"THE AGITATION OF THOUGHT IS THE BEGINNING OF WISDOM."

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Volume I.

NEW-YORK, SATURDAY, MAY 29, 1852.

Number 4.

Drinciples of Nature.

LETTERS TO A FRIEND, On Mesmeric Phenomena.

BY A LADY,

A gentleman has sent us for publication a series of Letters, written by a lady to her intimate friend, detailing a course of experiments privately conducted subjects of Mesmerism, Clairvoyance, &c.

themselves are sufficient vouchers of intelligence, culture, and zeal in philosophic investigation; and if I were at liberty to mention her name, family, and a wide publicity."

NUMBER ONE.

My dear Friend:

since I last wrote, I have been deeply interested move, asked her what she was eating. She at eleven o'clock the next day, from some book I accidentally met with "Townshend's Facts in from the hand of another was an inadvertent with the family, when they requested me to verted to a believer in that which it asserts and others, and on my requesting L. to drink, she of his most beautiful ballads, so full of simple describes. And although the author sometimes invariably selects that one. Extending her pathos, that none could hear them without being shows too much caution in his desire not to hand to the waiter, she lightly passes it over deeply moved. On finishing them, I rose and of a new path, and sometimes excites our impa- merized, when, guided by an unerring instinct, the door, when L. came in with a book in her tience at his want of faith in us and the power she selects and drinks from that. This have I hand, and, throwing herself down in a chair, of the truth he is revealing, by keeping back a tried innumerable times, and have never known commenced reading in the most rapid, unintelthe subject, could read that book and not feel ing induced her once or twice to drink it, that hurried on, and instantly I recollected that this its doubts quickly resolved into earnest ques- the taste of water not magnetized is extremely must be the hour, as it in fact proved to be. tionings-its derision and unbelief, into more disagreeable. Those around have often sud- Most mysterious influence, that can thus govern serious and philosophical investigation. But denly pinched or pricked me, or pulled my hair, the outward act, when thought and inclination be this as it may, it was sufficient to awaken in and L. shrinks, placing her hand on the corres- are all opposed! Her brother told me that, me strong faith, and, on closing the book, full ponding spot of her own head, and complaining. when she left the room with the book, her eyes of the enthusiasm and interest which it excited, Yet when the same is inflicted upon herself, she were still filled with tears. She could not have lently. There was a general laugh, in which and the large tears soon trickled from beneath but something seemed to impel me on."\* L. joined. But I proceeded, without heeding the closed lids. To my anxious inquiries she their incredulity, to the sofa, and in less than answered, "Oh, my ankle! my ankle! the fifteen minutes succeeded in putting my young pain in my ankle is dreadful!" I quickly disfriend into the mesmeric state of "sleep-waking." persed the influence, and when the eyes opened,
The coughing had ceased; the eyelids had that her face had regained its natural screnity; and

me that the influence was probably not quite dispersed so long as anything remained to be done, which the mesmerizer had willed. This idea had been suggested gently drooped yet peculiarly sealed look, which to my question if she felt in pain, she smilingly to him by a phenomenon he observed in one of his own they have not when asleep, or when closed while answered, "No, I never do so soon after being experiments. He, frequently, in the midst of the awake; and the whole figure was expressive of magnetized, you know." She was entirely un- sleep-waking, told his patients to wake up for a limited heavy and profound repose. She readily respond- conscious of having suffered, or of having ima- period. They would immediately open their eyes and ed to my lowest tone, but was entirely insensible to gined she suffered, at all. whatever was said by others. The family had now I sometimes mesmerize L. early in the even-never had questioned that they were awake. But, on gathered around, asking various questions and ing, and permit her to remain through the night one occasion, having sent his mesmerized patient into attempting in vain to arouse her. Her father, in the mesmeric sleep until a stated hour the a garden-which was at the distance of a mile from the who had ever ridiculed Mesmerism as the merest next morning, precisely at which she awakes. house to which she was confined by sickness—while she was wandering in the garden and admiring all delusion, now spoke, commanding her to answer; She will retire to her room and, with my assist- about her, he said, "Now wake up." She obeyed, but she was far beyond the reach of his voice; ance, make the necessary preparations for the and immediately said, "How came I here? I thought and to her mother's kind tones and requests night, ever with the eyes entirely closed, and I was at sister's." "And so you are," said he. she was, for the first time, deaf. Her father yet with the same facility as when awake. I "No," she replied, "I am in your garden." She had looked amazed and perplexed, but, I believe, have very frequently impressed upon her mind, was not convinced till, after my making the while in the mesmeric state, my wish that she real position and of the mesmerizer. At the expirareverse passes and awaking her, she assured should perform a certain thing at a stated hour tion of the number of minutes for which he had bid that she had been asleep, although she had sleep two hours. One who knew her uniform ing, when she was asleep, I told L. that I wished was so much struck with this, that he made many experiments of the kind, and always with the same ing, when she was asleep, I told L. that I wished rency of character, as he did, could no longer and, at ten, to read to me in Mrs. Shelley's hear any persons or things of which she was not conof Mesmerism; and if the pain continues in the my own room, that my presence should not prise and delight, when the influence was entirely

hand on the part affected.

mesmeric state, the sympathy of sensation with most mechanical manner, without its appearing the mesmerizer was fully tested. Her mother as the prompting of affection, kissed me. Some No sooner had I tasted it than L. began to eat. sister, and had entirely forgotten the second On my asking what she was doing, she replied, request, L. suddenly took-up Mrs. Shelley's "Eating an apple." It was silently changed work, and commenced reading toward the last for a pear-she said she was eating a pear; and part of the second volume. Oh, L., said I, by herself, mainly to satisfy her own mind upon the afterward, a peach was tried with the same don't read there; I know nothing of those charwere in such a relative position as that she she was acting upon the request of the night person, and unconsciously put it in my mouth. without making any reply to my entreaties, I had no thought of trying any experiment at when a glance from her sister recalled to me that moment; but L's brother, who was in the request, and I found the hour to be just ten.

chest, it soon passes away on my placing my recall to her mind what was to be done. Precisely at nine, my door opened and L. walked The following evening, while she was in the up to the table where I sat writing, and, in the handed me an apple, without speaking of it. time after, as I was conversing with herself and her or said of her, except by myself. Like the pressed her willingness to go, and when, after success. Indeed, I have subsequently tested acters. Still, without noticing my exclamation, "As to the writer," says our friend, "the letters this in many instances, and always when we she read on. Yet it did not occur to me that could not know by the ordinary means. Once, before, and I again said, I beg of you not to social position, it would at once secure for the letters when I was at the distance of a large room from read in that place, I dislike so much to hear her, I took a piece of flag-root from another the end of a story first. Yet still she persisted, You will be surprised when I tell you that, communication with her, on seeing her lips Another evening, I had told her to read to me, in Mesmerism-a power which I once supposed replied, "flag-root," although not a syllable which we were perusing together. Before as unreal as the fabled virtue of Aladdin's lamp. had passed in regard to it; for my taking it eleven, we were sitting in the parlor, together Animal Magnetism," and, as I read, I became act. I have frequently mesmerized a tumbler read aloud two pieces of Tennyson's poetry that interested, absorbed, at length convinced, con- of water and placed it on a waiter with many had been sent me by a friend. They were two startle his reader, for the bold and fearless pioneer the top of each, till she touches the one mes- went into the other room. Hardly had I closed part of his testimony of it, yet it seems to me her to mistake any other for the one magnetized; ligible manner. Oh, don't read that now, L., that no candid mind, however skeptical upon for mistake it would be, since I find, from hav- I said, it jars upon my feelings. But still she I exclaimed, "I can magnetize!" "Ah, well," is utterly insensible to it. Once, I inconside felt in the mood of reading, and when ques- with her. I have, in one or two instances, as cheerfully upon the poor man's cottage as said Mr. -, at whose house I was staying, erately mesmerized her while suffering myself tioned in regard to what had actuated her, I "if you can magnetize, there is a patient for severe pain in consequence of a sprained ankle. found she had no recollection of the promise of you," pointing to the sofa, where his daughter The danger of her sympathizing had not occur- the night before, but only felt, as she expressed was reclining. She had taken cold, and red to either of us. But as soon as she slept, it, "that this was to be done, and, indeed, dear was suffering from catarrh, and coughing vio- her face assumed an expression of intense pain, C., I wished to stop when you first asked me,

appear to be awake, and to be unconscious of anything that had passed in the mesmeric state, and he seemed to be in a third state, alike incognizant of her us she had not the slightest recollection of any- of the following day when awake; and never her wake up, her eyes closed. Again she was in the thing that had passed, and could scarcely credit has she forgotten or neglected the request. I garden, conscious of having been magnetized. He truth, her perfect ingenuousness and transpa- her to kiss me at nine o'clock the next day, found his patient could not be brought to see and doubt. On awaking, L. found that her cold "Last Man." She was to remain in the mes- scious when in the mesmeric state. He then referred and catarrh had left her. You are aware that meric state that night, till eight o'clock the she has been subject to cough for a year past; next morning. She was breakfasting a few winter, and, in the intervals, left with the eyes opened, yet she never coughs while under the influence minutes before nine, and I purposely retired to and committed to their own self-guidance. Their sur-

A few evenings since, I persuaded L., while mesmeric sleep, begged me to send her to the in the mesmeric state, to sit at the table and wedding party, and ascertain if she could detake tea with the family. It was a singular scribe the dress of the bride, since, as it was sight to see her sitting there, with closed eyes, fresh in her own recollection, she could judge unconscious of anything that was addressed to of the correctness of its description. L. exdead body at the Egyptian feasts, she seemed about two minutes' silence, she affirmed that to be among us, and yet not of us. The little she had arrived at the room, she was asked if circle was quite a gay one, and there was much she saw the bride. "Yes, there she stands," mirth and wit passing around, in which L. would she answered, as if she were really before her; have been foremost to partake, could it have and when asked to describe the dress, she gave reached her. But her imperturbable gravity, so minute and accurate a description as to conand the undisguised, childlike eagerness with vince the lady that nothing short of actual which she partook of the refreshments given vision could enable her to do it. She made but her, was quite amusing. The next morning, one mistake, which might easily have been she felt as great an appetite as if she had par- made by one there in bodily presence. She taken of no food during all that time, and ex- said, the bride held in her hand a white flower pressed her surprise that I should have permit- which looked like a very large white rose-it ted her sleeping so many hours without the was, in fact, a camella japonica. At another refreshment of the usual meal. Townshend time, she was requested to visit Boston. After mentions the fact, that however much the mes- describing what was afterward substantiated as merized eat, while in the mesmeric state, they true in regard to a friend, she spoke of the day are equally hungry when they wake up; and as being dark and rainy in Boston; whereas, in the dyspeptic can eat without subsequent op- Providence, it was pleasant. This, also, was pression. He explains it by supposing that the found to be correct. But perhaps I am only digestive functions are quickened to so great a multiplying wonders which you have not seen tions upon L. are in harmony with this.

the same room, though in the most loud and But, as I am regardless of even your ridicule, distinct manner, no sound reaches her; but while examining a subject involving such high on L., while the other is held by another per- you may yet hear from me again. son, who also holds a third by the hand, and so on, until the last placed a hand upon the shoulder of the player, the sound was conveyed to her so that she could name the different pieces that were played, though she said it freemen only, but of men, the narrow notion, sounded like music in the distance.

another person until they are, as it is technic- coarser earth, a thinner air, a paler sky? Does ally called, en rapport, or in communication not the glorious sun pour down his golden flood succeeded in stopping this communication by a upon the rich man's palace? Have not the powerful exertion of the will without speaking. cottagers' children as keen a sense of all the Once, when she was describing some place to a freshness, verdure, fragrance, melody, and lady, she was saying, "the scenery was very beautiful, but there was not enough"-then I kings! Or is it in the mind God has stamped willed that she should no longer speak to her, the imprint of a base birth, so that the poor and the word which was to complete the sen- man's child knows with an inborn certainty tence-water-was never uttered; and no ques- that his lot is to crawl, not to climb? tion or remark from that lady was again heard "It is not so. God has not done it. Man by her during the evening.

case, vary at different times. Sometimes she rich or poor. It heeds no bound of time or expresses her inability to go any where, or to see place, of rank or circumstances. It asks but any thing. At another time she accomplishes freedom. It requires but light. It is heavenall with ease. She has many times seen and born, and it aspires to heaven. Weakness does described the dress of those who entered the not enfeeble it. Poverty can not repress it. room after she slept. A few evenings since, a Difficulties do but stimulate its vigor. And the little girl came in and, without having spoken, poor tallow-chandler's son, that sits up all night stood at the head of the sofa upon which L. was to read the book which an apprentice lends him, lying. I requested her to look at the head of lest his master's eye should miss it in the mornthe sofa, and tell me if any one was there. ing, shall stand and treat with kings; shall bind "A little girl," she said. Owing to the posi- the lightning with an hempen cord, and bring it tion in which she laid, she could not possibly harmless from the skies. The common school have seen her, had her eyes been open. Has is common, not as inferior, not as the school for she anything upon her head? I asked. "Yes, poor men's children, but as the light and air is something that looks like a piece of cloth"\_\_ common. It ought to be the best school; and which was an exact description of a peculiar- in all good works the beginning is one-half. looking cape bonnet which she had on. It did Who does not know the value to community look like a large piece of cloth flung over the of a plentiful supply of the pure element of head, and descending upon the shoulders.

One evening, a lady called, on her return from a wedding visit, and finding L. in the

dispersed, in the spring, at beholding the verdure and blossoms, showed that it had been before but partially so; and, generalizing from these facts, he concluded, that the patient might not have passed entirely from the influence, in the case where a command is given, to be obeyed the next day.

degree, as to immediately assimilate the food and tested as I have, and which, therefore, with the juices of the body. My own observa- strike you as monstrous and improbable. Or, you may even come to the conclusion that I am When L's sister is playing upon the piano in suffering under some hallucination of mind. when we form a chain, by my placing one hand psychological truths as Mesmerism surely does,

### Bishop Doane on Education.

"We utterly repudiate, as unworthy, not of that there is to be an education for the poor She, of course, never hears anything said by as such. Has God provided for the poor a

can not do it. Mind is immortal. Mind is Her powers of clairvoyance, as is usually the imperial. It bears no mark of high or lowwater? And infinitely more than this is the common school; for it is the fountain at which the mind drinks, and it is refreshed and strengthened for its career of usefulness and glory."

> Science is a perception of the harmony which embeds all facts, of the unity which subtends all variety; and this perception does not exist out of the human mind .- HENRY JAMES.

# SPIRITUAL TELEGRAPH.

S. B. BRITTAN, EDITOR.

1. Let every man be fully persuaded in his own mind."

NEW-YORK, SATURDAY, MAY 29.

ALL BEING FREE, EACH MUST ANSWER FOR HIMSELF; AND WHERE NO RESTRICTIONS ARE IMPOSED, NO ACCOUNTABILITY WILL BE ACKNOW-

#### WHO IS RESPONSIBLE?

It is urged against the present spiritual movement, that it promotes fanaticism and insanity, and this objection is most strenuously insisted on by those who are profoundly unconscious of the real nature and claims of the subject. The editors of several of our exchange papers are accustomed to denounce the facts and all persons who are disposed to entertain such facts, or who may be presumed to regard the general subject with any degree of favor. If they have the vanity to presume that Angels and honest men will be silent, to gratify a foolish prejudice, we need only remind them that time and observation will correct the mistake without any effort of ours. If the alleged spiritual phenomena actually occur, no sensible and candid man will deny that the facts should be made known; nor do we believe that people are likely to be more rational when they are kept in ignorance. It certainly constitutes no valid objection to the general truth, that it has not hitherto been demonstrated to the satisfaction of these gentlemen. Comparatively but a small portion of the truth, now generally received, has been confirmed by the immediate or personal observation of all men. It requires the universal experience of Man to constitute the sum of the world's knowledge, and he who assumes, on the doubtful authority of his own consciousness, to measure the experience of the whole race, exposes his ignorance of human nature, and violates the great principles of Christian and Republican liberty.

We have neither time nor space to notice in detail the comments of some eight hundred exchange papers; nor is this necessary, as a few examples will suffice to comprehend the spirit, and it may be the letter, of the whole. Opinions founded on ideas are very scarce in some parts of the country, and the utterance of a single one awakens a thousand echoes. The following paragraph, which we cut from a leading editorial in the New-York Courier and Inquirer, of the 22d inst., may be taken as a type of a large class:

manifestation delusions of the day; and there is no reason to doubt that very many occur which are pre-Apprson has finely remarked, that "Babylon in ruins is not so affecting or so solemn a spectacle as an intellect overthrown." Who will say that the imposture itinerant charlatans. It has votaries scattered all fact gaining a foothold among the best accredited and most deplorable follies of the time.

them either gross fabrications, or such utter the exercise of her functions? perversions of the truth, that the elements of In this strange and unreasoning opposition to falsehood determined the character of the state- the mystical phenomena of our time, it is at such reports from immediate exposure.

We have no wish to disguise the fact that, course of Nature! men of unbalanced minds and impressible temperaments may allow themselves to be excited by this or any other cause. Persons who are highly imaginative are liable to become abstracted, by whatever takes a strong hold of the mind. That occasionally one of this class should exhibit an unwise indifference to his outward and last, have been religiously insane. Is reli- can make the necessary transposition.

gion false, or its legitimate influences questionable on that account? Is religion, in itself considered, answerable for their insanity? This will not be pretended. We have witnessed scenes of the wildest fanaticism in the church ; some Christians have unfortunately lost their reason, and others have obstinately refused to exercise what little they had; but Christianity is, nevertheless, a reasonable religion, and the rational believer is ever beautifully "elothed and in his right mind."

The question before us-that which involves the reality of spiritual experience-is one of fact, and never can be successfully controverted, unless the concurrent testimony of unnumbered witnesses can be vitiated. If it can be shown that one hundred thousand persons, many of whom are constitutionally skeptical and, at the same time, acknowledged to be among the most intelligent and discriminating minds in the country, are all deluded, by what the Courier is pleased to denominate the "Spiritual rapping humbug," we can no longer place the slightest confidence in human testimony. Establish this monstrous assumption, and henceforward no honest man, with either the fear of God before his eyes or the love of humanity in his heart, will presume, on such authority, to settle any question that concerns the life, liberty, or the property of his fellow. If so many persons, who have every earthly motive to silence and concealment, yet bear testimony to the occurrence of numerous facts of spiritual manifestations, when no such facts occur, then, too plainly, the whole system by which society attempts to vindicate the rights and to avenge the wrongs of men is a game of hazard, founded in the vilest imposture, and judicial obligations are ignorantly employed to perjure human souls. Then, indeed, is the Law but a miserable farce, too ridiculous to excite our special laughter, or, viewed in another phase, a tragedy, so deliberate, and yet so cold and horrible, that men of common nerves and human sympathies must shun the scenes of its administration, as they would fly from the dread images of death and hell.

Men of ordinary candor and intelligence, in all parts of the country, are disposed to admit that the alleged manifestations are real phenomena, depending on spiritual or natural causes hitherto unknown to the mass of mankind. Dr. RICHMOND, and other intelligent and scientific observers who do not admit the spiritual origin of the phenomena, still strenuously contend for the facts. They insist that the mighty forces of Nature are herein displayed; and if she speaks to us in mystic language from invisible realms, how vain and puerile are the efforts of men to In looking over our exchanges from different parts silence her voice! Nature will not, we appreof the country, we are struck with the frequency of hend, be likely to regard the sentiments of the reported cases of lunacy arising from the spiritual newspaper press. Her work will not be suspended or her peculiar modes of action materivented by friendly delicacy from being made public. ally modified to suit the vulgar pride and preju-It will do to laugh at hallucinations when they are dice of men. What if the manifestations simply ridiculous; but these, absurd as they are in occasionally excite alarm? Many other natural essence, are too serious in their effects for derision. phenomena have, in all ages, been a terror, not so much to those who have investigated and understood the philosophy of their causes, but which destroys mind is not more truly and more sadly to the ignorant. We once knew a man who a public calamity than the conflagration or the whirl- was rendered idiotic for life, by the occurrence wind which destroys matter? This "spiritual rap- of a violent tempest. We also well remember, ping" humbug is no longer confined to a little knot of that the extraordinary meteoric display which over the country, and has even beguiled a portion of occurred in the United States some eighteen the press into countenancing the fantastic tricks it years since-when the whole atmosphere was plays before high heaven. It has not only deceived filled with luminous bodies, falling like stars the ignorant and the weak, but has imposed upon men from heaven-spread terror among the ignorant of high capacities and large acquirements. It is in and superstitious everywhere. Saints and sinners thought the day of judgment had come, and some were so terrified by the scene, that We most emphatically deny that the genuine reason trembled and fled from her throne, in manifestations tend necessarily or at all to pro- several instances, to return no more. Thus duce the results alleged, and those who assert Nature, if the objector pleases, by her unguardthat the fact is otherwise are respectfully re- ed operations, produced all this mischief; and, minded that we are ready to hear the witnesses. since "Addison has finely remarked, that We have already taken the trouble to inquire 'Babylon in ruins is not so affecting or so into several of those cases, which have been solemn a spectacle as an intellect overthrown," most extensively published, and have found ought not Nature to be at once suspended from

ments. Two instances, in which the names of least distinctly implied that, it is the peculiar the persons and places were given, have been province of this portion of the secular press to refuted in these columns. The other cases, determine what is, and especially what is not, noticed in several of our exchanges, are suffi- discreet and proper in the operations of the ciently indefinite, owing to the omission of universe. Unless things go on more orderly names and localities, to protect the authors of hereafter, we may therefore expect that some indignant editor will publicly expose the present

We have not the requisite space in this connection, but shall hereafter endeavor to furnish a brief but decisive answer to the question which stands at the head of this article.

Error.-Our printer, who is as nearly infalduties and relations, is what we may rationally lible as men usually are, while in the flesh, expect. Moreover, the very men who denounce made a great blunder in "making up the the manifestations on this ground, almost rev- forms" of the Telegraph, last week. Six erence Science and Art, and not the less because lines-in the article entitled, "Nature a Book," men of genius, in their unreasoning devotion, &c .- occurring at the bottom of the fifth colhave, for these pursuits, neglected and forgotten umn on the third page, should have gravitated their earthly responsibilities, and even died of to their true position at the bottom of the first starvation in lonely garrets. Thousands, first column on the fourth or last page. The reader

come round with all the rest of the world, as well. Ever yours, for the Cause, when he can no longer be supposed to disbe-

W. S. Courtney

Writes us from Pittsburgh, Pa., as follows: "The spiritual phenomena hereabouts are rapidly spreading, and they are engaging the attention of the conservat ve party in Church and State. The manifestations are wonderful and unparalleled, and yet wonderful only to those who know little of the laws and economy of the spiritual world. The unmistakable signs of the times plainly indicated that a total revolution of the old theology and philosophy is near at hand, and a day of enfranchisement, of truth and good, of glory and beauty, as it is inmostly, is brightly dawning."

Exemplary Prudence.

We understand that Rev. Mr. PADDOCK, of Stratford, Conn., recently called on a lady of his parish—the lady had manifested a disposition to inquire into the claims of Spiritualismand admonished her to guard against being led away from the church; intimating, at the same time, that he had thought of looking into the tigation.

OLE BULL, the great Violinist, is giving a series of grand Concerts at Metropolitan Hall,

Norwich, Conn., May 19.

DEAR BRO. BRITTAN :- We are gladdened at the sight of the "TELEGRAPH," which comes, laries of spiritual winter. And it seems a very proper sheet-one calculated to answer the demands of a half-awakened people, staring out into the thick darkness, and catching but the netic atmosphere, highly attractive, about the paper—whether from the open, bold and happy who are battling against any encroachments of which had then existed during forty days, would the prevalent Theology, or whether because of of the 19th of July; that the range of the thermomethe cool and wholesome contrast of its happy ter would not sink before that hour; that the heat face to that of the beclouded and repulsive vis- would not be so great again, during that season; and ring in his own family. He expressed his great hesiage of the many, so called, religious newspapers, that the change would be characterized by the occurwhich seem made for nothing better than to rence of a cool breeze, which would begin in the upper the manifestations he had seen. At times he knew not chill and kill out the natural joyousness of the

Poe, and his sweet poem, in number one of the TELEGRAPH. How appropriate! how like him! How evidently truthful the picture that he happy, happy Home !- the angel presence-the harp so naturally "left reclining 'gainst the door "-the sweet surprise, the doubt, the rapture of his found Lenore !-all together form a tableau which tunes the soul to joy.

life-to have escaped the palsy and the rheum of senility-passing from a form of beauty to his soaring pinions in the flood

"Of that river, brightly glowing, From eternal fountains flowing, Where the tree of life is growing, Evermore."

Happy Poe!

We are steadily advancing, hereabouts, in the thousand obstructions which arise from the misand the weakness, amid which we are reared, still we are advancing. Some there are, who, equilibrium in the strife of conflicting thought, pushing for the prize, which is Truth. They there are, who seem like deep sleepers, suddenly aroused by startling raps at the door, -confused, uncertain, anxious. The time for them, too, will come. Their work can no man do for them, prophet or priest, salaried or otherwise; each man's work must each man do-sooner or later and any exemptions, free lists, atonements what-

has passed a week with us, lately, and during still more distinct and different is the prevision of the An intelligent correspondent, writing from a that time, the angels' visits were neither few passional degree, where intuition supersedes reason, distant city, says: "Among the indications of nor far between. Many, doubtless, were conevery human being is attended by spiritual in- as the necessary sequence of the "great and telligences of good or evil influence. His peo- benificent tendency which irresistably streams" ple, who thought he was going to avow himself along the pathway of the race. " Allah Akbar !" a receiver of the new faith, listened in amaze- saith the devout Mussulman-"God is Great!"

BULKELEY.

# MARRIED

On the 21st inst., at Bristol, R. I., by Rev. J. Trapwell, Asa Rogers, Esq., of Hartford, Ct., and Miss SARA ROGERS, daughter of William Henry D'Welf, of Bristol.

#### NEW-YORK CONFERENCE,

FOR THE INVESTIGATION OF SPIRITUAL PHENOMENA

[WEEKLY REPORT.]

Friday Evening, May 14, 1852. Present-Charles Partridge, H. H. Hall, Melancton B. Ackerman, J. K. Ingalls, Wm. H. Sager, T. B. Tompkins, Mrs. R. Burton, J. H. McCoun, R. Ryen, Joseph T. White, Dr. H. E. Schoonmaker, R. W. Beach, I. S. Hyatt, J. N. Stebbins, John White, F. F. Carey, Dr. John F. Gray, R. Reed, Wm. Fishbough, H. E. Billings, D. H. Jacques, S. K. De La Vergne, Dr. Reh, Dr. J. H. Allen, D. Minthorn, E. D. E. Greene, J. T. S. Smith, Dr. R. T. Hallock, William Austin, and ten

The following communications, through E. P. Fowler as a medium, were read. They were made on the 7th, 8th and 10th of May inst. The mode by which they were given is somewhat peculiar to him. The spirit dictating stands by his side, utters the words and simultaneously with their utterance, furnishes subject, but fearing that he might be convinced, the light by which he sees to write. In this way was he had at length resolved to abandon the inves- given, first, an unfinished essay on Sleep; second, a communication on Prevision; and third, an essay on the double functions of the Cerebral Organs, and their spiritual and physical relations.

Broadway, assisted by the Germania Musical to, will be found under their appropriate head, on the next page of this paper. ]-ED.

Mr. Fishbough related a case of prevision in which the person, (a lady residing in Williamsburg,) was able to foretell the death of sundry individuals. In the case of her own mother, and while the mother was in apparent health, she was impelled by an internal like the Spring and the sunshine, giving new impression, while in a trance-like state, to go to the life to hearts long encased in the icy formu- burial ground, some three miles distant, and select a spot for the interment of the body; and while standing on the ground, she saw the whole funeral procession; the order of its march, the number and appearance of the different carriages, &c., composing it, the manner of its entering the yard, and in fact the whole faintest glimpses, hitherto, of God and future scene just as it afterward took place. The body was life, from the uncertain glimmer of the estab- buried in the precise spot upon which she had stood. lished rushlights. There seems a sort of mag- This peculiarity is hereditary. She has relatives in Orange county, one of whom, on a similar occasion, walked ten miles on a similar errand.

Dr. Gray related an instance of successful prevision assurance of its worthy proprietor, or whether on the part of a clairvoyant, which occurred during because, under the favor of the Good Spirit, it his investigation of that subject, in 1845. The claircomes so opportunely to cheer the trustful few voyant announced that the great drought and heat, air early in the morning, and descend into the streets what to think. He took the Bible for his standard of

contradict the doctrine contained in one of the comby virtue of their temperament, seem disposed but, in order to a right apprehension of its truth, it is one under it, so that all could see everything that was to try the thickest of the battle, and find their indispensable that we observe closely the triple order done. At their request the table was moved, as before. of the human mind, and not confound the three dis- He remarked that his children had been frightened crete degrees, of which it is constituted. Until we recently, so that it required some persuasion to get can master the doctrine of degrees, we shall not be them to sit as mediums, in consequence of some disordo their best, and have their reward. Many able to understand Swedenborg, nor can we reconcile derly manifestations which occurred in a neighboring the apparent contradiction above alluded to. The family, affecting the medium; but in all the varied three degrees of the human mind are, the Sensual, manifestions at his own house, nothing had been done the Rational, and the Passional: the first takes exhibiting an evil disposition or intention. cognizance of Effects merely; the second, of Causes and their Effects; the third, of Ends, Causes, and Ef. derly manifestation, alluded to by Mr. Austin, that it feets. These several degrees are successively devel- ought to be remembered that our forces are used by oped in man; although, in the present life, very few spirits in their manifestations, and that if we are filled comes the turn in Destiny's wheel, 'spite of all have risen above the first or sensual degree. Even in by fear, or otherwise much disturbed, the manifestathis degree there is prevision, or a foresight of the tions may become turbulent and unpleasant. He future, as of the night, of winter, and of other sensual thinks calmness and good order will always ensure There are very many partial mediums, for from the prevision of the rational degree, wherein phenomena; but this is entirely distinct and different perfectly satisfactory and agreeable results. the sounds and for writing, here. D. D. Hume causes are the paramount objects of attention; and

and ends, causes, and effects, are all perceived at a glance. From this it may be seen, that those who progress I may mention the fact that one of our verted, and the believers strengthened. We have not yet emerged from the merely sensual plane most conservative preachers recently delivered could not reasonably ask for a more rapid fur- of life can have but a very limited knowledge of the a sermon on guardian spirits, declaring that therance of the good work, than seems to come future, and that to them, while in that state, "it is not given by the Lord," &c. But as a person progresses and becomes more interiorly developed, or is elevated into the higher degrees of life, he enters also into the exercise of the faculty of prevision--which faculty must always be in exact correspondence to ment; but he was only preparing the way to Oh, that Christendom could feel the truth of it, the degree in which he is. Hence we have an explanation of the interesting facts cited by Mr. Fishbough and Dr. Gray. A highly developed spirit in the Spirit-world, to whom causes and effects are intimately present, adjoins himself to some passively organized person in this world, and induces upon such person the abnormal state of prevision. Hence we have a solution of the mysteries of clairvoyance, and a large class of extraordinary mental phenomena. Those instances of prevision, which have been spoken of, are very significant hints to us, indicating the mighty faculties which lie latent within us, inviting a preparation on our part for their orderly development and blissful activity, that we may thus enter into possession of the exalted birthright which we all inherit from the beneficent Father of our common humanity. Dr. Hallock thinks the communication on Prevision

asserts a great fact, and gives an obvious and valid reason for it. He thinks the author uses the word "know" in its most definite and positive sense; as if he had said, it is not given, &c., to know, absolutely, the future. The events in the future have their causes in the past, as the trunk and branches of a tree have their roots in the ground, and to the extent that we know causes we can predict effects. But we are in a universe which is an infinitude of causes and effects; to comprehend all causes therefore, we must be infinite. like the mind which projected them. But this is impossible, and therefore man can not know, absolutely, the future. He can not know all the causes which may modify the origin or cause he is contemplating, as connected with the event he is predicting. He coincides with the tenor of the article under consideration, that the ability to know, absolutely, the future, would be the worst gift that could be conferred upon a man. It would prevent all spiritual growth and all intellectual expansion. The mind grows by the healthy exercise of its powers. It digests and assimilates ideas, as the The several communications here referred stomach does food. Facts and principles are its nourishing elements; thought is its exercise; growth the result. Suppose, when in doubt as to what we should do in any given case, we could have it instantly solved by a ray of absolute knowledge of its result, as the darkness of night is obliterated by the morning sun; all we would have to do in that case, would be to look; the only faculty we should need, would be the power to see, and very soon we should have no other, for unused mental powers, like an unused muscle, are ever becoming weaker, in the ratio of their inactivity. In our spiritual intercourse, if we had an infallible oracle to direct us when in doubt or difficulty, the result to us would be the same. And to this point he would respectfully call attention. Spirits can not know all the future, for the reason shown. They are created, finite. human beings still, and can not grasp infinitude. To rely upon them implicitly in all cases, therefore, would be vain; and to do so in matters strictly within the scope of our own faculties and energies would be foolish. Those who try the experiment, he thought, would be conducted back to the resumption of their own mental powers, through the paths of deep mortification and self-humiliation.

Mr. Fishbough says, strictly speaking, there is no such thing as fore-knowledge; for the archetypes of all future events exist, germinally, now.

Mr. Austin related many interesting facts, occur-

at the hour foreseen. The prediction, which was faith; had been for twenty-five years a member of the heart, by the "melancholy menance of their strictly fulfilled in all respects, was made on the eve- Baptist church, and for some time a deacon. Was ning of the 13th, five full days ahead of time. The under dealings, and expected to be expelled from the And that reminds me of the gifted, brilliant doctor happened to have been called over to Williams- church, in consequence of what had transpired in his burgh, at a very early hour on the morning of the family-the charge against him, being, that he had 19th; and from the highest ground of that village, he communication with the devil! He states, that about observed that the column of smoke which arose from six weeks since a relative came to his house from the great fire of '45, then raging at its apex, (some Norwich, Conn., with his daughter, a reputed medidraws of his waking in the blissful bowers of the 300 feet above Trinity spire,) trended landward at a um. Manifestations occurred through her. After sharp angle, showing that in the upper air a strong she left, the family formed a circle, and tables and sea breeze was already prevailing; whilst the chim- chairs were moved about by an invisible force. A ney smokes from all parts of the city, slowly moved heavy, old-fashioned table is often moved while the toward the sea, as they had been doing for six weeks family are taking their meals; and in some instances previously, day and night. Miss Austin, the clair- he has requested that it might be left still until they voyant, had often asserted at former sittings, that were through eating, which was always complied with. Happy Poe !- one is tempted to exclaim-to there was no such thing as vaticination, and Dr. Gray He had observed, that however violent the motion of have reached thus early the plane of his higher urged this upon her attention, at the moment of her the table at those times, none of the liquids upon it foretelling the atmospheric change, to which she were ever spilled; but they had tried if they could replied that the event of which she spoke, had already move it in the same way, with a like result, without transpired in the spiritual atmosphere, and was there- success-the fluids were spilled, whenever they proone more comely still, -while yet the rudimen- fore not foreseen; but the clairvoyance enabled her to duced a movement of the table in imitation of the intal life was sweet within him, to have bathed compute the time that would clapse before the spirit- visible agency referred to. Five of his children are ual change would reach the earth-atmosphere. She mediums. The most remarkable of them for physical reasserted, on this occasion, as a maxim of all clair- manifestations are a little boy of about five years and voyant experience, that all events in the natural or a girl of eight years of age. He has often seen the material regions, had their causes in the spiritual little boy amuse himself when alone, by asking the world, and that it was only after the former had spirits to move his play things; a box or table or anytranspired that the latter could be seen as necessary thing upon which he would lay his hands. He has seen him do this while at play in the yard, entirely Mr. John White said, that the facts of prevision, as alone, and express great pleasure at the celerity with good faith. Making due allowance for the stated by Mr. Fishbough and Dr. Gray, did not really which they would comply with his request. On one occasion while the table was being moved as usual, a conceptions, the false teachings, the ignorance munications just read, namely, "It is not given by person present said," If they will move that table the Lord for man to know the future," &c., although with a man on it, then I will believe." His son, a there is an apparent antagonism between the facts young man then seated himself, like a tailor, upon the and the doctrine. Swedenborg teaches this doctrine; table, and he placed a lamp on, and at the same time

Mr. Partridge remarked, in reference to the disor-

Adjourned to meet as usual.

R. T. HALLOCK, Sec'y.

### "The Spirit giveth life."

THE GOSPEL OF FREEDOM. BY THOMAS L. HARRIS.

I saw a Spirit, Godlike, vast and glorious Upon the summit of the Ages stand ; His countenance of light, his brow victorious Shone with a Love no mortal might withstand. His voice went forth, in vast reverberations Over each isle and continent and sea. Waking enrapturing earth's down-trodden nations With God the Father's great command-"BE FREE!"

And there was silence for a space in Heaven, And the mute Scraphim gazed far abroad, And saw earth's ancient darkling stillness riven, And the wide nations hear the voice of God. And as the mandate of that mighty Angel Fell sunlike on the hearts and souls of men The Scraphs echoed Freedom's great evangel, And the vast concave sounded back-" AMEN !"

Thus came in my vision adown the swift years, The voice of the Angel to me-

" Be Free ." saith the Spirit who ruleth the spheres That circle eternity's sea.

Like light to all worlds from the Infinite Sun Flows the Word to all natures that be, And it moveth and waketh all Nations as one, And their hearts all reecho-" BE FREE!"

But fetter the Soul in its sleep; Like the sea-snakes far down in the deep; From the sloth that doth eat and the vices that tear The strength and the splendor from thee, Arise! as the lion springs forth from his lair, In the strength of thy Manhood, " BE FREE!"

That learn thee to fear and to hate; From the Priest who sits throned in the Juggernaut car And launches out curses at thee,

As he rides on his ruin-spread path from afar-Arise! in thy Godhood-"BE FREE!"

From the wolfish Ambition that learns thee to rear O'er thy brother's crushed spirit a throne, From the thirstings for gold that would learn thee to Thy warm heart till it heardens to stone; [sear From the darkling distrust that would drive thee afar From the Natures all kindred to thee, Come forth, as from Night comes the Morn's golden

In thy Holiness come, and " BE FREE!" Be Free in the Truth that comes down from above As glory flows down from the sun, And shows the wide Universe dwelling in Love,

And God and Humanity one. A Spirit art thou in thy garments of clay, The Heavens are open to thee,

And Angels look on thee with eyes like the day-Lift thine eyes, and behold, and "BE FREE!"

Be free in the Love that eternal pours forth From thy spirit's divinest profound, As the infinite ocean encircles the earth, Let its billows Humanity bound. With a heart and a hand, and a smile and a tear, And a blessing for all things that be, In beauty move on through thy Duty's wide sphere, From envy and hatred "BE FREE!"

Be free in the Strength that the Hero puts on, When he tramples the thrones in his wrath; Let the Nations rejoice in the way thou hast gone, Let the dungeons fall down in thy path.

And stay not thy footsteps and sheathe not thy brand, Till love reigneth over each jubilant land, And each heart clings to heart, and each hand joins And a voice, like the voice of the sea, [to hand, "IT IS FINISHED!" responds to the Father's command,

And the Earth, like the Heaven, Is FREE!

### ESSAYS BY THE SPIRITS.

The following communications, through Mr. Fowler, will be found to possess an intrinsic interest which will commend them to the particular attention of the more convincing to the rational mind than all external claims and verbal pretensions .- [ED.

Essay on Sleep. mind, has long been, and still is, a study of form to ideas which to them are original, or to much interest both to you and us. While yet become an active member of a theoretic society. in the first sphere of my existence, I made this This plan should be adopted, as when there is subject one of much reclusive study. While a large development of this procreating faculty, there I did not fully determine whether the there must, in some way, be a healthy amount soul of man, coevally with the body, passed in- of egress, or like a confined self-expanding eleto a periodical semi-death-in which case ment of nature, it must eventually sunder its tion to give the world such a collection of facts dreams would be the consequence only of a confines to the destruction of the surrounding as you propose, and will gladly aid in it to the partial recovery to life; or whether the mind, objects. receded from the world-side, closes its earthly Alimentiveness, also, is an organ which is by you, of course, free to decide how much of that portals, and opens through into the land of no means confined to physical effects. This which I shall communicate to you it will be Spirit-life. As before said, I made this the faculty is called into operation as fully in de- proper or desirable to publish. Being educated profound study of many years of my earth-life, vouring and digesting the ideas of others, as in a Quaker, I very early in life became a curious and passed from thence with an unsettled mind the act of devouring and digesting corporeal speculator and inquirer about "spiritual imrespecting it. Succeeding the novelty of a new bodies; and when it has been taxed in one of pressions," as well as a very promising subject existence, my mind very naturally recurred to these ways, it should be allowed a chance of of them, and a vague idea haunted me that they the subject with which it had been so exten- reinvigorating before taxed in the other manner. were really not direct from God, but some lesser after; and I am conscious of uttering truth by yourselves. when I say, that nine hundred and ninety-nine That [this] is for your brother. out of every thousand, of those who have adopt- Communicated to E. P. Fowler, May 10th. I had withal no taste for common ghost sto-

ed the modern religion and fragmentary Hebraic revelations, have doubts, not unlike those which I have described as my own. And here I will eatien from Brooklyn, though the parties whose names take occasion to remark that there is much are signed to the statement are personally unknown misunderstanding of these traditions arising from to us. - [Eo. an extreme unfamiliarity respecting the idioms of the language at the time of their dates. A revision and rectification of these writings will of Spiritual Manifestations" as a humbug, until ere long occupy our attention.

care of that part of spirit peculiar to the vegetable One thought that they must be performed by kingdom; and itself, still retaining an umbilical some collusion; another, that it was an old wountarily passes, for the time, beyond its earth- At length the time expired, and I informed From the Pleasures that woo with their azure-veined body, the operations of the mind are much less give them an insight into the other world. I [arms, circumscribed than while operating through the commenced, as nearly as I can recollect, as From the Sirens that lurk in the wine-cup's red charms, earthly sensorium; but the plane of thought and research, although more extensive, is no more elevated than your earth-plane. Here, then, is another incentive in elevation of thought and purpose, in addition to those which our From the Creed, whose red leaves are all blistered with friend has already given you; for a life, of [lies which you are scarcely aware, forms the major From the shrines that have rung with the martyrdom part of your individuality, and the character of violently. One, more frightened than the rest, Of the Pure, and the Good, and the Great; [cries this life is analogous to your earth-life. Dreams exclaimed, "Oh, Lord forgive me!" After are a result of-

[Here this interesting communication was abruptly terminated.]-ED.

Imparted by a spirit, to E. P. FOWLER, on the night of May 7th, 1852.

#### Prevision.

I desire to revert you to a truth, which was given me for the world, while yet in the body. A spirit said unto me, "Manifest and reveal future events, and we will have faith." The truth of which I speak, is my answer, which was, Such things are not given by the Lord; since, as far as man knows the future, so far his reason and understanding with his prudence and wisdom sink into indolence, become torpid, and decay.

Given to E. P. F., Saturday, May 8th.

#### Dual Function of the Cerebral Organs.

The faculty known by Phrenologists as Amativeness, is not, in man, the life-seat only of the power of physical procreation, but it is also the life-seat of mental procreation. However great may be the intellectual range of faculties, unless there be a full development of the faculty of procreation, there can be no genuine mental birth. Such a combination may readduce and, if Constructiveness be large, reconstruct or remodel the ideas of others; but his own remain in embryo until this faculty of procreation be- portant as the above. I shall prepare a series comes developed.

cult to one deficient in this faculty, than to one in whom it is fully developed; for the reason that his knowledge must all be an importation, sion referred to in the foregoing statement, and whereas the other is a home manufacturer, as well as an importer of ideas.

If much mental procreation is an end, it is Thomas Wilson, John Connelly. reader. The internal evidence of their origin is far desirable that the force of this faculty be not expended physically, as all thus expended is a withdrawal from the mental. For those who which I have read over and over again: "The Three have a physical excess of this faculty, nothing The phenomenon of Sleep, as connected with can be of more benefit than writing-giving

sively preoccupied. I was not so much sur- In no way can this faculty be enfeebled-the angel-spirits in the flesh, or who some time prised as rejoiced to find that facts predicated result of which is both mental and physical dys- had been. I was, I suppose, what would now the last proposition, which was upon earth my pepsia-so speedily as by the severe mental be called a partial medium; had visitations favorite one, but which I had hardly dared to action of this faculty, in immediately succeed- which astonished wiser heads than my own cherish: for, although I was a member of the ing its physical exertion. One in whom the impressions which often controlled my move modern institutions of mythology, I am free to action of this faculty is physically excessive, ments, restraining me in the pursuit of someadmit that the act of assenting thereunto, was an should occupy much time in the study of books thing I afterward saw to be erroneous; or sud-

of arousing the anger of my God-in chance as well as a physical field of action. Not only which I could not account for, and heard voices there should be a future life-was all that pre- of these two faculties of man is it true that there issuing from places where I "looked and saw vented me from entertaining serious queries is a two-fold action, but of all. We have ex- no similitude." All of these were received by respecting the existence of a God or an here- pressed to you the idea, which can be elaborated myself, and some others, as premonitions of a

Unexpected Manifestations.

We cheerfully give place to the following communi-

BROOKLYN, May 25, 1852. Ms. EDITOR :- I have regarded the doctrine yesterday afternoon. I was sitting in the segar But to return: I found that mind was ever store of Daniel Fordham, in Smith street, in busy-that, closing its earthly portals and company with other gentlemen, when the conegressing through its spiritual, it left its body in versation naturally turned to "the Rappings." relation, found fields of thought in other climes man's science; and various views were expressand other worlds. The products of these re- ed, until I was asked for my opinion. I presearches are not deeply graven upon the earthly ferred remaining quiet, and listening to the tablet of memory, but they are on our spiritual, observations of others; but they influenced me and will become visible when you enter the to speak, by their repeated requests, and, withrealms from whence they came; and even in out due deliberation, I said that "it was performyour earth-life, they become visible in part ed by electricity or animal magnetism; and," I upon your memory-tablet when your mind is continued, "suppose I converse with the spirturned within. But the extent must be limited, its?" A loud roar of merriment succeeded for the mind can barely engrave a glance upon this. I at length prevailed on them to form a the earth-memory, ere it necessarily and invol- circle, and sit patiently for a quarter of an hour. bounds. During these lethargic spells of the them that I was ready, and should, no doubt,

Am I a medium?

Three successive raps followed. In an instant we all sprang to our feet, very much alarmed; but, in a short time, we regained our courage, and again seated ourselves. We stared each other in the face, our hearts throbbing becoming quiet, I resumed the communication with the spirit, and asked a series of questions, which were all answered as well as I, or any one in the circle, could have answered. Among the questions were the following:

Who are you?

(Answered alphabetically)-" Lawrence Corbett,\* the infidel."

Are you in heaven?

Three raps then followed.

Are you happy?

"Rap, rap, rap."

Were you ever punished for your sins on

"Rap, rap, rap."

In what manner?

It then spelled, "By being debarred the pleasure of seeing God."

Is there any hell, such as is mentioned in the

In what manner do you employ yourselves? "In singing and praying."

Is there no other occupation?

Can any thing enjoyed on earth be enjoyed in heaven?

I asked numerous questions, to which I obtained correct answers, but which are not imof questions, and shall write down the answers Acquisition of knowledge is much more diffi- returned, which I may hand over to your paper. CLARENCE LINDEN.

> The undersigned were present on the occacertify that the same is true.

JEREMIAH QUAIDE, DANIEL W. FORDHAM,

\* Lawrence Corbett was an Englishman, born in in One," " Nature is God," and " Moral Suasion."

### Interesting Spiritual Experience.

The following communication was one among others, received in answer to the Circular to which we had occasion to refer in our second number.

I am rejoiced that you have it in contemplaextent of my experience and ability, leaving external, earthly work, which corresponded not which require much mental digestive labor. denly opening to me an entirely new field of to the consciousness within. In fact, the fear | Each faculty in man has a mental or spiritual, ideas and hopes. I also frequently saw lights future call to the ministry, as they corresponded with some very decided impressions.

ries, believing that no spirit, either good or evil, on earth, written upon it in clear daylight, while could make itself visible to our bodily eyes; and no one was in the room but the medium and feeling the same contempt for every thing of the myself, while her hands (and toes, too, if you sort that the Quaker poet expresses, in regard please) were in a position to make it entirely to the witch of Endor raising Samuel, I found impossible for her to do it. nothing to satisfy me; ghost stories were gro- As to electrical currents, my head has fretesque and improbable; the Quaker doctrine of quently been touched, when, at the same time, spirits, limited and vague; and German Illu- persons present, of the most reliable character, mination, out of my reach.

was brought very near, and became a subject of me, a strong man, who leaned upon it, was longing inquiry to me, by the passage of one, shocked so that the movement in the muscles of very dear to me, into its awful and inexplicable his arm was visible. I might add that the man shadow. Night and day, it was the one all- was Mr. H. C. WRIGHT, whose character for absorbing desire of my heart to find means of honesty will not be questioned. I have heard approaching him who had "died and made no tunes rapped out, alone, and as an accompanisign;" leaving me without a word of warning or ment to singing, with almost as true a regard to farewell, (himself having no definite faith in time, as Signor Benedict has, in daylight, and the independent existence of spirits,) for that when only a few well-known and reputable per-"bourne whence no traveler returns," as the sons were in the room. Also part of a tune desolating fiat has gone forth.

many days' duration, that, I suppose, would be light was admitted for me to assure myself that termed ecstacy; during which, my spiritual no one could do it. and outward existence changed places, in a None of the manifestations I have spoken of, manner-the spiritual becoming more and more intense and fixed; the other, uncertain, dream-

Once, during the time I speak of, I was sitting alone, about eleven o'clock at night, entirely lost in thought about the present state of J-, wholly free from excitement, and in a religiously hopeful and tranquil state; but yet possessed with a powerful longing to pierce the evinced a high order of intelligence, not pervail which separated us, and win my way, at haps transcending that of any one present, but once, to his home; when, suddenly, a light shone different; giving evidence of a will and a charupon the wall-a soft, mild light-and in it was acter of mind, entirely distinct from, and indemost clearly and distinctly traced the form I so pendent of any one present. They have never longed again to behold. The resemblance was seemed, however, to aim to astonish with proso perfect; the vision so real, even to the very found wisdom, while we are ignorant even of the expression of the eyes, and mouth opened as if means through which it is conveyed; they have about to speak; the answer to my prayer so not professed to be teachers, but ministers of love natural, that I was not surprised or excited, and consolation. When I asked for instrucand not till the vision passed, more swiftly than tion, they have reminded me of the necessity of it came, did I awake to a sense of the strange- | self-reliance, and of not trusting to any oracle ness of it; and, more from a habit of doubting, from any spirit in the flesh or out, prefering not questioning and investigating every thing, than to interfere with the exercise of my free will in from any present doubt of the reality of that, I any way but by strengthening my love for the set about assuring myself that no one could pos- beautiful and true, by direct impression upon sibly have been near with a light, or entered my spirit. my room in that way. Beside, the lower part In many instances I have witnessed an amusof the figure was in deep shadow, while the ing diversity among spirits (as they purport to whole, covered only by a light drapery, was be) of opinions, creeds, &c., and frequently raised some inches from the floor, and floated quite as diverse from the opinions and creeds of noiselessly. It bore no sort of resemblance to any one present. Neither is their modesty about any one who could have been near; in short, it offering directions and advice, universally prevawas himself. If it was a creation of my fancy, lent among them; on the contrary, there I never could believe in the reality of any thing seems to be quite an amount of this world's again. The light was clear and positive as ever bigotry and dogmatism among some of them. was moonlight or lamplight, bringing out objects near me most distinctly, on a pitchy dark night. add anything about my own conclusions in After this time, impressions were mostly made regard to the manifestations above alluded to; upon my spirit in dreams. Once, I dreamed they must be known, however, from the facts; of visiting him, and finding him engaged teach- let others draw such as they are able to. ing a company of children, among whom was a little niece, in perfect health at that time, for aught I knew to the contrary. I said, with surprise, "Mary here! how happens that?" "I brought her," he replied; and the next letter from her father informed us of her dangerous illness. I at once told my sister she would die, and mentioned, as the cause of this conviction, some impressions I had, but did not tell her what they were. Soon afterward, she died; and another sister who was with her, and called?" they asked; "Uncle J.?" She sisters, previous to her death.

I first heard of the new manifestations of "physical force," or whatever force it may be, which was said to be exerted through an invisible agency, in connection with the Fox family, and although it is not my habit to charge people with "fraud, deception," &c., until they have been proved guilty of it, I set it down as a delusion, as all do who are ignorant of its operations. Mrs. Fish was the first medium I ever yet pass: count ye, O, MIND, each particle of saw, and in her presence, I asked many mental earth's composition until ye roam in numerical questions, which no one could have supposed were in my mind, some of which, as I know, were correctly answered, and others, whether correctly or not, manifestly to the point; Mrs. Fish, of course, never having heard of me before, and not knowing my name. Some of the communications through the alphabet, were not called forth by any question, but made voluntarily, and with reference to matters with which lutely perfect, what does the term imply? Is other members of the circle, I know, were un- it not used to designate the termination of proacquainted.

of physical force, when no human hand could the power nor the will to create. Even had he have applied it, such as the moving of tables the power, what would be the object? If the and chairs, opening and shutting of doors. I attainment of perfection involves the cessation have, in my possession, a card with the name of progression, what would be life? would it of the spirit I was most interested in while here not cease?

averred my hair was moved electrically; and About nine years ago, the world of spirits when raps were being made upon the table for played on a guitar in a darkened room, but near These longings of mine induced a state, of a door, through the chink of which sufficient

could have been produced by collusion; and, decidedly, I could discover no motive on the part of any one present, to deceive, but the reverse; besides, the character of the parties has been such as, in my mind, precludes the possibility of it.

The communications I have received, have

I have lengthened this too unreasonably to

Yours, very truly,

P. S. Perhaps I did not succeed in bringing out as clearly as I wished to, the point that, at the time of seeing the vision first alluded to, I had never heard of Swedenborg, more than twice or thrice in my life, and then treated his revelations as a joke. Also, in regard to the dream, a fact is omitted, which I intended mentioning. One of the mental questions I put to her mother—to whom I had never breathed the spirit of J—, was, "Were you, at any peany thing but a fear she would die-communicated to me the fact that, after the last struggle seemed to be passed, and she had sunk in a deathly left to the destruction of the deathly left to the deathly left deathly lethargy, her speech gone, as they phabet was called for, and the following sentence three times, in a loud, clear voice. "Who you were with me at the time." This occurred in the presence of Mrs. Fish, who, not knowing smiled, nodded assent, and died. The little that I had put any question, was evidently girl of whom I speak was the daughter of Dr. amazed and disconcerted at the form of the A. Brooke, of Ohio. I had made known this communication. I had taken pains not to give dream to some friends, but not to either of the her the slightest clue to my history, or particular object in seeking these interviews.

New Garden, Pa. E. A. L.

# A Thought from the Spirit of Channing.

Centuries buried beneath centuries, and ages lost in number, have found a home in the unsealed Past; and still the OBJECT of creationinfinity, and figures' become meaningless-until ye have attained a position far excelling, in perfection, the God that your feeble fancy now sculptures-and still ye are in but the morn o progression.

### Perfection.

Supposing that man had been created absogression? An absolutely perfect being must be I have also seen a great variety of exhibitions more than a god-a being which God has not

# Miscellaueaus Department.

## A Singular Phenomenon.

account of a remarkable phenomenon :

We have a case which we were prompted to philosophical inqury.

gave their consent to the autopsy, and his physician, Dr. Fox Smith, who with the assistance of Dr. Sherriden, Dr. Hale and others, performed the operation, we obtained the following particulars:

its birth to the moment in discussion, it had Boston Bee. nursed, cried, smiled, showed signs of consciousness, in short, as evidently as any infant, possessing an independent and distinct vitality. But after this moment, it never nursed, it never cried, it never smiled, it never showed again a sign of consciousness. Its eyes remained hermetically sealed, its mouth closed, and all physiological functions terminated.

preserved the body of the dead one.

he was like ordinary children.

published in some of the medical journals.

# DEATH AND SLEEP.

BY KRUMMACHER.

Sleep and the Angel of Death upon the earth. It was evening. They laid themselves down sat these two beneficent genii of the human race, and soon the shades of night gathered around affections. them. Then arose the angel of Sleep from his moss-grown couch, and strewed with a gentle subject of a report, with which the academies of Gerhand the invisible grains of slumber. The evening breeze wafted them to the quiet dwelling of the tired husbandmen, enfolding in sweet sleep

tiful is our silent calling!" So spake the friendly angel of slumber. The angel of Death sat with still deeper melancholy on his brow, The New Orlnaus Delta gives the following his large dark eyes. "Adas!" said he, "I may not, like thee, rejoice in the cheerful thanks of sas then taken out and hammered like lead .- Ex. mankind; they call me, upon the earth, their witness, by both motives of idle curiosity and enemy and joy-killer." "Oh, my brother," replied the gentle angel of slumber, "and will The case we allude to was the post morten not the good man, at his awakening, recognize examination of a lad who had been sometime ill, in thee his friend and benefactor, and gratefully and died yesterday morning. He was three bless thee in his joy? Are we not brothers and years of age at the time of his demise, and the ministers of one Father?" As he spoke, the disease which carried him off was " dothin-ente- eyes of the Death angel beamed with pleasure, ritis." From the family of the lad, who readily and again did the two friendly genii cordially

#### Fate of a Learned Man.

There is a man in Boston, an old man of This lad when born was a twin child, and sixty, who graduated at the University of Dubattached to the side of the other child, which lin, Ireland; at the age of twenty-two was also, at birth, be it remembered, was alive .- admitted as a surgeon in the British army, and The contact between the children extended from in that capacity visited this country with the the mama, to the spins of the ilium, and there English; was present at the destruction of the was a free interchange of nerves and blood ves- public buildings at Washington City; has been sels passing from one body to the other. The in India with the British army; has been presformer (the nerves) had their origin in the ent during his services as a surgeon, at 4,000 dorsal region of the vertebra, and the latter amputations, and fifteen severe battles; was (the blood vessels) rose from the arch of the shot twice; performed surgical operations on aorta and emerged into the rena cara ascendens. three wounded generals, seven colonels, twenty There was but one umbilical dimple between the captains, and over eleven thousand officers of twins, and that was situated in the centre of the smaller grade. He has dined with two kings, vital connecting septum. In all other respects one empress, one emperor, the Sultan, a pope, we believe the formation of the twins was innumerable great generals, &c. He has held the largest diamond in his hand known in the These children thus singularly united, were world, except one. He has had the British large and healthy at birth, and bade fair to live. crown in his hand. Has been married three But six months after birth, when dentition was times; father to eleven children, all of whom beginning with both, one of the twins died .\_ he survived. Broken down by disease, he could Dr. Smith was sent for to separate the little no longer practice his profession-too poor to corpse at its side. On examining the lifeless live without employment-too proud to become body, however, he discovered, to his surprise, a pauper, he sailed in an emigrant ship to this that pulsation still continued in it, even in the country three years ago, and this man of reextremities-as the temples, feet and wrists. markable adventures, classic education, master He hesitated, therefore, for a time, to resort to of four languages, sixty years of age, poor, old and decaying, is now peddling oranges and apples Yet there could be no doubt here of the in the streets of Boston! "We know what we death of this one of the twins. Formerly, from are-verily we know not what we may be."-

# Summary of Intelligence.

NEW-YORK, MAY 29, 1852.

### Singular Coincidences.

A correspondent at Vienna notices a fact which is actively engaging the attention of the learned physiologists of Germany. The Countess of D-, long since Still the body did not decay. It did not a widow, was the mother of two twin daughters, who grow any more, on the contary it rather dimin- resembled each other in so striking a manner that the ished in bulk. It shrivelled up, until it as- members of their own family were obliged to mark sumed the shape of one of the interesting infanthem by particular signs in order to distinguished tile mummies that Professor Gliddon unfolds everything, there was a wonderful resemblance bewhen he gives an exhibition to the scholars of tween them. As these young daughters were of good the public schools. The circulation of living family, and had, moreover, the prospect of a large forblood from the surviving twin, it would seem, tune, a crowd of suitors thronged around them. But all retired disappointed by the profound indifference with which their claims were met.

In this manner, the lad lived three years, as One day, however, two Frenchmen, lately arrived we have stated, carrying his brother to a living at Vienna, were presented at the house of the Counttomb, at his side. Few beside his family and ess D-. They were twin brothers, always together, physician, knew of these extraordinary circum- evincing the same taste, and resembling each other so stances. It was a conceit of the mother, originating in her grief and anxiety, that the child ess, whose light heartedness and joyousness of manner that first died, did not in truth die, (since there up to that time had been remarked, now became sudwas no bodily decomposition,) but that its life denly melancholy. On their part the young men -its spirit-receded into the body of the other, were not so slow to avow a passion which the other which became, then, the tabernacle, so to speak, a rich manufacturer of one of the industrial districts, who immediately set out for Vienna. Arrived, and No mental phenomenon characterized the lad assured of the sentiments of his children and the worthiwe have described. In every respect, except ness of their objects, he demanded of the Countess the anatomical peculiarities we have described, D-, the hands of her daughters in marriage for his sons.

The proposition was favorably received, and a few We hope to see a more extended account of months afterward, said two marriages were celebrated this phenomenon from the pen of Dr. Smith, the same day, at the same hour, in the same church. The two newly formed families lived together in the same house, happily and peaceably. At the same day, at the same hour, the two young sisters gave birth each to a son. This event seemed the summit point to the happiness of the two families. A year passed by. In brotherly embrace walked the Angel of The two infants fell sick at the same time; and in spite of the care of the most distinguished physicians, died the next day in the arms of their mothers.

This sudden blow broke the hearts of the two young upon a hill not far from the dwelling of men wives. In order to divert their minds, traveling was A melancholy silence prevailed around, and the resorted to, and after some time spent in this way, chimes of the evening bell, in the distant hamlet, the two households became installed at Paris. But all ceased. Still and silent, as was their custom, efforts were unavailing; they both died at the same time, from the effects of grief. The same fate is now feared for the two brothers, who seem unable to bear their arms entwined with cordial familiarity, the twofold calamity which has tried their dearest

> These wonderful coincidences have been made the many and France are now occupied.

# A Feat in Chemistry.

During a recent lecture delivered by Prof. B. Sillithe inmates of the rural cottage, from the old man, Jr., in New York, he solidified carbonic gas .man upon the staff, down to the infant in the This was effected by bringing sulphuric acid in contact cradle. The sick forgot their pain; the mourn- with carbonate of soda, in a strong iron vessel, capable of resisting an expansive pressure of thirty-four ers their grief; the poor their care. All eyes closed. His task accomplished, the benevolent s. stated this experiment had been given up entirely angel of Sleep laid himself again by the side of in France, in consequence of the bursting of several his grave brother. "When Aurora awakes," iron vessels, by which several persons had been killed. exclaimed he, with innocent joy, "men praise But he stated that the iron vessels used on this occame as their friend and benefactor. Oh, what sion, had never been known to burst, and the experiment was considered not at all dangerous. As the happiness, unseen and secretly, to confer such liquid—it being in a liquid state in the vessel—was benefits! How blessed are we to be the invis- drawn off, a large portion instantly evaporated, and ible messengers of the Good Spirit! How beau- by the evaporation reduced the remainder to the

freezing point. In this way several pounds of solid carbonic acid was obtained. It had the appearance of the whitest snow, and was so cold that by holding and a tear, such as mortals shed, appeared in placed a portion of it around a long vessel containing mercury, and froze the mercury solid. The mercury

#### Electric Clock.

The Boston Journal describes, as one of the curiosties of the age, an electric clock recently completed by Mr. N. Farmer on an entirely new principle, and ronounced by scientific men to be the most perfect and simple of any. All wheel-work in the time-keepng part is dispensed with, therefore all friction is vercome. The time-keeping part of the clock is simply a pendulum, an electro-magnet, and two armatures. The vibrations of the pendulum break and lose the circuit of electricity, while the combined action of the electro-magnet and armatures keep it in

It is a clock that runs without weights or springs, or anything of the kind. Its moving power is a galanic battery, which requires a small quantity of sulhuric acid once or twice a year; or if the workmanhip of the clock is delicate, a copper plate buried in the ground will keep it in motion. There is no friction to be overcome save the suspension points of the penlulum, and the two armatures. Hence it approaches searest to perfection as a time-keeper of anything in existence. One hundred or a thusand clocks all over the city, all ticking at the same instant, and keeping time, may be carried by the pendulum.

#### Power of Mind over the Body.

A few years since, Elijah Barnes, of Pennsylvania, killed a rattlesnake in his field, and immediately after out on his son's waistcoat, both being of one color. He returned to the house, and on attempting to button his waistcoat, he found, to his astonishment, that it vas much too small. His imagination was now vrought to a high pitch, and he instantly conceived he idea that he had been bitten imperceptibly by the nake, and was thus swollen from its poison. He rew suddenly very ill, and took to his bed. The amily, in great alarm and confusion, summoned three hysicians, and the usual remedies were prescribed and administered. The patient, however, grew worse very minute, till at length his son came home with is father's waistcoat dangling about him. The mystery was soon unfolded, and the patient being r. lieved from his apprehensions, dismissed his physicians and was restored to health .- Ex.

#### Planting Fruit Trees for Others.

The Spaniards have a maxim, that a man is ungrateful to the past generation that planted the trees from which he eats fruit, and deals unjustly towards the next generation, unless he plants the seed, that it may furnish food for those who come after him. Thus when a son of Spain eats a peach or pear by the road side, wherever he is he digs a hole in the ground with his foot and covers the seed. Consequently, all over Spain, by the road side and elsewhere, fruit in great abundance tempts the taste and is ever free.

Let this practice be imitated in our country, and the weary wanderer will be blest, and will bless the hand that ministered to his comfort and joy. We are bound to leave the world as good or better than we found it, and he is a selfish churl who basks under the shadow, and eats the fruit of the trees which other hands have planted, if he will not also plant trees which shall yield fruit to coming generations.

SPIRIT COMMUNICATIONS .- We noticed the rappings, which they have been and probably are having it Manchester, alluding to a communication from Ionas L. Parker, the victim of the Manchester murder, and asked why he could not tell who murdered him. We are told by the gentleman who had the communiation with him-a friend of ours-that he had a very ong spiritual "talk" with Parker, in which he gave the particulars of the murder, and the initials of the nurderer, but declined giving the name, as he had no nalice against him. The gentleman we do not undertand to be a believer in the spirituality of these rappings, but some things about it are rather staggering o disbelievers .- Nashua (N. H.) Telegraph.

SINGULAR PHENOMENON .- A correspondent of the Philadelphia Ledger, writing from San-Juan-Del-Sur, Sicaragua, relates the following singular circum-

A singular phenomenon occurred here a few days igo. All of a sudden, as it were, one evening, the place was literally covered with a species of land erab; the hill-side was a living mass, and they poured lown upon the beach, got into the houses, and one ould scarcely put down his foot in any place without rampling upon them. In a few days they all disappeared, except the usual quantity which is always here, and go to swell our catalogue of annoyances.

CHLOROFORM .- To administer chloroform without isk, the London Lancet advises, it should be inhaled for some minutes with a large quantity of atmospheric air, concentrating the chloroform by degrees, and so as to consume eight or ten in producing anæsthesia, (insensibility.) In this manner surgical operations of the most delicate kind may be carried on for a whole hour, and without danger of accident. The inhalation hree or four ounces might be inhaled within the hour.
From three to five drachms produce insensibility.

RECOVERY OF SPEECH .- A few days since, a singular and pleasing incident occurred at the Philadelphia Mint. A number of young females are employed there, one of whom had been deaf and dumb for ten years, an affliction resulting from scarlet fever .-While engaged at her occupation, judge of the surprise of her companions, to hear her exclaim, "O, I believe I can speak." So great was the astonishment that one of the females swooned, and the most of them were strangely affected. Since then, the female has entirely recovered her speech.

SINGULAR PRESENTIMENT.—The Lafayette (Ind.) Courier states that Jacob Rinehart, of Clinton county, came in on the railroad on Friday last on business, but before returning conceived the idea that he was soon to die, and returning home, immediately commenced settling up his affairs preparatory to his exit. L. Willard, Troy, He went on Saturday to several of his neighbors with

The oldest trees in the world are in Central Africa-the Reababs, which are 90 feet in circumference, and contain the rings which mark the annual it only three seconds, the hand would be frozen. He growth of the trees to the number of 9000, fixing their age at that number of years.

## ADVERTISEMENTS.

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WE shall endeavor, in this paper, not to force opin-V ions upon any one, but simply to suggest inquiries, that all may investigate, and think for themselves. We shall neither prescribe I mits for others, nor erect an arbitrary standard for ourselves. While it will strive to avoid all acrimonious disputations, it will tole-rate the most unlimited freedom of thought, imposing no checks except when liberty is made the occasion of offense. It shall be free indeed-free as the utterances of the spirits—subject only to such restraints as are essential to the observance of those friendly relations and reciprocal duties, which, with the very cur-rent of our lives, must flow into the great Divine Order and Harmony of the Race.

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of our depending upon this enterprise for support. Nor will I accept of any pecuniary profit that may accrue from its publication; but will, from time to time, so increase the issue or size of the paper, or reduce its price, as to graduate the terms to the standard of its actual cost, that subscribers may have the full benefit of their money and feel a personal interest in in its wide circulation

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