmother, and others, who were once dear to you while they remained in the firsh ) We often try to impress you of our presence; some times we think we do, then we doubt whether or not we have. We have, dear father, no troubles, but all joy, in the Spirit-land. Oh! could you but know how happy we are, would you not desire to come and be with us? I us, you would, dear father. You ask aunty to tell you about me-what my sphere is, and what I am doing. Dear paps, would you believe aunty? Yes, you would, were she to tell you all about me. Then I am sure you should credit why I say of myself. My sphere is five, circle two. I am taught of others; what I know I impart to others; that is, the knowledge of Spirit-life as we receive it. This is the employment of all. Dear papa, you ask if the doctrine of spiritual intercourse with mortals is true? Yes, more emphatically so. Can it he, dear papa, that you have lived so long in the world, and not found out that before? I want you should in all your future life heed the impressions you have from day to day. Ask God to bless you, to show you what duty is, then do it, let come what will. Mortule, one andall, have a duty to Gol; that is, God demands thankfulness and gratitude, loasmuch as none could subsist for a moment were it not for his protecting power. Then, my dear father, try and be content while you solourn on earth. By-and-by you will come to this my Spirit-home. Call on me often dear one, do, oh, do.

Your Spirit,

FURISTER.

MENDON, MICH., April 8, 1858.

TO THOMAS J. CARTER

#### SPIRIT HEALING IN MICHIGAN.

FRIEND PARTRIDGE :

Sir-It affords me much pleasure to inform you that Spiritualism in this part of the country is progressing, slowly, it is true, but surely, and a solid foundation is being laid for a more rapid progress hereafter. Last Sabbath I was at Mendon village to hear a spiritual sermon, by the Rev. H. Foster. His text was in Joshua vii; 12. Mr. F. is a confirmed Spiritualist, and did the subject justice. I understand that he has been retained for a year.

A few days since, I called on Mr. F -t, an acquaintance of mine. Mrs F -t has been out of health for some time, and with all of the popular aid that could be procured, she still got no better. At last she was persuaded to send for Mr. V-n, who was a healing medium, in hopes of obtaining relief. He has been to see her but two or three times, and has done her more good than all of the rest of the treatment that she has ever had. The Spirit in attendance is the Spirit of a French doctor. He can act on her like a charm (she being a partially developed medium); he gives her spiritual medicine; that is, he gives her medioine that he extracts from the air. She can not see it; she can only taste it. The day before I went there, she told me that the Spirit gave her some wine. She could not see it, but she could taste it perfectly plainly. It was as good wine as abe ever drank. Soon after she drank it, she fell into a torpid state and sweat profusely, and a kind of dark bilious substance accompanied it, which had to be washed off She then felt better, and is now gaining every day. She begins to look more natural, and feels better than she has in a great while.

Yours, elo,

SINGULAR CAVE.—A cave decidedly novel in shape, has just been discovered in the town of Spring Hill. Johnson county, Kansas. It is almost perfectly cylindrical in form, being some seven feet in diameter, and eight or ten deep. Its walls are of line atone, and the roof is covered by a smooth beautiful slab of the same material. There is a small passage leading from it, not yet explored, but which is supposed to communicate with other chambers. This singular cave seems to have been worn out of the solid rock by a stream of water. The entrance to it is through a small angular aperture, barely large enough to admit the body of a nam. It is in the open prairie, upon an eminence commanding a view of the country for miles around. It is surrounded by one of the finest tracts of land in Kansas.—Quinduro Chindrean.

## PHILIPOPHICAL AND MODAL DEPARTMENT.

SPECIFICALISM PRACTICALLY CONSIDERED.

A RESTRICT OF DESIGNATION ASSESSMENT, BY COLD. B. B. STATISTICS. have not be become wanter I they be by may of intend; fire the term of the control of the first the fally to the fire of the control of the control of the first the fally to the factors of the first the fally to the factors of the first the fally to the factors of the fall of the factors of the fall of the factors of the fall of the f to will be seemd the contain stortain jumple of great value, and here-

and rate of toth the postal and the post to the way of that skill, and the said report to the higher life, and that the true concarry of the Christian is with this world and its dallies.

raily profes advited knowleng to the majority of Subbath day and religion. My about is to large where the truth lies in the madler of stilling.

his several line.

a reposit of the in a ship builded wholly of words section their authority, as in the present wicked way, from the people, and Colors father. That of it a man thus furnished forth, cloths with new cloth, this pouring of new wine into disapliated more and more disastrons? In the ancient God word to be 14k of the light of goal skine, a called doing something for God and humanity family residence to sevid the south clar, and to chaps his course. I my again, for he it from me to undervalue the earnestness. by the kickey of it; and the word practical and sheerity of our practical friends, but would it not be well there is no power in word-authority to albuy this atorm; and if account as applied to him. We read of three wise men of Goth- to look, either back or forward, whichever you will, of this there he no help save in words, then must the charger of am, who went to see in a food. Were they practical? Or, and Spiritualism, and hattend of sitting up o'nights to hate battle, the overlasting closh and din of wordy war, the humo take that other actions mortal who has found out by mulycling fuels, try to understand them? The Baptlat says to the Pres. bubble of theological disputation, still go on. Must not that no own bearing that there is no shore to the sea of human des bytarino, and both say to the Methodiat, "Wall, brother, it be deemed the truly practical, which puts an ond to it forever? they and barran thought no granitic promontery whence to make no difference by what road you reach heaven, provided Demonstration and authority, when tested side by side, will be shape a course; that its blanch are all effect like blanch; who you only get there," which might be true, perhaps, were heaven found to lead to opposite results, of great practical commesite coshroaded by the smoke of his own intellectual lamp, and in cube, like the New Jerusalem, instead of a state, and it had quenes. According to authority, God, by authority, and in by reason of his own inability to see beyond it, angely we lades not been discovered eighteen hundred years before they were total disregard of law or established method, made the world there is suching there. Are we to get him down as a militaries? born, that there was but one path that led into it but one door and man. It teaches that both were spoken into being by an

On should havel and their femous do the profiled philosopher in their tien right, because they never that the manual is a coloning; that all his desire for knowl make anything but therefor Well, we may admit the all their character as utilitarians would be all the which before a product montes. The objector cays of himself, shearer for more proof. The problems who should construct the color of a second contains on the procession in china of every unlarky which who color to profit by its selecper a there the hand which along in Justice in the olden time, lifte advantages, could scarcely claim it as a proof of his pro-

late. These build their ships of the same solid timber, and sail The are the same make the same complaint of in scaler the same flog, but steer different courses. Of these is These complain may be said, that they agree in this. They profess a kindred that and a fraternal contempted on their part; that not love for Spiritualism, and a fraternal contempt for all that de-The holder whereon both as and traditions in the lower strata of their imagination. They properties put in requestion; that they to immortality is builded wholly of words. Agreeing on these are personally about the A. B. C of Equationism, watching points, and also on this other, that the facturians are mere the the land of talking about me locate, they take leave of their only at this point, and firing rately walk into his cubin, open his portfolio, and take his dewhen they are beform a gan in the form a gan in the form a gan in the form the signal to the fleet that they are parture from a pencil sketch of Bandy Hook light, as for the or organizing industrial and social plus script into action without waiting for day light, they proceed thinker to shape a true course from these head-lands of the imthe tree sales assists assists of "estaday" or their different courses. The one battles for a new social order the same of repercal wisdom, filtered through a on the earth, and the other for a new church. Both are to be to be thoroughly qualified to established on the same broad leads, that is to say, upon words. able to talk with he ayes that with this difference, to be sure, that sacred words are to found And the man at where the complaint is made, do roppess the new church, and secentific words the new state. And this the conjugal relation to be the true and practical idea of the conjugal relations and practical idea of the conjugal relationships are the conjugal relationships and practical idea of the conjugal relationships are the conjugal relationships and practical idea of the conjugal relationships are the conjugal relationships and practical idea of the conjugal relationships are the conjugal relat to the state of th

Far he it from me to impeach either the integrity of purpose [ or the utility of the objects sought to be secured by them in the thore is certain a near and navigate the Atlantic dustries ; but from what fixed fact in the realm of reality do On a page of Har I out be as substantial as they commune their reckoning? By what polar star do they the state of which she has to contend Neither can be steer for the new church and the new state they have set out december which open his ing book and his dead reckning; there to reach? By the dead reckning, they would seem to have has a second a polar star something by which to test nearly reached their destination; but by the chronometer and 11 requires also a fixed object whence to take quadrant they have been saiting in a circle. Their claim to pilgrimage to Mesca, or to abstain from ment forty days in each the commencement of his royage, also his calent progress and practiculity consists mainly in conferring new year, and on every Friday in each week of the year? How am I to know whether or not, should I take a little bread and wine the track is water, to take his bearings and distance, takes; that is to say, whereas man limped cast under the old dis. The mrong way, I might eat and drink eternal damnation? or When you book the sarry the flag of a rear admiral pensation, he buys west under the new. When you book but that I might sip everlasting bliss by taking it the right way? at the fore. A rocky chill on form from a better adapted to sharply into the face of this New Church, you discover that it How am I to know whether or not the time honored rite of the or the old one in a new honnet. The same hard, dry features, My be to the sea of opinion, the sea of human needs, the the same step mother air, the same befringed and fantastically great and if mentality to be explored in a paper bank. Its unbroadered kultting shouth and placerston; aye, and the same has been also been been balled into fury by the winds authorstice beck, are there as of old, disgulard under the thin of section desired, are fatal to mere paper results, however mosting of a few out of the way phrases, and these not the off to and formal or artistically described. He who ventures apring of their practical genius, but horrowed for the occasion beathen mythology and the private opinions of Paul, and Poter apar this we also require a fixed starting point. He can not (without leave) from Emanuel Swedenberg. When you examtak to be bearings from a treatise on acceptation, neither can be one the new state or proposed system of social order, it is found a host of similar questions both ways. What sayest thou, my deposit a self-open has inguithms. He, too, requires an occasi to be the old one gone to seed. It is machinery supplementing practical friend, who makest the ladder by which thou reachest and always of the san by day and a fixed star for his guid machinery sin applying the principle of homosopathy to Sutan and findest authority to be the central idea of the universe; what and her har a feed, opposed and opportationed with but, as of old, from the Lord, through his sear, who is a secr concentration of warmed and officered by experienters! - a ship because he has seen his own and his discipled faces in a glass, who we have sake but the liver and spirites of apostles and can shut his cross and smuffls. And this hotelding of old the new? Will it not rather increase in violence and prove

the san, that have at sail in every age, and not a ship of them compliment when he says, with an air of triumph, it may be all one washed a toland, they and upon thousandalying at this I believe in And and immortality; It is not yet certain that he means at at the best of a said tens of thousands of them galor there has really said anything, at least a parrot can be taught to say as with the certainty of face. Is this being practical? If so, what much. The magnitude of the caying is determined by the why is epseulation? Then, we have mavel architects of a more and the wherefore of it. Your God and your immortality, in mostern and progressive type, who build them ships out of the mame, and by solemn profession, have been the starting point white oak of pure whose and the locust and cedar of positive whenen overy voyager on the sea of ethics has shaped his philosophy men who build Laurthone which never get them | course ; but on inquiry we learn that by God they understand silves launched, and one men of selection for that reason, and are a Divinity who is supposed to have presided over the temporal welfare of three uncient Jews, and not the God of and in the universe, at all a God scated on a throng semembers, and doing whatever pleases him until it displeases him, and then doing comething else. By immortality, we learn that they mean a the best transfer of the present guerance of a engine that did nothing but burst itself, and damage the infraculous resurrection of dry hones some time or other. It is to turn out exceedingly felicitous to all who accept a certain plan or scheme, with a sure prospect of eternal calcination in a hat place, for those who do not accept it. Now, these hoad-Then we are blessed with two divisions of practical spiritual bands whence they take their bearing and distance, are the some in name with those that exist on the term firms of sternal fact, but only in name. The misfortune is, that no man can fix their latitude and longitude. They loom up to those voyagers like mirage, from the imperfect refraction of conflicting creeds are Hindons, and galat in the atmosphere and not on earth. As well might the skipper who tenves this port for Liverpool delibaghation. What wonder that the sea of ethical endeavor entombs the wreeks of so many gallant ships who run each other down in the durk? Consider the temperate of interrogatory perpetually sweeping across it. How do I know that God is, and that man survives the dissolution of his body? Both are asserted, and both denied. But words, whether of assertion or deaid, can not stay the tempest of question which continually whilether through the cordage of that troubled back - what proof? I require facts, not words. Show me the evidence, and I will state it to myself; or suppose I necept your word evidence of inmertality, among the conflicting words concerning it, how shall I discriminate the words to rely upon, with respect to my preparation for it? I am told that this life is designed for that repectal purpose. In what way shall I employ it? How am I to know, for example, whether or not it is my duty to make a comeidon should be practiced or neglected? Should I be buptized, or should I not? and if I should be, how? in a basin or in a brook? And when, in infuncy or manhood? In short, shall I accept or reject as nonsense, that wonderful scheme, with all its variations, which Economical Councils have concected out of and John? Good men and who men have answered these and to the knowledge of Immortality and religious duty, of words, answered than to these questions. Canst then say to this troubled ocean of six thousand years -" Peace, he still !" Will the storm raised by the old authority cause in the presence of omsted by a newer mandate? If so, let me see the sign manual of the law-giver.

If time and universal fallura be any proof, then may we say Consider the goodly Seets belonging to every nation under through which humanity can enter. A man pays himself no attered word, and that man's humanity, like God's govern-

ment, is conditional and capridons. From this unfixed head- to dwell, and "liquid" on topics which their proud spirits would it is quiet and enlarge the elected to the ele intellectual murmur, for use and reason have neither lot nor act of mine. I knew him well before he entered upon his will part with authority. Both his religion and his God are beyond, tary career, and I admired his aniable qualities and gentlementy or without respect to natural law, and his theology may be deportment | I followed him through his campaigns in Mexico defined as the quarance of natural causes reduced to a system, and was proud to see the shamrock of the Emerald 1ste en It tends to confusion, and that continually ; its subjects are governed, after all, not by what God says, but by what the Popes say he says ; it is, throughout, a government of hearany and caprice, and the newest prophet carries it. At one period the God voice is attered through a Pope, and at another through a book. Anon, that falls into disrepute; when lo l It breaks out afresh through a speaking medium; but it has over the same ring, and invariably indicates inhehief.

(The be concluded in our nest)

#### LETTER FROM HON, N. P. TALLMADGE.

Panatheren H., N. Y., March 25, 1858.

In the Washington Evening Star of April 1, we find the following letter from Gov. Tellimodge, which we are happy to transfer to our con-

A friend has sent me the Star of the 19th last, containing the proceedings at the "Bt. Patrick's Anniversary Suppor" is the city of Washington. Among other things, General James Shields, in reply to a complimentary toust, uses the following language, when speaking of the "peculiarities of the Irish race ;"

"They are not led aside by every new-fangled doctrine which becomes current. You never find an Irishman believing in Sple Itualism ; he does not take like sent at a table [ A voice-unie ) there is good liquor on it | to watch for the Spirits to move it. unless, as my friend remarks, there is good liquor on it, and then he expects the "aptrite" to move him-Irishmun can not be humbuged by these humbugeries of the day.

I confess I am attorly at a loss to account for this strange language on this patriotic and Joyous festival, unless the heaorable gentleman had himself been elevated to a specitual sphere by imbibling freely of that "good liquor" of which he speaks with so much unction, until he could say with Caliban,

"I'll awear upon that bottle, the liquor is not earthy."

But badinage apart, a gentleman should always be a gentle, man, even in his cups. It is, therefore, with deep regret and mortification, that I see the speaker, on this occasion, turning kelds from the legitimate topics of his speech, and thus appealing to vulgar prejudice, and at the same time assailing the epinlons and belief of some of the brightest intellects of the age. And when he tells us, "You never find an Trishman believing In Spiritualism," I can only say that, if he thinks so, he knowmuch loss of the intelligent and educated portion of his comtrymen than I do.

I have always been an ardent admirer of the Irlah people and of the Irish character. During the course of a long life I have had no more faithful friends then those of the trish popand no one has behored more fulthfully or almeerely to repay their support and kindness than I have done. And those of them who know me heat, would be the last to join with the honorable gentleman in an attempted ridicule of Spiritualism a subject which, from a thorough lavestigation, I profess to understand, and which, from his own confession, he knows nothing about If he wished to set forth the "pseudicrities of the Irish race, why did he not trace them as exemplified in the characteristics

land of arbitrary miracle, the captains of salvation set out to atterly dischain? Why did he pass heedlessly by the intelerance are but their care but the ca run their parallels of human duty, and to construct the transfer of human duty, and to construct the persons at its lead would be a varied tables of religious rites and coremonal observances. In opinion's rake, for centuries past, and exhibit in his own person and who cossess its confidence and extent determining these, they, of course, have nothing whatever to the same intolerance for which the blood of his countrymen had do with utility and natural law, because me and natural law freely flowed on the scuffold and the field? Why does he come look at this subject with intense interest. They know that the have nothing to do with man's mirrordious creation or salvation, here to ridicule and virtually subvert the religious tolerance of According to that doctrine, he was created from the impulse of our free government, after having escaped from the intolerance an idle moment, and his existence perpetuated, that his Crew of his own 7 Why does he set himself up, as for Oracle, against for might be infinitely serenaded. The non-appearance of Spiritualism, of which he knows nothing, in opposition to the these purely speculative entities use and law at either ter avowed opinions of some of the most eminent statesmen and diminux of man's being, is the safe warrant for their discussed vines, and the highest judicial functionaries of the country? If from every other portion of it. Hence the thing to be deter he were a low and vulgar demagogue, I could see a motive for mined in, not what is the use and the need, what is the good this appeal to public prejudice, but far be it from me to place and the true, but what sugeth the Lord ! If the Lord any kill the honorable gentlemen in that unenrights category; I estime a calf, or rob me a henroost, it is paying man's debt mate his public services too highly. And if he ever attains to of religious duty to comply without delay, and without an "that" bid eminence," it will be by his own set, and not by any twined with the stars and stripes of the American Union. And when I saw him, amidst the battle's strife, fall " with his back with the whole nation in his unexpected recovery; and I caw your expectant ear with the sound of his familiar voice. The

taske he received for his unfaithfulness a few years ago, in pre be? Is not the soul the life of the body? And can life die ?" senting to the Senate of the United States and referring the Sometimes, when the quiet hour of twilight brings up the memorial of myself and thirteen thousand Spiritualists for a sacred days of the past from out the bread domains of Memory, scientific investigation of this subject. My views of his course, and dark, gloomy doubts east their shadows over our hearts, do a regiven in the National Intelligencer at the time, and have we not feel the influence of some unseen power? He we not been preserved for the benefit of the honorable gentleman and feel that we are not above? Does not the summer wind waft, others, in my Appendix to "The Healing of the Nations"-a cometimes, in those golden hours, notes of sweet music to our book that will never die and where the honorable gentleman souls which are all unheard by our outer senses? Do not our will remain the wonder and admiration of after ages. I had sould insensibly go forth and converse with unseen friends, in a hoped that that brief controversy would have taught him pro language intelligible only to themselves? tence, and that he would have learned, as I have often said, . Ah I our own souls, in their intuitive knowledge, tell us that that these "manifestations," the most extraordinary in the his our friends of the Spirit-world are ever around us, in Joy and in tory of the world, are either spiritual or philosophical and corrow, in darkness and light in mirth and cadness. When whether they be the one or the other, are equally entitled to the hight throws her veil of darkness over the earth; when the stars herefore, to ridicale them, is evidence of a disordered intellect, in trouble they comfort us; if in sickness they calm us by their red must recoil with tremendous effect upon him who assumes gentle influence. They glide softly into the prison, and the that unenviable attitude. Believing that the honorable gentleman heart of the convict is glast in the sunshine of their presence. and learned wisdom from experience, I was rejoiced to see him. Where all and suffering make known their baneful power, igain returned to the Senate of the United States from the new Spirits stand hely guardians to their victims. And when wearand rising State of Minnesota. And I respectfully suggest to mess and slespair bow down the heart of the erring one, they blin that, when he takes his seat again in that honorable body, draw very near to him, and tell him that Love and Purity can he move to take up the above-mentioned memorial which was never die, that there is no spot on earth so dark, that the sun-aid on the table, with the assurance that he will there find hon. light of God's Truth can not penetrate it. orable Senators as devoted Spiritualists as myself, and who will | When we miss them in their accessomed places, by the fireside to ample justice in relation to any views he may think proper and the table - when the familiar voice is husbed, and the friendto present.

mated there are from three to four millions of Spiritualists in done and we go home, we shall be as they are; and, unfettered the United States, and that their number is increasing in a geo- by the shackles of human weakness, we too shall be permitted metrical ratio-ethat Spiritualism is spreading rapidly in other to go about doing good, and performing the holy mandates of portions of the world - that the last number of the Westmin- our Father. ster Review, in an article opposed to it, holds this significant

Politicians and statemen in this country are beginning to most exalted intellects, male and female, are carneally engaged in the cause—that it is affently aprending in the highest classes, and amongst the very slite of acciety- and they look forward to its future development and advancement as an element which may control the destiny of this great country. Home of the most asymptom minds already foresee this. In a recent number of the New York Herold, in a shrewd and able arricle on this subject, its present position was presented, and its future forechadowed, with a kind of Bootch accord aight. Horritaalism was proclaimed, as " already a person in the land." And you may rest assured "when the wind is motherly," no man "kn we s hawk from a hand-aw" better than James Gordon Bonnett. Let the honorable gentleman look to 1850 for farther develop-N. P. TAILMAINING

#### THE DEPARTED.

Hark I the selemn notes of the fell, in yessler steeple, as also to the field and his feet to the for," I mourned the sacrdice of a too painfully the sad voice which tella you that your friend will not be soul in the service of his adopted country. I rejoiced no more most you in your daily walk will no more glassian alm with pleasure enter the Senate of the United States, as a first of the dread monarch of the shadowy so in the state of the shadowy so in the slight reward for his yallant conduct and patriotic service. I like facts from earth. Dead! illent and motionless, on your did not expect to see him shine in this new sphere of action like dar couch lies the form that, but a little time ago, closel by your those splendid luminuries that had gone before him, but I foodly side, clate with his and hope. Gone! for ver ind, beneath the hoped he would be surrounded by the light which still lingered churchyard sod, is the face that you have loved. Up from the chamber of encounty, rise the dread questions, "Whither have After this brief sketch of the Hon, gentleman's career, I can not the waves of Time waited his spirite?" And whose comes the but express my surprise, as I sold in the beginning, at the indiscussors! From the bosized soul of that which has gone home, crimnate as ault upon the advocates of Spiritudisce men who the voice of Reason replies. "He who had power to raise from have occupied positions as elevated, and whose talents, to say the dust the body, had also posses to return to earth its own. And least, would not softer in comparison with his own I can not even. He who from the fathernics depth of his own life, created the now account for this unexpected and injustifiable onshright, und immortal soid, bath power to loop life yet in possession of its fers the honorable gentleman is still smarting under the just re lown. Can that which the Creator of all life created coals to

andid consideration of every intelligent mind. The attempts are peopleg forth from the blue sky, they are with us. If we are

ly face lies beneath the green soil, we still hear them, still see Before I closs this communication, permit me to make another them and know that they love us yet, as of old they loved; that enggestion to the honorable gentlemen, namely, that it is estill they never will forget us. And we know that when our work in

Thusbun and Liburaisa.—There is a point in the following remark of an entment intoteter, which we should be gled to have some of our motes elegation regard. The alergy man was remarkable in the first of Emmet, of Curran, of Crattan, and of that host of worthics whose gallant conduct and noble sentiments have adorned and general of the study of reproduction of its marvels. Not not present time? Why did he descend from the lefty and only does it arrives with all the charm, and all the charms of the country does it arrives. Not not present time? Why did he descend from the lefty and only does it arrives with all the charm, and all the charms of the country does it arrives. Not not present time? Why did he descend from the lefty and the prepared to reserve it, or until the captures can be a great conviction, the present pulsey is, of, to thunder less and lighten more."



"Let every man be fully persuaded in his own mind."

CHARLES PARTRIDGE,

NEW YORK, SATURDAY, MAY 1, 1858

#### SPIRITUAL TELEGRAPH, VOL. VII.

With this number we introduce the seventh volume of this Spiritual Messenger. For the liberal patronage of our earthfriends and the many kindnesses of Spirits and mortals who have so freely and ably contributed their experience and reflections to these columns, we feel deeply grateful. By these and other tokens of public favor, we have been encouraged year by year to increase the size and the intellectual and practical interests and usefulness of this paper. Finding that very many of our patron-esteemed the Telegraph worthy of preservation in bound form, we introduced, two years ago, its present size and convenient shape, but reserved the entire outside for advertisements, and other transient matter. It will be perceived by this number that we have dispensed with one of the heads, and appropriated the entire paper, excepting the last sheet, to the spiritual and intellectual culture and physical needs of mankind. The reading matter of this paper has been doubled since its commencement, without any increase of charge. We give much more matter than we can pecuniarly afford; but spiritually we are encouraged to rely confidently on the greater diligence of our constantly increasing patronage, for a wider circulation and usefulness.

We deem Spiritualism to be eminently practical, and we propose to employ this organ to contribute (so far as any paper can), to the spiritual, moral, intellectual, and physical needs of mankind. To this end it will be perceived that we have divided our space into several departments, under the following general heads:

SPIRITUAL PHENOMENA AND THEIR SIGNIFICANCE.
SPIRITUAL LYCEUM AND CONFERENCE,
PHILOSOPHICAL AND MORAL DEPARTMENT.

EDITORIAL DEPARTMENT.

THE MOVING MENTAL WORLD-THE NEWS.

PERSONAL AND SPECIAL NOTICES.

PRICE CURRENT AND BUSINESS DEPARTMENT.

It will be our constant endeavor to make a paper which no family or person properly filling their sphere, and interested in spiritual and intellectual culture, can well afford to be without. The Telegraph will be anti-sectarian, and its columns will be open for every phase of earnest thought, respectfully expressed, on every subject of human interest.

We shall hereafter give more attention to the moving mental world, such as lectures, essays, debates, etc., and give weekly summary of all the important news. In a word, we shall strive to keep our readers informed of all the important developments of the physical, spiritual and mental worlds, and if possible make the Telegraph fully supply the demand of newspaper in every department of human interest and progress.

True Spiritualism addresses itself to integral manhood, and administers to all his needs. It tends to neutralize the virus of superstitions dogmatism, by enlightening the understanding, and to set man in the center of the world of life, in conscious rapport with the divine heart-heats of the universe. It teaches man to look not to the dismal past for wisdom and guidance but to comprehend the ever present—to face about and press forward toward the prize of his high calling, in the future un foldings of God's universe. Spiritualism has done much already to emancipate man from stupid antecedents. The full fruit of its work, however, does not yet appear, and probably will not until man becomes more a man, and less the slave to popular errors. But the work goes steadily and boldly on, and its good and uses challenge the earnest endeavors of all who have been blessed with its holy influences.

Andrew Jackson Davis and Mary his wife have returned from their lecturing tour in the West, and taken up their residence again in this city.

#### SPIRITUALISM IN EUROPE.

ENGLAND.

Occasionally a number of the British Spiritual Telegraph, published monthly at Keighley, still reaches us, though from some cause it is not very regular in its visits. The last number we have received, and which did not arrive until a few days ago, is dated February 1st. It contains a learned and very interesting article (one of a series) on "Ancient and Modern Testimonies to Spiritualism," but very little information is found in this number respecting the present condition of the spiritualistic movement in Great Britain. Under the head of "Keighley Circles," however, it says that "the Christian Spiritualists continue their meetings as usual, on which occasions communications are received, and short addresses given." A correspondent signing himself "K. M.," is busying himself with experiments with the magic mirror as a means of communicating with the Spirit-world, and promises the readers of the publication the results of his investigations in that line.

It is evident, that the plant Spiritualism is not destined to flourish very extensively in British soil for the present. That staid and sober old gentleman, John Bull, is not easily persuaded that any doctrines outside of the circle of his long-cherished thoughts are worthy of his attention; and even when such doctrines, by the potency of truth, force themselves upon his conviction, it takes him sometime to gather up his fat corporiety and move in obedience to their promptings; albeit when he does move, his neighbors are very apt to know it. It is owing to this characteristic of the English people that the established spiritual faith of former ages has in a great degree been conserved by them, and that they have not descended to those depths of materialism and unfaith which renders present tangible demonstration from the interior world so necessary to them as it is to some others.

In the absence of general local and passing news of Spiritualism, we must give the British Spiritual Telegraph the credit of bringing to light the following passage from Tertullian, indicating the existence of table-tipping among the ancient heathen Romans. The distinguished Montanist, inveighing against what be deemed the superstitions of the idolaters, asks the latter:

"Do not your magicious call ghosts and departed souls from the shades below, and by their inferonl charms, represent an infinite number of delusions? And how do they perform all this, but by the assistance of evil angels and demons, by which they are able to make atools and tables prophesy."

FRANCE.

The thinkers among the French people, on the other hand, less wedded to the mental habits of the past, and more sensitive to innovative influences, have entered boldly the fields of new speculations and investigations, and from their constitutional tendencies to materialism and those philosophies whose bases consist alone in the observations of the senses, they have long since attained to that spiritual emptiness which naturally seeks be filled by just such tangible facts as modern Spiritualism affords. We deem it no marvel, therefore, that spiritualistic investigations in France should be in a comparatively flourishing state, although, from an equally natural tendency, they seem to be falling, like many of our own people, into the fatal mistake as we deem it) of supposing that they can rise from a material basis to the perception of spiritual truths by continuous degrees, rather than by discrete degrees and correspondences, in consequence of which supposition' their philosophical speculations strongly savor of pantheism and a mere etherealized naturalism.

The Journal du Magnetisme, long ably conducted under the direction of that veteran magnetist, Baron Du Potet, and the more immediate editorial management of Z. Pierart, has for some time been openly committed to Spiritualism. This simple fact may be mentioned as a sufficient offset to the vague hypothesis of those non-investigators who imagine that the alleged facts of spiritual intercourse are nothing more nor less than some new forms of mesmeric phenomena as confined to the mundane, sphere. The scientific world in this prying and skeptical age, does not present the example of a more careful and able investigator than Baron Du Potet. Nor can one be found who may be presumed to know better what there is, and what there is not, in the realm of mesmerism; and yet the Baron, while acknowledging, and demonstrating by practical experiments, that many of the phenomena claimed to be spiritual can be mesmerically produced, frankly admits that mesmerism in the sphere of mortals has an ultima thule, and is forced to acknowledge that all the more striking facts of Spiritualism stand outside of its damains.

That the Journal du Magnetisme may not be too much drawn from the sphere specially designated by its title, it has been determined by its editors, hereaster, to issue from the same office, twice a month, another Journal, of the same size and form, entitled Revue Spiritualiste, under the special direction of Z. Pierart, which will be mainly or exclusively devoted to the facts and philosophy of Spiritualism. It will be recollected, from notices previously given in our columns, that a monthly journal was also established in Paris in January last, ably conducted by Mons. Allan Kardek, under the title of Revue Spirite, and which is still published.

The Journal du Magnetism of March 25, and the first number of the Revue Spiritualiste, are now before us, filled with interesting matter. We give the following translation of the Journal du Magnetism's recuille of psychological and spiritual facts taken from the French periodical Press:

#### A CLAIRVOYANT PREDICTION FULFILLED.

The Estafette of Feb. 2, contains a long article on somnambulism. It is therein related that a mother having consulted, concerning the health of her daughter, who was seriously ill, the somnambulist Aloxis, the latter gave her a prescription which effected her cure, and that Alexis further announced to her that she would be a long time separated from her daughter. That prediction was realized. The child was abducted; and after several years, it was by the indication of another clairvoyant that the mother had the happiness to find her lost daughter, and the latter event occurred precisely on the day fixed by the somnambulist."

PRETERNATURAL MOVEMENT OF PONDERABLE BODIES.

"The Ami des Sciences of January 31, contains an article extracted from the Union Bourgignonne, in which an account is given of extraordinary phenomena presented by a young girl of Chavigny en Vallière, named Marie Huart, exhibiting some analogy to Angelique Cottin. Clods of earth and stones detach themselves from the ground and are thrown toward her without any visible cause of the movement. Even bricks have left their place in the hearth, and have moved toward her. It is said that a stone of three kilogrammes (nearly three pounds) was thrown toward her with great violence."

### KNOCKINGS, WITH INTELLIGENCE.

"The Ami des Sciences of the 29th of November last, contains a letter from M. Matthieu, an old pharmaceutist of the armies, who attests that he has met with mediums in whose presence raps are distinctly heard, without any appreciable physical cause; that the combination of the raps produced a conventional language, by means of which the persons present conversed with their mysterious author. M. Matthieu, who has published estimable writings on these mysterious phenomena, demands that they should be studied and verified."

I "THE KEY OF LIFE."

"We read in the Siecle of February 3, a remarkable article by Mr. Jourdan, concerning a book entitled Clef de la vie, (Key of Life), which two men of letters have offered to the public as having been dictated by the Spirits through a person named Michael, a shepherd destitute of any instruction.

ANOTHER SPIRIT-BOOK.

"Several Journals have given accounts, or made mention, of a very singular book entitled 'Pneumatologie Positive et Experimentale' (Positive and Experimental Pneumatology), by Buron Louis de Guldenstubbe. That author declares that he has obtained the writing directly and immediately from Spirits, and gives a fac-simile of it at the end of his book."

D. D. HUME,

may be mentioned as a sufficient offset to the vague hypothesis of those non-investigators who imagine that the alleged facts of spiritual intercourse are nothing more nor less than some new forms of mesmeric phenomena as confined to the mundane. The scientific world in this prying and skeptical age, does not present the example of a more careful and able investigator than Baron Du Potet. Nor can one be found who may be presumed to know better what there is, and what there is

It would appear from fucts like the foregoing, that public acknowledging, and demonstrating by practical experiments, that many of the phenomena claimed to be spiritual can be mesmerically produced, frankly admits that mesmerism in the sphere of mortals has an ultima thule, and is forced to acknowledge that all the more striking facts of Spiritualism stand outside of its domains.

It would appear from fucts like the foregoing, that public attention in Paris is being very extensively aroused to the current spiritual phenomena; and if Spiritualism once becomes origin of this book allies it to the works of the fan or a American seer Davis, whose only studies were those of six months in a primary school." (This book is highly spoken of by M. Jourdan.)

#### SPIRITS IN REVIVAL MEETINGS.

A correspondent from York Center, Illinois, informs us that at the Methodist revival meeting going on there, a Spiritmedium was influenced to address the meeting, but that the Spirit did not speak according to their creed, therefore they concluded there was no light in him, and attempted to drown his voice with singing, and finally to turn him out. But the Spirit did not seem disturbed by these maneuvers, and kept on. During this time the meeting adjourned, and the excessively pious went away, but many of the audience remained, hearkening unto the Spirit. The Church was much exasperated, and several days afterward caused the medium to be arrested and brought before the judges. Our informant says that although the church people swore very hard, and rather stretched the truth, the Court decided that there was no cause of action, and the medium was discharged.

Spirits are not merely idle lookers-on at these revivals. There have been many marked instances of their influences over individuals and congregations, but they do not all of them, as in the above case, seem to know or heed the fact that each sect must be revived, if at all, in the creed, and in adding numbers to the church, and not in knowledge and virtue. It is considered the wildest heresy to state anything in a revival meeting which is new and true; but they want what the creed allows to be spoken, to be repeated over and over again, until from weariness of much speaking, the people will assent to it. Spirits should learn the routine and the creed before they go to such places.

#### Tests in California.

A. G. E., of Napa, California, writes that with his letter he mailed a pamphlet, given by Spirit-dictation through his brother, which he submits for notice in our columns. The business matters submitted in his letter have been attended to; but the pamphlet has not come to hand. The following particulars, however, relating to the production of that pamphlet, and a test announcement concerning another matter, given through its medium, as related by our correspondent, will probably be interesting to spiritualistic inquirers:

Our correspondent says that the medium, who was his brother, generally fell asleep an hour before the time appointed for the lecture. When the hour for commencing the dictation arrived, "the front door bell would ring, the windows would shake, and the doors would fly open. In an instant all would be quiet and the lecture would commence." Subsequently, however, responses by the most violent movements of the table, would be given to questions asked concerning the lectures.

The test, relating to another matter, above referred to, we give in our correspondent's own language, as follows:

"We had suffered some anxiety in business, consequent on the dishonor of a note to a large amount, which we had indersed for n person in Honolulu, which had considerably depressed us, when, one afternoon, as we were walking down the wharf, he (the medium) go on the Sacranento steamer, we were suddenly stopped, and he said. Don't you see Dr. Fish?" I replied. I do not: but what does he want? He appeared to converse with some one, and then said to me, The Doctor bids us be of good cheer; he says there is a vessel outside the Heads, with good news for us from Honolulu! I asked the name of the vessel. He replied, 'The Archibald Gracie; and there is also an Eaglish frigate.' The steamer's belt was ringing, and I had to bid my brother farewell. The steamer's belt was ringing, and I had to bid my brother farewell, promising to write him the result. That night both vessels came in, and next day I got a letter to say that our responsibility was relieved, sufficient property having been given to secure the debt. I have had numberless tests of the kind."

### Beeson's "Plea for the Indians."

A new edition of this large pamphlet (144 pages) has just been issued, and is for sale at this office, (price 25 cents; postage, 6 cents.) It includes a record of facts and features of the late war with the Indians in Oregon, as personally observed and friends of progress in the plan as unfolded in the essay I have pubotherwise ascertained by the author. Some alterations and cor- lished, and in the prospectus, which will be furnished to all who apply. rections have been made in this edition, from the previous one.

THE PRESS .- We are grateful for the many kind notices of our contemporaries, and have been much edified personally with the perusal of our exchanges; but from the nature of our enterprise, it will be per- kirk, and for any purpose the location is one of the most healthy and crived that the secular and religious papers are of little service to us salubrious. beyond the quotations and other notices they please to make of the TELEGRAPH and of Spiritualism. We shall cheerfully exchange for the volume with papers which favor us with a notice.

Those of our subscribers to whom this number of our paper appears with this paragraph marked with pencil, will please receive it as a notice that the time for which they subscribed and paid for the TELEGRAPH, has expired. As this number commences a new volume, we hope that each of our old patrons will not only remit us the cash for another year, but will do what they conveniently can to add new readers to our list.

#### THE TRIBUNE CHALLENGED.

We are happy to lay before the public the following open, hold and fair proposition to put the relative intellectual acumen of the Tribune and Mrs. Hatch, or the Spirits, to the test, be fore the public and a competent committee. Doubtles our cotemporary will meet the challenge with heroic gallantry. We trust they will take the vantage ground, that is, prepare to fire. We wait the issue with no little interest. We are informed the challenge was sent to the Tribune to be published, and was declined; and we copy it from the Evening Post:

DR. HATCH TO THE TRIBUNE.

The following challenge to the Tribune is from the husband of Mrs.

"In your brief review in the Tribune of a volume of Mrs. Cora L. V. Hatch's Discourses, recently published, you make use of expressions which I, in connection with a large number of others, believe were penned in a cowardly spirit—that you withheld your actual conviction for fear that you would not be on the popular side, and published such a review as you deemed most suited to the prejudices of a majority of your readers. You speak of her Discourses in the following manner:

A few passages are not without a certain dream-like beauty, but, as a rule, the style is feeble and lympha le. It lack- the ruddy glow of I fe, and savors of a sphere of specters and hobgoblims."

I wish to purthe sincerity of your statement to the test; and, therefore, will give you an opportunity of measuring your mental capacity with hers before a public and ence in New York; and offer you any advantage you may desire. You may have a week, or longer, to prepare yourself upon any subject involving fundamental principles, which you may select, which subject shall not be announced to Mrs. Hatch until she goes before the audience. Thus making it a studied effort, on your part, and impromptu on hers, and you may bring to your aid In your brief review in the Tribune of a vo ume of Mrs. Cora L. V

your part, and impromptu on hers, and you may bring to your aid any one of the best intellects connected with the Tribune.

We will mutually agree upon a committee of acknowledged ability to decide how far short her "dream-like, feeble, and lympathic style, and her specter and hobgoblin logic" is of your profound erudition.

If you dare not accept this invitation, then come boldly forth, as a man should do, and acknowledge the falsity of a statement which you have not the ability to defend, and not take the advantage of one of the most popular inurpals to suppress truth and server yourself behind most popular journals to suppress truth and screen yourself behind public prejudice. Yours respectfully, B. F. HATCH, M. D. public prejudice. Yours respectfully,

#### "The Spiritualist Register."

The Spiritualist Register for the year commencing in May, 1858, has just been issued by U. Clark, Auburn, N. Y. It presents statistics, facts, rules for forming circles, and other matters in which Spiritualists are presumed to be interested. The statistical table showing the approximate number of Spiritualists in the United States, foots up at a total of 1,037,500; while the number now living who are inclined to Spiritualism is supposed to be 5,000,000. These estimates, we think, are moderate enough; and if under the head of Spiritualists we were to include all who believe in some sort of existing, sensible intercommunication with invisible intelligences, good or bad, the above figures would have to be increased many millions. The Register is a pamphlet of 36 small pages, single copies of which are sold for 10 cents.

#### Discussion of Spiritualism.

An Oral Discussion of Spiritualism. By S. B. Brittan & D. D. Han-son. S T. Munson, 5 Great Jones-street. For sale at this office, price 38 cents; postage 10 cents.

We can do little more than announce the reception of this neat and elegant pamphlet of 145 pages, which did not come to haud until we were nearly ready to go to press. The discussion was the occasion of much public excitement at Hartford, where it occurred, and the name of Mr. Brittan as one of the disputants, as well as the intrinsic merits of the work, will doubtless secure for it a wide circulation.

#### Note from Dr. Wellington.

FRIEND PARTRIDGE

As my name has from time to time appeared in your columns, and I am kno.sn to have much sympathy with most of your readers, I feel ustified in calling their attention to the advertisement of a new school which I shall open May 10. I invite the interest and sympathy of the

I can assure those who have seen their childrens' health fail under the usual discipline of schools, that we will not only prevent decline, but restore the weak, and at the same time secure even better mentadiscipline. Jamestown is on Chantanque Lake, exactly south of Dan-

I would gladly have furnished you a communication giving an account of my recent tour, and my observations of the progress of Spiritualism, as you requested, but the demands on my time which are made by this new movement render it impossible for the present.

#### "Record of Spiritual Investigations."

Under this head we commence this week the publication of a lengthy article from a distinguished gentleman in Canada, in the form of a letter to Professor Gregory. We regret that we are compelled to divide it into about three parts.

#### THE SPIRITUAL TELEGRAPH.

PROSPECTUS FOR VOLUME VII., COMMENCING MAY 1, 1858.

Careful investigation and innumerable demonstrative facts have fixe, the firm conviction upon the minds of hundreds of thousands in this country and throughout Christendom, that Immortal Spirits are now in various ways, sensibly communicating with mankind, exerting their influence in the healing of diseases, in consoling the afflicted, and in the general rectification of human disorders. If this is so, then every person should not only know the fact, but should also be inf rmed of the means and conditions by which this celestial communion can be secured with the greatest facility and in the greatest purity. Personal convictions in reference to this important subject, can best be attained by experience in the Phenomenal and Impressional Manifestations from the Spirit world, and by carefully analyzing, sifting, and weighing the honest testimony of others. It was for the purpose of embodying the facts and philosophy, and facilitating general investigation, on this subject, that the Spinitual Telegraph was introduced to the public in 1852; and in its pages the carnest seeker has always found, and may still find, an abundance of facts furnished from every phase and standpoint of the investigation, and developed in all parts of the country, and from which every necessary index and aid to a final solution of the great problem involved may be derived.

In each number of this weekly Paper will be found well attested spiritual facts and communicat one and pungent essays, by experienced contributors, upon the most prominent and important points suggested by the phenomena, together with reports of public meetings, the movements of Lecturers, and other matters pertaining to the dissemination of Spiritual Truth.

On all the prominent and exciting topics of the day, especially such as relate to social and religious reform, the TELEGNAPH will speak earnestly from the stand-point of reason, conscience, experience, justice, and a settled convict on of the spiritual demands of the age

In addition to this abundance of spiritual matter, the TELEGRAPH will contain a synopsis of all the interesting news of the week, condensed and arranged by careful and competent persons. We shall also insert such brief but comprehensive items of useful and entertaining knowledge as we may be able to extract from the multitudinous variety of our large exchange list. It will also contain a Price Current of the market for all kinds of produce, and a report of receipts and sale of all merchandise consigned to us, and of money received and remitted. These features make our Paper an invaluable family visitor to the farmer, manufacturer and merchant, instructing and interesting to the skeptic as well as the believer in Spiritualism, to the wife as well as the husband, the child as well as the parent; to the physician, the teacher, the preacher, the reformer, the Church, and humanity gen-

The columns of the Telegraph have ever been free to all persons who had an cornest word for truth and human progress to utter, whether in consonance with the thought of its immediate conductors, or otherwise. We submit it, therefore, as a Paper which must be desirable to all persons who are sufficiently tolerant to allow those who differ from them In opinions, to speak, and to all such as are willing that Truth should be disseminated and prevail.

The independent and tolerant course of the TELEGRAPH has secured for it a list of correspondents which, as to the numbers and the mental power which it represents, will not suffer by a comparison with that of any other weekly publication in our country.

As this is the oldest and largest Spiritualist paper now published, and being is-ued from the very heart of the principal city in the Union, our facilities must be allowed to be unrivaled for keeping our readers carefully apprised of the true state of the constantly advancing principles connected with the Spiritual Unfolding.

#### NOTICES OF THE PRESS.

New York Tribune says: "We must give it (the Telegraph) at least this praise—that it seems to us the best periodical of its school, and in candor and temper a model which many of the organs of our various religious denominations might copy with profit."

Mount Joy Herald: "It is devoted to Spiritualism, earnest, straightforward in its course, open for free discussion, and neither sectarian

Syracuse Republican: "The Spiritual Telegraph is always candid, importial and able."

Herald and Era: "The Telegraph is one of the oldest and among

the raid and Era: "The Telegraph is one of the oldest and among the best, and no doubt it will be well sustained."

Belvidere Standard: "Mr. Partridge is widely known as a man of honest and liberal sentiments, and although he gives his means toward the dissemination of Spiritualism, it does not follow that he is speculating on the credulity of deluded people, as certain persons are wont to believe. For the exposition of this subject, the Telegraph has no superior."

Daily Gazette and Comet: " It is mainly devoted to the illustration

Daily Gazette and Comet: "It is mainly devoted to the illustration of spiritual intercourse, though entitled to a high place as a literary and scientific journal."

Ottawa Republican: "Those who feel an interest in knowing what developments the Spiritualists are making in different parts of the country, will find the Telegraph much ahead of the common run of that class of papers."

Jefferson Union: "The Telegraph, under its present management, is ably conducted, discusses and examines the various phenomena of the new doctrine, with great candor and marked ability.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION: One year, strictly in advance (to Publisher's risk if registered) \$2 00 Six months Three months To City Subscribers, including Delivery, one year .....

Any information our contemporaries of the Press may give their readers respecting our endeavors, will not only entitle them to an exchange, but, with all others of our friends who may exert themselves to increase our circulation and usefulness, they will be gratefully remembered. CHARLES PARTRIDGE, Editor and Proprietor.

RECORD OF SPIRITUAL INVESTIGATIONS. BELLEVILLE, U. CANADA, December 2, 1857.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE SPIRITUAL TELEGRAPH

Joet.

statements of the Spirits, in accordance with the dictates of his own judgment. As no being, be he "Spirit" or man in this be infinite. Therefore, none but God himself is infallible.

In the following copy of my letter to Professor Gregory, I have omitted many details which would not possess any particular novelty in this continent :

LETTER TO PROFESSOR CREGORY.

BELLEVILLE, U. CANADA, June 22, 1857.

Dear Sir-My only motive for venturing to address you, is the deeply-engrossing interest attached to the subject of this communication :- the Modern Spiritual Manifestations. I can well remember the time when the subjects of " Animal Magnetism," " Mesmerism," and "Clairvoyance," to say nothing of "Phrenology," were held in unmitigated contempt by all who had any pretensions to science. These days have gone by; and it now begins to be perceived that, strange as these things are, they are not the less true-because with our limited capacities, we are unable to comprehend them. There is obviously a point, to which human reason, in tracing back the chain of causes of natural phenomena, can reach, and no farther. Our knowledge may be compared to a beautiful structure. We can describe every part of the superstructure, but we can tell but little of our solid foundation upon which the whole edifice rests. Every science must have a solid foundation of this kind, and it is worse the senses, is compelled to recognize as facts. A number of lieve in their spiritual origin. these facts I propose to submit to you in this letter; and not professing to possess more than a very limited amount of scientific knowledge, I am anxious to communicate the fruits of my own limited experience, in order to contribute in some degree to the formation of a rational and intelligible theory of the manifestations.

Magnetism," may, very possibly, weaken the position I have been compelled to take, as to the origin of the spiritual manifestations, I must candidly admit the strong analogy that is observable between the two sets of facts; and I can not help kind. thinking that this similarity is attributable to a common origin When we first heard of the "Fox Girls," and the "Rochester sitting round a light work-table with Knockings" in 1848, the thin appeared to

might have had a good effect in drawing attention to the sub- by Professor Faraday; but still I could not think his experi- character. ments conclusive; and therefore, Mrs. M. and I set to work to In order to give a full account of my experience in Spiritual- endeavor to turn a, little round table at our own house. At ism generally with media but imperfectly developed, it is neces- last it began to turn, almost invariably with the sun. At wis tend in any degree to place the manifestation in a true light. I removed. But what convinced me that there was no self-decepdo not hold myself in any degree responsible for the incongruition or "volition" in producing the motion was, that I observed ties and contradictions that occasionally manifest themselves in that on some occasions the table would not move under her spiritual communications, still less for what may be called hands, though she was naturally anxious to get it to move. By false communications. I give them just as I received them, and degrees, however, her power increased, so that she could move when in any of them opinions are given on certain commonly it with one hand, or even with one finger placed in the center. received religious dogmas or doctrines, I leave the reader to One evening a neighbor, Mr. T---, a civil engineer employed take the same course as I do myself-to accept or reject the on the Grand Trunk Railway, spent the evening with us. After seeing the little round table turning about all over the floor, he proposed to test the power by sitting on the table. In this poworld, is perfect, so the gradations from man in his highest desistion he was turned round several times by Mrs. M. Afterward velopments in this world up to the great Creator himself, must I got on the table and was turned round with equal freedom, though my weight is about two hundred pounds. Mrs. M. merely touched the table with the points of her fingers. This little experiment fully satisfied me that there was something more in "table-turning" than merely the involuntary action of the muscles. There is now nothing new in this part of the subject and I merely allude to "table-turning" as an introductory process which led me to investigate further.

I now come to what I will call Spiritualism Proper. I am glad to find that you take a generous view of the character of the "media." Of course, in Spiritualism as in in religion, we may expect to meet with hypocrites and imposters, but it is equally absurd and uncharitable to suppose that such a numerous body of individuals would join in a continuous attempt to impose ipon mankind, with nothing to gain, and often a great deal to ose, by such imposture. I have seen many, mostly unprofessional in the instance referred to, I have great reason to believe that the trick practiced arose out of a failure to procure the genuine raps." From the observations I have made on this subject, I have long been fully satisfied that the will of the " medium" has nothing whatever to do with the manifestations, whether physical

As I proceed with my narrative, I will state the means I adopted to satisfy my doubts. About three years ago I met the mayor of the town in the street, and knowing my curiosity on the subject of Spiritualism, he stopped me to say that his wife, Mrs. D, had become developed as a "tipping medium," and had received several communications through the alphabet from her Though the facts given by you in your letters on "Animal father, and he invited me to his house, that I might been able to judge for myself. Mrs. D. is a very intelligent and sincere woman, and having been intimately acquainted with her for seventeen or

On my first visit to Mrs. D., after her husband's invitation, on the table were such as

and puerile, that I only looked upon it as a money-making father's Spirit, the table began to tip, or rise, on the side opposcheme. Afterward, however, I heard accounts from several cite the medium, as a signal that Spirits were present, and intelligent persons who had visited the "Fox Family," which wished to communicate with us. I took the alphabet, and point-Ser-On the 22d of June, 1857. I addressed the following induced me to modify my first opinion; as I could not believe ing with my finger to the letters in succession, the table tipped at letter to Professor Gregory of Eduburgh, Scotland, but up to that any such skillful mechanical contrivances could be devised the letters J. A. Of course I expected that my father's name the present moment have not received in reply, even a simple by inexperienced girls, or rather, children, as any imposture of -"James"-was coming. But the table would not rise at the acknowledgment of the receipt of my letter. I carefully posted this kind would require. Even admitting the mechanical skill, letter M., though Mrs. D. was also anxious that the desired and postpaid the packet, and I can therefore hardly doubt that where or how they could obtain the extraordinary "intelligence" name might be given. I went back to the beginning of the alit reached its destination. Still, though personally unknown to on matters only known to their visitors themselves, or to the phabet, when my eldest sister's maiden name, Janet D. M., was Dr. Gregory, I can not bring myself to believe that he could be Spirits with whom they profess to communicate? Taking a spelled out. Her name was quite unknown to Mrs. D., who wanting in the common courtesy usually observed in such mat- wide view of these mysterious sciences, it seems to me that a knew nothing of my family. I then asked aloud, "When did ters. I therefore conclude that my communication must have kind of gradual development and progression is observable in you die?" but I got no answer until I wrote down a number of been mislaid or overlooked by him, in the midst of other matters them all, and that they are all linked in a manner together. different years on a piece of paper, and on pointing to each of of a more pressing, if not more interesting, nature. Attracted Thus the discovery of the properties of the magnet has nature them in succession, the table tipped at 1855, which I afterward by the noble and truly philosophical candor of his character, I rully led to "animal magnetism" or "clairvoyance," and "clair-found to be correct, as I did not remember the exact year of her was desirous of furnishing bim with a simple, unvarnished state- voyance" to "Spiritualism." A few years ago, Professor Far- death. I then asked, "Of what disease did you die?" "Conment of my experience in "Spiritualism," with my own obser- aday's explanation of "table-turning" satisfied the minds of sumption," was the answer. "Did you die before or after your vations on the subject. I am well aware of the very limited most people, particularly of those who are influenced by great sister?" After." All these answers were perfectly correct, and opportunities I have enjoyed in British America of witnessing names, without taking the trouble to reason or investigate for I took every precaution to avoid anything like suggesting or asmany of the higher and more startling manifestations of "Spir- themselves. Having seen something of "table-turning," my sisting the process. I had nothing more from my sister on that it-power," but I thought that a communication, coming from first impression was, that it was a delusion produced by the in- occasion, but several short communications were spelled out from one who had been but little "mixed up" with Spiritualists, voluntary action of the mind and muscles together, as supposed deceased relatives of Mrs. D.'s, chiefly of a religious or moral

On another occasion, while Mrs. D., her husband, a chancery lawyer from Toronto, and Mrs. D.'s daughter "Nelly," a young girl of fourteen or fifteen, and I, were sitting round the mary that I should go into a few details, which I trust you and time I could not perceive that I exercised any power in the mat-table, Mrs. D. found fault with Nelly for sitting at the table in a your manuer which might excite suspicion. Immediately the table began to rock violently. I took the alphabet, when the following words were spelled out, "You are too suspicious." Mrs. D. had been communicating with her father, and she inquired, "What does my father mean?" "Of Nelly." "Why, are we suspicious of Nelly?" Because you think Nelly makes the raps." Whenever the table began to rise and strike the floor with two legs, Mrs. D. could at once tell by the strength or energy of the raps whether the communication was coming from a strong or weak man, a woman, or a child. When my father desired to communicate with me, she at once said: "Your father must have been a large and strong man," which was

One evening my friend Mr. T., already mentioned, accompanied me to Mrs. D.'s house, when, as a test, he said he would ask a mental question, and requested any Spirit present to give a certain number he wanted, by so many tippings of the table." Thirty-six raps were immediatly given, which we all counted separately, and agreed in the number. Mr. T., after making a slight calculation with his pencil, told us the number was quite correct. As he and I were returning home together, he told me what his question had been-" how many years is it since my father Legland for the United States?"

In the summer of 1855, Kate Fox, one of the mediums in the "Rochester knockings," came to Belleville with her mother, on a visit to a relative in the town. The Fox family, before they removed to the United States, lived on a farm in the county of Prince Edward, a few miles from Bellville. Since 1848, leaving ones, and in only one instance have I detected imposture. Even the neighborhood of Rochester, they removed to New York. I was glad to have an opportunity of testing the manifestations in a situation where there could be no possible facilities for mechanical contrivance or deception of any kind. I found Kate a simple, artless girl, with an intelligent and ingenuous expression of countenance, and elegant and refined in her manners. I called on or mental. Before going into this part of the subject, I should her several times at the house where she was residing in Bellethan useless to quote great names and scientific theories against premise that I was quite skeptical to say the least; and that it ville. I had a ring which belonged to my father. It was a what the common sense of mankind, founded on the evidence of was only after long and close observation, that I began to be- mourning ring for my grandmother, and the name "Henrietta M., of M., ob. 6 September, 1806." was engraved on it. Having entirely forgotten the dates, not having looked at the ring for several years, I placed it on my finger without looking at the inscription. Having often heard it asserted that nothing is ever communicated by the Spirits but what is already known to the inquirer, I asked Kate if she could tell me the name inscribed on the ring? She said she could not, but if I would write any number of names on a piece of paper, at a side table, so that she could not see it, the Spirit, if present, would knock on the table when I pointed to it. I did as directed, and three knocks came cighteen years, I knew her to be incapable of deception of any on the table when I pointed to the name. In the same manner, the month and year of her death were given correctly. The sounds

low the table, but could discover no possible means of producing and knowledge of matters only known to myself. What the mo- do with driving to shame the 20 000 women in our city, who walk our the sounds. In order to satisfy me still further on this point, lives of these false Spirits could be, I can not conjecture, as the Kate opened the room door, and on gently touching one of the falsity of several of them could be detected in a few hours panels with the points of her fingers, loud and distinct knocks to days. I am fully satisfied, however, that neither my mind came all around and near her hand. I held my ear to the nor that of Mrs. D. had anything to do with them, for often door and distinctly felt the vibration. She then took me out into the street, in front of the house, where the sidewalk was formed of large limestone flags, and the knocks came under and thought of. I will just give one other example of this fact, near our feet, like taps of a hammer on the stone, the sounds invariably corresponding with the nature of the substance on which erary world, and still living, was spelled out by the alphabet, un-Liey were produced

invited Mrs. Fox and her daughter to spend the evening at my house. After tea, we seated ourselves round a large centertable in the drawing-room, with a large lamp standing on it. Our party consisted of Mrs. Fox and her daughter, Mr. T., a medical student, and also a stranger to the Fox family, Mrs. M., and myself. The mediums inquired if any Spirits were present who would communicate with us, and she began to call the letters of the alphabet. Three raps came on the top of the table | daughter at Toronto, who was near her confinement at the time, at the letters J A M E S M, and two other letters of my and I asked, Is your name Agnes? "Yes." I then thought futher's surname, and the following communication was spelled of my wife's sister in England, and I asked, Is your name Agnes out letter by letter:

vince you beyond a doubt. Do not let your mind be influenced by idle and thoughtless words, but investigate for yourself, and your Spirit-friends will all gather in groups arou d you and aid you in your efforts. I still hover over you, my dear son, and protect you from evil.

"James"

Next came a communication to Mrs. M., from her father, which, with the accompanying remarks, I copy from a memorandum of these communications I made at the time-8th Sept.,

THOMAS C -- D: Dear Child: I am still living; I take an interest in your welfare, and weave your heart with many bright dreams. You must not doubt my presence. There are many beautiful truths in this subject, which can not fail to find as echo in your mind. The time will soon come when you can hold converse with us alone."

At the word "vs" a shower of raps, like those of large and small knuckles came all over the table. Now the table itself was lifted and shaken with some violence first at one corner then at the others, in succession, and turned partly round each time. Dur ng these movements the large lamp, with a glass shade, was burning in the center of the table; but it never moved from the spot, as if it were held fast by some invisible power. Otherwise, it must have been overturned. 'Mrs. M. then asked the Spirit of her father the following questions, which were all correctly answered. "When were you born ?" "8th December." "When did you die?" "18th May, 1818." "Your age?" "Fiftyeight." "Of what disease did you die?" "Gout in the stomach." Where did you die ?" "At Norwich, England."

At Kate Fox's request, Mrs. M. wrote down a number of names of dead and living persons intermixed, at a side table where she could not see them, and on pointing to them we heard five raps for the dead, and three for the living. We tried the experiment again and again, and the raps were given correctly each time. Among the names of the dead, she wrote that of Anna Laura H., the daughter of the editor of a London magazine, to whom she was much attached, and with whom she made an agreement, that whichever of the friends should die first, would appear to the other, if permitted. Mrs. M. wrote on a slip of paper, "Why did you not keep your promise?" "I often endeavored to make my presence known to you," was instantly spelled out by the alphabet, " In order to convince me that you are really the Spirit of my friend, spell out your name by the alphabet." "Anna Laura" was instantly spelled out. I

when we desired a communication from some particular Spirit, one would be spelled out from some Spirit neither of us had where the name of my wife's sister, a lady well known in the litder circumstances which rendered it highly improbable that our I did not pursue my investigations further at this time, but minds at the time had influenced the communication, unless the Spirit had read my mind, as the medium, Mrs. D., knew nothing of the facts so obscurely hinted.

October 23, 1854. The table began to rock, and the following words were spelled out when we requested the Spirit, as usual, to spell its name: "Do not ask my name; you are not prepared to hear it." Mrs. D. asked if we would be alarmed? "Yes." My mind instantly suggested the name of a very dear S.? "Yes." Where did you die? "Do not ask." Did you "I have much to say to you. It is joy for me to speak with you die in Scotland? No answer. In England? "Yes." At through echo I wish you to investigate this subject, and I will conalthough you may be indeed surprised to hear from Agnes S. Dear brother, did I not love you all better than you gave me credit for? Every cause I gave Susan (as my wife was generally called by her sister in England) for reasons" (here there was some confusion in the communication, as if some words had been omitted) . . . "after I had put all my works into print. . . but I hope Susanna-will forgive me."

## THE MOVING MENTAL WORLD-THE NEWS.

#### WOMAN AND HER WORK.

On the evening of the 15th of April, Mozart Hall was filled with the On the evening of the 1sta of April, Mozart than was nied with the more intelligent of our citizens, to listen to the eloquently earnest Dr. Chapin. He said his subject led him to consider whether woman is potentially what she ought to be. The relation between man and woman is the most beautiful expression of the great law of nature. Woman is simply the equal o man—nothing more nothing less. We have no right to determine what is woman's sphere by any arbitrary prejudices. I can not recognize any such fact as man's rights or woman's rights; I only recognize human rights. Woman's orbit is the crisit of her humanity, and hence she ought to be man's equal—equal before the world before the law, as she is before God. What we want is some way of demanily, and hence she ought to be man's equal—equal before the world before the law, as she is before God. What we want is some way of deliverance for woman from being a mere slave, and something more substantial than those accorplishments which make her a mere gower of the world have been a mere gower of the world have been a mere gower of the world have been a mere gower of the state of society too often so trains her as to make marriage an absolute necessity. I am gladly there is some advance in this respect. I am gladly there is some advance in this respect. I am gladly there is some advance in this respect. I am gladly flever is some advanced in this respect. I am gladly flever is some advanced in this respect. I am gladly flever is some advanced in this respect. I am gladly flever is some advanced in this respect. I am gladly flever is some advanced in this respect. I am gladly flever is some advanced in this respect. I am gladly flever is some advanced in this respect. I am gladly flever is some advanced in this respect. I am gladly flever is some advanced in this respect. I am gladly flever is some advanced in this respect. I am gladly flever is some advanced in this respect. I am gladly flever is some advanced in this respect. I am gladly flever is some advanced in this respect. I am gladly flever is some advanced in this respect. I am gladly flever is some advanced in this respect. I am gladly flever is some advanced in this respect. I am gladly flever is some advanced in this respect. I am gladly flever is some advanced in this respect. I am gladly flever is some advanced in the second of the some advanced in the second of the se by the alphabet." "Anna Laura" was instantly spelled out. I had an Irish servant, who was expecting his wife and children out from Ireland, and as Kate Fox was standing on the floor, he asked the Spirits how many weeks it would be before his family would reach Belleville? Six raps were immediately given on the floor, three or four feet from where we were standing. Six weeks from that night the wife and family did arrive in Belleville. In the same manner he was told how many of his children were dead and how many living. At this the old man was fairly frightened, and telling Kate, in a tone of mingled fear and repect, "You're a witch, ma'am," took himself off in doubte quick time.

After the departure of Mrs. Fox and her daughter, I followed up my ivestigations at Mrs. D.'s, where I received several remarkable communications, a number of them indeed absolutely and uselessly false, but still exhibiting extraordinary intelligence.

streets, whose smile is only seen by the guslight. But the shame is not all with them. Shame upon him who offers the price of dishonor; hame upon those honorable women who smile upon the victorious debauchee; state upon ourseives if we nourish any projudice which de-precistes the value of woman. Let all there shames blend with the shame of the poor lost girl, and lighten a little the curse that bears too exclusively upon her. Here are these two classes, who must have work

or clse, honorably or dishonorably, perish.

But there is another class of women, who are not compelled to work, concerning whom one of the noblest women of our day (Ars. Jameson) asks if a more enlarged social spaces can not be allowed woman? I can merely say, that this field is indicated in the philanthropic mailtactions of our age. It is exemplified in women like Elizabeth For and can merely say, that this field is indicated in the philanthrepic institu-tions of our age. It is exemplified in women like Elizabeth Fry and Florence Nightingale. One of those poor soldiers of the Crimea said, that her shadow seemed to do him good as it passed over his bed. What a compliment to her was that of another poor sick man, who said to her. "I believe you are not a woman, but an angel!" How much bet-ter is that than the homage of the drawing-room or triumph of a firtz-tion! When called to step forward to the line, who shows more manti-ness, more courage, than woman? Look at the maid of Saragora-look at Grace Darling, and at that noble woman who, but a year ago, brought home the ship of her poor disabled husband; she may have been out of her sphere, but she circumnavigated the globe. I am in-clined to believe that a woman starving in the streets is fully as inconclined to believe that a woman starving in the streets is fully as incongruous as a woman in the senate or the Forum.

The true idea of civil zation will never be unfolded till woman has

The true idea of civilization will never be unfolded till woman has been placed upon an equality with man. In the cabin of the Manfour, in the war of the Revolution, when the wives loaded the makets, there were such men, because there were such women. The grandest transactions of history are unfolded, when Christianity shall have reached its highest point, her heart will be near his band. Let woman stand upon the ground of her human nature, then there will be mutual honor and mutual help; then there will be no discordant masic in the march from the paradise which they left together, to that paradise which they hope to att iin.

The Mormov War Probability a Fance.—The Government has sent some three thousand troops into the wild-roses to subjugate Brigham Young. They have halted in a convenient place; they dare not or will not go bn, wou't come back, and won't work, but constantly annoy the Government with excuses, and with importunities for supplies. The project should go on to its consummation, or be abandoned. In the meantime, we hope the men will be set to work sinking a telegraph making roads and performing other needs are in the a telegraph making roads and performing other useful service to the present or future generation.

Bulls and Bears.—Recorder Barnard, in an able charge to the Grand Jury recently, called attention to the numerous bipeds who are known in Wall-street as "bulls" and "bears"—those who buy and sell stocks on time, which they neither own nor bold, and who trust to a rise or fall in price to make or lose—as gamblers and disturbers of the public peace and morals. He recommends that the Legislature be called moon to recease the making and hadrones to recease the making and the public peace and morals. called upon to pass a law miking outh "business transactions" an indictable offense. We hope this recommendation will be carried out. There is no species of gambling more detrimental to peace, harmony and justice among men, to the men who indulge in it, to commerce and society generally, than this popular gambling in stocks.

A RELIGIOUS MONOMANIAC—The Parke County (Ind.) Republican relates the following incident as having occurred in the village of Rockville, in that State: "Mr Aaron Stewart, late a citizen of Boone county, but for some five months a citizen of our town, has been in a state of dipression of spirits for about two months. Religious excitement seems to have overpowered his reason, and after the return of himself and wife from church, he conceived he idea that the Scriptures required him to sacrifice his right hand and other members of his body, under penalty of eternal punishment. He at one-left the bouse without making known his object, and first perpetrating dangerous wounds upon his person with a knife, he next proceeded with an ax to cut off his right hand. After striking several blows, ranging from the center of the hand to some inches above the wrist-joint, and severing the hand from the arm, except some of the tendons, he walked to the door, fell into it, and fainted."

Underground Telegraph to Utah,—The Washington correspondent

treed of the roof on the marging of an 2010. She brought very little upon that it worthy of being reported.

Some an arion, and asylvir for the anfety of the Leviathan worth's me of the proof of chains, in a squall and by her drifting toward apparent destroation. By the efforts of three steam tags, however, which were brought into ened to her original the transfer fortunately proving to be of

In France, the Emperor had inaugurated the Roulevard Schastopola for the previous to the sailing of the Araco He was on borseback | fend.

A constant of the escent. His Majesty was loudly cheered, and the section in perfect tranquility. The crowd was very great the perfect tranquility. The crowd was very great in New York, at Clinton Hall. Aster Place, on Monday and Thursday. The subject will be "Spiritualism in the future—its use and maxion. This will be Miss Hardinge's last lecture in New York for some months. To commence at eight o'clook. Admittance 10 cents.

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Spiritual Lycrum at Clinton Hall.

Di. R. T. Hallock will lecture at Clinton Hall (2d story). Aster to be greated at the same place. There will also be a conference in the conference at the same place. There will also be a conference in the conference at the same place.

At Con-tentinople the ness of the measures taken by the municipality of New York to welcome H G. Mohammed Pacha and suite to the shores of the New World, has occasioned much gratification to the Ottoman Government, and the Sultan had expressed himself as greatly pleased by a hospitality which rivals that of the ancient Araba thing more touching to Mu-salman feelings could be done by the American people than the offering of a ho-pitable reception to an agent of

#### DOMESTIC ITEMS.

F. EDE-ICE CARM-CREE. of Ind. county. Penn., was shot a day or two ago by a tenant of his named Baker from whom he demanded his ar-rears of rent. Baker settled the case by killing the landlord.

Sickets is prevailing to an alarming extent in Becket, Mara. said to re-emble the spotted fever now raging in Western New York. and prevalent in New England some forty years since.

Bucks Court -over the river from Trenton, N. J , is alive with exblikment at the discovery of a hermit who, it is said has occupied a cave at Wolf Rocks for the last eighteen years, who has a beard a yard The terms will be for a life membership, twenty-five dollars, this long, and whose apartments are said to be wonderful coxy. About amount to be paid either in cash or books not included in the selecone thousand persons visited the cave on Sunday.

Two gentlemen from Boston last week joined a party of gunners at Monomor Point, Chathaus, for the purpose of shooting brant. During the last three days they bagged two bundred and twenty-eight brant, two Canada geose, and two black ducks.

Woxperst. Growth of Kansas Civies.—A Kansas correspondent, in allusion to the rapid growth of Kansas, says: "The growth of western cities has always been quoted as something marvellous, and this one of Leavenworth will not fall behind the most marvellous this one of Leavenworth will not fall behind the most marvellous accounts of their progrees. Less than four years ago, not a hullding was to be seen on the spot where now reside at least eight thousand people. In the space of three years and a half, it has grown up to its present proportions, and is still increasing rapidly. Two daily pipers and three weeklies are published in this city. The various printing offices are overrun with job work, and business generally is prosperous. In addition to the progress in the newspaper line, the citizens are preparing for the introduction of water into the city, and also intend lighting it with gas. A great deal of activity is apparent, arising from the preparations being made here for the Utah expedition.

Con Forwar was that "if there were no patronage enlisted against

COL FORNEY says that " if there were no patronage entisted against as in the Lecompton struggle, there would not be enough advocates of it to rescue sycophants from ann'hilation.

THE WOMEN OF AMERICA HAVE PURCHASED MOUNT VERNON-The Richmood (Va.) Enquirer, of the 9th inst., asys: "We are happy to announce that on the 6th inst., in the presence of two parties, and the counsel of the Association and the proprietor of Mount Vernon, a contract was formally e tered into, before a notary, between John A. Washington. Eq. and the Regect of the Association, for the purchase of the home and grave of Washington by the Association. The particulars will be given in a few days."

HEAVY DAMAGES.—At the late remion of the Logan (Ky.) Circuit Court, John King recovered a verdict for \$3500 damages against Dr. Stephen Fisk for malireatment of his eyes, by which he became blind. At the same time and place, Simeon Gavitt recovered \$2000 damages against a max named McCiannaban, for a wound caused by the careless discharge of a putol in the bands of the latter; and Miss. Lucy White-carver recovered \$400 damages from John Riley, who promised to marry her, but didn't.

FARMER'S SPRING WOLK. - Spring work, says the New York Tribme was never more forward than it is now in the vicinity of New York was never more forward than it is now in the vicinity of New York Some of the Long Island farmers, who plant thirty acres of potators, had them all in the ground a week or two ago, and nearly all of the early planting of the market gardens is finished, and the ground for the next course of crops all ready. We have never seen such a breadth of land on the 20th of April under cultivation, or plowed ready for planting, as we can see at this time in all directions. Even in the colder lands of Westchrester county and Connecticut we found gardens planted and many putato fields being planted, and the oats all sown and all kinds of spring work, very forward.

THE WHEAT CROP.—It is reported that the wheat crop in the different parts of Tennesse, looks unusually fine and promising. The crop is as forward as it has even been known at this senson, and it is growing leautifully. The Hannibal, Mr. Massager, says: "The prospect for an abundant yield of wheat at the harvest of 1558, is now very encouraging all through this portion of Missouri.—The growing crop low covers the ground well, and is of a fine lumuriant color. The prospect for a large yield was never better."

The Henderson (Ky.) Commercial, tells the story of a fashionable lady of color," who was promenading the streets on Bunday last, then all nt once, newspapers commenced falling, and her dimensions ontracting, until about fifty newspapers were strewn upon the street; or was she aware of the loss until a little darkie just behind exclaimed the top of his voice, "Lor a massy, I'se do believe dat nigger is ade of newspapers!" This raised the "lady a" ire, when she retorted; exclaiming, "You fool, boy, dat's what Missus makes here ob."

NAVIGATING THE AIR.—Considerable excitement was created in Colmbia county. Arkansas, on the 24th nit, by the sudden appearance
a genius, named Ben Johnson, from Harrison county. Missouri, in a
floon to which thirty wild geess were harnessed. He said he had
an traveling in mid heaven for nearly forty-eight hours, and thought
shout time to come down for "fodder."

### PERSONAL AND SPECIAL NOTICES.

The elementh's Academy next Sunday.

We understand that R. P. Ambler is expected to lecture at Document is worthy of being reported.

We understand that R. P. Ambler is expected to lecture at Documenth's next Sunday, morning and evening, and that the desk will be subsequent for the breaking of two of her bow occupied by A. J. Davis for several of, the subsequent Sundays, in

Um E & French will lecture to the Spiritualists of Brooklyn, on Sur day May 2 in Cilnton hall, corner of Clinton and Atlantic-street, a 3 o'clock in the afternoon. Seats free. The public are invited to at

D. R. T. Hillock will becture at Clinton Hall (2d story). Aster Place on Sanday afternoon at 3 o'clock, after which there will be a conference at the same place. There will also be a conference in the same room on some evening of neat week, of which more definite notice will be given begrefor. notice will be given hereafter.

By reference to advertisement in another column, it will be seen that Mrs. Caroline Dorman, the well-known elaier yant, has removed to Newark, N. J. During her sojourn in this city, at Dr. Wellington's During her sojourn in this city, at Dr Wellington's Water Cure Establishment, her examinations and prescriptions were very satisfactory, and we have no doubt that she will soon establish a successful reputation in her new location.

#### Spiritualists' Library and Reading Room.

On the first of May, an additional room will be fitted up adjoining the one now occupied by the subscriber, as a library and reading room. It will be arranged with a due regard to neatness and comfort, and will be well supplied with spiritual and reform literature, also a choice selection of works on religion, science, and the arts, together with the best class of the light literature of the day.

tion. Yearly subscriptions \$5.

S. T. MUNSON, 5 Great Jones-street, New York.

CIRCLES.-A portion of the time, day and evening, will be occupied at the spiritual rooms, 5 Great Jones afrect, soon after the first day of May, in holding circles, at which it is intended to secure the services of the best test mediums in the country, so far as may be. The advantages of this arrangement are, that while it will not interfere with mediums diums at their homes, opportunities will be afforded the numerous inquirers from abroad of coasulting them at certain hours, at a central

The established rates for communicating will not be interfered with.

but remain the same.

The names of mediums engaged and the hours for holding circles will be announced at the proper time.

S. T. Mun-on, 5 Great Jones-street, New York.

Tun Young Men's Christian Association of Philadelphia are now constructing a hoge tent, espable of hobling 4.000 persons, to be used by them during the summer, for preaching in destitute and isolated local-

#### A BOOK FOR THE SEASON.

THE GARDEN: A NEW POCKET MANUAL OF PRACTICAL HOSTICULTURE Everybedy who owns or rents a garden, large or small, will of all garden unituals indispensable. It sives full directions for the cultivation of

ALL SEE KITCHEN VYGETABLES: ALL SONTE OF FLOWERS AND SHEEDS; and ALL SINGS OF FEBRIT AND BREEZE; ALL THE SENT ONFAMENTAL TERMS; It tells all about

tells all about

VERTABLE GROWTH: and
WHAT PLASTS LIVE UPON;
And shows
Flow to Grapt and Rod;
How to Preserve Paying & Veogrables;
How to be Everything.
It is SOLE AND MANCETS; THE STRECTURE OF PLANTS;

How to Perpare the Geoded; How to Sow Stees. How to Collitrate; It is

Parcial.

Parcia

#### UNDERTAKER.

DINGLEY, SEXTON of the ORCHARD-STREET of Funerals. Every requisite, including Conches, Henraes, Coffins, Fink's Metalite Stories Co-es etc., vic., supplied at short notice. Interments preceived in any burded ground or cometery in city or country. Adverders promptly and faithfully executed. Office, 97 OR HARD STREET, near Br some. Residence, 31 First-AVENUE, course of Second attent.

Office VI the Arrival and Arrival and Reform Book Agency, 5 Great Any orders left at S. T. Munaon's Spiritual and Reform Book Agency, 5 Great interaction are Breadeau, will meet with prompt attention.

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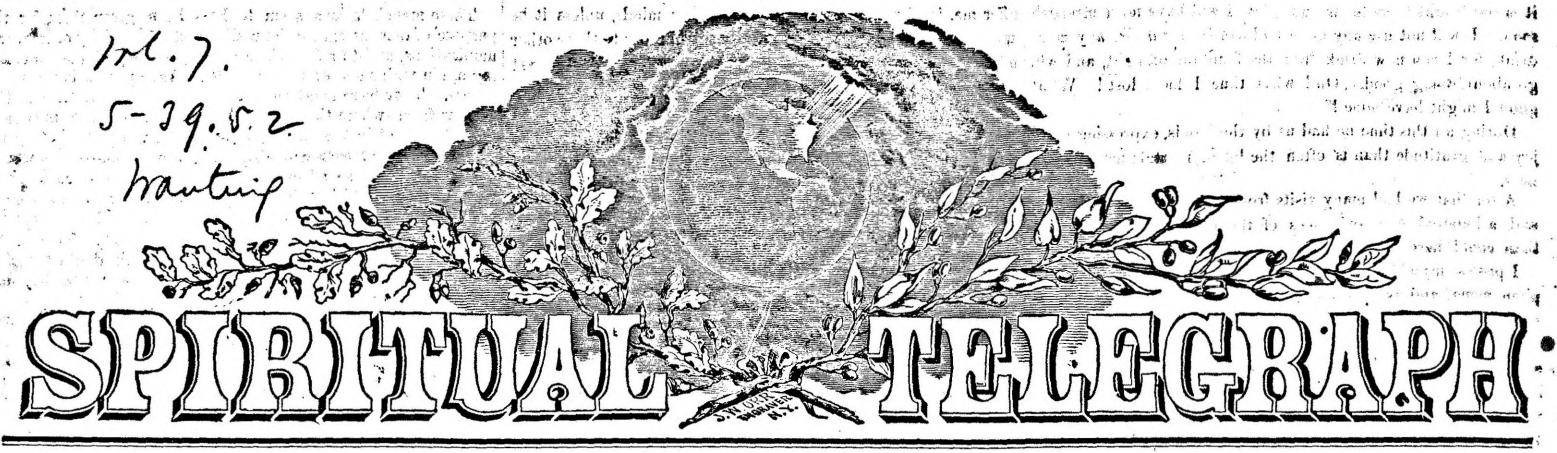
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# SPIRITUAL PHENOMENA AND THEIR SIGNIFICANCE.

# TRANSMUTATION OF METALS BY SPIRITS.

PHILADELPHIA, April 18, 1858.

MR. EDITOR—Being in this city on a visit from the State of Missouri, I embraced the opportunity to call on Professor the shape of a writing desk, two feet or more in length, and a Hare, to see what new developments or discoveries he was making in Spiritualism. A history of these most astounding spiritual manifestations, which are now taking place in the Professor's laboratory, I have no doubt he will in due time make known to the public. My main object in writing this letter is to state what I was witness to myself. The manifestations that are taking place before the analytic mind of Dr. Hare, in his laboratory, are certainly the most extraordinary, and of a kind the world has never seen or heard of, which will force conviction upon the minds of those who are even determined not to believe, for the very reason that, under the circumstances, it is impossible for mortal man to do them. I will, however, state some of the manifestations the Doctor told me have taken place within a short time past.

A common manifestation, or one that is frequently made the good will I have for my fellow man. 1 " S. A. Peters. before Dr. Hare, is the changing a copper cent in a few minntes time, into a piece of gold. The Doctor has quite a number of pieces of gold, all of which have been made by the Spirits from copper cents. He showed me a solution of Russia platinum, made from the ore by the Spirits. Also a piece of pure silver, weighing 3,980 grains, which had been converted in with the not unpopular cry of "humbuy:" therefore, permit into a fluid state by the Spirits, and then changed back to the original solid mass. He placed at one time a number of coins of different kinds-gold, silver and copper-into a glass jar, closely corked, and then put the jar containing the coins, into an empty wooden box, which was then also closed. In three informed me that she had been entranced about five hours. I was changed into a two-and-a-half dollar gold coin. After he medium arose, and taking me by the hand, said: "How do you had examined it, and placed it again in the jar, and then in do, Van? Glad to meet you here. We used to have good the box, in five minutes it was converted into the same kind times here together. Wouldn't you like a horn of brandy and

a jar, and had them converted into a solid mass in a few minthe same number and kinds of coin he had put in.

still taking place, in the Doctor's laboratory, and have been wit- ment to dine next day. nessed by others.

I will now state what I saw myself. Dr. Hare, the medium, M. Aug. Ruggles (a young man, 18 or 19 years of age, to whom I was an entire stranger when I entered the laboratory), and myself, were all who were present. The medium seated himself before the spiritoscope, which was upon the table in the center of the room. Dr. Hare and myself being seated on the opposite side, and near the table. After a few minutes, the Spirits said, through the spiritoscope, "Let Dr. S. A. Peters put two glass tubes and two pieces of Russia ore in the box." Dr. Hare then left his seat and got me two glass tubes about six inches in the size of a common bullet. The box into which I was to put them I examined. It was on the table before me. It was in foot and a half in breadth, and from four to eight inches in depth, having a sloping lid, with hinges and a clasp. In this box I placed the two glass tubes and two pieces of platinum nothing else being in the box—and closed it. Dr. Hare and myself then took the seats we had occupied before, and the medium (M. Ruggels), continued to remain at the spiritoscope. After waiting fifty-five minutes the Spirit said, through the spiritoscope, "We have a present for Dr. S. A. P.; let him go to the box and get it." I then went to the box, which was only a few feet from me, opened it, and found the two pieces of Russia platinum inside of the two hermetically sealed glass tubes.

I shall offer no comment upon the above. What I was witness to I considered it my duty to make known to the world. have no interest to subserve in the above statement, farther than

# A SPIRIT IDENTIFIED AND AIDED. ALMOND, N. Y., April 2, 1858.

C. Partridge:

Sir-I know nothing of Spiritualism, always having chimed me to bear witness to a FACT. We seemed the property of the second

Calling at Fargo & Co.'s, 447 Greenwich-street, New York, one evening last week, I found a small party engaged with Miss Julia E. Lounsbury, a clairvoyant and spiritual medium. They and number of coins he had put in. On another occasion, he water? I used to take a 'horn,' you know; and it would seem memory, or the sound of that sweet voice not familiar to my ear.

placed a number of coins of different kinds, in like manner, in like old times." Turning to Fargo: "Can't you give us a 'horn?"" "Who are you?" asked Fargo. "I am Robert, utes. The Spirits then changed this solid mass of metal into your old friend," and started toward the étagere, when Farge gave some brandy and water, and received for an answer, that Many other extraordinary manifestations have taken, and are it was "d-n good." A familiar chat ended with an engages

Accordingly, as per agreement, I called, and notwithstanding the medium resisted and left the room about ten minutes before the time, saying that we "must have our fun alone," when the clock pointed the hour, Robert had possession of the medium, and said: "I was to meet Van here to dinner." I then came in from an ante-room, when he arose, and taking my hand, said: "Van, I see you are very punctual.", Fargo soon began to ask about his present condition, and was answered that he was "in the dark, lonely and unhappy." Many questions were given and answered, in which we were told that if some Spirit-friend would come and "teach him," he could advance to the light. I told length, and about half an inch in diameter, hermetically sealed him that I had a Spirit-friend that was a lovely girl of sixteen ; at the ends, and also two pieces of Russia platinum, each about that was beautiful, and good as beautiful, that would gladly assist him, and do all that could be done to relieve his dreary condition. We then asked him to call on my Spirit-friend, Mary Jane, and she, for our sake, would help our friend. He said! that "he could not go where she was, for it was too light there;! that her home was too bright for him to approach; that she: could come to him if she would; that he would leave the medium, and leave an influence for her to come, and then we could point out her mission and errand of mercy for his relief. Mary Jane, taking possession of the medium, said: "I came so soon, my friend, because an influence has drawn me here. What: can I do for you?" We answered: "We have a friend who is miserable indeed." "What made him so?" Answer: "Drink!", "He had a good heart, and his name is Robert."

She soon began by saying, "Robert, come: come, Robert. Yonder is my home (pointing upward); come—come, Robert;"\* and there was a nervous earnestness, evincing an important struggle to do good by bringing a fellow-spirit to the light. At 1 length the sound died away in the distance, and raising her hand and pointing upward, she smiled, and remained transfixed for some fifteen minutes, when she arose and said, "I have taken ! Robert to the light, and he desired me to come and tell you that he was happy. I will go after him," she continued, "that he and the second · 解文字 - - - 美田 Andra 能數 - 5 体线 # may tell you."

In a moment he threw himself (the medium) into our arms, i saying: "I am so happy; how beautiful and how good was: that dear angel you sent to be my guide, my light, my teacher, . and my companion! She says that she will keep me with her, ! and give light as much as my strength will bear. How can I a repay you for being so mindful of me? What time I have minutes—the Doctor standing by with his watch in hand—it was a stranger to many there, yet on entering the room the lost in dreary darkness! What good I might have done! How a differently I should have lived! Oh! I knew it not till this bright argel came; and yet I can not go to her beautiful home.

• I never shall live long enough to have this scene erased from my

It is too bright there for me now, but I will have more strength offer me, is of course no evidence to other minds, unless it be soon. I will not use any more bad words, nor desire any more susceptible of demonstration perfectly satisfactory to those other drink, for I can now drink from the fountain of light, and will minds; but unless these fragmentary evidences of a power not yet go about doing good. Oh! what time I have lost! What proved to be wholly mundane, and certainly demonstrative of an good I might have done !"

joy and gratitude than is often the lot of mortals here to wit-

After that we had many visits from Mary Jane and Robert, and a hundred more evidences of the truth of these remarks, than could here be written, have been given us

I profess myself a novice in toto in regard to these spiritual phenomena, and until the density of my ignorance shall have cleared away, I will not attempt to enlighten believers.

There is developing in this medium one of the most remarkable features, I believe, in the whole range of Spiritualism; that is, Mary Jane and Robert take her on visits to the future world and show her as much as she can bear; and give her the power and language to relate it to us in her normal state.

I understand this extraordinary medium will remain at this place, and can be tested on any subject matter of the future world, or can be consulted as a clairvoyant or healing medium. being controlled in the latter by an Indian doctor, and other eminent Spirit-physicians whose names I am not at liberty to mention. Yours truly,

### PSYCHOMETRY.

DEAR MR. EDITOR:

The presence among us of the mysterious power of psychometry, while it is regarded with simple curiosity, does it not call for some more searching investigation than a casual observation of its test facts? If these are successful in slight experiments, are they not the phenomenal evidences of a still mightier power lingering behind them, which might, if understood and applied in a more extended degree, realize the prophecy that the hidden things should be brought into light, and what is spoken in the closet, should be proclaimed on the house-top? My own experience furnishes me daily with evidences of the existence of this power, although fettered (as much of the Spirit-phenomena is) by conditions which I do not understand the law of. This power is erratic, not under my own control, and as yet seems scarcely applicable to general purposes of utility. Still it exists, demonstrating clearly that there is an untrodden field, which the plough of investigation might prepare for a glorious crop of knowledge.

Permit me to offer you a very slight, but very significant, testfact pertinent to this subject. Being somewhat unsettled in my mission. The examinations of the previous evening were removements. I have caused my letters to be intrusted to the care of my friend, Mrs. E. J. French, at 8 Fourth-avenue. On Thursday evening last I called there, and received an unopened letter carefully sealed, with a post-mark so faint that it would be impossible to detect it. A memorandum on the outside of unequivocal character were given, and it seemed impossible that the envelope, written in pencil, purported to contain the substance of the letter, some of the sentences, together with its address, namely, Wayneborough, Augusta Co., Va. Mr. Culbertson then informed me (before I had time to open the letter) that Mrs. French had had the letter brought to her some time during the day by the servant. She did not even touch it, but perceiving, as the servant held it, that it was for me, desired it to be laid aside till I called. Shortly after this, while sitting at tea with her family, she remarked, "there is a letter for Emma in the next room; bring it here." When her request was complied with, she proceeded, without touching or even glancing at the outside of the letter, to repeat its contents, which Mr. Culbertson transcribed in pencil on the outside of the envelope. Oa opening it about an hour afterward, when it was handed to me with the above statement, I found the contents to correspond accurately with the pencil-writing on the outside, as spoken by Mrs. French.

This fact is very simple, and perhaps hardly worth detailing, were it not one which is suggestive of a power far too vast to be included in the category of mere phenomena. Insignificant as the whole affair may appear to be, it rises into the majesty of a scientific problem, when the question is considered, "where did the intelligence enabling Mrs. French to read that letter independent of her organs of sight or touch, come from ?

If not intelligence, what was it? 'What is the law of this phenomenon, and may it not be applied on other and more or less momentous occasions?

Whatever solution of these points my own Spirit-guides may | At other times it was raised from the floor by an invisible agency. "scattering."

unexplained law somewhere, be too petty to arrest the attention During all this time he had us by the hands, expressing more of the philosopher, or unless the man of science scorns to investigate the mole hill until it has grown to a mountain against which human secretiveness will inevitably break its head, the cager searchers after "something new," may find an Eureka in the mysterious phenomena of pyschometry.—I am, Dear Mr. Editor, Yours for Truth. EMMA HARDINGE.

8 FOURTH AVENUE, NEW YORK, April 14.

# SPIRITS MOVE PONDERABLE BODIES.

RAP, WRITE. AND SPEAK WITH METHODISTS.

We copy the following from the Republican, published at Hamilton, N. Y., under date of April 1. If there are any lingering suspicions of collusion among Spiritualists, or that the remarkable wonders are exaggerated by them, this statement, coming as it does from the bosom of the Methodist Church, and through the secular press, all naturally opposed to Spiritualism, ought to correct such mistakes and prejudices. We hope the friends who have witnessed these phenomena will give us their full history for publication.—En.

Messes. Editors—Having heard, some time since, of certain remarkable phenomena occurring at the house of a Mr. Adin Ely, in the town of Marshall, Oneida county, I visited the place a few days since, to ascertain the truth of the matter. As some of your readers may be interested by an account of the circumstances, I will give a brief relation of the facts that have come to my knowledge.

Mr. Ely is a farmer, apparently in comfortable circumstances, living about two miles from Deansville. He and some other members of his family have been members of the Methodist Church, and if they are not so now, it is on account of their maintaining an opinion of their own in regard to the origin of the manifestations at their house. They are said, by those who know them, to be persons of excellent character, and upon whose word implicit reliance can be placed. I saw none of the phenomena, and was unable, from circumstances which it is needless to detail, to spend more than an hour and a half or so there.

They told me that the first they knew of the phenomena occurred two years ago last August. Three ladies-two sisters of Mrs. Ely, and a daughter of hers by a former marriage—occupied a room on the second floor of the house. After retiring to rest one night, they were startled by noises in the room, as though hard substances were being thrown about. They commenced making inquiries of each other, but without eliciting anything satisfactory, after which they arose and lighted candles. The noises ceased, and they failed to discover their cause. On extinguishing the light, they again commenced, but finally ceased for the night. The next night the demonstrations were renewed: this time, however, in the form of raps, as of persons seeking adnewed, and with a similar result. Mr. and Mrs. Ely were then called, and they failed to discover a cause for the mysterious sounds. Questions were then asked, and were responded to by the raps, which claimed to have a spiritual origin, and to be made by the Spirits of deceased friends of the family. Tests of the manifestations were capable of any other solution.

These things continued for some time. A daughter of Mr. Ely by a former marriage, who had been spending some time away from home, returned, and she commenced communicating with the mysterious agency by means of the alphabet. Long messages were spelled out, purporting to come from her deceased mother, and every way characteristic of her; and from others of their deceased friends they received equally satisfactory proofs of identity. These things have continued until the present time, and there seems sometimes to be present many others whom none of the family ever knew on earth.

About the time of the occurrence of the circumstances above narrated, physical demonstrations of an extraordinary character commenced, and also speaking with an audible voice. On one occasion, as a demonstration of the fact that these things were beyond the control of the family, a green cheese, weighing upwards of thirty pounds, was taken, just after it was removed from the press, and carried a distance of forty or fifty feet, into another room, and placed upon a bed; and what is not less singular, newspapers were found carefully spread on the bed, to prevent injury to the bedding. On several occasions, clothing belonging to different members of the family, has been found stuffed with pillows and various other articles, to make images, and so artistically has this been done, that it has been difficult to tell, at a little distance, that it was not really a living being. Clothes and pieces of cloth have been taken and hung up around rooms, as a sort of scenery, repeatedly; and very frequently members of the family find letters directed to them, and purporting to come from their deceased friends, pinned to their clothing, or lying in conspicuous situations. On many occasions, various articles have been moved and thrown about the room before their eyes, and without mortal contact. Once, after the family had sat down to dinner, the table was turned completely round.

These manifestations seem to have been given them for the purpose of demonstrating the reality and authenticity of the communications, and to afford them an opportunity of communicating again with such of their friends as have passed beyond this sphere. They have exhibited the peculiar characteristice of the persons from whom they purport to come, and have answered every test that in the nature of the case it was possible to give. The narration of even a small part of the circumstances would extend this letter to an inconvenient length; therefore I shall not attempt it. Although the physical demonstration have been so numerous and violent, not the slightest injury has been done to the furniture, or any other articles in the house. They came unsought by the family, and were received with doubt and disbelief at first-but the overwhelming array of evidence they furnished; drove away the last misgivings from their minds.

The family showed me every courtesy while I was there, and in their narrative of the facts showed every appearance of candor and honesty. They seemed to be people of intelligence and character, and to have no ends to serve but the dissemination of the truth. Their accounts would seem incredible were it not well known that similar occurrences, well attested, had taken place in different localities, all over the country.

Yours, etc., March 27, 1858. ALVIN STURTEVANT.

# NELLY'S BIRTHDAY IN HEAVEN.

BY A. W. BOSIWICK.

The Morn upon the heavenly hills Awakes and sheds her brightness 'round;' With floods of boly light she fills The blooming bowers, all glory crowned— Unfolds her brooding wings and smiles Above the fair and radiant isles.

Soft is the gale that floats among The soothing shades and groves of palm; And voices from the fields of song Come laden with the breath of balm; And living streams, of purest theen Flow, murmuring, through those groves of green.

Beneath-amid the waving trees, And all beside the wandering streams-Their garments rustling in the breeze, And faces bathed with angel beams-The shining ones—a gentle band— Go silently, with hand in hand.

And oftentimes, as gathering there. Musing on days and friends of old, They lift their earnest eyes in brayer. And ask to have the stone offrolled Of Superstition, Doubt and Gloom, That rests upon our living tomb.

ONE-ONE, I know in robes of white-Walks forth—the dew upon her feet— To hail the new-created light. And with her eager lips to greet The earliest glow-that tells of one-The first her eyes e'er looked upon.

It seems as 'twere but yesterday Since she was fondling by my side; A smile of hope to cheer my way-A girl in years, yet with the pride Of woman in her deep, deep eye, Whose hue was borrowed from the sky.

It seems as 'twere but yesterday Since first I marked the crimson glow That stole her very life away; And watched the shadow come and go That stretched beyond the surging wave And rested on her green roofed grave.

It seems as if my truant feet Were sometimes near the glistening str- 4; As if I almost heard the beat Of waters from the far-off land; As if I saw one little spark Of light across the sea of dark.

And now, it seems, I walk with her-And listen to her matin lay-Through paths of bloom and fields of myrrh. On this, of all, her holiest day, And know, as whilst I hear her sing, That DEATH is but the BLOSSOMING.

DECADENCE OF LAWRENCE, MASS .- The Manchester (N. H.) America says : A resident of some years in this neighboring city, writes us that the stagnation of business and dearth of employment are greater here than in any manufacturing town of New England. Twelve months ago the population was reckoned at 15,000. By the first of May is will not exceed 10,000, The writer adds: "Hundreds are leaving for California, and us many more for Minnesota and the West. Yet there are many hundreds who are too poor to emigrate anywhere. Such are now suffering from want, and must get away into our farming towns next month. They can not stay here. The Irish population are rapidly

# SPIRITUAL LYCEUM AND CONFERENCE.

# NEW YORK CONFERENCE.

SESSION OF AP IL 20.

The handful of water-proof mortals assembled in that "upper room," to enact the 20th of April session of the New York Conference, took anctuary from a shower of rain that formed the point of exacerbation to a twenty four hours perpetual drizzle, eminently qualified to house all mundane genius, and to call back the wandering fancy from aerial flights, and hold it spell-bound, to the discomforts of the time.

To add to our afflictions, the janitor, whether in the recklessness which despair and melancholy sometimes engender, or from the natural conclusion that all minor miseries would be so effectually swamped in the prevailing flood as to render us callous to the additional inconvenience of change, put us into a "strange garret," which those who have been obliged to take possession of for the first time, on a wet night. will appreciate as not well calculated to soothe the feelings and sharpen the imagination. Mr. Phenix was obliged to yield himself to the lively exercise of a fog-engendered tic-douloureux which twisted and writhed his benevolent frontispiece to the extent of preventing the escape of anything through it except groans. A heroic Canadian, on the loan of a mackintosh, volunteered to descend to terra firma, and fish the new arrivals from the accumulating waters, and bid them God. speed to this classic apartment, where the plaster features of our immortal Franklin vis-a-vis with the bust of a modern preparer of animal caticle for the use of the votaries of St. Crispin, smiled blandly from their wooden murble pedestals on either side of the "speaker's chair," upon a dismal row of weather-beaten benches, which appeared under the illumination of two gas-burners, and the expiring efforts of a third, as if the proprietor might have recovered them under the ancient statues of Flotsam and Jetsam, from the débris of Noah's ark.

Our benevolently-disposed Canadian, having returned in triumph from the rescue of three bewildered fellow-creatures from the storm without and uncertainty within as to the exact locals of the Conference, proceeded at once, on the principle of general utility, to remove from the imitation marble pillars which flanked the rostrum, the illustrious plaster-of-Paris representations of intellectual benignity wherewith they were crowned, and to place them with pious hands in two separate windows, with their venerable backs turned to the vulgar gaze. Whether he was prompted to this act by a spiritual impression that the placid features of the aforesaid plaster were a personal satire upon the hall they adorned, or whether it was considered in the light of a special mission which he had been sent here to fulfil, the reporter is not in a condition to state positively. He is disposed however, to the reason why we mistranslate our impressions. embrace the latter hypothesis, inasmuch as the author of the act gravely informed us that by direction of Spirits he was now en route that gay and worldly-minded capital, and by the blessing of a kind Providence had gotten thus far safely on his journey, when, after a brief tarry in our Gotham of one year and a day, he had received a second bulletin from the same source, directing him to return to the place of beginning, and take a new start, which, the mission of the busts being now happily concluded, it is to be presumed he will proceed forthwith to obey.

Be that as it may, this is certain, from the necessary relation between cause and effect, that the sombre atmosphere, weather-beaten conveniences, and reversed effigies, led inevitably through the "science of correspondence" to a colloquial discussion of some of the crabbedest. most dingy, and incomprehensible features of Jewish seership and experience. During this delectable search after Hebrew meanings, the rain poured and Mr. Phenix moaned. Finally, Doctor Orton appeared as a sort of Noah's dove, with an olive branch in his mouth, wreathed into an inquiry, as to whether the effect of yielding implicitly to Spirit dictation has been on the whole, good or bad.

Dr. Gaar said: A fruitful source of fallacy is where the prophet or medium undertakes to give a form to the inspiration, when he often unconsciously mingles his own speculations with it, to the perversion of its original intent and true meaning. He thinks the case of Abraham is an example of this mistake, and that the true spiritual presence in that case is seen in the physical interference with the self-imposed duty, which was leading to the commission of a sad tragedy.

Mr. BARNARD was of the opinion that Abraham was conscious of loving his son better than he loved God, and hence, that he must somehow get him out of the way. This psychological state naturally suggested the butcher knife, and the sacifice by fire. The voice that spake to Abraham, biding him to that act, came from out the cloud of Oriental custom, and not from beyond it. He agrees with Dr. Gray, that the true manifestation, originating from above the cloud, was that which stopped the human sacrifice.

Mr. Smith desired to know whether God does not deal with all man king individually, on the same principle that he is represented in Scripture to have dealt with Abraham, that is to say, does he not test the faithfulness of every man, not for his own glory, of course, but for man's good? Nobody volunteering to inform him how that matter really stood,

Dr. Orton dropped his reportorial pencil, and arose to say, that he did not object to obedience to sudden impressions, such as sometimes arrest the attention by their self-mandatory character, and, as it were, impel us to obey; but what he refers to, is the too frequent practice of yielding to what is claimed, whether rightfully or otherwise, as a spirit" impression. He once had business relations with a medium very highly developed and untwisted in his own estimation, who never sneezed or

one occasion for their place of business, after making more zig-zags than occur in the "Life and Opinions of Tristram Shandy," he was obliged to abandon him to his fate, and proceed to the office alone, where he arrived at a late hour, spent with the day's exercise. Proceeding thus, after the similitude of Commodore Trunion and his man Pipes, who beat up to the church under a head wind, where the bride expectant had been long and anxiously lamenting their unlucky detention by stress of weather, could not be practiced from day to day in the crowded thoroughfares of a populous city, without attracting a modicum of attention. Accordingly, one day a mutual friend, who was well aware of the assinine gravity with which this medium would obey an impression, seeing them be ring down for the office under easy sail concluded to change the Commodore's course by a heavenly revelation. Of a sudden, he parted company with his consort; and before the Doctor had time to finish the sentence which was upon his lips, he bad a vision of a pair of legs and a long coat-tail vanishing amid the medley of vehicles which throng Broadway, whence they re-appeared on the opposite side of the street, at the imminent risk of their owner's neck, he having made the perilous passage under the firm conviction of hav ing been summoned thither by the angel Gabriel, at least. He once held a serious conversation with two worthies of this class from Philadelphia, who had started on a mission around the world, via New Jersey. and by way of beginning rightly, had made a heave-offering of all the money in t eir possession, to such odd fish in the Delaware as might be on hand to receive it, between the wharves at Philadelphia and Camden. He is happy to know that they finally obeyed an impression from him to return home and go to work where it is to be devoutly hoped they still remain. Another highly scientific gentleman of this school has but recently returned from an arduous, impression-prompted travel performed with a bottle of lard oil in his pocket, wherewith to anoing the faithful. His conclusion from the result of these and kindred en deavors is, that it is beneath the dignity of a man, either in a correspondential or literal sense, to be led by the ear.

Dr. GRAY said: The rule laid down by Isnish-"For the living to the dead; to the law and to the testimony; if they speak not according to this word, it is because there is no light in them." What is this but the law, and the testimony of nature to the eternal verities of justice. mercy, and truth? if they speak not according to these, they are un worthy our attention. We who have learned through the facts o Modern Spiritualism, that impressions are from all sources, should make a rigid application of this rule.

Mr BARNARD thought the way to secure right or truthful impressions is, to be right ourselves. This is why Christ was never led astray. But man, at the present day, is born wrong and lives wrong, and that is

Mr. Coles said: Many are prone to think themselves inspired to do what they desire. He had heard an anecdote of Mr. Koons which illustrates it. A pair of impressionals once paid him a visit, who made sad havor with his eggs and hacon, which he bore like a martyr for several days, when it occurred to him that it would not greatly increase the consumption of these edibles (inasmuch as they already devoured all they could ge!) if they should devote a portion of their spare time to the removal o a pile of logs, then lying a few rode distant from the dinner-table. On proposing the exercise, they complied with the suggestion and went to work, until suddenly arrested by a weighter impression than any log they had yet encountered, and which they were spiritually impelled to lay at once before Mr. Koous. It resulted in a drawn battle. Their guardian Spirits had impressed them, that muscular exercise was inimical to mediumistic development; whereupon Johnny King immediately drummed it into the noddle of brother Koons, that they coul! have no more of his eggs and bacon.

Mr Parthiogs would make the utility measure of value everywhere. He thinks many make a trade of their impressions. He had been ordered to go here and there, but he meets all such commands ith the demand—What use!

Dr. GRAY recited some interesting facts which occurred on Monday evening last, through Mr. Conklin, which must be omitted for want of Adjourned. R T. HALLOCK.

# PURPORTED SPIRIT-CORRESPONDENCE.

OSHKOSH, Wis., April 18, 1858.

Mr. Partridge-Inclosed I forward to your address a perfect copy of a letter written by Thomas J. Carter, M. D., of this city, to a Spirit sister. The letter was inclosed in two envelopes, and secured with wafer and wax, in addition to the usual mode of securing envelopes The package was then taken by a friend into the State of Connecticut and from there sent to J. V. Mansfield, 3 Winter-street, Boston. There were no directions given as to where or to whom the answer should be sent if one were obtained. Strange to say however, Mr. Carter received an answer a few days since, mailed at Boston, of which I also send you a copy. The package from Boston was opened at a sitting, in the presence of eight or ten persons, myself one of the number. The letter of Mr. Carter was returned in the package unopened. The wax, with Mr. Carter's private seal, was unbroken, and the wax and wafers had been used so freely by M. C. in making up his package, that the knife was necessary in getting it out. Mr. Carter, in writing to his sister, inquires after his little son Forister, three years old, who died thirteen years since. All the rest will be explained in reading the correspond-· Very respectfully, H. H. PHELPS.

OSHKOSH. Wis. February 20, 1858.

MY DEAR SISTEE—I am yet in the land of the living and am anxious to communicate with you. I trust in God, and hope through his spir- down.

crossed the street but by direction of Spirits. Starting with him on litual intercourse to communicate with you and others of my dear relatives in the Spirit-land. Will you be so kind and obliging to me, a poor mortal, as to answer these lines, and inform me of your state of being, your joys and your sorrows, and the prospects that surround you in your new home? Will you tell me whether you know anything of our dear mother and father, or the dear brothers who have left the form, and of their welfare! I wish to be informed of my dear boy Forister, and of his state; in what sphere he dwells, and if he is progressing? Oh, my dear sister, if there is a Spirit-communication through which I can be permitted to approach you, be assured I shall take great pleasure in improving it! I wish to shape my course so on earth that I may enjoy the society of the good and virtuous in that land of Spirits. My mind has been more anxious to learn of mother and Forister (my son), and yourself. I shall wait for an answer with great anxiety, and hope to be gratified soon.

I wish to know if the doctrine of spiritual intercourse with mortals is true or false? if I can be benefited by its influences and teachings? I trust mainly in obtaining an answer from you for guidance in this matter. I feel that soon I may be in that Spirit-land, and I wish to be guided aright, and finally enter the abode of the good; and wholly for this great end may I ever pray, and strive, and finally succeed.

I remain, as ever, your loving brother, THOMAS J. CARTER.

ANSWER THROUGH MR. MANSFIELD.

My Dear Father-You have called for aunty to communicate, but she is not able to control the source through which I come. She has made many trials to do so, but has failed in every instance; therefore I have undertaken to communicate, by way of responding to some of the questions noted in yours. You say you are yet in the boads of a mortal existence, and hope for a communication from your dear departed. Well, dear father, I am happy to say we do come to you (I mean aunty, grandfuther, grandmother, and others, who were once dear to you while they remained in the flesh ) We often try to impress you of our presence; some times we think we do, then we doubt whether or not we have. We have, dear father, no troubles, but all joy, in the Spirit-land. Oh! could you but know how happy we are, would you not desire to come and be with us? Yes, you would, dear father. You ask aunty to tell you about me-what my sphere is, and what I am doing. Dear papa, would you believe aunty? Yes, you would, were she to tell you all about me. Then I am sure you should credit what I say of myself. My sphere is five. circle two. I am taught of others; what I know I impart to others; that is, the knowledge of Spirit-life as we receive it. This is the employment of all. Dear papa, you ask if the doctrine of spiritual intercourse with mortals is true? Yes, most emphatically so. Can it be, dear papa, that you have lived so long in the world, and not found out that before? I want you should in all your future life heed the impressions you have from day to day. Ask God to bless you, to show you what duty is, then do it, let come what will. Mortals, one addall, have a duty to God; that is, God demands thankfulness and gratitude, inasmuch as none could subsist for a moment were it not for his protecting power. Then, my dear father, try and be content while you sojourn on earth. By-and-by you will come to this my Spirit-home. Call on me often dear one, do, oh, do. Your Spirit, . FORISTER.

TO THOMAS J. CARTER

# SPIRIT HEALING IN MICHIGAN. MENDON, MICH., April 8, 1858.

FRIEND PARTRIDGE:

Sir-It affords me much pleasure to inform you that Spiritualism in this part of the country is progressing, slowly, it is true, but surely, and a solid foundation is being laid for a more rapid progress hereafter. Last Sabbath I was at Mendon village to hear a spiritual sermon, by the Rev. H. Foster. His text was in Joshua vii: 12. Mr. F. is a confirmed Spiritualist, and did the subject justice. I understand that he has been retained for a year.

A few days since, I called on Mr. F-t, an acquaintance of mine. Mrs F-t has been out of health for some time, and with all of the popular aid that could be procured, she still got no better. At last she was persuaded to send for Mr. V--n, who was a healing medium, in hopes of obtaining relief. He has been to see her but two or three times, and has done her more good than all of the rest of the treatment that she has ever had. The Spirit in attendance is the Spirit of a French doctor. He can act on her like a charm (she being a partially developed medium); he gives her spiritual medicine; that is, he gives her medicine that he extracts from the air. She can not see it; she can only taste it. The day before I went there, she told me that the Spirit gave her some wine. She could not see it, but she could taste it perfectly plainly. It was as good wine as she ever drank. Soon after she drank it, she fell into a torpid state and sweat profusely, and a kind of dark bilious substance accompanied it, which had to be washed off. She then felt better, and is now gaining every day. She begins to look more natural, and feels better than she has in a great while.

Yours, etc., A. B. BALLOU.

SINGULAR CAVE .- A cave decidedly novel in shape, has just been discovered in the town of Spring Hill, Johnson county, Kansas. It is almost perfectly cylindrical in form, being some seven feet in diameter, and eight or ten deep. Its walls are of lime stone, and the roof is covered by a smooth beautiful slab of the same material. There is a small passage leading from it, not yet explored, but which is supposed to communicate with other chambers. This singular cave seems to have been worn out of the solid rook by a stream of water. The entrance to it is through a small angular aperture, barely large enough to admit the body of a man. It is in the open prairie, upon an eminence commanding a view of the country for miles around. It is ourrounded by one of the finest tracts of laud in Kansas, - Quinduro Chin-

# PHILOSOPHICAL AND NORAL DEPARTMENT.

SPIRITUALISM PRACTICALLY (CONSIDERED.

A LECTURE IN DODWORTH'S ACADEMY, BY DR. R. T. HALLOCK. Note.—The Doctor read Matthew, XI chapter, by way of introduc-Ton to his lecture, which chapter he would respectfully comm and to 2: Ine earnest attention of the reader, for the reason that it fully indorses the practical superiority of THINGS over words claimed by the lecture Itself, and all o because, being read in the light of modern Spiritualism It will be found to contain certain jewels of great value, not here-tofore di covered.

Our clerical friends and their followers do sometimes object that the Spiritualist is a visionary; that all his desire for knowledge. edge concerning the future life is but a vain curiosity, and is wholly barren of practical results. The objector says of himself, that he is religiously disposed to remain in his present ignorance of the facts of immortality until he enters upon their possession in person; that the light which shone in Judea in the olden time, has exhausted both the needful and the possible in the way of knowledge with respect to the higher life, and that the true concern of the Christian is with this world and its duties.

There are Spiritualists who make the same complaint of in atility on the part of certain of their brethren. These complain that nothing of earthly value is attempted on their part; that no plans for the amelioration of the existing evils of the present accial condition are proposed, or put in requisition; that they are perpetually glorifying the A, B, C of Spiritualism, watching the motions of their household furniture, and talking about memerism and the laws of interpolation, when they should be forming protective unions, or organizing industrial and social phalanxes, according to the tremendous axioms of "sociology," or pursuant to the directions of supernal wisdom, filtered through a teaching-medium, who is supposed to be thoroughly qualified to instruct, by reason of his being able to talk with his eyes shut. And yet those against whom this complaint is made, do suppose themselves to be somewhat practical. True, they plead guilty to the crime of laying great stress upon fac's, and would generally prefer spiritual knocking to the majority of Sabbath day preaching. My object is to inquire where the truth lies in this matter of utility.

One thing is certain: a man can not navigate the Atlantic Ocean with a paper ship. His vessel must be as substantial as the elements with which she has to contend. Neither can hel his bearings at the commencement of his voyage, else his calculations may wholly mislead him. It will not do, when about to enter upon the trackless waters, to take his bearings and distance from another ship, though sine carry the flag of a rear-admiral at the fore. A rocky cliff on terra firma is better adapted to his necessities.

great ocean of mentality—to be explored in a paper bark. Its hidden currents, its surging waves, lashed into fury by the winds of conflicting doctrine, are fatal to mere paper vessels, however ingeniously framed or artistically decorated. He who ventures upon this sea, also requires a fixed starting-point. He can not take his bearings from a treatise on navigation, neither can he depend wholly upon his logarithms. He, too, requires an occasional glimpse of the sun by day, and a fixed star for his guidance by night. Think of it—a practical man venturing on such a voyage as this in a ship builded wholly of words—written words; her hull a book, coppered and copper-fastened with commentaries, and manned and officered by expounders!—a ship whose ribs are not live oak, but the lives and epistles of apostles and Christian fathers. Thuk of it—a man thus furnished forth, taking his bearings from nowhere, closing his eyes to the light of heaven, as a religious duty and genuine test of a good sailor, and firmly resolving to avoid the north star, and to shape his course by the history of it; and then consider how the word practical sounds as applied to him. We read of three wise men of Gotham, who went to sea in a bowl. Were they practical? Or, take that other solemn mortal who has found out by cudgeling his own brains, that there is no shore to the sea of human des tiny and human thought—no granitic promontory whence to shape a course; that its islands are all aftoat like himself; who you only get there," which might be true, perhaps, were heaven found to lead to opposite results, of great practical consemits enshrouded by the smoke of his own intellectual lamp, and by reason of his own inability to see beyond it, sagely concludes there is nothing there. Are we to set him down as a utilitarian?

the sun, that have set sail in every age, and not a ship of them all come unbroken to land, thousands upon thousands lying at this moment at the bottom, and tens of thousands of them going there with the certainty of fate. Is this being practical? If so, what is speculation? Then, we have naval architects of a more modern and progressive type, who build them ships out of the white oak of pure science and the locust and cedar of positive philosophy—men who build Leviathans which never get themselves launched, and are men of science for that reason, and are practical philosophers in their own right, because they never make anything but theories. Well, we may admit the science, but their character as utilitarians would be all the clearer for more proof. The machinist who should construct an engine that did nothing but burst itself, and damage the shins of every unlucky wight who seeks to profit by its scientific advantages, could scarcely claim it as a proof of his practical skill.

Then we are blessed with two divisions of practical spiritualists. These build their ships of the same solid timber, and sail under the same flag, but steer different courses. Of these it love for Spiritualism, and a fraternal contempt for all that demonstrates it to the senses. The ladder whereon both ascend to immortality is builded wholly of words. Agreeing on these points, and also on this other, that the factariaus are mere theorists, they take leave of their unity at this point, and firing a gun in the fog by way of signal to the fleet that they are going into action without waiting for day light, they proceed on their different courses. The one battles for a new social order on the earth, and the other for a new church. Both are to be established on the same broad basis, that is to say, upon words, with this difference, to be sure, that sacred words are to found the new church, and scientific words the new state. And this is held to be the true and practical idea of the conjugal relation to be established after the battle is over, between science and religion.

Far be it from me to impeach either the integrity of purpose or the utility of the objects sought to be secured by these industrials; but from what fixed face in the realm of reality do they commence their reckoning? By what polar star do they steer for the new church and the new state they have set out depend wholly upon his log-book and his dead reckoning; there to reach? By the dead reckoning, they would seem to have must be sunshine and a polar star—something by which to test nearly reached their destination; but by the chronometer and his calculations. He requires also a fixed object, whence to take quadrant they have been sailing in a circle. Their claim to progress and practicality consists mainly in conferring new names upon old errors, and in giving new forms to old mistakes; that is to say, whereas man limped east under the old dispensation, he limps west under the new. When you look sharply into the face of this New Church, you discover that it is the old one in a new bonnet. The same hard, dry features, Neither is the sea of opinion—the sea of human needs—the the same step-mother air, the same befringed and fantastically authoritive b rch, are there as of old, disguised under the thin coating of a few out-of-the-way phrases, and these not the offspring of their practical genius, but borrowed for the occasion (without leave) from Emanuel Swedenborg. When you examme the new state or proposed system of social order, it is found to be the old one gone to seed. It is machinery supplanting machinery—sin applying the principle of homeopathy to Satan -the old state with new rulers, only they are not to derive their authority, as in the present wicked way, from the people, but, as of old, from the Lord, through his seer, who is a seer because he has seen his own and his disciples' faces in a glass, and can shut his eyes and snuffle, And this botching of old cloths with new cloth, this pouring of new wine into dilapidated goat skins, is called doing something for God and humanitybeing eminently progressive and practical.

I say again, far be it from me to undervalue the earnestness and sincerity of our practical friends, but would it not be well to look, either back or forward, whichever you will, of this word Spiritualism, and instead of sitting up o'nights to hate facts, try to understand them? The Baptist says to the Presbyterian, and both say to the Methodist, "Well, brother, it be deemed the truly practical, which puts an end to it forever? makes no difference by what road you reach heaven, provided Demonstration and authority, when tested side by side, will be a cube, like the New Jerusalem, instead of a state, and it had queuce. According to authority, God, by authority, and in not been discovered eighteen hundred years before they were total disregard of law or established method, made the world born, that there was but one path that led into it—but one door and man. It teaches that both were spoken into being by an

compliment when he says, with an air of triumph, it may be-I believe in God and immortality; it is not yet certain that he has really said anything, at least a parrot can be taught to say as much. The magnitude of the saying is determined by the why and the wherefore of it. Your God and your immortality, in name, and by solemn profession, have been the starting point whence every voyager on the sea of ethics has shaped his course; but on inquiry we learn that by God they understand a Divinity who is supposed to have presided over the temporal welfare of three ancient Jews, and no the God of and in the universe, at all—a God seated on a throne somewhere, and doing whatever pleases him until it despleases him, and then doing something else. By immortality, we learn that they mean a miraculous resurrection of dry bones-some time or other. It is to turn out exceedingly felicitous to all who accept a certain plan or scheme, with a sure prospect of eternal calcination in a nct place, for those who do not accept it. Now, these headlands whence they take their bearing and distance, are the same in name with those that exist on the terra firma of eternal fact, but only in name. The misfortune is, that no man can fix may be said, that they agree in this: They profess a kindred their latitude and longitude. They loom up to these voyagers like mirage, from the imperfect refraction of conflicting creeds and traditions in the lower strata of their imagination. They are illusions, and exist in the atmosphere and not on earth. As well might the skipper who leaves this port for Liverpool deliberately walk into his cabin, open his portfolio, and take his departure from a pencil sketch of Sandy Hook light, as for the thinker to shape a true course from these head-lands of the imagination. What wonder that the sea of ethical endeavor entombs the wrecks of so many gallant ships who run each other down in the dark? Consider the tempests of interrogatory perpetually sweeping across it. How do I know that God is, and that man survives the dissolution of his body? Both are asserted, and both denied. But words, whether of assertion or denial, can not stay the tempest of question which continually whistles through the cordage of that troubled bark-what proof? I require facts, not words. Shew me the evidence, and I will state it to myself; or suppose I accept your word-evidence of immortality, among the conflicting words concerning it, how shall I discriminate the words to rely upon, with respect to my preparation for it? I am told that this life is designed for that especial purpose. In what way shall I employ it? How am I to know, for example, whether or not it is my duty to make a pilgrimage to Mecca, or to abstain from meat forty days in each year, and on every Friday in each week of the year? How am I to know whether or not, should I take a little bread and wine the wrong way, I might eat and drink eternal damnation? or but that I might sip everlasting bliss by taking it the right way? How am I to know whether or not the time-honored rite of circumcision should be practiced or neglected? Should I be baptized, or should I not? and if I should be, how? in a basin or in embroidered knitting sheath and pin-cusion; aye, and the same a brook? And when, in infancy or manhood? In short, shall I accept or reject as nonsense, that wonderful scheme, with all its variations, which Ecumenical Councils have concocted out of heathen mythology and the private opinions of Paul, and Peter and John? Good men and wise men have answered these and a host of similar questions both ways. What sayest thon, my practical friend, who makest the ladder by which thou reachest to the knowledge of immortality and religious duty, of words, and findest authority to be the central idea of the universe; what answerest thou to these questions. Canst thou say to this troubled ocean of six thousand years—" Pence, be still?" Will the storm raised by the old authority cease in the presence of the new? Will it not rather increase in violence and prove more and more disastrous? Is the ancient God-word to be ousted by a newer mandate? If so, let me see the sign-manual of the law-giver.

If time and universal failure be any proof, then may we say there is no power in word-authority to allay this storm; and if there be no help save in words, then must the clangor of battle, the everlasting clash and din of wordy war, the inane bubble of theological disputation, still go on. Must not that Consider the goodly fleets belonging to every nation under through which humanity can enter. A man pays himself no uttered word, and that man's immortality, like God's govern-

ment, is conditional and capricious. From this unfixed headland of arbitrary miracle, the captains of salvation set out to run their parallels of human duty, and to construct the traverse tables of religious rites and ceremonial observances. In determining these, they, of course, have nothing whatever to do with utility and natural law, because use and natural law have nothing to do with man's miraculous creation or salvation. According to that doctrine, he was created from the impulse of an idle moment, and his existence perpetuated, that his Creator might be infinitely serenaded. The non-appearance of these purely speculative entities—use and law—at either terminus of man's being, is the safe warrant for their dismissal from every other portion of it. Hence the thing to be determined is, not what is the use and the need, what is the good and the true, but what sayeth the Lord? If the Lord say kill me a calf, or rob me a henroost, it is paying man's debt of religious duty to comply without delay, and without an intellectual murmur, for use and reason have neither lot nor part with authority. Both his religion and his God are beyond or without respect to natural law, and his theology may be defined as the ignorance of natural causes reduced to a system. It tends to confusion, and that continually; its subjects are governed, after all, not by what God says, but by what the Popes say he says; it is, throughout, a government of hearsay and caprice, and the newest prophet carries it. At one period the God-voice is uttered through a Pope, and at another through a book. Auon, that falls into disrepute; when lo it breaks out afresh through a speaking medium; but it has ever the same ring, and invariably indicates mischief.

(To be concluded in our next.)

# LETTER FROM HON. N. P. TALLMADGE.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., March 25, 1858.

In the Washington Evening Star of April 1, we find the following letter from Gov. Tailmadge, which we are happy to transfer to our col-

A friend has sent me the Star of the 19th inst., containing the proceedings at the "St. Patrick's Anniversary Supper" in the city of Washington. Among other things, General James Shields, in reply to a complimentary toast, uses the following language, when speaking of the "peculiarities of the Irish race :"

"They are not led aside by every new-fangled doctrine which becomes current. You never find an Irishman believing in Soiritualism: he does not take his seat at a table [A voice—unless there is good liquor on it] to watch for the Spirits to move it unless, as my friend remarks, there is good liquor on it, and then he expects the "spirits" to move him . . . Irishmen can not be humbuged by these humbugeries of the day."

I confess I am utterly at a loss to account for this strange language on this patriotic and joyous festival, unless the honorable gentleman had himself been elevated to a spiritual sphere by imbibing freely of that "good liquor" of which he speaks with so much unction, until he could say with Caliban,

"I'll swear upon that bottle, the liquor is not earthy."

But badinage apart, a gentleman should always be a gentle. man, even in his cups. It is, therefore, with deep regret and mortification, that I see the speaker, on this occasion, turning aside from the legitimate topics of his speech, and thus appealing to vulgar prejudice, and at the same time assailing the opinions and belief of some of the brightest intellects of the age. And when he tells us, "You never find an Irishman believing in Spiritualism," I can only say that, if he thinks so, he knows much less of the intelligent and educated portion of his coun trymen than I do.

I have always been an ardent admirer of the Irish people and of the Irish character. During the course of a long life I have had no more faithful friends than those of the Irish population, and no one has labored more faithfully or sincerely to repay their support and kindness than I have done. And those of them who know me best, would be the last to join with the honorable gentleman in an attempted ridicule of Spiritualism—a subject which, from a thorough investigation, I profess to understand, and which, from his own confession, he knows nothing about. If he wished to set forth the "peculiarities of the Irish race," why did he not trace them as exemplified in the characteristics of Emmet, of Curran, of Grattan, and of that host of worthies whose gallant conduct and noble sentiments have adorned and gemmed the pages of Irish history from the days of St. Patrick to the present time? Why did he descend from the lofty and ennobling themes on which his illustrious countrymen were wont

to dwell, and "liquor" on topics which their proud spirits would utterly disdain? Why did he pass heedlessly by the intolerance and oppression under which Ireland has grouned and suffered, for opiniou's sake, for centuries past, and exhibit in his own person the same intolerance for which the blood of his countrymen has freely flowed on the scaffold and the field? Why does he come here to ridicule and virtually subvert the religious tolerance of our free government, after having escaped from the intolerance of his own? Why does he set himself up, as Sir Oracle, against Spiritualism, of which he knows nothing, in opposition to the avowed opinions of some of the most eminent statesmen and divines, and the highest judicial functionaries of the country? I he were a low and vulgar demagogue, I could see a motive for this appeal to public prejudice, but far be it from me to place the honorable gentleman in that unenviable category; I estimate his public services too highly. And if he ever attains to that "bad eminence," it will be by his own act, and not by any act of mine. I knew him well before he entered upon his military career, and I admired his amiable qualities and gentlemanly deportment; I followed him through his campaigus in Mexico, and was proud to see the shamrock of the Emerald Isle entwined with the stars and stripes of the American Union. And when I saw him, amidst the battle's strife, fall "with his back to the field and his feet to the foe," I mourned the sacrifice of a noble soul in the service of his adopted country. I rejoiced with the whole nation in his unexpected recovery; and I saw him with pleasure enter the Senate of the United States, as a slight reward for his gallant conduct and patriotic services. did not expect to see him shine in this new sphere of action like those splendid luminaries that had gone before him, but I foully hoped he would be surrounded by the light which still lingered on their path.

After this brief sketch of the Hon. gentleman's career, I can not but express my surprise, as I said in the beginning, at the indiscrimnate assault upon the advocates of Spiritualism—men who have occupied positions as elevated, and whose talents, to say the least, would not suffer in comparison with his own. I can not even now account for this unexpected and unjustifiable onslaught, unless the honorable gentleman is still smarting under the just rebuke he received for his unfaithfulness a few years ago, in presenting to the Senate of the United States and referring the memorial of myself and thirteen thousand Spiritualists for a scientific investigation of this subject. My views of his course were given in the National Intelligencer at the time, and have been preserved for the benefit of the honorable gentleman and others, in my Appendix to "The Healing of the Nations"—a book that will never die—and where the honorable gentleman hoped that that brief controversy would have taught him prudence, and that he would have learned, as I have often said, that these "manifestations," the most extraordinary in the history of the world, are either spiritual or philosophical—and whether they be the one or the other, are equally entitled to the candid consideration of every intelligent mind. The attempt, therefore, to ridicule them, is evidence of a disordered intellect and must recoil with tremendous effect upon him who assumes that unenviable attitude. Believing that the honorable gentleman had learned wisdom from experience, I was rejoiced to see him again returned to the Senate of the United States from the new and rising State of Minnesota. And I respectfully suggest to him that, when he takes his seat again in that honorable body, he move to take up the above-mentioned memorial which was laid on the table, with the assurance that he will there find hon. orable Senators as devoted Spiritualists as myself, and who will do ample justice in relation to any views he may think proper to present.

Before I close this communication, permit me to make another suggestion to the honorable gentleman, namely, that it is estimated there are from three to four millions of Spiritualists in the United States, and that their number is increasing in a geometrical ratio—that Spiritualism is spreading rapidly in other portions of the world—that the last number of the Westminster Review, in an article opposed to it, holds this significant language: 🐃

names of several of those who are unflinching believers in it, or are devoting themseves to the study or reproduction of its marvels. Not sdopted a mild and dispassionate style. One of his brethren inquired only does it survive, but survives with all the charm, and all the stimu- what induced him to make a change! He was answered, "When I lating ettractiveness of a secret science. Until the public mind in was young I thought it was thunder that killed the people; but when England shall be prepared to receive it, or until the evidence can be I grew water I discovered that it was the lightning; so I determined put in a shape to enforce general conviction, the present policy is, of, to thunder less and lighten more."

nurse it in quiet and enlarge the circle of its influence by a system to noiseless extension. Whether this policy will be successful remains to be seen but there can not be a doubt that, should ever the time arrive for a revival of the movement, the persons at its read would be men and women whose intellectual qualifications are known to the public, and who possess its confidence and esteem."

Politicians and statesmen in this country are beginning to look at this subject with intense interest. They know that the most exalted intellects, male and female, are earnestly engaged in the cause—that it is silently spreading in the highest classes, and amongst the very elite of society—and they look forward to its future development and advancement as an element which may control the destiny of this great country. Some of the most sagacions minds already foresee this. In a recent number of the New York Herold, in a shrewd and able article on this subject, its present position was presented, and its future foreshadowed, with a kind of Scotch second-sight. Spiritualism was proclaimed, as "already a power in the land." And you may rest assured "when the wind is southerly," no man "knows as hawk from a hand-saw" better than James Gordon Bennett. Let the honorable gentleman look to 1860 for farther developments. N. P. TALLMADGE.

## THE DEPARTED.

Hark! the solemn notes of the bell, in yonder steeple, awake too painfully the sad voice which tells you that your friend will no more meet you in your daily walk—will no more gladden your expectant ear with the sound of his familiar voice. The fut of the dread monarch of the shadowy realm has sent another exile forth from earth Dead! silent and motionless, on you der couch lies the form that, but a little time ago, stood by your side, elate with life and hope. Gone! forever hid, beneath the churchyard sod, is the face that you have loved. Up from the chamber of curiosity, rise the dread questions, "Whither have the waves of Time wafted his spirits?" And whence comes the answer! From the kindred soul of that which has gone home, the voice of Reason replies, "He who had power to raise from dust the body, had also power to return to earth its own. And He who from the fathomless depth of his own life, created the immortal soul, hath power to keep life yet in possession of its own. Can that which the Creator of all life created, cease to be? Is not the soul the life of the body? And can life die ?

Sometimes, when the quiet hour of twilight brings up the sacred days of the past from out the broad domains of Memory. and dark, gloomy doubts cast their shadows over our hearts, do we not feel the influence of some unseen power? Do we not feel that we are not alone? Does not the summer wind waft, sometimes, in those golden hours, notes of sweet music to our souls which are all unheard by our outer senses? Do not our will remain the wonder and admiration of after ages. I had souls, insensibly go forth and converse with unseen friends, in a language intelligible only to themselves?

Ah! our own souls, in their intuitive knowledge, tell us that our friends of the Spirit-world are ever around us, in joy and in sorrow, in darkness and light—in mirth and sadness. When night throws her veil of darkness over the earth; when the stars are peeping forth from the blue sky, they are with us. If we are in trouble they comfort us; if in sickness they calm us by their gentle influence. They glide softly into the prison, and the heart of the convict is glad in the sunshine of their presence. Where sin and suffering make known their baneful power, Spirits stand holy guardians to their victims. And when weariness and despair bow down the heart of the erring one, they draw very near to him, and tell him that Love and Purity can never die, that there is no spot on earth so dark, that the sunlight of God's Truth can not penetrate it.

When we miss them in their accustomed places, by the fireside and the table—when the familiar voice is hushed, and the friendly face lies beneath the green sod, we still hear them, still see them and know that they love us yet, as of old they loved; that they never will forget us. And we know that when our work is done, and we go home, we shall be as they are; and, unfettered: by the shackles of human weakness, we too shall be permitted to go about doing good, and performing the holy mandates of

THUNDER AND LIGHTNING.—There is a point in the following remark of an eminent minister, which we should be glad to have some of our "Our readers would be surprised were we to lay before them the noisy clergymen regard. The clergyman was remarkable in the first period of his ministry for a boisterous mode of preaching, but suddenly



Let enery man be fully persuaded in his own mind."

CHARLES PARTRIDGE. Editor and Proprietor.

NEW YORK, SATURDAY, MAY 1, 1858.

SPIRITUAL TELEGRAPH, VOL. VII.

With this number we introduce the seventh volume of this Spiritual Messenger. For the liberal patronage of our earthfriends and the many kindnesses of Spirits and mortals who have so freely and ably contributed their experience and reflections to these columns, we feel deeply grateful. By these and other tokens of public favor, we have been encouraged year by year to increase the size and the intellectual and practical interests and usefulness of this paper. Finding that very many of our patron esteemed the Telegraph worthy of preservation in bound form, we introduced, two years ago, its present size and convenient shape, but reserved the entire outside for advertise ments, and other transient matter. It will be perceived by this number that we have dispensed with one of the heads, and appropriated the entire paper, excepting the last sheet, to the spiritual and intellectual culture and physical needs of mankind The reading matter of this paper has been doubled since it commencement, without any increase of charge. We give much more matter than we can pecuniarly afford; but spiritually we are encouraged to rely confidently on the greater diligence of our constantly increasing patronage, for a wider circulation and usefulness.

We deem Spiritualism to be eminently practical, and we propose to employ this organ to contribute (so far as any paper can), to the spiritual, moral, intellectual, and physical needs of mankind. To this end it will be perceived that we have di vided our space into several departments, under the following general heads:

SPIRITUAL PHENOMENA AND THEIR SIGNIFICANCE. Spiritual Lyceum and Conference.

PHILOSOPHICAL AND MORAL DEPARTMENT.

EDITORIAL DEPARTMENT.

THE MOVING MENTAL WORLD-THE NEWS.

Personal and Special Notices.

PRICE CURRENT AND BUSINESS DEPARTMENT.

It will be our constant endeavor to make a paper which no family or person properly filling their sphere, and interested in spiritual and intellectual culture, can well afford to be without The TELEGRAPH will be anti-sectarian, and its columns will be open for every phase of earnest thought, respectfully expressed, on every subject of human interest.

\*We shall hereafter give more attention to the moving mental world, such as lectures, essays, debates, etc., and give a weekly summary of all the important news. In a word, we shall strive to keep our readers informed of all the important developments of the physical, spiritual and mental worlds, and if possible make the Telegraph fully supply the demand of a newspaper in every department of human interest and progress

True Spiritualism addresses itself to integral manhood, and administers to all his needs. It tends to neutralize the virus of superstitious dogmatism, by enlightening the understanding, and to set man in the center of the world of life, in conscious rapport with the divine heart-beats of the universe. It teaches man to look not to the dismal past for wisdom and guidance but to comprehend the ever present—to face about and press for ward toward the prize of his high calling, in the future un foldings of God's universe. Spiritualism has done much already to emancipate man from stupid antecedents. The full fruit of its work, however, does not yet appear, and probably will not until man becomes more a man, and less the slave to popular errors. But the work goes steadily and boldly on, and its good and uses challenge the earnest endeavors of all who have been blessed with its holy influences.

Andrew Jackson Davis and Mary his wife have returned from their lecturing tour in the West, and taken up their residence again in this city.

# SPIRITUALISM IN EUROPE.

ENGLAND.

Occasionally a number of the British Spiritual Telegraph, some cause it is not very regular in its visits. The last number we have received, and which did not arrive until a few days ago, is dated February 1st. It contains a learned and very intermonies to Spiritualism," but very little information is found in movement in Great Britain. Under the head of "Keighley Circles," however, it says that "the Christian Spiritualists contime their meetings as usual, on which occasions communications are received, and short addresses given." A correspondent, signing himself "K. M.," is busying himself with experiments with the magic mirror as a mean's of communicating with the Spirit-world, and promises the readers of the publication the results of his investigations in that line.

It is evident, that the plant Spiritualism is not destined to flourish very extensively in British soil for the present. That staid and sober old gentleman, John Bull, is not easily per suaded that any doctrines outside of the circle of his long-cherished thoughts are worthy of his attention; and even when such doctrines, by the potency of truth, force themselves upon his does move, his neighbors are very apt to know it. It is owing to this characteristic of the English people that the established spiritual faith of former ages has in a great degree been conserved by them, and that they have not descended to those depths of materialism and unfaith which renders present tangible demonstration from the interior world so necessary to them as it is to some others.

In the absence of general local and passing news of Spirit ualism, we must give the British Spiritual Telegraph the crediof bringing to light the following passage from Tertullian, indicating the existence of table-tipping among the ancient heather Romans. The distinguished Montanist, inveighing against what he deemed the superstitions of the idolaters, asks the latter:

"Do not your magicians call ghosts and departed souls from the shades below and by their infernal charms, represent an infinite number of delusions? And how do they perform all this, but by the assistance of evil angels and demons, by which they are uble to make stools and tables prophesy."

FRANCE.

The thinkers among the French people, on the other hand less wedded to the mental habits of the past, and more sensitive to innovative influences, have entered boldly the fields of new speculations and investigations, and from their constitutional tendencies to materialism and those philosophies whose bases consist alone in the observations of the senses, they have long since attained to that spiritual emptiness which naturally seeks to be filled by just such tangible facts as modern Spiritualism affords. We deem it no marvel, therefore, that spiritualistic investigations in France should be in a comparatively flourishing state, although, from an equally natural tendency, they seem to be falling, like many of our own people, into the fatal mistake (as we deem it) of supposing that they can rise from a material basis to the perception of spiritual truths by continuous degrees, rather than by discrete degrees and correspondences, in consequence of which supposition their philosophical speculations strongly savor of pantheism and a mere etherealized naturalism.

The Journal du Magnetisme, long ably conducted under the direction of that veteran magnetist, Baron Du Potet, and the more immediate editorial management of Z. Piérart, has for some time been openly committed to Spiritualism. This simple fact may be mentioned as a sufficient offset to the vague hypothesis of those non-investigators who imagine that the alleged facts of spiritual intercourse are nothing more nor less than some new forms of mesmeric phenomena as confined to the mundane sphere. The scientific world in this prying and skeptical age, does not present the example of a more careful and able investigator than Baron Du Potet. Nor can one be found who may be presumed to know better what there is, and what there is not, in the realm of mesmerism; and yet the Baron, while acknowledging, and demonstrating by practical experiments, that many of the phenomena claimed to be spiritual can be mesmerically produced, frankly admits that mesmerism in the sphere of mortals has an ultima thule, and is forced to acknowledge that all the more striking facts of Spiritualism stand outside of its l-domains.

That the Jew nal du Magnetisme may not be too much drawn from the sphere specially designated by its title, it has been determined by its editors, hereafter, to issue from the same published monthly at Keighley, still reaches us, though from office, twice a month, another Journal, of the same size and form, entitled Revue Spiritualiste, under the special direction of Z. Piérart, which will be mainly or exclusively devoted to the facts and philosophy of Spiritualism. It will be recolesting article (one of a series) on "Ancient and Modern Testi-lected, from notices previously given in our columns, that a monthly journal was also established in Paris in January last, this number respecting the present condition of the spiritualistic ably conducted by Mons. Allan Kardek, under the title of Revue Spirite, and which is still published.

The Journal du Magnetism of March 25, and the first number of the Revue Spiritualiste, are now before us, filled with interesting matter. We give the following translation of the Journal du Magnetism's recuille of psychological and spiritual facts taken from the French periodical Press:

A CLAIRVOYANT PREDICTION FULFILLED.

"The Estafette of Feb. 2, contains a long article on somnambulism. It is therein related that a mother having consulted, concerning the health of her daughter, who was seriously ill, the somnambulist Alexis, the latter gave her a prescription which effected her cure, and that Alexis farther announced to her that she would be a long time separated from her daughter. That prediction was realized. The child was abducted; and after conviction, it takes him sometime to gather up his fat corporiety several years, it was by the indication of another clairvoyant and move in obedience to their promptings; albeit when he that the mother had the happiness to find her lost daughter, and the latter event occurred precisely on the day fixed by the somnambulist."

## PRETERNATURAL MOVEMENT OF PONDERABLE BODIES.

"The Ami des Sciences of January 31, contains an article extracted from the Union Bourgignonne, in which an account is given of extraordinary phenomena presented by a young girl of Chavigny en Vallière, named Marie Huart, exhibiting some an-. alogy to Angelique Cottin. Clods of earth and stones detach themselves from the ground and are thrown toward her without any visible cause of the movement. Even bricks have left their place in the hearth, and have moved toward her. It is said that a stone of three kilogrammes (nearly three pounds) was thrown toward her with great violence."

KNOCKINGS, WITH INTELLIGENCE.

"The Ami des Sciences of the 29th of November last, contains a letter from M. Matthieu, an old pharmaceutist of the armies, who attests that he has met with mediums in whose presence raps are distinctly heard, without any appreciable physical cause; that the combination of the raps produced a conventional language, by means of which the persons present conversed with their mysterious author. M. Matthien, who has published estimable writings on these mysterious phenomena, demands that they should be studied and verified."

" THE KEY OF LIFE."

"We read in the Siecle of February 3, a remarkable article by Mr. Jourdan, concerning a book entitled Clef de la vie. (Key of Life), which two men of letters have offered to the public as having been dictated by the Spirits through a person uamed Michael, a shepherd destitute of any instruction.

ANOTHER SPIRIT-BOOK.

"Several Journals have given accounts, or made mention, of a very singular book entitled 'Pneumatologie Positive & Experimentale' (Positive and Experimental Pneumatology), by Baron Louis de Guldenstubbé. That auth r declares that he has obtained the writing directly and immediately from Spirits, and gives a fac-simile of it at the end of his book."

D. D. HUME.

From another paragraph in the article from which the above is translated, it appears that the amount of gossip that is flowing through the Parisian Journals concerning the "grand thaumaturge Home," as he is called, is not very small; and many anecdotes are told of dancing tables, of furniture traveling through the air from one room to another, of accordeons giving forth the most ravishing music in his presence, of plates full of cakes and pastry being brought to him without visible hands, etc.

It would appear from facts like the foregoing, that public attention in Paris is being very extensively aroused to the cur. rent spiritual phenomena; and if Spiritualism once becomes origin of this book allies it to the works of the fan or American seer Davis, whose only studies were those of six months in a primary school." (This book is highly spoken of by M. Jourdan.)

# SPIRITS IN REVIVAL MEETINGS.

A correspondent from York Center, Illinois, informs us that at the Methodist revival meeting going on there, a Spirit-medium was influenced to address the meeting, but that the Spirit did not speak according to their creed, therefore they concluded there was no light in him, and attempted to drown his voice with singing, and finally to turn him out. But the Spirit did not seem disturbed by these maneuvers, and kept on. During this time the meeting adjourned, and the excessively pious went away, but many of the audience remained, hearkening unto the Spirit. The Church was much exasperated, and several days afterward caused the medium to be arrested and brought before the judges. Our informant says that although the church people swore very hard, and rather stretched the truth, the Court decided that there was no cause of action, and the medium was discharged.

Spirits are not merely idle lookers on at these revivals. There have been many marked instances of their influences over individuals and congregations, but they do not all of them, as in the above case, seem to know or heed the fact that each sect must be revived, if at all, in the creed, and in adding numbers to the church, and not in knowledge and virtue. It is considered the wildest heresy to state anything in a revival meeting which is new and true; but they want what the creed allows to be spoken, to be repeated over and over again, until from weariness of much speaking, the people will assent to it. Spirits should learn the routine and the creed before they go to such places.

### Tests in California.

A. G. E., of Napa, California, writes that with his letter he mailed a pamphlet, given by Spirit-dictation through his brother, which he submits for notice in our columns. The business matters submitted in his letter have been attended to; but the pamphlet has not come to hand. The following particulars, however, relating to the production of that pamphlet, and a test announcement concerning another matter, given through its medium, as related by our correspondent, will probably be interesting to spiritualistic inquirers:

Our correspondent says that the medium, who was his brother, generally fell asleep an hour before the time appointed for the lecture. When the hour for commencing the dictation arrived, "the front door bell would ring, the windows would shake, and the doors would fly open. In an instant all would be quiet and the lecture would commence." Subsequently, however, responses by the most violent movements of the table, would be given to questions asked concerning the lectures.

The test, relating to another matter, above referred to, we give in our correspondent's own language, as follows:

"We had suffered some anxiety in business, consequent on the dishonor of a note to a large amount, which we had indorsed for a person in Honolulu, which had considerably depressed us, when, one afternoon, as we were walking down the wharf, he (the medium) to go on the Sacranento steamer, we were suddenly stopped, and he said. Don't you see Dr. Fish? I replied, 'I do not; but what does he want?' He appeared to converse with some one, and then said to me, 'The Doctor bids us be of good cheer; he says there is a vessel outside the Heads with good news for us from Honolulu' I asked the name of the vessel. He replied, 'The Archibula Gracie; and there is also an English frigate.' The steamer's bell was ringing, and I had to bid my brother farewell, promising to write him the result. That night both vessels came in, and next day I got a letter to say that our responsibility was relieved, sufficient property having been given to secure the debt. I have had numberless tests of the kind."

# Beeson's "Plea for the Indians."

A new edition of this large pamphlet (144 pages) has just been issued, and is for sale at this office, (price 25 cents; postage, 6 cents.) It includes a record of facts and features of the late war with the Indians in Oregon, as personally observed and otherwise ascertained by the author. Some alterations and corrections have been made in this edition, from the previous one.

THE PRESS.—We are grateful for the many kind notices of our contemporaries, and have been much edified personally with the perusal of our exchanges; but from the nature of our enterprise, it will be perceived that the secular and religious papers are of little service to us beyond the quotations and other notices they please to make of the Telegraph and of Spiritualism. We shall cheerfully exchange for the volume with papers which favor us with a notice.

Those of our subscribers to whom this number of our paper appears with this paragraph marked with pencil, will please receive it as a notice that the time for which they subscribed and paid for the TELEGRAPH, has expired. As this number commences a new volume, we hope that each of our old patrons will not only remit us the cash for another year, but will do what they conveniently can to add new readers to our list.

### THE TRIBUNE CHALLENGED.

We are happy to lay before the public the following open, bold and fair proposition to put the relative intellectual acumen of the Tribune and Mrs. Hatch, or the Spirits, to the test, before the public and a competent committee. Doubtles our cotemporary will meet the challenge with heroic gallantry. We trust they will take the vantage ground, that is, prepare to fire. We wait the issue with no little interest. We are informed the challenge was sent to the Tribune to be published, and was declined; and we copy it from the Evening Post:

DR. HATCH TO THE TRIBUNE.

The following challenge to the Tribune is from the husband of Mrs

"In your brief review in the Tribune of a volume of Mrs. Cora L. V. Hatch's Discourses, recently published, you make use of expressions which I, in connection with a large number of others, believe were penned in a cowardly spirit—that you withheld your actual conviction for fear that you would not be on the popular side, and published such a review as you deemed most suited to the prejudices of a majority of your readers. You speak of her Discourses in the following manner: A few passages are not without a certain dream-like beauty, but, as a rule, the style is feeble and lympha ic. It lacks the ruddy glow of life, and savors of a sphere of specters and hobgoblins.'

I wish to put the sincerity of your statement to the test; and, therefore, will give you an opportunity of measuring your mental capacity with hers before a public and ence in New York; and offer you any advantage you may desire. You may have a week, or longer, to prepare yourself upon any subject involving fundamental principles, which you may select, which subject shall not be announced to Mrs. Hatch until she goes before the audience. Thus making it a studied effort, on your part, and impromptu on hers, and you may bring to your aid any one of the best intellects connected with the Tribune.

We will mutually agree upon a committee of acknowledged ability to decide how far short her "dream-like, feeble, and lympathic style, and her specter and hobgoblin logic" is of your profound erudition. If you dare not accept this invitation, then come boldly forth, as a

If you dare not accept this invitation, then come boldly forth, as a man should do, and acknowledge the falsity of a statement which you have not the ability to defend, and not take the advantage of one of the most popular journals to suppress truth and screen yourself behind public prejudice. Yours respectfully, B. F. HATCH, M. D.

# "The Spiritualist Register."

The Spiritualist Register for the year commencing in May, 1858, has just been issued by U. Clark, Auburn, N. Y. It presents statistics, facts, rules for forming circles, and other matters in which Spiritualists are presumed to be interested. The statistical table showing the approximate number of Spiritualists in the United States, foots up at a total of 1,037,500; while the number now living who are inclined to Spiritualism is supposed to be 5,000,000. These estimates, we think, are moderate enough; and if under the head of Spiritualists we were to include all who believe in some sort of existing, sensible intercommunication with invisible intelligences, good or bad, the above figures would have to be increased many millions. The Register is a pamphlet of 36 small pages, single copies of which are sold for 10 cents.

# Discussion of Spiritualism.

An Oral Discussion of Spiritualism. By S. B. Brittan & D. D. Hanson, S. T. Munson, 5 Great Jones-street. For sale at this office, price 38 cents; postage 10 cents.

We can do little more than announce the reception of this neat and elegant pamphlet of 145 pages, which did not come to hand until we were nearly ready to go to press. The discussion was the occasion of much public excitement at Hartford, where it occurred, and the name of Mr. Brittan as one of the disputants, as well as the intrinsic merits of the work, will doubtless secure for it a wide circulation.

# Note from Dr. Welfington.

FRIEND PARTRIDGE:

As my name has from time to time appeared in your columns, and I am known to have much sympathy with most of your readers, I feel justified in calling their attention to the advertisement of a new school which I shall open May 10. I invite the interest and sympathy of the friends of progress in the plan as unfolded in the essay I have published, and in the prospectus, which will be furnished to all who apply.

I can assure those who have seen their childrens' health fail under the usual discipline of schools, that we will not only prevent decline, but restore the weak, and at the same time secure even better menta discipline. Jamestown is on Chautauque Lake, exactly south of Dunkirk, and for any purpose the location is one of the most healthy and salubrious.

I would gladly have furnished you a communication giving an account of my recent tour, and my observations of the progress of Spiritualism, as you requested, but the demands on my time which are made by this new movement render it impossible for the present.

O. H. WELLINGTON.

# "Record of Spiritual Investigations."

Under this head we commence this week the publication of a lengthy article from a distinguished gentleman in Canada, in the form of a letter to Professor Gregory. We regret that we are compelled to divide it into about three parts.

## THE SPIRITUAL TELEGRAPH.

PROSPECTUS FOR VOLUME VII., COMMENCING MAY 1, 1858.

Careful investigation and innumerable demonstrative facts have fixe the firm conviction upon the minds of hundreds of thousands in this country and throughout Christendom, that immortal Sririts are now in various ways, sensibly communicating with mankind, exerting their influence in the healing of diseases, in consoling the afflicted, and in the general rectification of human disorders. If this is so, then every person should not only know the fact, but should also be inf rmed of the means and conditions by which this celestial communion can be secured with the greatest facility and in the greatest purity. Personal convictions in reference to this important subject, can best be attained by experience in the Phenomenal and Impressional Manifestations from the Spirit-world, and by carefully analyzing, sifting, and weighing the honest testimony of others. It was for the purpose of embodying the facts and philosophy, and facilitating general investigation, on this subject, that the Spiritual Telegraph was introduced to the public in 1852; and in its pages the earnest seeker has always found, and may still find, an abundance of facts furnished from every phase and standpoint of the investigation, and developed in all parts of the country, and from which every necessary index and aid to a final solution of the great problem involved may be derived.

In each number of this weekly Paper will be found well attested spiritual facts and communicat one and pungent essays, by experienced contributors, upon the most prominent and important points suggested by the phenomena, together with reports of public meetings, the movements of Lecturers, and other matters pertaining to the dissemination of Spiritual Truth.

On all the prominent and exciting topics of the day, especially such as relate to social and religious reform, the Telegraph will speak earnestly from the stand-point of reason, conscience, experience, justice, and a settled conviction of the spiritual demands of the age.

In addition to this abundance of spiritual matter, the Telegraph will contain a synopsis of all the interesting news of the week, condensed and arranged by careful and competent persons. We shall also insert such brief but comprehensive items of useful and entertaining knowledge as we may be able to extract from the multitudinous variety of our large exchange list. It will also contain a Price Current of the market for all kinds of produce, and a report of receipts and ale of all merchandise consigned to us, and of money received and remitted. These features make our Paper an invaluable family visitor to the farmer, manufacturer and merchant, instructing and interesting to the skeptic as well as the believer in Spiritualism, to the wife as well as the husband, the child as well as the parent; to the physician, the teacher, the preacher, the reformer, the Church, and humanity generally.

The columns of the Telegraph have ever been free to all persons who had an earnest word for truth and human progress to utter, whether in consonance with the thought of its immediate conductors, or otherwise. We submit it, therefore, as a Paper which must be desirable to all persons who are sufficiently tolerant to allow those who differ from them in opinions, to speak, and to all such as are willing that Truth should be disseminated and prevail.

The independent and tolerant course of the Telegraph has secured for it a list of correspondents which, as to the numbers and the mental power which it represents, will not suffer by a comparison with that of any other weekly publication in our country.

As this is the oldest and largest Spiritualist paper now published, and being issued from the very heart of the principal city in the Union, our facilities must be allowed to be unrivaled for keeping our readers carefully apprised of the true state of the constantly advancing principles connected with the Spiritual Unfolding.

NOTICES OF THE PRESS.

New York Tribune says: "We must give it (the TELEGRAPH) at least this praise—that it seems to us the best periodical of its school, and in candor and temper a model which many of the organs of our various religious denominations might copy with profit."

Mount Joy Herald: "It is devoted to Spiritualism, earnest, straightforward in its course, open for free discussion, and neither sectarian nor bigoted."

Syracuse Republican: "The SPIRITUAL TELEGRAPH is always candid, importial and able."

Herald and Era: "The TELEGRAPH is one of the oldest and among the best, and no doubt is will be well sustained."

Belvidere Standard: "Mr. Partridge is widely known as a man of honest and liberal sentiments, and although he gives his means toward the dissemination of Spiritualism, it does not follow that he is speculating on the credulity of deluded people, as certain persons are wont to believe. For the exposition of this subject, the Telegraph has no superior."

Daily Gazette and Comet: "It is mainly devoted to the illustration of spiritual intercourse, though entitled to a high place as a literary and scientific journal."

Ottawa Republican: "Those who feel an interest in knowing what developments the Spiritualists are making in different parts of the country, will find the Telegraph much shead of the common run of that class of papers,"

Jefferson Union: "The TELEGRAPH, under its present management, is ably conducted, discusses and examines the various phenomena of the new doctrine, with great candor and marked ability."

Any information our contemporaries of the Press may give their readers respecting our endeavors, will not only entitle them to an exchange, but, with all others of our friends who may exert themselves to increase our circulation and usefulness, they will be gratefully remembered.

CHARLES PARTEIDGE, Editor and Proprietor.

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RECORD OF SPIRITUAL INVESTIGATIONS. Belleville, U. Canada, December 2, 1857.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE SPIRITUAL TELEGRAPH:

Sir-Ou the 22d of June, 1857, I addressed the following - letter to Professor Gregory of Edinburgh, Scotland, but up to and postpaid the packet, and I can therefore hardly doubt that it reached its destination. Still, though personally unknown to Dr. Gregory, I can not bring myself to believe that he could be was desirous of furnishing him with a simple, unvarnished stateject.

In order to give a full account of my experience in Spiritualism generally with media but imperfectly developed, it is necessary that I should go into a few details, which I trust you and your readers will not consider altozether unimportant, if they tend in any degree to place the manifestation in a true light. do not hold myself in any degree responsible for the incongruities and contradictions that occasionally manifest themselves in spiritual communications, still less for what may be called fulse communications. I give them just as I received them, and when in any of them opinions are given on certain commonly received religious dogmas or doctrines, I leave the reader to take the same course as I do myself—to accept or reject the statements of the Spirits, in accordance with the dictates of his own judgment. As no being, be he "Spirit" or man in this world, is perfect, so the gradations from man in his highest developments in this world up to the great Creator himself, must be infinite. Therefore, none but God himself is infallible.

In the following copy of my letter to Professor Gregory, I have omitted many details which would not possess any particular novelty in this continent:

LETTER TO PROFESSOR GREGORY.

Belleville, U. Canada, June 22, 1857.

Dear Sir-My only motive for venturing to address you, is the deeply-engrossing interest attached to the subject of this communication:—the Modern Spiritual Manifestations, I can well remember the time when the subjects of "Animal Magnetism," "Mesmerism," and "Clairvoyance," to say nothing of "Phrenology," were held in unmitigated contempt by all who had any pretensions to science. These days have gone by; and it now begins to be perceived that, strange as these things are, they are not the less true—because with our limited capacities, we are unable to comprehend them. There is obviously a point, to which human reason, in tracing back the chain of causes of natural phenomena, can reach, and no farther. Our knowledge may be compared to a beautiful structure. We can describe every part of the superstructure, but we can tell but little of our solid foundation upon which the whole edifice rests. Every science must have a solid foundation of this kind, and it is worse than useless to quote great names and scientific theories against what the common seuse of mankind, founded on the evidence of the senses, is compelled to recognize as facts. A number of these facts I propose to submit to you in this letter; and not professing to possess more than a very limited amount of scientific knowledge, I am anxious to communicate the fruits of my own limited experience, in order to contribute in some degree. to the formation of a rational and intelligible theory of the Mrs. D, had become developed as a "tipping medium," and had manifestations.

Magnetism," may, very possibly, weaken the position I have been compelled to take, as to the origin of the spiritual manifestations, I must candidly admit the strong analogy that is observable between the two sets of facts; and I can not help thinking that this similarity is attributable to a common origin. Knockings" in 1848, the thing appeared so utterly ridiculous one of her daughters, hoping to obtain a communication from my lactly like knocks produced by human knuckles. I looked be-

the present moment have not received in reply, even a simple by inexperienced girls, or rather, children, as any imposture of acknowledgment of the receipt of my letter. I carefully posted this kind would require. Even admitting the mechanical skill, where or how they could obtain the extraordinary "intelligence" on matters only known to their visitors themselves, or to the Spirits with whom they profess to communicate? Taking a wanting in the common courtesy usually observed in such mat- wide view of these mysterious sciences, it seems to me that a ters. I therefore conclude that my communication must have kind of gradual development and progression is observable in of a more pressing, if not more interesting, nature. Attracted Thus the discovery of the properties of the magnet has natuby the noble and truly philosophical candor of his character, I rally led to "animal magnetism" or "clairvoyance," and "clairvoyance" to "Spiritualism." A few years ago, Professor Farment of my experience in "Spiritualism," with my own obser-aday's explanation of "table-turning" satisfied the minds of vations on the subject. I am well aware of the very limited most people, particularly of those who are influenced by great many of the higher and more startling manifestations of "Spir-themselves. Having seen something of "table-turning," my it-power," but I thought that a communication, coming from first impression was, that it was a delusion produced by the inmight have had a good effect in drawing attention to the sub- by Professor Faraday; but still I could not think his experi- character. ments conclusive; and therefore, Mrs. M. and I set to work to endeavor to turn a little round table at our own house. At last it began to turn, almost invariably with the sun. At this time I could not perceive that I exercised any power in the matter, as I found that it moved under her hands after mine were removed. But what convinced me that there was no self-deception or "volition" in producing the motion was, that I observed that on some occasions the table would not move under her hands, though she was naturally anxious to get it to move. By degrees, however, her power increased, so that she could move it with one hand, or even with one finger placed in the center. One evening a neighbor, Mr. T-, a civil engineer employed on the Grand Trunk Railway, spent the evening with us. After seeing the little round table turning about all over the floor, he proposed to test the power by sitting on the table. In this position he was turned round several times by Mrs. M. Afterward I got on the table and was turned round with equal freedom, though my weight is about two hundred pounds. Mrs. M. merely touched the table with the points of her fingers. This little experiment fully satisfied me that there was something more in "table-turning" than merely the involuntary action of the muscles. There is now nothing new in this part of the subject and I merely allude to "table-turning" as an introductory process which led me to investigate farther.

> I now come to what I will call Spiritualism Proper. I am glad to find that you take a generous view of the character of the "media." Of course, in Spiritualism, as in in religion, we may expect to meet with hypocrites and imposters, but it is equally absurd and uncharitable to suppose that such a numerous body of individuals would join in a continuous attempt to impose upon mankind, with nothing to gain, and often a great deal to lose, by such imposture. I have seen many, mostly unprofessional ones, and in only one instance have I detected imposture. Even in the instance referred to, I have great reason to believe that the trick practiced arose out of a failure to procure the genuine "raps." From the observations I have made on this subject, I have long been fully satisfied that the will of the "medium" has nothing whatever to do with the manifestations, whether physical or mental. Before going into this part of the subject, I should premise that I was quite skeptical to say the least; and that it was only after long and close observation, that I began to believe in their spiritual origin.

As I proceed with my narrative, I will state the means I adopted to satisfy my doubts. About three years ago I met the mayor of the town in the street, and knowing my curiosity on the subject of Spiritualism, he stopped me to say that his wife, received several communications through the alphabet from her Though the facts given by you in your letters on "Animal father, and he invited me to his house, that I might been able to judge for myself. Mrs. D. is a very intelligent and sincere woman, and having been infimately acquainted with her for seventeen or eighteen years, I knew her to be incapable of deception of any

On my first visit to Mrs. D., after her husband's invitation, When we first heard of the "Fox Girls," and the "Rochester sitting round a light work-table with Mrs. D., her husband and

and puerile, that I only looked upon it as a money-making father"s Spirit, the table began to tip, or rise, on the side opposcheme. Afterward, however, I heard accounts from several cite the medium, as a signal that Spirits were present, and intelligent persons who had visited the "Fox Family," which wished to communicate with us. I took the alphabet, and pointinduced me to modify my first opinion; as I could not believe ing with my finger to the letters in succession, the table tipped at that any such skillful mechanical contrivances could be devised the letters J. A. Of course I expected that my father's name -"James"-was coming. But the table would not rise at the letter M., though Mrs. D. was also anxious that the desired name might be given. I went back to the beginning of the alphabet, when my eldest sister's maiden name, Janet D. M., was spelled out. Her name was quite unknown to Mrs. D., who knew nothing of my family. I then asked aloud, "When did you die?" but I got no answer until I wrote down a number of been mislaid or overlooked by him, in the midst of other matters | them all, and that they are all linked in a manner together. | different years on a piece of paper, and on pointing to each of them in succession, the table tipped at 1855, which I afterward found to be correct, as I did not remember the exact year of her death. I then asked, "Of what disease did you die?" "Consumption," was the answer. "Did you die before or after your sister?" After." All these answers were perfectly correct, and opportunities I have enjoyed in British America of witnessing names, without taking the trouble to reason or investigate for I took every precaution to avoid anything like suggesting or assisting the process. I had nothing more from my sister on that occasion, but several short communications were spelled out from one who had been but little "mixed up" with Spiritualists, voluntary action of the mind and muscles together, as supposed deceased relatives of Mrs. D.'s, chiefly of a religious or moral

On another occasion, while Mrs. D., her husband, a chancery lawyer from Toronto, and Mrs. D.'s daughter "Nelly," a young girl of fourteen or fifteen, and I, were sitting round the table, Mrs. D. found fault with Nelly for sitting at the table in a manner which might excite suspicion. Immediately the table began to rock violently. I took the alphabet, when the following words were spelled out, "You are too suspicious." Mrs. D. had been communicating with her father, and she inquired, "What does my father mean?" "Of Nelly." "Why, are we suspicious of Nelly?" "Because you think Nelly makes the raps." Whenever the table began to rise and strike the floor with two legs, Mrs. D. could at once tell by the strength or energy of the raps whether the communication was coming from a strong or weak man, a woman, or a child. When my father desired to communicate with me, she at once said: "Your father must have been a large and strong man," which was

One evening my friend Mr. T., already mentioned, accompanied me to Mrs. D's house, when, as a test, he said he would ask a mental question, and requested any Spirit present to give a certain number he wanted, by so many tippings of the table." Thirty-six raps were immediatly given, which we all counted separately, and agreed in the number. Mr. T., after making a slight calculation with his pencil, told us the number was quite correct. As he and I were returning home together, he told me what his question had been-"how many years is it since my father left England for the United States?"

In the summer of 1855, Kate Fox, one of the mediums in the "Rochester knockings," came to Belleville with her mother, on a visit to a relative in the town. The Fox family, before they removed to the United States, lived on a farm in the county of Prince Edward, a few miles from Bellville. Since 1848, leaving the neighborhood of Rochester, they removed to New York, I was glad to have an opportunity of testing the manifestations in a situation where there could be no possible facilities for mechanical contrivance or deception of any kind. I found Kate a simple, artless girl, with an intelligent and ingenuous expression of countenance, and elegant and refined in her manners. I called on her several times at the house where she was residing in Belleville. I had a ring which belonged to my father. It was a mourning ring for my grandmother, and the name "Henrietta M., of M., ob, 6 September, 1806." was engraved on it. Having entirely forgotten the dates, not having looked at the ring for several years, I placed it on my finger without looking at the inscription. Having often heard it asserted that nothing is ever communicated by the Spirits but what is already known to the inquirer, I asked Kate if she could tell me the name inscribed on the ring? She said she could not, but if I would write any number of names on a piece of paper, at a side table, so that she could not see it, the Spirit, if present, would knock on the table when I pointed to it. I did as directed, and three knocks came on the table when I pointed to the name. In the same manner, the month and year of her death were given correctly. The sounds on the table were such as to preclude any probability of their being produced by mechanical means. They sounded almost exthe sounds. In order to satisfy me still further on this point, tives of these false Spirits could be, I can not conjecture, as the Kate opened the room door, and on gently touching one of the panels with the points of her fingers, loud and distinct knocks came all around and near her hand. I held my ear to the door and distinctly felt the vibration. She then took me out into the street, in front of the house, where the sidewalk was formed of large limestone flags, and the knocks came under and near our feet, like taps of a hammer on the stone, the sounds inv riably corresponding with the nature of the substance on which t ley were produced

I did not pursue my investigations further at this time, but invited Mrs. Fox and her daughter to spend the evening at my house. After tea, we seated ourselves round a large centertable in the drawing-room, with a large lamp standing on it, Our party consisted of Mrs. Fox and her daughter, Mr. T., a medical student, and also a stranger to the Fox family, Mrs. M., and myself. The mediums inquired if any Spirits were present who would communicate with us, and she began to call the letters of the alphabet. Three raps came on the top of the table at the letters JAMESM, and two other letters of my father's surname, and the following communication was spelled of my wife's sister in England, and I asked, Is your name Agnes stand upon the ground of her human nature, then there will be mutual out letter by letter:

"I have much to say to you. It is joy for me to speak with you throng's echo. I wish you to investig to this subject, and I will conviace you beyond a doubt. Do not let your mind be influenced by idle and thoughtless words, but investigate for yourself, and your Spi it frie ids will all gather in groups arou d you and aid you in your efforts. I still hover over you, my dear son, and protect you from 'JAMES ----"

Next came a communication to Mrs. M., from her father, which, with the accompanying remarks, I copy from a memorandum of these communications I made at the time—8th Sept., 1855:

THOMAS Q - p: Dear Child: I am still living; I take an interest In your welfare, and weave your heart with many bright dreams. You must not doubt my presence. There are many beautiful truths in this subject, which can not fail to find a echo in your mind. The time will Bood come when you can hold converse with us alone."

At the word "vs" a shower of raps, like those of large and small knuckles came all over the table. Now the table itself was lifted and shaken with some violence first at one corner then at the others, in succession, and turned partly round each time. Durn; these movemen's the large lamp, with a glass shade, was burning in the center of the table; but it never moved from the goot, as if it were held fast by some invisible power. Otherwise, it must have been overturned. Mrs. M. then asked the Spirit of her father the following questions, which were all correctly answered. "When were you born?" "8th December." "When gas. Woman ought to be rendered less dependent upon man. Our did you die?" "18th May, 1818." "Your age?" "Fiftyeight." "Of what disease did you die?" "Gout in the stomach." Where did you die?" "At Norwich, England."

At Kate Fox's request, Mrs. M. wrote down a number of names of dead and living persons intermixed, at a side table where she could not see them, and on pointing to them we Newton or a Shakspeare. Well, if she cun't she won't, and so, where's heard five raps for the dead, and three for the living. We tried the experiment again and again, and the raps were given correctly each time. Among the names of the dead, she wrote that of Anna Laura H., the daughter of the editor of a London proper culture not as woman's rights, but as human rights; as man's magazine, to whom she was much attached, and with whom she made an agreement, that whichever of the friends should die cate it to its highest capacity. A genuine culture will produce nothfirst, would appear to the other, if permitted. Mrs. M. wrote on a slip of paper, "Why did you not keep your promise?" "I often endeavored to make my presence known to you," was instantly spelled out by the alphabet, "In order to convince me that you are really the Spirit of my friend, spell out your name by the alphabet." "Anna Laura" was instantly spelled out. had an Irish servant, who was expecting his wife and children out from Ireland, and as Kate Fox was standing on the floor, he asked the Spirits how many weeks it would be before his family would reach Belleville? Six raps were immediately given on the floor, three or four feet from where we were standing. Six weeks from that night the wife and family did arrive in Belleville. In the same manner he was told how many of his children were dead and how many living. At this the old man was fairly frightened, and telling Kate, in a tone of mingled fear and repect, "You're a witch, ma'am," took himself off in double quick time.

After the departure of Mrs. Fox and her daughter, I followed up my ivestigations at Mrs. D.'s, where I received several remarkable communications, a number of them indeed absolutely and uselessly false, but still exhibiting extraordinary intelligence from all the facts, and it is a fact that want of work has a great deal to have made their appearance.

falsity of several of them could be detected in a few hours to days. I am fully satisfied, however, that neither my mind nor that of Mrs. D. had anything to do with them, for often when we desired a communication from some particular Spirit, one would be spelled out from some Spirit neither of us had thought of. I will just give one other example of this fact, where the name of my wife's sister, a lady well known in the lit erary world, and still living, was spelled out by the alphabet, under circumstances which rendered it highly improbable that our minds at the time had influenced the communication, unless the Spirit had read my mind, as the medium, Mrs. D., knew nothing of the facts so obscurely hinted.

October 23, 1854. The table began to rock, and the following words were spelled out when we requested the Spirit, as usual to spell its name: "Do not ask my name; you are not prepared to hear it." Mrs. D. asked if we would be alarmed? "Yes." My mind instantly suggested the name of a very dear daughter at Toronto, who was near her confinement at the time, and I asked, Is your name Agnes? "Yes." I then thought S.? "Yes." Where did you die? "Do not ask." Did you honor and mutual help; then there will be no discordant music in the die in Scotland? No answer. In England? "Yes." At R--? "Yes. Do not be alarmed at my appearance here, although you may be indeed surprised to hear from Agnes S. Dear brother, did I not love you all better than you gave me credit for? Every cause I gave Susan (as my wife was generally called by her sister in England) for reasons" (here there was some confusion in the communication, as if some words had been omitted) . . . "after I had put all my works into print. . . . but I hope Susanna will forgive me." [To be Continued.]

# THE MOVING MENTAL WORLD-THE NEWS.

### WOMAN AND HER WORK. A SYNOPSIS OF A LECTURE BY DR. E. H. CHAPIN.

On the evening of the 15th of April, Mozart Hall was filled with the more intelligent of our citizens, to listen to the eloquently earnest Dr. Chapin He said his subject led him to consider whether woman is potentially what she ought to be. The relation between man and woman is the most beautiful expression of the great law of nature. Woman is simply the equal o man-nothing more, nothing less. We have no right to determine what is woman's sphere by any arbitrary prejudices. I can not recognize any such fact as man's rights or woman's rights; I only recognize human rights. Woman's orbit is the crhit of her hnmanity, and hence she ought to be man's count-equal before the world before the law, as she is before God. What we want is some way of deliverance for woman from being a mere slave, and something more substantial than those accorplishments which make her a more gowpresent state of society too often so trains her as to make marriage an absolute necessity. I am glad if there is some advance in this respect. I am glad if women and clergymen are regarded as something else than respeciable panners. Woman can become what she should be, and do what she should do, only by a genuine ed cation. I can not see why there should be a very sharp discrimination between the education of boys and girls. If a certain kind of learning will develop the intellec: of the boy, why not of the girl? You may say woman can not be a the harm? Why should a woman with a liberal education be less fitted for the duties of a wife or mother? If in the cultivated mind there is a reserved force for emergencies, why should woman be desired from that blessed skill that unlocks the treasuries of truth and opens communion with the distant and the dead? Women have a right to a equal and companion, she requires a training which will develop every human faculty. The true way to find the sphere of anything is to edu ing that will overrun its divinely-appointed limits. Woman's work | machine, nec saitating amputation from the combined effects of which will follow spontaneously from woman's nature, and will accord with he died at his residence in Philadelphia, on Monday of last week. the qualities of her being Woman's truest work is of home and its Until about an hour before his dissolution he believed he would recover, sanctities. In this sphere I claim for her a large and liberal culture. when he was informed by his physician and his family that his end was Is it of no consequence who is to discharge these offices—who is to approaching. He received the assurance with the atmost resignation, teach and train the life, the heart of the fu are man? Among women answering "It is well, it is very well; God's will be done." He then there are two classes, whom the home duties do not absorb, and they took an affectionate lease of his family, and exhorted his aged father claim something to do. They comprise those who are not forced to to remain faithful to his calling as a minister, and then ask d his work for a living, and those who are. In behalf of these I say fam'ly to sing a hymn, during the singing of which his spirit peacefully a large field is needed for woman's work. Consider what ought to be done for that class of women who must work or perish. What are they REMARKABLE LAKE TIDE.—The Milwaukie Sentinel of April 14, to do? That is the question. I might specify many forms of labor, ment one that on the Friday morning previous, a tidal wave came such as some parts of watchmaking, of telegraphing, of the work of ru-hing into the river from the lake, and caused so strong and a dden newspaper offices, and countless others, all of which are adapted to a current up stream as to up et the ferry boat on the Menomonee. woman's nature, and her capacity. The claim of this class of women is Quite a number of persons, on that morning, noticed a rapid fall of simply the claim of their humanity. They must have this work or water in the river, succeeded by an equally rapid rise. The phenomeperish—perish in one of two ways—physically, either from lack of non was even more murked on the beach of the lake, and the a ternate work or scantiness of it. Think of the poor widow who makes shirts at and somewhat violent uprisings and recessions of the waters indicated five cents apiece -- and I suppose the man who pays it covers the New some subterranean commotion, probably of the nature of an earth-Testament with that five cent piece. She can, perhaps, make one a quake. day. Is not that reducing huminity nearly to starvation. Think of those noble women who virtually sa, "Let death have us so be takes to God our womanly parity untainted." Thank God for the women who die honorably and only perish physically! What did those men whom the world call heroes, more than these noble women, who, clinging to their conscience, died at their posts! This ought not to be so. Then should she work for all, and least of all, should work be denied her because she is a woman; and yet this is really the fact. We reverse the divine law which tells us not to oppress the weaker, and turn and opp ess them simply because they are weak.

But there is another class who perish morally. We must not shrink

low the table, but could discover no possible means of producing and knowledge of matters only known to myself. What the mo- do with driving to shame the 20 000 women in our city, who walk our streets, whose smile is only seen by the gaslight. But the shame is not all with them. Shame upon him who offers the price of dishonor; -hame upon those honorable women who smile upon the victorious debauchce; shame upon ourselves if we nourish any prejudice which depreciates the value of woman. Let all these shames blend with the shame of the nor lost girl, and lighten a little the curse that bears too exclusively upon her. Here are these two classes, who must have work or else, honorably or dishonorably, peri-h.

> But there is another class of women, who are not compelled to work, concerning whom one of the noblest women of our day (Mrs. Jame-on) asks if a more enlarged social sphere can not be allowed woman? I can merely say, that this field is indicated in the philanthropic institutions of our age. It is exemplified in women like Elizabeth Fry and Florence Nightingale. One of those poor soldiers of the Crimea said, that her shadow seemed to do him good as it passed over his bed. What a compliment to her was that of another poor sick man, who said to her. "I believe you are not a woman but an angel!" How much better is that than the homage of the drawing-room or triumph of a flirtation! When called to step forward to the line, who shows more manifness, more courage, than woman? Look at the maid of Saragossa; look at Grace Darling, and at that noble woman who, but a year ago; brought home the ship of her poor disabled husband; she may have been out of her sphere, but she circumnavigated the globe. I am inclined to believe that a woman starving in the streets is fully as iucongranus as a woman in the Senate or the Forum.

The true idea of civil zation will never be unfolded till woman has been placed upon an equality with man. In the cabin of the Mayflower, in the war of the Revolution, when the wives loaded the muskets, there were such men, because there were such women. The grandest transactions of history are unfolded, when Christianity shall have reached its highest point, her heart will be near his hand. Let woman march from the paradise which they left together, to that paradise which they hope to att in.

THE MORMON WAR PROBABLY & FARCE.—The Government has sent some three thousand troops into the wilderness to subjugate Brigham Young. They have halted in a convenient place: they dure not or will not go on, won't come back, and won't work, but constantly annoy the Government with excuses, and wish importunities for supplies. The project should go on to its consummation, or be abandoned. In the meantime, we hope the men will be set to work sinking a telegraph, making roads, and performing other useful service to the present or future generation.

Bulls and Bears.—Recorder Barnard, in an able charge to the Grand Jury recently, called attention to the numerous bip ds who are known in Wall-street as "bulls" and "bears"—those who buy and sell stocks on time, which they neither own nor hold, and who trust to a rise or fall in price to make or lose—as gamblers and disturb rs of the public peace and morals. He recommends that the Legislature be called upon to pass a law making such "business transactions" an indictable offense. We hope this recommendation will be carried out. There is no species of gambling more detrimental to peace, harmony and justice among men, to the men who indulge in it, to commerce and society generally, than this popular gambling in stock.

A RELIGIOUS MONOMANIAC - The Parke County (Ind.) Republican relates the following incident as having occurred in the village of Rockville, in that State: "Mr Aaron Stewart, late a cit zen of Boone county, but for some five months a citizen of our town, has been in a state of d pression of spirits for about two months. Religious excitement seems to have overpowered his reason, and after the return of himself and wife from church, he conceived he idea that the Scriptures required him to sacrifice his right hand and other members of his body, under penalty of eternal punishment. He at once lett the house w thout making known his object, and, first perpetrating dangerous woulds upon his person with a kaife, he next proceeded with an ax to cut off his right haid. After striking several blows, ranging from the center of the hand to some inches above the wrist-joint, and severing the hald from the arm, except some of the tendons, he walked to the door, fell into it, and fainted."

UNDERGROUND TELEGRAPH TO UTAH.—The Washington correspondent of the New York Evening Post says a proposition is before the Committee on Military Affairs, in the Senate, to lay a telegraph wire underground from some point of existing telegraphic communication in Miss uri to the head quarters of the army in Utah, and to be continued to Salt Luke C ty as speedily as the army moves in that direction. The parties propose to lay such wires in one hundred days for the sum of \$500). The work can be executed, with the aid of a muchine, it is said as fast as a common ox team can travel. The Committee of the Senate are divided -three for it, and three against itbut have agreed to report the facts to the Senate, and allow that body to take such action in the matter they please.

DEATH OF REV. DUDLEY A. TYNG.—Rev Dudley A. Tyng. son of Rev. Dr. Stephen H. Tyng had his arm badly lacerated by a threshing

THE New York Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church, recently held in New York, Resolved, That we re-affirm the landinge of our discipline as it was in 1784. v z.: "That the practice of holding our fellow-citizens in slavery is contrary to the golden rule of God and the inalienable rights of mankind, as well as the principles of the American Revolution, and we therefore deem it our most be nden duty to take immediately some effectual method to extirpute this abomination from us."

NEW COUNTERFERTS.-Two new counterfeits (\$109 on the Merchants' Bank. New York. and \$5s on the Princeton Bank of Princeton, N. J.)

## FROM EUROPE.

THE steamship Arago, from Southampton on the 7th of April, arrived at this port on the morning of the 20th. She brought very little news that is worthy of being reported.

Some consternation, and anxiety for the safety of the Leviathan steamship, had been occasioned by the breaking of two of her bow mooring-chains, in a squall, and by her drifting toward apparent destruction. By the efforts of three steam tugs, however, which were immediately brought into requisition, she was soon restored and fastened to her original position, the squall fortunately proving to be of short duration.

In France, the Emperor had inaugurated the Boulevard Sebastopol a few days previous to the sailing of the Arago. He was on horseback and rode in front of the escort. His Majesty was loudly cheered. and everything went off in perfect tranquillity. The crowd was very great The Government has just placed the "Corse" steam advice boat at the disposal of Marshal Pelissier, to convey him and his suite to Eigland

A second letter to the Emperor, purporting to have been written by Or-ini from his prison, just before his execution, had been trumped up. and is republished in the London Times, together with Orsini's will. The letter disclaims faith in assasination, and strongly dissuades his countrymen from following his example. The letter is thought by some to be a forgery, of the origin of which Mons. Napoleon himself is presumed to know a thing or two.

At Constantinople, the news of the measures taken by the munici pality of New York to welcome H G. Mohammed Pasha and suite to the shores of the New World, has occasioned much gratification to the Ottoman Government, and the Sultan had expressed himself as greatly pleased by a hospitality which rivals that of the ancient Arabs. Nothing more touching to Mussalman feelings could be done by the American people than the offering of a hospitable reception to an agent of the Sultan.

## DOMESTIC ITEMS.

Frederick Cammiches. of Ind. county, Penn., was shot a day or two ago by a tenant of his. named Baker. from whom he demanded his arrears of rent. Baker settled the case by killing the landlord.

SICKNESS is prevailing to an alarming extent in Becket, Mass. It is said to resemble the spotted fever now raging in Western New York, and prevalent in New England some forty years since.

Buck. Courty—over the river from Trenton, N. J., is alive with exbitkment at the discovery of a hermit, who, it is said, has occupied a cave at Wolf Rocks for the last eighteen years, who has a beard a yard long, and whose apartments are said to he wonderful cozy. About one thousand persons visited the cave on Sunday.

Two gentlemen from Boston last week joined a party of gunners at Monomoy Point, Chatham, for the purpose of shooting brant. During the last three days they bagged two hundred and twenty-eight brant, two Canada geese, and two black ducks.

Wonderful Growth of Kansas Cities.—A Kansas correspondent. in allusion to the rapid growth of Kansas, says: "The growth of western cities has always been quoted as something marvellous, and this one of Leavenworth will not fall behind the most marvellous accounts of their progress. Less than four years ago, not a building was to be seen on the spot where now reside at least eight thousand people. In the space of three years and a half, it has grown up to its present proportions, and is still increasing rapidly. Two daily papers and three weeklies are published in this city. The various printing offices are overrun with job work, and business generally is prosperous. In addition to the progress in the newspaper line, the citizens are preparing for the introduction of water into the city, and also intend lighting it with gas. A great deal of activity is apparent, arising from the preparations being made here for the Utah expedition.

Col. Forney says that " if there were no patrouage enlisted against us in the Lecompton struggle, there would not be enough advocates of it to rescue sycophants from annihilation.

THE WOMEN OF AMERICA HAVE PURCHASED MOUNT VERNON.—The Richmond (Va.) Enquirer. of the 9th inst, says: "We are happy to announce that on the 6th inst., in the presence of two parties, and the counsel of the Association and the proprietor of Mount Vernon, a contract was formally e tered into, before a notary, between John A. Washington. E. q. and the Regert of the Association, for the purchase of the home and grave of Washington by the Association. The particulars will be given in a few days."

HEAVY DAMAGES .- At the late session of the Logan (Ky.) Circuit Court, John King recovered a verdict for \$3,500 damages against Dr. Stephen Fisk for maltreatment of his eyes, by which he became blind. At the same time and place, Simeon Gavitt recovered \$2 000 damages against a max named McClanuahan, for a wound caused by the careless discharge of a pistol in the hands of the latter; and Miss Lucy Whitescarver recovered \$400 damages from John Riley, who promised to marry her. but didn't.

FARMER'S SPRING WORK.—Spring work, says the New York Tribune. was never more forward than it is now in the vicinity of New York Some of the Long Island farmers, who plant thirty acres of potatoes, had them all in the ground a week or two ago, and nearly all of the early planting of the market gardens is finished, and the ground for the next course of crops all ready We have never seen such a breadth of land on the 20th of April under cultivation, or plowed ready for plant ing, as we can see at this time in all directions. Even in the colder lands of Westchester county and Connecticut we found gardens planted. and many potato fields being planted, and the oats all sown and all kinds of spring work, very forward.

THE WHEAT CROP.-It is reported that the wheat crop in the different parts of Tennesse, looks unusually fine and promising. The crop is as forward as it has even been known at this season, and it is growing beautifully. The Hannibal. Mo. Messenger, says: "The prospect for an abundant yield of wheat at the harvest of 1558, is now very encouraging all through this portion of Missouri .- The growing crop now covers the ground well, and is of a fine luxuriant color. The prospect for a large yield was never better."

THE Henderson (Ky.) Commercial, tells the story of a fashionable "lady of color," who was promenading the streets on Sunday last, when all at once, newspapers commenced falling, and her dimensions contracting, until about fifty newspapers were strewn upon the street; nor was she aware of the loss until a little darkie just behind exclaimed. at the top of his voice. "Lor a massy. I'se do believe dat nigger is made of newspapers!" This raised the "lady's" ire, when she retorted by exclaiming, "You fool, boy, dat's what Missus makes hern ob."

NAVIGATING THE AIR.-Considerable excitement was created in Collumbia county, Arkansas, on the 24th ult, by the sudden appearance of a genius, named Ben Johnson, from Harrison county. Missouri, in a balloon to which thirty wild geese were harnessed. He said he had been traveling in mid heaven for nearly forty-eight hours, and thought it about time to come down for " fodder."

# PERSONAL AND SPECIAL AOTICES.

Dodworth's Academy next Sunday.

We understand that R. P. Ambler is expected to lecture at Dodworth's next Sunday, morning and evening, and that the desk will be occupied by A. J. Davis for several of the subsequent Sundays, in a series of lectures.

#### Brooklyn.

Mrs. E. J. French will lecture to the Spiritualists of Brooklyn, on Sunday, May 2. in Clinton hall, corner of Clinton and Atlantic-street, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon. Seats free. The public are invited to at-

## Miss Hardinge at Clinton Hall.

Miss Emma Hardinge will give the last two of her series of lectures in New York, at Clinton Hall. Astor Place, on Monday and Thursday evenings of this week. On Thursday evening, April 29, her subject will be "Spiritualism in the future—its use and mission. This will be Miss Hardinge's last lecture in New York for some months. To commence at eight o'clock. Admittance 10 cents.

### Spiritual Lyceum at Clinton Hali.

Dr. R. T. Hallock will lecture at Clinton Hall (2d story), Astor Place, on Sunday afternoon next, at 3 o'clock, after which there will be a conference at the same place. There will also be a conference in the same room, on some evening of next week, of which more definite notice will be given hereafter.

#### Mrs. Dorman.

By reference to advertisement in another column, it will be seen that Mrs. Caroline Dorman, the well-known clairvoyant, has removed to Newark, N. J. During her sojourn in this city, at Dr. Wellington's Water Cure Establishment, her examinations and prescriptions were very satisfactory, and we have no doubt that she will soon establish a successful reputation in her new location.

## Spiritualists' Library and Reading Room.

On the first of May, an additional room will be fitted up adjoining the one now occupied by the subscriber. as a library and reading room. It will be arranged with a due regard to neatness and comfort, and will be well supplied with spiritual and reform literature, also a choice selection of works on religion, science, and the arts, together with the best class of the light literature of the day.

The terms will be for a life membership, twenty-five dollars, this amount to be paid either in cash or books not included in the selection. Yearly subscriptions, \$5.

CIRCLES.—A portion of the time, day and evening, will be occupied at the spiritual rooms, 5 Great Jones-street, soon after the first day of May, in holding circles, at which it is intended to secure the services of the best test-mediums in the country, so far as may be. The advantages of this arrangement are, that while it will not interfere with mediums at their homes, opportunities will be afforded the numerous inquirers from abroad of consulting them at certain hours, at a central

The established rates for communicating will not be interfered with. but remain the same.

The names of mediums engaged and the hours for holding circles will be announced at the proper time.

S. T. Munson, 5 Great Jones-street. New York.

S. T. Munson, 5 Great Jones-street, New York.

THE Young Men's Christian Association of Philadelphia are now constructing a huge tent, capable of holding 4.000 persons, to le used by them during the summer, for preaching in destitute and isolated local-

# A BOOK FOR THE SEASON.

THE GARDEN: A NEW POCKET MANUAL OF PRACTICAL A. HORTICULTURE Everybody who owns or rents a garden, large or small, will find this best of all garden manuals indispensable. It gives full directions for the ALL THE KITCHEN VPGETABLES; ALL SORTS OF FLOWERS AND SHRUBS; and

ALL KINDS OF FRUIT AND BERRIES: It tells all about Soils AND MANURES: THE STRUCTURE OF PLANTS:

ALL THE BEST URNAMENTAL TREES: VEGETABLE GROWTH: and WHAT PLANTS LIVE UPON:

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Mrs. J. Linten, for a number of years was affleted with cancer of the womb. A perfect cure was made in 20 days. Address, MRS, LINTEN, Keotuk, Iowa. Mr. Rhinebola's daughter, aged a years, was cured in three days of St. Vitua's Dance This was an extremely interesting case. The patient, with interesting case, called upon, could no speak, lie down, or stand five consecutive minutes. Address, MR RHINEBOLD, 64 Fourth-st. St Louis Mo.

Mrs. Henry Chotean's boy, five years of age, was cured of Dumbness, never from his birth having spoken. Address, MRS II, CHOTEAU, Clark Avenue, St. Louis. Mrs. Scaffel, Market street, between 14th and 15th sts., St. Louis, Cancer on the Breast, weighing 5% the (surgical measurement). This was an extremely interesting and truly astonishing case; this cure took the entire faculty of St. Louis by surprise. The most eminent physicians and surgeons of England had operated upon her, like wise Dr. Pope, Dean f Pope's College, St. Louis, and all had pronounced her incurable. The histo y of this case has been published in all the leading papers and medical journals of America and Great Britain. A perfect cure was made in six visits.

Miss Ann Arnot, daughter of J. Arnot, exchange and livery scables. St. Louis, ex-

treme case of maiformation of ankle and foot (born so). The St. Louis faculty had decided that when maturing change occurred, death would ensue. Entire cure made in three months, the young lady being now alive, well, and with a perfect formed foot and ankle. Drawings of the various forms during the change are now in possession

Andy Lemmon, of the firm of Lemmon & Overstall, St. Louis, called upon Dr. Scott, to be releved of pains in the back, supposed to be rheumatic, obtained the desired relief, and was then informed by the doctor that in a very short time he would lose the en ire use of his timbs. In the course of a few weeks' business called Mr. Lemmon to the east. Upon his arrival at Baltimore the power and use of his limbs anddenly left him, and he was compelled to be carried to the notel, where he remained paralyzed; his brother went to Baltimore, and at his entreary he was carried back to St. Louis, to be operated upon by Dr. Scott. Twenty days under Dr. Scott's hands entirely restored the use of his limbs.

Mrs Ellen Miller, daughter of the Rev. Mr. Peasdale, was pronounced by the

physicians attend ng upon her to be in the 'ast stage of consumption, and as such was given up by them as hopeless. She expressed a desire to breathe her last, surroun ed by her family, and and the scenes of her youth was carried to St Louis to breathe her last . Dr. roott was desired to test the miraculous powers possessed by him upon her-not with the hope of curing her, but to be exposed as a humbug. Dr. Scott visited her, and he can truly say, as sesar wrote, veni, vali vice. He came, he saw the patient and the di ease was conquered. The lady is now hale and hearty.

Mr. M. Bard, gate keeper at the toll-gate on the Warren-ville road, had lost the entire use of one arm, could not move it up or down. After the second visit to Dr. Scott he was able to move it at pleasure and straighten it out, also to lift and carry for some distance a peck of corn.

A. McLain, Engineer on board the steamer Australia, crysipelas in hand; for eight days had not slept. Dr. Barr, of St. Linis, had, as a last resort, lanced the hand. The hand a paren I, had mortified, and was green up to the elbow. His friends became alarmed and the doctors declared hat he must either lose his arm or his life. His friends now prepared to take him to Pope's College to undergothe operation. He was placed in a carriage to proceed to the college, when a Mr. R. Clarke jumped into the wagou, and said: "I am a better driver than any here; I will go to the college, you fel lows." when, instead of proceeding to Pope's College, he drove the sufferer to Dr. Scott's and in twenty-eight minutes Dr. John Scott drew the swelling and apparent mortification entirely from the elbow, and the p tient went to sleep and slept calmly. In four days Mr. McLain resumed his duties as engineer on board the s eamer, a sound and hearty man. Mr. A. McLain now resides in New Brighton, Beaver Co., Pa. Mr. Jaquay, a patient now under the treatment of Dr. Scott can testify to the above facts, or a letter sent to Mr. McLain. will be answered. Dr. Rutherford, Louisville. Ky., was afficited for 55 years with rheumstiam, was

entirely cured in three weeks. Mr. Carr, district Attorney, Lexington, Ky., cured of heart disease in ten visits,

Dr. Green, of Louisville. Ky., bad case of rheumatism, perfectly cured in one week.

Miss Mary Chamblin, an aggravated case of suppressed menstroation. When called in the ps ient was speechless. In two days she was enabled to walk—perfectly cured in five days. Pine street, between 12th and 13th, St. Louis.

John Brown, bar-keeper, steamer Figing Cloud, given up by the regular physicians and pronouned unable to live one hour, with hemogrape of the lungs. I he bleeding was stopped in four minutes. Frank Newell, book keeper to the firm of Statenous & January, St. Louis, cured

of stuttering by one application of the hands. Mrs. M'Cammit, ot Louis, a very bad case of heart disease, cured by one application of the hand.

Mrs. Mary stewart, hemorrage of the womb, cancer upon the back, and several other diseases. This case being one of extreme delicacy the full particulars will be made known and described to all who may find it interesting. miss - of St. Louis, blindness cured in five days. At the request of the patient

and her friends the name and particulars are suppressed, but to all who may inquire of uer, the address will be given. J. M. Moore, of the firm of Moore & Patterson. Louisville, Ky, was nearly doubled up with rheumatism, perfectly cured in o emonth.

George E. Walcott, Esq. artist, of Columbus, Ohlo, cancer-wart unon the nose fell off after two applications of the hands.

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802 tf

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