 of forgetfulness that I mus hold within my vision only those things which can serve humanity well. Elia E. Danelorl.

## "The Blue Island"

Latest Book Inspired by W. T. STEAD

ARECENT and direct inspiration from Mr. Stead in spirit by automatic writing through the hand of a young gentleman of London in sittings with Miss Stead.

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Mr. Stead recounts graphically this benevolent work and tells how, aiter a period of recuperation, he and the great company with him were led out and up into a higher spiritual sphere and started on their new career. His story of the initiation of the newly-arrived into the methods of communicating with the mortals left behind, particularly his own experiences, is very interesting.

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# EDITORIAL 

Questions which should be of vital interest to citizens of the UNITED STATES OF AMERICA and all countries of the world

We read in the daily paper a great deal these days about loyalty and disloyalty to Our Country's Flag. There seem to be two kinds of loyalty and two kinds of disloyalty. "To Arrns," is the slogan of those interested in fire arms, ammunition, battle ships and other profitable war business.
linfortunately, the upholreers of this kind of patriotism are in power with the result that young men and women who want to develop a brain faculty and maintain a perfect body are traitors to the Flag of Our Country. One might pause to ask who are the traitors to our country, when we scan the big headlines and peruse the editorials in daily papers, weekly, monthly or semi-monthly publications. Then we are constrained to ask: Have a set of men who have Heen elected to serve all the people of a great Republic a right to brand as traitors those who want to pursue happiness, build homes and advance the status of civilization because they take a stand against war. Can we have war and civilization at the same time? War converts the home loving men and women into crininals of the worst type. It takes the fairest and best from our land, leaving the criminals and cannibals to propagate the race. There can be no civilization as long as one single statesman profits by war. "Thou shalt not kill'' means you; it also means States; it also means Nations; it also means the makers of wars. The earth is the footstool and we must begin at the footstool to make peace.

At the present time, peace is a farce. To have peace in the Nation we must have peace in the homes. Make it possible for the people to have homes; make it im. possible for a father and mother to be robbed of their home. Provide for the expectant mother that every child may be born under home environments. Peace means homes. To have homes, we must have peace. Encourage the making of homes if you want to break up wars. Build your oun home propaganda for big real estate deals is not home maling but home breaking. Has it come to the point that being loyal to the flag means to give up all ideals, break the law of nature and disobey in the name of the Lord, God's direct command, "thou shalt not kill"'? To be loyal to Our Flag surely does not mean just being loyal to those who worship murderers that devastate our Nation, cansing sin, sickness and poverty over all the land?
A Flag of Peace is the only flag to be loyal to and the people want peace that the little children in the
future generations way develop in love, for they are the builders of the world. This peace question is a psychic one and as long as we rob the world of the thinking men and women by robbing them of their flesh bodies, just so long the coming gencrations will be undeveloped. Hail, all hail, to the Restoration Flag of Peace. May it he Our Flag; the Reed, the White, the Blue; the Stars and Stripes, to unfurl its glorious folds to the breezes; may it be sur boys, under this great banner of Liberty that march adown the shores of time, heralding Peace and Prosperity that other nations may join with us to drive frorn the land the makers of war. Loyalty to Life, loyalty to Duty; loyalty to Country has a far greater meaning to the fair youth of our land than the eall to arms laying waster the fertile valleys, leaving sin and suffering in their wake. The great eye of Truth is drawing men and women into the light. Amen, amen.

## Ouija Will Fill Asylums, Warning

Trenton, N. J.-In a report filed today Dr. Marcus L. Curry, medical director of the State Hospital for the Insane, says the ouija board is a "dangerous factor in unbalancing the mind."

The fad is especially serious, he said, because it is adopted mainly by persons of a "highly strung and neurotic tendency," who become victims of actual illusions of sight, hearing and touch at the seances.

Dr. Curry said state hospituls were destined to receive a new influx of patients if popular taste did not soon swing to "more wholesome diversions."

The above article we reprint in Psychic Power to acquaint our readers with the propaganda being put out to keep the masses of people from thinking. It shows on the face of it how sparse is the knowledge of seances and Ouija brards. Insanity is a sudden climax to a long drawn out condition of toxation or mental strain. If relaxation takes place suddenly, the patient might have a reflex condition of the mind which would bring this cliwax. The message coming from the Ouija board or in the seance room could be the cause of the relaxation; people have been known to lose their minds from too great joy or sorrow. It is not a rare occurrence for people to lose their minds at revival meetings or any gatheing where there is a mixed magnetism. To say the secking of knowledge in this question of life after death through the Ouija
boand or in the seance rom is mowholesome is to brand humanity as being incapmble of choosing their channel for seeking knowledge or an attempt to curtail the pursuit of happiness by the individual.

Good, sound, sensible men and women are secking surcease from the fiar and superstition of the teachings which have been handed down to us. Among the adherents of this knowledge which has come to bless mankind we find ministers, doctors, lanyers, seientists, students from evere- walk of life and if brings joy too great for some hearily burdened soul to surrive, let us not point to it with a marning finger, but rather let us herald the joy of the mourner whose mind could hold firm and re-assemble itself, shaking off the fear, which is the direct cause of insanity, of being condemued for having tried to talk with a loved one whom the rorld speaks of as being dead. This is very often the case, such as the one the Doctor refers to. If the truth could be knomn, the cause of insanity is an increasing fear of haring disobeyed the lars of the church. We could tell our readers weird tales of rescue which have been accomplished by quelling this fear in the minds of clients.

Some men are by nature beavers, and some are rats. Yet all belong to the human race. The people who came to this country in the early days were of the bearer type. They built up America because it was in their nature to build. Then the rat-people began coming here to house under the roof that others had built. And they try to undermine and destroy it because it is in their nature to destroy.

A civilization rises when the beaver-men outnumber the rat-men. When the rat-men get the upper hand, the civilization falls. Then the rats turn and eat one another, and that is the end. Beware of breeding rats in America!-Secretary of Labor James J. Davis, in Current Opinion.

## "Were You Ever Arrested?"

It is a question asked in the tone of impugning character. To be arrested is considered a stain, and yet nothing seems to be pushed with so much vigor as the business of getting as many people arrested as possible. It is a serious thing to lay a whole population by the heels, render all classes and conditions imminently subject to the policeman's grasp, register multitudes on the books of police stations-a very serious thing, and some day there will be a giant protest about it, not from the arrested ones but from those who have some sense of what the practice portends.

Only recently a city newspaper wanted people arrested for "jay walking." In New York a raid is conducted against people sitting on newspapers on
the grass. Here, there, everywhere, the most trivinl actions are exalted to the sinister importance of crimes. and all sorts of people are taken into custody much after the mamer of Russia.

The jail and poliee eontingents of all our states and counties and cities are in eonsequence umeces. sarily large. Police duty has expanded tenfold in ten years, and much of it is uot connected with crime at all, but with the administration of the city's life and the promotion of safety. This work, of course, is excellent and is greatly appreciated by the public. The jail and police contingents are not to be blamed -it is the coterie who have succumbed to a passion for rendering the people a mob of lawbreakers by deluging them with laws that they must break if they are to move at all. In all administration of public order police resulation can best be accomplished without arrests, yet the cry goes up for more and more arrests, and as a consequence the cost of jail and police contingents mounts higher and higher.
The cost, however, could be endured. It is the strgig tendency toward making us a police-driven people that is to be denounced. Not only denounced, but abolished.-Dearborn Independent.

## MEDIEVAL ARCH UNEARTHED

A very interesting relic of old London has just come to light-namely, an arch of old London Bridge, which was demolished during the construction of new London Bridge, the first stone of which was laid in 1825. The arch now discovered is the second from the north side of the old bridge, and is close to St. Magnus' Church. It was disclosed during some building operations now in progress.
The first stone bridge over the Thames was built in 1176, but the bridge was constantly repaired and restored, so that there is no evidence of the exact date of this particular arch. It is apparently medieval. and is built of Reigate stone with a very flat trajectory. At the beginning of the eighteenth century, however, three flat wrought-stone supporting ribs were put in, and the middle one of these is dated 1703. The arch is not yet entirely uncovered, but a springer at each side is just being disclosed, and tho span is estimated to be about thirty feet. The undersurface of the arch is considerably water-worn between the added ribs. It is one of the arches close to which the millwheel stood for the raising of water into the water-tower that stood alongside the bridge. This arch stood in the river, and is, therefore, an evidence of the limits which, as time has gone on, have been imposed on the Thames, the river being now much narrower than it was in medieval times. It ia understood that this relic of old London is to be carefully preserved.-London Times.

# MIND, THE MASTER-BUILDER 

A Treatise on the Philosophy and Practice of Mental Science<br>by HENRY FRANK<br>Aushor of "The Joom of Dogma"; "Modern Light on Immorsulity": "Psychic Phenomena and Immoriality"; "Can Science Answer the Riddle of the Grave?" etc.

## Fourth Paper

## HOW MUNI. JBEGAN IN NA'TURE

'There are various delinitions of mind. We shall here study it as the capacity of discerning logical relations.

This definition is, of comse, arbitrary, yet it seems to satisfy the understanding. Mind is the essence of intellirence, or perhaps better said, the expression of intelligence.

Now, intelligence means knowledge; but knowledge must have a predicate. Knowledge of What? We might analy\%e knowledge in this way: In order to have knowledge of anything, there must be something else, different from the thing we are studying, with which to compare it. 'There can be no knowledge of anything which is not the opposite of something else. If there were only one thing in the universe there could be no knowledge of amything. If the individual, conceptually, lived alone in the universe, he would be non-existent to himself. If there were only one thing in the universe there could be no knowledge of that thing.

For at least the observer must be opposite to or contrasted with the thing observect. Indeed, the beginning of all knowledge is the apprehension by the observer that the thing observed is other than himself. It is the general apprehension of this fact that slowly builds up knowledge in the jufant's mind. Not until the infant learns that the flame is not itself, but something else, perhaps first detected by burning its fingers, does the child begin to have the first glimpse of the world into which it: has come.

It has by experience learned to distinguish between the flame and its own finger. For some time, indecd, the child does not realize that its finger is its own; only by experience does it come to realize that the hurt or injured member belongs to its body. Of course, the acquired lmowledge is, at first, very vague; nevertheless, in all the future career of that child the same method will be employed to nequire the encyclopedic knowlodge it requires for its existence, namely, education resulting from experience.

And the substance of that education will always consist in the experience of contrasting two or more objects with one another in order to discern their opposite qualities or properties.

This is the fundamental method of science. There-
fore what we call the mind is the result of expericnce which enables a living being to discern and determine the relation which exists between things. This, however, is the lowest form of organic mind ; existing, perhaps, even in the lower animals.

It is a question to what extent these being are able to decide upon the logical relatiouship existing. They doubtless determine a relationship, but wheller jogical or not, is left in doubt. The fact that instinct, or the mechanism of logic, is static and universal in the lower animal kingdom, scems to indicate that Nature has worked out some nethod whereby these animals act as though they understood the logical relations which exist between things, yet appareutly have so con. scious appreheusion of them. 'Phis phase of mind will be further reviewed when we discuss the unconscions mind of living bodies, wherein we shall learn to distinguish between the so-called subconscious and the unconsciuus.

We can appreciate this mechanical instinct in auimals when we distinguish between their immediately instinctive habits and their acquired acts which result from imitation. If a monkey, for instance, sees a limb or a bar, without a moment's hesitation it leaps upon it. The act results because of the reflex effect of sight upon the motor centres of the monkey's nervous system. This is an instinctive act. It is the exercise of hereditary memory. But now if a knife and fork and a plate are placed before the monkey, he will merely play with them as a human iufant would ; there is no retlex effect on his nerve centres which correspouds with an intelligent or logical employment of the implameuts.

But should his master sit before him and logically employ the implements in eating, the monkey, by mere juitation or by training and education, will intelligently repeat the actions of his master. 'This performance would be one step higher in intolligence than the reflex action of the nerve centres; for, in a Hind way, the monkry's mind is acting logically, it is true, but nechanically.

However, this peculiar fact remains, that the monkey will not permanently rotain the memory of the acquired eapacity, except through a long process of intensive training, while the instinctive habits natural to him are never lost. The instinetive habits he




















A

 Ante？
 ancublaness dios noe stay in the machine bewbett his intabseme diose Fore all the functions of the
 fors，Al mizt？at the intellinence of the inventor as
 intellennace．eblestimtes the mind or intellizellte of the machine of comse，sueh intelligence is utem－ scione mechameal or dynmate Sow，by the sume analans：ali the operatious of nature cutside the dor maine of man，are mored by an intelligence of which no phase of mind wan be afirmed but that of the pri－ mary or medtanical type，hence zueonsidoms．

There is ane point of the analogs，however，that may canse some to be troublet．In studying the actir－ it－of the human mind．we assume the impact of that mind upun external matter，to etfeet results．Helle some insist that we nust so construe nature；and where we see a mental impact on a mechanical phenomenom． we must assume the pre－esistence of a conscious mind． That is merely a theological way of reasoning．For． as we have argued above，intelligence does not pre－ sue consciousbess．The law of adaptation and sur－ rival of the fittest in nature explains away the neth－ sity or a pre－existing conscious mind，which is no－ carded as the rallse of natural phenomena．

Intil living leeings came into existence，with an in－ cipient developing brain，there could be nothing else than this primal，mechanic，dynamie mind operating in nature．The mechanical，unconscious mind existed before the refles or instinctive mind was developed． For the latter form of mind is evinced only in coll． plex，organic beings；whereas the mechanical or











 dreme' : sixth. The Mateinal Mind, ealled by some the subhemsedobstess, of the phate of intellizence that linsum after comsedolliness has passod dime ento oh livim. but whieh may be cosily remalled: semelt, the Mind of Eupeoomsionsonses of that phase of mental
 chared with the highest fomes of wisdome alled intelli. srmed alled previsional intuition, shoh as genins exhibits in all its fhases's.
(TO be contimatel?

## Scientist Asserts We Have 25 Senses

 Says We Cun Learn to Forl Colors in the DarkWe hane mot tive sellses, but tweniy- ibe inchading six sedses of temeh allone. Moreover, it is possible to develop the semses to a point where we eall feed colors in the fark.
Inr. ames. W. Walsh: perehologist, makes these statements in the legular Sebince Month?y.
"Hive sou ever taken you wateh from sour precket. glaned at it. and then, a fen seconds later, fonmd rousselt mable to tell another person the time o" he asks. "Do you know the color of the eress of the person who sits beside you in pour offiee ore stands next to you in your shop? Can you tell with what worts the cowemment marks the value of a twenty-five cent piece. or on whieh side of the coin they appeare"
These, he sulys, are the tests of the use you make of rour semses. which he calls the "gatemars of knowledge." Contraty to popular belief. he asserts, hind men have no keener sense of toneh and hearing than ordinary pernous. They have merely, through necessity, cultivated the habit of ennentration, as have tea tasters, textile experts and other persons who make extraordinary use of their senses.
"Ninetr-nine men in a hundred," writes Mr. Walsh, "feeling a piese of cloth and reeciving just as many touch impressions from its temperature, texture, roughness, or swoothess as a textile expert would receive, would pay no attention to these impressions. And those 90 men would remain in the crowded ranks of poorly paid routine workers, while the humdredth man became $a$ highly paid specialist.
"I might multiply examples of the sort without









 Hace funclons. 'llory will derelop if son will pive

 so mesh powit 10 yom, you shoulit be prompted to to throush the adereise of that graters semse of all combmun semse."

## Edison Gives Views on Life After Death

linentor Says Ite Is Seckind Alter the Truth
Marion, ()hios: Aug. 10 (Aswociated Prest. - Thomas A. EAlisen, here to altome the fusteral of Warmel $(6$. Hardinge in balking to the Associated Press bokes sad that he was "seeking after lhe trutli" and had made moneh progeres in rexam to the great beyond and bife ather death.
"The soul after Neath lakes Hight." Mre Fillison ssid. "but in what form and manner is moknown."
hesarding spirituatism as it is commomly known, Mr. Edison said he dirl not believe that the spirit re-
 he adided: "We know that the some ders exist after death.:
"I have not found it pessible to demonstrate the existence of the life beyond the grave and I emmot syy that men, inelading the beloved President Ilarding, live afier death," he said. "There is a groat directing head of things amd perple a Supseme Being who looks alter the destinies of the world. I have laith in a Supreme lecing and all my thoughts are regacting the lifo after death-where the soul goes. what form it akes and its relations to those now living.
"I am comvinced that the body is made up of entities which are intelligent. When one euts his finger I believe it is the intelligethe of these entities that heals the womd. Whem one is siek it is the intelligenee of these entities that brings eonvalesmene.
"Yon know thero are living eells in the brely so tiny that the mieroscope exmot show them at all. The entity that gives life and motion to the human bondy is finer still and lies infinitely beyond the reach of our finest scientifie instrmuents."- Dew York Wirald.

Give me knowledge and understanding that I may
seck association with the great minds of the Univase.

## Portrays Hamlet as Spirit Medium

Scitel Sars Shakespeare Made Prince Ale Just Liko Eusupia Palludino
Wias Shakespente a spirituadist like Sir Arthur Conam Devke, and was hambet his stage delineation of a tramee medium?
'these tro new heputheses wetr added hast hight to the mass of Shakespearean eriticism and conjeeture Genge Seibel, literary urite. playwright and editor of the lodesh?att-Frobats Framai, a German daily paper in Pittshuyl.
Mr. Eeibel has been levtaring for the Boad of Education here semeral days. His subjeet last evoming at Pablie School No. 13i, St. Sichohas Aveme and lobth Street, was "What We Kuom About Shakespeare."

After ealling to attention that the ghost in Hamet never appeas except when Hamulet is on the stage or near. Mr. Seibel pointed out several much disputed limes in the play that he said could be explamed on the thecry that the young Prince was a medimu, and materislized the spirit of his father.

As in Medium Cabinet.
"Most courincing of all," stid he, "is the sceme in the Queen's closet, where the Ghost appeas the last time. This romu is enclosed with eurtaius like the cabinet of a modern medimu. The entire demeanor of Hanler, as described by the Queen, is that of a tranee medium.

You de bend your eye on racaner: And with the ineorporeal sir do hold discourse, Forth at rour eyes rour spirits wildly peep.
And. ss the sleeping soldiers in the alarm,
Your beduled hains, like life in excrements,
Start up and stand on end.
"Hamiet acted the same way on the platformeach 'pettry artery' in his body, he declares, is 'handyas the Nemesn lion's nerre.' This recalls the muscular contrations that aceompanied the manifestations of Eusapia Palladimo, the currente of air that lifted her hair, her glasss look and mild stare," deduced the lecturer.
On the mooted question of Hamlet's sanity, Mr. Seibel obserted:
"If Hamlet is a medium, he is mad to the estent that all mediums are mad. As a class ther hare that peculiar trait of brilliant, eccentric and disjointed utterance. Ther are irreolute and marering, lack esecation, seem never to accomplish any useful purpose. Ther are at times abnormalls sensitire, melancholy and morbid; again unnaturally and aggressivels gas. More often than not they are lorable and meak all these traits characterize Hamlet as Shabespeare portrayed him."

## Shakespeare Delved in Psychie

Shakespeare had opportunity to become acquainted with psrchic phenomena, according to Mr. Seibel. The
first of modern mediums. Fohn Dee, dourished in Eng land during Shakespeate's romus mamood, and was often at Queen Elizaloth's comet, where the poet might have met him.
Hso, Shakespeares coll marne, Thomas Nash, mas a student of the oecult. In Nish's "Torrors of the Night, a Diseourse of Apparitions, " published in 159t, he told hor Comelius Agrippa, at the court of Sasony, rased the spirit of Cieero. Hamlet appeared in 160:, eight reas after Nash's hooks.

The sleep-walking sceue from Macheth, according to Mr . Seilel, ":aftiords a perfect illustration of medimonistic trance."-New York: Torld.

## The Power of Suggestion <br> By Anna Maud Hallam

The history of disease has become a positive suggestion to the cell cousciousness of the body. Symptoms have scared and rorried the mind into definite action to produce conditions. Pain is nature's alarm announcing something wrong-nerer determining future conditions. It has been man's inability to handle a condition which has sentenced any case as incurable. But this human iguorance or inability has not made the condition incurable; only as we have accepted the opimion and suggestion of its incurability, and in such case the history of an incurable case lends porer of suggrestion to its very name. For example, tuberculasis and cancer, tro of the most dreaded physical ailments, carry with them in name and history, a positire suggestion for succumbing to death. Just so with failure and discouragement in business; the very thought and fear of failure become auto-suggestions to the creatire forces of the mind. I am convinced that in the near future suggestion will not only repair the phrsical body, but rill constantly rejurenate it. And since it is suggestion that sets into action the porrers of the subconscious mind, then it shall be suggestion that untangles the life and builds success. Scientists, investigators and students are filing eridence on every hand to the establishment of this fact, that the law of Health, Power and Plenty is none other than the law of suggestion. It is intelligent, conscious suggestion, which reflects the suggestion into the creative machine that is known as the subconscious or unconscious mind. The realization of a suggestion in the subconscions mind is subconscious espectation, of Faith. Many are transforming their lives, phrsically, mentalls, financially, through suggestion. Go thou and do likemise. -Golden Rule Magazine.

## Affirmation

All evil thoughts must perish when released, then no one can be harmed.-Effa $E$. Danelson.

# THE LANGUAGE OF THE HAND 

Contributed

Nature is man's best teacher. She unfolds Har trasures to his scarch, unscals his eye, Illumes his mind, and purifies his heart, An influence breathes from all the sights and sounds Of her existence; she is wisdom's self."

-Street.

## (Continned from last month.) The Mount of Mercury

When the "Mount of Mercury" " is absent, it denotes alsolute inaptitude for the sciences. When normal, commercial apitude, taste for travel and occult sciences, or brillinant oratory. If the mount leans toward the Mount of Sun it shows artistic appreciation.

## The Mount of Venus

The "Momut of Venus" covers the great palmar arch, the most important blood vessel in the hand. When the mount is well dereloped, it indicates robust health; when swaill, it denotes poor health. This mount signifies love, affection, sympathy and attraction for the opposite ses. According to its development, so are its characteristics marked. This mount is said to be the roman's mount.

## The Mount of Lana

When the "Mowut of Luna" is well dereloped, it indicates a love for romance ; if absent, it denotes the possessor is cold and material in thought.

## The Mount of Mars

The upper "Mount of Mars" denotes resiguation, quiet courage and resistance ; the lomer Mount of Mars shorts rery active courage, great bravery and a combative disposition.

## Part III

The Lines of the Hand and What They Indicate
The lines of the hand are rerr important in reading Palmistry. When perfect, they are clear and well marked, neither broad nor pale and free from all breaks, islands and irregularities.
The more important are:
1st. The line of Life (see plate I).
2nd. The line of Head (see plate I).
3rd. The line of Heart (see plate I).
4th. The line of Health (see plate I).
5ith. The line of Fate (see plate I).
6th. The line of Sun (see plate I).
Tth. The ring of Tenus (see plate I).
The less important lines:
1st. The line of Marriage (see plate I).
2nd. The line of Intuition (see plate I).
3rd. The Three Bracelets (see plate I).
4th. The Tia Lascira (see plate I).
כth The line of Mars (see plate I).

The Line of Life
Volumes could be written upon the Line of Life, but we have space only to consider the most salient points. By referring to Plate I, it will be seen that it girdles the Mount of Venus. The longer the line, the longer the life. Sometimes, bowever, it appears short when really it is sustained and strengthened by the Line of the Head and by the Line of Mars. The accompauying lines must always be taken into consideration when reading the hand.

According to the color, breadth and depth of the line, so is the length of life indicated. Iî long, deep and regular without crosses, a peaceful life is pronised. If broken here and there, it denotes poor health. This line, howerer, becomes again unbroken then the health becomes normal. If the line is broken near the Mount of Jupiter, the indications are that ill-health was caused in early youth; if near the Mount of Mars then the indications are that the trouble toot place or is to take place at about twenty rears of age and it suggests that the struggle to maintain life was or will be the cause; if near the Jount of Venus, then about the middle of life, and might it not indicate that the weahness will be due to some unfortonate love affair?

If the Line of Life ceases abruptly, it indicates sudden death. If the three lines, Line of Lize, the Line of Head and the Line of Heart all join, at the commencement, the sign is bad ; it denotes disaster. When the Line of Life divides, it indicates a change of living or locality. If well up toward the "Jount of Mars" the change takes place in routh; if opposite Tenus, then in middle life, and so ou.

Generally speaking, all lines emerging from the Life Line, with one exception, denote an increase in porer ; this esception, is then the line is broten ard turns torard the thumb, it then denotes fatality, prorided all other indications point the same way.

The more lines following the Life Line the happier are the conditions. If a line ascerds to the lount of Jupiter, crossing the Line of the Head, it foreshadows a life of prominence. Hair-lines clinging to tie Line of Life. denote reakness.

Sterility is generally denoted when the Life Line lies close to the thumb and when at the seme time the Mount of Venus is poorly dereloped.

An island on the Line of Life signifies trouble. If at the beginning, it indicates some mystery of birth. Found opposite the Mount of $\Gamma$ enus, it denotes sorrom and the indieations point to misplaced afiection as the canse of the tronble.

## The liae of Head

The "Iane of llead" relates primeipally to the intellevinal side of man, When this line rises from the culler of the Monent of dupiter, it points to the indivinual as havins bumbless ambition, talent amd pur-
 tomethe the lite I.ine, the phsessor will have the added fower of chatmilimg others with sreat hiplomacy. If chumencing in the Mount of Mars, it denotes a freitul. ¿imbl and imeres:

When the Line of Head rums evenle and uniuterriationty, it denots a lowe fur material atais: when shoning at the mikale it denotes a blending of the

Mount of dupiter. When rising here the noblest type of aftertion is indieated. The possessor's love is firm and strong. and he desires that the person whom be tores shall be noble, virtuous and rifted. If the line rises higher still. towned the base of the fiuger, the lover will love like an enthusiast and can see no fautes in the person of his chovee.

The seend best place for the Line of Heart to rise, is between the index and seoond fingers. When it rises here. the individual is seltish in his love. When it rises nell up on the "ylount of Saturn," then the love will be passionate and seltish. When chained and broad. it deuntes indifierence to the opposite sex.

practien anc the imagiustire: when sioping the entire lewth. a matura inclimation townce iseality-painting. ansie, ifiersture and invention; when rery sloping. ending in a stall foris it denotes great literary tident. If, ons the matrary, tide "Mead Lide" entres
 zinkin ancu momex-saving propersties.

Whan the Litye of Head is short, it denves farly

 af the heaci

## The Lide of Heart

The"'rinue of Heart." whints runs aerose the upper part of the kand ana along the base of the Mount of fapiter. Saturn, Sun and Mntury. is an impmetant factur in tex strajo of isk hand.

Tine "Inne if Ftoer" way rise in three diferemt


The least desirable is when the "Line of Heart" lies direvily aenss the hand; this denotes jealousy.

Incenstaney and hirtations are probable in all case witen the "Live of Heart" is fringed by little lines rising frem it. Broben lines indicate disappointment in arfection.

The Line of Health
The point where the "'Line of Mealth'" rises, has never buen definitely fixed, but the best authoritios gire it as rising either on the face or at the hase of the Mount of Mereury. From here it runs down to ward the Line of Life, and when it meets that line death is the result. This is true even though the Line of Life may appear goond from natural tendensies Whers thee "Line of Health" is absent, it denetes a monel eonstitution.

## The Line of Fate

The "Line of Fate" (sometimes called the Line
of Sinturn or the Line of Luck; when perfect, erommences elose to the wrist and ascends in a vertioal line (1) the base of the Notint of Satum oresen higher up on the mount.
If the line in buth hands is unbroben, well defned and of good color, untold blessing and happiness are denoted. If absent in one hand and perfect in the other. prosperity will come, but only by eitort and hard work.

If a series of croses are shown on the "Line of Fate:" near the wrist a miserable childhood is denoted. If ehained when erossing the Line of Heart a love trouble is foretold: if the line penetrates the third phalange of Saturn an extrandinare destiny is foreshadorred. If it runs through a square the possissor's life will be sared from danger. This is trae in the case of youth, middle or old age, according to the distance on the line at mlich it occurs; if near the Frist, then he will be saved earlr in life; if at the center. thes at midule life and if near the Jount of Saturn, then late in lifie.
If the Line of Fate be abseut in early life, but starts later on in the Plain of Mars, it denotes a hard and inubled life, but if it continues unbrokenly. happiuess and success mill be the possessor's iortune-due to the surmounting of obstacles.
If the Line of Fate joins the Line of Heart. and they become one and run upon the Monet of Jupiter: the indiridual will rise to influence and porer.
If the Fate Line is stopped and replaced br a cross, no matter where it occurs-whether at a quarter of its natural length or othermise, it denotes sudden death.

## The Line of Sun

The "Line of Sun" frequently" called the "Line of Apollo" generally denotes strecess, although it miat be considered with other features.
It nay rise from the Line of Life, the Line of Head, the Line of Heart, the Mount of Luna, or the Monat at Mars. If it rises from the Line of Life and all other features are normal, it denotes worship of the beautiful: if from the Line of Head it denotes suatess in literature; if from the Line of Heart. it denotes iuflumee in the world: if irom the Mornt of Lura it denotes distinction through the help of others: if inmon the Mount of Mars it denotes sucess afier reptate? trials. Its chief individuality, when deeply marked, is its teudency to sensitireness.

## The Ring of Veaos

The Ring of Venus is a sembetrele rising betwen the index and second finger, and ending between the thind and little tinger. This circle debotes a highly atrume and sensitive nature. When unbroken, it tends to natere all miserable who are asemisteri with the pas. sesor.

## The Line of Masriage


 varriage ganerally riag os tive side of tine hat.
 of the Mount of Meremry. Wear the lime lies cos to the Line of Heart the wartiag will to in saroy
 center of the Mrunt of Mercury at abont twetctove

 marriage will ocur still later in !ife.
If the line curve apward. tie indinital worty sure to remain singiv. If the lify smantioncrand,



 notes dirope. If tie bire bas rece or more fiands it denctes ungappiness: if fuil of ines is and buacize
 tho marriages ave indiatid: it the lines ant mong tered tiree marrieges apo iacijonted.

## The Nisuter of Cuildrem






The Line of lousitios
Tie "Line of Irtution is almat a semotore Ex-


 persur of presemimetrs. and dreats are preft dat
 peyche hand.
Tbe Toree Bracelets
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 deation sixiy years time limes at equty-the or biguty years.

Wrather these lines indowat lesgrtir of life oz Eat.


 petwin trables, ard tho whange given should receive special miertionat the child-bearing preme

## The Via Lassirs

The Via lasiva is awe of the ubiaphetat limen
 auds fone to the pasionas when it rucs ef the paina at the wrist. If ruw into the Mount of Yease it be nates a shureniag of hif by iedregemers.

## The Line of Mars

The Line of Mars is known as the inner life line. It rises on the Mount of Mars and rums down along the side of the Life Line, but separate from it. When welldeveloped, especially on broad hands, it indicates a robust health and a fighting tendency-a good sign on the hand of a military man. Even on small hauds where the Life Line is delicate, this line, if deep, denotes strength, and one may be sure it will carry a delicate constitution over many breakers.

## Part IV <br> Signs and What They Signify

The star (see Plate II) found on the hand denotes either good fortune or danger, acording to the place it is located.

When found on the highest point of the Mount of Jupiter it is a sign of honor and gratified ambition; when found very low on the base of the Mount of Jupiter, or on the side toward the back of the hand, the same promise as above holds good, with the added adrantage of association with distinguished people.
The "star" on the Mount of Saturn denotes distinction in the possessor, but a dramatic end. The star on the Mount of Sun denotes riches, but not happiness. The star on the Mount of Mercury denotes great brilliancy as an orator and success along all scientific lines. The star on the upper Mount of Mars denotes unrivaled honors, but patience must stand at the helm. The star on the lower Mount of Mars denotes unusual distinction as a soldier. The star on the Mount of Luna is generally considered unfortunate; more frequently fatal than good. The star on the Mount of Venus denotes the attainment of one's object in love. The star on any of the fingers denotes unusual good luck.

## The Cross

The "cross," as its name signifies, generally mean trouble and suffering. Palmists see only one exception to this rule in reading the hand. They claim that when the cross is on the Mount of Jupiter it shows that one great love will come into the individual's life.

On the Mount of Saturn a cross is a danger sign. On the Mount of the Sun it signifies disappointment in art or wealth. On the Mount of Mercury it indi:ates dishonesty; on the Mount of Venus it denotes fatality in love; on the Line of the Heart the death of a dear friend.

## The Circle and Square

The sign of the "circle" is indicative of its possessor's character. If one gets into trouble he goes round and round never getting out. It is an unfortunate sign in all cases, except on the Mount of the Sun.

The "square," contrary to the circle, shows a probability of overcoming misfortune-a sign of preserva-
tion. If on the Line of Health, it is a sign that the health will be preserved-the same is true on all lines or mounts.

The "Island" is a bad signd, but not necessarily fatal. It indicates interference with the characteristic designated by the line on which it is found. If on the Life Line one's life is threatened, the island clisappearing when the danger is removed. Sometimes it is perma. nent, then it denotes continued trouble. When it grows faint it shows the trouble is passing and will disappear.
All "triangles" are good sigus wherever found. The tripod is a most excellent sign, success being the main indication.

## The Ring of Solomon

The "Ring of Solomon," more properly known as a sign, indicates spiritual power, love of visions and deep mystic power.

The above guide of How to Read the Hand, though brief, I have endeavored to make thoroughly reliable, and only ask that all who make it a study will take no one feature, line or mark as wholly significant, but consider the hand in its entirety.
The information gathered here has been deduced from experience, the knowledge having been brought from the four corners of the earth, and I trust that all who study palmistry, whether for research or amusement, will do it earnestly and conscientiously. As no two trees made by nature are alike, so are no two hands alike. The study is arduous but fascinating in the extreme.

## Ancient Massacre in Cave Revealed

Reno, Nev.-An Indian tradition that an old Payute chief, centuries ago, drove the Saitekare tribe into a cave near Humboldt Lake, Nevada, and there mercilessly exterminated all of them has just been confirmed by John P. Harrington, Smithsonian institute archae ologist.

Harrington found in the cave quantities of bones and objects of Indian manufacture showing that the tribe had died fighting with their belongings piled about them.

As the result of this and other finds Harrington expressed the belief that the Indians were the earliest men on this continent and that there was no such race as the Mound Builders, as believed by our early scientists.

He has uncovered evidence that the Indiaus really built these mounds. He says the Indians are a single people, of the Mongolian race, which held those parts of the old world adjacent to the great island of Amer-ica.-The Milwaukee ふunday Sentinei.

## Psychotherapy <br> Dr. Sheldon Leavitt

WELL-DIRECTED ENERGY.-I have seen men of talent struggle all their lives against what to them was fate, but which to observers was plainly misdirected energy. Such men are continually set in opposition to the prevailing powers, endeavoring with pigmy strength to withstand the energy of a tide sweeping resistlessly onwards. How could they succeed? It is foolish to butt one's head against a stone wall, for the harder one butts the more one is hurt and the wall remains unmoved. If we want the wall broken down, let us first diplomatically get authority to raze it and then proceed to do the work with sledge and bar.
To move with the tide rather than against it is not necessarily to "run with the crowd to do evil." When a movement is at the height of its power it is not evil, but good for it is working out a purpose. It is only when its power has been spent and it remains to weakly harass and impede that it becomes an evil.

There is a tide in the affairs of both individuals and nations which should be taken at its flood if one would ride to success. The time to butt hard against a thing is when it has done its work and it remains in the way of something better. At such a time it is already tottering to a fall, anyhow, and your efforts will somewhat and somehow avail to hasten the process.

Look out for things that are moving resistlessly onwards. Don't get in their way. Don't put yourself in direct opposition to them, for to do so is to get crushed. Follow a wiser course. In the wake of a movement there is always a succeeding wave of energy, varying in particulars and thus constituting a modification of the first one. It is the next step in the onward movement. It may not rise to the dignity of your idea, and yet it embodies some of your opinions. Then get into the tide of its energiesget in early. Your influence will grow with its onsweep and you will be borne by it to a height of power that may enable you vastly to modify succeeding phenomena.

It is thus that we may become the arbiters of our own fate and at the same time become important factors in determining helpful effects for many.
"He that hath ears to hear, let him hear."
EARLY TRAINING.-Early in life children are taught that danger lurks in darkness, in solitude. in wind, in wave, in food, in heat and in cold. They are taught to distrust their own forces and to rely on aid outside themselves. Many of them are told that all things good are a gift from the bountiful hand of God and that all things evil proceed from the Powers of Darkness. They are told that their natural impulses are evil and that true goodness of heart and life comes from a successful contest with foes within, in
which warfare their own powers of resistance count for little.

Now, this is all wrong. They should be given to know that they have no real enemy anywhere, but that the problems of health, happiness and success are to be solved only by maintaining an even balance between the attributes of will, intellect and emotion. Children, like adults, go wrong because they allow emotion the ascendancy. They think they are compelled by au indescribable something, which in reality is feeling, to certain acts, not knowing that abundant powers of resistance reside in them and are always available.
The hour before sleep is favorable for mental suggestion; but better effect can be obtained from suggestions made to a child during ordinary sleep. After a little practice parents will find that they can talk to their children without arousing them, and by suitable suggestions can thus profoundly influence their emotions and propensities.

Let homes be conducted along the lines sapplied by psycho-physiology and they will become what they ought to be, approved training schools for those whom we would have attain to a high order of living.

## Exaggeration of Evil

The ruins of anything make upon the mind more of an impression of largeness, of grandeur and sublimity, than the thing itself. It is because our imagination is more powerful to awaken sentiments of wonder in us than is our vision. To paraphrase Maud Muller, "Of all deceptive words of tongue or pen, the most so are these: It might have been."

We hear of a drurkard-"What a gifted fellow he was! If it had not been for drink, he might have been president." Ten to one had he stayed sober he would have been as commonplace as you or I . The fact that he is a wreck gives our imaginations a chance.

So of an old woman we exclaim, "What a beauty she must have been in her youth!" Yet, doubtless all around us are girls more charming than she ever was, bat we only see them with the eye, while we see the old woman's goue beauty with the mind's eye.

Horace Bushnell has a sermon on "The Dignity of Humanity as Shown by Its Ruins," in which he strikingly shows the divine nature of man by his devilishness, such as his wars, tortures, monster passions and perversions; the argument being that none but a di-vine-size creature could fall so low. But it seems to me the reasoning is tainted with error; for we should beware of the estimate made by the fancy.

The temples of Karnak and Luxor, I dare say, seem more impressive to our imagination, stirred by their awful remnants, than they would have seemed to us had we lived then. We cannot possibly see anything so tremendous as what we can fancy we might see.

We are prose to magnify eril and minimize good. The oue wrong thing we did during the day-our outtarst of passion. or instance oi bal judgment-nceupies our mind at etening wore thau all the good things we did.

Senspapers thiok that the horrible and criminal and scandalons mabe better news than the normal and sane and gentle.

The oath attracts more attention than a goon word.
The woman with a "past" is fascinating.
Somehou or otter we have linked evil and greatness togetber. But we are wrong.

Emenor sars: "Forls monder at the extraordinary, while wise men wonder at the ordinar:."-Frunk Crane, in Chicays Daty Neus.

## TREE RINGS TELL HISTORY OF ANCIENT INDIAN RUINS

Giant trees of the Sonthwestern plateaus are a time link beimeen the civilization of today and the ages when prebistoric Indians erected stone and timber temples in the canyons of rhat is now Arizona and Ner Mexico, Dr. A. E. Douglass of the University of Arizona at Tucson, Ariz., has discovered. He has found that the beams ased in the construction of these aucient houses contain the same annual rings of growth that are present in trees that are now alive and growing on the Colorado platean, and he is making these records oi nature bring to life long-buried historic facts about the ruins.
"In the dry regions of the Southmest pine trees are strongly affected by climatic conditions, patting on larger rings when the rainiall is abundant and forming very thin rings when the season is dry," Dr. Douglass explains. "These characteristics may be found in practically all the trees in the forests on the Colorarlo plateau in northern Arizona and New Mexico, and it is possible to identify the same rings in nearly all the trees."

In the hondreds of tree tranks which the Indians used in constructing the great building at Aztec, N. M., he has found it easy to trace identical rings, and by assigring a number to certain ones a simple counting of the rings to the outside gave the relative dates at which all the different timbers were cut.

By. this method he has ascertained that the great building of 450 rooms at Avtec took only about ten years to build, and that the structure was begun at the east end and finished at the west; that in one case of three stories they must have been built in immediate successsion.

Still more interesting was the discovery that the tree rings in the timbers in the great ruin of Pueblo Bonito in Chaco Canyon, fifty miles south of Aztec, not only show that they were cut within a very few
rears of each other, but also show that they were ont from forts to forty-itse lears hefore the timbers a! -tztec. This gives then the actual number of years between the construction of two reat Pueblo build. ings, and opens up the way for a definite chronology of the various ruins of the Sonthwest.

The trecs that were cut lown ages ago by the Indians, and that now share erfually with the lising trecs of today in the honor oi beiner the most authentic pases of earliest history, were transported many miles to the building sites. The Indians used their trunks as beams to make the ceilings for their larger rooms. -tcross these beams they laid small, straight poles, and on the poles they placed brush and a thick earthen floor. Some of the ruins contain 400 or 500 rooms.

## Farmer Who Removed Cow from Pound

 Alternative Penalty, U'nder Canadian Law, Is Cutting Off Earo and DeportationWinnipeg: Man., Nov. 30.-Hanging, or cutting off the ears of the accused and cleporting him to the penal colony of Australia are the only penalties under existing legislation for the offense of which Angus MeDonald is accused. McDonald, thrifty dairyman, took a cow from the public pound, despite the protests of the pound keeper, and led it back to his herd, from which it had strayed.

A charge of pound-breach was laid before the courts. When the evidence had been presented and a rerdict reached, it uras found that the Canadian criminal code applied no penalty for pound-breach. Reference was made to the English common law.

An enactment of more than 150 years ago, it was found, provides that the person guilty of such an offerse shall be executed or have his ears removed and be deported to the penal colony of Australia, which was taken frorn the category of criminal colonies years ago.

Meantime, McDonald's sentence has been held in Canadian House of Commons, the only legislative body in Canada empowered to deal with the criminal code, probably will be called to the need for a misdemeanor statute to take the place of the present cavalier code. abeyance.-Post-Dispatch.

Pum runners along the Jersey coast will be chased by speed boats driven by twin airplane motors, capable of forty miles an hour. These boats can race to the twelre-mile limit and back in forty minutes. They have no masts, cabins or side lights, and travel like hydroplanes.

# EVOLUTIONARY IMMORTALITY 

By Alired Gould<br>(C'ontinued from last month)

The reason why we have arkpted this emmeralion will be incerasingex apparent as we alvance.
(1) F(0)

What is forer for the human lowing ons thim wath during his motial activity?

It is the intreluetion into and the elimination from this phesieal borly of all those earth chemical ingredients which ego to buik up its tisenos, lay tho foundation for its functions and thus ereate for it the possibility of ever higher expression. This makson our physical body completely of the carth earthy. It in an intergral part of the planet which supports it. Wi. refer the student to the latest standard worbs (m) hygiene and physiology for further detailed infor. mation.

The wonderful pewers of assimilation and trans. formation shown by the humau body are but the result of millions of years of previous crolutionary life. form experience which has culminated in the present wonderful machine for further progress we are privileged to use. With the rapid increase in numbers in the human species since modern science opened. just for a narrow crack, the door of objective knowledge, the increased demand for food has contimunsly been met with ease.

The fury of self-immolation men have ever erineed has thus been somewhat mitigated, with the result that the stream of human energy using the earth as a way station in its progress, is being dammed up to an ever higher level unless adeguate spillways are opened to give it further frecdom. The application of eugenies would simply huild this dam still higher.

When we have learned to forge ahead after death and take our scat in the next forward class instead of repeatedly returning to this low station, the pressure of population on earth will never increase berond the limit of physical subsistence no matter how many may crowd the roadway of life at any given moment. in spite of all narrow mindechess of doctrines such as that expressed by Mnlthus, over a century ngo, to soothe the troubled conscience of an erring master class.

We have as yet to properly systematize and popularly disseminate our present knowledge coneerning kinds and amounts of fools which are ueeded by the body in its varied activities. This should be one of the first and most essential courses of instruction in Dur schools for the young. Properly studied out standard sehedules of kind, quality and weight of food


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 heath and convenimpe and, utinately, the he hriug on a sit dation wheresu be is uct neemorarily entaviona of the existene of his phesical indy.

The problems of onthisg butag macia sumper has that of food. lias beten far more surceossfully wiven althrugh. here $t(x)$. neither this kurwiduro. nur the possible acquisition of it, has bunn [mpalar] coragti dissminated. IItat, eoh infoctious dicase, war. admoment, matera!s at hand, cte. all intame the clothing of nian, urot to mentiou wehlh. Just as fied must be taken to insure a emistant und concosteat masimum of strougth, wo aloo wust chathing to arranged so as to iusure an weat frably gemprature muler all enaditions.

## (3) loDGlis.

Leaving out all esthetic prosibilities, in a physial subse. lodying is a froblom still more easily solven? than clothing. It arises frum a development of the sanie urge for phasical protections and hejps liberise. in great part. We increasing comfort, (4) diminate eonseionsmess of man's surromudines in his mationt least for those of us who are seanning the path ahead. From the mere eavedweller to him who requies a many columbed stone teriple or a modem compliated skeseraper for a palate, the diference is mily of dogree not of kimel.
(4) SCIIIPTLRE.

The artist of touch models and draw:
After having his physical eravings satixfied, as alrove, man secks to understand what is going on atrout him. His first matural impulse is to imitate what he sees around him in form. Ife thus thegins collowing data for future generalizations through the two most important of his five doorwass to outer nature. tomech and sight. As he does so, numberless questions arime. in his mind as to construction, function and mode of life of whatever he is portraying. He chonses what interests him most : either man himself or the correlated animals and lower plant life. He is gaining experi-



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 ming him cmellosisy form：ad．Philosempy has simpli－ riod als gucstonse of life fore him．Ha has altailmed
 frue frailon firflere an：

## Philosophy of Life

One philisophere of todies，Ine．13．A．（8．Fallere who dows know how to write as well as how to philoseplize， is mof in the heast guilty of exalseremation when he surs：
＂Philosophy ean argue with eonsiderable formo that the hahits of mind whieh it temds to imenkeate are of practical assistame in the making of a living for one＇s self，and in comstributing to the wolfare of so－ riety as a whole．＂ allid also in the unfoldment olle＇s self，amd in embributing to the welfare of so

Mose important of ath is the assistamer philosophy rembew in prompting a sine appreciation of the inter－ leremal and spiritual oduces of life．
lacking such an appreciation，evon the most sube cossful of men，in a material wily，are hampered in self－expression amd solf－realization，withemt which there can be mo truly jovons living．

In fact，spiritual philosophy of litio，as appliced in oncos spuryital development tonedrd medinemshing，is of primary imporsamed to erevone of intellect and com． preheusion．

This is true beanse spiritual unfoldment hrings ma－ terial sumeess．It is the lam．

IV．J．B．

# The Acts of the Eastern Adepts 

lly tho Cahir, Promid al Adaroa<br>I'rosidene Saciety of Tramecendent Science, Chicaso, Illimola

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 ol akidation, hoth mental and physital, during which they intied upon themselves inguries which, moder omedinary comdilions, would bo dangerons, if not fatal, but whidh, when intlieded white they are in this strange state of excitement, are, in many enses, not even lollowed hy the bose of' a drop of hlood, mat me mysterionsly athed speodity healed by the breath and spittle of the Sheilih. Mane of our readers have personally secoll such phomomenia performod in my stadio in Chimenno.
'That; mental states abe dontayions we have, Ithink, "hmedant evidenco in cases of pmic, when porsous, without having tho linintest iden ol the eanses, will axeitedly , win in the general rush; and also in so-enlled Christian "hovivals"--instances of which are, perhaps, more eommon in Ameriea than asmbord, when.



The damer (Dever) of the Herlevi Dervishes also produces a spereies of dal. It womld inded be dinterntt Io andome oflerwise for the ability of some twenty men athe youths to spin aronnd with closed eyes and outstrenelod arms within a limited rivele for the space of from ten to drtorn minntes withonf wither coming into collision with gath other, oll showing ally sipus
 comilitions.

The seomed desoription of $I$ al, which appents to be perminnent, ore at lemst, assmmble at will, is attained unly be those Devishes who, through long and fervent, entemplation of the boity, have arrived at thit Fourth, we highest degroe, that of" "Thsion with AI. luh." Sheikhs and Dervishes of superior grade, be-
longing (o) nll ()ders, whether Vocative or ('ontemplas. tive, are equally eredited with ability to acequire this dogree of samelify; and on stanining it they beeome emblowed with various spiritual and superhaman powers. dmong theso may be named what is termed the "J'ower of the Will:" thoupht-rending, the gife of proplecery: knowhealge al what is happening ntar off, :and power to intluence: the event, as also ability to "prome in prosion at areat distanees for the help of Pricmels or the confusion of enemies, and mitarlo working gencrally. These wonderinl gifts cas, it is belieworl, be tramsuitled by a Slacikh, with bis mantle of oniec, to the diseiple who stant prove himself by his rapided advalnee on the Mystie Path to be a worthy recipions. of them, avon as bilijnh beshowed his mantle on Filisha and endowed him with his own miractulous boweras. linstaneses of the exercise of tho l'ower of the Will are to be fomm in the biegraphy of every Dervish of renown. In soute cascs tho subject is conscious of the influense under which he is acting, in others he is guice untware of it, as in the following incident. rehated hy the learmed Suft, Mohammed Rada- - d. Dia, of his spiritunl Master:
"In my youth I wis over with Our Iord (Mevtana) Na'ed ed Din of Kishigur at IDereed. It happened one day, as we were walking out together, that we come upon a muber of the people of the place who were engaged in the exercise of wrestling. We agpeed togecher to aid one of the wresthers so that he might. throw his opponent, and afterwards to chamgo our design in favor of the discomfited once. So we stopped as if to look on, and as we looked. pive the full inthumes of our united wills to one individuals, and he was immediately nhle to vanmuish fhe other. biach person we ehose in furn vanguished his oppomenta, and the power of our wills was thas charly manifestod."
'Ihis Sheikh also took an ative part in the wars of his rime between the Sultans of Bolkhara and Samar. cond; and her means of his wombirful powers is held to have greatly: inthened their history. The momareh Who took the preantion of seedring his govidwill was invariable vietorions: while thase who disdained his nswistance met with loss and disaster; and many per soms who had wronged the Sheikh or his friewds in the tronbled times in which he lived felt the weight of his spiritual displeasure. Some wen fell sick and died. or reeovered only nfter making full confessuon and restitution, and obtaining his pardon and intercossion with Allah on their behalf. It was said that he conld hold converse with his disuiples and friends
ef：enown tiaration

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## ミだきる

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＂I wat slonen yours in a towor，fard when thery I wowas os Cerd that．I wruld neithoer eat nor drink mutil




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Burha-nu-d-Din had been a pupil or' die Baha-d-Din during his residence at Ballak. On his master's departure from that city, the Seryid ment to Termiz, and, after liting some cime there as a recluse, he began to lecture publicly: During one oif his discourses be suddenly stopped and cried out in a tone of anguish, accompanied by Hoods of tears: "Alas! my Master has passed anay rom this Tabernacle of Dust to the Abole of Sincerity?' His mords and the time oí -iheir utterance rere noted down, and were subsequentir iound io correspond exacily with the moment of Balia Teled's death. When the disciples at Termiz had monetud iortr days ior the great Teacher, the Senrid said to them. "The sum of my master, Jelalu-d-Dis Yokemmed. is left alone and is wishing to see me. I miast go to the land of Rum, and deliver over to him the trust mbich my Teacher coninded to my sare keeping."
On arriring at Konieh, the Seyrid mas so much delighted with the discourse of Jelal, that he kissed the soles of his feet, exclaiming, " $\boldsymbol{A}$ hundred fold hast thon scarpassed thy father in all knowledge of the Humanities; but he was rersed aiso in that spiritual bnowledge thich is atiained onls throug' silent contempiation and tirouga enstasy. From this day. forward my aim shail be to instruct thee in that hanowledge-the tnowledge possessed by the Prophsts and Saints and which we term The Science of Dirine Intuition. This is the science spoken of by Allah: 'We bare tanght him a science from rithin Ts.' This knowledge did I acquire from my Teacher; do thon receire it from me. and thus ifoxinme the keir of thy father in things spiritual as weil as in things tsmporal." Jelal isok the SisyTid to his College, and for nine years was tis propil in mestic lore.

The following story is told of Jelal's student days. Wile he was pursuing his studies at Aleppo, the saperior treatment he raceived from the professor roused the jealousy of some of his fellow stadents, why complained to the governor that Jelal was immoral, as he was in the habit of quitting his sell at midnigint fror some anknoinn purpose. The oovernor resolved to zee and judge for himseif; he therefore hid himself in the college porter's lodge.

At midnight Jelal came forth, and went straight to the lroked gate of the college, watched by the governor. The gate few open; and Jelal, frollowerl at a distance by the governor, went thirough the stroets to the loriked city gats. This, ton, opened of itself; and again both passed through. They wert on, and came to the tomb, of Abraham (at, Hehron, about 300 miles distant). There a domed edifice was seon, filled with a large company of forms in greern raiment, who came forth to meet Jelal, and corducted him into the building. The governor hereapon lost his senses
tirrough fright, and did not recover until after the sun had risen. He could now see neither edifice nor hunan being. He wandered about on a trackless waste for three days and nights, and at length sank under his sufferings.
Meauwhile the porter ot the college had given in telligence of the governor's pursuit aiter Jelal. When lis oftieers fomad that he did not return, they seat a company of soldiers to seek him. These, on the second day, were net by Jelal, who tole them where they would find their master. Late on the next day ther came up with the governor, found him nearly dead, and brought him home. This diguitary was so impressed by the event that he became a sincere ad. mirer and deroted disciple of Jelal.

The tro following anecdotes also illustrate the faculty ascribed to the higher Mystics of transport ing themselves at will to great distances.

A certain rich merchant of Konieh, a disciple, as was also his wife, of Jelal, went to Mekka one year for the pilgrimage. On the day when the victims were slaughtered, the lady bad a dish of sweetmeat prepared, and sent some of it in a china bowl to Jelal, to be eaten at dinner. She made the request that, when he partook of the food, he would favor her absent husband with his remembrance, his prayers and his blessing. Jelal invited his disciples to the feast, and all ate of the lady's sweetmeat to repletion. But the bowl still remained full. Jelal then said, " $0, h e$, too must partake of it." He took the bowl, ascended to the terraced roof of the college with it, returning immediately empty handed. His friends asked him what he had done with the bowl and the food. "I have handed them," said Jelal, "to the lady's husband, whose property they are." The company were puzzled by his words and conduct. In due course of time, when the pilgrims returued to Konieh, out of the baggage of the merchant the china bowl was produced, and sent in to the astonished lady, who inquired of her husband how he had become possessed of that identical dish. He replied, "Ah! I am also at a loss to know how it happened. But on the eve of the slaughter of the victims, I was seated in my tent, at Arafat, with a company of other pilgrims, when an arrn was projected into the tent, and placed this dish before me, filled with sweetmeat. I sent out servants to see who had brought it to me, but no one was found."

A company of pilgrims arrived one year at Konieh on the return journey from Mekka, and after visiting all the famous men of the city they were conducted to Jelal's College. On seeing him seated there, they all exclaimed and fainted away. When they were recovered, Jelal began to offer excuses, saying to them, "I fear you have been deceived, either by an impostor
or by some person resembling ine in feature." 'Whe pilgrims, howerer, one and all objected. "Why talks Lue thus?' they said to one another. "Why strive to make us doubt une eyes? By the God of heaven and earth, be was with us in person, habited in the very dress he now wears, when we assumed the pilgrim garb at Mekka. He performed with us all the ceremonies of the pilgrinage there, and at Arafat. He visited with us the tornb of the Proph:t at Medina, though he never once ate or drank with us."
For further examples of the marvelous acts of Jelalu-'d-Din as recorded by Eflaki, I must refer the curious reader to the work itself.
Perhaps one of the most famous of the Suints was Hadji Bektasl_-"Bektash the Pilgrim." He was a man of noble birth and great learning, his father having been the Seyyid Ibrahim Mokerrein of Khorassan. While yet a boy, he is said to have been distinguished for his devotion, never mixing with companions of his own age; and evinced in early youth an aversion to all worldly pursuits. His education was entrusted to the Sage, Lokman, one of the disciples of Achmet Youssouf, the Chief of the Sheikhs of Turkestan, and by him Hadji Bektash was "instructed in all the exoteric and esoteric sciences." Lokman bestowed on this favorite pupil the mantle of the Imam Jafer, which he had himself received from Achmet Youssouf. According to his biographers, Hadji Bektash declined all the dignities offered him by his father, "who died a prince in Khorassan." and devoted himself to a life of seclusion. Forty years were passed by this saintly man in study, fasting, and prayer, until he at length arrived at such a degree of perfection that his soul during sleep, left his body and entered the World of Spirits, and he became "filled with Mystic Science and Divine Knomledge." In obedience to the spiritually received command of Achmet Youssouf he went with Mohammed Bokhara and seven hundred Dervishes and other pious men and saints into Asia Minor in the train of the conquering Orchan.
It appears to be a point of honor with a Dervish to maintain that the Order of which he is a member is the most important of all the religious sects of Islam. and that its founder is the greatest and holiest of all Pirs. The legends related to Harlji Bektash by his followers, however, go far to establish bis supremacy over all rival Saints. Of these the following may serve as a specimen.
Hadji Bektash was one day sitting with some of his followers on a wall, when they saw a rival Dervish advancing toward them, mounted on a roaring lion, and holding in his hand as a whip, a writhing serpent with which he chastised his steed. The disciples, who had nover before beheld such a sight, marveled
 ren, there is litte anerit in brisg able w, rife upon a lion; I will show you a more wonderiul thing. This wall on whiseh we are situmy siall advalese and bur the further [mogress of yom witd beast and his rider." The Dervistices iromediately forgud that they were being carried forward by the wall whard the lion, whose rider was er, mpelled to arknowledge ties superior spiritual rank of Hadji Bo:ktash. Thins waij is still pointed out to travelers.
Michelet has remarked, with referenco to the legends which have collected round the Suate of the Cheistian C'alendar, that "the monks wrote tiar-tre, but the psople were their authors." Asd the same may: bey said of some of the extravagint storige relaterl of lervish Saints. In the following story, for iustance, the Moslem Saint, Mohammed Egkhara, in made the bero of adventures evidently brorrowed froses a widtespeead Eastern folstale.

This Mohammed Ertbara, also called Sari Saltik and Kilgra Sultan, was one of the fighting saints of the Ottomare conquest. and a favorite diseiple of Hadji Bektash. After the conquest of Broussa by Sultan Orchan (1926), the Maister bestowed on his disciple the insignia of the Order-a wroden sword, a sinsep;skin mat, a banoer, Urum and horn-and dispatehed him on a mission to the CDbelievers. The Saint and his serenty folloners spread their sheepsteins on the sea and sailed away, "with drums beating and banners Alying. from Roumelia to the C'rimea, from Yoscory to Poland." At Dantzic, Sari Saitilk had an interriew with Saine Xikola the Patriarch, whom he slew. Then, adopting his name and dress, he. as the Patriarch, traveled about Europe for some years, doring which time he converted many thousands to the faith of Islain. The King of the Dobrudja after listening to the preaching of the Saint, desired of him a miracle in confirnation of his mission. There happens 3 to be then in the Dobrudja a terrible scren-headed Dragon. and the King's twri, daghters were doomed to be devoured by him. Sari Saltik agreed to stap the monster and deliver the princesses on condition that therbecame Moslems.
Accompanied by his seventy Derrishes, beating their 3 rums and waving their baniners, he proceded to the column to which the dromed maidens were bound, drew his wooden smord. and waited. Thie Dragon soon appeared, and the Saint. addressing him with the passage from the Foran beginning "Greetings to Noah in Both Worlds." cut off three of his heads so that he fled away with the remaining four. The Dervish pursued him to his den, at the entrance to which be cut off the remaining heads, and then followed the monster into the cave, where a Prightful struggle took place. The Dragon pressed the Saint so

Fard against the mok that the inurescion of his hands and feet ranained risiber. at last Saris Saltit sletr the rosocter, and, with his theorly beeast and bloody swor. be lecs its malions biack to their Eather, the king.

In the mearvime bonerer, a "flured (Christian) moshe," who bal shom Saltit the way eo the column, had picted up the three tongus and the tars of the three beads frst eut ofe and earried thern to the king. beasting that Le Lad killed ties Dragon. The prineteses brore out ife textimoy of the Saint; but the mons persisterd in his staiement, Sari Saltik proposed as a test that they shoridd both bre broiled together in a caudion. The mork did not apporse of this trial he ordeal; bot, by encmand of the King, he was obliged to undergo it. Sari saltik was tied up by his Derrishes, aud the monk ber kis companions, and both were prat into a large cauldron heated by ar inozaense firs. It was at this hour that Hadji Bebtash, who mas then at Kir Sherir in Avia Sinor, swept with a handEerchief a dripping rock, exclaiwing. "My Saltik, Moharimes is now in great distress, may Allah assist him!" Eser since that das, salt instead of, as before, fresh water, bas dripped from that rowk, and from it the kind of salt called "Hadji Eekiash" is produced. The cauldron being opened, Sari Saltik was found perspiring and ejaculating, : 0 all Vivifying! (Ya Havij." Eut of the monk uothing was left but blackcoed cinders and bumt brones. The King of the Dobradja, moved be this miracle, instantly, together with sesen hundred thousand of his subjects, ernbraced the faith of Islam. He also sent ambassadors to Sultan Orchan, who bestowed upon him the title of Karli, a horse-tail standard, a banner, and the Moslera name of Ali Mukhtar.
In the same year Sari Saltik made his will, wherein he commanded seven coffins to be made, because seven Kings were to contend for his body after death. And so it fell out. After his corpse bad been washed and laid in one of the coffins, seven kings dernanded the privilsge of burying it. A coffin was given to all the sesen, who were "the Kings of Muscory, Poland, Bohemia, Sweden, Adrianople, Moldavia, and the Dobrudja." The last baried the coffin that fell to him in the Cave of the Dragon at Kilgra on tbe Black Sea, and built a Tekkah close by, where the Saint's wooden sword, drum and banner were treasured as relics.

Of the many Dervish saints whose turbes or mausoleoms are to be found in that picturessue old capital of the Ottoman Sultans, Broussa, one of the most famous was Shemsu-'d-Din Mohammed Ben Ali, a Scyyid, or descendant of the Prophet, who also bore the honorable title of Emir Sultan, bestowed on him on account of his learning. When performing his pilgrimage to the holy cities, the Sherifs, his fellow deseendants, refused him the portion to which he was
extited by his desert. The saint atoordingiy do
 bimsol?: and. going to his tomb accompanitd big the other Seryds, they heard a wice from within ery "Health io thee in son. Mosamoned Ben dii! Gs. to Rum with the lamp:" Tpor bearing this, 立 Sherifs threat theinselves at Shemsu-*din's fete, and arlmomledged their fazit. Ee short!r atterwaris it out for Atratolia. Whersupor a iamp saspended bim hearer became his guide on the was: and disappearat ouly when lie entered the gates of Broussa. Exir Sa: $\tan$ ascepted this as a sign that he was to take up hiz abode in this city, where he iound amaiting him frou hundred throusand disciples. For the inhabitants he? seen the lamp hanging irom heaven for three days, and knew br that wonder that ther might espect the adren: of a Saint. Under his direction they all became Der. wishes. Sultan Bayazid not only walked on foot by his stirrup; but gave him his daughter: Nature? Hanum, in marriage. When this Sultan had corspleted the building of the Oulou Jami, or "Great Mosque:" he asked Ernir Sultan if it were not a perfert mosque. "Yes," replied the Saint, " it is a rer: elegant roosque, but some cups of wine for the reireshment of the pious are manting in the middif." The Sultan exclairned with surprise, "How could it be possible to stain the house of Allah with the liquor forbidden by the law":" "Well," replied the Saint, "thou hast built a mosque, Bayazid, and findest it strange to put a cup of wine therein, but the bodr, which is a house of Allah roore excelleut than a talisman cornposed of the Divine Names, or the throne of Allab Himself-how is it that thou dost not fear to stain the purity of this godlike house with wine, day and night!" From that moment, adds the narrator, "Bayazid repented, and left off drinking wine."
Among the number of holy men who favored Evilya Effendi with their friendship, was the Sheikh Abdi Dedeh, who built the Mevlevi Monesters at Kassim Pasha, on the outskirts of the capital. According to this author, Sheikh Abdi was "in mystic lore, a second Jelalu-'d-Din. He knew by their names all those who came to the convent, though he had never seen them before. When he sang, "he intoxicated all Dervishes." Evliya Effendi also narrates that, as Sultan Murad was on oné occasion returning from Broussa to Constanti. nople by sea, he was in danger of being drowned near Cape Bozbournou, when he "saw at the ship's head by the Sheikh, who calmed the waves."

* Of the Saints canonized in our own days I may mention a Sheikh of Cavalla, whose gift of phophecy had enabled him to predict the day and hour of his departure from the world. This holy man caused his tomb to be prepared in the hall of the Tekkeh; and, though apparently in his usual health, he, on the eve of the appointed day, announced to his wife and his
disciples that he miust now eake leate of them. as that day would be his hast. These faresells taben, he falmuly proceled alons to the hall and lay down in the tomih that was to be his last resting glate. When. on the following monitug. the disciples arrivad at the $T$ thke they tome their resered master had indeed. acending to his prediction, breathed his hast. The same of his boly lifée and the circumstances oit his deatli zmn becime ridely kiom in the neighbortood: the derout matchers did not fail to see supernataral lights horering orer his grave : and before long miracles of healing were reported to hare been performed at the strine of the Sheith oî Cavalla.


## What Is a Sufi?

Strictly speaking, every seeber arter the ultimate truth is realle a Suin, whether he calls himself that or not. The mord "Suf" means Wisdom. The Suf has a point of riew which difiers from others onir in its constant endearors to comprehend all others within itselí. The Suf seets to appreciate as true the fact that every person, folloring his orm particular line in life, nevertheless fits into the scheme of the Thole and finally attains not only his own goal, but the one final Goal of all. Hence erery person, though obriously not a member of the Suf Order, is a Sufi as long as he is seeking to understaud life, or as som as he is willing to believe that every other human being will also find and touch that same ideal.
All beliefs are simply degrees of clearness of rision. All are drops in the one ocean of truth. The more this is realized, the easier it is to see the true relationship between all beliefs, and the wider does the range of vision of the oue Great Ocean become.
The Sufi Order mas first introduced into the Testern world in 1910 by Inayat Khan, who came from India bringing its message, riz., that in spite of our haring been born in different regions of the earth, and haring had different religions, customs, manners and different ideals in life, in the Sufi Order we can all unite in the Great Limitless Truth, beyond the narrom boundaries of caste, creed, nations or religion.

That which the Illuminated souls of all times have uttered, whatever faith they have exhibited, whatever language they have used, has always been SLFISM; for the Wisdom underlying all different faiths is that which unites them all, despite their esternal difference of aspect.-Herald of Light.

## TO DRIVE A NAIL INTO PLASTER

Before trying to drive a nail into a plastered wall, first put the nail in boiling water until it is thoroughly heated. You can then drive it in clean without breaking or chipping any of the surrounding plaster.

## QUESTIONS TO AROUSE THOUGHT

 lexer forms of life bave involuted Erym man mither than that man bas evolved irom tie !eswr furm of life? Man survives his generation mitale turer inmas of life brome akorbel into other torms of inie. tssemble and disassembit. some being regrarated in one buitr, still other iorms are not creative, one mighi say. are dependent on existing ribratiose of intoluntary motion.
It is a resordid fact that wany animak bare lived out their generation. The extination of phams of life abin to man might rais the gutetion of the lan of involution rather than erolntion being the distinguishing characteristic between man and all other forms of life on the earth pianet.

## Eight Simple Rules for Good-Cheer

"I rill talt health instead of siekness.
"I mill talk prosperity instead of failure.
"I mill talk good nems instead of bad news.
"I will tell the cheerful tale instead of the sad tale.
"I will mention my blessings instead of my burdens.
"I mill speak of the sumshine of yesterday and tomorror imstead of the clouds of todiay.
"I will encourage instead of eriticize.
:I mill be a friend to eversone."
: Let us not say an unkind word today, tind ucep for it tomorreus.
Let us not sow sweh secd around our way As soon would yield us sorrou,
But, as ue pass uith busy haste alomy. Let us a moment tarry.
There must be somcone in the restless throng Whose burden we might carry!':

## PSYCHIC POWER

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## Your Writing Reveals You

By Edna Purdy Walsh

There are many authorities who elain that the handwriting of a person is the best way to read him quickly. banks and business houses, at any event, use this method extensively, and many steptics about clairroyance and character analysis from other methods will be convinced about the handwriting of a person because it is used in the business world as a guide.
Every part of us, however, reveals our character. Our havdwriting is just as much a picture of ourselves in the eyes of the handwriting expert as a photograph is to the eyes of the average persou.

The cautious man reveals himself in his writing as easily as he does in his dress. If he is extremely cautious he is very careful to have his coat buttoned up tight at the neck. We seldom see him with an open vest or coat. Even his hands are clinched much of the time. He holds himself in, literally. His writing also reveals his cautiousness in the very careful crossing of the t's and the dotting of the i's. The letters are carefully and evenly written, and the ends of the words have a tendency to turn up.

The man who is fond of holding money to himself -who loves money for its own sake takes up very little space in his writing. Economy in the space between the letters is plainly seen.


The decorative faculties in a human being when strong, cause him to make many flourishing letters, especially with the capitals, and to spread them all about the signature. These flourishes mean "praise me' to the character analyst. Love of approval in a person shows itself in many flourishes. He is subject to flattery, and will often be found condemning himself, just to hear his friend contradict him. He will say, "I am not a very good actor" because he wants to hear from the listener, "Oh, you are a marvelous actor."

The person who is ruled by too much approbation and love of praise will go far to receive that praise. On the other hand, approbation causes us to worry so much about what people will say that we fail to carry out our ideas, fear to stand up for what we know is true.

Gas generated by the submerged grain cargo of the steamer Hivos, sunk by a German submarine in 1916. on the coast of Algeria, raised the vesisel to the surface. When the water pressure was removed the vess sel promptly blew up.

## Twilight Hour

Just a thourht at I lwilight, When the sum is low
$\Lambda$ Praver of love and healiner From a heat gou know.

Jnst to tomell your spirit,
luefore the lights bergin To banish the pain of parting And let the love-light in.

Just a sigh of blessing,
Without the organ's roll,-
Making dull days brighter
And drawing soul to soul.
Just a precious mem'ry
Of your dear hand, on mine,
And facing each tomorrow
With your smile, benign.
Just a wish, at twilight
In the after-glow,-
For God's choicest blessing
From a heart you know !
-By Forad.

## A Symphony

M. E. G.

$P$UT'yourself in harmony with the vast current of energy that flows thronag every atom of the universe. Learn to allow all thin,ys to develop in their own way and in their own lime. Live as naturally and in as close touch with life as a flower; it creeps, or clings, or stands upright, according to its nature, and, offering no resistance to inherent forces and inclinations, grows upward toward the sunlight.

Steck the complete and balanced life; work and play with hands, head, and heart in close sympathy with the unlimited energy of which you are an infni tesimal, but " necessary part. (tive up your iso. lated, antagonistic independence; it produces friction, and friction is waste. Itarmony is the source of health, happiness, and success. Let go. Feel yoursely in the current of the Primal Energy that lies beyond the beginning of all life, yet flows throuyh every atom of the universe merging all into a perfect whole. And, living in harmony with the life force, all things wall be possible and all that is most worth while will cams to you without fear, without worry, and without needless haste or striving.
-Osteopathic Mayazine.

# TWENTIETH CENTURY FULFILLMENTS 

A Dineourne (iiven Jhrough the Modiumahip of Cora L. V. Kichmond, isclore the Church of tho Soul, Chicuse, Illinoio



Cora L. V. Richmond, Pioneer Worker in the C'ause of Spirituulism

The 20th eentury falfillments forms the theme around which our remarks will eluster this morning.
"Whether there shall be propheecies," it is said, "they shall fuil;" yet ultimately all prophoceies e:ome truc.

Cyclic fulfillments are just as ceertain as the recurrence of the seasons and the revolutions of the planets, and their conjumetions, and the reappearance of comets. It. only remains for one to have knolwedge of the great spiritual forees of the miverse fo understand that spiribual life contains all these propheries and their fulfillonents. A fact which yon think is to be upon the earth, really is; and therefore it only needs the spirit vision, penctration and preserience to understand that whiseh is to eome to the rarth already wemewhere abirles.

The 20th eentury has not only been the subjecet of groat hones, lut is a century around which many propheries have clustered; and it is really ton be a
century of errat fulfillments. 'Ihose geopheserien that

 molien ; of that which is to supersede the noisy sitean engine, and even the fairy and swilt wirged electrie appliances; these like many other things are in theip turn to centirely pass out of use in the world and be superneded by still greate:r juventions. firome day to diny you have indications os! this. ()f eorarye it will not be very distant that the navigation of: the air will bee a fixed possibility in the carth's atemosphere. Alresaly its sacceses is assured an a fact, it, only re.
 Where is moch roore prospectio of it now that there was in the first years of the stenm railroad, that that would become the universal menns of land transportation; or that elestricity, when the trelegraphe was introduceid in a hall in a littie ceruntry town and it was actorally found that a persen could telespraph from one end of the room to the other, would reach such proportions that ultimately the earth would be too small for it to attain tor its greatesst possibilitices. Now you are experting wireless telegrapliy; but this is only the precursor to that ailded telegraphy that will unite the earth with other planets. I'his has already been talked of. Jut clectricity may not be the means of communication, nor even elertrical "vibrations." There is a system of more subtle vibration between world's, and when yon diseover and avail yourselves of that, as you have of the vibrations of electriety within the earth's atmosphere, you will have fround the menus of commuricuting with other planets.

Jesides you have knowledge of communication with the minds of othors; telepathy is no louger doubted, conserfuently there will he intercommunication between minds and oninds upon the different plancts as there bow is communication between minds and minds upon the carth.

The solar engine is in the imminent future and is to supersede steam and electricity as well. Thoses rays of light that now seem to be squandered, or are held in solution formewhere, will be made available. Science has gone far to prove what John Ericson drearned of many years ago. This solar light and heat will be conserved and used in the winter tirne, so you will have solar light and heat for your dwellings; and you will be able to temper the rays of the sun in the slammer time, by having large reservoirs or receptacles to take the surplus light and heat from your strests and dwellings and thiss make a suitable temp.
erature during the entire rear. The solar heat will be made avalable for the new motor power. The electrie light. which you now consider so resplendent. will be supereded by this ereat solar light. Which in many respects resembles the electrical vihmations.

All this will ernue in the early part of the 20 h century. As the means of transportation incteases in rapidit:; communication with nations will increase in facility, and this will be one of the means for the obliteration of war. For, as we have many times said. with air-ships throring bombs intn fintifications there will be little possibility of resisting the encroachments of an approaching elueme. Human intellect is using all of ite foree and power to concentrate and utilize the destrmetive substances of nature. So it will come io be a fact. that war will be such a dangerous expertment that dations will hesitate to resort to it. This, perbaps, more than ans sense of brotherly love, will prevent nations from warring. Then, baturally, will follose courts of arbitration, and international congresses of arbitration. and at last the world will cease to spe these iormidable preparations for war.

In Psychical directions in the past century, especiaily the latier hali of the past century, such manifestations have oceurred as to induce many people to believe that, externally (in the phenomenal sense), you are to have greater manifestations of psychic porer than in the past. We venture to differ with these. We think that the increase in psychic porer will be with indiriduals; that perception of psychical priaciples mill be to the unfoldruent of the race. The rase is to eome into the beritage of those spiritual forces that have been denied you through superstition on the one hand and materialism on the other. Materia! religeisn and material science have both combined in deprive the hutan race of the legitimate esercise of spiritual porer. Where known they have been apporopriated by those who were supposed to he spiritnally endowed as spiritual teachers and guides, who hare been enrolled under some denominational sect. Religion has ciosed the door $t$, individual spiritual experifnces and made the race dependent for spiritual teaching upon external forms and theologrical training. All this has been interfered with, and much of it has been set aside in the last fifty years by the advert of Moriern Spiritualism.

Of course, just as sarsu as human lives herome aware that religion is a spiritual expressifn, and that each oue is entitled to exercise any of the spiritual gifts that art in the universs; as soron as perople become aware that prophets and seers and those endowed with spiritnal gifts mere human beings; that these gifts, according to the growth and reeds of the human race, will becrme more and more the posisssion of bumarity, that, in other words, all that realm that has been chouded by ignorance, saperstition and bigotry is
beinge opened an a portion of the leminimate ponsw. sion of the humath race; the perenie: growth of he word will be womderfoll; instead of litule children me. ing punished and treated beg phesicians because they
 cocd, and people will wraduall! barn that the pasis. som of perchice wifts is mot a wonkows but a strefienth, and that they oul? meluite rectenision and the sur. rombling of the semitive with a "areful conditions a
 your compass to make you aware hat they are amrowe the rareat and best pinssessions of the hurnan rete.

Finally, as the world has cintered upon a new psydtion cra, that psychice cra is to calminate in a great degres in the 20th century. We mean to say, that a larew number of people upon the earili's surface will enter into the knowledge of spiritual things and posssesi psychic power; will under, and pstechic subjerets; will know that these are a legitimate source of inquiry. and that the human mind may intuitively be openel 1 in receive influences, impressions and teachings from those who have passed from human life; that this will be no longer sacrilegious, nor sinful, nor for. bidden, but it will be one of the great strides in human recornition. It is even so today. You cannot take up a magazine, scarcely a daily paper, without finding one or more articles impinging upon or acti. ally treating of these subjects. All this open recong. nition of the spirit realm, instead of being a hinder. ance to humanity is a great help, a luminous back. ground to human endeavor.

Edison and every great inventor admits freely that the inventions do not emanate from his own mind; that he is aware of receiving help; that behind him is some one who gives the impressions; that these impres. sions usually came, either in visions of the night or when the active duties of daily life are hushed and shut out ; that all unexpectedly the point which he had been struggling for is at once revealed to the mind. Every great discoverer, like Herschell, in the discor. ery of the planet that formerly bore his name, freely admits that there is some a priori knowledge or vision froin the realm invisible. This knowledge is foreed upon the outward conscinusness. All the realm of discovery, so-called, must be in the realm of That which you invent or discover today, somewhere is actual knowledge-of those who are higher and wiser, an actual and practical reality. Whatever planet is beyond yours in urfoldment must have already in operation those forces and motors which you are striving for; and, no doubt, visitarits from these worlds, either frorn the spirit realms surrounding thern, or actual inhabitants, do approach the eart and give these impressions to those ready to receise them.

You cannot limit the powers of mind, you canars
restrain the introlliesues that will speak, evern across the spaces. Vesither can human beings, maidest, claim to gather these trulis from the equat reservoir of unthinking invention. Thare mever was a thomeght in the universe that was tod thometht by some intelligenere. Neither was therer: an invention that was mot pereseivern by some intellizenes. The primal sourec of every invention must be the (ireat Cereative Intenligenene; as intelligenere is the only power that can diseroser, se intelligenere is the only power that can impart discoveries. The steam engeine died not ger prancine around in the universe for some inventor to find it. It was the remult of this great thought, motor that is so much greater than the force of steam that in its presence steam beeromes but a toy, a bauble merely. There are no great thonghts floatine around for you to think them, but thonght responds to thought by intelligence, parsomal and individual.
Those souls that are alive and are fresighted with knowledge do mot think their knowlede far away from earth and dolle it out in parecls. Just as fast as human lives are ready they are ready to impart it. The teacher docs not withhold knowledge from the little child through any sellishness or miserly instinct of keeping the knowledge to hirnself, but according to the growth and ability of the child imparts the lesson that is needed. So as human lives grow these lessons are waiting in the rninds and throughts of the higher intelligences for human beings to possess them.
The forces of nature, so-called, do not communi. cate themselves directly to intelligence without an intervening intelligence. These forces themselves you think unintelligent, but behind each pulsing orb, behind each manifestation of nature the great power of deific intelligence is manifest, and there man must find the secret source of his knowledge.
This 20th century is expected to wipe out war; that is, largely to bring about the reign of peace; that is to see international arbitration; that is to witness the interchange of human commodities without commercial greed, with nothing of the spirit of barter will not bring the millennium; human brotherhsod on earth is to come to its fulfillment by better spiritual understanding.
Religion, when crystallized in any form, in any given theology, has not been able to bring this about in any general way, although it is quite certain that the early disciples lived together in a sort of fraternty. It is quite certain that the Quakers and the Shakers and many isolated religious bodies have at first illustrated that fraternal spirit; but it is usually at the sacrifice of some material or other law. The usual form has been too great asceticism, something that is not grounded in the usual needs and requirements of the human race. The monastic life of many religious hodies; the seclusion of the adepts in the East; the
separation from thrior kind of many urdera of ser,ether. hords, have made presisis) these asertie: and exalted lives, nesertheles.s the: do wet illuatrate the general progeress of the race. The (hbrist that ate and taiked with puldicans and simaress; the charist that visiterd all clases of perospe, frose the palate to the witage, the Christ hat found humanity where it wait, this is the Spirit of that Truth that way to reach arde remesate the wrorld.
Sef er, urse there must be: prophethets and teacters. theix: whe proint the way ard derlare the truth, but the erroxth must bere by the moddingerge the individual lises that make up the cormuminitics, the soreserties and mations. When these nations have mutprewn war there can tre no war; when they have outerestan erertain kinda of selfishucss is the liues of emmarere:al dealinge, there
 eds are not to blame. Perpide tall' about certain efonditions in life as if the inetherls theriselves were respenioible. Creeds Lave been blarmed by ther materialists and the agnostics for the iepurancer of the humati rase. You might as well hame the she! 1 is which the young bird is incubatine, and sas, "the fird ersuld fly if it were not for the shell." fof courise where the bird is ready to fly the shell will break fot there never was a areed strong entwigh to hold a person who liad outerown it. When sou see multitudes forcking to the Rornish church and to, other churehes, yoll may kno* it is their place of incubation; you may know that it is just the plate: adapted to their needs. That all attempts that serem to nutsiders to keesp perple from thinking are really their shelter. It is very difficult for people to think when, they are not able to think. they do not know how. The methods of mnowing how to think and of eqrowing tosmard it are not presented by creed and doyma or a frision cell. Perhaps you could not write as Passeal did if you were in prison. Neither can you sut of prison write as he did. The restraining walls would not cause gro not to write, but you have not errown to those heights, you have not conquered in those spiritual ways. Those "mate inglorious Miltons" that we bave read about so many times, those "florers that are born to blush unseen and waste their sweetness on the desert air," are largely in the poct's inagination. If there is a Milton, even though blind, he will have visions of Paradise; and if there are blossoms they bloom, not for eyes to see, but because to blom is the loveliest and sweetest thing they can dn. All this tals about genius being hidden away in some dark corner of the earth is a mistake. The New England rocks could not hold the genius of Webster, could not fetter the songs of Longfellow, nor could the rules and severe asceticism of Quakerism prevent Whittier from singing the songs of the people. Nowhere upon the earth is there a rocky cave in mountain or valley that can bide the






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 tare ef erisyase in anotier century．People will an then stay ic citics aniess they are obliged to ati atorit xill be obiged to from lank of being able al se titide arid have irsin air，cortagos and homet ak Eraces ard ：usements．
Weat will it to then？It will be a race of pange georing up in the midat of the beautifal scena of rature．apprentating the blue sty，the starty ramit，tis surrises and the sunsts，the forer gardens，the feidio and seadisws．The whole enantry bas room for toire for all tis parople．Hos beautiful it would be．The the eities would only be accapied by shipping inter． ests．railmads and crommeree as distributing centes

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 lang to you dun posbly yen wil serean wher you des row down for the oie that is to sex to it
 ins it is not simply that twey wist fo be there bat betase the priving porery ad the readmill of dive will dos not ofer aur better phate for they to lire in.
You despe a limited income yola live wiere yon mas. If gour inowe mere less rou mouid bare to live rimere they do.
Nom the great problen is to tave the income and the bome combined for a piace of cemport. frest ar and surshine.
Spiritualy there is a creat deal of hive boing let in upon the earti. The upper lights bave been turned on for nore than half a centurs: the hadean dariras bas been dispenej. time great gaunt raults of fear and the horrible ihoughts ennerning death have been seatered. let toere is still much to do.

Your cemeteries are places of disase; sour cnumded cities gnom and inelude tiona. Miren the valts of rear spirits are opened you will underntand that your friend is no more in the growed than ptelesed lig the garments they have worn when on earri. and you will hare changed the whole aspeet of that whicin relates to. so-called. iunerals.

The ?oth century will note, not only a marked change in this respect. but you will perhaps be surprised when you see that not only towers for the wealthy but for all classes will conde, blessoms of hope and joy, with the transition of the spirit from the
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 to thos wea were is tumat lis.













 thouglit.
But really. dear friesio, the tost than youd could do for people is to give some bluserzs waik the
 make rouncif teliere thas death is beautifal. Let
 you sir atout them be suid ritile tiey an here. Tell then how much you love them erery day instad of beeping it stom awar until their torns are shent: it will he!p them as well as you. It is a greas deal betier to do the while they are in human life than when the change conde. Then ticere is an lack of biossoms when they atere spirit life. The spirit of life is this bossoming.
Ah! it is the tombe and sepuleters that you tiud in daily life that makes you so full of grief when the lored are gone. But they do not go, they do net pass from you, they are in rour midst, and whatever blussoms you bind their lives with, of hope and love and jor, these they posiess when the time of tramsition comes.
Yis. Sutan has been reformed in the last halif century. Now the old-time enemy of the warld, Death, is to be reformed, and Death as a riformer will take









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 roa，extinas awd sinis you nuect sbuat mith is


 sate．Who bere mot enquent．at in tixir orn



The Bheh exutury mariss the dentebuell of Death in
 defir beiongings will give place to browledge of the reator of the spirit，of the ligest that is berond，of ite streggil sud kesat and greathes that abide there．

The 20in century is the prevarsor of the great estachtran．tor the ghacial deluge and all the forees of mind and spirit giart the rpoch faster timn matter dues．Therefore，there are culminations inmandly Weibe will bring about a culmination in ways for derising peace；eulminations in relsion that will bring about a great deal of sevtarian struggle to the מem enigitemonet of the race：culminations in com－ aercial relations that mill bring ebout a general redu． justment．sinciz nations mill be so giruled around that ihey will be ciechanated by etber nations through the intercbange of commerce．There will be grest chauges in the refation of canital and labor，since now they are dirided．But a man will stand for more than a dollar． and humanity will stand for wore than money．The rime is coming when these forses will be allied of netessity，and necessity will bring sbout equalization and gromth．

Fraternity cannet be compelled，but fraternity will gradually take the place of seltish aggregation．As soon as people understand that each is included as a part of the whole．You fight the morld nom，the＂ I ＂ being against all the rest．It was a great proposi－ tion in science when the sun was made the center of the solar system，instead of the earth．It left the earth because science found it was too small to be the center of so much magnificence．Then the center found its own place the universe secmed to be better adjusted．Nor the＂$I$＂is supposed to be the center of the unirerse in every buman mind．Just as soon as that is changed and the＂$I$＂is relegated to its own














 esperiesies mill rasish．If rou walk the therrepas etters liave walberd and ane walbing it．If ron base e hand task to periorm，ethers have hand task if gea hare serat grief，otliers hare grief alsu．Thene is or isolation in sorron or in joy．A commen pularise rums inroughout the universe and through the raie for the wishey purpes of human experieuce．

This ？hoh ceutury．releasing manr things that hare terell chained in the past，will yield greater beginnigy than roll suppese：will teach each human life thas be or she is no better：no worse in the great economet souls than demous or archangels：each is only a state of growth and espression．
Then James Phillip Bailer made Luciter at lasit to be restored as au angel of light．it was a grest spiritas lesson．When Sir Edwin Aruold makes the Magis－ len the principal expounder of the teachings of the Master，it is a great spiritual lesson．No oue is higher or lower，ultimately．primarily；and the various an． ditions of human life are but that you may tind es－ pression in some century like the 20 th century and ow horr you long have moved with one mighty purpoce torand that erent，that in itself is no greater then thousands of events that have preceded it，or mill follow it ；that all culminating periods have nations of people like yours．

At some time in the garden of earth the lily bla－ soms；but for that lily there is the darkness that hides the germ，the bursting forth of the shoot，the transmutation and transfiguration torard the florer． then finally the opening of the blossom，the oue su－ preme event of that lily＇s life．Yet to those who gaze on fields of lilies miles and mides in estent that obe tily means little or nothing，yet it is the oue event．
Somewhere in the Garden of Life the great id． mortal Lily of Love has its hiding place in the dars． ness，in the midst of rocks and thorns and briars，pis－ sibly hidden a way：and no one suspects that it is there．There is struggle and there is growth；the stalk comes forth，then the leares，and tinally，for that life the supreme moment arrives，the white Lily of



 fum wray，me：are he filled with sem in all the


so behme itmais．this ceutury will shape itelf
 with be mote ne aqual importance．Amd as gou ate staming upm the threstiob now behohding the wighty masierios dif the past．remember it may be that tha itamertal Lily of Fratemal Love will bhsom upon fhe Earth．and humam life will reveal it io the gan dens of eatrit，ami that angels will bemd and at lase tetiond it．
－Editors mote：
The Churel of the Soul mas arganized ly Cora I．V．Kichmond，May lat，1ses．The propheey was siven that same rear．Mrs．Richmond entered spirit life in the first faint dawn of $19.3:$ ，having lived to a ripe ase．She began her activities for the cause of spiritualism in 1 Eat at the age of 11 gears and ex－ mained active until the day of her death whish ee－ curred Jan．Ind，19：3．
The preceding pages were prowered through the anutesy of the executors of her estate．

## The Awakening Voice <br> By Katharine Hillwoud Pour

Dut irom the turbulewee and the contlict．cleaving is way throgeh the maelstmon of human life，a Voice shall arise．Softly，almost iupereppible at tirst，as from a far，far distaner，its anotle toming falls upun the ear．It rises and falls，ebles and Hows，revedes and adrauces，pulsates and is sileut，until the hearing strains to catch its rhythum which once heard and felt call never be forgotten．
Slowly．irresistible：it makes its way into the long－ mg haman heart，impinges upou the homan couscions－ nes until its prescone becomes kuown and its melody permeates the entire being，stimulating the dormant tones and imperfect chords within until ther are stirred into sentient life and spring forth in weak and faint attemets at harmons．
Ever the Yoive persists，pushing resistlessly its tom－ ing into the deep recesses，the darksome woid．and lift－ ing its jorsome caldence unto the heights．Ever and anon，a long low swelliug note heats and throbs，and presses against the self made barriens within the earth horn mess，until they can so longer hold and are broken down，admitting the glorious musie of the vihrant，iusistent Voice which peals its Lave Rhythm forth until its echoes resound against the distant hills and fill all space with its melodic toning．
［＇pon the wings of light it comes，in the glowing
 io rathathe or upon the sarbatu of die sutibe fall． bus night the shimmering riphe of the lowhet or


The lobe ribes fertin fown apon the Monntain Top and thrugh the valleys deptls：wier the fashing siriag of mang waters and in the doert＇s hurning risistes：in the vast sllishies ami in the rushing tur－ muil of the motler marts of men．

And the haman matstom．its sumphent parts rushing hombessy hither and ron semmerg the kid． ding of sume gisantio ided which demamis incessent twibute and bechens to its ravemots maw its human rietimes，caselesely heaves and strains dowing into its vertex thase who in their masd rosh and thoughi－ less haste pallise not to lisien to the Calling Covies． whese insistent sidner bomes en men the whelige wor． tex．may the leand ley the listemiage par．

In the vast silent reathes of the seul sumds forth that Covice：a single low pitibet note perhaps or a low rippling chond；the deep toned mesn of anguish or the rising pral of ges．Eveu thrugt the bewibler－ ing chouds of passion it pieners the uipages of the little sulf until at last the true keyuote is tomethed and all the being responds．turns about and listens．

When this merus．this holy moment of repponse，of revoguition．the earth stands sileut and all hearen araits：for ho！a soul a wakes from its age loug slumber． arises from its swathing reils and tries its Auttering wiugs：turns its rision uprand to the Livht．

Ceases not the rhythmie Toicte．Ceasolnaly it swells and pulsates corering the entine gannt of tome in its eftort to bring forth finm the new hern strusuling soul．the perfeet whond to make the Sour complete． And at great leneth after eons of sueh effort，dames the day of sweet fruition when the gentle．all－com－ pelling Voien shall daim Its own stad man per－ feetad and engloried shall stand arisen．Lond of his Kiugdom．seuding forth into the Cosmic Spacs his arn sompleted harmonic tone to blend into the Cess－ mic Chond of Lore Redemption，the Mousie of the C＇ni－ reval Deep．of the Celestial Sphens．the ghorions pabans of sond vietory ringing forth from the Creat Star Depths of mam at last unde Gexd：

When we adramce berond the limitation of our phe－ sical sight we can hope for better things for the world． We will heam that all needs create their own bilm the same as every poison has its autidote，erery thought its created imber．Vibration and reflewtion follow each other as the day folloms the night．Be coura－ grous；raise your stamdand of thiuking．if you would be lifted to omniscience．

That good which we would sie in ahother wee mest first reffect from oursolecs．

## Our Guiding Teachers

I have been a medium since the vear 1879 and I date mer public rook from the year 1s90. At that time I conducted a monument works in Omro, Wiseonsin. a tomn of 1,500 indabitants and a spiritualist center, and we owned a tiue brick temple in which we held serrice and conducted seauces and messige circles. On that platiorm I gave me first publie spirit messages and whe my guide ras I did not know. On a cold rinter day one of our members, a respected old lady, aud a life long spiritualist, passed to the spirit morld. Her name mas Hussy, and she was an angel in the body. On the morning of her funeral I rent to our temple to build the fire. I mas alone, my thoughts on spiritual things and receptire to spirit influence. An inner roice spoke to me, and said, "My" name is Mirabu. I'm your guide and I mish to work througid rou, to benent humanity.' That mas all, and this noble spirit las been guiding and inspiring me ever since.

In all these rears he was never absent when needed and I hare learned to hare perfect faith and confidence in him. Since Mrs. Kleinegger and I have dereloped the trumpet Toices she comes in occasionally and gives us adrice, or quietly reprimands me for some neglect in our morb. He claims that he has been in the spirit world about 500 years. About 1898 another gride aunounced herselfi, giving the name Appleblossom; a beautiful female spirit, a perfect blonde. Sine looked to be about 16 years old. She mould etherialize in front of my bed night after night, alrays with a branch of appleblossoms in her hand. About that time, an Indian, a healing guide, came to me, gave his name as Wonerroc. He rorked through me treating the sick for many rears, finally leaving me when I stopped giring treatments, and took up his work with one of my students from Murphreesboro, Illinois. When I again took up the healing work about 7 years ago, another healing guide came to me, a Doctor Carson, who in life founded a healing institute in Kansas Citr, Missouri. He tells me through the trumpet that he has many spirit ielpers, and that he and they are the healing band, going wherever we have patients. I am now coming to our trumpet development. Dr. 3I. C. Wiliard is the main cabinet guide and came to our Assistant Pastor, Mrrs. E. Kleinegger, at the Winfield Kansas Camp, through a trumpet redium by the name of Tm . E. Hart of Kansas City, Kansas, and said he rould develop ber as a trumpet medium. We began to sit for derelopment soon after, and oot the voices in three months. I'll have to go back some years now and bring in rny Irish guide, Pat Maloney. At every circle he would come in and control my rocal organs to speak and give messages; he would speak through me, in his Irish brogue, I being a German, this made it look as if I was putting it on. So,

I repelled him tor seceral years, finally letting hima work again as he has learned hetter English. He is now the old stambly, and is comected with be. Wia. lard in our trmmet work.

The next cabinet guide is Blauche Wiadsor, a gind 23 yours of age from Rayne, La, who came to me and the band through mail readings I gave to her mother for about 2 years. In her mother's first reading, she: gave her mame, and sent a message of love to her mother. which comverted the mother to spiritualisn. The mother has since passed over, and often comes aud talks to us through the trumpet. Blanche has changed her name to Birdic, as it is easier spoken. She has learned to tall independently of the trumpet and chatters through the seances: her funny sayimes make the sitters laugh; to make good conditions she says. Johmnie Becker. ny nepher; is another cabinet guide. He passed over in Chicago, 1904 , when 14 years of age. I loved him like one of my own, which at. tracted him to me in my work. He was a born artist. He writes on blank cards, even inside of a pack rithout disturbing them, and he is begiuning to make dramings. We espect much of him in the future. I must also mention that he plays the mandolin in the cabinet while we sing.
There are several more guides in the band, in fact, too many to write about in this article. I will mention tro more, a Jewrish Rabbi, who calls himself Rabbi Amos, not the one of Biblical times. He is a learned, wise spirit and at times inspires me to speak. He seldom speaks through the trumpet.

Another one of the band is Charles Coble of Free. port, Ill., to whom tre gave readings before be passed over. He was totally blind, and is now very happy he can see. He was instrumeutal in bringing Mrs. Meinegger to Freeport, and to his brother and sister liv. ing there on a farm; several times bringing then in contact mith their loved ones gone before. Through the guidance and influence of Charley Coble, Mess. Kleinegger was enabled to cure 7 persons of cancer. while in Freeport, and she has them in alcohol in her home. There is so much more I could say, but mp article is getting too long. I hope the reading of this article will be of benefit to some, and strengthen their faith and confidence in mediumship.

Yours for humanity, N. Becker, Mrs. E. Kleinegger.

Mother-"I've tried so hard to make you a good child, Margaret, and yet in spite of all my efforts you are still rude and naughty."

Margaret (deeply moved)-"What a failure soo are, Mother."

# A SCIENTIFIC ESSAY ON PHOTOGRAPHING THE UNSEEN 

By Dr. W. K. Dunmore

Those who are murilling to aceerpt the expression of spirit manifestations as truth and demand a scientific explanation will find it essential to have an clementary knowledge of chemistry, physics, physiology, light, sound, cte. It is therefore necessary that sorae of the explanations which follow touch on these subjects. Natural law is cosmic law and applies to physical and spiritual alike. If this were not so the entire universe would be chaotic.

A. Tribbett, 3416 Elaine Place, Chicago, Ill.; R. K. Tribbelt, his father, who died July 26th, 1917, at Rockfield, Ind. The above photo was taken by Dr. W. K. Dunmore, and is oouched for by his son, who states that there is mo other picture of him in existence

Material man is a trinity and the three component parts are spirit, soul and body. The spirit is the offspring of the creator and bears the same relation to him as the child does to the parent. It is that part of man to which knowledge is imparted, the so-called sub-consciousness, the storehouse of instinctive impulses, purely and only a self conscious undying entity. No exercise of its faculties can take place except through the agency of material substance. The body, which is organized matter, serves as a medium through
which it gives expression to throughts by converting thein into acts.

Before this can take plase a third element ia neessary, the spark of life which we tern the sinul and which is in reality conscious energy. Without this the spirit is only capable of taking cognizance of objects and events. Expression must be through the direction of energy which, if it were not conscious energy, would be as the water of a river gravitating along a course the direction of which is governed only by the resistance of its banks.

This energy (the soulj being conscinus is enabled to give expression to thoughts by converting them into acts or words. These impulses are not restricted to our own bodies hut may be radiated or focalized and find espression in the acts of others, mental telepathy being an example of this. If all natural laws are cosmic , the spirit having left this body mast take on another body if any evidence of life after death is manifested to us.

It follows then that the spirit most take on an immortal body and must have a soul which animates it. As the soul which exists in the mortal body dies it must be endowed with another soul to complete the trinity of future existence and give it power to express itself. The new body being ethereal is only risible to the clairrorant. The spiritual being desiring to present itself to the living chooses a place where conditions favor a manifestation. Mediums being familiar with the conditions necessary create an enrironment suited to the demonstration. Some mediums are capable of creating such favorable conditions and giving of their own vital and material substance that full form and solid materialization occurs and the forms are visible to the eye.

Be it remembered that the spirit entity possesses an ethereal body at all times whether visible to the eye or not. That this body is a framework upon which the visible body forms as the result of energy directed by the spirit. That the living may project their spirits with an ethereal counterpart of the physical body to a distant point in the same manner that spirits do. The clairvoyant medium observing these forms may be able to distinguish between them and those who have passed out of the body by a certain characteristic appearance due to the fact that they possess the soul of the living which differs from the sool of the departed. They may even manifest as fully materialized forms and occasionally appear on photos. When
fully materintized they may sometimes be photographed by flashlight exposures, but his strong light dissipates materintiond forms they are immediately de-materialized. In ordinary spirit photography lorms are rarely visible to the eye as the light prevents sufficient solidification.

The spirit forms take on as much material as the: sirengll of the light will permit, which may or male not be suttieient to inmpress the photographic plate. For this reason a spirit may be present, but being mable to syntheticolly utilize the available material camot be photographed. Another ennse may le lack of vitul force or becanse of the presence of other spirits who are stronger or more dominant. Many times relatives and friends promise to appear or photos but are mable to do so for the reasons stated.

Some of those who sit for photos attract spirits who are umble to appear on their own photos but who may succeed in getting in on the photo of some one else. This is a quite frequent occurence. When several fuces apear on a photo it often happens that none of them are recognized, those appearing having erowded out others who might have been identified. If only wate or two appear, the reverse is frequently the case and these appearing are known to the sitter.

The accompanying photo illustrates this feature. The sitter was unknown to the photographer and no influence could be exerted to cause the appearance of one unknown to the operator. Only one face uppeared and was recognized as the futher of this gentleman. Subsequently he sat for other photos and several facecs appeared but they were unknown to him.

On one occasion this gentlenan was present while some photos were being made for another sitter. He witnessed the louding of the plate holders,' exposing and developing. $\Lambda$ film that had not been exposed on the eitter was taken from the pack and put through the developer to prove that there was nothing on the films before photographing the person sitting. As it was not previously known that he would be present and as the sitter had furnished his own films there was no opportunity to prepare for a demonstration in which trickery might be resorted to.

## Why Are Mediums Branded as Fakes? By EFFA DANELSON

The publie brand mediums as fakes when a stated fee is required. They say mediumship should not be commercialized. When a stated fee is requircd by the medium it is commercializing a sacred calling. When a stated fee is required on entrance to a spiritualist meeting that is commercializing a sacred cause. But when the dear public who demand this service to bes done for a free will offering, which would amount to five or ten cents a head, that they may have their problems solved, save a doctor's bill or a lawyer's fee, get
tips on the races, pul were sombe hasimess deal, find 1 joh or nave the sorvice of at dodretive, to say malling
 cialiving the canse or mediumshia), Ihe brand of liuke is withboll. Nombmalip, is : 11 art just as moch mex
 of this att is a pornfession alld should be chassed as sumble. Ther publie: should be alde lo allomse the medimen whe serves them woll just as they chowse ome to teas: on serve llem in any and. Trachiner medimmship is apmo. fresion and serving the: peophe: theobih medinmalip is also a profession. 'This art shonld be protereled from the mamulers who seek tor make laws which interefere with its pronress or restraining the publie from secking the wrevice which only this arte ean give. The tritekster who plies his tricks turber the elonk of me. dinmship shomld be dealt, with by the same law that all trickstem are proseculed moler.

## What Did He Say?

"Charley, dear," said Yonmer Mrs. Jomes, "I have such a hargain!"
"Indect?"
"Yes; you told me that blue poker chips were worth a dollar apicee, and I got a whole lot of thein for ser-enty-five cents at a salc."

## Justice on the Job

The bedraggled individnal indignantly denied that he was intoxicated when the police officer testified that he found the prisoner lying in the street.
"Very well, then," retorted the versatile judge. "Your're fined \$5 for parking more than six inches from the curl."-Buffalo Express.

## The Friendly Challenge

In the early days of Colorado everybody ducked when a man reached for his hip pocket. Nowadays they all crowd around him.-Colorado Transcript.

## Polite Hint

('uktomer-"I say, do yoll ('ver play anything bs request $9^{\prime \prime}$

Delighted Musician-"Certainly, sir."
Customer-" "Then I wonder if you'd be so good as to play a game of dominoes until I've finished my lunch?''-London Punch.

## Real Obedience

Jane, four years old, was overheard addressing hep favorite doll, the loss of whose arm exposed the sar. dust. "Oh, you dear, good, obedient dolly! I know I told you to ehew your food fine, but I had no ides you would chew it as fine as that."

# INTERESTING PSYCHIC EXPERIENCES AT OUR CENTER 

Mas. Jork lavinge complened her emgatement with mir Comber, we are introchuciner this month, Mis. Claral Kecue, a voiee pryyrhise with whom we will enthinue our prychie studies. We hope: to indronduce many more workers ans lime from ons. It is one ilrean by itay and by night to build one of the largest pryelioe educentional Cemters in the world. We are phamining fors dasses and publie: meselinge daily. We are expececally anxious for P'spechies who have any marked phatses of mediumship, surlo as t.rumpet voiee, independent voiese, materializalion and arytul readers, publice message: bearers or readers whom we can recommend whe are: willing to eome mader one teste comditions. We are: providing a plate for homest workers whe eat harmonize with our prineiples and we invite you to join wilh us that the work may not be delayed Ionger. The haur is at hand when we must band torgether and molowl the canse and estal) ish the truth of life after death.

We have had several very satisfuctory seanees with Mrs. Ketene and we are satisfied we shall have some very gooll thinges to report. The dear voice of your loved ones, not to be mistake:n, giving their message of love and comfort in such a eonvincing mamer, leaves no room for doubt as to their identity and their individunlity; proving again and ugain that the musecen and unheard world around and ahout us, peopled by them, is omly an mexplored dimension in life waiting for the mortal ear to, be unstopped or the dim sight to be made more clear, overeoming the invisibility and the inaudible world about us. One very striking message came from one who had been dead about $2: 3$ years, giving his name and his oceupation; being recognized by one of the sitters present, they carried on a very pleasing conversation together.

Another spirit announced himself as brother frank, calling for his sister who was present. Through the teachers who come and are able to speak to us in these seances we are able to get light on these vital ques. tions that can not be had in any other way. It is greatly to be deplored that better facilities and opportunities cannot be provided for these workers who are endangering their lives each time they lend themselves for the use of these forces. We hope the day will come when the psychic who is the light bearer between the two worlds will be appreciated and provided for. T'his we hope to do at our Center.

Messages received in public mectings at the Center.
The following was received at the Wednesday evening meeting, July 11th, 1923. The first message


 baiek. She then deseribual a swonsation as if they


 was for; glancing were flare andience sher maw

 party muld reeriving the: answer that she: coult, the
 was mot afraid to die, hut hu: mimenes of death was havel to bear. Then he maid "l would like la shake
 la:ing willine, the e:xerouted man sherok hameds with liar by takine hold of buth her hatiols. The instant here hand eontacted widh the prsyelie, the payedice's hamed rhanged fo. his and they shomele hands in their osm way. Them he gave her u corde message which she saind she: undersionel perferelly, the nature of which was
 poblem for the world. They can oolve it for themssielves and tell the word abeot it and do their share in getling them introrested; but cach individual must prove it for themselves: The fake in spiritualimin is a fake, just the same as a eounterfeit dollar is alwass a counterfeit dollar. The esunterfeit dedlar in cijreula. tion makes us careful when we take money. We should handle: spiritualisin in the same way and learn ts know a false mesiage from a gemuine one just as vou distinguish the fake dollar. If you got a dozen bad dollars in a day in one grod one, you would mot throw the good one away. Learn to distinguish the plant. life from the weed.

## Psychic Research Center <br> Program for May

Sunday, 3 P. M. Lecture and oral messages.
Sunday, Tuesday and Thursday, 8:30 P. M. Voies Seancer.
Wednesday, from 1 to 5 P. M. Short social readings. Coffee served.
Wednesday, 8:15 P. M. Lectura and oral mesoases.
Friday, 8:30 P. M. Junior class.
At all Voice Seances, the donrs are closed promptly at 8:30. Do not ring the bell or pound on the door after that bour.

Be on Time
If ailing and in need of mental healing direct your thoughts between the hours of 12 and 2 p. m. to the Healing Center.
Babies and Sunshine
Weath－rates prove that the linst fiew yedr，of the
are the harensto and that bables under one yedt die is
of danener bas a wate better chance of growius up）
tbarl wad da，and if be collects al！that the law of
averages allots him，he shoald live ahout tun years
luyere than Fondo．So we are tuld by Watoon Davis
Wered

Since we grona－ups were yougag，ideas atout diet bave been rewiurionized．Water and all＇s supplies bave been cleaned ap．Baby＇s food and drint have been primary iactors in the reductiou of indaut death－ rate；if the moiner can not ted her babe as wature intended．pod imitations are available．Fet we do not bono as auch about autrition as we thought we did， and noknown factors are conticually forcing them－ grives upna us．Now Dr．Alfred F．Hess of New Yorí finds that gond bacy focd does not a！wass assure good baby autrition．
＂Three out of forr oi the infants living in an aver－ age city biceis sufer from rickets at some time in their early lives，particularis in winter．This may sound surprising，and mothers may sooff at it．This sort of rickets is not the kind you will find described in the medical books which show pictures of babies with large．square heads and very bowed legs，bat it is a mild iorm of bone trouble which，although it can be distinguished only by measuring the phosphate in the blood，X－raying the bones，may lead to slight deformities and render the children susceptible to such infectious diseases as grippe and pneumon：a．
＂Sucskine is the preventive and care．Wise doctors and parents will let youngsters kick up their heels in glee at the sun and ron around naked without even a pane of giass between them and the distant power． plant for this earth．In summer when there is plenty of sunshine and the weather is such that mothers do not hesitate to give them large doser of it，rickets is practically non－existent，but in fall when days grow shorter，the sun becomes less bright and the weather is colder，baties see the sun less often and rickets often begins to develop．The flond－tide of this trouble is reached in March after the babies have been cooped up in dark tenements or apartment honses daring the winter．
＂If the sun will not shine properly and conveni－ ently，the babies can be bathed in artificial sunshine． Mercury vapor when electrifed gives out ultra－violet rays，too short to be seen but identical with those pro－ duced by the sun．Bones heal as rapidly under their influence as though the real sun were shining．The mercury－vapor lamp also gives the greenish－blae light． which can often be seen in photographers＇windows， but there it is hemmed in by window－glass which is


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：As a partner of sunshine in the prevention and cure of rickets，there is cod－liver oil，which is to rickets what quinine is to malaria．Sunshine is good medi． cine，as the Indians might say．It would be hard is find a simpler oue，as cheap and easy to take．＂
－The Literary Digest．

Let Them Cry<br>Albany（N．Y．）News

An osteopathist says it is wrong to make children stop crying，it is better sometimes to let them rent their grief and it may injure them not to cry when they feel like it．

Probably he is right．There is so much talls of ＂inhibitions＂in these times that we might as weil not inhibit crying，if it does a child good to cry．Ned． rologists sometimes advise patients to＂let themselves out instead of holding themselves in all the time．＂

It may be a gord rule for everyone to＂blow of steam＂once in a while．

Perhaps it＇s a good thing for some of the discon－ tented elements in this country to take their discon－ tent out in howling about things．When a dog is bark－ ing it cannot bite．Up in Chicago the＂discontented minority parties＇＂have been trying to agree on dis content and they comldn＇t so they will have to howi separately．
Yet of course it might be well to see to it that there are no safety－pins sticking into the crying childreo or into the erying discontented folk of the countr． On the other hand，to paraphrase David Harum，it might be well to stick a few safety－pins into the dis contented and make them howl a little，for a reason． able degree of discontent is gond for an individual and a nation，it keeps them from being too complacent．

Sounds Reasomable．－A critic of our churches mis that they are＂dominated by a lot of old hens．＂Does ue refer to the lay members p－Nasherille Southen Lumberman．

# ASTROLOGICAL DEPARTMENT 



Conducted in the interests of, and solely for ile beneít of, those who are secking a liille wider kijuw . edge of the cause and effect of ratura! law. It in bsot our intention to goo into this age old sutience in aty more technical manner than is alsolutory weresmist, but to print from time to time a series gi articiess suat as will be of interest to the behinner, of may be the means of inducing others to take up this work. It is not for him who is an advanced student, and well

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 arover such cquesibis as may lue ef puerei iotemer
 H.s.

## Sixth Article

## The Planers

The sun is the cemter of cur own silar wistem. and about it in regular order revolve the phanets she theser respective orbits. their years varying in bengeth as thent distance is from the center. These planets. shaming from the center, are Mercury. Venus, the Earh with its satellite the Moon. Mars, Jupiter, Saturn. Vrams and Neptume. The sun and Mon are known ws the "luminaries." A stmey of the symbelisen, monemela. ture, charneteristics and the esoterie meaningen uta. ${ }^{\text {boved }}$ to all of these. together with a delinuation of fath ascending or colminating. i. $c$., in the lst and 3 mh honses, will give the stment a fairly clear idea of the ir respertive vibratory influmers. In each sign, of mours. the planets take on more or less of the nature of that nign. The same is true as regards the houses. fivery. thing modifies something else. and is in turn hwif modified by other intlunces. (omsempently it in im. prosiblde to state nuy rule or any deweription of aby planepary characteristies that would hold true in etery eas. Thronghout these articles we have tribed to give ouly fundamentals as will enabie the stuilent to pret the hasie truthe, and knowing these he will. with very litlle practice, be able to interpere such combinations ан are continually occurring in his daily work. To attempt th memorize the effect of each planet in coms. bination with every other one is an aboolute impwisibility, but to be able to reason out the information desired is very simple if one will kerps in mind the fundamentals. The student in most cases is eonfromed


 if ifie rigits star on wase

## The Sum













 1bol. Hellios, Sil. and it is the l'rma ur lifefione of Yoge phitomopizs.
 day Slinilay. It povepar the heari and the brain arid



 ment wfie inlw. magist ratew, extaditiven, jewolfor, grid. smithe epe.

In the fint house it give the untive a lared head. rather mulld, wormowhat rentlish fack, large eyes. light





'flar rime is lla wiver of life.

## the Monan





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 firtol.




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 stadiolls of Axtmongy.
fis mpid trabsit. Ilirough lla: homberne bringes in a

 Nglamer, "f "pposition is fermed which setp infor motion vibrations beyonal fimman eontrol. Flius we have the







 live is mote or lese of a drommer, decidedly immutroinl,
 muythillg. Ilis family is far more ngle to worly over fhinge than las is, for his stufe of mimel does mot hother lisirf for very long. In the tenth housie it is likely to loriate the mative into publice favor but mot: Por lotege Sineces will be very uncertmill.

J'lis Mooth represents the common propple, eqpecinlly Hha wonioll, servants, smilom, dealers in liguids, etre. Ita nign is Cuncer; ita duy in Monday, seldom a good day to semet anythink important. It is colil, negntive, ellangenhle, alld frolifful. It has dominion over the Klable, bronatas ato.

Nercury





 melion with the raphidity of thomesht. Wedmestay or

 the menst umstathe of metals on ace:ount. of it. affinity fiof oflerm.

In Astoologey ils influche: blencles rearlily with the inllucnere of of her planels, taking on their: nature yet mot lasime its own iflentity. It geverns specech, memb ory, themesh, the mervons system as a whole, and to a eertain extent life: hatols and feret. Badly afflicted it

 minn and thinc, a temdenc:y lo play tricks, to decerive and to lie. In such eases the mative is hardly to be triesteal.

In the first homse it gives an umusually keen, rapid, pelnelratiner mind. 'I'he forehoad is apt to be well developred, the c:yes qraty, the mose rather sharp. There will be all inlerest in chemistry, langilages, writing, or eleric:al worle of some sorl, or some similar oceupation. The mind will jump to conchusions so rapidly that it will her hard to bolil the interest. In the tenth house there is the desire for success, but moless Mereury is well aspercted the incentive will be lacking. There will be uncuestionable talent, especially in public speaking, yal, it is likely to be all wasted. Success but limited.
fustability, impaticunce, impulsivemess, and a lark ol fixity of purpose, the jumping from one thing to another, secm to be the main Mecurian charucteris. lies. dudge Mereury more by its combinations, good and bad, with the other planets. Do not attempt to dolineate it as a thing apmot. from the rest.

Mreary's year is about s8 of our days. It is the closest. to the Sim of the planets in our system. Geoenndically Moreury is never farther than 60 degrees awny from the Sion.

## Venus

Vems is the cirele ubove the cross, the Crux Ausata of the uncients. It goverus the affections and, well uspeected, will bring out the fince side of the nature; but, afliceted, tencls to sensubality and immorality.

Venns, nlways ferainine, has been known and wor shifped as Aphrodite, Astarte, Ialswhmi, Ifesperos, the Morning Star, the Evening Star, uml ly the early Engyrians as "the Sucred Bird of the Morning and Evening." In Astrology she is sometimes termed the "lesser bencfie."

She is strongest in Tamrus and Iibra, and rules the
 manly those woultinge form sextal exeressis. The Vemms 1 ype is rather plamp, dimpled, with wave hair,
 berine dereide:lly frminince and very attractive to the:





In the first lireuse lounus endeats the native with beauty, and eham, fastidienomess, good bealth usually, and general. popularity. Thbe features as a whole are softemed, the manmer more wimning. Herc are the qualitjes which make a suceressful salesman, a jerpular actrest, of a well loved publie character of any sort. In the temth house Vemus indicates good fortune and favor, with suceexs in love affairs, and gain throngh the parents.

Venus' orbit is 225 days in length, with but oue side turned toward the Sun, indicating very extreme eenditions of heat and cold.

The balance of the planets, Mars, Jupiter, Saturn, Uranus, and Neptune will be taken up in the next article. This series began in the December issue. A few back numbers are still to be had from the pub. lishers at 1904 N. Clark St., Chicago.

## Astrological Question Box

In connection with our Astrological Department we will endeavor to answer in our columns each month without charge such question as may be of general interest to our readers. Others of purely personal naturc calling for an individual horoscope, must, however, be answercd privately. For such, special prices will be quoted. Send stamped and addressed envolope for further information.

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\begin{aligned}
& \text { Address all communications to } \\
& \text { Astrological Dept., Psychic Power, } \\
& \text { H. Ayres Langston, }
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710 Highland Ave.,
Oak Park, Ill.

Many questions have arisen as to the differences between the two systems used in Astrology today, namely the Heliocentric and the Gcocentric. Some letters have beon received from readers, who. starting in at the middle of the articles and not getting the argument fixed firmly in their own minds, have been very much worried, even upset, for fear that a mistuke has been made in numing the signs. Consequently I deem it advisable at this time to enter into a little fuller explanation of the facts in the case.

Heliocentric astrologers make a chart of the heavens with the solar system exactly as it is, showing all of the planets in their relative positions to each other.



 far this particular man han gene i: this partieular incearmotion, Jt will shorio jusi low far jif is a siave th his desires, to just what an exterat le will peast, and the: exterst als's , filis fret will. I! will ohrow Jikenise the amsunt of will the cass estert in tease of nictioness, his prosibilities in succerssfully eforibatiou dispase.
'lhose axtrolseerers whe have ntudied bett systecos
 figures. 'These figures abioslutaly' chatiok up on tach other and prevent any possibility of an erpor in misplarine the figures. Lertis helirs. and geo. figutes way be prowresserl ugras the same chart which has the radical figures. The ed always faces one way, the houses show just where foridi and it is forsible to at a glanse exactly whet part of the bordy is aficctod by any asjuest.

I do inst advorate the use of the Ifelis. s.sistem alrone, any more than I advocate the uss of the fen sstem. Hut I de maintain that a eromitination of the twe will bring out unsuspected points. for they do nst ementradict each other in any may. They dosetail perieetly, and form the completed triangle. It may be rather hard to conceive of such a chart. yet l use it in all of my own work, and so do many othen familiar with it.

To refer to earlier articles in which I give the characteristics of the signs, I have leen cartiul 10 give the dates at which the earth was in each sign. At the same time I have added that the sun was in the opponsite sign. Heliocentrists name the sign assuming the earth to tee therein, while geocentrists name the sign with the sun therein. There should be little or no argument there. As a matter of fact all argmuent comes from an improper conception of the other man's side of the case.

At any time, however, I shall be glad to go into further explanations of any points which are uot clear.

Circumstances Slter Cases.-"When de Jedge he say t' me is I guilty," said Charcoal Eph, ruminatively, "I says if yo' all kin prove hit, Jedge, I is; but ef'n yo'all got any doubt about hit, not guilty, Jedge, not guilty!'"-Richmond Times-Dispatch.
"The giver of books maly be a conspirator with genius. Next to the great writer is the one who finds for him the right reader."

## ASK YOUR NEWSDEALER FOR PSYCHIC POWER

## ANSWERS <br> To Questions

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## Take Notice

SE二d Fcur A trojegicai questions io the Astriogical enitor, ard four Psecic onstion to the Quation De-
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 quasion is NO. Tise second part: a door operis on
 prownt plans.
(Hos, 3. B.-The irip is Calipornia is indinerently in the iuture. The inerease in busiress is rere slow. Aiter the middle of samuner thinge piet up. It is rorth yon white to wait. A rombira is unt inlikely as conditions ireprove in the early fall mouths.
( E W. Visx Philarleiphia, 0.-There is a stirring of the leacests a zephir-like wind. This denotes new life for your fritad. A light shines at your feet, so I kosw your path in lighted. You bave wonderful psyehis sight winch you sioguld ener,urage.

Mrs. G. B., Chicago-In visualizing your case I do not arlvise the step. There is a better way. It is not right to deprive a child of its parents. Understanding is what you want; get the vision I am portracing to you aud the sun will shine and the roses will bloom on the lattice wall for all of you.

Mrs. H. G. W., Chicago, In.-Free yourself; yon will change your position for a better one with more pecempense. Giod does not take people; death is a natural law, the same as birth.

Gwendolin R.-Sorry to say brother is no longer in the body of fesh but ean communicate with you; is well and happy in his new sphere; has tried several tirnes to tell you abrout it. Hold a silence for him. There are four of you who can form a channel for him to manifest through. After the dinner hour, before you leave the dining table is the best tirne.







 finess for botir rounsle atiojots.
 question. Names are rarely gitet. Iou are artion
 dreses. Iou can create inats as you particularly lat to blegd colors strizingir. The color of your aura is periectl? blended and you mould succeed at any bait ness at mhicis sou could esercise your creatirs faculties.
W. ML W.. Saratoga Springs, N. Y.-We mond refer roa to Clarence Foster, 1410 Clarikson St., Denrer, Cols. The color of your aura is light gray; tinid with pink It shows nou are kind, hopeful and healthful. What you deed to do is to realize that these thinge can not be perfected in a short space of time. So tho people derelop the same powers alike. The youg lady in question should sit in the silence with you one-haly hrour, twice a week, eren though rou mar be in different towns or homes. This can easily be done as ste has telepathic power which is a rare porrer and should be cultivated. This only comes through practice. Form the habit of talking to each other in this way and pou will both be greatly benefited.

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A blind man crossed my fretfui path, With steps that faltered, groping slow.
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If he can whistle. I can.sing A simple song of thanks und praise And gladly hail the green, spring world That spreads itself before my gaze. Gone every discontented thought, Hope once again is on the wing, Whate'er the gifts the gods have brought, If he can whistle, I can sing!

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