PHILADELPHIA, SATURDAY, JULY 17, M. S. 33.

For Mind and Matter.

BE BRAVE AND TRUE.

- BY HORACE M. RICHARDS.

Don't tremble nor falter, in the battle of life, Nerve yourself bravely for its conflicts and strife, Nor wait thou supinely for the foe to begin, Lead on the attack! if the fight thou would'st win.

Be true to the higher though you change every day

The ladder of progress rises round after round If your feet forever on the lower ones stay, You need never expect to get fur from the ground, Let the troubles of to-day, suffice for your need,

Think not of those past, nor fear for to-morrow, Twill be for your good, if this lesson you heed! The troubles you have, are enough—Don't borrow! Take time by the forelock, as you journey along,

Accept all he brings to you, with futth brave and strong Never question for fear what the future may hold Its lessons will prove to you better than gold. Springfield, O.

Catalepsy or Statuvolence.

BY WM. BAKER FAKNESTOCK, M. D.

"What good can be effected by Catalepsy or

Statuvolence in the Army and Navy?"

The above question has evidently been asked by those who have not made themselves, familiar with its true nature, or its usefulness as a remedial agent, in diseases as well as injuries to which the human frame is subject, especially in wars, where long journeys, endurance and vigilance without fatigue are often necessary in the soldier and

Before detailing the uses of statuvolence it will be necessary to premise that catalepsy is a natural condition and can be assumed or not at will, by the statuvolist. It was, heretofore, considered a as in their practice, by prescribing medicines, which, if not positively injurious, are at best ut-

terly useless. Unfortunately for the elucidation of statuvolence, its most useful phenomena, have been perverted and publicly exhibited to crowded audiences, who, for want of correct knowledge in tery, but the latter part had reference to the subregard to it, encouraged deception at the expense | ject of the daylight materializations—the crownof truth—thus subjecting a useful science to ridicule, instead of aiding in its elucidation and dissemination for the relief of human suffering.

In answer to the question of "What good can be effected by catalepsy or statuvolence in the army and navy?" We state, that every soldier and sailor who has been taught its true nature and his power while in it, can throw his body, or any part of it, into the state at will, independent of the rest, and can then endure extraordinary hardships without fatigue; and in case of accidents, wounds, scalds or burns, etc., can by an act of his own will at any time render his body, or any part of it, insensible in an instant and consequently will be free from pain or uneasiness, as long as it is his will to be so, simply because it is possible to the ere you are brought into prominence as an expothe body in the state or to throw it off at pleasure, independent of any one or of its interfering with his power to move in the least.

If they should be wounded in battle, or elsewhere, it would be their own fault if they suffered the least pain or the want of any aid from their fellows (except from profuse hemorrhage) until circumstances would render their being cared for

Should surgical operations become necessary they could pass through them, not only without pain, but without the least knowledge of undergoing them, if they desired to do so,

Under such circumstances the system would not receive the shock, which is usually experienced when patients are conscious, consequently there would not only be less suffering, but less fatality in their removal from the battle-field and much less time lost in their recovery, as well as many more chances of being able to do so.

It is impossible, in the brief space of a newspaper article, to give half the uses to which this art can be applied, or the relief that it is possible to

In regard to the use that persons, can make of their clairvoyant or clear-minded powers while in | hostility, I have had ample proof of; and that the this condition, we have but to remark in this connection that it has been used by soldiers, and it is notorious that in a certain portion of the Southern army, during the late war, clairvoyance was used and gave correct information. To give the reader an idea of what is possible, and has been done, we will briefly state that a gentleman of our acquaintance, who most unwillingly passed through that unhappy struggle, although not understanding the true nature of his powers, frequently gave correct information in regard to the position of the Union army, and never failed to tell twenty-four hours before the time whether or not his regiment or any part of the army would be engaged in battle. Upon one occasion he stated to the commanding officer that there would not be a gun fired that day, although everything (as the officer stated) indicated an immediate attack. Yet he insisted that it would not take place. The result proved him to be a true prophet, for not a gun was fired. Upon another occasion, he stated, the day before, that a certain officer would be killed by a bullet through his brain, and regretted exceedingly that circumstances prevented him from giving him timely warning. The officer was killed, as he struck by a ball, but would not be killed. This

regularly consulted by the officers and men of his regiment. These things may seem incredible, but what are we to do with the facts?

Before the telegraph and many other useful discoveries were made known, the enumeration of uses to which they have been applied would have been considered just as improbable as it is now for some persons to believe that one mind can read another, or that man can render any part of his body insensible to pain, or to be clear-minded in all his faculties, and to see, hear, taste, smell or feel, independent of his organs of sense. Yet these things are so and can be demonstrated. But setting aside all the uses to which a perfect clear-mindedness may be applied, the demonstrated and demonstrable power that the body can be rendered insensible to pain or suffering of any kind, by the will, is enough to awaken aid in the heaven-inspired philanthrophy of founding institutions to teach the art to all who desire to impart it to others, so that the great good that individual efforts cannot hope to accomplish may, through public institutions and benevolent promptings, speedily come to the greatest number, who now suffer disconsolately.

Lancaster, Pa., June 2d, 1880.

The Significence Of Facts. MR. ROBERTS:-Watching with great interest the battle you are making for the truths contained in Spiritualism, I bring to your notice several facts which seem to be corroborative of your theories regarding the origin of the Christian religion, and the enmity of hostile spirit influences towards the truths of Spiritualism.

Some two years ago, this summer, at a sitting disease, and the medical faculty, even at this late with a medium mechanically controlled to write, day, treat it as such in their latest works, as well in Springfield, Mass., the following message was written:

"A band of ancient spirits are at work for you to give the facts concerning the truths of uncient knowledge. Work on, angelic messengers are aiding to perfect the desired result. SUMNER."

The first part of the message was to me a mys-

ing work of spirit efforts in behalf of humanity. Looking over some messages that were written through my own hand, previous to my trip to Philadelphia, last year, I find one that seems significant, in as much as this sentence occurs in it.

"This journey will be for you, and for us, one of the most important events in your life." And April 28th, the spirit of Mr. Sumner wrote again:

"The circle reporting through MIND AND MAT-TER are connected with you; and your visit there has resulted in enabling them to come to the front with the facts of ancient religious controversies. Be quiescent and cautious, and say nothing to Mr. more facts upon the nature of the prevalent ideas ere you are brought into prominence as an expocondition, and he has acquired the power to keep | nent of the real philosophy of spiritual phenomena."

Considering how mistaken I was in finding you so different from what I anticipated, as a gentlegleman and student, it becomes no more than justice for me to cheerfully bear witness, as far as I am able, to the truthfulness of the ideas you are giving as to the probable source of the Christianreligion. As a former student of theology, I have came aware that the dogmas of the Theological Institutes were baseless, when one attempted to trace them back to an authentic source, and what ever the opinions of others may be, as to their importance, I knew that, as facts capable of proof, they were not true; so I left them for the field of science; and if, as yet, but little acquainted with its marvelous treasures, yet one discovers there enough to satisfy present needs at least.

If other spiritual journals have mistaken the great importance of phenomenal mediumship, and have been influenced by the erroneous powers of religious faith, you at least have drawn to your aid, the most powerful minds in spirit-life; for the appearance of the ancient sages and worthies afford, in unhappy conditions of the mind, as well is the key to the solution of the problem hinted at in Mr. Sumner's messages.

That you were right in your ideas of spirit enemy has fought desperately over our best mediums, to prevent the advent of the truth seems equally evident. I can hardly attend a circle that they do not show their malignant hostility; but their impotence is only exceeded by their threatenings against the mediums who are used for this must have had the nightmare, if asleep-or if purpose. A few words now from the spirit forces that are friendly to our aims.

"It matters not to us, when the great truths of spirit-life shall be known as facts to the people of the earth-sphere; but it is our purpose to do all truths of spirit existence upon a scientific basis. To do this requires perfect power and perfect knowledge of the principles underlying both conditions of being, and such a combination is rarely possible. The materializations as yet are but imperfectly performed by us. They are not perfect, because spirit and matter vibrate upon too great a diversity of motions in the conditions of spirit and

"When by the manifestation of the electric force, we can induce a magnetic condition that shall duplicate the former status of the spirit, materialization like other phenomena, will be so easy stated, upon the first fire. Again, upon the eve as hardly to excite comment. The hostility to our of a battle, he stated that he himself would be efforts will avail nothing, if the inhabitants of the be saved from the common root of the matter in earth sphere do not misunderstand our purpose. prophecy and many others during the war were The simulation of phenomena, originates in the

fulfilled, so that he became an oracle and was mental bigotry of ignorant spirits who imagine that by so doing, they can arrest the efforts upon the part of the spirit scientists to give the true proof.

"We have no feeling of malevolence toward the ignorant in earth or spirit-life. All religions are to us but the foolish conceits of ignorant men who imagine that they are recipients of the special favor of God; and most people who are sensitive to spirit influence, not knowing the source of their impressions, attribute it to God. Deceptive spirits foster the delusion, while many honest and ignorant spirits reflect their own ideas upon the brain of the receptive person, thus propagating error from one generation to another.

"The scientists in spirit have been actively engaged, for the past century, in perfecting their knowledge concerning the forces resident in Nature, They have no feeling of reverence for thethought, and to recommend it to all who desire to ological assumptions, and care nothing for human opinions concerning their work. Our special department is the manipulation of the elements, and our resultant work is, the physical phenomena. We are all powers, or spirits having special powers of a physical nature, but for the mental or moral peculiarities of such spirits, we do not hold

> ourselves in the least degree responsible. "It matters not to us whether the medium has been exposed or abused by the hostile forces, or not, if the true powers are there; and the sooner all those who are studying the philosophy of phenomena, once know this, the sooner will our work be perfected. We regard the speculations concerning us, by the people of earth, about as they regard the ideas of their children concerning the

"Our work will not cease until knowledge shall supercede faith, and humanity, in both worlds, shall be redeemed from evil by obedience to virtue through knowledge. Spiritual knowledge is not bound nor confined by any creed or conception of mortal man. It is the result of compreiensive study, and effort to know the truth.

"We come to aid all who wish to know, not to confirm any in religious error. These ideas are but a few of the great truths that are the governing motives of the scientists of spirit-me, and, as such, we give them to you to freely use for private or public benefit. "FARADAY,

"FRANKLIN, " MORSE,

"HARE, The foregoing contains words of wisdom for the consideration of all. For several years these men have been trying to bring the great forces of scientific research into the spiritual field, and through MIND AND MATTER, they may yet succeed in giving the true ideas of that department of that was very skeptical, and who claimed that human progress.

Greenfield, Mass.

An Appreciative Letter.

Мемриія, Mo., June 28, M. S. 33. Edtor Mind and Matter.

I have all along believed what you explicitly state in late numbers of your paper, viz., that it is from no unkind feelings towards the persons of Bundy and his coadjutors that you use strong language, as they affect to believe, but that it is against their conduct and influence that you labor, for the good of all, themselves included. And your frank and open course appears to me more manly than the covert inuendoes, ridicule, burlesques and sarcasm of the polished Prof. Brittan. I shudder when I think of the probable result, had not your brave "monitor" been launched forth to do battle for the cause in which it is engaged. It looked as if history was about to repeat, itself, in establishing a priesthood to squelch out all communion between the two worlds-declare that miracles had ceased, and that they were the vicegerents of God on earth in whom the people must

The Banner of Light had from time to time intimated, if I mistake not, that the church was not to be disrupted, but quietly permeated and taken possession of by Spiritualism—and it seems Christian Spiritualism must have been meant—a sort of compromise was to be brought about.

It seems almost as impossible for a clergyman, on becoming a Spiritualist, even when a Universalist, to give up "Christ and him crucified," as for the leopard to change his spots.

I am glad to see you expound astro-theology. have for some time believed if "John of Patmos," or any other John, ever honestly thought he saw the "varmints" described in "Revelation," that he awake, the delirium tremens.

STEPHEN YOUNG.

FRIEND ROBERTS:-I am glad to see that MIND AND MATTER is open to the discussion of the quesin our power to bring out the demonstrative tion as to whether the Jesus of the New Testament is historical or mythical. The modern works we have seen, and which are calculated to throw, much light upon this question are the "Keys of the Creeds," Anonymous; "Valhalla," by Julia Clinton Jones; Anderson's "Norse My thology;" Lundy's "Monumental Christianity;" and the "Revelations of Mysteries, Biblical, Historical and Social, by means of the Median and Persian Laws," by Henry Melville. These works leave the historical Jesus a very narrow margin to stand upon. The forty years work of Melville, completely removes the vail, when Moses is read from Alpha to Omega; nor can we, in any of the works we mention, discover that our Saviour can

the "Tragedy of Nature. Newport, R. I. C. B. PECKHAM.

Wonderful Manifestations in Clayton County, Iowa. I wish to give you a little experience I had with

spirit phenomena in the adjoining county of Clayton. It was rumored that they were having very peculiar manifestations in a school that was conducted in the interest of the Lutherans, and it being so near by, I thought it was my chance to investigate, for when I read in your paper the wonderful accounts of supposed spirit manifestations, they always smacked a good deal, I thought, of those good little boys and girls that we read of in Sunday school books, and nearly always a good ways off. But here was something near by; so on Saturday, the 5th inst., I hitched my horse to my carriage, took in a partner, and started for the neighborhood of the "Dutch ghost" as it was called. We arrived soon after sundown, and found a family consisting of parents and five children, but as none of them could talk English, we found it necessary to procure an interpreter, which we did in the person of a young man. After our wishes had been made known, we were first shown some books that were much disfigured, having the appearance of having something drawn across the page in various directions, that took the letters out of the words, and sometimes whole lines and sentences wherever it touched them, Who or what had done this could not be found out, but two little girls, one nine, and the other twelve years of age, seem to have been the mediums. We were then shown to the chamber where we found the little girls in bed, when after being seated, the yougest girl started up and said, "He pinched me. Upon inquiring of her as to who pinched her she said it was the ghost. I then asked what he did it for, and the answer came back, "None of your business!" Then noises came like the spatting of hands, the snapping of the fingers and thumb, and the patting of the bed clothes. I requested the sounds to come nearer to me, he said, "They should not." I asked the reason. The answer was, "You will kill me." I said no I won't harm you, and instantly he replied, "You lie." This was about the style of the conversation for some time. The light was then extinguished, when shortly, there passed through would tell what this invisible something told them, and it would be reported to us. We could hear whisperings, but as it was not in English, we could not understand.

About two weeks previous to our visit, stones and other missiles were thrown around the chainber. The house is built of stone, and a stone that weighed about fifteen pounds was taken from the wall and thrown across the room, in the presence that was very skeptical, and who claimed that there was nothing of the kind taking place there, went with others to prove that it was all a humbug; and while investigating a bunch of shingles were broken open by some invisible power, and thrown with such force against him, that with all his bravery, he left the premises immediately.

No one has been hurt. The stones would seem to come directly at them, and drop harmless at their feet. We were shown a number of stones that were picked up in the chamber after being thrown by some invisible power.

A minister that went to see the ghost, as he called it, said to me that a stone as large as his fist was thrown near his face and fell just behind him. On the morning of the 6th inst., we visited the church and school house, where the manifestations first began, and the minister and the teacher of the school showed us a large number of books that had been marked as I have described above. They at first, thought some mischievous child, or ill disposed person had done it, and so watched with much caution, until they found the books were marred, and their slates scratched on the under side, while the children were pursuing their studies, and some of them would be pinched, so as to start the blood, and books would be thrown to the floor before their eyes, and taken out of the drawers while they were locked, and even the drawer itself would be taken out when locked, and the key in the pocket of the owner. These people would not admit that these things were done by the spirits of human beings, but claimed it was the spirit of the devil.

It seems that last autumn, a man was accidentally killed, or reported to have been killed by the bursting of a yeast barrel in a brewery, in the neighborhood. This man's name was found written in a mysterious manner on paper, and on the children's slates at school. In answer to questions as to who he was, and what he wanted, the answer would be, "Ask Clineline," that being the name of the man who owns the brewery. The writing on being compared with that of the man who was killed, is said by good judges, to be an exact copy.

The Bibles and hymn books used in the school by the teacher, and the house of the parents, of the two little girls, and also in the houses of some others, seem to have been especially defaced by this power that has bid defiance to the most watchful eyes of those people. Many other occurrences have taken place, all of about the same nature.

Now I ask this question; have the laws of spirit communion became sufficiently developed so that you or any of your readers can explain the cause and object of these manifestations? I do not wish to be understood to claim any right to your valuable time but your opinion, would, I think, be read with pleasure and profit by an interested and astonished public, and help much in solving these strange manifestations. C. M. AUSTIN.

Delaware, Iowa, June 14, 1880.

[We can only conjecture and therefore leave others to do the same, concerning these facts.—En.]



o an alley of Seven Dials, Mid the dirt, and the noise, and the crowd, Went a poor crippled child upon crutches Alone, yet crying aloud.

"And why are you crying?" I asked her,
"Alone mid the crowd of the place?" In a moment was silenced her weeping; She paused and looked into my face.

"All the scholars are gone up to Hampstead, They set off this morning at seven; The vans were so lovely with ribbons

And I know that Hampstead is heaven!' "Nay, Hampstead is nothing but London Just pushed out into the green; How can it be heaven, where God is, And never came sorrow nor sin?'

Her pale face grew radiant in beauty As steadfastly thus she replied: I know it is heaven, for my mother Went to Hampstead the day that she died.

'She went with a neighbor; they wrapped her in blankets because she was ill.

And so weak and so dazed with the noises,

And pinning for where it was still. She came back at evening, towards sunset; And Hampstead was heaven, she said, Where the blackbirds were singing like angels,

And the blue sky all overhead 'She died before midnight, and whispered

Just when she was passing away, I bless thee, my lord for the foretase Thou has given me of heaven to-day!!

"So I know that Hampstead is heaven, And I'm pining like her to be there, Where the women are kind to the children, And the men do not get drunk and swear.

"But my breath is so short, and I tremble-My legs are so weak—when I run; Now I'm going to the end of the alley. Where it's quiet, to stand in the sun!

Littell's Living Age, from Leisure Hours.

Tried at Fairy-Court.

BY A. E. BELMONT.

"Catch him! catch him! Don't you see him?" cried Willie Hatch to his friend, George Rollins.

Catch him yourself, I'm tired out; I believe we have run five miles." retorted George, angrily. "I'm going to have that dog and tie this tin can to his tail; that's what I ran away from school for, and it's what I'm going to do," said Willie, speaking in a determined way.

"Oh, there he goes into that ditch," continued Willie. "He's down, he's down! Come on, George; it's easy enough to get him now," and the boys, forgetting how tired they were, started on a run after a poor, little, black dog who was fleeing for his life, and frightened almost to douth

by the shouts and cries of the naughty boys.
"Oh, my, o-h-h, George," exclaimed Willie,
in a half-frightened whisper, "what's that under that brush?"

'Why, sure as you live, that's a hare," said George, "won't we have fun now," he cried, seizing a stick and starting towards the frightened

But the dog had seen the hare as well as the boys, and now commenced a race between dog, hare and boys, which some people might have thought very funny, but which was really very cruel.

Over and under fences: across fields and into ditches they ran, and before long the boys were left far behind, but the hare still ran and close behind him came the dog with his long ears flapping

up and down. After a little while the hare became too tired to run any more, so he ran into a hollow stump and the dog lost track of him. After waiting a little while doggie thought he would go home and get something to eat.

But George and Willie were not so well off as the poor animals they had teazed so much. They had run so fast and been so excited that they had not stopped to see where they were going until it

was too late and they found they were lost. "I'm just going to sit down under those trees and rest before I stir another step," said Willie, pointing to a group of oak trees not far from them. George consented to this arrangement and they soon reached the top of the hill where the grove

was situated. The boys were no sooner seated under the trees than they heard a terrible rumbling and grumbling in the earth under them, and immediately

they began to go down, down. In the twinkling of an eye, George and Willie found themselves in the most beautiful place they had ever dreamed of and surrounded by the strangest-looking people, none of whom were

larger than George's thumb. The room in which the boys found themselves was very large. The walls were of solid gold studdied all over with diamonds which twinkled like the stars in the heavens; the floor was mother of pearl, and in one end of this room was a grand throne made of gold and mother of pearl and frimmed with precious stones and canopied with royal purple velvet.

The boys were not given long in which to gaze and wonder, for two of the strange people led them to the foot of the throne, where they stood trembling in affright.

A little, ugly-looking fairy-for these people were under-ground fairies you know-looked at the boys and said:

"Prisoners, you are in the grand judgement hall of the under-ground fairles, who, since the earth was made, have inhabited it, and been the protectors of every defenceless animal that lives.

"We have heard from our servants that you have been the torment and terror of every dog, cat, squirrel, and, in fact, of everything more helpless than yourselves; and only this afternoon you invaded our own sacred retreat in pursuit of two helpless animals, and now we condemn you to Mohametan. It is for the entire separation of death since you are too cruel to live."

Then the boys fell upon their knees and begged for mercy, for now they knew it was none other | is because they are not in favor of the separation than the great King of the Fairies who had sen- of church and state, and entire justice to every tenced them; but their prayers were in vain; the | American citizen. king was firm.

But the tears of the boys had moved the heart of a beautiful fairy maiden to pity, and she im- since, demands only this: plored the king to sentence the boys to something ess terrible than death, for the sake of the mothers who loved them so much.

Now the king loved this fairy maiden and wished to please her; so after thinking for a moment he clapped his hands gleefully and said:

"I have it! I will give them an opportunity to be sentenced by their own victims. Fifty of my servants shall assume the form of persecuted dogs. and fifty other of my servants shall assume the form of as many hunted hares. The dogs shall sentence this boy whose name is Willie, and the hares shall condemn this boy whose name is George."

No sooner had the king uttered these words than fifty poor, hungry-looking dogs stood before the king, while at one side rose fifty panting, tired-looking hares. Some of the dogs had their ears and tails cut off, some had tin cans tied to their necks and tails, and some had four legs, but most of them limped on two or three, and altogether they were a terrible looking lot.

The king then arose and explained at great length the cruelty of boys in general and of those in particular, to themselves as well as to other animals, and concluded by saying:

"Now, hares and dogs, the punishment of these boys is left to you."

The king then sat down and the boys and all the fairies held their breath in dread expectation. After a long discussion among themselves, one of the most battered-looking curs stepped forward

O, King, on behalf of myself and fellow-dogs, I sentence the prisoner, whose name is Willie, to be turned into a dog and left in that form until some boy shall be found kind enough to show him mercy, when he will become a boy again, and I

trust a kinder and better boy.

The king immediately called upon the hares for their sentence, when one of the animals said:

"Oh, King, we wish that our prisoner may be turned into a hare and chased and hunted by dogs and boys until some boy shall be found kind enough to help him."

The king was pleased with these sentences and struck the floor with his scepter, and in less than a second, the boys were turned into a dog and a

Then all the fairies laughed, and the king said: "Prisoners, you have been "Tried at Fairv-Court" and condemned to be a dog and a hare; so much have the fairies done; the rest of your punishment will be inflicted upon earth by your fellow-school-mates."

The king struck the throne once more, and the boys were on the outside of the earth again.

And now the troubles of George and Willie began in earnest, for a party of boys were out nut-ting espied them; and then began a race between hare, dog, and boys, which was very much like the chase of the morning, but which George and Willie did not enjoy as well. For now they had a splendid chance to find out how hares and dogs liked to be chased and worried.

The chase continued for a long time, and the poor hare and dog began to fear that they would surely be caught, for they were too tired to run much further. Their tongues lolled from their mouths, and they were sinking down exhausted when-clomp, clomp, crash, crack-

and there stood old Mollie, his pet cow, who had awakened him by crashing through the bushes and licking his face with her rough tongue.

George put his arms around old Mollie's neck. and cried like a baby; saying between his sobs, "Mollie, I'm awful glad to see you. I thought I was turned into a hare and chased till I was most

The noise awakened Willie, who sprang to his feet exclaiming,

"My soul, George! I thought I was a dog and chased all over by a lot of boys; I'm awful tired.' The boys looked into each other's faces a moment, and then turned and followed Mollie, who led them to the barn-yard.

Everybody wondered what had changed George and Willie so. But no one ever knew the secrets of that afternoon in the woods, until one day the boys found their school-mates teasing a poor dog, when they told them how they were "Tried at Fairy-Court," and how it felt to be a hunted dog and hare.—Young Folks' Rural

The National Liberal League.

WHAT IT IS AND WHAT IT IS NOT.

Editor Mind and Matter:

Will you permit me this week, in place of my usual "Liberal League News," to say a word in relation to the character of the Liberal League movement? Ever since it was first organized its character has been misunderstood by many. Mr. Abbot, who was the originator of the League, said at the Rochester congress, in 1878, "I desire to say, for the hundredth time, that the Liberal League movement is not an atheistical or an infidel movement." And the reason why so many get the idea that it is a movement of that character is that most of the friends of the movement are persons who are Freethinkers or Spiritualists. or individuals who are known as Liberals of some sort. But I am glad to know that there are Christians who belong to the League and many more who are advocates of its principles. A very large proportion of the Babtist Church are in favor of the entire separation of church and state, as are many of the Congregationalists and Unitarians. I think nearly all the Quakers or Friends are with us, and all the Shakers I know to be. The Christian Union and the New York Independent both, I think, advocate the principles of the National Liberal League, although both of these journals, on account of their orthodoxy, have often misrepresented the National Liberal League movement.

The second article of the National Liberal League provides that "The general object of the National liberal League shall be to accomplish the total separation of church and state, to the end that equal rights in religion, genuine morality in politics, and freedom, virtue and brotherhood in all human life may be established, protected and

perpetuated." The reader will see by this article that the institution is no more Infidel than it is Christian or church and state, and for equal and exact justice to all. If Christians do not join the movement it

And the National Liberal League platform that

was adopted in 1878, and reaffirmed every year

Total separation of church and state. 2. National protection for national civizens in all their civil, political and religious rights, irrespective of race or sex.

3. Universal education the basis of universal suffrage in this secular Republic.

There is nothing in this platform that goes to show that the organization is an Infidel onenothing but what an honest Christian might subscribe to.

But it may be claimed that most of the adherents are those known as Liberals, and therefore it is a Liberal organization in a sectarian sense. But if most of its adherents are Liberalists, whose fault is it? Orthodox people can join if they choose to. The same thing was true of the antislavery movement. It was confined almost entirely to those known as Infidels, and was generally characterized as an Infidel movement.

The fact is, any society has the right to take out a charter and become an auxiliary Liberal League. A Catholic church or a Methodist church the same as a Spiritualist or Materialist association.

In a number of the auxiliary Leagues no religious question is allowed to be discussed further than it has a bearing on the question of the separation of Church and State, and I think it would be well for all auxiliary Leagues to have the same rule when they meet as a Liberal League. For it should be understood that when a Spiritualist society takes out a charter as a League, it is not only a spiritual society, but also a League. It would be the same way with a Methodist church if it took out a charter.

And now as to the question of the League putting into nomination candidates for office. It will be seen by the article of the constitution above mentioned, and also by the platform, that it is a political institution, and in fact nearly all it proposes to do is of a political character. Therefore it would be perfectly proper for it to nominate officers, and the members to vote for them, if it was thought that in that way all could best bring about the reforms desired.

As to the policy of so doing, that is another question and should be very carefully considered and I was pleased to read your decided opinion on the subject in last week's MIND AND MATTER. All these questions should be freely discussed. Of course any nomination made by the National Liberal League would not be binding on the auxiliary Leagues or the members, only so far as they agreed to be bound. So far as possible I think it would be well to act together, as in that way we could exert a much greater influence. Yours truly,

Creedmoor Park Camp-Meeting.

The Creedmoor Park Camp-meeting opened Friday, July 9th. Opening address by Cephas B. Lynn, of Sturgis, Mich., followed by the eloquent and gifted inspirational speaker, Dr. Geo. H. Geer of Battle Creek, Mich. Speaking upon the war of the past and the victory of the present—the triumphs of Spiritualists, placing them side by side with the masses in the contest for intellectual progression.

SATURDAY, July 10th.

Meeting opened by an invocation through the mediumship of Mr. Alfred James, followed by lecture from Dr. Geer, proving immortality a foregone conclusion, a now present fact, and not a thing to be sought for, as Christians contend—his remarks were decidedly practical and to the point.

SUNDAY MORNING SESSION, July 11th.

Conference meeting at half past ten, a very interesting service. Addresses given by Col. D. M. Fox, Mrs. Nettie Pease Fox, and others. In the afternoon, Dr. Geer spoke to a large and appreciative audience; on the subject "Religion or No Religion." Notwithstanding a terrific thunder storm that threatened to sweep everything before it, it only seemed to lend inspiration to the speaker. Sunday was a busy day at all hours between the meetings, at the stands the time was filled in with debates and discourses upon the different topics relating to spiritual and progressive thought. In the evening Cephas B. Lynn held the audience for one hour to the edification and entire satisfaction of every one present- Subject, "After Moody and Sankey What."

MONDAY, July 12th.

Monday afternoon, at 3.30 P. M., Brother Geer again held forth from the subject, "What is the probable destiny of the movement of Modern Spiritualism?" This lecture was one that every Spiritualists in the country should have heard He beautifully and clearly held forth the truth of the individualization of intelligent forces. He took a decided stand against any effort looking to the reduction of Spiritualism to a formulated religious creed, to make it popular, fashionable, etc

Tuesday Afternoon, July 13th.

Meeting opened at 3.30 P. M., by an overture ipon the organ, followed by an invocation from Mrs. Nettie Pease Fox, after which Brother Geer proved his inspirational powers by calling upon the audience for subjects to speak upon. A number of questions were given, including the "Question of the Hour," which comprehended all the others he took as his foundation, and was not at a loss to find words to express himself. At the close of the lecture a very interesting discussion took place, calling forth stirring remarks from many intelligent and thinking minds, and we closed our exercises, feeling much profitted by the hour spent together. In the evening a circle was held which was largely and profitably attended. Mr. James A. Bliss volunteered his services as a medium, and gave many positive and convincing tests of spirit return under the control of his band of guides.

WEDNESDAY, July 14th.

Meeting opened at 3.30 P. M. Poem by Mrs. Nettie Pease Fox, followed by lecture by Dr. Geo. H. Geer. Questions asked by the audience: "Is life a creation?" "What is God?" "What is prayer?" and the "Conflicts of life?" were all ably answered by the speaker; after which Mrs. Nettie Pease Fox questioned the speaker, opening up a lively interest. Bro. Geer closed the meeting by remarking that to-morrow he would exchange places with the critic and see how it would go

The meetings thus far have been very interesting, and it is proposed in future that a meeting shall be held every morning and evening in addition to the afternoon service.

[To be continued.]

EDITORIAL BRIEFS.

THE Michigan State Mediums Medical Association, will convene at Lansing, July 30th, 1880, and close Sunday, August 1st. All mediums are cordially invited to be present,

W. HARRY POWELL, the wonderful slate writing medium of Philadelphia, having filled successful engagements at Rochester, Johnson's Creek, and Lockport, N. Y., is now meeting with grand success at Buffalo. His address until further notice is 68 West Chippewa St.

LIBERAL'LEAGUE ADVOCATE.—This is the title of a small but very interesting little monthly, that has just reached our table. It has reached number 3, of the first volume. It is published in Dallas, Texas. Subscription price 50 cents per year. Its columns are open for communications on all subjects, political, religious and social. Address "The Liberal League Advocate," P. O. Box 204, Dallas,

In a letter recently received at this office, Major Carpenter, of Delphi, N. Y., says: "We have just had a spiritual meeting at Brown's Hall, in Georgetown, which was a spiritual feast to the many who were present. We appointed a committee to arrange and appoint meetings for the future as follows: Asa Graves Nelson, Madison county; Truman Hecock, Eaton; Eli Bliss, Georgetown; Hiram Preston, Otsetic; Mrs. Hartwell and Major Carpenter of Delphi. There will be another meeting in September, and other meetings as often as the committee shall think advisable. Those who wish to work with the committee can correspond with them and address them as above.

Correction.

LAND GROVE, Vt., June 12, 1880. Please correct an error. The remarkable improvisatrice mentioned should be Miss Jennie B. Hagen and not Thayer as you have it. Also, Mrs. Sarah A. Wiley is of Stockingham, Vt. I spoke twice here yesterday and am to return here for the second and third Sundays of August. Thanks for your kindness. Yours truly,

L. K. CROWLEY.

Obituary.

We were grieved to learn that Dr. B. B. Alfred, of Atlanta, Ga., passed to spirit life while yet in the prime of a most useful life. The friend who informed us of the transition of this good man says: "A better man never lived." Dr. Alfred was a true Spiritualist and a firm and fast friend of MIND AND MATTER from its first appearance, and in every way manifested the greatest interest in its work. We had the pleasure of being personally acquainted with Dr. A., and sat with him at many of the seances given by Mr. and Mrs. Holmes and Mr. and Mrs. Bliss. He seemed to be an especially favorite with the spirits as he was among his mortal friends. This world's loss is his gain. Another great soldier is added to the spirit hosts to help to redeem humanity.—ED.

Mrs. P. R. Lawrence, from Worcester, Mass.,

M. S. SS, aged Mrs. Lawrence, with her husband, Dr. B. M. Lawrence, travelled entensively all over the Union, lecturing on temperance, labor reform and in the interest of the Liberal League. She was mediumistic and recognized the power of spirits influencing her, but her general labors were not specially devoted to spiritualism. Her last work was before the Legislative Committee of Massachusetts, last Spring, against the iniquitous medical monopoly known as the "Doctors' Plot Law," which was at last defeated. She was an intense and rapid talker and put her whole soul into her work, causing great nervous prostration, which finally broke the cord that held her to this world. She fully realized that she was soon to pass away, and saw and described spirit friends. During her last hours she said, "I would like to have lived to see the defeat of those rascals." Meaning those physicians who were so intolerant in trying to pass a law in Massachusetts depriving mediums from healing the sick.

Way-Side Thoughts.

There are spiritual bruises as well as physical. Some people ruffle up and appear quite "breezv" if only the little finger of violence approaches

One downward step is the beginning link in the chain of habits, and the links are added faster as the chain grows longer.

Over some people's lives their seem to hang leaden clouds all along life's way, but these clouds cannot penetrate eternity. A child with good manners will win more true

friends than all the fine clothes and gew gaws that a Paris milliner can invent. "Pride goes before a fall," and our sins are like

hidden rivulets beneath a wall, undermining us when we think we are most secure. Our particular ideas or views about God, heaven or helf, won't avail us anything—it is the lives

we daily lead that will raise or sink us. As the buds and blossoms foretell the rich harvest of ripened fruit, so true Christian virtues foretell the rich harvest of love and peace in the dying hour.

Not doctrines and creeds should originate from the pulpit, but bright sunbeams of truth, spreading in ever increasing circles until they touch eternity's shore.

Progression reminds one of the future, and of a certain something which the mind would like and is longing to possess, a something which it does not grasp in the present.

Our intentions often gradually work out and silently come before the world, and in time become fixed realities, living acts, how important then that our intentions be in the right direction. Guard well the little ones, for their hearts are tender and very susceptible to the influences around them; and the steps you take in life are the ones they will most likely follow in.

The brightest and most beautiful tints upon the flowers and fruit in the natural world are upon the side towards the sun. So our purest joys and hopes are tinted, the brightest on the heavenly side, and with colors that ing the impress of eternity.

Geo. S. Green, M. D. side, and with colors that are fadeless, ever bear-

East Fairfield, Vt., June 23, 1880.

SPIRIT COMMUNICATIONS.

ALFRED JAMES, MEDIUM.

July 7st, M. S. 33. HEDWIGA, DUCHESS OF LITHUANIA.

GOOD MORNING, SIR: - I am interested in all disputes in relation to the genuineness of the book called the Bible. I was one of the first to write or translate into my native language that book from the Greek and Latin originals or copies of the same. I will say that I undertook this labor through a sentiment of piety which I felt at that time, but, since my entrance into spirit life I have discovered that what I considered a religious feeling was nothing more than the control of a spirit priest. These books have been translated from many different versions of the original and the confusion which has resulted from this fact, has produced untold misery'to the human race, both as spirits and mortals. In my day no one dared to write the texts as they were originally. One was obliged to write them so that they favored the particular creed of their country and the prevailing religious ideas. It would have been far better if this book had never been translated at all. It has been the cause of bloodshed, fanaticism and religious confusion of all kinds. It is one of the deepest and most bitter causes of regret to me, as a spirit, that I had anything to do with it whatever. You frequently find people to-day who ask: "If you take away this book, what have we in the way of consolation in relation to the after life?" I answer these people in this way. There is a principle of the Divine in you—in every one -that if it had been allowed to shine forth freely without being interfered with by the commands of this book, which long since would have made your mortal lives more happy and brought you nearer to the great central principle. It would have brought the spirit and mortal worlds together so that now while you have priests and demagogues of all kinds as your teachers you would have had, by this time the spirits themselves as your priest and teachers. Not that any spirit however pure it may be wants you to confess to them, for these angels of the after life have passed through all the conditions you have and that that is unsuited to those realms is thrown back every one else that has ever been in the body has had to pass through. This is as much as I can can say. It is very difficult for me to speak this tongue. It has cost me years of study as a spirit to be able to express what I have said here to-

was known when here as Hedwiga, Duchess of Lithuania. I was the wife of Jaghellon, Duke of Lithuania. I hope this will do some good.

[We take the following account of this distinguished woman from the Biographie Generale: "Hedwiga, Queen of Poland, was born in 1371 she was the younger daughter of Louis of Hungary. After the death of her father, she was chosen in an assembly of the Hungarian nobles to succeed him on the throne of Poland, but with the reservation that the husband she would take should be approved by the Diet. Her mother Elizabeth saw with pain, a disposition to oppose the intentions of the lately deceased king in favor of Maria, her elder daughter. At the same time she could not avoid sending an ambassador to the Diet to announce the near arrival of the princess Hedwiga, but she demanded that after her coro nation, they would permit her to return to Hungary, so that she might complete her education in her family. The Polish nobles thought they saw in this demand, the hidden design of disposing of the hand of Hedwiga against their consent. Consequently they elected (Zimovitz) Sernovit, duke of Masovia, king, whom they intended should be her husband. The Palatines charged with announcing this news to Elizabeth, found her better disposed than they hoped; and they stipulated with her, in the name of the Diet, that in case Hedwiga died without children, the throne of Poland would pass by full right to her sister Maria. This treaty displeased Sernovit; and having been foiled in his project to have it declared void, he waged war in a kingdom that he was called to defend. His election was annulled; but Poland was none the less a prey to the horrors of civil and foreign war, when the Palatines returned again to Elizabeth, who this time consented to allow Hedwiga to set out for Poland. Her arrival at Cracovia, in 1384, was celebrated by feasts, and her coronation was delayed only long enough to make the necessary preparations for this august ceremony. The princess was then only thirteenyears of age; but historians say of her, that she already displayed a developed reason, a solid mind, sentiments noble and, so natural that she seemed to have nothing to attain, neither by time nor experience. To these qualities so precious, she joined a rare beauty. A great number of princes intrigued for her hand, among them Jaghellon, Duke of Lithuania, who was distinguished for exterior advantages, and for valor of which he had given already some brilliaut proofs: He manifested on all occasions, a great defference for the nobles, and finally the reunion of his duchy of Lithnania to Poland, and ended by obtaining all the suffrages. Hedwig had felt favorably towards William, duke of Austria, and she had even called him to her court, but the first time she saw Jaghellon, she felt her first resolution shaken. This prince, had been already instructed concerning the truths of religion, having received baptism, she found no reason to oppose the desire of the Senate. Hedwiga wed Jaghellon in 1386, who had taken the name Wladislas V. and she shared with him the glory of converting the inhabitants of Lithuania to Christianity. Her conduct was always sheltered from the least suspicion; she at the same time had to suffer the jealousy of her husband, but her innocence triumphed over calumny. She died in 1399, at the age of twenty-eight, in child-birth, regretted by

lieving the poor, and in completing the buildings of the University of Cracow." [In view of the positive fact that neither Mr. James, the medium, nor ourself had any knowledge whatever of this great woman, we ask, how can there be a question that her spirit gave that most instructive and characteristic communication. This spirit returns after nearly five hundred swer to this question I would say the reason years and communicates a fact that but for her coming would not be known; and that is, that It is not on account of what living men think and she translated the Bible, or rather the books of say, but on account of the reflex of the great spirit the Bible, from the Greek and Latin into the Lithuanian or Hungarian language. How much are thrown off spiritually by those who have her pious labors has done for her, she tells in her communication. Language fails us to express the to. It is for you mortals to prevent this by right have had a better chance to cheat the rascals of

her subjects, whose condition she had ameliorated

and of her husband, who at last rendered entire

justice to her qualities and her virtues. She de-

sired that her jewels should be employed in re-

Christian. Christians and Spiritualists, why will that-cherish it-for it is that light, and that light they bought it of them. Since I have become a you not break the shackles which that disastrous alone, that will bring you happiness-bring you spirit, there is only one regret I have, and that is, compilation of falsehood has fastened upon your peace on this earth. Know that if you send devils that there is no hell to put such rascals in. I do minds? That this great souled spirit should preto the spirit life, they will return and torment not regard the hell of an avenging conscience half fer to be known as the Duchess of Lituania rather you. All the dark spirits-physically dark-that punishment enough for the kings, dukes, and than as Queen of Poland is not the least signifi- live upon this mortal plane are as nothing when cant feature of this communication. Wild Cat, compared to the darkened minds in spirit life, perhaps bitter, but when I return here I feel all head. Whether that was the style of dress when they persist in their wrong actions. Hedwiga lived we have not been able to learn.-Editor.

ROGER ASCHAM. ...

Good Day:-Well, lad, I am glad to see thou thou meetest, in thy day, no quarter. And I'll tell thee, lad, it is good for thee that thou hast a firm will, or thou wouldst long ago have been upset by thine enemies on this side, and on my side of life, for there are a legion over here in spirit that would destroy thee right speedily.

Like all old men, I like to give adv ce, and so I'll proceed with my own affairs. As a spirit I when here; and it has caused me years of hard labor as a spirit to divest myself of those prejudices and the ill effects of their creeds upon my mind. Like all the people of olden time, I was very firm when my mind was made up and really I loved the Christian religion. That was a sad awakening for me to find that I, who considered myselt wise enough in my time to grapple all the as truths of that day, knew so little about the final result of a mortal life. In fact it ought to be the principal duty of every one to study out and try to know all that can be known about the spirit life. It would save them from suffering, and from what is worse than that, the reflex of wrong teachings and wrong doing that operate upon you in the mortal flesh. That can-never enter the higher and purer realms of spirit life, and so all upon you mortals, and it is that which keeps you down. If you will keep that point before the people you will accomplish more good than all the ecclesiastics in this broad land. With this I might as well say that I was a writer and teacher of different branches of learning, theology, political economy, etc., about 1568. My name was

[We find the following facts in relation to Roger Ascham in the Encyclopædia Britannica-ED.

ROGER ASCHAM.

"Roger Ascham, a very distinguished scholar and writer, was born at Kirby Wiske, a village in Yorkshire, about the year 1515. John Ascham, his father, was house-steward in the family of Scroop, and by his wife Margaret, was connected with several respectable families. A short time before his death, Sir Anthony Wingfield, having conceived a predilection for his third son Roger, took him into his family, and extended his bounty so far as to give him the advantage of a private education along with his own sons. Under a domestic tutor he made a rapid progress in classifrom the pope the strongest assurances of protectal learning, and early discovered a great partialtion. On the 28th of November, 1414, he was ity for reading. The superiority of his genius and seized and imprisoned in a loathsome dungeon. docility of temper, which he constantly displayed He was brought before the council on the follow-induced his patron to send him to St. John's Coling 5th of June, and was treated by that body as

in his eighteenth year, and was chosen fellow of emperor and council. They then proceeded the college about a month afterwards. The favor- to degrade him from his sacerdotal rank. Whenable disposition, however, which he manifested toward the reformed religion, was no small obstacle in the way of his preferment. He was admitted Master of Arts in the year 1537, and about this period he began to act in the capacity of a tutor.

"His-reputation for Greek learning soon brought him many pupils, several of whom afterwards rose to considerable eminence. Of these one of the most distinguished was William Grindall, who obtained the station of master of languages to the Lody Elizabeth upon the recommendation of Sir * * In 1544 Ascham obtained the appointment of university orator, an office and adored it with the same reverence and moiswhich he retained with great reputation during the period he was connected with the University. Upon the death of his pupil, Grindall, he became preceptor to the Lady Elizabeth. His pupils and writings had acquired him such celebrity that he or another, is never anything but a curse to its was appointed to direct the studies of that princess. He successfully acquitted himself in that honoraole charge; but two years after, from some unknown cause of dissatisfaction, he returned to the University, having taken an abrupt leave of the princess. In 1549 he was appointed secretary to Sir Richard Morisine, ambassador to the Emperor Charles V. Upon the recall of Morisine, on the death of Edward VI., Ascham returned to the University. Soon after he was made Latin secretary to Queen Mary. The prudence of Ascham enabled him to act a respectable part, both under the government of Mary, and also in the most perilous situations during the reign of Elizabeth; and the readiness and elegance of his Latin style rendered him a useful member at court. He is eported to have written, during the course of three days, forty-seven letters to persons in the highest ranks of life. He was the author of but two books, entitled respectively Toxophilus and The Scholemaster. The latter was published by his widow after his death. By too close application in composing a poem, which he intended to present to the Queen on the New Year's day of 1859, he was seized with an illness that proved fatal. He died on the 23d of December, 1558. His epistles, which are valuable both on account of their style and historical information were published after his death and dedicated to the Queen."

It was the spirit of this sturdy old Yorkshireman that came to congratulate us upon our firmness in maintaining what we know to be right, and bid us show the rascals we meet no quarter. We thank our spirit friend for his approbation and encouragement.—En.]

John Huss (The Bohemian Reformer).

Good Morning:-Why is it that error seems to thrive while truth has to fight day by day for what might be termed a bare existence? In anfor it has been stated by the preceding speaker.

he Indian gaide, said this spirit was a beautiful. They are your worst enemies, for they see, and lady, but wore her hair in a high mass above the some of them know, that they are wrong and yet

In relation to my mortal life I will say it is a sad thing to be a martyr. I do not think that a religious martyr, however right they may think; as I feel. You will perhaps say, "You should forthey are, accomplishes any good. For those who burned me at the stake were fanatics of one kind -I, their victim, was a fanatic of another kind. meanest to beat thy enemies. That is right. Many will claim on reading my history that I was. Thou must be firm and thou wilt conquer. The a good, pure and upright man, but confessing as a a good, pure and upright man, but confessing as a mortal life (thou canst rely upon what I say) is spirit, I say honestly that I was as great a fanatic but a checker-board on which you make your as those who burned me; and that if the situation moves for spiritual success. Show the rascals that had been reversed, I think I could have put a torch to their funeral pile with as much grace as they performed that part for me. All the miseryall the fanaticism that the world has ever seen has been the outgrowth of obstructions placed in the way of the only true religion and that is spirit communion. If that communion had been permitted to come pure and uncontaminated with selfishness, and without priestly hindrance the earth would be a paradise to-day. All will tell thee I was duped, deceived, lied to, by the martyrs are not yet in spirit life; for the reli-the religions and religious ideas that I took up gious systems being based upon brood as their fundamental principle they will have to be extinin my ears to-day, for I see this with the eye of prophecy. It will take but little to make a mighty practical talents were turned to the reformation revolution in all the religious systems that are now taught upon this planet.

Thank you for this hearing. 1 was known here Joux Hrss.

TWe condense the following account of John Huss from the Encyclopadia Britannica,—Ep. 1

John Huss, the Bohemian reformer, was born at the village of Husineez, situated in that part of Bohemia that, borders on Bayaria, on the 6th of July, 1369. After passing through the initiatory branches of education he entered the University of Prague, where he studied philosophy and theology under Stanislaus of Znaim, a man of liberal tendencies, from whom Huss probably received the first impulse towards those opinions and efforts to which he owes his fame and his place in the history of the Church. Huss took the master's degree in 1396, and in 1398 he began to lecture. In 1400 he was appointed confessor to Sophia, queen of Bohemia; in 1401 he became President of the theological faculty in the university; and in 1402 he was selected to fill the office of preacher at the Bethlehem Chapel. The time in which he appeared were those of the deepest medievil darkness, when boundless corruption reigned throughout the church, when anarchy and discord were threatening her with ruin, and when almost every man in whose bosom a regard for the interests of religion and morality remained, was compelled to assume the position of a censurer and a reformer. By his inveighing against the vice and corruption of the Catholic clergy from 1402 io 1414 he was at last summoned to the Council of Constance to answer a charge of heresy. He secured from the emperor a letter of safe-conduct, and ing 5th of June, and was treated by that body as lege, Cambridge, in the year 1530. * * * if already condemned. He was sentenced to "Ascham took his degree of Bachelor of Arts death on July 6th in the presence of the this was over, and the tonsure had been obliterated from him, a cappainted with the figures of demons was placed on his head, and the bishops said, "Now we devote thy soul to the infernal devils."
[What loving creatures these pious Christians are to be sure! He was then fastened to the stake, the fagots were lighted, and all that was mortal of John Huss was reduced to ashes. The ashes were then colected and cast into the Rhine, that no relies of him might remain. But the miserable precaution was without effect, since his disciples tore up the earth from the spot of his martyrdom, tened it with those same tears which would otherwise have sanctified his sepulcher. [With John Huss those adoring disciples have learned ere now that religious bigotry, whether of one phase victims and its devotees. Religious reformers,

MARY E. HOWELL.

heed the great lesson which the returning spirit of

John Huss has given you.—En.]

Good Day, FRIEND:-I am very weak and have listened to what has been said here to-day. I approve it all and know every word of it to be true, although only a short time in spirit life. The idea of any person saving you is all folly. You must save yourselves. Only act in this life so that when you reach the spirit life there shall not be a thought in your mind that you would not have an angel to read. Keep this motto before you, "I know my duty and will do it." I leaned on Jesus, but I leaned upon a broken reed. i am only one of millions who have been thus deceived. I send this voice—this spirit warning—to show that there is a chance for travellers to return and warn their friends about the errors of their present religious beliefs. My name was, MARY E. HOWELL,

Haddonfield, N. J. [Wild Cat described this lady as appearing very plainly dressed, and said he thought she must have been either a kind of Quaker or a very plain Methodist woman. He further said that she had not made her communication more pointed, as she did not wish to hurt the feelings of her friends, or prejudice them against seeking the truth.-En.]

MATTHEW PARIS.

change for the better; and it is in this. You are had to be a mere beggar; and fawn on the aristocricy in order to live. In fact there could be no true manhood in my time. If you asserted it you I ought to have been a diplomat, and then I could | the cars. importance we attach to such communications as doing—by adhering to the truth—and above all, my day. The haughty nobles had everything and worthy man deserving of sympathy and enthis, from one who was a most devout and learned by striving to gain spiritual light, Hold on to they wished. No one had any protection unless couragement.—En.]

other rascals that lived when I was here, I am those conditions of mind that I experienced as a mortal. When a man lives in an age when nothing he has, however sacred it may be, has any protection from the lawless passions of such lawless knaves, he cannot help feeling as bitterly give." Yes, I will forgive, but not until I receive that which I have lost. There is nothing that can compensate for a woman's virtue, and when a man is robbed of that in his own family circle, there is no hell hot enough for him to heap upon those that have wronged him. I will have pity-I will forgive when this feeling of revenge is satiated and not till then. This is all I have to say. It has enabled you to see another phase of spirit character. My name was, MATTHEW PARIS,

TWe find the following account of Matthew Paris in the Ecclesiastical Encyclopædia of Mc-Clintock and Strong.—Ep.]

Matthew Paris, an English Benedictine monk of the Middle Ages, noted as the best Latin Chronicler of the 13th century, was born about 1195. He joined the order of St. Albans in 1217. He was soon marked as a man of the highest guished in blood. The shricks of the dying ring character, and distinguished as a musician, poet, orator, theologian, painter and architect. His of monastic discipline, on which account he was sent to Norway by the Pope. After his return to England, Matthew Paris stood high in the favor of King Henry III., who used to converse with him in the most familiar manner, and who derived from him much historical information. Paris had beside a large number of influential friends. and a wide circle of acquaintances among the clergy After the departure of Roger of Wendover in 1235, Paris was chosen to succeed him as annalist of the monastery. A man of his marked probity could not be expected to discharge this duty in any politic spirit, and he reproved vice without any distinction of persons, and did not spare the English court itself; at the same time he showed a hearty affection for his country in maintaining its privileges against the encroachments of the Pope, and his creatures and officers, who applied all their engines to destroy and demolish them. Of this we have a clear, though unwilling evidence in Baronius, who observes that Matthew Parisremonstrated with too sharp, and bitter a spirit against the court of Rome, and that except in this particular only, his history was an incomparable production. But if it did not find hearty recognition among his learned co-religionists, the people did not withhold their approbation, and as far down as the days of the reformation, Englishmen pointed with pride to this the most considerate and trustworthy Latin chronicler,"

[We regard this communication of unusual interest in as much as it disclosed a phase of spirit life that is most unusual. Here we have a learned. man who, conscious of the fearful demoralization existing among the ruling classes of his time, felt that to assail their vicious acts openly would lead to his destruction and who, therefore, as he says: Resorted to cunning and used it as a whip to scourge the follies of my day under the guise of a historian." Those who have read the chronicles of Mathew Paris will realize the fact here alluded: to. It is a singular fact that notwithstanding his prominence as a writer but little is known concerning the life of this polished writer. It is supposed that he was educated in Paris, France, and on that account was called Paris. He alludes to some great wrong done to some female member of his family by some of those lordlings whom he so cordially despised. There is no mention of any such occurrence that is at present extant regarding him, and as he was a member of the Order of St. Albans at the age of twenty-two, and lived a monastic life, it may be presumed that the wrong that still rankles in his breast as a spirit was committed before that time. In all probability it was the cause of his becoming a monk. Six hundred years have not sufficed to relieve that injured soul of that terrible feeling of hatred towards others. which must have been, during all that long period, the bane of his spirit existence. These are the lessons which we are having imparted to us from the spirit life-lessons the value of which cannot be over estimated.—ED.]

A Just Tribute to Dr. A. B. Dobson. MAQUOKETA, IOWA, June 27, 1880. We would like to say a few words through MIND AND MATTER, about our magnetic healer and medium, Dr. A. B. Dobson. He has been with us for four years, and has held hundreds of seances in this place for independent slate writing and other demonstrations, and has had many patients, and has given the very best satisfaction. He is one of the oldest healers and mediums, having been in the spiritual vineyard since 1853, and since he came to this State, he has built up his very large practice through true merit, being a gentleman of the highest order, and sticking always closely to the truth, he has gained hosts of friends and patrons. His mediumistic powers are truly remarkable, giving some of the most convincing tests of the life beyond the grave, thereby-converting many to our glorious facts and philosophy, and as a magnetic healer we can say by experience, that his power is great, and in this respect excells any healer that we ever came in contact with. We can truly vouch for Dr. Dobson. G. W. House,

MRS. E. D. HOUSE.

To the Liberalists of Philadelphia.

The subscriber is a worn out missionary in the promulgating to the "Harmonial Philosophy." He is semi-paralysed from head to foot, by forty years "Good Day:-These be quere times! but I see of intense mental and bodily labor, and can no on visiting this mortal plane once more a great | longer travel about to sell his books and lecture as he has done in the past. He needs help to not quite so badly priest-ridden—you have not as keep him from starving and his family from starvamuch king-craft as there was when I lived. You tion. In his books, tracts, poems, &c., he claims to show you the most valuable philosophical discovery in the world. Call and see him, buy his books, and hear his explanations of matters never lost your head, and as that was rather a painful | before explained in print or speech. Come and way of quitting life, I determined to use policy. see him or send your address, Wm. Lambdin, Cunning is the last resource of the man that is | North Fifth and Westmoreland Streets. Philadelhunted down; so I resorted to it and used it as a phia. Take Fifth street cars to Lehigh avenue whip to scourge the follies of my day under the guise of a historian. It was a bit of policy. I will find an excursion to his place profitable and think there was a mistake made about my calling. | pleasant. Inquire for Mrs. Krumm's on leaving

[We know Mr. Lambdin to be a very intelligent

MIND AND MATTER

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J. M. Roberts - - - Publisher and Editor.

DR. J. V. MANSFIELD,

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COffice Regulations and Requirements. One Seance of an hour, with one person in his presence, \$5.00 One " 1/2 hour. " " " " " " 3.00

OUR CENSOR REV. F. J. BRIGGS.

Against our general rule not to publish in MIND AND MATTER, anything personally insulting to ourself, we give below a letter from a "Christian Spiritualist," or, as Prof. Buchanan says he prefers to call them, a "Religious Spiritualist." We have underscored such portions of Mr. Briggs' letter as | She said she was the wife of Abraham. She said we regard especially offensive:

EXPLANATIONS. For Mind and Matter.

Bro, Roberts, I trust will accept a few words in explana-tion of some things in his editorial reply to mine of June 26, I have no warfare with him, no debate. Viewing things from different stand-points. I cannot see as he does, in every respect. But a few words of explanation on some points not correctly apprehended, or misapprehended, may be of considerable use to those who desire to arrive at a correct appreciation of how eagerly both the manifesting spirits and their mediums at Terre Haute have been misrepresented and mistreated, the mediums maliciously. Intelligent Spiritualists know very well that abuses of returning spirits, or their mediums, retards and prevents the higher, more refined, and spiritual manifestations. It keeps them in a lower, and often a dubious and almost worthless sphere. It is necessary to "try the spirits." But it seems as if almost one half of the Spiritualists, and a much larger proportion of investigators, cannot frame an idea that there is any way to try the spirits, but to insult and impose upon them and their mediums. Our enemies have understood the advantage of this for a long time, and also how to rope in Spiritualists to their aid.

1st. Let us explain why we have felt indignant and hurt at some assaults that have been made, Bro. R. says: "We were asked by Mr. Hook of the Anna Stewart committee, to publish a report by Judge Lawrence, of Michigan, describing oertain manifestations of spirit materialization, wherein the writer claimed the identification of certain biblical persona-

ges, who purported to appear there." Bro. R. says he created the subject "with pungent sarcasm."

We were not there at the time, never have seen Judge I/s article, and probably never shall. But I did form an acqualitance with Judge L. at Terre Haute, in November 1876, If he may have been over anxious to avoid publicity in re-lation to his spiritual experiences, I know he has had many and varied deep experiences; that he is cautious, discerning, judicious, and a well behaved gentleman in scances. I have also had the pleasure, partially through his assistance, of becoming acquainted with his wife, daughter, and son in gan's, a year ago last June, one of those remarkable tests that I described in some of my former communications. She first played a piece on the piano. After that, standing in the open door of the cabinet, she motioned me to approach. While engaged in conversation with her, Laura, the medium, in a deep trance, came unobserved, and to attract my attention, pulled my coat collar. Turning my head, I said in surprise, "Laura, is that you?" "It is me," she said, with a laugh. There stood within reach the materialized spirit, dressed in white and taller than Laura, whose hand I had shaken where she stood; and still nearer Laura in a When Laura retired to her seat in the cabinet, Miss L. with pleased expression of countenance, bowed good-bye and

during those seances, as in other cases, the report of which Bro. R. was requested to publish, Mrs. L. was manifesting to her husband, and the daughter and son to their father, in harmony and accord with the other manifestations. and gave the Judge no warning, this denouncing those manifestations as "very low and pernicious manifestations" was virtually saying to the public, that Judge I/s wife, son and daughter, were connected with 'very low and perni-olous manifestations." He could but scorn to reply to such a scandal (virtually) on his own heavenly household

There too are Dr. Pence's wife and darling son, and Mr. Hook's two angelic daughters, to say nothing of Minnie, George Powell, Belle Pervis, Charlie Smith and others, every one of whom, as I have tested, are truthful spirits, ye they all are made so far deceivers and liars, as they abetted or at least concealed those wicked and disgraceful frauds,—provided they are frauds. Now, when some do and say what is virtually saying to Mr. Hook, your daughters are two lying imps, conniving at deceiving their father; and to Dr. Pence, your wife and son are two scampy deceptive demons-none need wonder that it came home warmly, and was repelled with intense indignation. Understand me, l do not believe such a terrible wrong was intended. It was a judgment in haste from the promptings of theory before calmly surveying all the ground. And it was very unfortu-

I have some truths from members of the household on the other side. Though I understand the world will not appreolate them. I will give two to aid in viniticating the scandal-tized and wronged, both on the spirit side and this. The principal reason of my going to Terre Haute, last June a year, was that my father came through a clairvoyant and chiraudient medium in a scance and requested me to go there. At Terre Hante, the first time he manifested, I told him why I came. He said he did make the request as I un-derstood. He wanted that I should come because it was a special occasion, and I would enjoy the visit; the manifesta tions would strengthen me, and he wanted that I should witness them. But there would not be much opportunity for a family visit, and it was not for that that he requested me to come. Understanding my mind and expecting what the present opportunities might be, he was anxious that I should not miss the occasion. And more than thankful an

Two days after Dr. Peebles held his last meeting, which he so beautifully described, and was gone, I had quite a lengthy conversation with my only sister, a bright and beautiful spirit, in relation to those higher manifestations. This was after all had settled back into a calm. And I received from her frank and sincere answers to my inquiries, some of then skeptical enough, too.

Now, in addition to what has been said with regard to those other spirits, did my father, who was known as a man of integrity during a long earth life, and noted for sound judgment, decoy me there to be deceived and cheated? Did my darling sister sit by my side and deliberately tell me a string of wicked lies for five minutes? Or do they become so demented after death, that no more dependence can be placed in what these, who were wise and truthful, when here, may say? If so, Spiritualism is an unmitigated decep-No. no; that cannot be so long as the needle is true to the pole, and there is a place in the infinite universe of God for integrity and truth to remain. Some theory besides those that make our spirit friends the most unscrupulous of liars, or demented, silly dupes, or the mediums superhuman frauds, will have to be resorted to to stand.

2d. Bro. Roberts has well said, "Good and truthful spirits claim no natural superiority over the most humble or the most unfortunate. They recognize the universal brother hood of humanity, that is so little observed in mundane life." Now, readers, one and all, please observe that Bro. Roberts has here described exactly the claims that were made, the feeling that was shown, and the deportment of every mani-festing spirit during all those higher manifestations. There superiority" claimed or acted out by any That was the feeling, too, throughout the entire circles It was fraternity and harmony with us, and it was no less s on the spirit side. According to Bro, Roberts' standard they were certainly good spirits; and, for the time being at least all in the scances were the better for the manifestations.

If other and counter representations have been sent abroad they were wholly uncalled for, and are radically wrong, and

in time will be corrected. At first I was surprised at the envious, blind and ranting

animostly manifested. It may be that some who deemed themselves very votee, may have learned to conduct themselves more prudently after this, instead of rushing to make them selves disgracefully officious by headlong, headstrong censures and misrepresentations of the mediums. At first I could not have got a hearing for this; the whole was prejudiced without a thought or hearing. F. J. Be Bloomington, Ill., 707 W. Jefferson St., July 7, 1880.

We will here give the extracts from Jude Law rence's report, which we criticised at the time of its publication in this journal, on December 6th.

"Minnie said she would give the 'Judge Chief' a still greater show to-morrow; she said he was a kind of developing medium, and attended by a most powerful band of spirits—that he aided the manifestations. She said St. Peter and Mary [mother of Jesus] were among his guides, and Minnie added 'Jesus, too,' but don't like to hear your swear so much-that many other ancient and powerful spirits are of your band-that Ahasuerus and Esther, and many other ancients, whose name I do not know, attend you. They aid the medium and enable you to receive manifestations that others could not. * * *

"November 25th.—This morning I had a private seance with Mrs. Stewart. There were present

Messrs. Garner. Hook and Conner. The first appearance was that of a tall, well-built woman lressed in a dark skirt, with a white sack reaching to the bottom of her dress. She had on dark pantalettes, but was barefooted. She came out of the cabinet, which was brilliantly illuminated. She put her hands and feet in the light so that we could distinctly see them. I felt of her bare feet, and could see the nails on her toes. She shook hands with us all when she came and when she left. She said her name was 'Sarah.' Minnie sang out from the cabinet that it was 'Aunt Sally.' it would take a long time to convince the world that these ancients could return to earth. She stood several times in the glaring light, so that we had a fair view of her and the medium together. I gave her an orange, which she ate, and she finally closed the door and disappeared.

"Then came a female form gorgeously attired in a kind of yellowish tinted silk dress-with straps or loops in front, with raised figures on the dress, which was loose about the waist, and hung in graceful folds to her ankles. She wore a golden crown which glittered beautifully in the light. This was Queen Esther, appearing in different apparel from any she had worn before. She came out of the cabinet and shook us by the hand. She answered our questions by motions of her head, and when in the light she bowed her head, and moved her hands with all the grace and elegance of a queen. Her dress, motions and manners indicated her royal station in life. She was beautiful to behold, and frequently stood in a bright to give me her picture, if possible. She commanded, by her queenly appearance, the admira-tion of all, and left for her spirit home with the

blessings of the company. "The next appearance (the light still burning overhead in the ventilator, under which was seen something resembling isinglass, to mellow the light and keep it from flickering) was a beautiful young lady, wearing a dark skirt of silk, with them appear to be the work of trickery and dewhite linen lace sack highly ornamented or embroidered. Her dress came half way between the knee and ankle. She wore a handsome breastpin and other shining ornaments on her neck, around some sort of glistening stones. Her arms were exposed their villainy. Not only so, but we gave well formed and were bare from the shoulders. She had around her wrists wide and heavy bracelets of gold. Her long, black, silken hair, of which of those mediums to set themselves right before head on her shoulders. She made a beautiful ap- unkindness towards the Terre Haute mediums pearance as an elegant young lady of the olden time. When she first appeared I inquired of pressed and you tell." I tried to think of some room from the spirit side of life, and were only young lady of history, and the thought came to me that it might be the daughter of Pharaoh. I cabinet behind her: 'Yes, Judge Chief, you are right.' This to me was a wonderful test of my company. To my inquiries she said she was Pharaoh's daughter, and that she, by her maid, rescued Moses in the bullrushes and reared him in her father's palace, She was barefooted. She put her feet in the light that shone upon the carpet, raised her skirt so that we could see her bare limbs, and even the pantalettes or drawers that a modern belle. I gave her an orange which she ate. She stayed a long time, seeming to be in no hurry, as she was thoroughly materialized. I had picture, which she said she would try to give me. She appeared as natural and graceful as any of our young ladies, and at the first interview with mortals, after a residence of three thousand years in the Summerland, made a most favorable imression upon our minds, and called forth, as she left us, with a hearty shake of the hand, a warm and affectionate 'good-bye.' The cabinet door was closed and Minnie said, 'Judge Chief, don't it beat the Dickens?'.' Yes, Minnie,' said I, 'it beats

the devil ail hollow.' "Then comes a tallish man, in a black suit of the olden style, with a rod in his hand. He waved the rod or wand in various ways. Some one said was Moses, to which assertion he bowed low. He wore a long beard and allowed me to feel of the rod in his hand. It felt and looked like a reed or stalk of corn. I did not get a fair enough view of his face to describe it accurately, but the complexion was swarthy or dark, resembling that of the Jews. He came out of the cabinet and shook hands with us. I asked him if he was the Moses of whom we read. He waved assent. He appeared several times under the light, but I did of his countenance. He showed his rod frequently. He stayed but a short time—gave us a cordial shake of the hand, went into the cabinet and disappeared.

Then came (the light having ceased to burn, Minnie saying that her grease was all gone) to the cabinet door a tall, stately, good-looking female, whose sphere seemed to be motherly and kind. Jacob and the daughter of Laban. She had on a dent to acknowledge it publicly.

after shaking hands, went into the cabinet.

rently shaped like a cone, running to a point, which, when he stood up straight, hit the top of the cabinet. He did not remain but a short time. We inquired if it was Saul, and he bowed very low. He did not speak. He wore a long beard.

height, thick-set, dressed in black. She came out readily. Dr. Pence recognized her as the Witch of Endor. She acknowledged the recognition and came and shook hands with us all. I told her that some objected to the cross on her pictures as not appropriate to the age in which she lived. She said she would give me another without the cross, but that crosses were worn in her time. She said that the writing and publication of the contemolated book to be written in the seance room by spirit power, together with the coming of the ancients, would have a strong influence in convincing men of the truths of Spiritualism. She said that mediums of to-day are not persecuted as they were in her time. She again shook hands and bade us good-bye.

"Thus ended the most remarkable seance ever held in Terre Haute, if not in the world." *

To this statement of Judge Lawrence was appended the following certification:

We attended the foregoing scances and know the above account of them to be strictly true. "WM. GARNER,

Council Bluff, Iowa. "JOHN E. CAMPBELL, Winchester, Ind.

"I attended the two last seances and certify to the truthfulness of the above description of them. "ALLEN PENCE.

"We were present at the first and last seances and know the above account of them to be cor-"JAMES HOOK, "SAMUEL CONNOR."

In the month of September preceding our receipt of Judge Lawrence's statement and Mr. James Hook's request that we would publish it, a Jesuit light, by the side of the medium. She promised agent, Alf. S. Hutchinson, acting in co-operation with Col. John C. Bundy, of the R.-P. Journal, by collusion with such disreputable persons as they could induce to join them, sought by their concerted falsehoods to discredit Mrs. Anna Stewart and Miss Laura Morgan, as mediums,-to make the spiritual manifestations occurring through beautiful raised figures on it. Over this was a ception—and to prove their friends to be accomplices in a monstrous fraud. We were most prompt to meet these assailants of what we had every reason to know was the truth, and out of which was suspended a black string of pearls, or their own mouths, through Mind and Matter, we up the columns of our paper freely to the friends she let me feel, fell gracefully each side of her the public. It was therefore with no feelings of and their friends that we felt contrained to arrest Minnie who she was. She declined to tell me, another scheme of the Jesuit enemies of truth, but said: 'Judge Chief, wait till you are fully im- when we saw that they had invaded the scance too successfully carrying out their scheme of immediately said, 'It is Paraoh's daughter.' The bringing the medium, Mrs. Stewart, and her young lady bowed low and gracefully as she stood friends into public contempt and ridicule, by their beneath the shining light, and Minnie said, in the unguarded acceptance of the deceptive spirit personations of purely mythical persons, such as Mr. impressibility. I then went to the lady. She Briggs, Dr. Peebles, Mr. Watson, Prof. Buchanan, came out of the light, leaving the medium sitting Mr. C. R. Miller and other prominent Spiritualists. in its full blaze, and shook hands with me and the | call "the higher, more refined and spiritual manifestations." We had every reason to know that those personations by deceiving spirits were neither high, refined nor truthful personations and that to publish them as such, would give the enemy the very points they sought to make covered them. She was stoutly built-moved her | against Spiritualism. We, therefore, coucluded to dress, showing her person and form as plainly as turn their own guns upon them by publishing the account of their performances, and showing just what those performances were, in the light of considerable conversation with her, asking for her legitimate criticism. We well knew that we would call down upon ourself, the hostility of those among Spiritualists who cannot break the fetters which an early acquired Christian bias, has fastened upon them. This was to us a most regretful anticipation, but our sense of public duty demanded our fidelity as a journalist and we wrote as follows:

"We publish the above memoranda of the most remarkable spiritual phenomena that are now taking place at Terre Haute, with the greatest willingness, not only because we are requested to do so by those who were present and witnessed what occurred, but because it gives us the opportunity to defeat another scheme of the Jesnit enemies of Spiritualism, to injure that great and exsome length, given facts to show that two purely not see him distinctly enough to get any fair idea efforts to deceive and humiliate Spiritualists, that those enemies well know, will not avail to check unwilling to be identified with such manifestly you are not used in that manner. absurd and Diakka-like manifestations of what Minuie said it was Rachel. She then came and by the coquettish attention of these serio-comic to express frankly and publicly our position reshook hands with us-said she was the wife of spirit personators of ancient myths, he is too pru-

black under-dress with a white lace sack over it. We want it distinctly understood that we do for the present, but we know that, in the end,

She was dressed very much like Sarah. She ap- not question, for a moment, any part of the above peared affectionate and tender. I was very much statement of facts. On the contrary we have had impressed in her favor. I felt of her dress which enough experience in such matters, to be fully was of silk with raised figures. The sack was of aware of the capacity of the spirit enemies of fine linen lace. She reminded me of Mrs. L. in Spiritualism, to perform those feats of materialistature, form and appearance. She said it would zation, or any other feats, that will enable them take a long time to convince the world that the to make mediums and investigators of Spiritualancients could return to the earth. She said if ism, appear as much like lunatics and fools as we should relate what we had seen, people would possible. If they succeed in these schemes, the not believe us. She promised me her picture, and mediums and inexperienced investigators are not to blame. The whole responsibility rests with Then came a very tall, manly figure, which those who claim to be fully competent to judge of Minnie said was Saul. He was, at least, seven feet the genuineness and identity of the appearing high. His head came up to the top of the cabinet forms, and who accept these manifestly absurd He wore a sort of glittering crown appa-, personations as the work of honest and friendly

"It is anything but pleasant to be compelled to reach these spirit enemies of truth, ensconced as they are, behind some of our most valued friends, but out they must come, though we may have to "After he left there came a woman of medium | rudely jostle those who permit this unwise use of them. No. No. You Jesuit villains, that dodge will not serve you any more than all the others you have resorted to.

"Reader, just think of it, and not 'crack your sides with laughter.' 'St. Peter and Mary' the guides of the Judge chief.' St. Peter, no more nor less than a 'holy stone,' as his name and attributes imply, and 'Mary' the Goddess of the Sea (in Latin Mare); and these mythical personages the guides of a learned judge!! But suppose they were not the myths they are, but the one the individual rock on which the Roman Catholic or only Christian Church is founded, and the other the principle object of Roman Catholic devotion; what earthly or spiritual motive could such spirits have in coming back here to guide and control the 'Judge Chief' but to bring him under the influence of the Roman Catholic Church, or failing in that, to destroy his influence with his fellowmen? Catholicism, 'So rank that it smells to heaven,' may be discerned by any one, in those spirit personations.

"And then, again, think of it! When another most enchanting and seductive form appears, who coquettishly sets the 'Judge Chief' to guessing who she is; it occurs to him it may be Pharaoh's daughter, and he said, 'It is Pharaoh's daughter; and the deceitful syren, pleased with the compli-ment of royalty, assented to it by 'bowing low;' and Minnie confirmed the assent. The learned 'Judge Chief' said of this laughable episode-"This to me was a wonderful test of my impressibility.' We concur with him, and think he is, by far, too impressible. If he were less so, he would not get so abominably fooled by deceiving and lying spirits. Any one versed in antiquarian lore knows the mythical nature of the mythical Moses in the bullrushes. 'Judge,' heed St. Paul when he tells you that 'the letter killeth.'

"But is it any wonder this learned judge took. leave of his ordinary senses in this instance! For did not this supposed or imagined princess come 'barefooted;' and did she not, 'put her feet in the light and raise her skirt, so that we could see her bare limbs, and even the pantalettes or drawers that covered them?" And was she not stoutly built, and did she not move her dress, showing her person and form as a modern belle? And did not this learned judge give her an orange which she ate? And all this we are seriously told, as affording proof of the identity of this de ceiver. Awake! Arise! Judge, you are in a frightful nightmare, and are riding to your destruction. This 'Pharaoh's daughter,' is evidently a deceiving strumpet, who was used by Jesuit spirits to make you and your friends ridiculous in the popular sight. The display of the foot and limb of a beautiful woman is the most dangerous device to throw a gallant man off his guard, and this the Jesuit enemies of truth well know. We do not even wonder that poor Minnie, who was herself personated, or under the psychological control of the band of Jesuit spirits, that are holding, at times, high carnival at Terre Haute, said, Judge Chief. don't it beat the dickens?' and that the Judge Chief' should say, 'Yes, Minnie, it beats the devil all hollow.' You hit it that time, Judge, undoubtedly, for no mythical devil ever conceived of, or could display one half the ingenuity to effect his ends, that these Jesuit imitators of Mephistopheles have resorted to.

We cannot devote more space to show up the manifest absurdity of the supposition that these were Moses, Rachael, Queen Esther, Ahasuerus, &c. The nature of these personations is sufficiently apparent in 'Minnie's' reference to the form purporting to be Sarah, the wife of Abraham, whom she introduced as 'Aunt Sally.' The Jesuit band of spirits who have gained such a foothold at Terre Haute, will yet no doubt produce the sisters and the cousins and the aunts, of every mythical character in the Jewish and Christian fables. We intend, however, to see that their performance shall pass for what it really is—a resort to extravaganza, to bring ridicule on Truth, in order that they may continue their traffic in even more absurd delusions than they are seeking to practice at Terre Haute and elsewhere,

"We conclude that these lying and deceiving spirits inadvertently disclosed the true inwardness of their deviltry, when more than one of them said: 'It will take a long time to convince the world that the ancients could return to earth.' Well did, 'Aunt Sally' say to this learned judge, 'If you should relate what you have seen, people would not believe you. That is just what was the matter-with 'Aunt Sally.' She was there to help to make that time as long as possible.

"We feel confident that Minnie is either personated at Mrs. Stewart's seances, at times, or she is under the control of the deadliest enemies of the medium and her friends. It behooves those who are being deceived by that means, to be on their guard against that not uncommon phase of spirit interference. Spiritualists, apply a little of that common sense, in the investigation of Spirittending cause. In another column, we have at ualism, that you use in your intercourse with mortals, and you will be less likely to be deluded and mythical personages have been personated at led astray by inimical spirit influences. The most Terre. Haute and elsewhere, by deceiving spirits, dangerous enemies of Spiritualism are those who, and we do not hesitate to declare that it is our claiming to be its friends, surrender themselves conviction, forced upon us by the testimony of to the inimical spirit influences, that use them to those who have witnessed these too successful injure that cause. Open opposition and warfare, others of the appearing forms are equally deceptits onward course; and hence their resort to every tive on the part of spirits. The author of those kind of fraud that they think can help them to memoranda is a distinguished gentleman who is effect their object. Spiritualists, see to it, that

"Gladly would we have been spared this pain-A. Jackson Davis calls 'rollicking humor.' He is ful criticism of those whose good opinion and kind none other than he whom 'Minnie' calls 'Judge' feelings we value most highly; but we would be Chief.' While manifestly somewhat infatuated unfit for the position we hold were we not willing garding all matters that relate to the work we have in hand. We expect to be misunderstood

those who now condemn will approve. We, having done what we believe to be our duty, can well afford to abide that time."

We have thus restated what Mr. Briggs has seen fit, at this late day, to condemn. We have no other answer to make to his coarse and insulting misrepresentations of what we published in relation to the Terre Haute seances, described by Judge Lawrence. The reader can see for himself or herself whether we have eagerly "or otherwise" misrepresented and mistreated the mediums at Terre Haute, and the manifesting spirits -the mediums maliciously;" reader, you can judge whether we have insulted and imposed upon the spirits who have come in good faith through those mediums, or the mediumsthemselves; reader, you can judge whether we treated Judge Lawrence unfairly; reader, you can judge whether we treated the spirit wife, daughter or son of Judge Lawrence with disrespect, or "virtually said to the public that they were connected with very low and pernicious manifestations;" reader, you can judge whether we alleged that Mrs. Stewart's band of guides were deceivers and liars, and that they abetted those wicked and disgraceful frauds; you can judge, reader, whether we said to Mr. Hook, "your daughters are two little lying imps conniving at deceiving their father," reader, you can judge whether we said to Dr. Pence, "Your wife and son are two scampy, deceptive demons;" you, reader, can judge whether we said that Mr. Briggs' spirit father decoyed him to Terre Haute to be deceived; reader, you can judge whether we charged Mr. Briggs' spirit sister with "deliberately telling him a string of lies for five minutes;" you, reader, can judge whether we manifested "envious, blind and ranting animosity," in what we wrote; you, reader, can judge whether we made ourself "disgracefully officious by headlong, headstrong censures and misrepresentations of the mediums;" reader, you can judge whether we would have refused Mr. Briggs a hearing at any time he had asked for it, either courteously, or most uncourteously, as in this instance. All these outrages Mr. Briggs has most unfoundedly sought to lay at our door. Will he have the grace to make good, by using the facts in the case, even one of his allegations, or failing to do so, make the amend which will then be obligatory upon him by acknowledging his reckless injustice.

We see no reason whatever to change our views in relation to the character of the manifestations that we criticized. Our animadversions had no relation whatever to Mrs. Stewart, her spirit guides, her earthly friends, or any other spirits whatever than those whose deceptions we very thoroughly exposed; and all attempts of Mr. Briggs, or any other person, to shield those spirit deceivers from just condemnation will be of no avail. If Judge Lawrence misrepresented the facts, then have we done those spirits injustice, not otherwise.

We will here advert to one fact concerning those pretended biblical spirit personages that will suffice of itself to show that we hit the Jesuit nail fair on the head and drove it home, in that criticism of those spirit performances. We allude to the conversation which Judge Lawrence says passed between him and the spirit personator of the Witch of Endor. Judge L. says: "I told her that some objected to the cross on her pictures as not appropriate to the age in which she lived. She said she would give me another without the cross, but that crosses were worn in her time." Now can there be any doubt that the spirit picture of the Witch of Endor, which Judge L. supposed was genuine, was the picture of a spirit Catholic to limit the proof to fiften pages of that woman? And can there be any doubt that that Catholic spirit was the same who was there personating the Witch of Endor? Well might that Catholic Spirit say "crosses were worn in my time," for her time was when the cross of the Roman Catholic church was the almost universal ornament of Catholic women. What was that Catholic personator of the Witch of Endor doing at that seance, which was monopolized by her spirit associates, if not engaged in precisely the same work of deception that they were mutually carrying on. We are amazed that any persons possessed of even ordinary perceptions should fail to see in those spirit performances, which Judge Lawrence described, the manifest design to injure those whom they could succeed in deceiving by rendering them ridiculous. That we were to be among the injured, we have no doubt whatever, but we have long since realized the importance of trying the spirits just as we would try mortals, strangers whose coming to us would naturally put us on our guard. Any other course is the height of folly, as all will sooner or later find out, who disregard that plain rule of precaution.

We trust, dear reader, you will not begrudge us the space we have devoted to setting ourself right in this matter. We have had, in the course of our editorial duties, to run counter to the views of many whom we hold in the highest consideration, and as the positions we have taken have been in almost every instance, so strongly fortified by facts as to be impregnable, every kind of diversion We say to these friends in the language of Ingerin that way. Better give it up and join us in moving upon the common enemy, of all concerned in the promotion of Spiritualism. Take our advice, just this once, and see whether things will not work a good deal more to your satisfaction.

THE MEANS USED TO OPPOSE SPIRITUALISM.

We do not wish to be misunderstood, in noticing a fiction entitled "The Undiscovered Country." as regarding that puerile attempt to create popular prejudice against Spiritualism, as of the least consequence whatever. Our sole object is to indicate the desperate resources to which the enemies of Spiritualism are driven to make head against that growing power. The author of the novel mentioned is Mr. Howell, editor of the Atlantic Monthly. The book was manifestly not written to develop and promote truth, but to pander to popular errors and prejudices, in order to secure the pelf incident to the gratification of the perverted public literary taste, which makes sensational fiction writing more profitable than the dissemination of useful knowledge. The time will come, and that at no distant day, when Mr. Howell will deeply regret having written this book, though he should succeed ever so fully in his main purpose, that of making money out of it. There is a price at which money can be purchased at too dear a rate, especially in the field of literature.

In this book Mr. Howell has cut entirely loose from any obligation to be governed by the phenomenal facts upon which Spiritualism rests, and has sought to substitute for those facts his own visionary and groundless theories as to what those facts are. We have had historical romancing, religious romancing, sentimental romancing, prurient romancing, and romancing of a non-descript character ad nauscam; but it was left for Mr. Howell to open a new field for the romancer's art, that of writing unreal and moonshine falsehoods concerning a subject about which he is either entirely ignorant or entirely untruthful. At this, we need not wonder, however, inasmuch as he is the editor of a periodical that was willing, when Spiritualism was supposed to be popular and growing in popularity, to pay Robert Dale Owen for writing up his marvellous descriptions of the spiritual phenomena observed by him at the seances given by Mr. and Mrs. J. Nelson Holmes. Those facts were the positive truth, as we are prepared, at any time, to show by the most unquestionable evidence. But their truth was not what induced the Atlantic Monthly to obtain and publish them. The general interest that then prevailed in relation to the facts of spirit materialization promised a rich harvest, in a pecuniary way, and hence the publication of facts that Mr. Howell has attempted to ignore or discredit in his romance.

We here and now offer to Mr. Howell, or to the publishers of the Atlantic Monthly, to prove to the satisfaction of any unprejudiced person, that every word that Mr. Owen wrote for publication in that journal, and which was therein published, in relation to the materialization of Katie King, was true, and that all that was adduced to discredi the facts in relation to that matter were false and the work of the hired tools of the orthodox Christian enemies of Spiritualism. We will do more than this; we will show that the insanity of Robert Dale Owen and his premature death was the result of one of the most malevolent conspiracies that was ever formed to work the utter ruin of a man and the truth with which he was identified, Will Mr. Howell, in the Atlantic Monthly, publish the facts which we will prepare gratuitously for publication in that journal, after those facts have been critically adjudged, by disinterested pesons, to be facts demonstrative of the points we purpose to establish concerning Mr. Owen's published statement, and the lamentable outcome of that publication. We will promise journal, although a full statement of the facts would require three times that space. The Atlantic Monthly owes it to the memory of Robert Dale Owen and to its readers, to allow a full statement of those facts to be made. Let us see whether Mr. Howell, dare allow the fiets to appear, which will suffice to show how utterly puerile are his efforts, by resorting to fiction and romance, to defeat truth. We offer Mr. Howell to leave the truth or falsity of Spiritualism, to stand or fall upon the well written testimony of Robert Dale Owen, which was given to the world through his journal, in relation to the Katie King manifestations. If he refuses to accept this offer, we tender to Mr. Howell, the use of the columns of MIND AND MATTER, to show what part of Mr. Owen's statement as published in the Atlantic Monthly was untrue or mistaken, or what part of that statement, Mr. Owen ever repudiated.

We' feel that, too long, we have allowed the memory of Robert Dale Owen to remain under a cloud, a cloud that has been used to obscure the good name and fame of that most excellent, able and honorable gentleman. Should we hear no reply from Mr. Howell, accepting our offer one way or the other, we will on the 4th of September

is worth more than gold to him who aspires to literary fame, and who fruitlessly attempts to romance out of existence truths of more vital importance than were ever given to mortals, through of the past-truths compared with which the Scriptures, are as Hyperion to Satyr.

the day will not be to uphold and defend the phenomenal facts of Spiritualism, for the man or woman will not be, to be found, who will be fool enough to question those facts. Then will Spiritualism begin the great work which it is its special mission to accomplish.

The trouble with Spiritualism to-day is that Spiritualists, not in name, but in honest conviction, feel that it is necessary for them to apologize for believing in the phenomenal facts which are its only foundation. The enemy see and understand this, and hence every possible means are resorted to by them to throw doubt around those facts. Because he thought it would pay him to do so, Mr. Howell, has entered upon this dishonest work. So long as the warfare on those facts is continued we will have no choice but to meet the enemy right there; and right there must the battle for the present be fought out. It is the misfortune of ourself and those who realize the importance of winning that battle, to find ourselves opposed by so-called Spiritualists who seem to be trying to outrival each other in furnishing ammumunition to the enemy in their efforts to overwhelm the facts and media through whom they come. The conduct of such persons we despise and denonnce, and we intend to show them no quarter, until they take their place openly with the enemy. There they can do the truth no harm. Friends, rally to the defence of phenomenal Spiritualism, which is being assailed both from without and from within the spiritual lines. Theoretical and metaphysical Spiritualism is what is to be the next dodge of the enemy, when they find themselves driven back by the facts which the spirit workers are laboring so grandly to establish beyond all possible doubt or question. Let us stand by these spirit benefactors as one man, shoulder to shoulder, and the victory for truth will have been won. To do this, form your circles, develop your mediums, encourage, defend and sustain these necessary instruments, in the great battle of Armageddon, which is now being fought out. Oh! how we long for the peace which that victory can alone bring. Then will true progress and reform begin for the first time in the world's history. Remember, we say true progress and reform will then begin for the first time. By that we mean that no true progress and reform has ever been yet attempted on the mundane plane. What his been called progress and reform, has been anything but true in its underlying incentives, because based upon the narrow scale of personal and individual happiness. That which does not embrace in its scope the happiness of the whole race is but the counterfeit of true progress. No human reform is possible that does not begin in the higher spirit-life; and, which reaching down from that exalted state of true progress leads and lifts all below that state, whether in spirit or mortal life, toward true perfection.

DR. BRITTAN'S REPLY TO MR. HAZARD-THE MAIN QUESTION DODGE.

In the Banner of Light, of June 26th, is a letter from Thomas R. Bazard, Esq., in which he says, alluding to a letter written by Dr. S. B. Brittan to the R.P. Journal;

"MIND AND MATTER quotes from the Religio-Philosophical Journal, of May 20th, soveral lengthy sentences of what might be esteemed by some readers as evasive remarks made by Professor Brittan in reply to a criticism on his Brooklyn lecture by Judge Coombs, in which Dr. B. says;

I must be excused for decliding a formal controversy with any man whose object ever seems to be an assault upon no fault with Brother Nichols, who did his work conscien tiously in his endeavor to report the general drift of lengthy lecture in a brief synopsis. No one could have mad a similar report that would not have left abundant opports nities for captions critics to totally misrepresent the speaker' views on a controverted topic about which the popular

"Here we find Dr. Brittin charging his critic, Judge combs, with totally misrepresenting his views on the subect of 'form materialization!' As one of the individuals whom or. B., if correctly reported by Mr. Nichols, charges by hu plication as being either a fool or a knave, and as a friend o the scores of the instruments of the angels used in 'form materialization, whom he stigmatizes in mass as tricksters, respectfully demand of him, as a right appertaining to all and every spiritualist whose views Dr. B., by implication, it supposed to represent as ' Editor-at-Large,' (which title and the responsibilities attaching thereto he has officially accept ed, thereby conferring on his published views and opinion something of an ex-cathedra importance,) that he proceed and by before the readers of the Hanner of Light a true state ment of the views he did express, or meant to express, in his late lecture before the 'Brooklyn Spiritual Fraternity' or the subject of 'form materialization.' it would be doubtless pleasing to most of his readers if he would imform them of the extent of his experiences with materi ulizing medlishs, and with whom they occurred.

In conclusion, I would respectfully suggest that Dr. B. in the performance of the obvious duties assigned him in the forementioned respects, abstain as far as possible from the use of coastre language and unbecoming personalities, which have of late characterized more than one of his communication, and that he use the language only suitable to the dignity of his new and responsible position of Editor-at-Large,

We have taken the liberty of underscoring a next, in MIND AND MATTER, begin a history of that portion of those words of Mr. Hazard, as they most villainous attempt to crush Spiritualism, and | come from one whom we know, wishes Dr. Britwill continue it until the whole matter is thor- tan well. In the Banner of Light, of the following oughly exposed. We intend that the enemy shall week, July 3d, Dr. Britian published the complete | Christ. meet the issues which Spiritualism presents fairly | lecture to which Mr. Hazard referred, occupying and squarely, and that romance and fiction shall seven columns in small type. The main points of has been resorted to, to lead us where it would have no place in the battle between spiritual that lecture we gave and answered in MIND AND suit those who antagonize our course to have us. truth, and journalistic or literary authorship. Be MATTER, last week. Erom beginning to end of assured, Mr. Howell, that fiction must yield to that lecture, Dr. Brittan did not give a single fact, soll, "It won't do." We do not do battle for truth | facts, falsehood fo truth and dishonesty to the of his own personal knowledge, that could enable logic of events, in literature, as in all that con- him to form a correct judgment as to the subject cerns the true and lasting interests of the hu- which he assumed to expound at such tedious man race. The history of the past will not be re- length. Not only was this the case with that lecpeated, if Mr. Howell does not find that he has ture, but no reference whatever was made to any gained nothing worth having and lost that which special fact in the experience of any observer of deed, the church in excommunicating Louise La-

spirit form materializations through the instrumentality of modern spiritual mediums. Dr. Brittan devoted the bulk of his lecture to telling what he regarded as happening through the Witch any seer, prophet, law giver or sage, in all the ages of Endor, and other supposed biblical mediums, about which he advanced theories that any Chris-Christian fables and fictions, of the so-called Holy tian clergymen would laugh to scorn. From beginning to end, that lecture was made up of the The time is not far distant when the order of most groundless theories and absurd assumptions, all put forth as the aeme of spiritual wisdom and the infallible truth. That lecture was prepared after Mr. Hazard wrote his letter to the Banner of Light, which was dated June 9th. One would have supposed that Dr. Brittan would have hunted up some facts of the hundreds of thousands which have taken place in the way of 'form materialization,' since that phenomena was witnessed through modern mediums by modern observers; but Dr. Brittan was not able to find one that would support his labored effort to ignore that grand manifestation of spirit power. If he could have done so, can any one doubt that he would have referred to it? Prof. Brittan knew very well that it would not do to call that lecture an answer to Mr. Hazard's questions, and so he, in the Banner of Light of last week, makes what he calls a reply to Mr. Hazard. As he announced, a week in advance, the publication of that answer, we called upon him to answer Mr. Hazard's suggestion that he should inform his readers of the extent of his experiences with materializing mediums, and with whom they occurred.

> We have looked Dr. Brittan's answer to Mr. Hazard carefully, over, to find whether Dr. Brittan had one duly authenticated fact to warrant him in positively denying and publicly asserting that no such thing as the temporary materialization of spirit forms takes place. There is not one to be found there. We ask if this is not carrying dogmatism a little too far, even in an "Editor-atlarge," in this age when facts and not fancies have the floor?

> Dr. Brittan's so-called reply to Mr. Hazard is not a reply to Mr. Hazard, but a battle with straw men that the learned doctor is training on, for some great fight which he imagines he will have to encounter. We tell him as a friend who wants to see no harm come to so amusing a knight of the quill, that straw men afford but very inadequate training, for developing the necessary power to go through the work that devolves upon the foolish mortal, who undertakes to usurp the natural prerogatives of the spirit hosts. Dr. Brittan we tell you, "It won't do-it won't do,"

HAS THE CATHOLIC CHURCH EXCOMMUNICATED THE MEDIUM OF THE SPIRIT OF JESUS CHRIST?

The Banner of Light, without crediting the au-

peared on the healthy skin of her insteps, on the backs ier hands, on her forehead, and on the left side of her ohes stood alone, but it was repeated on each Friday for an indefinite period, and often occurred under conditions that were prescribed by a commission of the Royal Academy of Belgium, and which make denial of the lacts impossible. often, too, she fell into cestacles, from which erue failed to rouse her. During these trances she said she was plunged into a vast flood of light, in which she saw the several scenes of the passion on the cross, the disciples, the holy women, the Jews and the soldiers. woman was hysterical, and pointed to other strange cases in their books. But the priests had their precedents, too, and Once taken under the care of the Church, it might have been hought that she was secure against all earthly mutations and as well entitled to canonization as St. Francis of Assis barring only the fact, as stated by St. Bonaventura, that 'in the midst of the wounds (on St. Francis' hands) in the flesh and cellular tissue were mils, precisely like iron nails.' But low it seems she has fullen into such disgrace with the Pope dimself that she has been excommunicated, to the atter an mililation, of course, of all her prospects of promotion to past morten honors. Her ability to exude blood is stated to continue unimpaired, but she refuses to transfer her allegiance to the recently appointed Bishop of Tournal and is formally anathematized for heretical disobedience to the apal decree dismissing his predecessor,

We presume our contemporary is rightly informed as to the facts of this very remarkable ase; and as it serves to show many things that it is quite desirable, if not most important, should be known, we will invite the readers attention to them. It is said that Louisa Lateau was regarded by the Roman Catholic priesthood as a miracleworker-and by the doctors as a hysterical subject; and in that way these learned professors of theology and medicine thought to account for this remarkable natural phenomenon. Our contemporary, Mr. Colby, says: "The meaning of all this is that Louise Lateau, always a medium, has got to be an independent one, and is no longer under the control of the priesthood. The stigmata which appeared on her flesh are quite a common medial phenomenon; and so in regard to the other socalled 'miracles.'" In this we think Mr. Colby is mistaken. The oozing of blood from the pores of the skin of mediums is not a common phenomenon; but, although of rare occurrence, it is nevertheless a most positively attested fact. But in this and some other instances, mediums who have been under the psychological religious influences of the Roman Catholic Church, have had this phenomenon to take the form of a spirit manifestation attesting the passion or crucifixion of Jesus

Now the question naturally arises, are, or are, not these stigmata bleedings the result of the medium's will or the will of any mortal whatever. There never has been a particle of evidence adduced to show that such was the fact, and therefore we may naturally infer that they are the result of spirit power acting upon the physical organism of persons who can be made use of for that purpose. Every sensible person knows very well that it is not the result of miracle, at all. In-

teau, through whom this phenomenon occurred in so remarkable a manner, shows that it regards the phenomenon as in no way miraculous, and that neither God the Father, nor Jesus Christ the Son. had anything to do with this whilom miracle. Who then caused the stigmata in this instance? Manifestly priestly Catholic spirits who sought, by that means, to uphold the totering Catholic church, and give some evidence of the pretended fact of the crucifixion of its mythical head. In no other rational way can the phenomenon in question be accounted for.

We now come to the point which we desired especially to make. We here see that through the power possessed and exerted by Catholic priestly spirits, a phenomenon is produced, intended to confirm an event that never happened and this by the most extraordinary means. Not only had they the power to cause blood to appear on the skin of those portions of the medium's body at such time and in such manner as they pleased, but they could and did entrance her and cause her to see persons and things that never had an existence. This same work is going on tospirits can find a medium they can control, or the their priestly spirit deceptions.

his mundane power, why should Spiritualists be so squeamish about defying their wiles and decepamong Spiritualists of all spirit personations of ship is considered. Jesus Christ and him crucified. Take a lesson from Pope Leo, who, with his cardinals, archbishops, bishops and priests know just what all this spirit mummery in relation to the personal appearance on earth of Jesus and the Virgin Mary means. They have at last, as a matter of policy, not of principle, resolved to put an end to these spirit deceptions, well knowing where the whole farce must end unless incontinently stopped. The light of Spiritualism has grown too strong any, longer to conceal the pirit frauds which heretofore have been their strongest prop. When the Catholic Church finds itself compelled to repudiate that which it once ordained was miraculous, it is folly for Protestant Christians to think they can uphold such a borrowed fallacy much longer; and language fails us to properly characterize the infatuation which Spiritualists manifest, who seek to cling to such an acknowledged and repudiated deception by those who have the most profited by it.

Yes, certainly, Louisa Latean is a medium, and, as we believe, is now under the control of spirits who have determined to use her to put an end to and chaff, as a general thing some are shaken that, under the name of religion, has ever cursed humanity. Christian friends, Catholic and Protestant, revile us not, for the day is near at hand that you will bless us for our efforts to set you free from the spiritual and mental chains that now bind you. We might speak to you in appealing and honied words to assert your liberty, but it would amount to nothing, so long as your idols stand before you. Those idols must go down and be ground to powder beneath the ponderous and resistless wheels of spiritual progress.

A SEANCE WITH A WONDERFUL MEDIUM.

When recently in New York City, we sought the opportunity of a sitting with Mr. A. Phillips, a most wonderful medium, for several phases of spiritual phenomena. We were an entire stranger to Mr. Phillips and took good care not to give him the least idea who we were, so that he could have no possible opportunity of learning anything concerning us or our object in calling upon him. It was an excessively warm day; and both the medium and ourself much affected by the excessive heat. Taking our seat at a table, we wrote seven or eight names on slips of paper, none of which were the names of our spirit kindred. These names were Dr. Benjamin Franklin, P. B. Randolph, Stevens S. Jones, Ososippi, an Indian, B. C. Smith, Wm. White and Judge Edmunds. When we had written these names, without the knowledge of the medium, we rolled them up into small pellets and placed them in sight on top of the table. Mr. Phillips took them up one by one, asking if any of the spirits called for were present. An affirmative response was given by faint raps, The first time he went over the pellets, asking, "Is it this?" he reached the last before he got an affirmative response. He then asked the spirit ville, come to the rescue of this unmistakable phase whether he would communicate by writing between two slates. The answer was, "Yes." Two ordinary school slates were then examined by us and no writing was discoverable upon them. One of the slates was placed upon the table and the other laid on top of it, both slates being framed and of the same size. No pencil or other marking substance was placed between the slates. In a few moments I could hear a faint sound as of rapid ticking, such as results from the voltaic current of electricity. This sound having ceased, Mr. Phillips told us to lift the top slate, and there, written on the under side of that slate was a long message addressed to ourself and purporting to come from Stevens S. Jones. In the same way we received a most intelligent message from our Indian friend about matters that neither the medium is dearer to me than a sermon by Chrysostum, a nor ourself knew anything. So from our friend B. C. Smith. Also from the spirit of Wm. White. by the eloquent Mrs. Richmond; not that I love

difference was as distinctly marked as if written by different persons in mortal form. We heard nothing from either Dr. Franklin or P. B. Randolph, much to our disappointment. What was our surprise when Mr. Phillips announced the presence of a spirit which he described perfectly, corresponding with the appearance of P. B. Randolph so clearly that we could not fail to recognize him. While conversing with Mr. Phillips some minutes after he announced the presence of the spirit of Dr. Franklin. Handing us a small piece of paper, and asking us to examine and mark it so as to know it, Mr. Phillips folded it together three times, and said, "I will place this in your coat pocket and see if they will write upon it." The paper was not out of my sight until it was dropped into the pocket. My coat was lying upon a chair fully twelve feet from where we were sitting at the table. After a few minutes Mr. Phillips requested me to take this paper from the pocket of the coat. I did so, and found it written over precisely as if it had been open when written upon. In this instance the point of a lead pencil was dropped into the pocket with the paper. How it was posday, in every circle room where these bigoted sible for even spirits to produce that manifestation we cannot imagine. We feel confident that the circumstances that will enable them to practice most skeptical persons who may rit with Mr. Phillips will get such evidences of spirit visitation If Pope Leo can defy these spirit upholders of as will remove all their doubts of the absolute manding appearance, not in the best of health, but titled to receive the sitting. truth of communion between human spirits and mortals. To those of our readers visiting New tions? This excommunication of Louise Lateau York do not fail to call upon Mr. Phillips. His ought-to suffice not only to put a stop to the whole | charge is \$2 per sitting, a moderate sum when the stigmata humbug, but should make an end forever | value of the manifestations through his medium-

Letter from John Wetherbee.

To the Editor of Mind and Matter: I like mind and I like matter, and I like them also in the concrete shape of a newspaper, and so earnest in the cause of Spiritualism. I rarely read it when I do not feel that it has a mission to perform, and is energetically performing it, and that it is making some of the "elect" toe the mark, and show whether they are elect, or are sailing under false colors. I feel as though sometimes I ought have my name appear in it, if only to show that I am one, and possibly some of its from me. Some such ideas as has impressed me to take my pen now in its direction; but what to say, now I have taken it, is not at this minute quite so clear. I will say for fear I may forget it, that I am glad the editor of it is so disposed to carry the war into Africa, for in once, it is Africa, and I am glad I am not thus "African" and thus smashing some of my human idols (except I am no idolater only to truth) while taking some of the bright lights of Spiritualism, and shaking them for injuring the cause, though now and then some of the saints get shaken that hardly deserve it, but I will not attempt to be a separater of wheat the most destructive and pernicious superstition none to much. Perhaps I am setting it high in that under the name of religion, has ever cursed calling them "bright lights," for many of them are nearer dark lanterns, as far as the interests of modern Spiritualism are concerned, but as they have been and still are prominently identified with our ism by the outside world, the term is not objectionable, and MIND AND MATTER is doing good service by criticising and exposing them, and also for its sturdy defence of the spiritual phenomena. Some of these people seem to think there can be a modern Spiritualism without the phenomena. The phenomena or manifestations, are the only distinguishing feature of modern, Spiritualism. Eliminate the phenomena, even the physical phenomena, leaving the ethics and philosophy alone in their giory, and it would be but second class Christianity, and these would-be upper crusts are wanting in brains not to see it. I am aware that these lights of the platform; and the pen would survive as believers in a future life if the phenomena did not, in and by their pleasures of memory, but as I have said thre only distinguishing feature of modern Spiritualism is, the phenomena which they repudiate or damn with faint praise. Without the phenomena which gives them all the lustre they have, they would simply be free religionists, and drop out of sight by the side of the scholars of that persuasion.

I don't know one of them that would not pale as religious or ethical teachers, by the side of O. B. Frothingham, John Weiss and M. J. Savage, and a host of others; and as popular scientists also by the side of Yeomans, and Tyndall and others, it is the mystery of the ghost as a factor in the cause that saves them; the play of Modern Spiritualism with the phenomena left out would be the play of Hamlet with Hamlet omitted. Before materializations had come so decidedly to the front the skeptics were generally outsiders, now the skeptics are the insiders(?). Now just as the scholars of the world are admitting certain manifestations like independent slate writing, which settles the whole thing, our scholars(?) are labelling materializations fraud, and not stopping there, propose abolishing dark circles, and then because the spirit of John Pierpont, through Miss Shelhamer, and Mapes and Parker, through Mrs. Richmond, and some unknown, through Mr. Colthese altitudians denounce the trance, and when they run a paper, insult the mediums personally. I thank MIND AND MATTER for its vigorous and continuous defence of Modern Spiritualism by

The more I observe the signs of the times, and from a spiritualistic standpoint, the more satisfied I am that in the quaint language of Abraham Lincoln, the spirits are bossing this job, and that the sensuous proofs of the presence of invisible intelligences are going to remain, and that the head center of the movement is an invisible one, and if the camp on earth should divide, it would soon be manifest in which the life resided. I believe I have some taste for letters and culture; hold philosophy and ethics as soul food; wonders and mistery do not nourish me; still a message written on a slate by invisible hands, a rap on a table by the book on ethics by Hudson Tuttle, divine revelations by A. J. Davis, or even a finished discourse MATTER for six months. In no two instances was the writing alike. The any of these efforts less, but that I love the sensu-

ous manifestation more, for it is the fact of the intelligent rap (which stands for phenomenal Spiritualism) that throws the attractive lustre that there is in the efforts that I have thus not invidiously compared. It takes them out of the common run of intellectual affairs and hangs them in the zodiac, and there is their sublimity; blot out the phenomena and the sound is muffled, and the ring is lost, both of the persons and what they JOHN WETHERBEE.

A Grand Medium-What the Spirits Say of Our Efforts to Serve Them.

FAIRPORT, N. Y., June 12, 1880. Editor Mind and Matter.

I have lately returned from a Western tour in Northern Iowa, and while at Applington, in that State, enjoyed a most gratifying visit with Dr. George W. Stephens, of that village, an inspirational and medical medium, whose really wonderful powers should be more widely known and extended. I am unable to give you the name of his principal controlling spirit, although his residence upon our earth was many hundred years ago. Dr. S. is now (under spirit direction) performing cures which even the regular M. D.'s pronounce miraculous. Were it not that his charity patients are so numerous and his worldly goods and consequent "filthy lucre" so limited, his marvellous power would undoubtedly be still more widely known. We have strongly urged his removal to some more central eastern city, where our people may have the opportunity of consulting him more easi y. He is a man now past middle age and of comwho values his time on earth only by the power given him to do good to mankind.

At one sitting by Dr. S., at which I was present, the subject of the intellectual standard and general status of the various Spiritualistic journals now published in the United States was discussed and reviewed at some length by the controlling spirit. It was directed that a summary of what the spirit saw should be given you. To be sending me \$2.15 and two three cent stamps, I will brief, he stated in substance that the Voice of give either a medical examination or business Angels was an excellent journal of its class and consultation, and will forward the same to you to seemed to be fulfilling its mission. The Banner of secure to them MIND AND MATTER for one year. Light was not as favorably mentioned—said it had departed from some of its precepts of former years and seemed to be halting between opinions, whether to go on in the candid manner, which the spirits always approve, or to shape the editorial views, so as to pander to a prevailing taste of its

many patrons. In glancing over the general ground, and peering into the future the spirit said, "I see in the office of the Religio-Philosophical Journal, and readers may like to read a Spiritualistic word about the entire atmosphere of that paper, a dark and impenetrable mist, that seems to cast a shadow of gloom over the mind and bodies of mortals. It will go down in darkness and night." I was agreeably gratified to hear that MIND AND MATTER Stood in the front rank of our journals, both in the disposition and power to accomplish great good in the world, and that around its fuhave the war carried into me. I can overlook its ture nothing but a halo of brightness was seen, and further, that the angel world are determined to sustain the publisher in his efforts to battle with ignorance. Yours truly,

C. E. LANGDON.

[Mr. Langdon and Dr. Stephens are entire strangers to us. We attach much value to this testimony as to the usefulness of MIND AND MATfrom the spirit world. We believe it was through Dr. Stephens that Lurancy Venum, of Watseka, was relieved of the obsessing spirit influences that caused her such terrible physical and mental experiences.—En.]

M. C. Brague, Hinsdale, Mass., renewing subscription writes: "Bro. Roberts, if the spiritworld has chosen you for captain, we are willing to join as privates to help put down error, and raise high the standard of Truth, until ignorance and superstition shall have disappeared from our

ALL persons accepting any of the following mediums' offers are not entitled to receive any other premium that we have offered in our advertising

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BROTHER ROBERTS: - You may say in your paper that I will give a free examination of persons who would like to know whether they are obsessed or not, if they will subscribe for MIND AND MATTER six months or one year. Any person accepting this offer must send a note from you to that effect, All applications by letter must contain a lock of hair of the applicant, age, sex, etc., and one threecent postage stamp. Address B. F. Brown, Box. 28, Lewiston, Maine. This proposition to remain open until further notice. B. F. Brown.

[We regard the above proposition of Mr. Brown as a most important one to the afflicted apart from the interest we have in it.—En.]

Dr. R. D. Goodwin's Grand Offer.

Having been a constant reader of your valuable paper, and believing it should be in the house of every progressive family, we make the following offer, to stand good for one year. We will correctly diagnose any disease, or give one treatment to any new subscriber to your paper, on their sending the price of one year's subscription, with postage and request for our services. Address Dr. R. D. Goodwin, New York Eclectic Institute, 1317 Morgan Street, St. Louis, Mo. For advertisement

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For the purpose of extending the circulation of MIND AND MATTER, I make the following offer to sustaining and detending the phenomena and the mediums through whom the spirits work.

any person sending me \$1.25 and two 3-cent stamps they will receive MIND AND MATTER for six months, and I will answer ten questions of any kind and examine any diseased person free (by independent slate writing). Send lock of hair, state age and sex and leading symptons.

DR. A. B. Dobson. Maquoketa, Iowa.

A Materializing Medium's Generous Offer.

MILWAUKUE, WIS., April 19, 1880. Gents:-For the purpose of extending the circulation of a paper that does not cry fraud to every medium, or that will not bow down and worship them; I will make this offer, any one sending me one dollar and twenty-five cents, (\$1.25) and 2 postage stamps, I will give them a ticket to my materializing seances, Tuesday or Thursday evenings, or a full written life reading, and MIND AND

. I am very respectfully for the right, Dr. F. Hugh D'Vough.

R. C. Flower's Generous Offer.

For the purpose of extending the circulation of MIND AND MATTER—the best Spiritualist paper we have—I make this offer: Any one sending me two dollars (my regular price), and with it a lock of hair, giving age, height, weight, sex, temperature of skin and feet; with two postage stamps for answer; I will give them a thorough examination of their case; also full advise as to what course they had best pursue; and I will send you the two dollars to pay their subscription to MIND AND MATTER. Let all letters of this kind be addressed to me in your care.

R. C. FLOWER, M. D., 1319 Filbert St., Philadelphia, Pa.

Dr. J. C. Phillips' Liberal Offer.

Omro, Wis.; Jan. 14, 1880. Bro. Roberts: - You can say in your paper that any one subscribing for your paper through me, and sending stamps to prepay answer, will receive a psychometrical reading; or should they prefer a medical examination, by giving two or three leading symptoms, (to facilitate) will receive the latter. of huir. DR. J. C. PHILLIPS, Psychometrist, Clairvoyant and Magnetic Heater. Send lock of hair.

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You may say in your paper that I will give a free sitting to any person who will subscribe for MIND AND MATTER for one year from date. Any person accepting this offer must bring a note with them, from your office, stating that they are en-

A Mediums Valuable Offer.

GRAND RAPIDS, April 20, 1880. Dear Brother: - Seeing that through the columns of MIND AND MATTER, a work can be done to the advancement of spiritual progress, I thought I would make the following offer. Any person

Yours respectfully, MRS. DR. SAYLES, 365 Jefferson Ave., Grand Rapids, Mich.

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DEAR FRIEND OF HUMAN PROGRESS: - I have not ime to seek subscribers to your valuable paper; but I will offer this inducement to every person sending me two dollars (my usual price) and with it a lock of their hair, age, sex. etc., with postage stamp for answer; I will make for them a full examination of their case-give diagnosis and advice, and will forward their two dollars to you to pay for them a year's subscription to MIND AND

This offer remains good for all time. J. B. CAMPBELL, M. D., V. D. 266 Longworth St., Cincinnati, Ohio.

Harry C. Gordon's Liberal Offer.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., March 1st, M. S. 32. To any person who will subscribe for Mind and MATTER for one year, through me, I will give a free State Writing Scance and one admission ticket. to my week-day materialization scances. Yours truly, HARRY C. GORDON.

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No. 7 Laffin St. cor of Madison St. To those who will subscribe through me for MIND AND MATTER one year, I will give a sitting for spirit tests. This offer to hold good for six months from date. Yours Respectfully,
MRS. MARY E. WEEKS,

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Springfield, Mass., 437 Main Street. I will give to any new subscriber to MIND AND MATTER in this vicinity, one magnetic treatment, or one medicated bath, or two inhalations for catarrh, to help you in your noble work for me-Very respectfully, A. HARTHAN, M. D.

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p.m., Circles Sinday, Monday, Wednesday, and Friday evenings, also Wednesday afternoon.

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SPIRITUALISTS' AND MEDIUMS' CAMP-MEETING Will be Held at Creedmoor Park Grove,

Commencing Friday, July 9, and ending Sunday, August 1, 1880, under the auspices of the Co-opera-

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Special Notice.—On Sundays the Excursion Boat Juniata in addition to the regular boats will take Philadelphia passengers to and from the ground for 15 cents for the round trip from Walnut Street Wharf at 9.30 A. M., and 1.30 P. M., stopping at Laurel and Waterworks Wharves. The Steamboat Columbia will bring passengers [on Sundays only] from Bristol, Burlington, Beverly, Torresdale and Riverton at 8,15 A. M. and 4 P. M. The same Steamer will leave Chestnut Street Wharf, Philadelphia, for Camp Ground at 2 P. M. and

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713 Sansom Street, Philadelphia, Pa.
Or, Mrs. E. S. CRAIG, M. D., Secretary,
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Spiritualists Camp Meeting.

The "First Association of Spiritualists" of Philadelphia, will hold a Camp Meeting at Neshaminy Falls Grove, Willets station, on the Bound Brook R. R. Route to New York, 18 miles from Philadelphia, commencing on the 16th of JULY next, and continuing to the 18th of AUGUST. For particulars as to charges for tents, boarding, &c., &c., apply personally or by letter to MR, FRANCIS J. KEFFER, General Superintendent, No. 615 SPRING GARDIN ST., Philadel-phia, or, when in session, to him at Oakford, P. O., Bucks County, Penna. Speakers of both sexes, eminent for talent upon the public platform, will be engaged.

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New England Spiritualists' Camp-meeting Association will hold their Seventh Annual Camp-meeting Association will hold their Seventh Annual Camp-meeting at Lake Pleasant, Montague, Mass., from July 15th to Sept. 15th, 1880. Circulars containing full particulars sent on application by J. H. SMITH, Secretary, Springfield, Mass.

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SUMMER.

BY T. P. NORTON

The solar bridgroom from the East. Hath reached the zenith of desire; Enthroned at the marriage feast He revels in celestial fire.

Roused from her snowy couch, the earth, Deep blushing from his amorous kiss, Displays her offerings to his worth, And writhes with pure magnetic bliss

Swift swells her veins with vital flow, Of living fountains bursting through; While every pulse repeats the throw, And every chord is strung anew.

Enraptured with a matron's joy; She yields her charms to his embrace; While every opening in the sky Reveals the fullness of her grace.

Her myriad offsprings, with delight, Bask in the warm effulgent rays, And Nature revelling in her might Instinctive carols forth his praise:

Till wearied of her consciousness, She folds her loving arms to all, And down from heaven with soft impress Night's summer curtains gently fall.

In dreamy raptures through the night, Prolific streams of pleasure run; Responsive law of Love and Might Th' eternal summer of the Sun.

Report of the Northern Wisconsin Spiritual Convention held in Omro, June 18, 19 and 20.

Meeting was called to order Friday evening by Dr. J. C. Phillips, in the absence of the officers of the Convention. J. O. Barrett being present, was called on for a speech. He responded in his happiest manner, speaking for three-quarters of an hour, and touching on nearly all the reforms of the day. Adjourned to meet Saturday morning. .

Saturday morning at 9.30 o'clock meeting was called to order by the Vice-President, Mrs. S. E. Bishop. The forenoon was occupied by Bro. Barrett and Sister Bishop. The time was used mostly in overhauling an article in the R.-P. Journal of June 19, on the Greenback and Woman's Suffrage Convention, recently held in Chicago. By the way, Bro. Bundy, your ears must have tingled on

Session closed with song, entitled "Gone Through the Beautiful Gates," by Misses Cora and Vinnie

At 2.30 P. M. the Convention was called to order. The afternoon was spent very profitably. The speakers going over quite a reform field.

Evening.—President Lockwood having arrived, called the meeting to order. Arrangements previously being made for the President to address the Convention, he took for his subject "Spirit Photography," showing how many of the so-called spirit photographs were produced. The subject was ably handled. The reason of his speaking on the above subject was the fact of Mrs. Bishop having with her a photograph of herself, taken in Chicago, there being on the plate some four or five, partially brought out faces. Amongst the number is an unmistakable face of a former resident of this place, and a member of our Spiritual Society. Every one who saw it recognized it immediately.

Meeting closed with instrumental music by President Lockwood.

Sunday morning at 9.30 o'clock the hall was well filled by an attentive audience to listen to J. O. Barrett. By the way, Bro. B. should be kept at work, as he has grown more positive and aggressive, which was needed to make a success of him. His lecture abounded in fine thoughts.

Adjourned for dinner, Meeting was called to order by the President at 2.30 P. M., when he continued his appeal for money to meet the expenses of the meeting, and also to finish paying the debt on the hall. He was successful beyond his expectations. Mrs. Bishop then took the rostrum and gave one of her soul stirring lectures on spiritual and political matters. At times during its delivery, there were many moist eyes in the audience. Mrs. Bishop has been in the field for nearly thirty years, and is to-day more earnest and zealous, if possible, than ever. She is to go to Colorado soon, and if any societies along the route from Chicago to Colorado wish the services of one of the ablest speakers in the Spiritualistic field, let them address her until July 15, at Eagleville, Ashtabula Co., Ohio. She will also speak on the Greenback question if desired.

The Secretary received a letter on Friday evening, announcing the serious illness of Bro. E. V. Wilson. The following preamble and resolutions

were unanimously passed: Wнекель, Our brother, E. V. Wilson, was engaged as the regular speaker of this June Conference of the Northern Wisconsin Association of Spiritualists, but has failed to be here on account of a prostrating sickness, to the great disappointment of the people; and,

Whereas, His physician reports, through his anxious wife, that he has worn himself out and is liable to pass over any day or hour; therefore,

Resolved, That we extend to our esteemed brother our generous sympathy in grateful remembrance of the work he has so faithfully discharged as a Spiritualist and pioneer in sowing the seed of truth broadcast for others to cultivate and reap, and that we would, if possible, send him our warm heart as a soothing balm in this hour of his suffering, hoping and praying in the spirit, that by angel help and the tender care of earthly friends, he may be spared to us still longer for the good he might do.

Resolved, That if, in the order of events and conditions, he must cross the river at this repetition of his threatening disease, we bid him a good-bye, with a cheer for a happy meeting with the minis-tering angels, whose bidding he has obeyed, and that we will welcome him back to our conventions and homes, till inspired by him and his band over there to fill up the missing link in the chain of spiritual fellowship, by following his example in exalting and building up Spiritualism and its kindred reforms, till we meet him and them in the world of higher aims.

DR. J. C. PHILLIPS, J. O. BARRETT, W. M. Lockwood, Committee.

Sunday Evening.—President Lockwood gave a very interesting lecture, entitled "Spiritualism Exposed and its Exposure." I assure you, it was not a very flattering or complimentary showing for the would-be popularity seekers. At the close of the lecture the following preamble and resolutions were unanimouly adopted, regarding Mrs.

WHEREAS, Our esteemed sister, Mrs. S. E. Bishop, has labored with us long and well in the spiritual cause, true to principle, and in her valedictory. address to-day, so replete with inspiration and will be thrown in the way. Even Spiritualists | Christ.-ED.]

practical sentiment, has given us her parting are helping to hinder such a result. When the blessing; therefore,

Resolved, That we unreservedly recommend Mrs. Bishop to any spiritual or liberal society in the country as an efficient speaker and worker; and, as she now leaves us for her home in the far West, that our hearts shall go with her in invocations and blessings, assured that ever the angels say, "Well done, thou good and faithful servant."

After singing by Dr. Phillips and wife the Convention adjourned to meet in September next. CORA B. PHILLIPS, Secretary.

New York Letter.

New York, July 4th, 1880. Editor Mind and Matter:

Things spiritual in New York are by no means lively at the present time. The Brooklyn Society and the Second Society of New York have closed their meetings for the summer. The Brooklyn Conference and Harvard Rooms' New York Conference have decided to continue their meetings. Emma Hardinge-Brittan is speaking at the Republican Hall, morning and evening, during the Sundays of this month, and drawing excellent audiences.

The wonderful slate writing medium, Mr. A Phillips, of 133 West 30th street, continues to startle investigators by the marvellous manifestations in his presence, quite different from anything that has ever before been done through any medium.

Mrs. Hollis-Billings is holding private seances, and is unable to accommodate all who apply to her; and the manifestations through her all are convincing and of a very high order of develop-

I see by the Herald that Roberts still advertises his materializing seances; but I have not attended any of them, so cannot speak of them with any positive knowledge.

I am now prepared to answer calls to hold parlor seances for intellectual phases of mediumship, at private residences, in or near this city, on very moderate terms.

A new edition of my temperance book, "Hopedale Tavern," has been issued, having had an extensive sale in this country and England; and will send it to any address on receipt of \$1.10. hope to receive many orders from the readers of MIND AND MATTER, who, by ordering and circulating this book, will advance the cause of Temperance and aid me financially in my efforts for the good of humanity. The financial losses I have sustained have greatly crippled me in my work; and I trust friends all over the country will aid me in selling my book.

Thank God, the time is coming when mediumship can claim its proper place in the world, and when the efforts of our spirit friends to reach and convince humanity of a higher and better existence are being appreciated by the brain and intellect of our country; thus surrounding mediums with better conditions, and enabling them to work with greater fidelity in the paths laid out for them by their guides. Too long have our mediums been compelled to suffer through the ignorance and prejudices of the masses; and Spiritualists themselves have too often been the worst enemies mediums have had to contend with.

encouragement, sympathy and kindness; and the chosen instruments, and justly punish those who have been guilty of retarding the work of ad-

vancement or blocking the way with difficulties. I shall be glad to hear from or see any friends who may desire my services either as a medium or a physician; and may the angels guard and protect all who are true to the great principles of Spiritualism and who lead the prejudiced and ignorant out of darkness into light.

Yours fraternally, J. WM. VAN NAMEE, M. D.

A Medium's Trials and Her Fidelity.

AURORA, Kane Co., Ill., June, 1880.

Editor Mind and Matter: My health has prevented me from writing until now. I have just perused, in No. 26 of MIND AND MATTER, an interesting communication from B. B. Hill of San Francisco. [Mr. Hill's home is Springfield, Mas.] Indeed 1 have been a most earnest reader of all the communications coming through Mr. James-especially the facts relating to the spirit enemies of Spiritualism. No one of all your readers could have read them with more interest, and for this reason: I have been myself persecuted by these enemies of Spiritualism for the last eighteen years. They were aided by a clique of men who seemed determined to exterminate two pure minded spiritual mediums. Of course they had the best of it, as they had an unseen power to

help them. I have passed through many experiences to show that a host of spirits in the other life help to persecute mediums, and labor to render their work of as little account as possible. I will recite one instance, that you may see that my friend and myself were posted on this vital question. Mrs. Shedd was involved in a court trial in which her sanity in respect to Spiritualism was in question. She was feeble and I had to help her every time she went from the court-room. On one occasion I found a resting place for her, when I was unex-pectedly entranced, and was made to say to her: "You wrestle not only against powers in mortal life, but there are a mighty host in spirit life who are your enemies, and are doing all they can to crush you; but we will protect and care for you," etc. These same monsters have done all they could to hinder me from writing out what I know regarding their work and proceedings; but just as sure as they give me occasion to write, I will write, for the good of Spiritualism.

Those who have persecuted us have taken the pure name of Spiritualists to cover their wicked deeds. They have followed us, bringing us into three court trials; have slandered and cruelly treated us until we are weak, and when not under the immediate directions of spirits, we suffer.

I know your paper was born in the right time; when leaders would have taken the control of Spiritualism upon their own shoulders and out of the keeping of the spirit world. Oh! if they were not so blind. Their covetousness is supreme. know the great results that are yet to be attained in spirit materializations. In a communication the spirit of Abraham Lincoln said he wanted to come and manifest his presence by showing his homely face and talk in person, as no one fully represented him. Rest assured that every obstacle

spirit world can come as they wish, they will bring their musical instruments and play and sing and live among us when conditions favor. their doing so. They tell me they will need no cabinet. Now just as surely as I live, I will help them to bring this about, even if I am burned at the stake for it. I have suffered too much already to fear anything further. I have suffered everything. I have been poisoned and brought to life experienced great relief from it. Please send right in a wonderful way, which shall all be told, for it away. Yours truly, shows the power of spirits over matter here, and that'if we follow their advice they can do so much more for us than if we do not do so.

I heard, as I finished the last page, a spirit voice say: "You have not said much about us enemies, you have only written about yourself." Well, I assure that spirit that is no reason why I cannot. I have tried to live for Spiritualism, and do all the good I could in my straightened circumstances; and have been willing to give my time, and ought to have had it to give instead of serving a purely selfish man.

"Like attracts like," does it? Not among those who are not posted as to the influence of spirit enemies of mediums. These spirit enemies will yet learn how strong and true are our beloved spirit guides and protectors to foil them in all their selfishness and hypocrisy. I have tried to work for the good of all, but it requires the greatest courage and trust in Almighty God to do so.

I have nothing whatever to do with Jesus. If I had had a liberal education I could have avoided much of the evil of my hard life; but I was born under orthodox authority-Calvanistic at that. I was kept until thirty years of age in the darkness of that bigoted faith. At that period of my life Spiritualism came to me in my own home while alone in the spirit rappings. In two years thereafter I was an earnest believer and have been ever since. This was three years after the Fox girls got the rappings at Rochester. They came simultaneously at New York and Boston. 1 lived close to Boston, and got them while sitting alone-first on the window glass, then on wood, leather and iron, in the air, on the ceiling and plastering of the room. We had, indeed, wonderful manifestations, but ignorance said I was a witch. I made the raps-it was the devil-for the Presbyterian ministers said so in his pulpit. But I went right on and had all kinds of spirits come. I learned a great deal relative to these different grades of spirits. But then a band took me and educated me in social affairs—about diseases; and I became clairvoyant and clairaudient, and they taught me about the human body, so that I was not afraid to examine patients before any physician, no matter how complicated were their diseases. This is one reason why I have been persecuted. Only think! the learned medical faculty have joined hands to destroy me, for I had no diploma. Well, Spiritualism is a grand thing, and is not to be easily destroyed. The spirit world can raise up any number of media, even in the families of those who seek to destroy us. Blessed spirits. Yours for the truth against the world.

REBECCA MESSENGER.

A Spirit Communication Confirmed.

Our readers will remember that in MIND AND - Blessings will be showered upon the true hearts | Matter of June 19th, we published a communicawho have defended and aided mediums by their tion given through the mediumship of Alfred ourporting to come from the spirit of ames, day is not far distant when the spirit world will Thomas Wilson, Dean of Durham. Failing to find be able to command and control force enough to any biographical allusion to such a person that right every wrong that has been done to their was accessible to us we wrote as follows: "We have not been able to find any historical reference to such a clergyman, will be glad to be informed regarding him."

We have had two responses from friends giving the following information upon the subject. ton's Dictionary of Universal Biography says:

"Dr. Thomas Wilson, an English statesman and learned writer, who after receiving his education at Eton and Cambridge, became tutor to the sons of the Duke of York. In 1551, he put forth the "Rule of Reason, containing the Art of Logic," and two years later, "The Art of Rhetoric." At the ascension of Mary he went abroad; but was arrested by the Inquisition at Rome, where he was confined until 1525; at which time the prison was broken open during a riot, and Wilson escaped with others.

"When Elizabeth became queen, he returned o his native country, and was named master of St. Catharine's Hospital, and subsequently private secretary to her majesty. In 1756, he was sent to the Low Countries, as the envoy of England, and in the following year was nominated Secretary of State. Before his death he was made Dean of Durham. Born in Lincolnshire about 1520, died

It was the spirit of this man who said:
"This is wonderful. In the name of God! why should I be summoned again to this mortal life, to bear witness to the fact that I lied about the truth? I knew, yes, well knew, that the statements I made Sunday after Sunday, were not true. By translations from the Greek, Latin and Arabic historians, which I made myself, I knew that Jesus of Nazareth was a myth, and never had a mortal history. Yet I, daily, in my ministry, pointed people to the atoning blood of this man. For this I am so scourged by an avenging conscience, that I seek this place, to-day, to make what reparation I can therefor. According to my readings, Jesus was an outgrowth from Platonism, Eclecticism, and the doctrines of the Magi of the East. Especially is this the case with the four Gospels, the real origin of which will be found in an Egyptian book which is extant, but kept out of sight by the priesthood. It is known as the doctrines of Theron of Alexandria, a magician of the time of Ptolemy Sotor. There are at least five volumes of this book in existence, but no church dignitary nor priest, will ever let them be seen. But there is a bright band of spirits in the afterlife that will yet bring this book to light, and it will settle forever the question of the origin of the four Gospels. I would warn all these teachers of religion to beware of a fate like that which I have experienced. It is to save them from being miserable in the hereafter that I now warn them. If they heed me not they cannot say I have not done my duty. I was known when here as Thomas Wilson, Dean of Durham, 1591."

[In the face of communications like the above, which are as authentic as such communications can possibly be, it is perfectly preposterous for Spiritualists to insist on the truth of the Christian religion. The learned Thomas Wilson not only from his studies in mortal life, but from his knowledge as a spirit, tells us plainly that there is no truth in what are called the Gospels of Jesus

BLACKFOOT'S WORK.

RELIEVES RHEUMATISM.

Washington, May 4, 1880. Mr. James A. Bliss: - Enclosed find forty cents in stamps, for which send me one sheet of paper each week for four weeks. I received a sheet some time ago and am using it for rheumatism. I have T. HASLAM.

HELPED CHEST DIFFICULTY.

Woodstock, Windsor Co., Vt. Mr. Bliss-Dear Sir:-The magnetized papers that I am receiving from you are helping me of my chest difficulty. My wife is quite out of health. and I enclose one dollar for one of your magnetized planchettes and the balance in magnetized paper for my wife. Yours truly, A. P. CHURCHILL.

INSTANT RELIEF FROM ASTIMA.

Osceola, May 5, 1880. Friend Bliss:—The magnetized paper received and presence announced by loud raps on the table and corroborated by instant relief from asthma, which has been unvielding to any usual remedy of the medical practitioners. The spiritual influences are making rapid progress in our community, by demonstrating the fact that our old school of medicine is a superanuated one and will be required to take its place among the relics of a barbarous age. L. PERKINS.

CURED BY MAGNETIZED PAPER.

Houston, Tex., March 25, 1880. James A. Bliss:-I was reminded by my guides that I had not acknowled to you the benefit I received. I know I am perfectly cured by your paper of stiffness in the knee-joint, of two years standing. I no sooner took hold of the paper than I felt a shock, and as soon as I applied the paper I felt the pressure of hands on the afflicted part, also saw a strange Indian in company with my own guide. Will you please forward another paper. Respectfully, S. J. TAINTER. paper. Respectfully,

BETTER THAN MEDICINE.

Utica, March 20, 1880. Mr. Bliss:—I would like to have you help me by sending me some more of your magnetized paper. I have a very bad ulcer of ten years standing. I have tried almost everything without effect until I tried your paper, and I think it did me more good than anything I have tried. I will have to change the papers a great many times, as it discharges a great deal. Please send what you can for the money enclosed and I will be thankful. I am poor, but money is no object, if my feet are cured. C. BARBER.

CURES HOARSENESS IN A FEW HOURS.

Philadelphia, June 1, 1880. Mr. Bliss:—Allow me to add a few words to the many valuable testimonials you have already received regarding your magnetized paper. I had a very severe cold and almost entirely lost my voice, the slightest effort to speak causing me great pai I had no faith in your paper; but after reading of the many cures performed through its agency, concluded to try it. I applied it, and in a few hours the soreness had entirely gone from my throat. I am now thoroughly convinced that it is better than anything I have ever used as a remedy. I hope you will prosper in your work, and that the blessings of heaven will rest on your little "Sunshine;" that she may grow up and help you in your work. Yours truthfully, M. E. B.

Manifestations in New York,

Amsterdam, N. Y., June -, 1880. Mr. Bliss:—A month ago I wrote to you for magnetized paper and received it. Please send me another sheet. We were at that time having circles at our house, my wife, myself, and one or two more composing the circle. At that time we had no manifestations at all except a few raps now and then, but I put the paper on the stand, and continued the circle twice a week. Whether it was the paper that helped to develop our mediumship, or not I am not certain but think it did. At our last circle my wife, myself and the two boys sat around the stand, and in a few moments, it began to tip, it was light in the room, so that we could see each other plainly. I tied the boys at the wish of the spirit, and they were untied. I asked the spirits if they knew Blackfoot, and they said they did. I am convinced of spirit return, and hope to convince others if possible. Yours for the truth. JAMES GRISWOLD.

RELIEVES ENLARGEMENT OF THE LIVER.

Providence, R. I., June 29, M. S. 33. Mr. Bliss :- Please send me one sheet of magnetized paper for enlargement of the liver. Had it since a small child, am all out of shape. I have worn the paper on my head night and day since Friday, it is very suffocating in hot weather. It has been worse than ever keeping the heat confined. My face has purple spots all over. Erysipe-. las in my head is the cause of such headaches. I suppose summer makes it worse. It feels very sore since I wore the paper, like as if there was a sore inside. Blackfoot says I will have to wear the paper "four moons" before I am any better. He says he will have to draw the black blood out of the top of my head through my body before he can help my head any. Blackfoot and Red Cloud think I am a queer squaw for can't cure me quick. When they control me and pound me through my own hands to try to help me it makes me worse. Red Cloud comes and sings, and Blackfoot dances. Please thank Mr. Roberts for the papers he sends us. I like them best of any I have read. Mrs. Johnson says one piece of your paper cured her side. She has no pain or stitches now.

Yours truly, Mrs. E. A. Barker.

MIND AND MATTER.—This is the title of one of the straight-out press supporters of Modern Spiritualism. It is now making a strong defense of our too much abused spirit mediums. Right, Bro. Roberts, if we can say nothing in favor of, we ought not, by our own teachings, to cry down those who are presumed to be aiming at proving our teachings. This journal is published weekly at 713 Sansom street, Philadelphia, Pa., by J. M. Roberts. Subscriptions \$2.15 a year.—Light for All.