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"THE AGITATION OF THOUGHT IS THE BEGINNING OF WISDOM."

HARLES PARTRIDGE, PUBLISHER, 346 & 348 BROADWAY .- TERMS. TWO DOLLARS PER ANNUM, IN ADVANCE: SINGLE COPIES, FIVE CENTS.

NEW YORK, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 14, 1857. L. VI.--NO. 29

SPIRITUAL TELEGRAPH THE

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PERSONAL AND SPECIAL NOTICES.

Dodworth's Academy next Sunday.

L. Judd Pardee will speak in Dodworth's Academy Sunday morning, 15th inst., and Miss C. M. Beebe in the evening.

Mr. Harris' Meetings-Place Changed.

T. L. Harris will hereafter lecture every Sunday, morning and evening, at the usual hours, in the small chapel of the University, the entrance to which fronts on Washington Square.

Spiritualists' Meetings in Williamsburgh,

WILLIAM FISHBOUCH will lecture in the hall over the bank building. corner of Fourth and South Third-streets, Williamsburgh, on Sunday, November 15, morning and evening, at the usual hours of religious services. Subject in the morning, Condition and Wants of Spiritualism; in the evening, Claims of Spiritualism as a foreshadowed, provi-dential and demonstrated Unfolding of the Age.

Should sufficient encouragement be offered. Mr. F. will, on quent Sundays, at the same hours, hold a series of meetings for religious quietly. Some blood was shed in Baltimore, and some little in this exerce ca, and lectures on various themes connected with Spiritualism. Miss Hardinge in Philadelphia. Miss Emma Hardinge will lecture to the friends in Sansom-street Hall. Philadelphia, on Sunday, November 15th and 22d. She will remain in Philadelphia during the intervening week, holding herself in readiness to answer calls, and lecture in the vicinity, or fulfill any engagements the friends may make for her, on subjects proposed by the audience. Miss H.'s efforts in this city and vicinity have met with the highest appreciation ; and we would suggest to Spiritualists in the neighborhood of Philadelphia, that they can do no better than to avail the polls. themselves of this opportunity to secure her services.

Mr. Conklin here for the Winter.

Mr. J. B. Conklin, test medium, of 477 Broadway, requests us to say that he will remain permanently in this city during the coming winter, receiving visitors as usual. See his advertisement elsewhere.

Mrs. Caroline E. Dorman,

Mrs. Dorman, the well-known clairvoyant examiner-and probably second to no one in this important field-is at present at Newark. We are gratified to be able to announce that she will probably spend the winter between that city and New York One of her points of sojouru will doubtless be at her old home, at Dr. Wellington's in Twelfth street.

Spiritualist Register.

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Friend Munson, at No. 5 Great Jones street, proposes to keep a Spi-ritualist Register, where mediums may enter their names, residences, hours, etc., and also Spiritualists from abroad, who are temporarily in the city, stating where they are to be found, etc. This will frequently be found a matter of great convenience.

William Wystonfeldt.

If William Wystonfeldt will call at this office, he will find two letters bearing his address that have been here for some time, and will also learn something else which may possibly be to his advantage.

Sheet Music, Piano Fortes, Melodeons, etc.

Horace Waters, Agent, 333 Broadway, offers extraordinary bargains in all the above descriptions of goods. Mr. Waters has re-duced the price of sheet music to one-half the former rates. Pianofortes which he previously sold for \$700. now for \$400 ; \$400 for \$300 ; \$300 for \$200-Melodeons and other musical instruments in like proportion. This presents opportunities to purchase the several descriptions of merchandise at prices never before offered, and which will be impossible to continue for any great length of time. The character of Mr. Waters' instruments are too well known through the country to need a single word from us in their commendation. Such an opportunity for obtaining music and musical instruments at un-heard of prices may not occur again in a life-time, and should not be lost by those who contemplate buying .- Path Finder.

01010 THE MOVING WORLD.

The elections of last week seem to have passed off rather prove successful.

Aside from the Woodman affair, and the Carter tragedy in Phil-adelphia, another feminine incident has occurred, to startle the public mind. This was the case of a young lady, who constised a hot blood who had made too free with her good name, in the public streets of the

WHOLE NO. 289.

city. Driving down Broadway, and discovering her traducer on the walk, the injured fair one alighted, gave him a sound horsewhipping, sprung on board her carriage again, and was off. These are fast times . But in the melée of heartlessness and crime, justice is arousing herself, and will be heard-if not in one way, then in another.

- Col. Fremont has returned from California. On the same day, or same but one. Mrs. Fremont arrived from Europe, meeting her husand in this city, after a separation of several months.

- An unusual number of foreigners, especially Irish, are returning to Europe. There is always a counter current of emigration, on the part of those who leave attachments behind them, when they come to America, and are so fortunate as to amass money here. These re-turn to end their days in the land of their fathers. At the present time, this returning tide is greatly increased by the insiness convaltion of this side of the water, influenced, also, no doubt, by the general improving aspect of agains in Ireland.

As was anticipated, the move of the French Government to supply the French West Indies with laborers from Africa, has proved a re-enactment of the slave trade. To supply the demaxd, one African chief makes war on another, seizes his people, and sells them to the French. Nominally these captives are hired out for the term of fifteen years, but practically they are slaves for life. Ten years in the sugar plantations of the West Indies, it is said, is the average time which an able-bodied laborer will last.

- On the 7th inst, two separate attempts at assassination were made in the city of Baltimore, both of which fell short of a fatal result.

-That the idea is entertained by the East Indian tribes, and is every day becoming more prominent, of throwing off English rule and recovering their independence, there can be no doubt. England, while needlessly oppressing them, and treating them as a conquered and inferior people, has taught them to be soldiers; and now, with arms in their hands, and in some cases led by European officers, they seem likely enough to keep up the struggle for years, if not ultimately to

Circles.

ECON SOLTHARD CONTACT

E Bor

The Snyder family, of Greenpoint, have removed to New York, and have taken rooms, for the present, at 535 Third-avenue, near Thirty-Eighth-street, where they will receive visitors, on Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Friday evenings ; and on Thursday evening, they will hold a general circle, where they hope to see all their old friends, and all others who are interested in this great and glorious cause. Third-avenue cars run from the City Hall every five minutes, passing the Flushing, it appears, a private mad-house ; some say, a convenient door.

Movements of Mrs. Tattle.

Mrs. Tuttle, we are informed, spoke on three consecutive Sabbaths to the friends in Philadelphia, much to their pleasure and edification. On the 8th she lectured in Hudson, and on the 15th was to have addressed the Spiritualists at Mystic, Ct. She is expected to speak at Brooklyn on the last Sabbath in this month. Meanwhile she may be may have to see her face, or listen to her voice.

Our Subscribers to the Spiritual Age.

The few subscribers to whom we furnished the Spiritual Age (that paper having been discontinued) are advised that the unexpired balmoes due them are subject to their order. If not otherwise directed, we will supply the TELEGRAPH in its place, or credit the amounts on account, where the parties were subscribers to both papers.

city. But blood is cheap : at least, such seems the indication of the in India, had reached nearly half a million of dollars. The Emperor times. The money market is in a bad collapse, but the integrity market, in a worse. True manliness-that temper among men which loves the right and scorns the wrong, alike in trade, politics, and religionof all commodities at the present, is the scarcest and the dearest.

- In this State, the Democrats have carried the State Officers, the

- Banks is elected Governor of Massachusetts by a large majority.

---- The Know-Nothings maintain their ascendency in Maryland.

- Mr. Perrit, President of the Chamber of Commerce, has been unanimously elected to fill the vacancy in the board of Metropolitan Police Commissioners.

The Woodman scandal has succeeded the Cunningham scandal place of confinement for unruly wives. Mr. Woodman, it appears, on returning to the city after a period of absence South, found Mrs. W. living on intimate terms with a man not her lord ; and naturally concluding she was insane, sent her to the private asylum in question. The second choice, Mr Furniss, instituted suit in behalf of the imprisoned lady, to recover her freedom ; but before the case was concluded, her brother arrived from the South, and by agreement with all parties, took addressed at New London, Ct., or Mystic Bridge. As Mrs. T. contem-plates a visit to California, to be absent several years, this may possibly be the conclusion of her labors among us, and the last opportunity we daily papers of this city, for publishing the same.

Proceedings have been instituted to recover the freedom of Anne Bassett Smith, a young lady who is said to have been confined at Sanford Hall, the private mad-house at Flushing, for seven years, under the plea of moral insanity.

- The new State arsenal is to be located on the corner of Seventhavenue and Thirty-Fifth-street. The ground cost \$26,000.

-

- The Indian Relief Fund, in England, for the benefit of sufferers of France contributed a handsome sum from his private purse.

- The King of Prassia is said to be recovering from his illness.

----- Catharine Hays is likely to return among us a citizen, having recently been married in London, as announced, to Mr Bushnell, of New York.

- One main object, and a most worthy one, of the recent meetings among the crowned heads of Europe, is now said to be, to agree on measures for the reduction of their vast standing armies, in order to relieve the people from their support.

- Crawford, the American sculptor, for some time ill, died at London, on the 10th ult.

- \$10,000,000, it is estimated, are annually expended by American travelers in Europe.

----- The Russian government has? decreed, that in the public schools of Irkutsk, in Siberia, the "American" language shall be taught. This official substitution of "American language" for "English language," can only be regarded as a special hit at England.

- The British government, it is said, has decided to appoint a special minister to the United States, with a view to a flual settlement of the Central American question. Sir Wm. Gore Ouseley is the party named as most likely to fill the place. He is familiar with American affairs, and has an American wife.

- In England, recently, the captain of a vessel was tried, condemned, and much to his surprise and that of his friends, executed for murder, for the deliberate and protracted maltreatment of a sailor at sea, which resulted in his death. This is a valuable example, and will doubtless do something toward mitigating the too frequent tyrannies and cruelties of the quarter-deck.

J. B. CONKLIN, MEDIUM,

W HLL RECEIVE VISITOES every day and evening, at his rooms, df Broad, way. Hours, morning, from 9 to 12; afternoon, from 2 to 5; and evening, from 7 1-2 to 10 o'clock. Will visit parties at their houses by appointment. 289 W

DOMESTIC AND FOREIGN ITEMS.

Is spite of the hard times there is good living in New York. At the Astor House ordinary on Thursday, the bill of fare contained twenty-three sorts of game, as follows : "Roast haunch of venison, canvass back ducks, red head ducks, black ducks, and increases in size and richness as they go down. It is gray ducks, lake ducks, broad bills, Mallard ducks, dieness, and increases in size and richness as they go down. It is owned by six men, who style themselves the Iowa Quartz of Taraaora, Schuylkill county, arrived in the city and gray ducks, lake ducks, broad bills, Mallard ducks, dippers, owned by six men, who style memserices of Tamaqua, Schoylkill county, arrived in the city, and tog widgeons, teal, brandt, robbins, vellow leg snite, dogwiche spine, Ompany. The Journal says : "Through the politeness of Tamaqua, Schoylkill county, arrived in the city, and tog widgeons, teal, brandt, robbins, yellow leg snipe, doewiche snipe, of O. Crandall, we received a rich specimen of quartz from the up his quarters at the above hotel yesterday. A few days part for this a young man, who gave his tame of the speciment of the speci English blackcock, broiled woodcock, plover, English snipe, of O. Crandall, we received a rich speciment of Morris, Powers, vious to this a young man, who gave his name as These one state and south south and south south and so qual, stewed squirrel, potted rabbits, and partridges, with sour Mitchell & Co. The lead is situated on the South Fork of Washington Smith, arrived here from the South, and part up at Krout.

ers of America, was married in Rome on the 8th ultimo, to thick, and, strange to say, the thicker the lead, the richer it is in were observed sitting upon a sofa in the corner of the part Mrs. Sophia Hitchcock, a daughter of Henry Stevens, of Barnet, gold. About two hundred tuns of rock have been crushed. fronting on Chestnut-street. There was nothing entities VL, and sister of Simon Stevens, a prominent lawyer of Lan- We are assured that upward of \$16,000 have been taken from their manner, and the casual observer would have supposed the caster, Pa. Mr. Page intends, in the spring, to take a tour a part of the 'rifles.' It is thought the rock will average \$125 they were engaged in a most friendly conversation. They are through Egypt with his wife.

REMARKABLE DISPACTE.-So complete were the arrangements throughout the State of Massachusetts, for collecting and transmitting the election returns, and with such facility were they carried out, that on the morning succeeding the election, the exception of twelve towns.

Collision on the Nosth Rives .- About 61 o'clock on Thursday evening, as the steamboat Manhattan of the Rondout line, was abreast of Thirty-fourth street, she was run into | by the lumber barge John K. Broom, and had her starboard bow stove in. She now lies at her dock, foot of Murrav street, and it is with difficulty that she can be kept free by her steam pump.

by proclamation published in the Raleigh Standard, has appointed Thursday, the 26th day of November, as a day of thanksgiving.

A MRS. SNYDER, residing near McGayheysville, Va., suddenly fell down apparently dead. While her friends were engaged in dressing her in the habiliments of the grave, she politely requested them to wait notil she was dead! They agreed to wait.

MINISTERIAL REMOVAL-Rev. G. T. Flanders, Universalist, of New Haven, Conn., has received and accepted a call from the first Universalist Society of Cincinnati, O.

REV. OTIS A. SEINNER has accepted the presidency of the Lombard University, at Galesburg, Ill, and the pastorship of the Universalist Society at that place.

MR. SUMNER'S RETURN,-Hon. Charles Sumner proposes to return to this country from Europe some time during the present month.

The drouth having cut off the corn crop on the Texas frontier, the squirrels are emigrating to Arkansas, swimming the Red River by thousands. One woman killed five hundred with her washing implements in one day on the bank of the river.

GOVERNOR OF NEBRASHA .- The Pittsburgh Post learns from a gentleman direct from Nebraska that Gov. Izard has resigned his position in the Territory, and is about leaving for his home in Arkansas. The people are somewhat anxious as to whom the President will elect as Gov. Izard's successor. The Hon. Augustus Hall of Iowa is spoken of for the place.

YELLOW FEVER .- At Jacksonville, Florida, the Yellow Fever is said to be raging fatally, there having been fifty deaths since the first of October. In consequence the streets of the town were deserted, the court had adjourned, and a day of fasting and prayer had been observed. The latest accounts, however, report a sudden abatement in the disease. It has also broke out at Milton, Florida, and several deaths have occurred. At Williston, S. C., there have likewise been a few cases.

LEAD IN CALIFORNIA -- Two hundred tune of quartz from FEARFUL TRAGEDY IN PRILADELPHIA -- A fearful trape. the Morris lead, on South Poor Man's Creek, Neveda County, occurred at the St. Lawrence Hotel, Philadelphia, on Wel. have recently been crushed, and yielded about \$125 per tun. day of last week, the particulars of which may be learned for The Democrat says the lead is from two to eight feet in thick- the following brief statement, which we dip from the Philad Poor Man's Creek, and bids fair to be celebrated as one of the the Madison House. MR. WM. PAGE, of this city, one of the most eminent paint- richest discoveries yet made. It is from two to eight feet "At the above hour yestenday afternoon Carter and Same a part of the rinks. It is though the two days' crushing, with pied their seats for a considerable length of time, when Same four stampers, there were taken out of the upper rifle 1234 drew from his pocket a Cold's revolver. Both parties me in ounces of gold."

Francisco Herald, of October 5, says :- "By the steamer yes-Boston papers published the entire vote of the State with the terday we received news of a financial crisis in New York. prostrate upon the floor. Several of the oldest established banking and insurance firms had succumbed, and railroad stocks had declined to a figure un- this crime is not a little mitigated by the following starprecedentedly low. The New York papers, with commendable prudence, have labored with might and main to allay the excitement, and the probability is, that if they had pursued an opposite course, we should have to chronicle the most widespread ruin in the Atlantic States. Here we can discuss the cause of the panic without restraint, and can form an unprejudiced opinion on the subject. It must be confessed that the THANKSGIVING DAY IN NORTH CAROLINA.-Gov. Bragg, news of financial distress in New York does not excite any unusual degree of surprise in this community.

> THE POOR .- The brisk business going on in the Alms House Department, is ominous of a hard winter for the poor. There are now at the various institutions 7,249 persons, showing an increase of 162 within a week, and of 1,481 over the number at the same season last year. Twenty or thirty new applicants for assistance are provided for daily-the greater number of whom are mechanics and laborers out of employment. Many families are also receiving pecuniary aid at their homes. The Superintendent of the outdoor poor will probably commence distributing the usual supply of coal to needy families about the middle of December, instead of the usual time-1st of January .- N. Y. Journal of Commerce.

LABOR IN THE COUNTRY .--- A correspondent in Geneseo, Liv- formerly it was almost impossible for a family to gev - her ingston county, N. Y., says, that in consequence of wet weather, a great portion of the corn, potato and buckwheat crops still remains ungathered, and, owing to scarcity of help, probably have hitherto been very high-\$9, \$10 and \$12 a month en must continue to remain so. Another, writing from New Michigao, makes the same complaint. He states that labor is always fashion, dress, and display corrupted this class, that it is a scarce there, but this year it seems particularly so, the crops being so very abundant .- Tribune.

A. G. Gray, commanding. left Aspinwall, on the night of the 24th, ult for New York via Havana, and arrived at her wharf on Wednesday of last week, having on board nearly a million cinnati Gazette of the 30th uit, states that two women the and a half specie. The steamship Canada, which arrived at stole a horse and buggy from a Mr. Cornwall, in Louisville, Er. Halifax from Liverpool on the same day, brought \$1,000,000.

AN ELOPEMENT .- A negro ran away from Cincinnati to London, C. W., with a white girl who had become infatuated with him. When they arrived in London, she was admitted and he refused, and finally their marriage was prevented, and

their seats, when Smith commenced firing upon Carter. In THE EFFECT OF THE CRISIS IN CALIFORNIA .- The San the third fire Carter fell fatally wounded, and Smith fired and more loads into the body of the wounded man while byte

"The wonnded man died in a few moments. The strains of of the provocations which led to it : It is said that a line MacAuley, a ward of Carter, was married by Smith, who shows afterward found her far advanced in pregnancy, whereapen in separated from her, after having ascertained that imprope intimacies had existed between her and Caster, and that in terrible act of vengeance was committed on the latter in real liation for the injury he had done Smith. The fittal day the insolence of Carter in justifying himself, that he would and visit Smiths' sister."

AFFAIRS IN Sr. PAUL-House-rent has taken a sale great pitch downward. Houses formerly renting at \$12 to month, are attainable at \$8 and \$10. More houses are taken now than ever before in the history of St. Paul. There are over two hundred now unoccupied, and likely to be until Spin: and no demand for them. A decrease of fifty per cent. at less in house-rent must take place. It is evident from the fact the many families leaving for the South and East are pointed offering their houses and furniture to others for the meretaria care of them until their return-unable to get good tenuts any price. At a house in the suburbs, at least a dozen your women have called during the week, seeking "places," wins In curtailing their expenditures, many families now do wither hired help. The wages of servant-girls and cooks in this in given. But to such an extent have the ridiculous filles spent in finery and gewgaws, and nothing laid up for a nir day. Many of that class will be now thrown out of home mi SPECIE ARRIVED .-- U. S. mail steamship, Star of the West, good places, and add to the distress which must prevail-& Paul Minnesotian.

> ORGANIZED BAND OF FEMALE HORSE THIEVES .- The Coa few days ago, were arrested near Harrodsburg in that Sure and brought back to Louisville on Wednesday night ht supposed that they belong to the same gang that male that headquarters at Harrodsburg during the spring and summer

the Sacramento Union, dated Placerville, Sept. 26 :- "The Mormons will start on the 25th of October. There will be upward of two hundred wagons, a portion of which are ordered to emi- many a hope for a speedy return of better times .- Boston Jourgrate to Salmon River, and the balance to Salt Lake City. nul. Brigham Young has ordered a secret cavalry company to organize from the Saints in Carson Valley, armed and equipped, who has been in California, arrived in the Quaker City from with one year's provisions and clothing. My informant also Havana. On Tuesday morning, his wife, who had been on the states that it is the intention of the Mormons, if matters get too other side of the world, in Europe, arrived in the Arago. serious, to seek a refuge in the Russian Possessions, where they have already driven the stakes for a new Zion. The rich vallevs and meadows in and about Carson are perfectly alive with from these States."

CHICAGO BEEF TRADE .- The monetary crisis has cut down the number of cattle that will be received and packed at this point to less than one-half. Indeed, some packers have made Corn, barley, buckwheat, hay, fail-feed and potatoes are all sebets that the number packed here will not exceed 14,000 or cure and good. 15,000 head, while the most sanguine do not place the figures higher than 18,000. On account of the present low prices offering, a number of the cattle owners and drovers are driving back their stock to the corn fields to let them fatten till next spring, while the yards here are full of cattle which can not find purchasers except at ruinous rates. A number of drovers who for the want of beds. made contracts to deliver cattle have had them canceled, paying made contracts to deriver cases made by them. - Chicago 8,500,000 new cents have been issued from the mint in this tions, as will warrant the constitutional assumption of the R' Democrat.

she was sent home to her father. She was well-dressed, and a comely-looking girl.

REDUCTION OF WAGES .- We learn that the wages of the MOVEMENTS OF THE SAINTS .- We copy the following from employees of the Boston and Worcestor Railroad have been reduced 10 per cent from the highest to the lowest. This reduction has been received with some grumbling, of course, and

COINCIDENT ARRIVALS .- On Monday night, Col. Fremont,

MEDAL OF HONOR .- The French Emperor, by special decree. gives a medal of honor of the first class to Capt. Walker Powers of the United States ship Howard, for his activity and stock. Genoa is all activity ; excursionists are arriving daily energy in saving the French ship La Jeune Anais, shipwrecked near the Isle St. Martin.

> ABUNDANCE AT THE WEST .- The Chicago Press says the western harvest is complete, and more abundant than ever.

> THOSE HAVING TWO COATS, GIVE ONE .- An appeal comes from the News Boys' Lodging House, 128 Fulton-street, for 200 pillow-cases, 50 sheets, 100 comforters, shoes, caps, pants, shirts, jackets, coats, etc., etc. Many of them sleep on the floor

> COINAGE OF NEW CENTS .- Within the past three months city, weighing forty-three tons .- Phila. Ledger.

FROM EUROPE.

The steamship Canada. Captain Lang, arrived at Hallar # the morning of November 4, having left Liverpool on the 202 alt. Her news is not important. She brings no later intelle gence from India.

It was reported that the French Government intends remong the restriction from the export of corn and flour. The Turkish Ministry had been again overthrown, and Re-

chid Pacha had been appointed Grand Vizier. Monetary affairs in London were more satisfactory. The pressure had considerably abated.

Numerous Continent I banks had advanced their rate of P terest one per cent.

The Times says the Money Market is exceedingly quict, and owing to the absence of any important failures, and the signed general stability among the leading manufacturing and shipping firms throughout the country, a very satisfactory feeling is the ervable.

A farewell demonstration was given to Neal Dow by the temperance men, at Liverpool, on the 23d all. He was a passenger per the Canada.

The buillion in the Bank of France was stated upon reliable authority to have decreased thirty-five millions of france shat the last monthly returns.

Gold was being taken from the Bank of France for America The King of Prussia was regaining his health very slowly-indeed it is inferred that his physicians, when officially called upon, will have to give such a certificate in regard to the prob ability of the King being able to resume his menarchical fund gency by the Prince of Prussia.

"THE AGITATION OF THOUGHT IS THE BEGINNING OF WISDOM."

CHARLES PARTRIDGE, PUBLISHER, 346 & 348 BROADWAY .- TERMS, TWO DOLLARS PER ANNUM, IN ADVANCE; SINGLE COPIES, FIVE CENTS.

VOL. VI.-NO. 29.

NEW YORK, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 14, 1857.

WHOLE NO. 289.

The Principles of Rature.

BEASONS FOR BEING A SPIRITUALIST.

BY L G. ATWOOD,

Continued from last issue. After experiencing and practicing the various manifestations of healing to a considerable extent, my desire to learn something of the laws which governed them became great, and as no sound, scientific work on the subject was to be had, I deaired information from the Spirit-world.

me to get a certain medium and take him to my office on a certain evening, not letting any one know of our meeting, as their minds might interfere with the influence; for he wanted stood in the scientific world. to make one great effort to obtain perfect control. According to arrangement, I obtained the medium, and we met at my office. As the manifestations were singular and extraordinary, and full of instruction, I propose to give some idea of the interview.

After sitting a few minutes the medium became influenced, took pencil and paper, and commenced drawing. The first drawing represented a cloud with forked lightning, a kite in it gations to a point that led him to believe that there was no God, with a string leading to earth and attached to a stump, and to the end of the string was attached a common lock key; a man was holding a bottle with the mouth open to the key, and near second picture was that of a boy at a small table with blocks into types with letters. Near the table was written, "My first effort in type making." The third picture was comprised of a hand-lever with types attached to the underside, and a boy working it; near by was written "printer's devil." A scroll with "\$100 reward for a printing press" printed on it, was drawn, and under it was written, " My first printing press." There were three more pictures with printing presses showing improvement in each one, with written descriptions accompanying. The next were pictures of illustrated experiments in elec- guage, but only give some idea of the subject. tricity, the form of electrical batteries, accompanied with writ ten explanations, which concluded by saying, "These represent some of my experiments and inventions in early life; they are object in drawing the above was to enable me to act upon the inventive and investigating organs of the medium's mind, that I might be enabled to get control of them for the evening, as I wish to give to the world one of the most valuable discoveries out."

and manners; he had all the appearance of a sound scientific Spirits. person, and his manner of speech was very attractive. I could almost realize that I was talking with the very man it pur- such a communication had been given, others seemed to realize ported to be. At first he explained his discovery and its prac- it more than I did, for one man said, while seeing me handle tical usefulness, and demonstrated each principle. After he had the fork and hay as man seldom handles it, that he laid down explained and said what he could, under the conditions, about on the ground and laughed, declaring that if it were possible this discovery, he turned to the subject of disease, medicine for invisible beings to get possession of mortals, they had pos-It appeared that some Spirit saw my desire, and requested and magnetism. He explained the whole matter very clearly session of me, but as we had been taught God allowed none so far as he went. He took up those principles of disease and but devils to visit earth, he concluded that his majesty had permedicine that have been written upon much, yet never under- fect control of my mortal body. There was at least a perfect

at times that we could converse freely on matters concerning any person who ever witnessed many of the circumstances that his earth-life. One part of our conversation may not be unin- he related. teresting. It was upon the subject of God, immortality, and the relation in which my "poor clothes" stood to the Presbyterian and saw so wast a field for labor and happiness, that my love Church. He said that while on earth he became very deeply for wealth and renown left me, and its place was filled with a absorbed in the study of electricity ; that he carried his investi- desire for Truth and Wisdom. but that electricity was the great Spirit of the universe-that in strange manifestations. Some stated that they were init was the great creative power, and by it all things were cre- fluenced to call on me, or directed to by the raps, or by some ted and had their being. But after arriving at such a conclu- other means; and strange to say, almost invariably these perby was written by the Spirit, "bottling the 'critter.'" The sion, he was to prove it in order to establish the truth of such sons would be controlled by some spirit, and many of them for a theory. His investigation for this purpose proved that elec- the first time. The result was very unpleasant to me, for, in of wood, knife, chisel and mallet; part of the blocks were cut tricity existed in everything, yet there was wisdom in the crea- the first place, none of them ever became controlled by any tive power that did not exist in electricity, and this wisdom lay influence exerted by me, nor did I ever attempt any influence beyond electricity. But to enable us to understand that wis- over them, yet the excitement became so great that hundreds dom, it was necessary to understand something of the laws of were seriously afraid of me, believing that I possessed power electricity. He then, through his own investigation, became to control any one at will; and this fear caused much ill-feeling. satisfied that there was a Great Spirit that controlled the Universe, and through the agency of electricity we could become press purpose of satisfying me that it was all delusion. They somewhat acquainted with its laws and principles. I can not had investigated it, and were prepared to show it all up. do justice to him or his style of conversation for want of lan- must relate an interview with one of this class, as a specimen : teen years of age, he was in the habit of visiting me in the was an old class-mate of mine, but we had not seen each other hay-field; that he would get control of me and set me to in some ten or twelve years. He said that he had learned, with of no value now, as they are superseded by much better. My spreading hay; that in the act of spreading it, he would make deep regret, that I had become a Spiritualist; that he had inme whip it round my head in a circuitous manner ; that he gen- vestigated the matter thoroughly, could "rap" and "tip" as erally controlled me about one hour at a time. No matter how well as the best of them, and that it was all will-power and was an interesting fact; for all the circumstances that he re- of the whole matter as I would have expected from one of the yet ever made-one calculated to benefit mankind if carried lated as to my doings in the hay-field were correct ; yet at the "Buffalo doctors." Well, I listened long and with profound He occupied about one hour in the drawings and then laid would do more work in one hour than any two men could in of our manifestations, that he might explain them to us, for he * In the TELEGEARN of September 26, my article, as printed, con- circuit with the hay around my head he could get a current or I could not lose so good an opportunity for having the fog tains an error at the commencement, which should be altered so as to electricity to pass round it. He said he was experimenting to cleared away, and by my request he took a seat with me at the read "We met at Mr. G---'s on Sunday evening, about the first of see what effect a current of electricity in the form of a circle secretary. In a few minutes he complained of severe pain in

the control he had got of the medium enabled him to act and | would have upon a person, whereby he might extend his know! converse with the same ease that he could while in his own edge of the laws of electricity, with a view of bringing into easth-form. The medium was changed in his appearance, voice general use that law, by which man might commune with

Here was a test to many; for when it became known that test in this matter, for I never should have thought of the hay-This control continued some three hours; it was so perfect field; it was not upon my mind, and the medium never saw

During this interview, I realized so much of the beautiful

Very many persons visited me who related their experiences It often happened that some person would call for the ex-A physician, residing in Buffalo, N. Y., who has had much He told me that when I was about fifteen, sixteen and seven- experience and practice, called upon me about a year ago. He hot it was, I felt keen and was not affected by the heat. Here muscular action. He had as many theories for the explanation time, I had no thought but that I had a working fit on me. I attention, until he was through. He then wished to see some the same time. While they would suffer with the heat, I would was anxious that we should know the truth. I told him that wish it was hotter. He explained his object thus : He said he Mrs. Atwood was the principal medium for manifestations, and found he could control me somewhat, and that by forming a that she was then absent, and would not return for several days.

by pencil and paper, took his chair, and sat down by me in a business-like manner, and commenced conversation. He said

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his arm, which soon increased, and caused his arm to twist, (Plea for the Indians) alluded to in the quotation which the River and Shasta Valleys, and who, if let alone, would never jerk and pound the table. He attempted to get away, but Oregon Christian Advocate assumes to be correct, was written trouble the whites. After speaking of cutting up a band of would be forced back into his seat. He complained bitterly, with a view to corroborate those official statements, in the hope but it was no use-his hand must pick up the pencil, and al- that a more general knowledge of the facts would induce a though he resisted with all his might, his hand wrote some six lines, the purport of which was that Mr. Atwood was too well the Advocate's corrections, especially as they are indorsed by posted on this subject to receive much light from him. I asked the New York Advocate, is to stultify the public conscience by for an explanation. He thought it strange, but it must have been my powerful will; and while he was making it very clear, he was again seized, with greater violence, and wrote considerable, and signed it "Moses." I inquired who "Moses" was. He (the doctor) was learned in this matter, and could see how it was all done; but he was seized then the third time, and wrote, and on this occasion told us what was to take place that night in Buffalo, and spoke of persons I never heard of, calling his attention to circumstances that neither of us knew anything about, and signed his name " Moses W. Gates." I asked if he ever knew such a person. He said that he was in the same class with him at Clinton College, but he had not seen or heard from him in nine years.

yet I had some secret art, and he knew it was all my doings. I agreed to leave the house and be gone thirty minutes. He said that would satisfy him and me both, for it would not work if I were absent. I had hardly left the door, when he and the chair and pencil had a regular time of it. First he threw the pencil, and although he resisted with all his might, he was compelled to pick it up. He then threw his chair, but was compelled to put it at the secretary, and sit in it and write, and just as I opened the door, on my return, he finished the last letter. There were some witnesses in the room, who had a rich it was full of tests, and informed him of his business in Califor- the focal point for Christian sympathy and Missionary enter from him on business (stating the nature of the business); and start in the field. then my own signature, in my own handwriting, was at the bottom. He said he had been in California, was acquainted with these men, and had such business there, and presumed it was correct.

The only explanation he gave was, that I did it ; it was the tion it has the following : will-power, and he would call the next Saturday. He did so. Mrs. Atwood was at home; fog four times as thick. He could not see through it all; would call in one week, and render an account of it all.

After leaving the house, he was waited upon by one of our Lockport doctors. This Lockport doctor said to him :--"I perceive that you have been calling on Atwood, and I thought it proper to say to you, that Atwood is a fine man, and we have nothing against him; but it will not do for a doctor to be seen or known to be with him, as no doctor could do business in this first missionary set his foot upon their soil." place who would countenance him or his practice." (This had these phenomena away.

more general effort to apply the remedy. But the tendency of throwing discredit upon faithful public officers, and crippling the best endeavor for the highest good. It is not, therefore, in any querulous spirit, but rather with deep regret, that I undertake to correct the correctors.

And without stopping to notice the unimportant quibbles of the Oregon Advocate, and the party whose interests it serves, I shall hold up its own picture to its face, and multiply its daguereotype, until like a true penitent it brings forth the proper fruits "meet for repentance." The New York Advocate says, " judging from the Oregon Advocate's corrections, Mr. Beeson has made very erroneous representations of the case; and it is a grateful duty for us to qualify by this statement, our notice of his book." Permit me now, Mr. Editor, to state the facts It was difficult for him to clear up all the fog in this case, in the case. By a reference to the Advocate's own columns, we ascertain the position of the

OREGON METHODIST CHURCH.

Let me premise, however, that the remark has often been heard from brethren of that denomination, that "the southern States and Oregon Territory are emphatically Methodist ground." It will be recollected how the religious public was electrified some twenty years ago, by a delegation of Flathead Indians to the States, asking for a teacher, and how it was responded to by the faithful Jason Lee and others, sustained by munificent benevolence for the erection of appurtenances for religion, and the time at his expense. This communication was a singular one; supply of Bibles and tracts, and for a long time Oregon was nia; that two men (giving their names) were anxious to hear prise. Thus of all the sects, Methodism had the first and best

PRESENT CONDITION OF METHODISM IN OREGON.

The Advocate informs us in the same number, that the affairs of the Church are prosperous, both by the accession of members and liberal pecuniary support, and in reference to educa-

"No conference of its age has a more widely diffused and efficient system of academic agencies than this, in commanding and central positions, enabling the conference to influence the education of the whole country. From Shasta on the South, to Mount Baker on the North, there are academies and a university, all but one well manned, all solvent, and some of them entirely free from debt or embarrassment, this is one of the most marked characteristics of Oregon Methodism."

ACTUAL CONDITION OF RELIGION AND MORALS.

The Committee on Missions of the Oregon Conference in '55 or '56, report that "the Indians of this Territory are still in their nakedness, their misery, and pollution, as when the

these poor people as though a brilliant feat had been performed these volunteer officials report that-

" On the 4th inst., General Crosby took Capiain Martin's company with Adjutant-General Templeton, Colonel Goodhue and Major Wa ton of his staff, and started on a scout. They returned yesterday headquarters, having scoured some one hundred and fifty miles country. Several parties of Indians were seen, but they succeeded getting off, either on horseback or in boats, except one party whose getting on, either on Lake, by wading in the water and holding up on we attacked in Tule Lake, by wading in the water and holding up on rifles and revolvers. More of them made their escape; but a strong wind blowing upon a lee shore enabled us to capture one boat, kin two bucks and a squaw who fought with a bow and arrow. There are from six to eight hundred warriers out here, who need clearing out the worst way.'

I ask what enlightened American who regards the honor of his name, does not feel an indignant throb at such a recital as this ? Is it right to continue silent and allow these marauder under the high-sounding dignities of majors, generals and can tains, to "scour" the country of these poor people, armed with rifles and revolvers, to plunder and murder a few disheartened men who, with their helpless wives and little ones, have nothing but bows and arrows to defend themselves, and are strugging against wind and water only to get out of the way ? Mear and horrible as the account is, it is in perfect keeping with nearly all the Oregon papers have published on the subject since the war began.

During my journey through the Territory from Rogue River Valley to the Columbia River, through the very hear and stronghold of Oregon Methodism, I learned the details of many worse than Vandal barbarisms committed upon peaceable Indians, some of whom were examples of sober industry worth, even the imitation of their white-faced persecutors. But I will only mention the well-known case of Pue-Pue-Maux-Mann, noble chief, always the friend of the weary emigrant, who again and again has been the companion and adviser of Fremont in his perilous journeys. Before open war commenced, this chief came to the assembling foe under a flag of truce, to try, if poesible, to prevent hostilities and save the shedding of blood But instead of being received with the distinction which became his rank and mission, and the honor sacred to such a flag, he was rudely seized and bound with cords, shot, mutilated, scaled his ears, fingers and toes cut off and sent by his murderers in their friends in various parts of the country, as trophies of s great victory.

If this statement is not true, none would be more happy that the writer to contradict the report. But I believe it, because I have positive information of other cases, still more houside, given me by those who saw their perpetrations. And because Joel Palmer, the Indian agent, protested against these enormities, a memorial, numerously signed, was sent to the President to have him removed from office, and he was dismissed for this and nothing else !

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any part in these manifestations? I use no will in the matter. Why is it? What brings it about? Will some one explain? If the Buffalo doctor declines, let some one else try. LOCKPORT, N. Y.

To be continued.

OREGON METHODISTS AND THE INDIANS.

From the Christian Advocate and Journal.

"Our brother editor of the Pacific Christian Advocate, Oregon, corrects the statements we have made from Mr. Beeson's work on the treatment of the Indians in that territory. Judging from the Advocate's corrections, Mr. Beeson has made very erroneous representations of none responded, and the meeting closed as though Indians were every where seen." the case ; and it is a grateful duty for us to qualify, by this statement, our notice of his work."

TO THE EDITOR OF THE SPIRITUAL TELEGRAPH :

14 LAIGHT-STREET, N. Y., Nov. 4, 1857. DEAR SIR:

cate of October 22d.; and as it relates to a subject of national importance, the truthful detail of which every citizen is concerned to know, please publish the following as an elucidation of the whole subject.

of the Indian department in Oregon Territory, and of Gen. can say to the contrary, I will now quote from the secular attention to this unfavorable phase of Oregon Methodism. But Wool, commander of the Pacific forces during the late Indian war in that region, it is evident that the whites were the aggressors, and that the Indians are grievously wronged. The "work"

The following I affirm, before God and before the world, to reference to our manner of treating diseases) He profited be true, and it is known to be so by scores of persons in Southby this advice, and has not called since. Hence I must yet ern Oregon: That the Indian Chiefs remonstrated against the continue to be a Spiritualist, for want of some one to explain sale of whisky to their people, against the outrages committed on their women, and against the frequent shooting of their men; The question now arises: What is there about me that takes that for months they begged for peace and protection; that at length, when a number of them had collected for mutual aid, they were assured of security by public officials on purpose to put them off their guard, whilst arrangements were made for their wholesale destruction ; that all this was known for a week beforehand, and that a Methodist Quarterly Meeting was held within two hours' ride of the scene of massacre the day before its perpetration, and that an earnest appeal was made in that their moral influence to stop the contemplated horrors; but

but wolves.

Before the dawn of morning three wigwams, in accordance with the plan, were surrounded, and a simultaneous volley from The above quotation I cut from the N. Y. Christian Advo- many rifles pierced and mangled the bodies of a multitude of neighbor, but seeks to save those which are lost," continued unsuspecting fathers and mothers and little children. It was silent in the midst of such attrocities as above related ? not until after this shameless slaughter that a house was burned, or a woman or child injured, by those Indians; but as these and may have made in the statements contained in the "PLEA FOR

many other particulars are related in the "PLEA," and are sadly From the published reports of Joel Palmer, superintendent too true, notwithstauding all the Oregon Christian Advocate

And because the good and veteran Gen. Wool refused to engage the United States troops in this uncalled-for murderous work, he was denounced and threatened from one end of the Territory to the other. The Legislature memorialized the President, and in addition the two governors of Oregon and Washington Territorities each did the same; and to such a degree of wickedness had the people arrived, that true freedom had no expression ; and the man who dared to stand for the night and principle as opposed to prejudice, did it at the risk of his life. To show the prevalent feeling, I quote the following from the Oregon Weekly Times, of Sept. 20, 1856 :

GEN. WOOL AND THE PEOPLE.

its perpetration, and that an earnest appeal was made in that meeting by one who was not a member, that they would exert their moral influence to stop the contemplated horrors; but their moral influence to stop the contemplated horrors; but

Need we wonder, Mr. Editor, that the mass of the people should become so perverted and reckless, when the professed "advocates" of that religion which "worketh no ill to 115

The inference is plain, that whatever correction the Advocate THE INDIAN," there is still room for correction in the sphere of 18 own stand-point. I sincerely regret the occasion for calling public papers of the country. The following is from the Yreka the FACTS-the FACTS stand right before us. Look which way Union, and relates to the Modock Indians who occupy the we will, there they are, broadly staring us in the face. They country between the Humboldt and the head waters of Rogue | tell us of numbers, of learning, of wealth and high position, and

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CHARLES PARTRIDGE'S SPIRITUAL TELEGRAPH.

would disgrace any age or nation since the world began.

Respectitury. heaven will forgive our sins. NEW BEESON.

> DOCTRINE OF THE ATONEMENT NUMBER TELES.

> > Bostos, October 6, 1857.

what I considered to be the purpose of the sufferings and death sophical is the saying that "the blood of the martyrs is the cause it is spiritual, (and whatever is spiritual can not be natural,) of Christ. And this purpose was to excite the sympathy of seed of the Church." mankind through all time, and awaken in their hearts senti- To illustrate this subject, suppose such a man as the late be- philosophic and artistic classification ; only we must become ments of love and gratitude toward him, and thus bring into loved and revered Dr. Channing were to go to the South, and informed of spiritual science, spiritual philosophy and spiritual action these powerful emotions in behalf of the religion he came there address the understandings and consciences of the people art; or in other words, we must be informed of the spiritual to reveal. But here a difficulty presents itself. If this death upon the subject of slavery ; and suppose he were to do it in method which is the stience, the spiritual doctrine which is the and these sufferings were to be borne by him, as necessary in- the most Christian-like, friendly and courteous manner-from philosophy, and the spiritual action or power, which is the art. struments in the propagation of his religion, it became necessary the state of public feeling and sentiment prevailing there upon Then, finding every fact a divine evenent, we shall see that that a train of causes should be put into operation to produce this subject, it is almost certain that persecution, and probably all evolution and organization are eternally orderly and real, them, and that human beings should be made the agents in ac- death, would be the consequence. And yet no one for a mo- though each and all must be strictly allied to its sphere. Nacomplishing the work. And it would seem at first sight, that ment would suppose that the people there would not be acting ture must be natural, Spirit must be spiritual, divinity must be some external control must be brought to bear upon their minds as free and accountable agents in doing this. And this perse- divise, and to fully cover and explain all, there must be preand conduct, in order to compel them to act in such a way as to cution and this death in connection with their character and sented an art, science and philosophy of the Divine, an art bring the events to pass, necessary to produce these sufferings lectures, might be the means afterward of producing such a re- and philosophy of the spiritual, and an art science and philosophy. and death; and that this would in effect deprive them of their action in public feeling there as to to produce a tide of sym- phy of the natural spheres. free agency, and so of their responsibility, being mere passive pathy which would lead to the adoption of their views and the Who, now, shall be the revelator of the new or third Testainstruments, and not the subjects of reward and punishment for downfall of *alayery*. So wonderfully do men baffle themselves | ment covering and embracing this field ! their conduct.

To this difficulty I will endeavor to give as satisfactory an ex- promote, an undertaking. planation as occurs to my mind. The effect of a new religion being announced to mankind, containing new truths to be embraced, and new duties to be performed, supposes an ignorance and feelings, it was designed to combat and overcome.

and institutions of any age or country that are deeply rooted ciation. The laws that rule in one sphere are natural loure, write that the heart of that throng was touched as with an angel's and well settled in the affections and habits of the people ! It and the laws that rule in the other sphere are spiritual laws; finger, and that the fountains of the scal were broken up with floods is at once to produce opposition and persecution of the propa- and both are equally orderly and valid, and subject to strict of light and visions of joy. the inevitable consequence must be to draw down upon its au- proceeding in exact accordance with immutable law-one actorture, and even death, which, at the time, prevail among them. laws of spiritual or supernatural movement. and accountability. the welfare of the existing and, of all future generations de-pended, than this very way. And forther, by the mysterious workings of the human soul, which prompt mankind to vent because the law that governs it is exclusively natural. It is no

midst and all around a bratish sentiment, and naked polluted of his death, and the moment afterward by a reaction, give the combustion of a taper or the vibration of a harpetring Indians, spon whom are practiced harbarous crushies, which place to the most heartfelt pity and sorrow for the sofferer- Neither is the conversion of water to wine less orderly or mys the influence of these last emotions might be secured to dispose terious than ten millions of natural facts that appeal to us daily But I do not wish to reflect upon the Oregon Methodists un- them to receive and embrace the very views which they before for solution. And yet this was a miracle of Divine Power. kindly, for I believe we are all verily guilty in this matter. If treated with scorn and hatred. We see this phenomenon ex- Why ! Because it presented the aggregation of the elements we have not been actual thieves and robbers, we have more or bibited in relation to convicted criminals who are sentenced to of wine in obedience to divine power, in a way transcending less partaken of the spoils for years, and with the Friest and the gallows. Public indignation will pursue them up to the the slow and tedious nameral process. All the elements of wine Levite, have passed by on the other side. Instead of hiding or time that they are convicted. But as soon as this happens, the exist in nature. The fruit combines a portion which is thence denying, let us confess unto God, and make restitution to the tide turns, and pity and sympathy take its place. How much expressed, then it is submitted to atmospheric action, whence wronged ones; and it may be that our Father which is in more, then, would this be the case, where the sufferer was an it embraces other requisite properties, and thus the human inentirely innocent being, and not only so, but one who was tellect, using nature, presents wine as a fact displaying its genius. laboring for the good of mankind. So that the very state of Let the human spiritual powers become disinely informed, and feeling that led to the death of Christ on the part of the Jews, these same elements that combined with the water of the fruit, prepared the way for an opposite state of feeling, which was and then with the gases of the atmosphere, may be commanded disposed to receive him and his religion afterward, which to direct aggregation, and thus the miracle of converting water otherwise might have failed of success from the apathy and in- to wine, or in a corresponding way, any other natural fact, may In the last number upon this subject, I gave an explanation of difference of the public mind respecting it. So true and philo- be worked by spiritual process. And, although unantural be-

> And the very means they use to destroy, become the means to FRANKLIN, October 2, 1857. W. S. A.

"NATURAL" AND "SPIRITUAL."

One of the most serious difficulties connected with the various FREEND PARTEDOR : at the time of these truths, and an omission of these duties, criticisms and discussions that appear in the TELEGRAPH, or any supposes a state of ignorance and sin existing among mankind. journal that discusses fundamental principles, arises from a want For if this were not the case, it would not be necessary to in- of strictness and absoluteness in the use of terms, Particularly among us. Mr. H. P. Fairfield was among us again, a few weeks troduce a new religion among them containing them. This is this true with reference to the terms natural, spiritual, mira- since, and through him we were treated to such profound argument very fact, then, would make it evident, that the new religion culous, etc. In creation there is a sphere of material, external and overpowering eloquence as rately, if ever, come from the lips of must run counter to the opinions, prejudices, and feelings then evolution or movement, that appeals to the external senses, and mortals, however learned. The last effort of the Spirit through him, prevailing in the world; for it is these very opinions, prejudices, a sphere of internal evolution or movement that eludes the physical senses or outward perceptions, and appeals wholly to to overflowing with anxious listeners, and the deathly stillness and the Now what is the usual consequence of attacking the opinions the internal or spiritual perceptions for recognition and appre- eyes of all glistening with tears of joy, told more plainly than I can gators of them, and to inflame the public rage and hatred scientific, philosophic and artistic classification, only the science, of a whale ship (will Friend Fairfield forgive me for making the alluagainst them. And if the interests involved are those of mo- art and philosophy that cover one sphere will be natural science, sion 1), an uneducated, greasy whaleman, pricking various designs into mentous importance, and especially if all their high-raised ex- art and philosophy, and those covering the other sphere will be his hands and wrists with India ink, after the manner of all sailors, and pectations and ambitious aspirings after national and temporal enclusively spiritual. Although one is natural, the other super- then behold him the source of the most enalted inspirations which man aggrandizement are baffled by the success of the new enterprise, natural or spiritual, yet both are equally orderly and valid, as at this time is capable of receiving from the immortal spheres, you thors the popular fury and resentment, and all those forms of cording to laws of natural movement, the other according to ville, one at Jonesville, and one at East Templeton. Thus the work Now, the Christian religion, and the state and character of the Now, a miracle is simply an exhibition of organization or knowledge. Jews at that time, were precisely adapted to produce the effects decomposition, elevation or depression, sustenance or terminawhich followed its introduction, viz., the sufferings and death of tion of physical conditions or facts, in relation with the physical friends, our associates and schoolmates, are recipients of Spirita' its Architect, and the persecution of those who assisted him in senses, through the power of spiritual laws. Such an exhibition care and instruction. We have, for the last seven years, the work. And it is not necessary to resort to the hypothesis argues no violation of natural laws, but only the employment labored diligently to elucidate Spirit intercourse and to bring it of any external control or agency being employed by God him- of laws interior and superior to natural laws, in a way infinitely to the knowledge of mankind, because we believe it will bless self to compel the Jews to persecute and crucify him, for the hu- more direct and potent, inasmuch as spiritual conditions are them and instruct them in the eternal" truths which unfold man will, influenced by the usual motives and swayed by the usual the real basis of all natural conditions, which latter are only them, and impel them on to higher and higher beatitudes forpassions, is sufficient to account for all their conduct. Thus presented to the senses as mere hints and shadows of the real ever more. We are sure our friends who come in communion much to show that they were not deprived of their free-agency facts. To the mind uninformed in natural principles, natural with Spirits feel a serenity in the present, and reliance on a facts are practically as real miracles as any others. Look, for future existence, which no faith, no philosophy, no science other But it may be objected, even suppose that the Jews still acted instance, at the engrating of one fruit scion upon another stalk. than intercourse with Spirits can yield. Let this thought, then, as if free and accountable beings on this occasion, why place Here a simple bud, drawing upon the fibres and juices of the of benefit to yourselves and good to humanity stimulate your as in new and accountance would become criminal? The stalk to which it is transferred, grows into an important branch endeavors to disseminate this glorious Gospel through all the reply to this is, that there might be no other way to secure the and re-produces all the characteristics, in structure, foliage, regions round about. Eo. successful propagation of the Christian religion, upon which flower and fruit, of the original stalk whence it was taken. the welfare of the existing and of all future generations de- This, till the laws and principles are fathomed and explained,

ability to instruct all the people. And yet we see in their very their indignation and wrath upon their victim up to the time less orderly, nor more orderly in the divine government, that

yet it is all strictly orderly and susceptible of perfect scientific.

W. H. E.

SPIRITUALISM IN TEMPLETON, MASS.

EAST TEMPLETON, MANN. Oct. 24, 1857.

You will take pleasure in learning that the people of your native town are making true progress in spiritual things. Those interested in the philosophy of spiritual existence are becoming quite numerous at Baldwinsville, in showing the difference between the old theology and the new, was eloquent beyond description. The house was crowded

would not doubt that the angels had been with him to instruct him. There are three regular circles a week in this town, one at Baldwinsgoes on. Hope is brightening into faith, and faith is giving place to Yours truly.

It is most cheering to us to learn that our relations and

"Let every man be fully persuaded in his own mind." CHARLES PARTRIDGE,

Editor and Proprietor.

NEW YORK, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 14, 1857.

CURIOUS FACT IN DREAM-LIFE.

LOUISVILLE, KY., October 28, 1857.

MR. CHARLES PARTRIDGE :

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Dear Sir-I perceive you call for facts ; here is one which has just happened to me, who have been a vision-haunted man from youth, and could give a whole volume of experiences : Last week I went to bed very early one night, and fell into a dream which seemed very real. I thought that I was hunting a negro on the track of the New Albany and Salem Railroad. There being a good many Abolitionists in New Albany, I thought that was a good place to catch him. It appeared to me that I had been looking for him all night, and that I was tired and worp out; but just about daylight I found a wagon going toward New Albany, and I asked the farmer who was driving it to let me ride. The wagon, I noticed, had one spoke in the wheel broken, and the word "Fillmore" was painted upon the side. The farmer was a tall man, with a swallow-tailed Jean coat. He said his name was James Hudson. We entered into conversation upon various subjects, till we approached the suburbs of New Albany, which is all I remember.

Now comes the mystery : The day after, while standing conversing with a friend by the side of the Market House, between Third and Fourth-streets, before Housah's bonnet store, who should I see but the identical man, with the same wagon that I had seen in my dream, with the spoke broken and "Fillmore" on the side! I was horror-struck. and stood gazing at the driver as he came up the street, till he got opposite me, when, happening to turn his head toward me, he exclaimed, "Where did you get off at ?" Upon receiving no answer, he again exclaimed, "Are you not the man that was hunting a nigger, back of New Albany, yesterday, and took a ride with me ?" - As he was too ignorant a man to explain the thing to. I assured him that I was not the man. "Well," said he, "I could have sworn it was you," and passed on. Now here are the facts, and if you have any explanation to offer, Yours very respectfully, H. HENSLEY. I would like to hear it.

We present an explanation which seems to accord with spirit ual facts and our own experience, but we do not wish anybody to accept it without examination ; and if our correspondent, or anybody else, has any experience which is inconsistent with the theory we shall unfold, we will thank him kindly to furnish it. But in furnishing facts to sustain a theory, or to show its inadequacy, it is essential that the whole truth be told, leaving out nothing which the relator may fancy (according to his theory) has nothing to do with the case, for the same thing may, to another mind, form the key or pivot on which the whole fact turns. We wish our correspondent had been a little more explicit-especially to state the distance from where he dreamed he was riding out of New Albany and where he was sleeping, and the place he met the man the next day, although we suppose it was across the Ohio river, and some ten or twenty miles out; also as to what the man meant by "yesterday." Did he mean the early part of the evening, the precise time our correspondent was sleeping and had the vision? This we presume to be the fact; if it is otherwise, we should like to be informed.

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normal waking state than in the dream-land or sleeping state. Fifth. Because the horse, the wagon with "Fillmore" painted they do the general testures of persons, on it and the spoke broken out of the wheel, the man which Mr. Hensley seemingly saw in the vision, were all demonstrated as exi-ting physical realities to Mr. Hensley, in his waking state the next day. His recognition of them shows that kinself and not another participated in the phenomena.

Sixth. Because Mr. Hudson recognized Mr. Hensley as the man who, in the vision, rode and conversed with him; and Seventh. Because the testimony of these two strangers agrees as to their having rode and conversed together, on a particular subject in a particular place. All these facts show that these two men were the parties and the only persons concerned in the vision; that their minds had been brought into contact, and their perceptions, whether true or false, had been metually imparted or transferred. Hence common sense rules the above hypothesis out of the case.

SECOND-THE DOUBLE THEORY.

As to the second hypothesis, that the "double" of Mr. Hensley went off " hunting niggers," rode and conversed with Mr. Hudson, we remark, first, that common experience and common sense go hand in hand, and both affirm that men are real, subtantial, conscious, thinking, entities; that man in his earthly relations is something more than a spirit, and a Spirit is some thing more than a man-that is to say, their powers and func tions differ ; that man, in his earthly degree, is confined to himself-is limited to physical perceptions, is bounded by physical structure ; he can not go out of himself and return again at pleasure. Man can not leave his body sleeping, and at the same time take it along "hunting niggers ;" he can not leave it at bome, and at the same time take it riding ; nor can he demonstrate its presence at a distance riding with another man. Man can not while sleeping unconsciously, go roving after strange, and to himself, shocking enterprises. No! Man is somebody in entireness : he can not be split in two, one half going in one direction, and the other the opposite-neither knowing where they are going, where they have been, what they have seen, or what they have been doing, and yet reunite and be unconscious of all that has occurred; neither can he be frittered away into unconscious gas.

If Mr. Hudson saw Mr. Hensley at all, it is manifest that he saw him with his natural eyes, saw his physical body and felt it by his side while riding, else how could he recognize him the next day ?---that is, if it was a dream-land or spiritual vision of his own creation, he would retain no external or physical means of recognition in his natural state and in the market-place. What got in and rode with Mr. Hudson ? Was it Mr. Hensley's body. home sleeping, and his soul is not worse than himself, and could have no conscious delight in "hunting niggers." Neither is his soul more stupid than himself, and nobody can suppose Mr Hensley could be induced to go in the night over the river fifteen or twenty miles "hunting negroes." when and where there were none to hunt. The idea of the above hypothesis is simply preposterous, and we rule it out of the case.

EXPLANATION.

It should be noticed that our correspondent says he has been knowledge of the immortality and visitations of human Soiris, and the constant ministrations of angels. And the a "vision-haunted man from his youth," and for aught that appears, Mr. James Hudson has been equally vision-haunted. But of those in the Church who believe that these manifestations originate from some spiritual source, good or bad, is constantly whether he has been naturally so, or otherwise, here is an inincreasing. The general tendency to skepticism among them stance of his being made the subject of a vision.

ence. Spirits impress people with conversations as vividly as

If asked why Spirits should do this, we answer that we most certainly were not present to know, but state as our belief that it was simply an experiment to see what could be done, with a view of future use. The very novelty of the vision, and its partial inconsistency with fact, lend force to the spiritual hypothesis. Where else could the impression come from ? Doubt. less the idea of such occurrence never entered either of these men's minds before, and it is quite improbable that any montal ever conceived and impressed it upon them. The phenomenon is in harmony with spiritual unfoldings, and is entirely iner. plicable by any other known science.

INFLUENCE OF SPIRITUALISM

UPON THE VARIOUS RELIGIOUS SECTS.

It can not be disputed that before the advent of Spiritualism, faith in the immortality of the soul, and the principles of Christian doctrine and practice necessarily associated with it, was very sensibly dying out, even among professing religionists. A conscious life beyond the grave was by all regarded as a subject of consoling anticipation, but many nominal Christians maintained their faith in its realization only by constant struggles with what, from the premises then recognized as established seemed to be the teachings of enlightened reason. How often has it happened that ministers of the Gospel, after having pathetically declaimed upon the joys of heaven by way of administering consolation to the mourner, have interiorly exclaimed to themselves, " O that we could know to a certainty that the consoling doctrine that we preach is really true, and that man does not lapse into eternal unconsciousness at death !" And their powerlessness to convey conviction of this truth to the reasoning minds of others, left skepticism to extend itself or every hand, until the Church itself became well nigh submerged by the swelling tide of Infidelity.

At this conjuncture, spiritual manifestation appeared as a seemingly necessary provision of Divine Providence to arrest this tendency to universal unfaith. The external body of the Church-all those who were unable to rise above set forms of belief-rejected it; the ministers preached against it, and the mass of church members decried it, and do still decry it, device of the devil to rain souls. But it would be very erronees to conclude that Spiritualism has had no other effect upon the Church than to excite from her this opposition and derision. It is a fact that thousands, both among her clergy at laity, have received large accessions to their faith in spiritur 1 things, even or spirit, or both ? We answer, neither; that his body was at by the well authenticated announcement that manifestations have been received from Spirits in ways which I clude the supposition of any other origin ; and the writer i this, for one, thanks God that they have thus been timely su, lied with this aid to their languishing faith. Though they may believe that the communicating Spirits are all devils, yet in these days of materialistic skepticism, it is something for a man to believe, from demonstrative evidence, that beings even of that character exist in an invisible world, and it is one step toward a fixed

This case presents some remarkable features; and presuming it to be a substantially correct statement of actual phenomena, or, if not, considering it similar to others which are genuine, we shall briefly consider several hypotheses which may be offered in explanation :

FIRST-SOMEBODY ELSE.

The hypothesis that James Hudson was driving the wagon as described," and somebody answering the description of Mr. Hensley rode with him. We object to this hypothesis-First. Because it is "unusual to find men so similar in appear

ance as to be mistaken one for the other,

Second. Because Mr. Hensley is impressed that he (and not somebody else) was riding with Mr. Hudson, and conversing with him on the same subject (hunting a negro), which Mr. Hudson affirms was the topic of conversation.

Third. Mr. Hensley recognizes the man, the horse, w. gon, two men were met. The fact that these men should meet, and all forms and practices of sectarian restriction. the name of "Fillmore" painted on it, and the spoke broken While we, therefore, continue our carnest protest against should see and speak to each other, one being by the side of the market-place, and the other driving in the street, is unusual for every species of religious sectarism, if we ourselves are not secout of the wheel.

Fourth .: Because human perception as to physical facts, at strangers ; and the attention of each of them being directed to tarian in another and still more objectionable sense-if we are least such as horses, wagons and men, are more reliable in the the other, proves the theory of independent or spiritual influ- not unwilling that the leaven of good should work in forms out

It does not appear in the statement, whether Mr. Hudson therefore, has been effectually arrested, and an opposite tendency was driving his wagon in the evening, when our correspondent has been established, which can not fail to work out good results. It is true that owing to their antecedents, and the powerful was sleeping or dreaming, or whether he was in bed; neiinfluence of the conventionalities in which they are involved. ther does that question affect our theory of the case. We believe both these men were at the time in favorable states to rethey are not as yet generally willing to acknowledge themselves ceive impressions from Spirits, and that one or more Spirits perthus benefited by the facts of spiritual intercourse, and some of ceived this, and also perceived that three men would be likely them, sincerely enough, suppose that such an acknowledgement to meet the next day, whereupon they resolved on trying what would give countenance to a prevailing form of irreligion, is is popularly called " a psychological experiment." Accordingly they deem Spiritualism, in its present state, to be. Hence they they impressed each of these men with the general appearance may often be kept from openly encouraging and professing these of the other, and our correspondent with the appearance of the forms of Spiritualism which they sincerely believe and love, and wag in, the troken spoke, the name " Fillmore," etc., and al- many, very many of them, are only awaiting the assumption of lowed the impression to remain vividly on the mind during the a more religious phase by Spiritualism to openly avow themselves next day, and probably prompted the recollection of it when the on its side, while they at the same time cast from them forever

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they find floating in the general mental atmosphere; nor will and peaceable fruits. we insist upon attaching to Spiritualism any religious issues by which they may justly be repelled from it, and which after all may not properly belong to it. Spiritualism we understand to mean simply, the belief in spiritual intercourse. It properly implies no specific belief in the truth or falsity of Calvinism, Methodism, Universalism, or even in the truth or falsity of the specific teachings of spirits themselves, and which are known to be diverse and often contradictory; and when a man distinctively assuming the character of a spiritualistic lecturer, devotes a whole discourse to proving that Moses was a fool and that the Bible fis a lie, or to the enforcing of any sectarian views on those subjects, we are compelled to think he is placing on the back of Spiritualism a burden which it is under no obligation to bear. Let the lecturer express his opinion on these subjects if he will, but let not Spiritualism be made responsible for the utterance, so long as any party of Spiritaalists demurs to the teachings as inconsequent upon spiritual facts.

THE MORMONS.

A few days ago the writer of this, in a state of interior abstraction, was seeking some representation which would exhibit the generalized and distinctive characteristic of this people, and their relations to the great body of humanity. Going back to the remotest period of history, we seemed to see the tree of humanity growing up from its roots in Central Asia, and ex- all vital things tending and ramifying toward the west in the form of different families, tribes, nations and peoples. Westward and still westward it extended as the ages flowed on, until it traversed the Atlantic Ocean, and then the American continent, until its farther growth was temporarily arrested by the Pacific shores. We then looked for some excrescence, or gall, or puff-ball in that portion of its branches corresponding to the position of the we will continue to enjoy the simple solution which has come of the Spirit-world. We will cheerfully send the specimens : great Salt Lake, and which would fitly represent the character of the present human development at that place. Contrary to our expectations, and entirely foreign to all our thoughts, there healthful freshness, whether we can translute their chemical was suddenly projected before our vision a hornet's nest in that part of the tree, those capricious and pugnacious insects seeming to have industriously gathered the materials of their struc- the thirsty traveler, in his wilderness of life, will not read the ture from all parts of the world.

all this, most people, perhaps, will be disposed to doubt, though for ourself we feel confident that our own constructive fancy had fellowship of the immortal, dead to us no more forever, and be no agency in projecting an image so foreign to our mental seeking, at the time. Be this as it may, however, the image seems admirably explanatory of the true character of the Mormon development. Supported by the great tree of humanity, and gathering its ecclesiastical and political materials from the ex- Haunted House. nviæ and external refuse of the decaying forms and systems of thought that have come down through all ages, as the hornet through various channels, concerning wonderful and mysterious gathers the materials of his nest from the rotten surfaces of noises, movings of physical objects, etc., as occurring in an undead wood, it has constructed for itself a tough and pliant tenanted house not far distant from Jersey City-we are not social form, well nigh inaccessible to its enemies, and from this permitted to say exactly where. We have not, until within a its predacious inhabitants sally forth to catch silly human flies, few days, had any distinct evidence that these reports were not friend, S. T. Munson, No. 5 Great Jones-street, has taken an agency and prey upon all things weaker than themselves; and when fabrications, or at least exaggerations, and therefore have ab- for the sale of the article. even Uncle Sam presumes to jar the limb of the tree to which stained from referring to them in our columns. We have they are fixed, he has the whole community buzzing round his recently, however, had a personal interview with one of a party head, and threatening bim with their stings. as an index of inverse human development, and a sign of the a real foundation for the current reports, though those reports, times, is, we think, pregnant with significance. It indicates an in their more marvelous features, are probably not fully justified inadequacy of old religious forms and moribund creeds any by the facts. Our informant and company were somewhat Spirit of Levina North (companion of Cyrns North) left the earth longer to satisfy the gushing spiritual aspirations of multitudes, reluctantly admitted by the woman who was in attendance and at the same time illustrates the direful proclivities of the upon the premises, and who was not quite willing to admit that spiritual principle of selfish and lustful human nature, when anything of a preternatural character had taken place; but seemed to pass into an abnormal state, during which she conversed left without the restraints and guidance of superior influences. who acknowledged that she had heard some noises and seen an with her friends, and asked who would receive communications from Viewed in one aspect, Mormonism may be regarded as an enor- apparition, upon being desired to explain which she seemed a her by raps. Her companion asked her if she thought she was in the mous carrion worm, bred from the carcass of a decaying Church, little at fault. The party being admitted, formed a circle, some Spirit land? She replied, "I think I am." For two weeks she seemed and is in almost every respect the opposite of that new, holy two or three mediums being present. Some tremendous poundand is in almost every respect the first without a stragger. Sares mends comin ow t from heaven. The one knowing nothing but to were widely different from any manifestations they had ever happy for her, the conflict to sed in her favor. Her companion is left bite and devoue. the bite woman to its lasts, and to render all been at la to obtain elsewhere. Intelligible communications and so and desolate, they aving brief their only son and child some things and all man substrain to its selfsh purposes, forcibly were given, the purposet of which we did not learn with suffi-things and all man substrain to its selfsh purposes, forcibly were given, the purposet of which we did not learn with suffi-things and all man substrain to its selfsh purposes, forcibly were given, the purposet of which we did not learn with suffi-than to be and without a cheering hope that soon be things and an end of end of the suc wind the succession to success and the succession to success and the success and t and ecclesiasticism which receive their insparation the ends while the other, r-ceiving its, governing infinence one; "One of moving sounds on the floor and elsewhere, in response to the veling lie's caracy will as for I year, who along

side of our own particular party-we will have patience with heaven, and seeking only to ontwork the will of heaven's God, requests of the parties, and seeming like the friction of some those multitudes in the churches who are unconsciously, as it to the mortification of human pride, lust, and all forms of selfsharp point in writing the names of the various persons present. were, having their faith renewed by that Spiritualism which ishness, will inaugurate the angelic life on earth with all its pure The form of the letters (being very large) could be traced by the

Miss C. M. Beebe in Dodworth's Academy.

This devoted champion of spiritual science chained the attention of the New York Spiritualists last Sunday, morning and evening, with her | Herald of Light for November. usual flow of far-reaching thoughts and deep-toned eloquence. In the course of her evening lecture, she spoke of the facts as follows :

husks of glorious vital meanings ; that the outward is only a or as cloud to lightning. The materialist degrades the symbol itself, while he confines the entire fact to the outward sign. in affixing any other theory to all the facts. But in the name borg." of these all-imperative facts, I demand of him that he dismiss that the resonant dead shall render up its secrets to the hands of dynamic law, and the gleams of non-electric light which glimmer in the friendly circle, or with the silent midnight watcher, be compelled to testify of their physical paternity, before grim philosophy attempts to hide its ignorance under assumed dignity, or covers its shameful retreat under the petty cries of humbug and delusion. These are not our facts; they are the facts of the Almighty Mover of the Universe-brother facts with the mountains and the shores, gravitation and the movements of

system, and the wisdom of the naturalis; they demand at his Potter and their daughter are mediums. hands, first of all, a thorough solution, not only for their own sake, but for that of all other systems made doubtful by their to us with its all sufficiency and clearness.

Let us drink of the waters of results, and delight in their formula or not. It may be highly useful to the scholar to know that "H. O," is their symbol in the books of the learn-d, but symbol letters as hydrogen and oxygen, but as suggestive to the Whether there was anything of the nature of spiritual vision in thrilling call, "Ho every one that thirsteth, come ye to the waters," come ye to the fountains of spiritual life, and the glorious glad that our days are allotted to us in this dawn of a sublime era which is to establish the immortality of the social pature. That eternal love is life's eternal pledge.

Reports, within the last two or three weeks, have come to us Heckers' Bread. of ladies and gentlemen who spent part of a night on the To change the figure, this Mormon phenomenon, considered haunted premises, and through that channel learn that there is

movements of the sounds, the peculiarities of the flourishes of each one's signature being given. The affair will probably be farther investigated.

The November Number of the "Herald of Light," edited by T. L. Harris, has come to hand, containing articles entitled, We know that these visible facts are but the wrappings and " The Mediatorial Condition of the New Church ; Song of the Sunbeam: Consolation for Old Age; A Prayer for the New faint symbol of the inward, as body to soul, as shell to kernel, Church; The Parting of the Ways; Matter Mediatorial; Who and What is Jesus Christ? The Christian Doctrine of Future Punishment; Warnings from Eternity; Who is Wise ! Our ask of the natural philosopher as a natural philosopher, no faith Fairy Loves; The Praying Collier; The Ancient Time-Piece; in the ghostly theory till he is thoroughly baffled and confounded The Standard of Truth ; Uses of the Word; Emanuel Sweden-

It is announced in this Number that the publication of Mr. not his dancing table till he know the animus that inspires it ; Harris' forthcoming work, "ODORA," has been postponed for a season in consequence of the pressure of the times.

Melodeon Played without Hands.

C. B. Potter of Earlville, Chenango Co., N. Y, relates to the editor of the Spiritual Clarion, that while seated in their parlor, on one occasion, with Miss Hubbard and Miss Mary Hartwell of Smyrna, a melodeon, sitting in one corner of the room, and entirely removed from human contact, was played by some invisible hands, and made to send forth music of the most entrancing sweetness. There was no extra machinery attached tothe instrument, and no possible way in which it could have Inasmuch as they stand flatly in the face of every physical been played unless by invisible intelligences. Mr. and Mrs.

The Telegraph in the Roads of Arkansas.

The following letter is so novel and suggestive that we give stubborn non-conformity. While the busy naturalist is pouring it publicity, hoping it may stimulate many to scatter this paper over the phenomena to catch the mere physical law of them, in the road. Multitudes who travel desire to know something

"Riding along the road a few days ago. I saw a piece of paper lying on the ground. I got down and picked it up, opened it, and it read as follows: "The SPIRITUAL TREEGRAPH: DEVOTED TO THE ILLUSTRATION OF SPIRITUAL INTERCOURSE." It was only the outside leaf, with the sub-soriber's name on it. It being a new subject to me, I thought I would write for a specimen copy, and if I like it. I will send up my sub-scription and money on receipt of the copy, Yours, T. H. M.

Postmasters Here and in "Kingdom Come."

A friend from Greene county writes us the following, which may be interesting to others, as explaining, with perhaps modification, why money which others have mailed to our address did not come to hand. Yet we hope friends will not wait until all such Post-masters get into the Spirit-land.

I took the TELEGRAPH one year, and when the year was up *I* inclosed two dollars in a letter for the ensuing year. That was two years ago, or will be the 10th of November. My uncle attended the Post-office at the time, and did not permit the letter to go from the office. He is now in the Snift lend bimself and I think will not have any objections now in the Spirit land himself, and I think will not have any objections now to my taking the paper.

Mr. Hecker, whose flour, farina, etc., are well known to the public, as so perfected machinery for mixing and baking bread as to to sell it in loaves at the same price per pound that the flour costs by the barrel, the price at present being three cents per pound. We have examined the bread and pronounce it excellent. We learn that our

The Principle.

We learn that this monthly, edited and published by Messrs, Conklin & Laning, Baltimore, will be continued at least another year. The first number of a new volume will be issued in December.

----BORN INTO THE SPIRIT WORLD.

On the 16th of October, in Parrottsville, Portage county, Ohio, the sphere for her home with the angels. During her earth-life she was virtuous, chaste, and beloved by all her circle of acquaintances. the was patient to the last, and a little time before the paralytic shock, like one in travail, during which her physical form became sufficiently relaxed to give birth to her Spirit walhout a struggle. Earth friends was deemed quit singular by our informant, was the occurrence clessing from pure at and a much of m, who after the years of age when is a ch away. Lence to ner pentie Spirit, and

NEW YORK CONFERENCE.

SESSION OF NOVEMBER 3.

Mr. ODELL inquired, "Is there a personal God?" Spiritualists as well as others would seem by their phraseology to indorse the idea that there was, but for himself, he was free to admit that he could conceive only of the Divine as manifested within his own soul, and in the universe of matter and spirit, of which he formed a part.

more than there can be a personal Devil. He considers God as the first and universal cause, or impelling force, everywhere present and material. The plant is not developed by a law or force acting from without itself, but from within. Man is not the product of a will-force acting from without. Were it otherwise, then a dead body might be willed into life. But the fact is not so. Differences of manifestationas, for example, the difference between a pear and a peach-are from causes internal--God resident in these forms of being, not outside of them ; and so of all nature, " No man hath seen God at any time ;' he can only be known through manifestation. God, therefore, can not be considered as a personality-a being apart from the universe-for it is not possible for him to stand outside of his own manifestation of himself. But if we choose to call the grand aggregate of these natural laws and forces a personality, he has no objection.

Mr. ODELL said : He finds no difficulty in conceiving of spiritual beings, but of the Divine Being as an individual, in the sense that man is an individual, he finds great difficulty.

Dr. JOHNSON said : He finds his difficulty in the opposite directionthat is to say, he is unable to account for the varied phenomena and perfect order reigning throughout nature, without the admission of a supreme power and wisdom governing outside of all phenomenality, as well as inside of it. To him. creation indicates a Creator.

Mr PHENIX said : There was no doubt of that ; but we were inquiring after the modus--as to whether the creative and governing powers of the universe manifest themselves in an individualized form, like a man standing outside of, and gazing upon, some ingenious machine of his own construction, or whether Deity is not manifest rather in that less idolatrous, but vastly more sublime and religious sense of an ever-present indwelling principle. He thinks all the difficulty suggested by Dr. Johnson will vanish if we duly consider the constantly occurring fact, that two substances, possessing certain well-defind properties and funccions, properly united, invariably give rise to a third, differing widely in character from the other two. This law is manifest everywhere, and to his mind it explains satisfactorily the process of God in creation.

Mr. RICE spoke from the trance. He said : It was interesting to witness the earnest efforts of man to discover truth. They are the certain exponents of the soul's intrinsic purity. They indicate the ever-existing affinity between the truth and the true. Were the human soul the mere blotch of impurity and falsehood it is so often asserted to be, this universal longing for truth could not occur. But being herself true, she naturally asks, " What is truth ?" When man looks into nature, he is lost in a labyrinth of endless variety of external forms. He observes certain methods repeated with unvarying uniformity, to which he gives the name of laws of nature. In a degree, he determines his relation to those laws, but he can not control them ; they indicate a superior power which must forever elude his perfect comprehension. There is no limit to thought on a subject like this. The outside observer of phenomena is in danger of petrifaction. The seer, in his wrapt contemplation of the invisible and the spiritual, is exposed to the imaginative delights of unreasoning enthusiasm. There is a composite idea which is probably nearer the truth. But whatever the absolute truth of the matter may be, it is certain that the use of calm reason on this and all other subjects is profitable. He thinks it not possible for us to form a satisfactory idea of Deity as a person. To the contemplative soul, there is no divorcing of Deity from the sphere of universal being. The Divine pulsations run throughout the veins and arteries of the universe, and, to the truly religious soul, "God is everywhere." Dr. GRAY asks : In the case of a seer in the trance state, how is he to know whether he is looking into the spiritual world, or looking upon the spiritual side of the natural world? As for instance, when the seer, whether of ancient or modern times, supposes himself to be looking upon the misery of the wicked in the other life, how is he to be certain that he is not looking internally upon the unhappiness and folly of this world ? He asked the question with a view to the rigid scrutiny of that system which for so long, has dispensed misery unutterable in this world, in view of hell torments in the next. The pronouncements of the seer have been taken without question of his infallibility ; it is important that we avail ourselves of a standard if there be one, by which to test his accuracy. Connected with the supposed possibility of mistake assumed by the question, is the difficulty of translating the things of the trance into external language. Swedenborg for example, saw in one state, and wrote in the other. Our own experience will convince us of the imperfection of human language to convey our own interior impressions. But in the case of the seer, who, in the more perfect use of his spiritual senses may be supposed to cognized loftier facts and a more profound philosophy, this difficulty must be greatly increased. Dr. Gould said : The seer was only doubted when he proclaimed the existence of evil and suffering in the spirit world. When he says smooth things, it is all very well ; but it is a poor rule that works only one way. We are bound by consistency, to accept what they say of the evil, as well as of the good. The fact of seeing disembodied spirits, can be known absolutely to those only who see. Many seers remember with apparent accuracy the incidents of the trance state, though others do not. The fact of evil and misery in the spiritual world is affirmed

not by one seer alone ; it has been testified to, alike by ancient and modern seers. We should not be too hasty therefore in adopting the modern theory of there being no evil and wretchedness in the other life. Dr. GRAY had no objection to the exercise of all the caution that might be deemed necessary upon that point. What he wants is, some test for the truth of the assertion of hell torments in the other life.

Mr. PARTRIDGE said : He could not lay down a rule for others ; but Mr. PHENIX said : In his view there can not be a personal God, any he would present the subject as it appeared to him. He is not yet sa tisfied that man, of himself, can transcend the use of his external senses; therefore he is of the opinion that what is usually ascribed to active, in all the departments of the universe. Force is resident in psychology and clairvoyance, is in reality of spiritual origin. If he is right in this, then it must be conceded that the averments of media as to the seeing of unhappy Spirits, dark spheres, diabolism and hell-fire, if they see at all, must be aided by Spirits. That is to say, Spirits flow into media and give them impressions as of sight. Assuming this to be correct, may it not be that a Spirit, in so far necessarily externalizing himself as to enable him to enter in rapport with a medium, does, by the process, inevitably revive in memory his earth-life and opinions, theological as well as others ; which memory is translated by the medium as existing facts, and so reported ? The suggestion is worth considering. He is not ready to concede that Spirits willingly injure mortals, either by acts or opinions. He does not think men are bad in this world from choice. Many will probably do from a supposed necessity before next spring, what they would shudder at under better circumstances. But he has no standard of absolute judgment in the matter of this question, nor is he ready to accept the one which passes current with some, which is, to put the alleged Spirit purporting to be in communication, to the question as to his orthodoxy. If he confesses that Jesus Christ is come in the flesh, then of course he is born of God and can not lie. Our friends who have adopted that test, seem to have forgotten that the confession itself may, according to their theory, be a lie, which in fact so far vitiates this infallible test of truth, that those who have adopted it are notoriously infested by lies and evil spirits beyond any other class of investigators,

Mr. PRICE said, the vision of the seer is on the plane of his attractions. He observes from his own state. Every ebject and every subject is viewed from that stand-point, and in description is caused unconsciously to assume the idiosyncracy of the observer. This fact is prominent in the life of all the prophets, and appears upon every page of ancient and modern revelation.

Dr. GRAY said : He agreed with the last speaker. In looking back upon his earlier experience, he well recollected the mental suffering he endured from the fire and brimstone dogma and its collaterals, all of which were religiously believed to be a "thus saith the Lord." Now, he asks, how do you know God said so? Such a catastrophe as popular theology presents as an indispensable article of religious faith, should rest on proof, not bare assertion. We have tormented ourselves and our children long enough with these frightful pictures of the future life. We owe it to ourselves and to them to put the doctrine to the test-to demand fearlessly of the seer, PROOF of his diabolism ; that he shall not run about in future like the boo-man of some of the African tribes, with his head in a basket, crying Boo ! Boo ! Boo ! frightening the poor niggers out of their wits ; but that he shall take the basket off his head, that we may know precisely how much of him is nigger and how much mere noise.

Dr. Gould thinks all rules must fail but one, and that is the rule of Jesus ; that he who doeth the will of his Father shall know of the doctrine. If we want the truth we must apply to the saints.

Dr. WARNER said : The rule which he had adopted in his investigations was; when the question is-Do Spirits communicate? the subject matter is of no consequence. When the question is-What is truth? then the origin is of no consequence. Adjourned. R. T. H.

CONVENTION AT BATTLE CREEK, MICH. BATTLE CREEK, MICH., Oct. 25, 1857.

MR. EDITOR : The annual meeting of the friends of human progress in this place has concluded, to the evident satisfaction of all whether ultraist or fogy. To a "looker on" in Pavillion Hall the proceedings have presented such a perfect "type of the times," that I am tempted to sketch roughly for your readers an item or two.

Prominently in the foreground of the platform was our friend, S. C. Hewitt, of Boston, laboring with his might to establish his proposed paper in Michigan, as well as the certainty of the "great coming crisis." But evidently the mass turn a deaf ear to the utterance of the prophet, and even his co. laborers in reform do not scruple to hint, now and then, that Bro. Hewitt's reasoning is but the most unfounded theorizing the offspring of an overheated imagination. Alas, for genius

The next in prominence among the speakers were, C.C. Burleigh, and Parker Pillsbury. The latter, true to his instinct. could not interest himself in the crisis while four million slaves were occupying his mind and heart, and while his eyes were constantly resting on that ungodly "covenant with death and agreement with hell."

To him this Union is but a wild and guilty project-the slave holder an ungodly monster, whose blazing atrocities eclipse the whole criminal history of the past!

The very same intolerant, soul-stirring anti-slavery Gospel as of old, we mentally exclaimed, as we listened. Charles and Parker have their functions to perform, and are doubtless able and efficient agents for the society whose generous udders have so long nourished them; and no wonder if, in their enthusiasm, they appear to some to be laboring with their might to turn the whole force of this meeting and its thunder into the antislavery channel; and no wonder, again, if the fates seemed to order it otherwise, for there was by far too strong a representation on the platform, of the spiritual element of progress, to permit such monopoly.

There was the great exponent of Spiritualism, A. J. Davie, sometimes styled the Poughkeepsie Seer, and by his side, and smallest though not of least importance, sat Mary, his talented and lovely wife, and now and then breathing words of generous encouragement for her suffering sisters. Many, I learn, were happily disappointed in Mary, for they had imagined an Amazon, but her eyes and her heart at once told the tale of her pure and loving nature. For thy efforts in behalf of an improved offspring, and thy other humanitary labors, may God bless and sustain thee, Mary Davis, and may the angels spread their hands in blessings on thy head !

Of course such radical and angular reformers could not intermingle long without eliciting scintillations by contact. For example, Parker Pillsbury, momentarily forgetful of his accustomed gallantry, animadverted quite severely upon the announcement made from the platform, that Miss Charlotte Beebe's lecture of Sunday night was written under Spirit influence. He thought the address a very fine one, but was obliged to say he thought it was no better than she could herself produce, unaided by Spirits, if she should see fit to exert herself. It seemed to him that those who thus permitted themselves to be used as tunnels for spiritual manifestation, were trading upon borrowed capital, and therefore deserved to fail. Mediums, he thought, ought to keep remarkably shady in such a meeting. Mrs. A. J. Davis arose and replied to this tirade with a magnanimous forbearance, and with that delicate regard to the feelings of all characteristic of the well-bred, informing Parker that he was entirely mistaken if he supposed that they were in the habit of yielding an unreasoning acquiescence in the case of Spirit dictation. On another occasion, a certain Dr. Newberry appeared on the platform, declaring he must be heard, for this reason, if for no other, that he had come to the meeting from a great distance, with a message direct from Jesus Christ! He had not proceeded far, however, in its delivery, when that unrodly sinner and lover of freedom, Parker Pillsbury, again displayed his utter want of reverence for divine communications by calling the angel of the glad tidings, Dr. N., to order. And worse still, our worthy, and as it then appeared, rather infidel chairman-Judge Boardman-also had the temerity to reject the message, by deciding the Doctor out of order. An appeal to the house only proved the fact, that infidel reformers are apt to sustain their chairman!

[NOVEMBER 14, 1857.

SNAKE DISLODGED FROM A STOMACH. MR. TELEGRAPH : PONTIAC, MICH., Oct. 17, 1857.

If you think the following a test worthy of publication, it is at your disposal : A gentleman by the name of Jackson, living at Pine Run in this State, has a son seventeen years of age who, from a lad, has been subject to fits, when in any way crossed by his parents or others. or irritated by driving a team, or in any other way. Fits of the most desperate kind were apt to seize him whenever excited by passion, and sometimes these would continue for hours. Many physicians have been consulted without effect, as none could tell the cause of the disease. While at a spiritual meeting held in the neighborhood, a medium from this place, being present (a Mrs. Colvin), was taken possession of by an Indian Spirit, calling himself "Pigeon Eye," for the purpose of examining a lady present. For a test, after the medium was entranced, they brought this young man forward. He (Pigeon Eye) told him the big papoose (meaning young man) would have fits, and stated as the cause, that a snake, fourteen inches in length, was in his stomach. It was flat, dark green, and whenever the young man became irritated, the snake would strike his head against his stomach, and continue until he fell into a fit.

The remedy was prescribed. He said that in six weeks the snake would come from him in two parts. Although none had faith in this statement, yet the prescription was so simple that they tried it. In six weeks to a day, the snake made its appearance precisely as stated The young man is now well, and to all appearance as sane as any one. Query, If this intelligence is not communicated to mortals by Spirits, whence does it come ?

Many like tests we might give you, if they should be acceptable. Respectfully, C. NORWOOD.

Certainly, we are always glad to publish facts demonstrative of our faith, and we hope to hear from our correspondent again. -ED. TEL.

CHARLES PARTRIDGE'S SPIRITUAL TELEGRAPH. NOVEMBER 14, 1857.]

But it was on the last night that the most interesting scene wealth ? And is it not the simplest of demonstrable social is this the law? No explanation is given. We suppose the occurred, and appropriately closed the deeply interesting exer- problems, that in the absence of the accumed system of land Spirit of a man is material-that it is governed by creative laws. cises. Dr. R. D. Pease, of Cincinnati, who had heretofore oceu- monopoly, forming at once the temptation to, and attording the which laws remain the same after death as before. Now, then pied but little of the attention of the meeting, in consequence, means of, succesful tyranny-slavery could not exist for a day ? for a Spirit in the body to perform an act, it must be where the as we were informed, of laboring constantly as a thoroughly Then turning to Mr. Pillsbury, the Dr. affectionately exhorted act is performed at the time, or to acquire knowledge, it must working member of the committee on resolutions, now came him to bestow much of his talent and eloquence on the cause be present when the thing communicated is made in owe. forward, ostensibly to sustain by his remarks one of his resolu- of the laudless-the enslaved millions of his own color, if this I aw governs Spirit is the body, and we have no resson tions upon Land Reform. His peculiar manner of speaking reasoning seemed in his judgment correct. few moments, when it became evident that that was not so own discomfiture, and exemplify the Dr.'s strictures upon un trance. Has Z. H. H. witnessed anything of this kind ? much the object of his effort, as to pour oil spon the troubled charitableness. Mr. P. bitterly denied his alleged complicity in Again, will Z. H. H. tell is how the Spirit of a person who waters, and administer as far as strict justice would allow, the wrong-doing, on the ground that the act of a sovereign was dif- understands no music whatever, can, by infowing into an insacrament of reconciliation. If he could in any measure judge ferent from that of the subject, which difference the Doctor in his atrument, produce that which is not a duplicate of himself? or, his own heart, he felt continually a profound sense of the de- rejoinder willingly admitted, but contended that the free act of in other words, how the process of the Spirit inflowing into an gradation which the curse of African slavery had entailed upon a man, in remaining under, and thus voluntarily supporting this instrument gives it a knowledge it did not posses before ? both the slave and the master, which had been so forcibly, and government, was, in point of fact and of principle, perform- Please explain, for there is abundant testimony of instruments with such eloquence, dwelt upon by his talented friends Bur- ing an act which, whether sovereign or not, inevitably placed being played upon when no one in the room understood makes leigh and Pillsbury; yet if he must make a comparison, he felt him upon a footing with Mr. Summer and his coadjutors. still more deeply for the seventeen or eighteen millions white I am surprised, continued Dr. Pease, that my friend can find dog. This is the law; it is uniform; he never sees a mon from our notice and cultivation that all-comprehending love, that exact manner prescribed by the Garrisonian formula! sublime charity, which was so grandly taught by the living As I have already shown this to be an inadequate test, allow as to effectually silence these theories without facts, which, under voice and the dying sigh of that solitary and lone One who, me merely to suggest another-charity-a heavenly and all one form or another, are constantly being put forward to emfor his age, truly "spake as never man spake."

and words that burn" from his peculiar standpoint, depicted halves or quarters of men." Then, as a necessary result, their FACT FIRST: Some time since, a medium at my house was inthe dangers of the Union. It is well; but when in his anti- efforts at reform will be likely to correspond, by their partial or fluenced to write a communication, which the Spirit communislavery zeal he, by his peculiar mode of coloring, represents the one-sided character. Happy he who can lay hold of the silken cating wished to be addressed to New York, to her mother, Hop. Charles Summer-than whom no nobler son of God, in clue of charity, by which to escape the labyrinth of error. By giving the street, the number of the residence and the name my opinion, walks on earth-as a man of doubtful principles, virtue of temperament as well as education we view things in of the person to whose care it should be addressed. Now, tacitly charging him with willful duplicity in view of his rela- various lights, theoretically and practically. Shall we not agree the medium was ignorant of these particulars, and knew nothing tions to this government, I can not keep my seat and repress harmoniously to disagree ? Our friends Burleigh and Pillsbury of the numbers indicated in the communication ; and furtherthe words of remonstrance which press upon me for utterance, seem fitted peculiarly for the affectional and intuitional sphere. more, the medium was entirely alone in the house when the against the obvious injustice of attempting to measure another's Friend Hewitt, as the scientist, revels in the department of ana- communication was given. Pray, whose Spirit "inflowed "into conscience and actions by a standard which he most conscien- logical reasoning-the sphere of science, according to my me- this medium, and controlled her hand to write, and gave her tionaly rejects. When measured by this rule-even when measured by his Davis is striving, in all directions, for unity through the rational own principles-Parker and his party must fall, if we judge element of our nature, is doubtless patent to all. rightly, for in my view the very crime of which Mr. Sumner and his coadjutors are accused, lies with tenfold force at the bave we given more than an outline of his thoughts. door of the Garrisonian, for by every letter, for example, which the latter takes from as drops into the U.S. mail, he most power rarely surpassed. certainly-by all the essential particulars necessary to characterize the act-indorses by his soluntary support, this wicked government ! Happy is he who condemneth not himself in his Bro. Higgins, of Chicago. May the gods preserve him, his questions with regard to her health. The answers were, that judgment of another. The anti-slavery reform must ever ap- voice and his melodeon, for many a friendly meeting in the she had been sick, but was then much better. The following pear to the mind of the philanthropist as a momentous and exceedingly important phase of reform, but may it not be doubtful whether it is, in its position, as central and fundamental as has been represented by friend Pillsbury during this meeting? I BROTHER PARTRIDGE: believe he stands pledged before us to accept any other phase of reform which can be shown to be of primary importance to gated by Z. H. H., in the TELEGRAPH of Sept. 5th and Oct. this. Now, did time permit, I think I could show to the satis- 24th, entitled " The Spiritual Powers of Man." If I understand faction of many in this audience, that the reform involving the the writer of that article he means this, that the current manilaws of hereditary descent, on which our sister Mary Davis has festation of Spiritualism are due to the "inflowing" of the to enlarge the sphere of the TELEORIPU's usefulness, by presenting a spoken such fitting and timely words, lies necessarily at the Spirit of the living person into whatever person or thing is basis of all others, both in the order of nature and of success- operated upon, thereby causing a duplicate of himself, and a ters of special interest will be made from the other spiritual publicaful reformatory effort. The child who is harmoniously de- manifestation simply of his own mind and powers. Do facts veloped in body, soul, and spirit, can never desire to enslave sustain this theory? Z. H. H. offers to the reader so array of veloped in body, soil, and option, and opt his tenow mean argues, that slavery is based upon a lust of but simply asserts, "This is the law of spiritual influx," Why and desirable rames paper in the country.

slaves of his own race, unquestionably made such by the moss- it in his heart to laud to the skies the British government on his own shadow. But if an unbeliever in Spirit manifestations grown and ungodly system of land monopoly. It was not in account of its attitude upon the slavery question, when he must attends upon a medium, according to Z. H. H. he gets nothing his philosophy to blame any one absolutely, much less was it know that that government was not only instrumental in first but a duplicate of himself; that is, he gets a confirmation of in his heart to blame men for honest difference of opinion. planting the accursed system upon our soil, but is to-day, by its his unbelief! How, then, account for the wast number of con-Such differences were as necessary as they were inevitable. enormous wealth accumulated in the hands of a few by monopoly versions constantly taking place? Manifestly there never could Some members of the audience, he was informed, had come to of the soil, grinding into the dust hordes of white slaves-God's be a conversion; for it is a law of nature, that "like begate the conclusion that several of the friends of Progress upon the children, and in a peculiar sense our brethren, because of our own like;" and unbelief would no more beget belief, than a dog's platform had certainly ceased to be friends to each other! This race-by a tyranny as much more galling and to be deplored head could be turned into a man's countenance by reflection he would deny, because there had been no clear evidence of the as the capacities of the white race are greater than those of the from the water. assertion. In the heat of debate, few are apt to use the select- colored races, and their sensibilities more acute than those of With regard to doubles mentioned by the editor, they are est language, in an entirely unexceptionable manner. He how- the latter. If, then, one reform is the most central, that reform doubtless produced by guardian angels, who are so intimate ever thought there was room for improvement in each of these is not the anti-slavery reform. Mr. Pillsbury has urged upon us with persons as to imitate them completely. respects, if we would secure the reputation of cultivating that a grand test of a man's sincerity in reform ; and strange as it Now for a fact or two, and I close : Believing that the system grace, without which we are "but as sounding brass and a tink- may seem to some, that test consists, in his view, in sympathiz- of telegraphing is recommended by some writer as practicable, ling cymbal." As a friend of Progress, he begged to commend to ing with the slave of the South, to the precise extent and in the I trust plans will soon be effected to put it into operation by

comprehending charity for all honest differences of opinion and barrass and perplex the simple-minded, who are analously Our friend Parker Pillsbury, has, "with thoughts that glow practice. "Men," says Cousin, " are scarcely ever more than searching after truth.

to doubt that it does after death. How then, prog. can the seemed to immediately arrest the attention of that large as- This free and timely criticism called Mr. Pillsbury to the floor Spirit of an individual " infor " into a munical instrument, and sembly. Although the hour was late, the evident restlessness in reply, who with flushed check and impatient manner en cause it to discourse sweet and harmonious sounds? The Spirit and impatience of the audience immediately subsided, and the deavored to escape the apparent dilemma by several personalities being a material entity can not be in two places at the same Doctor was even requested to go on beyond the time he at first of doubtful propriety, e.g., representing the Dr.'s tone of voice time; and when it leaves the body to "inflow into a munical had solicited. He had pleaded the cause of the landless but a as " a sanctimonious whine," which only served to advertise his instrument," the body dies, or animation is suspended as in the

If a dog sees his duplicate in the water, he sees nothing but a

different circles located in distant sections of the country, no

thod of analysis, while on the other hand, that our friend A. J. the knowledge above indicated ? For the communication proved to be true in all of its particulars. No living person was present who possessed this knowledge ; and here was an act per-We can not now recall the Doctor's beautiful peroration, nor formed which required the presence of a Spirit in the body, or He out of it, which possessed the power to move the hand, and the FACT SECOND : The writer having a sister living some eighteen In conclusion, I would not forget to say that our meetings miles distant from his home, and expecting to visit her the next day, the evening previous, through a medium at his house, asked day, upon my arrival at my sister's, I found her at the dinner table. She said that she had been quite sick, but was getting better. How is it that we get facts, of which both the medium and the person who asks the question are ignorant I Will those

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speaks with an earnestness, a modest firmness and persuasive knowledge communicated to the medium.

were greatly aided and enlivened by the soul-stirring music of

STRICTURES ON "Z. H. H."

WINDHAM, CONN., October 26, 1857.

Allow me to say a word upon a theory without facts, promul- theorists tell us, or for ever remain silent ?

Yours for facts, W. P. GATES.

To our Readers.

Without abating any of our zeal in behalf of Spiritualism, we intend. synopsis of all the important news of the day. Gleanings of all mattions, and such secular and religious journals as the New York Tribund, Herald, Evening Post, Journal of Commerce, Independent, Christian Advocate and Journal, Boston Traveler, New Orleans Delta, and other

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CHARLES PARTRIDGE'S SPIRITUAL TELEGRAPH.

[NOVEMBER 14, 1857.

Interesting Mliscellany.

THE TWO CORDS OF WOOD.

Just at dusk one November evening, three children occupied the large kitchen connected with the establishment of farmer Grant. A bright wood fire blazed cheerfally in the wide chimney, while from the crane the suspended tea-kettle was announcing, as loudly as possible, that the hour for supper was approaching. By the bright but terrified, and awoke. In October, 1720, the princess arrived at Paris sible, that the hour for supper was approaching. By the bright but terrified, and awoke. In October, 1720, the princess arrived at Paris but spear and a bring but spear and a spear of a long in good health and spirits, and occupied a furnished hotel, where soon him about one hundred rods, when, in passing around an abrapt in good health and spirits, and occupied a furnished hotel, where soon him about one hundred rods, when, in passing around an abrapt part of a long which hid him from my sight. I suddenly found my sight a violent fever. watching the cows, as they walked demurely from the yard to the after her arrival, she was seized with a violent fever. She immediately stable, while a boy of eleven summers was seated on a cricket in front sent for the king's celebrated physician, the father of Helvetius. The of the fire, gazing steadily at the flames as they shot upward, but with physician came, and the princess showed striking marks of astonishan appearance of abstraction indicating that his mind was elsewhere.

to call her attention, whispered, "Just look at Thomas ! He's in a Grown study, as the teacher said this afternoon. I do wonder what he the same apartment which I saw on that occasion, in my dream." The as thinking of.

" Ask him." responded Ruth, glancing at her brother, and then turning to her book again.

Did you miss at school !"

The boy heaved a deep sigh, and then turning to his sister with a amile, said, "O Ellen, you can help me if you will; only you must ment destined for her, than she began to exclaim aloud : "It is all over first promise not to tell any one."

Ellen promised, and Thomas led her to the further corner of the room, as his mother had come in, where he made known to her his plan.

" Last night." said he, " after you and Ruth had gone to bed, I heard father and mother talking. It made me feel so sad I could not go to sleep. She had been bringing in the clothes, and kept coughing, as the always does when she works hard. Father told her that she must ge to taking that doctor's stuff that did her so much good last winter. At first she did not answer ; but pretty soon I saw her put up her hand | exhibited by the grizzly bear of the Rocky Mountains. The Eau Claand brush away a tear. "There are so many things to be bought for rie (Wis.) Telegraph says: "They had started on their return homethe children." she said, after a while, " that I dont like to spend money | ward, and while ascending from a deep ravine or swale, about sunset, for medicine. I don't often cough so much.

"I know that, too," replied father, " but you must attend to your health. What would we all do without you ?

"I sometimes think," said mother. "that my work is almost done, and if it is God's will to call me away, he will provide for you and our dreadful manner. The rest of the party immediately dismounted, but dear children."

I couldn't stay to hear any more, for I had to run into the entry to keep from sobbing aloud. "O Ellen, what could we all do without mother !

as if to satisfy herself that her brother had cause for his solicitude, and then asked. "But what can you. or both of us, do to help her ?"

"I mean somehow to buy her a bottle of that medicine," exclaimed Thomas, impressively " but how to do it is the question. Dr. Jones had a load of wood earted to-day, and he wants a man to saw it. I would go to-morrow afternoon and ask him to give me the job, and the medicine for pay, only father wants his wood piled up to-morrow, before the snow comes.

Ellen stood for one moment returning her brother's gaze, then said eagerly, "Ruth and I will pile it for you. We'll get up very early, and do our stint before breakfast, and then we shall have the whole afternoon.

Thomas joyfully accepted this offer, and readily obtained the job from the kind physician. Before night he had piled the two cords in the shed, and sawed nearly a quarter of it.

" Well. my little man." said the doctor, driving into the yard as Themas was hanging up the saw preparatory to leaving "How much have you earned this afternoon

A bright thought flashing through the boy's mind, and in true Yankee style he answered the question by asking, ' Doctor, how much a bottle was the cough medicine you gave mother last winter !'

"Half a dollar, I think. Is she sick again !" The boy then communicated his wishes, and with a flushed face inquired of the doctor if he would be willing to let him have one bottle to carry home with him.

The good man was evidently moved by this unexpected proposal. He made no reply except to invite the boy to his office. When there he talked more freely, and ended by giving him a small powder for his mother, with directions for taking it, in addition to the desired cough medicine, and promised to call himself the next day

REMARKABLE DREAM, - A short time before the Princess Nagotsky of Warsaw traveled to Paris, she had the tonowing aream. She dreamed try, me from the upper part of Moosehead Lake, where I had been that she found herself in an unknown apartment, when a man, who turning from the upper part of Moosehead Lake, where I had been that she found herself in an unknown apartment, when a man, who that she found herself in an unknown apariment, when a man, who turning and when in the vicinity of Mount Kineo, which lies on the was likewise unknown to her, came to her with a cup, and presented driving, and when in the vicinity of Mount Kineo, which lies on the second western shore of the lake. I heard a cracking noise in the lies on the second western shore of the lake. I heard a cracking noise in the lies on the second it to her to drink out of. She replied that she was not thirsty, and thanked him for his offer. The unknown individual repeat ed his request, and added that she ought not to refuse it any longer, for it would be the last she would ever drink in her life. At this she was greatly ment. She was asked the reason of it, and gave for answer that the Softly Ellen advanced from the window, and touching her sister Ruth, physician perfectly resembled the man whom she had seen at Warsaw in a dream ; " but," added she, " I shall not die this time, for this is not princess was soon after completely restored, and appeared to have completely forgotten her dream, when a new incident reminded her of it in a most forcible manner. She was dissatisfied with her lodgings at " Thomas," called Ellen, " what makes you look so sober to-night ! the hotel, and therefore requested that a dwelling might be prepared disposition to follow him. I have followed hunting in the winter the hotel, and therefore requested that a dwelling might be prepared disposition to follow him. I have followed hunting in the winter the hotel, and therefore requested that a dwelling might be prepared disposition to follow him. I have followed hunting in the winter the hotel, and therefore requested that a dwelling might be prepared done. for her at a convent in Paris, which was accordingly done. The princess removed to the convent, but scarcely had she entered the apartwith me; I shall not come out of this room again alive, for it is the same that I saw at Warsaw in my dream "" She died in reality not long afterward in the same room, in the beginning of the year 1721, of an ulcer in the throat, occasioned by the drawing of a tooth.

ENCOUNTER WITH A BEAR .- A party of gentlemen from Augusta, consisting of Messrs. Young, Andrews and McCormick, while hunting in the pine forests bordering the Chippewa River, Aug 22, encountered a black bear, and were attacked by it with a degree of ferocity seldom discovered the bear standing on the summit of a ridge some distance off. Mr. G. S. McCormick discharged his piece at the animal, when it made toward them at a rapid pace. Arriving in their midst, it sprang upon Mr. McC., tearing him from his horse and wounding him in a for some length of time were unable to render their comrade assistance, on account of the bear having him in such a position that to discharge their guns at the ferocious brute would have still more imperiled his life. Finally, Mr. Young clubbed his rifle and struck the bear upon The young girl turned around and gave her mother a piereing glance, the head, when it immediately let go its deathly grasp upon McCormick and sprang upon Young with redoubled ferocity, tearing and wounding him in such a fearful manner that fears are entertained for his recovery. The third party succeeded in dispatching the ferocious creature, but not before receiving several severe bites and having two of his ribs broken. The parties succeeded in reaching a logger's shanty, about midnight, and were brought home next day in a disabled condition The bear weighed, when dressed, upward of 1,000lbs.

> ARTESIAN WELLS IN THE DESERT .- The French papers have interesting accounts of newly bored artesian wells in the Sahara Desert in Algiers. They are six in number, and some of them are 275 feet deep. The appearance of the water, in each case, produced the greatest excitement among the desert tribes. Their joy over the first well was unbounded ; the news of the event spread toward the South with unexampled rapidity. People came from long distances in order to see the miracle; the Marabouts, with great solemnity consecrated the newly created well, and gave it the name of "the well of peace." At another place, as soon as the rejoicing outeries of the soldiers had announced the rushing forth of the water, the natives drew near in crowds, plunged themselves into the blessed waves, and the mothers bathed their children therein. The names immediately applied by the people, such as "the well of bliss," and "the well of gratitude," sufficiently attest their feelings. It is said that these wells will work an important part in a social revolution of the tribes in their neighborhood. Having been obliged, like their ancestors, to wander from place to place, as the desert springs dried up, they will now remain around the constantly flowing wells, cultivate the land, and take the first steps toward civilization.

AN UGLY COSTOMER -- Robert I. C. Church. of West Mills, Indus REMAREABLE DERAM.-A short time before the Frincess Nagotsky of Warsaw traveled to Paris, she had the following dream. She dreamed try, Me., publishes the following in the Maine Farmer - "Walls, In Warsaw traveled to Paris, she had the following dream. Then a man who turning from the upper part of Moosehead Lake, where the Walls driving, and when in the thend a cracking noise in the bushes on the western shore of the lake. I heard a cracking noise in the bushes before the second that the bushes before the second that the second se me. It was some moments before I ascertained that the noise me. It was some moments the was browsing. I silently drew up the caused by a large mose, which I could just see through the log was piece and fired at his nose, which I could just see through the bush but apparently without effect, as he made off at full speed. I pursue of a ledge which hid him from my sight, I suddenly found myself fronted by a large bear which instantly sprang upon me, with fronted by a large both not a moment for reflection. I had not the month wide open. I had not a moment for reflection. I had not the month wide open. I had him and a she came toward me I do the to use my piece, had it been loaded. As he came toward me I do piece to use my piece, had it been loaded. As he came toward me I do piece to use my piece, had it been loaded. As he came toward me I do piece to use my piece, had it been loaded. As he came toward me I do not be to use my piece, had it been loaded. As he came toward me I do not be to use my piece, had it been loaded. As he came toward me I do not be to use my piece, had it been loaded. As he came toward me I do not be to use my piece, had it been loaded. As he came toward me I do not be to use my piece, had it been loaded. As he came toward me I do not be to use my piece, had it been loaded. As he came toward me I do not be to use my piece, had it been loaded. As he came toward me I do not be to use my piece, had it been loaded. As he came toward me I do not be to use my piece, had it been loaded. As he came toward me I do not be to use my piece, had it been loaded. As he came toward me I do not be to use my piece, had it been loaded. As he came toward me I do not be to use my piece, had it been loaded. As he came toward me I do not be to use my piece, had it been loaded. As he came toward me I do not be to use to use my piece, had it been loaded. my rifle and thrust my fist into his mouth. grappling, with all the ergy of despair, the roots of his tongue. In this manner we rolled and ergy of despair, the roots of me striving to get clear of me, and I had tumbled for some moments, he striving to get clear of me, and I had ing on for dear life. At last he drew up his hind legs, and with the ing on for dear life. At that if feet from him, rending my panialous the mendous force kicked me twenty feet from him, rending my panialous the stick, but made off and i into shreds. He did not renew the attack, but made off and I had son for the last ten years, and am accustomed to all daugers incident to the business, but do not again covet a close hug with a bear. I was not waterially injured, except my hand and arm, which were consid erably lacerated,"

> PERIODICITY OF EVENTS-ROEND TERMS .- In the year 1837 the grade crop failed in the United States, and the banks throughout the United suspended specie payments. In 1847, the potato crop failed in Ireland in consequence of the rot, and the Bank of England became a borrow of the Bank of France. In 1857 (August 24) the Obio Life and True Company, doing business in the city of New York, suspended payment when a financial panic commenced, and was spread by the electric te egraph far and wide, and on the 14th of October, the banks of the dir of New York suspended specie payments. The round term of ten year was made twice, viz., from 1837, to 1847, and from 1847 to 1857 another round term of fifty days, from August 24 to October 13, bos days inclusive, between the commencement of the papic and the up pending of specie payment by the banks. 2, 1 -Journal of Commerce

BROOKLYN HEIGHTS, Nov. 3, 1857.

CURIOUS FACTS .- Bees are geometricians. The cells are so constructed, as with the least quantity of material, to have the large sized spaces and the least possible interstice. The mole is a meteored ogist. The bird called the nine-killer is an arithmetician; also the crow, the wild turkey and some other birds. The torpedo the ne and the electric cel are electricians. The nautilus is a navigator. H raises and lowers his sails, casts and weighs anchor, and performs has tical feats. Whole tribes of birds are musicians. The beaver is an ap chitect, builder and wood-cutter. He cuts down trees and energy houses and dams. The marmot is a civil engineer. He does not only build houses, but constructs aqueducts and drains to keep them dry The ants maintain a regular standing army. Wasps are paper man-facturers. Caterpillars are silk spinners. The squirrel is a ferryme With a chip or a piece of bark for a boat, and his tail for a sail, is crosses a stream. Dogs, wolves, jackals and many others, are hunter. The black bear and heron are fishermen. The ants are day laboren The monkey is a rope dancer.

A MIRACLE OF HONESTY .- At a party one evening, several contents the honor of having done the most extraordinary thing, and a rest rend gentleman was appointed the sole judge of their respective protensions

One of the party produced his tailor's bill with a receipt attached to A buzz went through the room that this could not be outdone when-

A second proved that he had arrested his tailor for money lent to him.

The palm is his, was the general cry, when a third put in his claim "Gentlemen," said he, " I can not boast of the feats of either of me redecessors, but I have returned to the owners two umbrellas the they left at my house."

"I'll hear no more," cried the astonished arbiter, "this is the very ne plus ultra of honesty and unheard-of deeds ; it is an act of virtue of

An hour later Thomas sat with his sisters by the fire, and communicated to them the joyful results of his afternoon's labor They then proposed to give the medicine to their mother, as a token of affection from her three children, "for," urged Thomas, " I could not have done it if you had not helped me."

To say that Mrs. Grant was gratified would be but feebly expressing her emotion, when the love token was placed in her hands.

With moistened eyes she gave each of them a kiss, and then added in a subdued voice, ' God will reward you, my dear ones. The blessing affixed to the fifth commandment will be yours, for you have indeed honored your mother.'

God did bless them in rendering the medicine effectual in restoring the health of their mother, whose life he prolonged for years. She saw her children growing up useful, happy, and respected by all who knew them,-Youth's Companion.

A FLOWER GROWING FROM A TUMEFACTION .- We mentioned a few days since, the case of the lad Northrop, at Ithaca, upon whose diseased limb grew a singular formation, like to the passion flower. Dr. Hawley, formerly of Geneva college, has written a more detailed account of this case. The lad is from thirteen to fourteen years old, and has been subject to tenderness and disease of the hip joint, which, at two years of age, resulted in extensive tumefaction ; three years later an abscess was formed, and finally the disease caused the dislocation of the hip joint. For four months the patient has been unable to move an inch in bed : abscesses have formed in the abdomen, through which at every stage with active labor for some valuable end." It is difficult the forcal contents of his intestines were discharged ; and his nervous sensitiveness has been such, that he would allow no one to touch him or make an investigation, and careless walking across the floor has caused him to erv out with pain. The prolongation of his life was regarded as a miraele. On the 4th inst., there was projected from the right limb, which for a long time had been greatly swollen, a stem, on the inner side, at the head of the gastroenemius muscle, rising at right angles with it, more than seven inches in hight, with a flower squarely set upon it resembling the Passion Flower or the China Aster. On Wednesday the boy felt an oozing from what had been expected to be an abscess, and expressed great relief. He did not permit any examina- of medical art in antiquity-as well as a small gold chain attached to tion until Saturday, when a stem was seen arising at right angles with the limb, at about the hight of three inches, crowned with pure, white buds, resembling the white buds of the orange! On being exposed to the light, the flower expanded, and assumed the color of a beautiful gravish purple .- Rochester Democrat.

CHEERFULNESS .- Among the wise things for which the name of Benjamin Franklin is worthy of honor, we noticed the following a few days ago. It contains a deal of sound counsel: "I noticed a mechanic. among a number of others, at work in a house erected but a little way from my office, who always appeared to be in a merry humor, who had a kind word and cheerful smile for every one he met. Let the day be ever so cold, gloomy or sunless, a happy smile danced like a sunbeam on his cheerful countenance. Meeting him one morning, I asked him to tell me the secret of his constant flow of spirits. No secret, Doctor,' replied he. 'I have got one of the best of wives, and when I go to work she always has a kind word of encouragement for me, and when I go home she meets me with a smile, and she is sure to be ready, and she has done so many things during the day to please me, that I can not find it in my heart to be unkind to anybody.' What influence, then, hath woman over the heart of man, to soften it, and make it the fountain of cheerful and pure emotions. Speak gently, then; a happy smile and a kind word of greeting after the toils of the day are over. cost nothing, and go far toward making home happy and peaceful."

THE TRUE ROAD TO HAPPINESS .- It is a rule, we believe, that will be found to have few exceptions, that the sum total of our happiness is very nearly in the ratio of our usefulness. "The late Dr. Noah Webster, author of the 'American Dictionary' and numerous other impor-tant works, when he came to die, in the cighty-fifth year of his age. spoke of his long life as one of uniform enjoyment, because filled up to conceive how a person can be otherwise than happy who is always engaged in a useful avocation. And it is just as difficult to imagine how one can be otherwise than unhappy whose life is spent in use-less idleness or injurious dissipation.-Life Illustrated.

THE TOMB OF HIPPOCRATES .- The Esperance. of Athens, states that near the village of Arnaoutli, not far from Pharsalia, a tomb has just been discovered, which has been ascertained to be that of Hippocrates. the great physician; an inscription clearly enunciating the fact. In the tomb a gold ring was found, representing a serpent-the symbol a thin piece of gold, having the appearance of a band for the head. Thessaly, who at once forwarded them to Constantinople.

which I never knew any person capable. The prize is yours, sir.

ANOTHER ASTEROID .- By the English papers we learn that on the 15th of September, Dr. R. Luther, at Bilk, near Dusseldorf, discovered a new planet of the eleventh magnitude, the fifth first seen in 1857, and and the forty-seventh now known to exist between Mars and Jupitet It was stated in the Washington Union of October 5, that on the preceding evening, Mr. Ferguson of the National Observatory, discovered yet another planet, also of the eleventh magnitude, which, if hitherto unknown, will be the forty-eighth of the Asteroids. The size herever, of these planets is very small ; the diameter of the largest being supposed to be but forty miles, and of the smallest only four

A SIMPLE REMEDY -- A writer in the Baltimore Sun, who has been afflicted severely in his family by that appalling disease, bronchitis, has found relief in the following remedy : "Take honey in the comb squeeze it out and dilute with a little water, and wet the lips and mouth occasionally with it." It had never been known to fail, in cases where children had throats so swollen as to be unable to swallow. If is certainly a very simple remedy and may be a very efficacious one.

PROGRESS OF STEAM -It is said the number of locomotives running in the United States at the present time, is estimated to exceed 9,000. The proportion of engines to the length of road will average one to every three miles ; for, while some of our Western roads have bet one to every five or six miles, many others, like the Erie, New York Central, Baltimore and Ohio, etc., have one for nearly every two miles.

COPPER.-One of the masses of copper from the Minnesota mine weighs 8,749lbs.; and is the largest ever yet produced in the Lake Superior country. The Minnesota mine has shipped one mass this season, weighing nearly 8,000lbs ; and the Cliff mine has shipped a lump weighing 9,500lbs., but this last one from the Minnesota mine beats them all.

BELLIGERENT CHRISTIANS .- The Methodist Church South and the Baltimore Conference, at a recent meeting got into an exciting squabble. which resulted in a regular plug-ugly fight between a champion of each division, in which the representative of the Baltimore Convention got badly whipped .- Chicago Journal.

can smile while the other is pinched.

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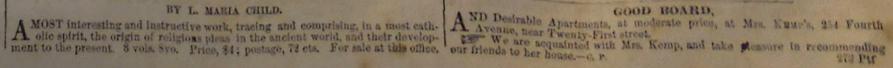
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