### SP IRITUAL INTERCOURSE. DEVOTE ST ILLU

"THE AGITATION OF THOUGHT IS THE BEGINNING OF WISDOM."

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PERSONAL AND SPECIAL NOTICES.

Lectures at Dodworth's. Mr. R. P. Wilson delivered two lectures at Dodworth's Academy last Sunday, which were considered by his auditors as highly interesting efforts.

Mrs. C. M. Tuttle will lecture at the same place next Sunday, morning and evening.

### Lecture in Brooklyn.

Organization .

Rev. T. C. Benning will lecture to the Spiritualists in Brooklyn next Sunday, at half past three o'clock, in Clinton Hall, corner of Clinton and Atlantic-streets

### To the Friends in the West.

I wish to say to the friends in the West who have written me, desiring an opportunity to listen to Mrs. Hatch, that owing to other engagements, and the necessity of rest for Mrs. H., it will be impossible for us to comply with their wishes.

Capt. Turner of Cleveland has kindly offered us the hospitalities of his splendid steamer "North Star," for a trip up Lake Superior to Superior City, which journey I think will be of much benefit to Mrs. H.'s physical condition, as well as a source of no little enjoyment, especially as we are to have the company of Capt. T. and his most estimable lady, and also a party of friends who are to accompany us from Cleveland.

with accomplices, having entered the building with false keys, while packing goods in his basket, overturned something which fell with a crash on the floor. The noise aroused an old man and his wife who slept in the basement below, and who at once emerged, in the gray twilight, to reconnoitre. They found the store-door slightly ajar, and undertook to close it, but were prevented from within. They gave an alarm. The robber rushed out and presented a pistol at them, when the policeman, Anderson, came up and grappled with him. The ruffian turned upon the officer and discharged his weapon, a large heavy one, loaded with ball and slug, which took effect in the arm and neck of the policeman, killing him instantly. The robber fled, but was pursued and captured after a severe struggle at his house on Worth-street. His accomplices-for it is concluded from appearances he must have had themdoubtless remained quiet in the store, until an opportunity occurred for them to mingle in, unsuspected with the gathering crowd.

---- The excitement which followed the murder of Anderson was intense. He was a large powerful man, with many noble traits of character, and until recently a butcher, occupying a stall at Center Market. His fellow craftsmen, as the news spread among them, became furious; and gathered in force with the avowed intention of bringing the perpetrator of the deed to an instant and fearful punishment. A rope was prepared and fastened to a lamp-post; and in this state of preparation, the crowd, now numbering four or five thousand persons, awaited the action of the coroner's jury, which had been instantly summoned to adjudicate the crime.

- At the close of the inquest, Concemi was placed in a carriage to be taken to the Tombs. The butchers rushed upon the vehicle, and almost got the shrinking Italian in their hands, but the police met the assault coolly with their revolvers, and the crowd fell back. Brickbats flew freely for a time, but on being appealed to, and shown that the officers were doing no more than their duty in protecting the prisoner, the assailants desisted ; and turned in a body, with the design of heading the carriage at the Tombs. In this posture of affairs, the police

----- The Brooklyn Water-works are in a # tate of forwardness; and within a twelvemonth, it is believed, both In ooklyn and Williamsburg will be supplied with country water.

--- Minnesota, properly ambitious to. " become a State, has elected delegates to frame a Constitution. But the a two parties composing the convention can not harmonize. The and tious, lawless, riotons dispotions which infects every corner of the 3r .nd, has possessed them ; and at the last accounts, the Republicans, wi th fifty-nine members, were occupying the hall of the Capitol, at St. Pauls ; and the Buchanan delegates, numbering something less, the ' Council Chamber. How quickly a little meek honesty would remedy this difficulty, as well as many others which afflict the country !

watching Lawrence with his troops yet, from organizing her municipal

Europe is becoming more and cope with the double revolt agai forced to reduce herself to weat of a financial crisis, which brow money doctors--the greatest o -to the vulgar gaze; and B volution ; and Hungary and a hunter on the watch.

- Miss Madeline Smi most facinating damsel, fr of poisoning her lover, ir United States. One mar

- Kansas remains almost une xpectedly quiet. Gov. Walker is , and that spanky town refrains, as government.

WHOLE NO. 274.

aore feverish. England in order to ast her power in India and China, is ness at home. France is in the midst is alarm, and exposes the fallacies of the f which is the government of the empire aly, including Sicily, is swelling with re-, various parts of Germany are lying like

th, represented as an aristocratic and a esh from a highly romantic trial, on a charge · Scotland, is said to be on her way to the e can make little difference with as!

### WHAT'S O'CLOCK ?

" MODERN SPERAM reason and revel JAL MANIFESTATIONS, are they in accordance with stion ?"

This is the title of a P amphlet to be published by S. T. Munson on the 1st of August. The follo wing is an extract from the Author's Preface: "The follo wing sed es of articles, under the head of "What's o'Clock," were con-

### THE MOVING WORLD.

The weight of the Atlantic Telegraph cable is one ton per mile. The Agamemnon is receiving her half of it at Greenwich, and the Niagara hers at Birkenhead. At the former place the operations are superintended by Dr. Whitehouse and our Professor Morse. The loading was expected to be completed by the 20th of July, when, though the plan for laying the cable had not been definitely determined, it was supposed that the vessels would proceed in company to the center of the Atlantic, where the two portions would be cemented, the coil dropped to the bottom, and the Agamemnon commence paying out in the direction of Ireland, while the Niagara, in the same labor, should pursue her course toward Newfoundland. So complete are all the arrangements, that it is said that five minutes will suffice to weld the international knot, which, we may trust, will link England and the United States together in the bonds of perpetual peace.

- A meeting was held in this city on the 17th ult., to take into consideration the condition of the remnants of the aborigines in this country, who are being rapidly exterminated by the policy pursued toward them by our government and people. A committee of thirteen was appointed, to form the plan of a "National Association for the Protection and Improvement of the Indians." This is a movement in the right direction.

- The great event of the week has been the murder of the policeman Anderson, by the Italian, Concemi. This occurred early on Tuesday morning, at a shoe-store on Grand-street. Concemi, doubtless | Washington, have been &rdered to Minnesota.

an immense concourse of people. Everything passed off quietly.

- The butchers of Centre Market have formed themselves ir to a vigilance committe.

---- Concemi is a native of Sicily, a book-binder, and bore t'ac character of a steady workman. But in his rooms were found 'guns, and pistols loaded with slugs and balls ; daggers, dirk-kniver ,, dark lanterns, burglars' tools, wax for taking the impression of ' keys, several cans of powder, and stolen property of value, among whi ch were several diamonds.

- We are not sorry for the exhibition of por ular feeling which has followed the murder of Anderson ; and we ? re not sorry that the laws have triumphed, and that the prisoner we s saved from violence. The incident teaches two lessons : First, the't a people must be protected in life and property, or they will 'take measures to protect themselves; and, secondly, that vitality is returning to the administrative department of our lawless city.

- Last week was remarkable for f aunder storms and rain. Several buildings in the city were struck by lightning. Albany was sulmerged with water, and an immens', amount of damage done.

- The stables of the Broo klyn City Railroad Company, near Greenwood, were destroyed by fare on Saturdy night, and sixty or seventy horses burned to death. This horrible conflagration was the work of an incendiary.

---- The troops at Fort Hamilton, by telegraphic dispatch from

drove Concerni to Eldridge-street jail; where he was sheltered for a time, and thence taken to Essex Market prison, and finally in the night the gauntlet was run with him to the Tombs. The crowd at one time about this dark old prison, numbered it is said, eight or ten thousand. —— The funeral of Anderson was deferred until Sunday, and dryw an immense concourse of people. Everything passed off quietly.

The pamphlet will contain 52 pages octavo, in large type, and printed on good. paper. Price, 15 cents. S. T. MUNSON, 273-tf 5 Great-Jones-st.

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VOL. VL-NO. 14.

NEW YORK, SATURDAY, AUGUST 1, 1857.

# The Principles of Nature.

### ORGANIZATION.

### Ma. Enroa :

In the TELEGRAPH of the 20th ult., under the head of "Organization," in noticing the efforts of progressive Spiritualists for a change in the order of associated mankind, you examine suffer on, and the serpent's hiss is still heard victorious through and report on this and similar movements. Taking a deep interest in all such matters, by whomsoever made, and believing that solving the problem of society forms the ultimate of then really failed ? Before going any further, let us first anknowledge, I take the liberty of comparing notes with you on swer this inquiry. this now all-absorbing topic. With this communication I also forward to your address a pamphlet and circular which I have back, and in this quondam enemy of progress, read how the written, by which you will be able more fully to understand my men of progress year after year have triumphed, how standviews.

of you, through your journal of progress, to invite moral reformers of every shade of opinion, not only in this country but sundering social ties, drawing on popular credulity-without throughout the world, to abandon for the present their merely speculative views, and unite on practical facts. You no doubt will agree with me that it is from the union and organization of men of the stand-still policy, and their holding out a premium for moral untruths, that error triumphs, and that all the real evils in the world exist. Hence, if a correct view and a brought the nations out of much of the supposed, into the united expression of the public mind in America and Europe could be obtained or given, the greatest possible amount of in their place a flower, and succeeded against a hireling church atmosphere of heaven, to live and be in health ? good could be effected by an entire change from the supposed and press in curtailing ignorance, drunkenness and misery. to exact Truth.

understand each other by standing shoulder to shoulder on a platde novo by exhibiting truth in practice, so that a world led by illusions may note the difference ? True, they have been often out the earth. But will they always fail ? May not their defeat be only the signal for redoubled exertion ? Have they

Take up the London Times of less than half a century still sects, political economists and learned professors of univer-My object is to call your attention thereto, and also to beg sities have failed, and how the end is not yet. Without interfering with the rights of property, preaching agrarian doctrines, disorganizing or endangering the good society has attained, the real progressionist has been laboring with no doubtful success. Through moral means alone he has made an inroad on the which none of the sects could care. By easy stages he has true order, uprooted many of the thorns in life's path, planted

Had the moral teacher of the last century sought the repeal has touched, made the dependent better off now than the aris

thingness. Will they, then, learn wisdom from the past, and also of the people, and the interests of the rising generation, have form broad enough for them all ? Will they at length begin has set his foot, there the divinity in the man has been made the memory of the present generation, where altars have blazed vanquished; truth still lies prostrate; humanity has had to for five hundred or a thousand years; where there existed a population ignorant, dissolute and degraded under ecclesiastical sway, and where slavery would have been hailed as a boon, there the people have been restored to temperance, law and order. The advocate of progress now, therefore, can point to the most conclusive data of the school-door being open to every condition, and to an array of literature new to the world; hence, he is safe in inferring that in a very few decades of years, a vast amount of ecclesiastical night, false feeling, drankenness, strife and wretchedness shall have passed away, with the man of the stand-still policy.

WHOLE NO. 274.

Who can tell but that it is from the wast of this very connection with the interior world in which the Spirit dwells, divested of its vagaries by science concerning literal readings of ancient figures, "types and shadows," which has caused, not the failure, but the delay only ' in the good time coming." May abuses of past ages, and has already reached some of the evils it not be as necessary for man to be made to feel his immortality stir within him, and to breathe the atmosphere of anseen influence, before he can manifest the true Spirit or present the right phenomena, as it is necessary for him to breathe the pure

There can be little doubt that some species of faith is needed. He has wrought an improvement in everything which he to guide and govern man aright in society ; but it is equally necessary that this faith shall not be far behind his intelligence, do

and sale of intoxicating drinks, or settled "the divine right of kings" in the bodies and souls of the people of a country, what an incalculable amount of public wealth and suffering would have been saved to nations calling themselves "Christians !" united opinion-that unanimity and concert of action which are necessary to success. They have planned organizations, been minute in detail, and reared beautiful parallelograms; they have even proved their latent power by making the old social order give way before them, when single-handed and alone they have faced a world in arms against them. But there has always been one thing wanting which has acted as a bar to the transition from the artificial to the natural, from the old to the "new social order on the earth," and which must now be carefully seen to and got over-and that was Union.

Hitherto there always has been the most perfect understandthe scholastic; consequently, by the merest sophistry and pucrile subterfuge, they have held to this day the popular sympathies, and with hem all the glory and the spoils. By a single word, without any truth or meaning as applied, they have merce must not be broken !

of the Act of William and Mary for the licensed manufacture toerat was once, and awoke a spirit of bettering the state of hill against a theology with fine words for the poor, but ex-As yet there never has been among reformers themselves an breaking up the old and deeply-settled policy of lordship and most worthless and vicious of his tribe.

Just twenty-five years to-day the masses of England were, according to this Times, " unwashed mechanics," " the swinish multitude." But the man of progress has broke the magic spell, and the very same masses are now by the very same this changing press wrote down the American Republic as an impracticable chimera, because based on the equality of man; and its people as a godless nation, because they reared no blooding and good agreement between the aristocrat, the priest and stained altars to an aristocratic deity, whose worship is defended and propagated by more than one hundred thousand bayonets. At the same period, also, Texas must not be annexed, but now how changed its tone! The bonds of consanguinity and com-

perance, his peace on earth, good will and public benefits, into no- ple with the priesthood of a nation; wherever the wellbeing were as perfect as now, or will be in all coming time. But man's

violence to the laws of his being, oppose on every hand the orthe world which can sleep no more. He has been working up der of nature, and shock his feelings and every sense of justice. Astronomy, chemistry, printing, the law of the circulation of pressly for the exclusive benefit, and the sacrifice of the general the blood, vaccination, steam, phrenology, chloroform, etc., apweal, to the favored few who have wonderfully succeeded in peared long to fail. The masses were long denied by the Church an entrance to the school-house, but a woman of proserf, of marking and numbering the white man according to gress threw the door open, never again to be shut. These needcaste, birth or usefulness, and which awarded the prizes to the ed but the breath of united intellect to breathe on them immortality. Just so, when the men of progress, liberated from the trammels of traditional art, and standing on a basis laid in nature, shall lay claim for a better physical condition and a higher

moral elevation, "there is no such word as fail." You very properly suggest that it is necessary to settle two Times transformed into "The People!" At the same period questions, to which I would add one or two more, before we can look with certainty for "a new social order on the earth. Your first query is, whether or not the intelligence which produced man, has really any plan for his development. That there is such a plan, and that none other can succeed, is as evident as is the plan for the development of the flower, the plant, the bee, the ant, the prairie-dog, etc. As these meet with the few conditions which their natures require, their development is perfected in one and each generation. Throughout past ages the labors and common wealth of the bee,

(August 1, 1857.

development is of another and a higher nature. He has been feeling, language and action, are all enlisted in the same of what changing his social order as his mental states have been un- is injurious not only to the body policie, but also to himself. folding in every age ; yet at this date, through the action of Furthermore, there is the greatest pains taking on this side, and make it contribute to the perpetaity of the established gov. his moral teachers, his social order extant is in direct viola-tion of the unabarable large of his all and large peruniary emoluments are freely offered and accepted ernment, must form the greatest feat for the men of progress tion of the unalterable laws of his physical and mental being, as a bonus for error and complicity; while on the side of the to accomplish by the new social order. By observing that nor does he know even yet one more land mental being, as a bonus for error and complicity; while on the side of the for certain. This is what might have been expected when it The course to be pursued and the end sought are not well de- without loss to any, but to the manifest benefit of all, on the is ascertained, that is all inquiries into the plan as designed fined; there is a lack of that good understanding always existby the Anthor of all-being, the students have set out with ing on the part of the friends of popular failacies ; and beside while it offers the greatest advantages, at the same time entire the scheme which they wished to find to find to find the find of the friends of popular failacies ; and beside while it offers the greatest advantages, at the same time entire the scheme which they wished to find to find the find th the scheme which they wished to find true, and began at the there is nothing, but something worse, for versaity and the hon-end which they hope i to reach. It would be there is nothing, but something worse, for versaity and the honend which they hope I to reach. Hence, man at this day is a est expression of opinion greater stanger to himself, and knows less of the divine nature of The progessionist now calls for a new social order, as being the human soul and its real mode of development, than he does in of paramount interest to man. In doing this he abjures the relation to the horse or dog. Instead of drawing man from life, we authority of names, he marges self-interest in the general good. have a monster sketched in the closet, the cloister, and university. Not long since his path lay through dungeous and death ; even taken from books and misconstruction of ancient mytha. And yet in countries where the ecclesiastic is powerful, he may be hence we have yet to see man as God made him, and yet called on to suffer, but he has won every field eventually, and ideal oneness. A further illustration is wanted of the sense in which to look on him under the true development of his nature. hence there must be before long an entire new scheme for the It is therefore not to be wondered at, if many should world in which the Spirit dwells. doubt, while others deny the existence of moral science, and Another important inquiry which I would briefly suggest, is example is the line itself, viewed lengthwise, or perpendicularly men should call in question any certain mode of human develop- where the progressive Spiritualists are to get their regenerated to a point which is one of its ends. Points are the limits ment. Before years of understanding we are called upon by and consecrated men and women to begin the new order. To of lines, as lines are the limits of surfaces. The line, not the buydens which they impose. So universal, and of such men and women have themselves to be first regenerated and ends or limits are two ideal units relatively to it. In this inupresent is error, and as omnipotent is suffering, that all trace with its truth, they have to be drilled into the habit of thinking, an ideal twoness. of a state of true knowledge, peace, virtue, and affection have speaking and acting in it, and be brought under the conditions Again, the paper on which I write is ruled into spaces by died out. All the conditions to innocence, goodness, health, in agreement necessary for carrying this new order out. The parallel horizontal lines. These lines are limits of the interand longevity have been thus ignored, the soul's vision closed ploughman does not make a good soldier until he is thoroughly vening spaces. Each space is a real unit, or thing limited. to their very elements, its power to do great deeds paralyzed, and broke in by being accustomed to the exercise, and even seen some Each line is an ideal element or instrument of limitation. It nothing left except the virtue of endurance. It was impossible service in the field. for intelligence to have produced such men, women and chil- The next question which I deem of the first import, is what intervention of a line, that is to say, each real two the interdran as this social order has made them.

by comparing the different periods of history we can perceive elements by which he is controlled ; hence society has been tation of an ideal two. The line on one side of a given space the plan or scheme of man's mental unfolding. First, we find led to try to correct the man without success, while the evil in may be called the beginning of that space, and that upon the him in the animal stage in which the individual seeks exclusive the elements is carefully protected and extended. But the new other side the end of the space, and these reversed according to advantage by physical prowess, and views his fellows as forming basis must be, that as man's will is necessarily made up from the direction of the track of the mental vision in passing over it. their own mental states and attending influences. Here error, causes imposed on his mind's states by the community itself, So far, the demonstration is conclusive. But how is the fault-finding, strife, haired, sin, war and erime have their source. and all human phenomena are but an exact impression from same principle vindicated in the case of the square, the cir-Second, we next find him in the animal and intellectual stage this mold, the true and only successful way is to take out the cle, the cube, the globe, or any other figure which is not obin which he seeks the same end, but by much greater disinge- flaws and imperfections from the mold. This the progression- viously longer in one direction than in any other. How have nuity and crait. With his errors, selfishness, anger and revenge, ist purposes to do by moral measures alone, and thus commu- such objects or shapes either a beginning or an end ; or again, he now ascends the pulpit, preaches a God like himself, and the nities and nations may discharge their constabulary, military, why have they not as many limits, and consequently, as many motal government of the world the fac simile of his own. He jurists and hangmen, and set about converting their jails, peai- ideal units in their elementary constitution, as they have sides takes the bench and criminates, condemns and strangles men tentiaries, houses of refuge, work-houses, poor-houses, mad- or faces? How can the number of ideal units he said, in such for being that which he himself would have been under the houses, barrocks and cathedrals, into palaces for God's offspring. a case, to be two rather than any other number ! same conditions, and which it was impossible for them to avoid, Another query of considerable consequence for the purpose The reply to these questions is this : In how many scener he is now approaching. from man's supposed plan, is seen to be only reflected in, but the moral government of the world. "all things are made new." of paramount interest to mankind to have done." Answer, be- living lie on its Divine Author. It is for this that men stand line or spiritual middle. cause the old basis and scheme of society being false, and in up sabbath after sabbath and teach for truth what they know est inducement to wrong, and therefore must go with the cur- nipotence. It is this that makes men liars, cheats, thieves, but the early association of ideas in the mind, habits of thought, finally sects, parties and nations,

How to render this institution most condusive to general well. being, preserve it as the author of ascisty and civilization gine for conferring the greatest good.

New Outgans, La., July 12, 1357

# UNIVERSOLOGY .- No. 11. BY STEPHEN PRASE ASDREWS.

It has been sufficiently shown that a real twoness involves an a real oneness involves an ideal twoness. Any real thing which is clongated has necessarily a Beginning and an End. The bea religious men to accept of conventional illusion, obliquity, obtain the right kind of persons has been the chief obstacle now viewed as a limit, but as a thing limited, is, itself, a finity and disease as the lot inseparable from humanity, and with the social reformer. To me it would seem that these very positive substance or real unit; and, as a real unit, its two a long duration has been this " social order on the earth," so om- consecrated by this new social order. By being duly impressed stance, therefore, it is obvious that the real oneness involves

is obvious, here, also, that as each two adjoining spaces involve the is to be the basis of the new social order ? The old and false vention of an ideal one, so each single space involves the out-Although nations are still working in the barbaric model, yet basis, is that the evil is in the man, instead of it being in the ward limitation of two lines, or each real one the outward limit

because the inevitable consequent of his own social order. of obtaining a union of all sects, as well as their opponents, is different directions a figure or an object may be extended, the While his universities are denying the necessary action of the true, teaching of Sacred Scripture. In them the most im- mind can only properly attend to the extension in one of these human will, he is numbering his tribes according to birth, to portant truths are contained ; but the manner of writing being directions at any given instant of time. Extension in one ditheir individual wants, states and imposed agencies, and who are that of the first form of written language or hieroglyphics, rection is the definition of a line. Extension in one direction, tanget to move to the will of one man to peace and industry, or their original meaning has been lost. All the sects having is therefore, in every instance, a line, and every line has two to victory of the grave. With this physical force he constrains therefore taken up the literal or vulgar signification, as given in limits only-the beginning and the ending point. As applied voluntary action to make up for what his social order lacks of the narrative style, have entirely misunderstood them ; hence in a preceding sentence, the mind, in investigating any object, truth and justice. As the mental states change to a higher order, they never could agree about them, and have failed to bring proceeds along some track, which is itself a line, so that no as they come nearer to nature, the force in which he trusted fra- about the promised results in nearly two thousand years. The matter what may be the shape of the object, it is relatively to tervizes. The basis is thus underwined and his whole scheme Spiritualists in this instance, from Swedenborg down, have given this movement of the the focus of attention, elongated into the lies a mass of shapeless rain. Third, we find him at length two readings, and both wrong. Already they are split into linear dimension. In the case of a square, the space inclosed is in the animal, intellectual and moral, or spiritual stage to which two sections on this point, and their power for doing good the real unit, and the two lines on opposite sides are the two thereby very much impaired. The true reading of such ideal units, in whichsoever direction it is traversed by the focus At last he has arrived at what seems to be the chef d'œuvre matchless sublimity and literary grandeur, surpassing everything of mental observation. In the case of the Circle, the Centre is most of nature, in which his soul's vision and his social order become known or recorded, is the philosophical. In this reading all frequently and properly the beginning-point from which the mind so much changed, that the discovery appears to be that of a new can at once agree to and believe in, being the only one that travels outwardly to a point in the circumference along some one world, more wonderful and greater in its consequences than that can make sense, be consistent in itself, be in accord with the of the radii. The cube is assimilated to the square, and the The Principle is, therefore, everywhere maintained in nature, not to belong to, nor for many part of, his nature. It being, The last question of moment is in relation to the institution and is dependent upon the organization of the observing mind therefore, extracted from the conditions made to attend him, of property. According to the old social order, it has been itself, that every real one is bounded or limited by an ideal the means of inflicting and perpetuating all the real evil in the two-a beginning and an end; and that every real two is Your second query is, " Why men can be successfully orga- world. It is for this alone that geains and talent sell the God severed into a two and re-converted into a whole or compound nized to do anything save that which the progressionist deems in Man to the high priests; that the world of human life is a one, by the intervention of an ideal unit of relation-a median

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found by Columbus. Now, the evil existing in, and arising truths of man's real nature, the divine mind and attributes, and globe to the circle.

The Five Fundamental Principles of Universology, named opposition to the order of nature, max is laid under the strong- to be false, and thereby keep the world in opposition to Om- and defined in the preceding articles, are exhibited and illustrated in the higher departments of being, in the relations of human rent. Not only is the greatest apparent advantage on this side, conspirators, cut-throats, liquor-dealers, soldiers, and destroys beings in Society, and in the operations of the human minit, I for example, as follows:

### AUGUST 1, 1857.]

# CHARLES PARTRIDGE'S SPIRITUAL TELEGRAPH.

UNITY is the fact of cleaving, adhering, loving, or the ten- into which it enters. Consequently these diversities are multi- regards Spiritualism, the initiation is to form a circle. Now a dency to cleave, adhere, or love; the fact of inseparability, or plied into each other in the infinite augmentation of geometrithe tendency to it. Love is one method of adhering ; Faith, or cal progression. Man standing at the head of the created unihold on, or stick to. Love is the same word with lief or lieve, every individual man or woman being a little world in him or and with the German liebe, which means love. "I had as lief herself, an image or reflection of God, an epitome of the Infinite." do," means "I love as well to do." All these are again the same as the English gleave and the German claube, be-lief, the interchangeable throat sounds c and g, having fallen away as they have done from the German gluck, making the English luck ; from the German gleich, making the English like, etc. Unity, is therefore, the principle which presides over love, faith, and adherence or adhesion of all sorts in the effectional sphere. Hence, also, in social organization it is found in the tendency to grouping: to the formation of circles of friendship, sects, cliques, and association of all sorts. In the intellect it is the combining or synthesising faculty. ? It presides over accords and agreements of all kinds, in all spheres. In sensation, it rules the two senses of Touch and Taste, which require actual contact or unity of the person with the object touched or tasted.

ency toward separation. It is synonymous with parting, divid- bereft or severed, and all these to the syllable vide of the word ing, severing, sundering, differenciating, distancing, removal, remoteness, etc. It is the opposite of love or affection, and identical with the Latin vid-co, to see, whence we have vision. hence, in the affectional sphere, it presides over hatred, antagonism, opposition, and the inverse action of the passions and Sight and Hearing, as Unity was shown to do in the Senses of sentiments generally. In respect to doctrinal adhesion, it is unbelief, heresy, dissent and Protestantism of all kinds. In social relations and in every sphere of being, it is the soul of Individuality, or that difference of the individual object or person | the Eyes, the instruments of Sight, are two, and the Ears, the from all others, which distinguishes it or him from all, and instruments of Hearing, are two, while the Surface of the Body, makes them just what they are.

Individuality, in its social applications, is the sense of self- ment of Taste, is also single or one. Of the two Dual Senses, hood, and the resulting Sovereignty of the Individual is the right to be one's-self, independently of all authority or external Hearing the Minor or subordinate; and of the two Unial arbitrary constraint whatsoever. Individuality and the Sovereignty of the Individual are justly propounded by Warren as the fundamental principles of the true social order, limited by the inhibition of encroachment, that is to say, by the same measure of freedom conceded to all others.

Individuality, one aspect or Mode of considering Duality and its all-pervading character and protean reappearances in work of mine, entitled "The Science of Society."

the most fundamental and universal principle which the finite mind seems capable of discovering, and the best image of the Infinite. There are no two objects in the universe which are precisely alike. Each has its own constitution and peculiarities, which distinguish it from every other. Infinite diversity is the universal law. In the multitude of human countenances, for This is, therefore, the philosophical beginning-point. Oneness and example, there are no two alike, and in the multitude of human characters there is the same diversity. Time would not ning-point, because Science everywhere prefers Seconds, and not suffice to adduce a thousandth part of the illustrations of this Primes. The Crossing of these First Two Grand Divisions of subtle principle of Individuality, which lie patent upon the face of nature all around us. It applies equally to persons, to things and to events. There have been no two occurrences which were precisely alike during all the cycling periods of time. No action, transaction or set of circumstances whatever, ever corresponded precisely to any other action, transaction or set of the cross-lines of division, at which all these elements partially circumstances. Had I a precise knowledge of all the occurrences which have ever taken place up to this hour, it would tral or pivotal, but at the same time, Imperfect Sense-the Sense not suffice to enable me to make a law which would be applicable in all respects to the very next occurrence which shall front center of the face or head. take place, nor to any one of the infinite millions of events which shall hereafter occur. This diversity reigns throughout every kingdom of nature, and mocks at all attempts to make laws, or constitutions, or regulations, or governmental institutions of any sort, which shall work justly and harmoniously amidst the unforeseen contingencies of the future. "The individualities of objects are least, or at all events, they TO THE EDITOR OF THE SPIRITUAL TELEGRAPH : are less apparent when the objects are inorganic, or of a low grade of organization. The Individualities of the grains of article on Organization copied from your paper, as a criticism sand which compose the beach, for example, are less marked on the plan of progress proposed by practical Spiritualists, in than those of vegetables, and those of vegetables are less than which you seem to condemn any organization as a means of huthose of animals, and finally, those of animals are less than man progress or advancement in its material or spiritual condithose of man. In proportion as an object is more complex, it tion, which opinion is also entertained by most of the intelligent embodies a greater number of elements, and each element has Spiritualists, especially in this city. But how does this notion

creting, distinguishing, discriminating, analyzing faculty and gether by attraction, affinity and motual sympathy. function. All of these terms denote etymologically the simple used generically for the whole intellect and its activity, although Synthesis is also an intellectual faculty and function-another instinctive recognition in language of the fact that analysis is the leading characteristic of the power of cognition. Discernment, for example, from the Latin dis, apart, and cerno, to divide (and also to see), means generically the same as Wisdom, while Wisdom is the just use of all the intellectual faculties. Wit and wisdom, and to wit, meaning to know, are in turn all related to the German wissen, to know (pronounced vissen), and the English wise, and these again to wide, meaning far apart (t and d DUALITY is the fact or state of being separated, or the tend- being interchangeable); wade, to divide a stream; widow, one di-vide (di being a contraction of duo, two), this again being

> In the Sphere of Sensation, Duality rules in the Senses of Feeling and Taste. The object seen or heard is severed, sepais brought into contact with it. It is for this reason also that the instrument of Feeling, is one, and the Tongue, the instru-

Sight and Hearing, Sight is the Major or leading sense, and Senses, Touch and Taste, Touch is Major and Taste Minor. Major corresponds, as will be shown hereafter, to External, and Minor to Internal; accordingly the Eyes and the Skin are upon the outside of the body, while the Tympanum and the Tongue are seated within. The sense of Smell is intermediate, pivotal and ambiguous. The object smelled is removed from the person, and yet odors or substantial ponderable emanations come every sphere of thought and being, are thus stated in a former in contact with the Nose. So also the Nose itself, the organ of this sense, is a two in one-two nostrils in one nose-and as "Individuality pervades universal nature. It is positively the seat of sensation, both external and internal, the nose as an organ standing out in front of the face, and yet receiving the odors internally, which it smells.

> Internal and External are the same as In and Out. Inness and Outness is the first grand division of universal being, and corresponds to the me and the not me, or to Subject and Object. Twoness is the second grand division, and is the scientific begin-Universal Being makes a Double Duality or Fourness in the Fundamental Aspects of the Universe. And this again lays the foundation in nature for the distribution of the powers of Perception into the four Perfect Senses of the Mental Organism, Sight, Hearing, Touch and Taste. The point of intersection of blend and partially disappear, is the basis of the remaining cenof Smell-the organ of which is appropriately placed at the This is, I believe, the first exposition of the fundamental philosophy of the five Senses. The grounds upon which it rests have a significance far broader, even, than the question of the Senses.

circle is an organization, which, according to Walker, is a " construction in which the parts are so disposed as to be subbelief is another; hence, called tenets from the Latin teneo to verse, is consequently the most complex creature in existence, servient to each other." If the parts of a circle do not subserve each other, there is no harmony, and consequently no communication, and the circle has to be broken up. Now it seems In the sphere of the intellect, Duality is the discerning, dis- to me, that this is the most delicate of all organizations, held to-

> But you say that "Jesus of Nazareth did not form any reliact of separating or making into two; and yet all of them are gious organization." Pray tell me what were the twelve apostles, each one filling an appropriate position, with a treasurer whose organ of acquisitiveness was rather too large for his veneration and his conscientiousness. Again, says Jesus, "I am the vine and ye are the branches;" and is not the vine an organized body? Does it not comprehend the root, the branches, the tendrils, the leaves, the flowers, ultimating in fruit; and the whole nourished with the all-pervading sap? Where shall we find a more delicate or perfect simile of a true spiritual organization? And finally he exclaims, in his Godlike sympathy for others, "O Jerusalem ! Jerusalem! how often would I have gathered your children together, even as a hen gathereth her chickens together under her wings, and ye would not." Even so to this day, the children of the kingdom will not be gathered together; but perhaps the outcast from the "highways and hedges" may be called in to the feast.

> With regard to those incipient movements for association in recent times, their apparent failure is no evidence that the idea rated or removed from the person, as the object felt or tasted is erroneous, or doomed to a final discomfiture, any more than that because the picket guard of an advancing army should be driven in, victory should not perch upon the standard of the main column and the protecting wings.

> > Having sympathized with all these movements, and having seen and felt the inherent cause of their weakness, I think I am able to describe it with impartiality, if not with historical exactness.

> > Fourier's plan is, in its material plane, undoubtedly correct; and in its ideal or spiritual plane, it seems to be but the dim foreshadowing of the present Spirit manifestations. But it addresses itself to the external senses, or the selfish instincts of man. Here he erred, for man is so degraded that he can not be elevated except only by a lofty religious sentiment, supported by a manifest Deity as an object of veneration. With this added, his plan will be the basis of a new and better condition of society. This I say by authority.

> > Mr. Owen poured out his great soul and thoughts upon the arid field of skepticism, which, however, was not too arid to bring forth an ignoble crop of selfishness! Yet, for Mr. Owen I have the greatest regard ; and one of my first aspirations after I had become convinced of the truths of Spiritualism, was to ask the Spirit of William Penn to intercede for the conversion of Robert Owen to Spiritualism. And what was my pleasure to learn of the confirmation of my wish, by the first news which

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### ORGANIZATION AND ORGANIZATIONISTS. PHILADELPHIA, July 5, 1857.

Dear Sir-I observed in the New England Spiritualist an its own individualities or diversities, in every new combination stand the test of fact? Let us examine, and we will find, that as

dated after that wish had been expressed !

With regard to John A. Collins, I can not tell what kind of a "gospel he took with his band of followers;" but he himself was the very epitome of egotism, and hence the reason that he could not fill all the space that he had marked out for the sphere of his puerile ambition. As to revealed religion or any special Providence, he certainly repudiated both here in Philadelphia, and the latter, as he publicly avowed, because God would not extinguish all the fires in the universe " to keep his child from feeling pain when she had stuck her finger in the candle." His skepticism did not disturb me, for I was at that time a disbeliever myself; but his excuse for it disgusted me.

Where Fourier's plan was ever tried with " vast supplies of men and money," I know not, certainly not in America. But while naming the failures in communities, you have forgotten to name the exceptions. I allude to the Shakers, whose missionary history is coeval with that of our political revolution, and whose organization into communities is coeval with the adoption of our federal constitution. I may remark, too, that their communities and material prosperity are the outgrowth of their faith-faith so stringent, withal, that it has dwarfed many capacities and functions of the mind. Yet no one ever saw them asking for bread, or the stranger going from their door unfed.

The other exception I alluded to, is the Rapites who started with the religious idea, but more on the material plane, and hence their material prosperity has been much greater. The religious idea of each party alluded to the millennium. Yours respectfully, M. W. HAMMOND.

# "Let every man be fully persuaded in his own mind." CHARLES PARTRIDGE, Editor and Proprietor. NEW YORK, SATURDAY, AUGUST 1, 1857.

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### ORGANIZATION.

pecially commend the very able article on the first page, by John Durward, Esq., to the careful attention of our readers, velop manhood have been destroyed. We very generally agree with our correspondent, with few exceptions, some of which may be indicated in this article.

be but one organization, or government, on the American continent ; and this should be created by, and be responsible to, the people; and its action should be limited to humanity's universal need, and its laws to the prevention of aggression by one all below. person on another's rights. We repudate all tariffs, all special legislations and laws which in themselves create and destroy property. The following remarks have no references to such an organization, but to the innumerable petty organizations of our day. Neither do we object to associations for business pur- is ever striving to express its own individuality. poses only. What does organization signify ! Webster anthis we add, that when it is applied to mental and moral progress, it signifies an egotist who assumes to be an oracular or- true charities. ganizer, and also instruments, tools, and dupes to be organized and moral standard or theory to which other minds are to be brought and gauged. Again, organization signifies not only weakness and imbecility on the part of the friends of a theory, but their desire for power to overawe and compel acquiescence, and action, or suppress thought. a desire to proselyte by virtue of popularity and power, rather than facts and reason.

We do not care to go back to speculate on the possible utility of organizations for mental and moral progress in the past; for we were not there to know absolutely that men and women, free from egotism and personal ambition, were not specially raised up and inspired with true human genius, so as to become profitable oracles and organizers; we simply say we do not believe when there was less personal ambition than at present, and

organization, because the one expects the honors, and the other a livelihood through the process.

CHARLES PARTRIDGE'S SPIRITUAL TELEGRAPH.

will. That our readers may practically realize what we are fection and development. saying, we beg them to pause and ponder over their own and Why, then should the ignorant, the wilfull, the lying, the

the power resting in the individual, it is sought and exercised thing like a clear idea of the whole. through numbers, and it is exercised physically or otherwise, to

with their comparatively few spiritual facts, but feebly indicates what might be the consequences of an organization of modern who would play upon the popular charms of organizations and barbarous superstitions respecting spiritual things.

We very much doubt whether the advantages of an organization can compensate the reformer for its hindrance to proit. But if it were so, it was only and illy adapted to men and times gress. It seems to us inconsistent that progressionists should have an organization, for one simple reason among many others,

### ERRONEOUS COMMUNICATIONS.

[AUGUST 1, 1857.

Many persons wonder at the contradictions of Spirits. But Vain men who chance to experience a new phenomenon, or why should they ? Spirits are but men and women removed give birth to a new thought, straightway magnify it out of to other planes; and falsehood, which is sadly common to the all reasonable proportions, present it as the end of the law and race, aside, what two of these ever gave the same account of an Gospel, appeal to the credulity of the people, excite the preva- occurrence, or description of a landscape ? Here, discrepancies lent barbarous superstitions respecting spiritual things, and meet us at every step. They are too frequent to create surprise. make it or themselves the nucleus of an organization; and thus They are part of the history of every day, and we accept them is the mind subjected, and the individual lost in this one-man- as inseparable from humanity in its present condition of imper-

their neighbors' condition in this respect ; and if they chance prejudiced, the clear-eyed, the wise and the good, all be expected There is perhaps no subject in which a livelier interest is felt, to find an individual uncompromised and unsullied by these to see things alike on entering the Spirit-world ; or to make the and in which is involved such vital consequence to humanity, perty tyrannies-organizations-cry it on the housetop that same reports of their conditions and circumstances, or of the as that of Organization. And we are happy to find that our God is not left without a witness in the world. We presume facts and phenomena of that plane, in their communications to recent articles under the above and kindred titles have inspired that most if not all religious sects and organizations have a listeners below? Obviously they must see things in a very dif. some earnest thoughts and communications on this all impor- spiritual fact at their base; but by improperly magnifying it, ferent light, one from the other, and find themselves as diversely tant subject, two of which we publish in this paper; and es- making it property, and prostituting it to the base purpose of situated there, as are the noble and pure of soul here, from the an exclusive and proselyting sect, its use and efficacy to de- bloated and beastly forms of humanity who disfigure the fair fields of earth.

Man's physical and mental organism determines the precise The Bowery Boy or Plug Ugly would give a very differ. picture or shade of truth which any given fact portrays on his ent account of life in New York or America, from what would We will briefly state here, that our idea is, that there should soul ; hence it is as irrational to attempt to regulate promis- be given by a pious mother, moving in a very different circle cuous minds to a precise standard of faith or knowledge, as it in city or country. Indeed, in order to get a full picture of would be to attempt to guage all men to a certain hight, by New York, it would be necessary to consult, perhaps, a thoucutting off all the heads above, and stretch up the necks of sand persons, and compare their different statements, or rather, join their different statements together, in order to obtain a Notwithstanding the Church presents on its surface a seem- complete map : and the same is true of the United States. Noing unity of faith, and maintains it through its organic power thing like a just idea of it could be obtained, without consultto prevent honest convictions, or expel honest utterances, the ing persons at the South as well as the North, and throughout human soul has no affinity with this pretended dead calm, but the center and the West. And how little resemblance there would be in the accounts we should get of "life in the United We repudiate organization as a means of mental or moral States." They would be quite as contradictory as the name swers, "the act or process of forming organs of action." To progress, because it proffers absolution for shuffling individ- tives that reach us descriptive of "life in the Spheres." The ual responsibility, and in this way hinders genuine growth in one would give a picture of labor and thrift, another of slavery, another of rowdyism and metropolitan licentiousness, and Organizations seem to us but another phase of brute force another of polygamy, all of which might be true to different and wheedled into his service. It also signifies a fixed mental where might makes right, and the strongest rules. Instead of portions of the country, but none of which would give any

This method of illustrating discrepancies in accounts from the force or overawe the weaker, and either compel unity in faith Spirit-world, might still be profitably extended. Think for a moment what contradictory accounts of this planet would be The influence the Mormons have acquired in a few years, given to an inhabitant of Jupiter or Mars, for instance, by a Chinaman, a Sandwich Islander, a Finn, a Frenchman and an American, and then cease to wonder that Spirits, in the descrip-Spiritualism, should it become controlled by unprincipled men, tions they give of the more various planes of the Spirit-world, and their own modes and conditions of existence do not agree.

### LECTURERS ON SPIRITUALISM.

Nearly every mail brings us earnest solicitations to send lecturers to different sections of our country. In our packages of letters on the day of writing this article, we have one from Bureau Junction, Ill., and another from Hartford, Vt., each assuring us that the "people are coming to themselves," and are earnestly calling for "Light, more Light," to help them out of the dismal swamps of sectarianism and the dark caverns of authority, into the more congenial and fruitful fields of reasonto help them to put off the "old man," the humiliating illusions of human speculations, and to receive the living and divine Gospel of fact. We are assured on every hand, that the hitherto sterile fields are fast ripening for the harvest. There are as yet but few mental organizations so infused with the divine aura as to yield the requisite light, and these have generally lingered in the most populous places, to the neglect of the crying needs of the more scattered flock. The expense of a journey of 500 miles is too large to be borne by the few persons who contribute to uppopular truths. Therefore to meet the demands of our friends abroad for lecturers, we suggest the following plan, and invite every town and village that can pay ten dollars for a locture, and keep the speaker over night, to send their application to the office of the SPIRITUAL TELEGRAPH, stating briefly whether they wish one or more lectures, and whether they want to hear of spiritual facts and communications, or whether they want the facts and philosophy of Spiritualism blended, or whether they prefer a trancespeaking medium; and we will enter all these applications on a book to be kept for that purpose, with the name of the person. with whom the lecturer may tarry, and the name of the person with whom we may correspond on the subject ; and from time to time, as routes can be made up, we will announce the fact

when the few. did the thinking for the masses. Such are not the men and times of to-day. On the contrary, every individual claims the right to give reasons for the faith that is in him.

We object to the organization of modern Spiritualism for mental and moral progress-

forever unfold the man.

Second. Because it has no respect to persons, but is for would have reason to rejoice. universal man; everywhere challenging thought and reformation.

Third. Because it recognizes] no autocrat, pope, priest or bishop as oracles in mental and moral progress.

Fourth. Because it recognizes God's handiwork in the perceptions and faculties of man, and esteems them worthy ora- admonish them not to hazard progress by doubtful expedients. cles of his internal light.

fixed mental altitudes.

no ambition, no aristocracy. It regards no mere pretensions, no assumptions, no authority, not even the powers that bethe organizations-but regards every human being as a child of God, an immortal entity, worthy now to be blessed with the knowledge of his or her undying nature, and never-ending progress.

With but comparatively few exceptions, people resort to petty organizations as the panacea for all human ills. The most vain and busy men are usually the most clamorous for special favors.

namely, if they are progressing, they would outgrow to morrow any organization they might accept to day. We think history shows that when reformers have accepted organizations they have become conservative, or else quarreled and broken the hampers. If reformers would give the same attention to First. Because it is based on facts and philosophy which genuine reform which they bestow on schemes of organization, we feel that much more progress would be made, and humanity

> The true reformer does not wish to be isolated from his work among the masses by marks of organization, but to mingle with them as a moral police, unobserved only as his works shall praise him. Our friend Durward, and all other reformers, claim to have great success without organization, which should

What do we want of an organization ! Does any body de-Fifth. Because it recognizes mental growth, and repudiates sire to be canonized as a saint, or to become Autocrat, Pope, Bishop or Priest of Spiritualism ! Whoever advocates the or-Sixth. Because it has no weakness, no flattery, no pride, ganization of modern Spiritualism, has, or ought to have, a purpose. Will the advocates of it please state their purpose, and then we may have something more to say on the subject. But until that purpose shall appear to us as an angel of freedom and human progress, we must remain firmly opposed to organization, as tending to compromise individual thought and utterance.

> "SPIRITUAL FACTS .-- Facts are the foundation of our faith, and we shall always esteem the statements of the spiritual experiences of our friends,

## AUGUST 1, 1857.]

# CHARLES PARTRIDGE'S SPIRITUAL TELEGRAPH.

and endeavor to send such persons as seem adapted to meet the various requisitions.

We should not presume to send on these missions, persons who merely take up the subject as a matter of livelihood-read spiritual literature, and become the mouthpieces of other's thoughts-meither those who seemingly accept modern spiritualisce but to slur it, and to get audiences to indoctrinate with spiritual experiences, and convictions based on observation.

friends who wish to avail themselves of it the coming fall, should at once send in their requests, that the routes may be arranged. It is desirable that each village should stir up its neighboring village to the work, so that wherever a lecturer appears a circuit may be formed, and the people go from village to village to hear the different lectures that may be given in the vicinity. It will be necessary for us to know how many lectures are required in each place, that no time may be lost. mor disappointments occur. By this simple plan, not only the great thoroughfares, but the more secluded and distant sections of our country, may be served.

### BOOK NOTICES.

The Doctation or Inspiration : Being an Inquiry concerning the Infal-

In this work the anthor deals with a question as important in its bearings upon modern theology, as it is delicate in its relations to an immense amount of sensitive prejudice. The general ground assumed is averse to the inspirational infallibility of the Bible, though the an- eyes closed, directly to the young man, threw her arms around ther argues with cogency, on rational and intuitional grounds, in favor of the Bible as a divine production, and thus a true rule of faith and practice when viewed as to the essentials of its teachings. His argu- Oh, how I regret what I did. Oh, do forgive me. I can not speak any ments against the verbal infallibility of the Scriptures are those, for the most part, which have been arged before by various infidel writers. In their recapitulation, the author appears to ignore entirely the views of those who have urged a spiritual interpretation of the letter of the Word, and is thus led into sundry ratiocinations, which, to the latter class of interpreters, will seem logically unnecessary, if not tending to injure the cause of truth. The writer, however, deserves credit he related the affair to his father, who received the account with for his boldness in exposing the untenable dogmas of the mere extermalists among biblical critics, at the sacrifice (as we believe) of his standing for Orthodoxy in the established Church of England. We have no fears that the candid and reverent agitation of the questions here treated, will result in anything permanently detrimental to the real truth ; but, on the contrary, will probably lead to the disclosure of a depth of interior meaning and import of the sacred Book, that will be far more vital and salutary in its bearings upon human regeneration than any of the barren assumptions concerning the strict infallibility of the humanly formed words, letters and punctuation, by which the soul of divine revelation is clothed.

How 70 BERAVE ; A Pocket Manual of Republican Etiquette and Guide to Correct Personal Habits. Embracing an exposition of the principles of good manners ; useful hints on the care of the person, eating, drinking, exercise, habits, self-culture, and behavior at home ; the etiquette of salutations, introductions, receptions, visits, dinners, evening parties, conversation, letters, presents, weddings, funerals, the street, the church, places of amusement, traveling, etc., with illustrative anecdotes, a chapter on love and courtship, and rules of order for debating societies. Price, post-paid, paper, 30c., muslin, 50c. New York : Fowler and Wells, 308 Broadway.

## GLEANINGS FROM THE SPIRITUAL PRESS.

TEST IN TURNER, MAINE.

Mr. Silas Gurney, of Turner, Me, in writing to the New England Spiritualist, states, that at a circle held at that place on the 24th of May, an influence took possession of Mrs. J. What are its surroundings, spenery, etc. ? What are its powers and Harris, and in a tone and manner expressing much dignity, uttered the following :---

" My name is Thomas Hopkinson, of Beston. I died, or left the form stale theology, or some darling theory of their own ; but those Nov. 17, 1856 ; was Judge of the Court of Common Pleas, and for only who are mediums for spirits, or can speak from large eight years was President of the Boston and Worcester Railroad Corporation. Preserve this, and find out the truth of it, for by it you will In order to make this plan effective, it is important that our learn much. I have much more for you." He further said that the 17th of November, 1856, was Monday ; this was aspertained to be correct. He also said he left the form after darkness had closed around all Nature, by which we suppose he had died in the evening. He speaks vestigation of this subject. The investigator, in approaching it, with dignity, and to the purpose. I have made inquiry of those pre- will receive no aid from the storehouse of scholasticism. The sent at the time, and not one of us had any information that such a man ever lived."

> The Editor of the Spiritualist states that, not knowing the precise date of Judge Hopkinson's death (who was well known in Boston), he inquired at the office of the Boston and Worcester Railroad, and received for answer that he died "on the evening of Nov. 17, 1856."

STARILING EVIDENCE OF SPIRITUAL IDENTITY.

medium who gave it left her stand, and advanced with her gathering its crop of truth, armed only with the implements his neck, and addressed him as follows :--

more ; I am choking."

The medium then fell, and some time elapsed before she regained her consciousness. The young man expressed much contempt for the "humbug," and said that he had left his mother a few hours ago at his father's house. On returning home, great surprise, and astonished the son with the following disclosure. Said he-

"I am not a Spiritualist; I do not know anything about it; but that must indeed have been your own mother who thus addressed you ; and nowsthat the fact is thus unexpectedly made known, I will give you the particulars. They are these :-- When you were two months old and lay in a cradle in the kitchen, your mother, who was engaged in her household work, was by some sudden impulse led to destroy her life by hanging. This will account for the strange language of the medium, and for the remark that she was choking."

A PROPHECY FULFILLED.

following:

"During the early part of our investigations of Spiritualism, whi

### INVESTIGATING CLASS.

Session of Wednesday evening, July 22, at the house of Mr. Partridge. Questions :

"What are the conditions and relations of the Spirit's existence ! susceptibilities, and what are its sources of enjoyment !"

"Wherein consists the difference between man's life in the spiritual world and his life in the material world ?"

These two questions being so nearly allied, and the former having been but partially considered at the previous meeting, it was agreed to consider them together on the present occasion. Dr. Hallock spoke substantially as follows :

### DR. HALLOCK'S PAPER.

Profound caution and composure should characterize the inscholar's tools are obsolete, and will serve only to cut his own fingers. The rich accumulation of metaphysical gold upon which he has been wont to draw, is suddenly transformed into worthless paper. The bank of scholastic logic is broken, and his drafts upon it dishonored.

It is lamentably indicrons to see the diletiante at work upon a question like this. First he will sharpen up the meaning of Under this head, the Banner of Light relates, upon what it a word that he can not use. By the time he has brought it to considers perfectly reliable testimony, an incident the main par- an edge so keen and well defined that it will split a hair, he ticulars of which we condense as follows : In a town some thirty suddenly discovers that it will split nothing else, and must be Hellity and Anthority of Holy Writ. By the Rev. John Machanght, M. A., Orren-Incumbent of St. Chrysostom's Church, Everton, Liver-erpool. Pp. 264. New York : Calvin Blanchard, 1857. of Spiritualists. To avoid observation he seated himself in an eighty acre lot covered by the primeval forest, is a philosoobscure corner. After the close of the lecture, the trance pher compared with the man who enters this field, intent upon of scholarship; because one might gather a crop of wheat with a razor, provided he be allowed time enough, whereas not "My dear son, forgive your mother for deserting you in childhood. one grain of truth can be gathered from this field by the " cunningly devised" implements of the "senior mangler." Having facts to gather, what is needed is a reaper, not a hair splitter.

The first fact to which I invite attention as bearing upon this question, will be found in the 21st chapter of St. John. Here we have an account of a Spirit manifestation from which several important truths may be gleaned.

1. That the Spirit man can manifest himself to those who are still in the body. This, then, is established as one of the inquired-for " powers" of the Spirit," and one of its " sources of enjoyment."

2. That the "conditions" of a Spirit are not those of a monk, and that its "surroundings" are not a cell, nor yet a temple dedicated to the solemn purpose of an unending vocal allelujah ; because we find this Spirit man in the free air, by the sea side, inquiring about the success of his earth friends in their fishing expedition. Having informed them where they might The Boston Basner of Light, under this head, relates the obtain a supply, and a fire being already kindled on the shore in anticipation of it, this Spirit man addressed them in words full of deep import to all men yet in the body, but more especially to the student of theology, if he could but learn. But vidual whose departure was first predicted was, as far as we then knew, alas for his delicate nerves; the language of this Spirit-of him who had left the old Jerusalem for the new, and was at that moment an exalted citizen of the great hereafter-was that of a cook, rather than a priest; instead of saying, "Let us arations were made for journeying to the place, though our Spirit. pray," he said, "COME AND DINE !" The student who can difriends assured us it could not be reached before the separation of gest the profound significance of that morning meal by the "sea of Tiberias," will find but little value in the prayer-book and thirty-nine articles. 3. That the "relations of the Spirit's existence" are intimately blended with human needs. Popular theology ruthlessly severs this " relation." It virtually makes of the regenerated soul a fixture as to locality, and cuts off all its sympathetic " relations" with suffering humanity, first perverting the natural direction, and then limiting them to the dismal duty of a mere vocalist, whose everlasting business it shall be, merely to shout, "glory to God !" As we proceed with the narration of this last personal manifestation of that Spirit man to his intimate friends, we learn, or may learn, that this is all a mistake. "When they had dined," and this Spirit man was about to depart, doubtless had he found that shouting glory to God was the great business of Spirits throughout eternity, he would have told them so, and set the tune for them. But he did not: he simply said, "Feed my sheep." There is a mine of wisdom in these three insignificant words. They reflect the light which Mr. Conklin, we believe, makes no pretension to a knowledge not only answers the question as to the " relations of the Spirit-existence," by showing them to be most intimately blended

Much may be said, and truly said, in disfavor of that politeness which has no basis on the kindly sentiments of the heart, and which begins and ends with artificial forms learned from books and the dancing-master. Nevertheless, the laudable desire to please and to be well thought of in return, may receive important aids to its correct and elegant exercise, from the written experience and suggestions of successful students of human nature. No young person of either sex, therefore, should neglect the perusal and careful study of some judiciously written manual in which the conventional forms of refined social intercourse are set forth, and by a knowledge of which one obtains an ease and self-possession in company which can only result from a confidence in one's ability to meet all expectations on the score of etiquette. In the present work we have a condensation of those forms of politeness which without being cumbersome or unnatural, have been recognised as well adapted to govern the intercourse of cultivated society in our republican land, and which, observed in their spirit as well as their form, would constitute a passport to all really good and refined circles throughout the world.

THE GREAT LAW OF THE HUMAN MIND, AND THE HEAVENS AND THE EARTH, London : Savill and Edwards, 4 Chandas-street, Covent Garden; 1856. pp. 155.

This little work is the production of an original mind, and hence contains many fresh thoughts and suggestions, principally relating to existences and movements in the cosmical universe, in the realms of imponderable elements, and in the soul-world. The author, however, should not have written this work without more thoroughly digesting and systematizing his thoughts, or without more extensively acquainting himself with the thoughts of others on the same themes.

sitting with a friend, she was entranced, and gave us to understand that a relative of ours was soon to pass to the Spirit world. The indiin good health. This was on Friday. On the next Monday we received a telegraphic dispatch from the town in which she resided, one hundred and fifty miles distant, stating that the lady before alluded to was dying, and requesting the attendance of one of our family. Prepspirit and body.

Subsequent inquiries proved that on the Friday night on which we received the announcement, the deceased was apparently as well as usual, and that she died on the Monday evening following.

### A Pleasant Test.

A gentleman, formerly a resident of this city, and a native of the country, but who for twenty years has spent much of his time in Caracas, South America, informs us that on the occasion of a recent call on Mr. Conklin, at his rooms, 477 Broadway, he was surprised at receiving a reply to his inquiry in Spanish, written through Mr. Conklin's hand. The circumstance was very simple, but very telling, and will be so to others. It was as follows :

Seating himself at the table, our informant made the usual inquiry whether any Spirit-friend was present who would communicate with him. This he did privately in writing. Mr. Conklin's hand was moved, and the following reply was given, written backward :

"No tengo el podér-I have not the power." of the Spanish.

[AUGUST 1, 1857.

in sympachy with mandane existence, but they reveal also an- feet children may be raised up. The condition and relations of and the externals of things, with a degree of accuracy corresponding other of the "sources of enjoyment" of the Spirits. It is to Spirit are constantly changing, and through every grade below do good, to perform uses, not to land the infinite and the per- the human, it may be likened to the growth or unfolding in fect by the utterance of senseless words, but to aid the finite the man. The Spirit-surroundings constantly change with its and the imperfect by substantial deeds-" Feed my sheep." unfolding. The Spirit's power is measured by its growth. What higher "source of enjoyment" can the Great Shepherd Spirit is always susceptible of that which is conducive to its himself have than that !

ing its life, helong to the spirit. That spirit man manifested growth or unfolding into more full and complete activity and to the external, and coming to life as to the spiritual plane-the power the same mental characteristics after the crucificion and death use. of his body that he did during its life. His love to his friends was the same. There were the disciples, and the "disciple the life in the Spirit world, is growth or completeness, and the whom Jesus loved," as before. The existence of the same faculties indicates a corresponding similarity of "surroundings, scenery," etc. Hence " the difference between man's life in the spiritual world, and his life in the natural world," does not consist in a drying up of the fountains of human love and intelligence, but rather in the deepening and purifying of them. It does not con- medium and one who is not ? or in other words, what constitutes a mesist in that total severance of earth-affection (which the Church dium ? has taught), and a final transfer of it from man to God; it does not consist in the conversion of a life of uses into one of psalmsinging ; that is to say, if the actions of that spirit man, as this answer. The medium state is a negative condition, receptive of manifest in the narrative we are just considering, are not a pre- whatever impressions are positive to itself. Facts and truths, phenomeditated cheat, but rather in an increased power of the same mena and principles are positive in their nature, and naturally flow faculties used in the life in the body-an increase of ability to observe causes, to acquire and use knowledge, and to perform uses.

particular Spirit-man, for two reasons. 1. Because I expect to ! hear it objected to by the metaphysician, that Jesus was not a man but something more, and therefore that the manifestation of himself after the crucifixion, was not the manifestation of a the phenomena. Spirit, but the miraculous and incomprehensible appearance of God himself, finited as to manifestation. Grant it. I cheerfully concede all the demands in that direction for the higher satisfaction of calling his attention to the logical inference, that the gravity of the lesson taught, must be in the ratio of the exaltation of the teacher.

modern Spiritualists. The life and character of Spirits as manifested through actions to us in the body, in this nineteenth century, proclaim the same great lesson so modestly taught at that sea-side meal to the Spiritualists of the first century ; which proves beyond question, that for more than eighteen hundred but whose utterance was but imperfectly anderstood, remarked that years at least, God, man, and the spiritual world have not changed in their essential relations to each other, but that now as then, and then as now, the manifestation of a Spirit is a upon or influence others, and cause them to be medians or means for living satire on speculative theology, and a living gospel of eter- certain results, and also that others in like manner act upon us. He nal truth as to the " conditions, relations, powers, and sources of thinks this is often done when the parties who held this relation are exenjoyment" of the higher life.

needs or growth, and thus comes into intimate relations with all 4. That the faculties which manifest through the body dur- the grades of materiality. The Spirit's sources of enjoyment are

> The difference between the Spirit's life in mortal flesh, and means of its manifestation, and the lucidity of the element in which it lives, and which it uses to express itself.

### NEW YORK CONFERENCE. SUSSION OF JULY 21.

Dr. Gray propounded the question, What is the difference between a

Mr. Niemand answers : A medium is a peace-maker between the positive and negative.

Mr. Phoenix concurs with the idea expressed, or rather implied in into the negative or receptive state of the mind. In this way, the mind of Newton became aware of the law of gravitation, and communicated it to other minds negative to his own. We are all mediums in a degree, and all our acts occur either through the medium of our I have confined myself to this single manifestation of that own Spirit, or by a conjunction of other Spirits with our own. As to verbal description of the Spirit-friend, he will produce the likeness. what constitutes a medium for physical manifestations, is not so clear to his mind ; but from observation, he is inclined to think that the want of equilibrium so commonly observed in the mental and physical structure of those through whom they occur, has a casual relation to

> Dr. Gray said : A lightulag-cod is a medium, it is a connection between the plus of heaven and the minus of earth. The same is true of the spiritual medium. The term positive when applied to mind, expresses a state of prolification of thought, and the negative represents a condition receptive of it ; but his question is, what makes our lightning-rods ?

Mr. Whitman said that was just the question he would like to have 2. Because that manifestation accords with the experience of answered. He had observed in many physical media an apparent lack of bodily strength, yet he had seen one medium at least, who manifested no lack of muscular strength, but the contrary. This would seem to put to flight the theory that external imperfection has anything to do with the preparation of a medium for physical manifestations.

> An aged gentleman (a foreigner) who is evidently a man of learning, we are all mediums in a certain sense, or what is the same thing, means through which effects are produced. We find this illustrated by the facts of psychology, and our daily experience proves that we do act enally unconscious of influencing or being influenced by each

to the perfection of the trance or death-like inactivity of the sensions plane or body. This condition may be induced from various causes by the sphere of a congenial magnetism, by drugs, by an injury to the nerves, and by disease. From this latter cause, doubiless, artes the calm and composure so offen witnessed in the hour of death ; a calm which leaves its beautiful impress upon the external form even after the spirit has departed from it. To recapitulate : a medium is one whose internal is so celuted to the external, that his Spirit can put his body or sensions plane to sleep-one who has the capacity of dying as of receding from the external.

Mr. Coles said : That person is the best medium who offers the lease resistance, or is in the most perfect harmony with the message desired to be commutented. Take a familiar example from common perience : a democrat would be an imperfect medium to convey a verbal political message from one Republican to another. An enlight ened non-resistance is the best medium state. When a man is on his plane, and loves what he loves, he can bring him a more correct report than one who occupies a different plane. Such a one may conver words, even the same words or nearly so, but they will be so construed as to leave the idea he needs, uncommunicated. From this want of sympathy either with the subject or with the parties interested in a the thought of the communicator fails to be apprehended ; the message becomes obscure, and by the time it cenches its destination its genning significance is lost.

Mr. Coles stated some interesting facts of spiritual manifestation - the production of partraits of total strangers to the painter, the partraite of persons who have departed this life. Those he saw were the production of Mr. Rogers of Columbus, Ohio. They were executed in a very few minutes, and in the trance state. As, for instance, a person calls on Mr. Rogers and asks if she or he has any Spirit-friends present ? Mr. R. from the trance will reply Tes, and then instead of a R. T. HALLOCK Adjourned.

### LETTER FROM DR. NICHOLS.

Sr. MARTINS, NEAR WESTBORG, O., June 16, 1857. ME. PARTRIDGE :

Dear Sir-There has been a degree of liberality and kindness in your treatment of the matter of our conversion to the Catholic Church, which deserves our respect and gratitude, especially as it contrasts strongly and honorably with the tone of some Spiritualist and Protestant papers.

In the article of June 6, under the heading of " The Nichols and Catholicism," I find many questions which seem to call for answers, and some observations which I do not wish to let pass without correction, provided you think what I may write of sufficient interest to deserve a place in your columns.

You find no evidence in the letter sent you, that Mrs. Nichols was addressed by a Spirit. None of us who heard the discourses purporting to be given to us through her, by the Spirit of St. Francis Xavier, have ever doubted their extramundane origin. Some believe them to be diabolic; but no one has ever thought, for one moment, that they were her own invention, or imposed upon her by the influence of any mind still in the bodily form.

If I have not made this fact clear, let me do so. No person in our circles had ever read a book of Catholic theology, or even a brief statement of the doctrines of Catholie Faith, much ess any rationale or proof of the verity of such ductrines; yet, in a series of a dozen or more discourses, those doctrines were first stated to us, and then explained and illustrated with more power, beauty and fullness, than I have ever yet been able to find them in my subsequent reading. Not only was I in entire ignorance of Catholic doctrines, not remembering if I ever knew even the number and names of the Sacraments, but every member of the circle, the medium included, was in the same condition. The Protestant work on Jesuitism, which I had read, contains no exposition of dogmas. ingism which is, I believe, common to Protestants and infidels, but when all this instruction had been given to us, and when I Catholic doctrinal books, and found that we were fumiliar with, Dr. Gray defines the medium state to be that in which the external and had accepted the articles of Catholic Faith.

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### DR. CURTIS' PAPER.

ence between the spiritual and natural world. To be in the himself. spiritual world is not to change either as to place or time, but to undergo that personal (or subjective) change as to the sensuous faculties whereby persons, scenery and surroundings invisible or intangible to common or natural observers, become or of the performance of acts which do not originate with himself. in the spiritual world, but they are not aware of it; they fail to apprehend it, therefore, just as the deaf and blind subject is igsuscitated are seen in the very act of leaving their corporeal bodies or exuvite. Now such subjects are obviously introduced to the spiritual world, and are utterly beyond the ordinary theater of space as before. Hence we infer that the spiritural his mind, constitutes a medium. world is not a different place but a different state. Jesus says, the kingdom of heaven is within you.

As to the moral, social and political condition of the world of Spirits, let us trust that it exhibits an amount of progress here unknown.

vicious are there put asunder, gives a cheering token of this hope.

### MR. PARTRIDGE SAID :

He defines a medium to be one, of whom it may be truthfully affirmed In the strictest external sense, I should say there is no differ-

Mr. Partridge understands by mediumship something more than the normal rapport of mind with mind, and the consequent blending of thought with thought as evinced by daily experience. He considers a medium one who is conscious of the utterance of thoughts not his own, apprehended. Hence seers or clairvoyants are at one and the For example, a man receives a letter with his address upon the enve- I was not only in that state of utter and heathenish know-nothsame time in both worlds. Natural men like seers are equally lope, and a request that an answer may be sent to a given locality. He does not open it, and of course can have no knowledge of its contents through the usual means. Presently his hand is induced, without could not resist the conviction of its truth, I could not believe his own conscious volition, to grasp a pen, when an answer to the un- that it was the actual doctrine of the Roman Catholic Church. norant of surrounding objects here. Swedenborg and others opened letter is written and signed by a total stranger, embracing a I said to our friends, "All this is beautiful-all this I can accept endowed with spiritual vision, tell us that persons recently re- reply to, and evincing a thorough knowledge of the subject-matter as true-but this is not the doctrine of that old, bigoted Church which came to him from another stranger ! In this case one stranger of Rome, and a Catholic Priest would be the first to reject and to the man of whom the request is made, addresses another equally un- denounce it." So I believed, until an abstract of these disknown, whilst all the conscious agency he has in the matter is, his as- courses was made, and sent, first to a highly intelligent Cathosent to the temporary use of his hand to record another man's thoughts. His layman, and then to a Jesuit Priest; and both pronounced plane of sense, although seers report them to be in the same This and similar phenomena occurring in these days, indicate what, to them true, in every item of Catholic Faith. We then procured

plane, which embraces the conscious activity of the corporeal senses, Mrs. Nichols had been for two years a medium to our circle. is benumbed or made insensible. There is abundant proof that man We had received by her hundreds, perhaps, of communications possesses internal as well as external senses, and that he manifests containing as strong tests of Spiritual origin as we have ever alternately while in the life of the body, both from the internal and the seen or read of. They have often been confirmed by other meexternal plane of his being. Whoever, without the agency of drugs diums-particularly by Mr. Conklin. There was no circum-The almost universally received conviction that the good and or mesmerism, etc., can enter upon this internal plane, is a medium- stance connected with these which should make us distruct a medium for Spirits, for other minds in the form, and for his own them, but the reverse. If spirits ever communicated by mediinterior self-hood. In the ordinary state, the sensuous life flows from ums, they have in this instance. I do not aver that our instructhe external brain down through the nerves, and gives the appropriate tor was St. Francis Xavier, or even a good Spirit. I can only Spirit exists in every particle of what is called physical na- one life sleeps, and from the spiritual degree there flows down a ter, manner and influence was such as I should expect of that knowledge of external conditions ; but in the medium state the sense- say that I must believe that it was a spirit ; and that the matture, and Christ said truly that from the very stones under our spiritual life which gives a sense that cognizes both the internals wonderful man.

### AUGUST 1, 1857.]

# CHARLES PARTRIDGE'S SPIRITUAL TELEGRAPH.

Neither from books, nor correspondence, nor in any human way, did these things come to us. Does any one who knows me, personally or by my writings, believe that any ordinary means could have convinced me of the Divine Incarnation, the Immaculate Conception, the Real Presence, or, in short, of any Catholie dogma? I was a spiritualist, a rationalist, a socialist ; but for twenty years I had utterly rejected Christianity in all capacity and acquirements. its distinctive doctrines. Mrs. Nichols, if at all Christian, was more Swedenborgian than Catholic. If less strongly prejudiced against the Church, she was quite as ignorant of all its teachground for the theory of psycholization.

The guardian Spirit spoken of in the passage quoted from the letter, was not a Jesuit Spirit, but that of one who was well known to the medium in his life time, and who first communicated sensibly to and through her, and who had promised to watch over her and protect her from harm. She was guided by be if you found a trusty friend in a strange country. You would converse with those he introduced and recommended, and would avoid those he warned you against as dangerous. This friend told us that the Spirits of Ignatius Loyola and Francis Xavier were from a higher sphere than that to which he had attained, and he advised us to receive their instructions.

It may be our duty, at the proper time, and in the proper manner, to give to the world the beautiful, and to us convincing, statement of the doctrines of the Catholic Church, as they gotten, that the conjecture or persuasion of the trance subject, came to us from the spirit world. But we do not say that they as to whether he or she is in rapport with a man or a Spirit, transcend what the Church gives us. Far from it. They are can in no possible case rise to the dignity of scientific evidence ; the same. Their form, and manner, and modes of expression were adapted to our needs, as they may, perhaps, be to others. But the Spirits taught us no other doctrines than those the Church has taught for eighteen hundred years, which are believed by over one hundred and sixty millions of men, and which are worthy of the careful and serious examination of racter. Now, in the case of Mrs. Nichol's disclosures or disquithose who ignorantly condemn them.

Why do you assume that the Catholic Church is opposed to Freedom, Progress and Humanity? Even a slight examination will show you that it has done more for Freedom than all other institutions or influences. I say this-I who have been, as you know, a very fanatic for the largest liberty. The Catholic of the body, without the accompaniment of physical demon-Church is the church of Progress, through all the centuries of its existence. The Catholic Church has done more than all other influences to ameliorate, to educate, to elevate and bless humanity. Her religious orders are, and have been for thou- the facts of our experience in saying, that we do not believe sands of years, the world's great armies of enlightenment and that she received the dogmas of the Incarnation, the Real charity. Where is the country where the Catholic Church has Presence, the Immaculate Conception, etc., from the spiritual not planted schools, colleges and hospitals? Where was the pestilence, where her religious orders, priests or sisters of charity were not foremost, and often alone, in the relief of the suffering? All other efforts for humanity, however praiseworthy in even by novitiate spirits ; still less by the diligent and earnest motive, sink into insignificance before the grandeur and comprehensiveness of Catholic charities. The best are but humble and far-off imitations.

Dear sir-the religious faith of three fourths of all Christian peoples can not be treated with derision. The faith of a St. dence, than are contained in these teachings of the puerile stages Augustin, and St. Thomas, and St. Barnard, and St. Francis of the Christian era. Xavier-a Thomas & Kempis, Bossuet, Fenelon, Pascal-of hundreds of the greatest and best men, who have ever lived on this earth; men who have been distinguished in science, philosophy, literature, art, heroism and holiness-is not to be treated much needed to refresh and rest her weary spirit, by putting with contempt. It is not a matter of pride that I have been brought into this Church by extraordinary manifestations, but one of humility, that such a method was made necessary, by my blindness and ignorance. I pray that others may be more ready to examine the abundant evidences of the truth of the Catholic Faith, and to accept and live to its divine teachings. T. L. NICHOLS.

inspired or dictated these same utterances, howsoever Orphic or startling they may appear to be.

poetic fervor and depth, while the spell of concentration or improvisation is upon him, which vastly transcends his waking ralism and epicurism into a living though morbid theosophy;

rapport with other minds in the earth-form, and speak from in order and heavenly purity of purpose. But our good corings. It was the same with us all. There is not the slightest the stores of those minds to the full extent of his intensi- respondent should not confound cases. The Romanism that is fied adaptation to them; and this, experience has shown, may in him, and likewise in all others who are changing to it, from a occur with persons at great physical distance from the subject. Besides, it is known that persons in certain degrees of the trance, can quote from books which they have never seen or heard of; as witness the case of A. J. Davis, when yet an unhis advice in regard to her intercourse with Spirits, as you would lettered boy, quoting and writing down, in the mountains of 15,000 cultivated Netherlanders to death by rack, sack, star-Catskill, an extract from one of Swedenborg's works, not then, nor we believe since, translated into English from the Latin.

> Still further, they can enter into this same unconscious rapport with Spirits, as we all do know from manifold facts and experiences outside the pale of the above stated categories.

> But, it ought not to be overlooked nor for one instant forit is at best a conjecture or persuasion of which the wish of the medium or of any one in rapport may be the father or source.

The evidence on this point must be found in the matter uttered, and in the accompanying phenomena of a material chasitions, we by no means assert that she was not taught by Saint Francis Xavier; we only say, that the Doctor's statement contains no evidence to that effect. Nor do we see how the case could be made out, that the impressions came from any one out ity and willful ignorance! strations which were germane to, and explanatory of, the sense or matter spoken by the medium. Perhaps we are justified by world at all; for we do not think they are held in that life in the same way and sense in which they are held and taught here, Jesuit founders named, who have been out of the body some 300 years, and who must have long since acquid more extended and rational views of human progress and the Divine Provi-

That Mrs. Nichols was in earnest, that she was in some degree entranced in her sittings, that she obtained what she out the antennæ of her soul in search of the truth as to the one sacred relation of earth, marriage, and as to the ultimate redemption of our race by means wholly invincible and altogether exceeding in perfectness of adaptation anything she had before dreamed of, we do fully concede and believe. Moreover, we can believe that the Roman faith was and is a very great way in advance of the Materialistic notions as to the relations of Mind and Matter, God and Nature, the Present and the Future, which the Doctor and the social school held, and which had doubtless worried and perplexed her very much: for that faith They may find an abundant solution of the problem presented has true spiritual manifestations at its base (which the material philosophy has not); and with all its credal impositions and political adjuncts and corruptions, like every other system based on revelations from the inner world, it has in it life and human love-that is to say, the capacity of healthful progression in wisdom and use. Respecting the other point raised by Dr. N., that the enunciations of Mrs. Nichols have often been confirmed through for other mediums, like Mrs. Nichols and Mr. Conklin are, exciting aversion and disgust. one and all, liable to the unconscious interpolations above set one and all, liable to the unconscious interpolations above set forth. All mediums are both true and false prophets at times; that is to say, all are true to conditions and their own organithat is to say, all are true to conditions and their own organi-Good friends, do not confound matters wholly distinct: do zation. Nature has no untruth when read in a high sense; for as to conditions.

Dr. Nichols is refreshingly warm on this topic, and it speaks well for his heart that he is; for that Church is, as we have The trance subject can speak from his own faculties with a said, an advance for him into a more real liberty ; a vast step of progress in truth from the dead orphanage of a godless natua fresh breath of that holy freedom which loves order, because Moreover, many believe he can enter into unconscious magnanimity and all the divine uses of humanity do dwell dead philosophy, is a very different thing from that Romanism which shakes King Bomba cordially by the hand to-day, but which 240 years ago conferred upon the butcher monster Alva its blessing and its only civic honor, for putting more than vation, gibbet, and flame, for being Protestants, republicans and brave lovers of national and personal rights. Good friend, by your own confession you abused a Church for twenty years, not a word of whose philosophy, miracles, or dogmas you understood ; be now considerate enough not to eulogize politically one, of whose annals, stained on many a page with the blood of noble martyrs to science, justice, progress, you are, fortunately for your present peace, sadly ignorant.

Please, as an historian, answer this question : Why was Copernicus excommunicated? And then, as a Catholic, answer : Why did the Church wait two hundred and seventy-eight years before she revoked the sentence of excommunication ? Why did she revoke the sentence at all ? Awkward problems these ! Terrible thing to lie in Purgatory two hundred and fifty years for no other offense than attempting to demonstrate a beneficent scientific truth ! Long time it took that sacred College to release the great child of God from the consequences of its own stupid-

Kind patron of dead languages is Rome, certainly; but hard nurse of scientific progress. She loves Music and Painting, too, so long as these crowd her altars with devotees and adorn her palatial churches with consecrated perversions of truths, both evangelical and historical; but she loathes the holier music of free parliaments, and will have none of your painted battles for Liberty and Rights. She hates political babble about the rights of man, the habeas corpus, liking, far better, power and obedience, authority and unreasoning submission.

Good friend of sinners is Rome, and kind is she to sick and poor, because she gets to Heaven that way, yea, and gets strong, glory and power on earth, too, while she stays here; but hard stepmother hath she been in all the ages to the helpers and de. fenders of human rights, the redressers of human wrongs.

Again, we ask, why was Galileo forced to deny that the earth moves, when he knew that it does move? Why did the Church conspire with disease, age, blindness, pain and heart-breaking bereavements to torture this apostle of scientific advancement, denying him permission to travel even to Florence for medical relief, and denying him Christian consolation in death, and Christian burial after death ? Why did not the Church interrogate his diagrams and look at his pendulum instead of crushing out the man's self-respect by secular force and "o'er-crowing his spirit" with ecclesiastic curses? Call you these and myriads of like acts, the befriending of liberty and science, the promoting of human progress? Once more, we say, that there is a world-wide difference, good friends, between the Romanism which you encounter and em. brace as your first step in a spiritual philosophy of outside nature and inside morals, and that Romanism which never has acknowledged, and never will acknowledge the rights of man; which ever has, and ever must affinitize with political and social despotism, except such as by accident impinge on its prerogatives.

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### REJOINDER.

We respectfully recommend Dr. Nichols and his gifted wife to a further consideration and experimental study of the Trancestate, and its relations to Poetry, Religion, Law and Progress.

by Mrs. Nichols' dissertations on the Sacraments, Dogmas and Rites of Romanism, without adopting their demonic or spiritual hypothesis.

If the profundity of sleep-talking is proof per se of Spirit-presence and aid, then does ancient history clearly establish the real existence of each and all of the Olympian divinities-yea, and of all the infernals too of the ancient mythology; for the ancient mediums saw, talked with, and talked from, each and every one of them from the least unto the greatest.

And if the reality of these be granted, what becomes of the Christian Olympus, founded in the bosom of the Roman Church by precisely the same means of trance-seers, speakers and mystagogues 1

not, because a person in a trance says something wisely or well, false responses, like discords in music, are the testimony of truth be in a hurry to adopt his or her conjecture that the Holy Ghost, or Apollo, or a renowned saint, or the Blessed Virgin, or Solon, or Lord Bacon, or Swedenborg, or Franklin, or Washington hath Church a friend of Liberty, of Progress, of Freedom ?

A word or two on the old batryomachy: Is the Roman

MANNERS, MALE AND FEMALE .-- Who can tell why women are ex-pected, on pain of censure and avoidance, to conform to a high stand . ard of behavior, while men are indulged in another a great deal lower ? other mediums, and especially through Mr. Conklin, we can find nothing of evidence in the fact, granting its entire truth; at all times whereas a woman can be defined and spitting everywhere almost, and at all times, whereas a woman can not do any of these things without

> appeared in great numbers and were very troublesome, so that he felt justified in resorting to extreme measures and stratagem to effect their expulsion from his premises. He pounded up potash and strewed it around their holes; strewed some under the holes, and rubbed some under the boards, and on the sides where they came through. The next night he heard a squealing among them, which he supposed was from the caustic nature of the potash that got among their hair or on their bare feet, -Advocate and Journal.

# Interesting Miscellung POETRY.

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BY REV CHARLES WOLFE, AUTHOR OF THE " RUBIAL OF SIR JOIN MORE." (The following pathetic lyric is adapted to the trish air of "Grammachree." Wolfe said that, on one occassion, he song the sir over and over till he burst into a flood of tears, in which mood he composed the song ]

if I had thought thou couldst have died, I might not weep for thee; Hat I forgot, when by thy alde, That that couldst mostal be; It never through my mind had passed The time would o'er be o'er, And I on thee should look my last, And thou shouldst smile no more. And still upon that face I look, And think 't will smile again And still the thought I will not brook, That I must look in vain ; But when I speak, then dost not say What thou ne'er left unsaid ; And now I feel, as well I may, Sweet Mary, thou art dead. If thou wouldst stay e'en as thou art, All cold and all serene ; I might still press thy silent heart, Aud where thy smiles have been ; While e'en thy chill bleak corse I have, Thou seemest still my own ; But there I lay thee in thy grave, And I am now alone. I do not think where'er thou art, Thou hast forgotten me ; And I, perhaps, may soothe this heart, In thinking, too, of thee ; Yet there was round thee such a dawn Of light ne'er seen before, As fancy never could have drawn, And never can restore.

THE WORLD OWES ME & LIVING .- No such thing, Mr. Fold-up-your hands ; the world owes you not a single sout You have done nothing these twenty years but consume the products carned by the sweat of other men's brows.

· · · · · · · · ·

You have ate and drank and slept ; what then ? Why ate and drank and slept egain,"

And this is the sum total of your life ; and the " world owes you " living." For what? How came it indebted to you to that amount? what have you done for it? What family in distress have you be friended? What products have you created? What miseries have you alleviated? What errors have you removed? What arts have you perfected ? The world owes you a living ! Idle man, never was there a more absurd idea t

You have been a tax, a sponge upon the world ever since you came into it. It is your creditor to a vast amount. Your liabilities are immense, your assets are nothing, and you say the world is owing you. Go to! The amount in which you stand indebted to the world is more than you will ever have the power to liquidate, You owe the world the labor of your two arms, and all the skill in work they might have gained ; you owe the world the labor of that brain of yours, the sympathy of the heart, the energies of your being ; you owe the world the whole moral and intellectual capabilities of a man! Awake then from that dreamy do-nothing state of slothfulness in which you live, and let us no longer hear the false assertion that the world is owing you, until you have done something to satisfy the just demand to which we have referred. - Exchange Paper.

# CHARLES PARTIRIDGE'S SPIRITUAL TELEGRAPH. A GREAT CLOCK. The New York Evening Post says, the largest [ clock ever manufactured in this country has recently been constructed in New York for Dr. Tyng's church in the Second Avenue. The main Shekel the piece of allver money in which Judas Iscarlot was paid wheels of this mammoth clock are about nine feet in circumference,

and are composed of material harder and more valuable than brass. The pendulum is twenty-one feet long, and weight about one hundred. pounds. A new compensating principle has been applied, so that the different temperatures do not affect the clock, and it has retaining power, so that it does not lose time when wound. It has eight dists of eight feet in length, four upon each tower; the towers stand seventy feet apart. The teeth of the machinery are all out. The clock can be wound in fiftcen minutes. Its weight is about two tons. The clock is material. The history of the Parliament clock dates back to 1744. Its large wheels are twenty-seven feet in diameter, and are of cast-iron, which material costs about five cents per pound, while the material of "Shekel of Israel," this clock costs forty cents per pound. The pendulum is fifteen feet long, but in this respect this exceeds it by six feet. So also in the time of winding ; while two hours are required by the London clock, the operation in the New York clock is performed in fifteen minutes.

WHAT IT COSTS TO KEEP OUR GOVERSMENT .- The appropriation bills stated to have been passed by Congress and which are intended to cover one year's expenses, foot up to between sixty-three and sixty-four millions. As these include some ten millions for the "Army proper," we presume that amount will have to be deducted from the appropriations actually made. Finally, however, it will have to be embraced in the appropriations, so that the sum of sixty-three millions stands as the lowest sum at which our yearly expenditures can be put. Probably the actual expenditures will exceed this figure. Let us see how these appropriations are distributed ;

First comes Congress. The maw of this devouring body will swallow up \$2,290,000. The State Department absorbs \$132,000 ; the Treasury Department, \$693,000; the Interior, \$448,000; War, \$195,000; Navy, \$109,000 ; Post Office, \$213,000. These department items are for the expenses of the Washington offices. The Judiciary and Courts cost \$967,000. The Army costs \$15,000,000. The Navy costs \$13,500,000. Diplomacy demands \$1,000,000. Lighthouses, \$1,300,000. Collection of Revenue, \$2,450,000. Mail transportation for Congress and the Departments alone lick up seven hundred thousand dollars. General mail transportation costs \$6,000,000. Postmasters' pay mounts up to \$2,150,000. Post-office clerks take \$1,300,000. The ocean mails put us in for over \$2,000,000. A deficiency in the Post-office appropriations requires a further draw of \$2,250,000. The interest on the public debt is a charge of \$2,200,000. The Land system takes \$400,000. The mints cost \$602,000. The territories \$228,000 .- St. Louis Herald,

The Esp of the United States Back .- Last week all the books, papers, drafts, checks, letters, etc. that had been preserved on file as vouchers in the long course of the immense business of the United States Bank, were sold in a heap in Philadelphia, and purchased by a paper maker, to be reground and manufactured into new stock. This whole mass weighed over forty tons. Ten tons of this vast amount is of correspondence-autograph letters of the first statesmen, politicians and financial men of this and other countries. Drafts upon the Rothschilds for hundreds of thousands of dollars, certificates of stock transferred to the leading banks in Europe, checks and drafts for Cabinet officers, Senators, Congressmen, editors of newspapers, etc., all lie scattered ready for the important transformation into clean, unsullied white paper. This huge mass of books and papers strike the visitor with astonishment. A faint idea may be formed of the colossal character of the institution which at one time occupied so important a part in the history of the country. What a vast storehouse these papers would be for individual histories; and perchance they would illustrate some unexplained passages in the history of the political parties of the day .- National Intelligencer. SHOCKING CASE OF HYDROPHOBIA,-Jacob Willets, Esq., of Flushing, son of Samuel Willets, Esq., the well-known hardware merchant in Pearl-street, died on Sunday last, at 4 o'clock, P. M., of hydrophobia. The circumstances connected with the case are peculiarly affecting. Eight weeks ago Saturday last, a dog came into Mr. Willets' yard and quick succession of interesting and amusing adventure, that it is attacked him. His hired man, noticing the occurrence, went to Mr. almost inconceivable he should ever feel dull or weary of it. No one Willets' rescue, but before he could get the dog off, Mr. Willets was bitten severely in the hand. The dog immediately disappeared, but soon after jumped from the carriage when it was approached by the servant, and was killed by him with a gun. when Mr. Willets complained to his wife that his arm felt heavy and advice was obtained from the city, but all was of no avail.

THE JORAN INCLUSION CONS. Mr. A. Micholas of Wall-street, New York, has struck off a number of fac simile coins of the Mebrew Mole for his services in betraying the Savior. The present coin is from a drawing procured last year in Rome. The drawing was from a place " which " says Dr. Raphael, who forelates the description, " must have been coined during the time the Jews were sojourning in the Holy Land under their own kings, and cotemporaneous with the first Lemple. which brings is to a period of about 700 s. c.<sup>37</sup> The Hebrew characters upon it are much like the style of our own American coin; for while the legend upon ours reads, "United States of America," this is the same position on the outer edge, hears the inscription, " Jerussien at superior to the famous English Parliament clock, both in size and Holy." While one side bears the resemblance to Aarou's rol, as mentioned in Numbers zvil., 8, on the other, which has the imprint of the pot of incense, is inscribed in the Hebrew characters the words

> A MOUSTAIN OF FLESS. - Miles Darden died recently at his residence in Texas. He was seven feet six inches in height, and weighed a free tion over me thousand provide. It required seventeen men to put the into his coffin, and took over a hundred feet of plank to make his coffic He measured around the waist sig feet four inches.

> The trustees of Antioch College, in order to save it from public tale have assigned the institution to Mr. Palmer, President of the Broadway Bank, New York city. Its debts amount to \$130,000. The acholarship system has been abolished, and the students will have to pay fair tuition bills, in order that by this means the current expenses of the college can be met. The college will be kept open for the coming year. Horace Mann is re-elected president, and Rev. Dr. Bellews and others have been appointed a committee to select the rest of the faculty ....

> PREMONFRIONS .- At Stillwater, Minnesota, Rev. A. G. Nelson, Metho. dist minister, broke down in his Sunday morning sermon, and was so confounded by the unaccountable and awkward dilemma that he summarily dismissed his congregation and ran home. He got there just in time to save his house from destruction by fire, which was well under weigh. He considered the event providential, and preached as easily as usual in the afternoon. It was a singular coincidence, at least Something like this occurred to a female friend of ours, last winter, She awoke before light one morning in terrible fright, with a dream of robbery and morder, and would not retire again till satisfied that all the doors and window fastenings were secured. Before morning, steps were heard around the house, and in the morning strange footsteps. were found on the snow, and evidences of an attempt to gain entrance at a window. This occurred after the dream and fastening up. The young lady is one of those nervous and sensitive creatures who are given to premonitions, and such like spiritual phenomena. Some of these things appear to be more than mere coincidences .- Springfield Republican.

> THE BONAPARTE ESTATE .- The estate formerly owned by Joseph Bonaparte near Bordentown, New Jersey, was announced to be sold yesterday in the Merchanis' Exchange at noon. The auctioneer, however, was compelled to withdraw the property, as he could not get the bid he wanted, viz. \$60,000. This estate was bought by Joseph Bonaparte in the year 1822 for \$100,000. It contains 324 acres of ground ; it has changed hands repeatedly, and is now owned by Mr, Henry Beckett.

> Too Taug!-Rev. Thomas Stockton, a Methodist divine in a late number of his Bible Times, makes the following startling, yet too true, declaration. Remember by "the Church," he means the "evangelical Church." "It is not in bitterness, but with sorrow that I look upon the Church, in too many instances, as a people-not called out from the world, but with the world called in !- not overcoming the world, but overcome by the world."

AUGUET 1, 1857.

THE SHIFTING HUES OF LIFE -Life has, for an observer, such a day resembles another. Every hour, every minute, opens new stores to our experience, and new excitement to our curiosity. We are always on the eye of the morrow of some surprising event. Like the moth, we are forever flying toward a star-but with this difference, that we attain it ; and, if sometimes we find that the halo which we fancied glory is but some deceiving mist, at least, we have learned a lesson. If we look upon life merely as humble students, we shall not feel any great bitterness at such diappointmests. It is only when we hug our ignorance to our hearts, that we are, and deserve to be, miserable; when we embrace the clouds, that we lose the goddess. But, if we open the eyes of the mind, and determine to be neither wantonly stupid nor inattentive, an enchanted world begins to rise from chaos. The aspect even of the room in which we sit, grows lively with a thousand unsuspected curiosities. We discern that the most ordinary person is invested with some noticeable characteristic. If we deign to look but for five minutes at any common-place thing, we become aware of its peculiar beanty ; and there is not a bird that wings through the air, nor a flower that blossoms in the garden, nor an insect that grawls in the depths of the earth, nor a fish that swims in the water, but has its own singular and delightful story .- Household Words.

Virtue or wisdom is the beauty of the mind, and vice its deformity. -Borrates.

Mr. Willets was thirty-nine years of age, and surrounded with a remains to clog the body with fat .-- Republican Standard. young and interesting family .- Journal of Commerce.

PLANTS SELECT THEIR FOOD.—One of the most remarkable properties of plants is the power with which they are endowed of selecting their food. The soil contains various kinds of aliment for vegetation, and the little fibrous roots that fill the ground select from the whole, and suck in through their minute openings just the kind suited to the nature of the plant or tree to which they belong. All plants will not thrive on the same soil, any more than all animals will live on the same kind of food. Grass and grain require a soil that contains an abundance of silica or flint. It is the flint in the straw that gives it its glossy appearance and renders it stiff enough to resist the wind and storms .---Republican Standard.

AN ANTEDELUVIAN PARTY .- The Courier des Etats Unis relates the following for a fact : " There exists at the present time at St. Heliers, in the Isle of Jersey, two industrious people, living in the same street. and opposite each other-one being named Abel, a baker by profession, and the other named Cain, a dealer in spices. Very recently Abel married the sister of Cain, and the union was consummated and legalized by a Mr. Adam, an engraver and magistrate."

Life is a journey, and it is generally our own fault if we do not make a pleasant excursion of it.

PORK .- A fat hog is the very quintessence of scrofula and carbonic acid gas, and he who eats it must not expect thereby to build up a No unpleasant symptoms were manifested until last Friday morning, sound physical organism. While it contributes heat, there is not one twentieth part of it nitrogen, the base of muscle. This is sound practipainful. Dr. Hedges, of Flushing village, was at once sent for, who cal truth. Fat pork was never designed for human food ; it is a upon learning the circumstances of the bite, was at once convinced material for breath and nothing more; see Liebig and other organic that the disease was a clear case of hydrophobia. The best medical chemists and physiologists; it makes no red meat or muscle; the prize fighter is not allowed to eat it; all that does not consume the lungs,

> HARVARD COLLEGE LIERARY .- From the annual report of the librarian of Harvard College, it appears that there are in all the libraries connected with the aniversity 114,000 volumes, besides a very large number of unbound pamphlets. The library of Gore Hall alone contains 74,000 volumes, and more than 30,000 unbound pamphlets. The whole number of volumes added to the library the past year, is 4,256, of which 3,894 were gifts.

> LOST IN THE MOUNTAINS .- The North Carolina papers have accounts of the probable loss of Professor Mitchell on the Black Mountains in that State. He left some time since on a scientific examination, and not having since been heard from, it is feared he became lost, and finally perished. P. S. The body has since been found.

### QUESTIONS FOR ELUCIDATION BY SPIRITS AND MORTALS.

THE investigating class in the city of New York is composed, as far as possible, of intelligent men and women who are supposed to entertain the various popular theories involved in the questions to be solved. This class, until further notice, will assemble each succeeding Wednesday evening at the house of Charles Partridge, and in conducting the meetings the following order will be observed : At eight o'clock the question for the evening will be read, after which will be presented papers from our friends abroad, containing pertinent facts, modes of application to the question under consideration, and conclusions. Then the persons present will read their briefs of facts, arguments and conclusion, and enforce the same with such brief remarks as may render the elucidation of the subject more complete.

To give equal and the widest facilities to all persons--whether present or absent-to participate in the discussion, we purpose to consider the several questions in their order, giving to each at least one week's time, and probably more to some or all of them. The purpose being simply to elicit and present truth in as brief and yet as comprehensive a form as possible, the following has been adopted as the order to be observed which is believed to be best calculated to promote the objects had in view.

First, Each contributor is requested to present in writing the facts on which his or her conclusions are based. Second, The mode of applying facts to the question. Third, Conclusions. Fourth, Remarks.

### QUESTIONS.

25. What are the conditions and relations of the Spirit's existence? What are its surroundings, scenery, etc.? What are its powers and susceptibilities, and what are its sources of enjoyment?

26. Wherein consists the difference between man's life in the spiritual world and his life in the material world?

27. What effect has a premature physical death on man's spiritual life and destiny?

28. Have animals an organized spiritual entity-a self-conscious in telligence ; and do they at death pass to another sphere or condition of existence?

29. What are the relations of mental to vital motion, and to what extent are the faculties of the mind capable of controlling the functions of the body ?

30. Can the human mind, while in its earthly form and relations, produce psychological and physiological effects on other human minds and bodies with and without physical contact; and can it otherwise manifest its powers, through inanimate forms and substances ?

### SPECIAL NOTICES OF BOOKS,

DUBLISHED and for sale at this office :-

EPIC OF THE STARRY HEAVENS ; A highly meritorious Philosophico-Spiritual Poem, dedicated from the Spiritual World through T. L. HARRIS, without any thought or preparation on the part of the medium, and in an incredibly short period of time.

This book has been pronounced on all hands a remarkable production, even aside from the circumstances of its origin ; and to the seekers for a deep and expansive philosophy of interior things, as well as to lovers of fine poetry, it will ever prove a rich treat. It is as interesting as a romance. Pp. 256. Price, plain, 75 cents ; gilt, \$1 ; postage, 12 cents. A new edition just out.

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" This poem is a love-child of the skies ;

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LECTURE II. Secondary Basis. Negative Side.

The Organic Devil, or Grand Man Monster! Devil and Satan, Distinution between them, Inverted Essence and Inverted Form, Satanic Personality, The Subjective and the Objective Universe, Analysis of Both, Dual Nature of Both, the Descending Movement of Both, Dark Side of the Universe, Shade and Shadows, Significance of the 'Serpent' and the 'Dragon,' Symbolism and its Uses, Turning Point in Satan's Destiny, Satan Saved, Ascending Wave of the Spiral, Law of Progress, The Race made Divine.

LECTURE III. Tertiary Basis. Creative Movement.

The Formation of Worlds, Generation of Nebulous Rings Around Creative, Centers, The Law of Generation and of Births, Mathematics of Nature, The Souls of Planets, The Greater Souls of Suns, Their Magnetic Nature, Each Sun and Planet a Battery, The Interior Positive, Exterior Negative, Love and Wisdom, Axial and Orbital motion of Suns and Planets, Primary and Secondary causes of it, Spheres and Focuses, Crises and their Uses, Transformations and Regenerations of Globes, Correspondences.

LECTURE IV. The Great Crisis !

A Great Geological Change in the Earth soon to be, Signs thereof now quite apparent, The Earth at present an unperfected Globe, Reason of it, the Argument, In what the Change consists, Violent Commotions, Destruction of Life and Property, Where greatest, Warnings, Preparations, etc., Grand Cause of the Orisis, New Planet, A Second Moon, Origin of Both, Nebulous Ring in Sun's atmosphere now rapidly completing, Same of the Earth, Zodiacal Light, what is it? Expansion of the Solar System, Mercury, Venus, Earth, Mars, etc., each thrown one orbit further off from the Sun, Grand Conjunction of the Planets, Nosh's Flood, 'Foundations of the Great Deep broken up,' ' Windows of Heaven opened,' Significance of these Scriptures, The Earth made finer, etc., by the Crisis, Boreal Crowns, The Physical Millennium

LECTURE V. Effects of the Crisis on Humanity.

Great Agitation of the Human Race, Political, Religious and Social Changes, War, Pestilence and Famine, Final Death of all Political and other Parties, The Last Great Struggle, The 'Devil comes down in great wrath,' Philosophic significance of that Scripture, Satin 'bound a thousand years,' Meaning of that, Then 'loosed a little season,' What that means also, The Spiritual Millennium, Origin of these Ideas, Question Answered, Positive Demonstration, What are Thoughts? And Whence come they ? Something entirely new, Simple as Nature, Address to common Sense.

LECTURE VI. World of Causes. The Organizing Power.

The Spiritual Advent, or the Third Great Dispensation from the Heavens, Great Purpose of the Spirit World in its Manifestations, Organic Nature of the Movement, Superior wisdom Manifest in its Methods, Practical Spiritualism, A New Church and a New State, All Things made new.

LECTURE VII. Practicalities. Conclusion.

Specific Plans, The Wisdom Age, Religion no longer merely Speculative and Sentimental, Philosophy no more an Abstraction, Science no longer Dead ! A New Agriculture, Domain already secured and work begun upon it, New System of Commerce, Plans already revealed and Practically Matured, New Educational Institutions, Progressive and Philanthropic Institutions, The Divine Home on Earth, Embracing an entirely New System of Architecture, First Model already made, through Instructions of Spirit World, will be exhibited and explained to the audience. Great Hope now for the Human Race!

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Where Hesper's nuptial sphere with love perfumes         The vault of ether. and from heaven down led,'         Seven months within a mortal's breast 'twas fed ;         And when the summer came, and when the skies         Bent lovingly as over Paradise ;         When the last rose was breathing life away,         Like beanteous maiden on her dying day,         It sprang to outward shape ; unformed by art,         Full fiedged it left its nest within the heart         And sung melodious in external airs.''         Author's Preface.         This Poem was dictated in thirty hours, and is a magnificent production.         tion. pp. 253.         If         MEDICAL.         M MRS. J. A. JOHNSON, M. D. (late Mrs. S. B. Johnson), of North 11th street,         Third door below Vine street, Philadelphia, well known in the British Prov-	<ul> <li>street, Boston. Terms, \$2 per annum.</li> <li>SHRITUAL UNIVERSE; L. S. Everett, Editor and proprietor, Cleveland, O. Terms,</li> <li>\$2 per annum.</li> <li>AGE OF PROGRESS; Editor and publisher, Stephen Albro, Buffalo, N. Y. Terms,</li> <li>\$2 per annum.</li> <li>THE TRUTH SEEKER; Editor and proprietor, A. P. Bowman, Angola, Steuben Co.,</li> <li>Indiana. Terms, \$1 50 per annum.</li> <li>NORTH WESTERN Excelsion; Ira Porter and J. C. Smith Editors and proprietors,</li> <li>Waukegan, Ill. Terms, \$2 per annum.</li> <li>SPIRITUAL CLABION; Mr. and Mrs. Uriah Clark, Editors and proprietors, Auburn,</li> <li>N. Y. Terms, \$1 per annum.</li> <li>WEEKLY MEDIATOR; J. M. Barnes, Editor. Published by the Progressive Liberal</li> <li>Printing Association, Conneaut, O. Terms, \$1 50 per annum.</li> <li>THE VANGUARD; Wm. Denton, Editor and proprietor, Dayton, O. Terms, \$1 per annum.</li> <li>WEEKLY SPIRITUALIST, Marysville, Calafornia; L. N. Ransom, publisher., Terms,</li> <li>\$5 per annum.</li> </ul>	to be well understood and appreciated, the whole course should be heard by the same individuals. It is particularly requested, therefore, that all those desirous of listen- ing to the main subject, should, if possible, be present at each lecture. I can assure the public, that this subject is no mere fancy of mine, but a sober, yet mighty RE- ALITY! Of this, I shall give the most indubitable evidence, in the above series of lectures. I bespeak for my thought, the listening ear, the willing, carnest heart, and such wisdom only, in judging, as such ear and heart may be able to command. CHELSEA, Mass, May S, 1857. 264-tf S. C. HEWITT. MIR. AND MRS. I. J. ATWOOD, SUCCESSFUL Magnetic Healing, Clairvoyant and Seeing Physicians and Me- diums, of several years constant practice, continue to examine, prescribe for and treat nearly all classes of disease; and having extensive accommodations, and good assistance, for treatment of invalids from abroad, feel free in soliciting public patron- age. Clairvoyant and magnetic syrups prepared and sent by expresss. TERMS-For Examination, \$3; including prescription and directions, \$5. Letters containing the fee, name and age of applicant, promptly answered. No. 36 COTTAGE-STREET, LOCKPORT, N. Y. 270-tf HEALING BY MAGNETISM.
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